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THE ROYAL STANDARD ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

IN WHICH

The Words are not only rationally divided into Syllables, accurately accented, their Part of Speech properly distinguished, and their various Significations arranged in one line; But likewise, by

A KEY TO THIS WORK,

COMPRISING

The various Sounds of the Vowels and Consonants, denoted by typographical Characters, and illustrated by Examples, which render it intelligible to the weakest Capacity,

IT EXHIBITS THEIR

TRUE PRONUNCIATION,

According to the present Practice of

MEN of LETTERS, EMINENT ORATORS, and POLITE SPEAKERS in LONDON;

UPON A PLAN

PERFECTLY PLAIN, AND ENTIRELY NEW.

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED,

A COMPREHENSIVE GRAMMAR of the ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

THE FIFTH EDITION.

In which is now added the Scripture proper NAMES, together with the Names of the Principal CITIES, RIVERS, MOUNTAINS, &c. in the known World; the Ancient and Modern POETS, PHILOSOPHERS, and STATESMEN, &c. all accurately accented, with their proper Pronunciation pointed out.

By W. PERRY, Author of *The Man of Business, and Gentleman's Assistant, The Only Sure Guide to the English Tongue, The Orator, &c. &c.*

L O N D O N :

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TO
THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
LORD ROBERT MANNERS,
THE FOLLOWING DICTIONARY,
INTENDED TO FIX A STANDARD FOR THE PRONUNCIATION
OF THE *ENGLISH* LANGUAGE,
CONFORMABLE TO THE PRESENT PRACTICE OF
POLITE SPEAKERS IN THE CITY OF *LONDON*,
IS MOST HUMBLY INSCRIBED,
AS A SMALL TESTIMONY OF ESTEEM,
BY HIS LORDSHIP'S
MOST HUMBLE,
MOST OBEDIENT,
AND
DEVOTED SERVANT,
WILLIAM PERRY.

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
JORDON T. MANNING

THE FOLLOWING

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

OF THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

AND TO THE SECRETARY OF THE

NAVY DEPARTMENT

AND TO THE SECRETARY OF THE

WAR DEPARTMENT

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

JOHN T. MANNING

AND

AND

DEVELOPED BY

JOHN T. MANNING

P R E F A C E.

THERE are two sorts of language, by which mankind may communicate their thoughts one to another: The one given us by God himself, the other invented by man: The former, consisting of *sounds*, is *instantaneous* and transient, by which we express our thoughts *actually*; the latter, being composed of *characters*, is permanent, and is designed to represent them in all times and places.

Although perspicuity is justly allowed to be the greatest elegance in language, yet man's chief design being to render himself intelligible, it is as essentially requisite, that this force and distinctness of sound, in a fluency of pronunciation, should be done in such a way as to delight and flatter the ear.

As a proof that propriety of speaking is an art of great importance to mankind, we need only reflect, that men, in all ages, have endeavoured to attain it; that it is not only an ornamental, but an useful accomplishment; and that all mankind are concerned in the consequences of it, the ignorant as well as the wise, the illiterate as well as the learned.

The English language, by the happy union of its vowels and consonants, (in the former of which it abounds more than most languages,) constitutes the three great powers of speech, *melody*, *harmony*, and *expression*; and is superior to the Greek, Roman, and Italian languages, as it unites, at once, their *strength*, *beauty*, and *grace*.

There is no earthly object capable of making such various, and such forcible impressions upon the human mind, as a *complete* speaker. It is *he* who can at once regale the *eye* with the view of its most amiable objects, the *human form* in all its glory; the *ear*, with the original of all music; the *understanding*, with its proper and natural food, the *knowledge* of important *truth*; and the *imagination*, with all that is *beautiful*, *sublime*, or *wonderful*.

From the united endeavours, and studious attention of men of letters, and from that spirit of emulation that ever prevails among them, *written language* has been cultivated, and is arrived to a degree of perfection, superiour to that of many other nations, and inferiour to few.— And though England cannot boast of *orators*, equal, either in point of ability or number, to those of the ancient Greeks and Romans, yet *elocution* is become a more general study; her *power*, of which all mankind are susceptible, and have experienced, in a greater or less degree, has roused us into an ardent desire to become masters of it, and has increased the number of her votaries; as appears from the attention now paid to it by all ranks of people, since every school of reputation in this island has introduced the study of it as a principal part of education:—Whereas, but a few years ago, it was greatly neglected, being confined to our universities, the well-trod stage, or among the learned and polite, who, with other branches of literature, had made it their peculiar study.

That there is a difficulty in fixing a *standard* for pronunciation, is evident from what follows. The *literati*, who make etymology the invariable rule of pronunciation, often pronounce words in such a manner, as to bring upon themselves the charge of affectation and pedantry; and though custom, in a great measure, is the rule of present practice, we should by no means follow the daily alterations introduced by caprice: In particular cases, however, it is necessary they should mutually give way to each other.

Mere men of the world, notwithstanding all their politeness, often retain so much of their provincial dialect, or commit such gross errors in speaking and writing, as to exclude them from the honour of being the standard of accurate pronunciation. Those who unite these two characters, and, with the correctness and precision of true learning, combine the ease and elegance of genteel life, may justly be styled the only true standard for propriety of speech.

It is from the practice of men of letters, eminent orators, and polite speakers in the Metropolis, that I have deduced the *criterion* of the following Work, on the merit of which the learned part of mankind are capable of determining for themselves. And I am extremely happy that the general approbation already given of it by the Reviewers, (who must be allowed to be competent judges,) joined to that of an impartial Public, have crowned my labours with a success that has more than exceeded my most sanguine expectations.

On my first view of Mr Buchanan's essay towards establishing this *standard* in question, (in which the sounds of words are expressed by varying their orthography,) reflecting on the disadvantages which must accrue to youth who make use of it, to learn the pronunciation of the English, I began to consider that a more rational method was practicable; and that a work of this nature might not only be calculated to convey to the reader the *true* pronunciation of words, but that it might also comprise the qualities and requisites essential to other dictionaries. My intention, and plan of the work, being communicated to persons of learning and judgment, I was persuaded to persevere, 'till, at my leisure hours from business, I had brought it to the state in which you now find it.

That the standard of our language can never be fixed by a rational division only of the words into syllables, without certain characters denoting the different sounds of the vowels and consonants, will instantly appear, by the slightest inspection into the *Key* to this work, where you will find them arranged in all their variations. Mr Sheridan, indeed, in his Lectures on the art of reading prose, promised shortly to present the public with a rhetorical grammar and pronouncing dictionary; but, unluckily, this work has not yet made its appearance.—This celebrated author, taking a cursory view of the low state to which oratory is reduced, after ranking the whole body of clergy as schoolboys, schoolmasters as blockheads, and his cotemporary authors no better

than *old women*, says, “ Nothing can be a stronger proof of the gross
 “ errors into which literary men fell, in their several grammars and
 “ treatises upon this subject, than that the best of them have mistaken
 “ diphthongs for simple sounds, and simple sounds for diphthongs;
 “ compound consonants for single, and single for compound ;—nay,
 “ what is still more extraordinary, that they have mistaken vowels for
 “ consonants : all which I shall presently make appear.—What super-
 “ structure, built on such fundamental errors, could stand ?”

Is it not amazing, that Mr Sheridan, whose sagacity can discover so many defects in the writings of his cotemporaries, should, notwithstanding, be so blind to his own ; nay, that he should fall into the same errors and absurdities which he explodes with so much warmth in others ?

That this is really the case, will require but little of that gentleman’s skill to demonstrate, nor any supernatural capacity to comprehend ; nor shall I, in pointing out his mistakes to the Public, attempt to refute or deny the validity of his assertions.

“ The first necessary step,” says Mr Sheridan, “ towards establishing
 “ rules for this art, upon any solid foundation, is, as in all others, to
 “ ascertain the number, and explain the nature of its first simple ele-
 “ ments ; for any error there, must carry an incorrigible taint through-
 “ out.—This is the point with which I shall begin, and I believe you
 “ will soon be convinced that it never was executed before.

“ The first thing I shall offer to your consideration, is the first article
 “ in the syllabus, entitled, A Scheme of the Vowels.

MR SHERIDAN’S SCHEME of the VOWELS.

	1	2	3		1	2	3
a	hat	hate	hall	o	not	note	prove
e	bet	there	here	u	cub	bush	cube
i	fit	bite	field	y	lovely	try	

“ At first view of this scheme, one would be apt to imagine, that we

“have no less than 17 sounds of vowels in our tongue; but on a nearer
 “examination, we shall find, that there are several duplicates of the
 “same sound, differently marked. Thus, the second sound of *a* and
 “*e*, as in *hate*, there, are the same. The third sounds in *e* and *i*,

“here, *field*, are also the same. The sound of *o* in *not*, is only the
 “short sound of *a* in *hall*, which will be immediately perceived, if we
 “place the same consonant after the vowel in its long and short sound;
 “as *hall*, *holl*, *naught*, *not*. The second sound of *i* in the word *bite*,
 “and *u* in *cube*, are not simple sounds, but diphthongs, as I shall here-
 “after prove. And with regard to the two sounds of *y*, the first perceived

“in the last syllable of *lovely*, is only the short sound of *e*, and the sec-
 “ond in *try*, is the same as *i*. So that there remain only nine simple
 “sounds or vowels, which I shall presently enumerate.”

With the profoundest respect to Mr Sheridan's superiour abilities, I
 appeal to him and the Public, from *my* scheme of the vowels, &c. given
 in the *key* to this work, whether he has not omitted several sounds pe-
 culiar to certain vowels, and particularly the sound of *à*, as heard in
 the words * *part*, *dart*, &c. By Mr Sheridan's syllabus, one might
 suppose, that *a* had only three sounds, *e* three, *i* three, *o* three, and *y*
 two; whereas, if you turn to my *key*, you will find, that *a* has five
 different sounds, *e* four, *i* four, *o* five, *u* three, *w* two, and *y* three.
 In order to convince you more clearly, that we have fourteen distinct
 articulate sounds in our vowels, I shall give you another scheme below,
 in which the several duplicates of the same sound will have the same
 figure over them.

a 3

* This sound of *a* frequently occurs in our language; For, besides that it is
 very often found in words of polysyllables, there are no less than 145 words of
 monosyllables, which, if pronounced in any other manner than as *a* in *art*,
charm, &c. the speaker would betray a contemptible singularity of accent.—
 See my ONLY SURE GUIDE to the ENGLISH TONGUE.

PERRY'S SCHEME of the VOWELS.

	1 ā	2 ă	3 â	10 â	4 à	13 â
a	hate	hat	hall	wâsh	part	liar
	5 ē	6 ĕ		1 ê	13 é	
e	mete	met		there	her	
	7 ī	8 ĭ		5 î	13 í	
i	pine	pin		field	shirt	
	9 ō	10 ô	3 o	11 ô	14 ò	13 ó
o	note	not	loft	prove	book	done
	12 ū	13 ũ		14 û	12 w	14 ŵ
u	duke	duck		bush	new	now
	7 ȳ	8 ÿ		13 y'		
y	try	beauty	hyrst,	martyr		

From the above scheme, it is evident, we have fourteen simple distinct articulate sounds in our vowels, besides the compound sounds of the diphthongs; which may be seen by referring to the Grammar, part I. under the article *diphthong*.

Mr Sheridan remarks, that *i* and *u* are always diphthongs. To which I answer, when the sound of *u* is protracted, as in *true*, *due*, &c. it has evidently the nature of a diphthong. But this is not always the case: for example, the *u* in the word *truth*, if properly pronounced, is no more than a simple sound. The same observation holds good with respect to *i*, which, when preceded by a consonant, and uttered by a good speaker, has not only an unity of sound, but the clearest and most piercing of any vowel in the English language.

The same author maintains, that *w* is always a diphthong, and *y* a vowel. To prove the first, he instances the words *weed*, *wage*, &c. Now, if *w* were a diphthong in these words, *weed*, *wage*, *when*, &c. would contain two syllables, though they are universally allowed to be, and always uttered as monosyllables. Consonants, whose characteristic is to give form to a succeeding vowel, should be pronounced as quick as possible; and if *w*, at the beginning of words be properly articulated, it is always a consonant, performing the same office as the others; but if protracted in its sound, it is of a vocal nature. To demonstrate that *w*, in the beginning of words, is actually a consonant, let us call it *oo*, according to Mr Sheridan's plan, and then articulate the words *wool*, *wolf*, which will either be *oo-ool*, *oo-olf*, or *ool*, *oolf*; neither of which modes of pronunciation is just. Mr Sheridan says, that *w* has always the sound of *oo*; but this is not true. When *w* is of the vocal kind, partaking of the nature of a diphthong, and preceded by *e*, it sounds *ū*, pronounced *you*, as in *new*, *blew*, &c.—Lastly, to prove still further, that *w* is a consonant, I shall instance the word *one*, which is pronounced by all Englishmen, as if written *won*. The articulation of *w* consonant, requires a closer contact of the lips, and a quicker and more forcible emission of breath than *oo* does, in the same proportion as *b* aspirate to *b* mute.

The same author, to evince that *y*, (which he calls *ee*,) is always a vowel, quotes the words *yard*, *yore*, &c. If a new name were to be generally adopted for *y* consonant, (that is, when it begins a word) I am persuaded, the Public would agree with me, in thinking, that it could not have a name that would convey its power more properly than *ye*, which, when rightly articulated, has a very different sound from *ee*; and by this mode of articulation, it does the office of a consonant, by giving form to a succeeding vowel. If *y* be no consonant, then the words *ye*, *yes*, *yet*, *yest*, &c. would be *ee*, *ee-es*, *ee-et*, *ee-est*, or *ee*, *īs*, *īt* and *eeft*. But who pronounces them in this manner? As a further proof

that *y* consonant is articulated with a different motion or contact of the mouth than *ee*, let us only attend to the pronunciation of the words *billiards*, *billions*, *grazier*, *soldier*, *righteous*, &c. and we shall find, that the vowels *i* and *e* take the sound of the consonant *y*, they being pronounced as if written *billyards*, *billyons*, *grazyer*, *soldyer*, *rightyus*.

It is now requisite that I should take notice of a singularity in the following work, which regards the right use of the *acute* or *grave* accents. The celebrated author above mentioned is, among others, a zealous advocate for unity of accent; and indeed, most of our lexicographers have made use of the *acute* accent only, which they have placed indiscriminately over long and short syllables;—nay, they go so far as to tell us, that the accent always makes the syllable long; than which nothing can be more absurd, as it tends to a total annihilation of the harmony of verse, which consists in the pleasing variety of long and short, accented and unaccented syllables.—Contrary to such an impropriety I have ventured to make a due distinction, by the proper use of the *grave* or *acute* accent; the former being affixed to flat and slowly accented syllables, and the latter to sharp and quickly accented.

After doing myself justice, by particularizing the superiority this work has over other dictionaries, in this important matter, I cannot help doing equal justice to the Public, by frankly confessing, that it yet contains a manifest deficiency or imperfection, by my not having adopted a plurality of accent, without which, it is impossible to articulate distinctly an almost infinite number of words in our language.—To enter minutely into the propriety of it, would take up more time than I can possibly dedicate to the purpose; but that I may enforce, in some measure, the necessity of it, I have made the following observations, which I also offer to the consideration of the impartial Public.

I agree, that the general use of accent is, to distinguish the most significant syllable by a greater stress of the voice: Yet this is not always proper; for we have many words of two syllables compounded of sim-

ple words, which, if pronounced otherwise than with an accent equally forcible on both, would be exceedingly improper :—such are, *byroad*, *gamecock*, *hatcase*, *handsaw*, *horseshoe*, *sackcloth*, &c.

If, then, *accent* performs the same office on syllables as *emphasis* does on words ; and if the chief end of both be, to convey the most significant and important parts of words and sentences, the former of which lies in the radical syllables, I should be glad to know who can pronounce the words *cavalcade*, *disappoint*, *disapprove*, *immature*, *intervene*, *overflow*, &c. with perspicuity, unless an accent be laid on the *first* and *last* syllables ? Nay, I ask further, if it is not the height of absurdity, to prefer a syllable that is merely formal or expletive, (by giving it a stronger accent) to *that* which constitutes its very *essence*, its signification.

With respect to words of polysyllables, requiring a plurality of accent, it sometimes happens, that one syllable is pronounced stronger than the rest, and which most frequently falls on the *grave* accent ; the strength of this syllable, however, loses its force, and is always determined by the number of accents in such words : And except there be a very distinguishing stress of the voice on the radical parts with which such words are compounded, the most consummate speaker in other respects, would ill deserve the name of orator, from the impossibility of his being intelligible.

Again, Those persons who are so strenuous advocates for unity of accent, I ask, how they would pronounce the words, *historiography*, *inseparability*, *naturalization*, *prognostication*, *superiority*, &c. with a single accent ? For, 'till I hear these, and such others distinctly articulated, (which I believe is not in the power of man to do,) I shall continue in my practice, as well as opinion, of a plurality of accent.

It will naturally be asked, why I have not adopted the measures which I so strenuously support ?—In answer to this, I can only say, That as this work is calculated chiefly for schools, the adopting of it

might be deemed, by the generality of teachers, rather as an obstacle than an improvement to youth ; particularly, as daily experience evinces, that old customs and prepossessions are not easily to be surmounted ; So that the only alteration I dare make for the present, is, that of introducing the *grave* and *acute* accents.

Notwithstanding, the judicious teacher, who may coincide in my sentiments concerning a plurality of accent, may supply their deficiency by the following general rule, from which there is but one exception.—Reduce all words of polysyllables to their radicals, and as many roots as there are contained in them, so many accents will the word require.—For example—the word *edification* is accented on the fourth syllable ; the radical of which is *edify*, which is accented on the first ; therefore *edification* has two accents, viz. ěd'ĩ-f'ĩ cā'tion.

There are many words in our language which require three accents ; as, *irresistibility*, *interlineation*, *acceleration*, &c.—and though these, and such words, have only one accent affixed to them ; yet, from the rule just given, they will be found to be intitled to three, viz. ĩr're-řĩřt'ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, ĩn'tér-lĩn'e-ā'tion, ac'cěl'ér-ā'tion, &c.—The only exception from this rule is, in the formation of derivatives, whose *radicals* of two syllables have the accent on the last ; these are made by changing the radical accent from the last to the first syllable.—Thus, *abjuration*, *admiration*, *affirmation*, whose radicals are, ă b-jũre', ăd-mĩre', ăf-fĩrm', require the accents on the first and third syllables ; as, ăb'ju-rā'tion, ăd'mĩ-rā'tion, ăf-fĩrm-ā'tion.—This change of accent from their radicals is made for reasons of *euphony*, which sometimes interferes with general rules ; it being requisite, that in particular cases they should mutually give way to each other.—Nothing, however, is more destructive to the harmony of language, than the too frequent practice of bringing the accent in words as forward as possible : In conformity to this rule, most of our lexicographers have accented the words *acceptable*, *commendable*, &c. on the first syllable, contrary both

to etymology and euphony : These errors I have avoided, by giving them the radical accent, *viz.* on the second syllable.

It may be necessary to remark further on this subject, that the vowels $\bar{a}$, $\hat{a}$, $\grave{a}$: $\bar{e}$, $\hat{e}$; $\bar{i}$, $\hat{i}$; $\bar{o}$, $\hat{o}$; $\bar{u}$, $\hat{u}$, and the diphthongal sounds of $\bar{o}\hat{u}$, $\bar{o}\hat{w}$, $\hat{u}\bar{a}$ and $\hat{u}\bar{e}$, require the *grave* accent ; all the others the *acute* ; except, however, the vowels $\hat{a}$ and $\bar{o}$, and the diphthong $\bar{o}\hat{u}$, each of which have a long and short sound :— Therefore, when the sound of $\hat{a}$ is short, and $\bar{o}$ long, I have affixed the *acute* accent to the *former*, and the *grave* accent to the *latter*, even in words of monosyllables ; as, $\hat{w}\bar{a}s'$, $\hat{w}\bar{a}tch'$; $\bar{m}\bar{o}r\bar{n}'$, $\bar{f}\bar{o}f\bar{t}'$. Without this minute and necessary distinction, persons unacquainted with *oral* language would be apt to pronounce them the very reverse.

Notwithstanding I have followed our modern authors, in exterminating the letter *k* from words derived from the French, and have written *arithmetic*, for *arithmetick*, *public* for *publick*, and *critic* for *critick*, &c. yet, as this kind of orthography tends to a manifest annihilation of their etymology, it ought to be exploded. This innovation, however, is more tolerable than that of writing *favor*, *honor*, *ambassador*, &c. for *favour*, *honour*, *ambassadour*, &c. And as, in literal language, there should ever remain some etymological traces ; and as this new false mode of spelling does not convey their true orthoepy, and is repugnant to etymology, I have ventured to write them conformable to the language whence they are derived.

Although in the *Key* I have pointed out by typographical characters the various sounds of the vowels, yet it must be particularly remarked, that there are many words which have *no* characters over the vowels ; such as $\bar{a}b'ba$, $sa\cdot lute'$, $se\cdot cl\bar{u}de'$, $\bar{y}n'do\cdot l\bar{e}nce$, &c.—These vowels have the same *quality* of sound, as $\bar{a}$, $\bar{e}$, $\bar{o}$, &c. but are to be uttered *quicker* ; that is, they are the long sounds of $\bar{a}$, $\bar{e}$, $\bar{o}$, &c. contracted, and are in the same proportion to each other, as *gòod* is to *fôod*, or *hòock*

to rôok, which have the same *quality* of sound, but different in *quantity*, or *length* of time.

Words differently pronounced by our best speakers, as, knōw'ledge, or knōw'lēdge; gōld, or gôld, &c. are particularly taken notice of; and every person may pronounce them as he thinks most conformable to etymology, analogy or euphony, without betraying his provinciality, or deviating from the present mode of pronunciation.

Lastly, It may not be amiss to treat briefly of a plan necessary to be pursued, in order to teach *youth* a proper pronunciation of the English language.—For the benefit of schoolmasters in general, I have been very explicit upon this subject, in the preface of my *Only Sure Guide to the English Tongue*, to whom I recommend an attentive perusal of it, as well as to those who have acquired bad habits of *pronunciation*, either from teachers themselves, or from books incorrect in this respect.—The first thing to be done with persons under this predicament is, to give them a perfect knowledge of the *Key-sheet*.—They should then repeat, very often, all the words of one syllable in our language, according to the proper sound as pointed out in Chapter I. II. and III. of my *Only Sure Guide to the English Tongue*.—After this they should do nothing but spell the words in Chapter IV. upon the book, observing the division of the syllables, and the proper sound of the vowels.

This is the only method to be pursued in teaching young children, or youth further advanced. As to adult persons, those who wish to make the English pronunciation familiar to them, without the assistance of a teacher, must repeat six or eight pages of the following *Dictionary* daily, according to the pronunciation there pointed out; and when they shall have gone through the whole, to begin again, and thus continue till the end aimed at be accomplished.

Edin. Aug. 16. 1777.

COMPREHENSIVE GRAMMAR OF THE ENGLISH TONGUE.

GRAMMAR is the art of speaking and writing any language with propriety.

An *art* is a rational method, a system of rules, digested into convenient order, for the teaching and learning of something: And the methodical collection of observations made upon the particular custom of a nation, in the institution, order, and use of words, by which they are used to express their thoughts, is what is meant by *Grammar*.

GRAMMAR is divided into four parts: *Orthography*, *Etymology*, *Prosody*, and *Syntax*.

Orthography teaches the right combination of letters into syllables, and syllables into words; the true pronunciation of which is called *Orthoepy*.

Etymology teaches the deduction of one word from another, their endings, change, and likenesses to one another.

Prosody comprises *Orthoepy*, or the right pronouncing of words, according to their long or short syllables; and *Orthometry*, or the art of making verses.

Syntax is the due construction or connection of the words of a language into sentences or phrases.

PART I.

OF ORTHOGRAPHY, or TRUE SPELLING.

A LETTER is a mark or character, denoting a distinct, or inarticulate sound, which cannot be divided into other simple sounds; and the complete set of letters in a language is called the *Alphabet*, which, in the English tongue, contains twenty-six, whose names and powers are as follow:

The

The ALPHABET.

Roman Characters.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Italic Characters.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

The names of the Letters.

Ay, bee, cee, or * ek, dee, e (ee), eff, jee, or eg, hee, or aitch, i (eye), jay, kay, ell, em, en, o, pee, coo, ar, els, tee, you, vee, ou, ex, ye, or wi, zee, or zed.

Vowels.

A E I O U W Y

a e i o u w y

A E I O U W Y

a e i o u w y

These letters are divided into Vowels, Semi-vowels, Consonants, Diphthongs, and Triphthongs.

OF VOWELS.

A vowel is a letter which makes a full and perfect sound by itself.

There are seven vowels, viz. a, e, i, o, u †, y †, and w †; for the different sounds of which, see the *key* to this work.

OF DOUBLE VOWELS.

A *diphthong* or *double vowel*, is the junction of two vowels, pronounced by a single impulse of the voice.

Diphthongs are divided into *proper* and *improper*.

A *proper diphthong* is one sound partaking of two different qualities, making a distinct articulation.

An *improper diphthong* is the meeting of two vowels, making but one syllable, one of which is only heard.

There are twenty-five diphthongs, viz. ai, ao, au, aw, ay; ea, ee, ei, eo, eu, ey, ew; ie, oa, oe, oi, oo, ou, ow, oy; ua, ue, ui, uo, and uy.

OF

* *Note.* When c and g sound hard, they may be called *ek* and *eg*.

† u has the nature of a diphthong, when the sound is protracted, as in *due, rue, &c.* otherwise it is a vowel, as in *truth*.

‡ y and w are consonants when they begin a word.

OF TRIPHTHONGS.

A *triphthong* is the assemblage of three vowels in the same syllable, forming one distinct articulate sound, of which there are nine; viz. *eau*, *eye*, *ieu*, *iew*, *uai*, *uea*, *uee*, *uoi*, and *uoy*.

The single and double vowels are again distinguished by *short* and *long*; for which reason, sharp and quickly accented syllables require the *acute*, and flat and slowly accented the *grave* accent.

Of the different Sounds of the DIPHTHONGS and TRIPHTHONGS.

Of the DIPHTHONG AI.

The diphthong *ai* has three different sounds: 1st, *â* (like *a* in *hate*), as in *hair*. 2^{dly}, *ä* (like *a* in *hat*), as in * *pläid*: and, 3^{dly}, *ě* (like *e* in *met*), as in *said*, pronounced *fěd*.

Of A O.

Ao sounds *ä* in * *g, oäl*, pronounced *jäil*.

Of A U.

Au has three different sounds: 1st, *â* (like *a* in *ball*), as in *tâught*. 2^{dly}, *à* (like *a* in *part*), as in *jäunt*: and, 3^{dly}, *ā* (like *a* in *hate*), as in *gāuge*.

Of A W.

Aw has but one uniform sound, viz. like *â* in *ball*; as in *clâw*, *crâw*, *yâwl*, &c.

Of A Y.

Ay has but one uniform sound, viz. like *ā* in *hate*; as in *bāy*, *stāy*, &c.

Of E A.

Ea has five different sounds, viz. *ā*, *à*, *ē*, *ě*, and *ũ*,—1st, like *ā* in *hate*; as in *beār*, *weār*, &c. 2^{dly}, like *à* in *part*; as in *heārt*, *heārth*, &c. 3^{dly}, *ē*, like *e* in *mete*; as in *bēach*, *tēach*, &c. 4^{thly}, *ě*, like *e* in *met*; as in *brēad*, *hēad*, &c.: and, 5^{thly}, *ũ*, like *u* in *buck*; as in *dēarth*, *ēarth*, *lēarn*, &c.

Of E E.

Ee has but one sound, viz. *ē*, like *e* in *mete*; as in *bee*, *free*, *steer*, &c.

Of E I.

Ei has five different sounds, viz. *ā*, *ē*, *ě*, *ī*, and *ĩ*—1st, *ā*, like *a* in *hate*; as in *vēin*, *rēign*, &c. 2^{dly}, *ē*, like *e* in *mete*; as in *cēil*, *fēize*. 3^{dly}, *ě*, like *e* in *met*; as in *hēifer*.

b 2

* These words are thus marked in the Dictionary, by which their true sound may be distinguished.

hēifér. 4thly, *ī*, like *i* in *pine*; as in *height*, *sleight*; and, 5thly, *ĩ*, like *i* in *pin*; as in *teit*, *teint*.

OF E O.

Eo has but two different sounds, viz. *ē* and *ě*.—1st, *ē*, like *e* in *mete*; as in *pēo'ple*; and, 2dly, *ě*, like *e* in *met*; as in *fěoff*.

OF E U.

Eu has only one sound, viz. *ū*, like *u* in *duke*; as in *deūce*, *feūd*, *rheūm*.

OF E W.

Ew has but two different sounds, viz. *ū* and *ō*: 1st, *ū*, like *u* in *duke*; as in *blew*, *few*, &c.; and, 2dly, *ō*, like *o* in *note*; as in *sew*, *shew*.

Observation 1. *Ew* (in dissyllables) and *ewe*, occur only in these three words, *ewer*, which is pronounced *yū'ér*; *ewry*, pronounced *yū'ry*; and *ewe*, pronounced *yū* or *yō*.

Observation 2. *Eau* sounds *ū* in *beauty*, and *ō* in *beau*.

OF E Y.

Ey has four different sounds, viz. *ā*, *ē*, *ī* and *ĩ*: 1st, *ā*, like *a* in *hate*; as in *hēy*, *prēy*, &c. 2dly, *ē*, like *e* in *mete*; as in *kēy*. 3dly, *ī*, like *i* in *pine*; as in *eýre*, *eýe*; and, 4thly, *ĩ*, like *i* in *pin*; as in *parley*, &c.

OF I E.

Ie has four different sounds, viz. *ē*, *ě*, *ī* and *ĩ*: 1st, *ē*, like *e* in *mete*; as in *pier*, *pierce*, &c. 2dly, *ě*, like *e* in *met*; as in *friend*, &c. 3dly, *ī* like *i* in *pine*; as in *die*, *sie*, *tye*, &c.; and, 4thly, *ĩ*, like *i* in *pin*; as in *sieve*, &c.

Note. *Ieu* and *iew* have the diphthongal sound of *ū*, as in the words, *adieu*, *lieu*, *view*.

OF O A.

Oa has but two different sounds, viz. *ā* and *ō*: 1st, *ā*, like *a* in *hall*; as in *broad*, *great*; and, 2dly, *ō*, like *o* in *note*; as in *blōat*, *bōard*, *fōap*, &c.

OF O E.

Oe has three different sounds, viz. *ō*, *ô*, and *ā*: 1st, *ō*, like *o* in *note*; as in *dōe*, *rōe*, &c. 2dly, *ô*, like *o* in *prove*; as in *shōe*; and, 3dly, *ā*, like *a* in *hate*; as in *oeiliad*.

OF O I.

Oi is a perfect, or proper diphthong, being a distinct articulate sound, partaking of

of the sound of â and ĭ: it has but one uniform sound, as in böil, cöin, &c. except the word *doit*, which is pronounced as if written dīte.

Of O O.

Oo has four sounds, viz. ō, ô, ò, and ŭ: 1st, ō, like o in *note*; as in dōor, flōor. 2dly, ô, like o in *prove*; as in blōom, gōose, &c. 3dly, ò, like o in *wolf*; as in bōok, cōok, &c.: and, 4thly, ŭ, like u in *buck*; as in blōod, flōod.

Of O U.

Ou has no less than eight different sounds, viz. â, the diphthongal sound compounded of â and û, ō, ǒ, ô, ò, ū and ŭ: 1st, â, like a in *hall*; as in bōught', fōught'. 2dly, the compound sound of â and û, like the sound of thōû; as in bōûgh, ōûnce, gōûge, &c. 3dly, ō, like o in *note*; as in dōugh, fōur, mōuld, &c. 4thly, ǒ, like o in *not*; as in cōugh', trōugh', &c. 5thly, ô, like o in *prove*; as in grōup, thrōugh. 6thly, ò, like o in *wolf*; as in cōuld, wōuld, &c. 7thly, the diphthongal sound of ū; as in yōū, yōuth: and, 8thly, ŭ, like u in *buck*; as in rōugh, tōugh, yōung, &c.

Of O W.

Ow has two sounds: 1st, ō, like o in *note*; as in blōw, prōwl, &c. 2dly, the compound sound of â and û, like the sound of the word *thou*; as in cōw, brōwn, &c.

Of O Y.

Oy, a perfect diphthong, has the same sound as oi; viz. compounded of â and ĭ; as in *boy*, *cloy*, &c.

Of U A.

Ua has five sounds: 1st, the combined or diphthongal sound of û and â; as in quāke, squāre. 2dly, the combined sound of û and ă; as in quăck, squăt. 3dly, the combined sound of û and â; as in quârt, squăll. 4thly, the combined sound of û and â, as in quâlm: and, 5thly, the simple sound of ă, like a in *part*; as in guărd.

Of U E.

Ue has five sounds: 1st, the combined sound of û and ē; as in quēme. 2dly, the combined sound of û and ě; as in quĕll, quĕst. 3dly, the diphthongal sound of ū; as in blūe, trūe. 4thly, the combined sound of û and é, (that is û and ŭ); as in quĕrn: and, 5thly, the simple sound of ě, like e in *met*; as in guĕss, guĕst.

Of U I and U Y.

Ui has six different sounds: 1st, ĭ, like i in *pine*; as in guīde, guīle; [Uy has also this sound, as in *buy*]. 2dly, ĭ, like i in *pin*; as in buīld, guīlt. 3dly, the diphthongal sound

of *û*; as in *biûz*, *sûrt*. 4thly, the compound sound of *û* and *î*; as in *quîre*, *squîre*. 5thly, the compound sound of *û* and *ï*; as in *quîb*, *quînce*: and, 6thly, the compound sound of *û* and *î*, (that is, *û* and *ü*); as in *quîrk*, *squîrt*.

Of U O.

Uo has the simple sound of *ô*; as in *quôte*, *quôth*.

Of U E A.

Uea has the combined sound of *û* and *ê*; as in *quêan*, *squêal*.

Of U E E.

Uee has the combined sound of *û* and *ê*; as in *quêen*, *squêeze*.

Of U O I and U O Y.

Uoi and *uoy* have the combined sound of *â* and *ï*; as in *buôÿ*, *quôÿf*, *quôÿl*, *quôÿt*.

Of the CONSONANTS.

A *consonant* is a letter which cannot be sounded, or but imperfectly, without the coalition of a vowel; as *m*, whose sound is *em*, by prefixing the vowel *e*; and *p* sounds *pe*, by placing the same vowel after it.

The consonants are divided into *mute*, *aspirate*, *sibilant*, and *liquids* or *half vowels*.

The *mutes* are, *b*, *c*, *d*, *g*, *k*, *t*, and *q*; the *aspirate* *h*; the *sibilant*, *c*, *s*, *z*; and the *liquids*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *r*.

These are again subdivided into *labial*, *dental*, *palatine*, and *nasal*.

Of the different Sounds of the CONSONANTS.

B has one unvaried sound, is used before all the vowels, and before the consonants *l* and *r*: it is the soft sound of *p*, being pronounced with less force. In the following words it is mute; as *debt*, *debtor*, *subtle*, *doubt*, *lamb*, *limb*, *dumb*, *thumb*, *climb*, *comb*, *womb*, &c.

C sounds hard like *k*, before *a*, *o*, *u*, *l*, and *r*; but before *e*, *i*, *y*, or an apostrophe, it is sounded soft; as in *cement*, *city*, *cypher*, *plac'd*, &c.

Ch have three different sounds: 1st, like *tch*, as in *church*, *crutch*. 2dly, Like *sh* in the French derivatives, *chaise*, *machine*: And, 3dly, Like *k* in words derived from the learned languages; as, *chord*, *chymist*, *archangel*.

D, which is the soft sound of *t*, as *b* is to *p*, used before all the vowels, and the consonants *r* and *w*, has but one uniform sound; as, *draw*, *dwell*.

F, which is the hard sound of *v*, requiring only a quicker and stronger aspiration, has but one uniform sound.

G is

G is always sounded hard before *a, o, u, l, r*, and at the end of words, unless it be softened by *d* or *e*. It has a sound less sharp, but more guttural, than *c, k*, or *q*; and is sometimes soft before *e, i*, and *y*.

G before *n* is also silent, but lengthens the syllable; as *sign, condign, &c.* *.

Gh at the end of words sometimes sound like *ff*; as in *cough, laugh, tough, rough, trough*: In most other words, *gh* are silent, serving only to lengthen the syllable; as, *although, through, high, nigh, thigh*.

Ph are always sounded like *f*, except in *phthisic, phthisical*, where they are silent.

Th have two sounds: Hard; as in *thin*; and soft; as in *thine*.

H is a note of aspiration, and shews that the vowel following it must be sounded with a strong emission of breath; as in *hose, horse*; sometimes it has no sound at the beginning, middle, and end of words; as *an honest man, rhetoric, Messiah*. It is undoubtedly a consonant, as it gives form to a succeeding vowel.

J is sounded like a soft *g*.

K has the sound of *c* hard. This letter is never doubled, but has *c* often before it, to shorten the preceding vowel.

L is doubled at the end of monosyllables; as in *kill, fall*; but in compound words, one of the *l's* is suppressed; as in *skilful*. It is mute in some words; as in *calf, half, could, would, should, walk, talk, salmon*.

M has one invariable sound.

N has always the same sound; and after an *m* at the end of a word it is mute; as *damn, hymn, condemn, &c.*

P always retains the same sound; it is mute in *tempt*, and its derivatives. See *B*.

Q is always followed by *u*. In French derivatives, it sounds like *k*; as in "Conquer, liquor, lacquer, risque, checquer."

Re, at the end of words derived from the Greek or French, are pronounced like *er*; as in *theatre, metre, sepulchre*.

S has naturally a sharp hissing sound; as in *sister*: when it ends a word, it is sounded like *z*; as *fees, bees, &c.* except in *this, thus, us, yes, &c.* where *s* retains the hissing sound.

S has the sound of *z* before *ion*, if a vowel go before it; as in *confusion*; but that of *s* sharp, if it follow a consonant; as in *diversion*. Before *e* mute it sounds like *z*; as in *devise*; and before *y* at the end of words; as in *daisy*. But, note, that *ss* almost always retain the hissing sound.

V is

* Some orators pronounce *g* at the end of words; as, *loving*: and others say it should be silent; as, *speaking*.

V is the soft sound of *f*; as in *vain*.

W is either a vowel or a consonant. See the Preface, page 7.

X has two sounds, sharp and flat; sharp, like *ks*; as in *extreme*; and flat like *gz*; as in *exile*.

Z has nearly the sound of *ds*.

Of SYLLABLES.

A syllable consists of one or more vowels, joined to one or more consonants, so as to make a complete sound in one breath; as, *a*, *pen*, *pen-knife*, *desk*, &c. but, without a vowel, no syllable can be formed; for *pn*, *dsk*, are not syllables of themselves; whereas, by the assistance of the vowel *e*, they make two distinct words; as, *pen*, *desk*.

From this we may observe, that reading is only a quick spelling; and spelling is the art of reading by naming the letters singly, and dividing words correctly into their syllables.

Syllables, in *speaking*, are sounds of which words are composed and formed; and in *writing*, they are parts of the same words, composed of characters which represent those sounds; as, *an-ni-bi-late*, which has four parts, four sounds, and four syllables.

A general RULE for the DIVISION of SYLLABLES.

1. A consonant between two vowels, must be joined to the former, to make the first syllable; as, *bal-ance*, *ev-id-ent*, *ac-cip-i-ent*.

2. A double consonant must be divided; as in *sup-per*, *din-ner*, &c.

3. When two vowels come together, both distinctly sounded, they must be separated in spelling; as, *co-e-qual*, *mu-tu-al*.

4. Grammatical terminations, or endings, must be separated in spelling; as, *lov-ed*, *walk-edst*, *mov-ing*, *per-se-ver-ance*.

5. Consonants not proper to begin a word, must be divided; as, *log-man*, *lob-ster*, *lock-ram*.

6. Consonants which may begin a word, are to be divided, whenever their separation conveys the sound of each syllable of the word the nearest to true orthoepy; as, *rep-ro-bate*, *ret-ro-grade*, *un-der-sec-re-ta-ry*.

7. * All compounds and derivatives must be divided into their single or primitive words; as, *mor-al*, *mor-al-i-ty*, *guilt*, *guilt-i-ness*, *guilt-y*.

8. The

* This rule is liable to exceptions: For example; if *mortality* (from *moral*) be divided *mor-al-i-ty*, instead of *mor-al-i-ty*, it agrees best with the standard pronunciation: So that
in

8. The endings, *cial, tial, cious, tious, sion, tion, cheon*, sounded *shal, shies, shan, chin*, are never to be separated, as they form but one syllable.

PART II.

OF ETYMOLOGY.

Etymology explains the derivation of words, in order to arrive at their first and primary signification; and teaches the various modifications by which the sense of the same word is diversified: as, *I write, I wrote; man, men*.

A *primitive word* is that which comes from no other, either in the same, or any other language.

A *derivative word* is that which comes from some other word in the same language, or from another language.

A *simple word* is that which is not mixed or compounded.

A *compound word* is that which is made up of two or more words.

There are five sorts of derivations among words purely English.

1. Adjectives from substantives: as, *night, nightly; weight, weighty*.
2. Substantives from adjectives: as, *nice, niceness; delicate, delicateness; muddy, mud-diness, &c.*
3. Adverbs from adjectives: as, *mortal, mortally; sinful, sinfully, &c.*
4. Verbs from adjectives: as, *straight, straighten; soft, soften, &c.*
5. Participles from verbs: as, *place, placing, placed*.

OF WORDS.

WORDS, divided into classes, are called *parts of speech*; of which there are nine different kinds, *viz.* article, noun, adjective, pronoun, verb, adverb, conjunction, preposition, interjection.

1. The *article* is a word prefixed to substantives, when they are common names of things, to point out the extent of their signification.
2. A *noun*, or *substantive*, is the name of any person, place, or thing.
3. An *adjective* is a word which expresses some quality, or other accident belonging to the substantive.
4. A *pronoun* is put instead of a noun, to point out some person or thing.
5. A *verb* expresses action, or being in some situation or condition.

6. An

in the following Dictionary, I have sometimes deviated from this general good rule, for the above reason.

6. An *adverb* is joined to a verb, adjective, or another adverb, to qualify and restrain the latitude of their signification.

7. A *conjunction* joins words and sentences together.

8. A *preposition*, which is put before nouns and pronouns, expresses the relation or connection between different words.

9. An *interjection* is used to express some sudden emotion of the mind.

Of the ARTICLE.

The article is a word prefixed to substantives, to extend or limit their signification.

There are three articles, *a*, *an*, and *the*. *An* is put before such nouns of the singular number only, as begin with a vowel, or *h* mute; as, an *index*, an *heir*.

A, * an indefinite article, used before substantives of the singular number only, leaves the sense of the word to which it is prefixed in a large, that is, undetermined sense; as, a *house*, *i. e.* any house, or one house.

The, † the definite article, used both in the singular and plural number, points out and determines the sense of the word before which it is placed, to some particular; as, The “rule I gave you is invariable,” *i. e.* that particular rule.

A substantive without an article to limit it, is taken in its widest sense; as, “man is mortal,” *i. e.* all mankind.

Of the NOUN or SUBSTANTIVE.

A noun, or substantive, is the name of any person, place, or thing; as, “Thomas, Edinburgh, a table, education.”

There are two sorts of substantives, † common and proper names.

Common, or appellative names, are such as express a whole kind; as, “man, animal, bird, fish.”

Proper

* The indefinite article *a* is joined to the adjectives, *few*, *many*; the latter with great before it; and also to the words, *dozen*, *score*, *gross*, &c.; as, a *few men*; a *great many men*; I have seen *many a tall man*; a *score of sheep*, &c. &c.

† The definite article *the* is sometimes applied to adverbs, and to adjectives of the comparative and superlative degrees, to render them the more nervous and precise; as, *the more difficult a thing is, the more honourable: this is the least of all*.

‡ All nouns to which one cannot add the word *thing*, with propriety, are substantives; and those to which *thing* may be added, are Adjectives.

Proper names are those which express a particular person, place, or thing, &c. so as to distinguish them from all others of that kind; as, "William, Edinburgh."

OF NUMBER.

Number is the distinction of one from many.

A noun has two numbers, the singular and the plural.

The singular number expresses one person or thing; as, a "boy, a book, a house;" or a number of them considered as united together; as, "an army."

The plural expresses more than one, and is generally formed from the singular, by adding s, or, when the pronunciation requires it, es; as, "boys, books, houses, armies."

Nouns ending in ch, sh, fs, x, form the plural by adding es; as, "church, churches, blush, blushes; kiss, kisses; box, boxes."

Those in f, * or fe, are changed into ves; as, "calf, half, knife, leaf, loaf, sheaf, shelf, self, thief, wife, wolf, make calves, halves, knives, leaves, loaves, sheaves, shelves, selves, thieves, wives, wolves."

Nouns ending in y make their plural in ies; as, "glory, glories, &c." except when y is preceded by a vowel; as, "joy, day, delay," make "joys, days, delays, &c."

The following WORDS form their PLURAL irregularly.

Sing.	Plur.	Sing.	Plur.	Sing.	Plur.	Sing.	Plur.
Brother	brethren	die	dice	louse	lice	penny	pence
	or brothers	foot	feet	mouse	mice	tooth	teeth
child	children	goose	geese	man	men	woman	women

OF GENDER.

Gender is a division of nouns, or names, to distinguish the two sexes.

There are three genders, the masculine, feminine, and neuter.

Words which relate to males are of the masculine gender; as, "man, boy, bull, prince."

Those which signify females, are feminine; as, "woman, girl, cow, princess."

Those which express things without life, are neuter, that is, of neither masculine nor feminine gender; as, "pen, ink, paper, desk."

OF CASES.

Cases imply the different inflexions or terminations of nouns, serving to express the different relations they bear to each other, and to the things they represent.

English

* Except "hoof, roof, grief, dwarf, chief, handkerchief, relief, scarf, wharf, reproof, strife, scoff, stuff," and others ending in ff, which are made plural by the addition of s.

English substantives have properly but two cases; but I shall suppose three, the nominative, possessive, and objective.

The nominative, which is put before verbs, expresses simply the name of a person, place, or thing; as, "man, Edinburgh, desk."

The possessive denotes property, or belonging to; as, "man's glory."

The objective follows verbs, shewing, that the action of the person, or nominative placed before the verb, passes to, or falls upon the noun or word after the verb as its object; as, "I love Thomas *."

Examples of Nouns declined according to Gender, Number, Case, and Article.

	Singular.	Plural.
Masc.	Nom. man, a man, or the man	} men, men, the men men's, † men's, the men's men, men, the men
	Poss. man's, † a man's, or the man's	
	Object. man, a man, or the man	
Femin.	Nom. a queen, the queen	} queens, the queens queens', † the queens' queens, the queens
	Poss. a queen's, † the queen's	
	Object. a queen, the queen	

	Singular.	Plural.
{	Nom. liberty	} liberties, or the liberties of liberties, or of the liberties liberties, or the liberties
	Poss. liberty's	
	Object. liberty	

Some nouns are used only in the singular number; as, "barley, wheat, learning, pride, gold, silver." Others are the same in the singular and plural; as, "deer, fern, swine, sheep."

Some in the plural only; as, "annals, Alps, arms, ashes, bellows, bowels, breeches, cresses, dregs, goods, entrails, ides, lungs, scissiors, shears, snuffers, thanks, wages, news."

The names of cities, countries, rivers, mountains; the names of virtues and vices; the names of herbs, (excepting "nettle, poppy, lily, colewort, cabbage," &c.) bread, wine, beer, ale, honey, oil, milk, butter, want the plural: But when some of these stand for individuals, or several sorts, they then admit of a plural; as wines, oils.

1st,

* The objective case may be allowed with some degree of propriety, if we do but attend to the above sentence; for, instead of the noun Thomas, let us supply its place with the personal pronoun, and then the sentence will be, I love him; where Him is in the objective case. "See the declension of the personal pronouns."

† † † † Or, by a circumlocution, with the preposition *of*; as, "of a man, of men," or, "of the men; of a queen, of queens," or, "of the queens."

1st, The Sex is distinguished by *different* Words.

Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
batchelor	maid	drake	duck	man	wife	ram	ewe
boar	fow	drone	bee	king	queen	finger	songstrefs
boy	girl	earl	countess	lad	lafs	fon	daughter
bride-	bride	father	mother	landgrave	landgra-	sultan	sultana
groom		friar	nun		vine	stag	hind
brother	sister	gander	goose	lord	lady	steer	heifer
buck	doe	grand-	grand-	man	woman	uncle	aunt
bull	cow	father	mother	master	dame	widower	widow
cock	hen	hero	heroine	moor	morisco	whore-	whore, or
dog	bitch	horse	mare	nephew	niece	monger	strumpet

2^{dly}, Some nouns distinguish their feminine by ending in *ess*.

Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
abbot	abbess	diviner	divinerefs	marquis	marchio-	prophet	prophetess
actor	actress	doctor	doctress		ness	shepherd	shepherdes
adulterer	adultereft	elector	electress	master	mistress	sutor	sutress
ambassa-	ambassa-	emperour	empress	mayor	mayorefs	tiger	tigress
dour	dress	governour	governefs	patron	patronefs	traitor	traitress
baron	baronefs	heir	heirefs	priest	priestess	victor	victress
caterer	cateress	hunter	huntress	prince	princess	viscount	viscountess
chanter	chantress	Jew	Jewess	prior	priorefs	votary	votarefs
count	countess	lion	lioness	procurer	procurefs		
deacon	deaconess			poet	poetess		

3^{dly}, Others are known by adding another word by way of epithet or adjective; when there are not two different words to express both sexes:

Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
cock sparrow	hen sparrow	man-servant	maid-servant
a country man	a country woman, or girl	male child	female child
a godson	a goddaughter		

And, lastly, in *ix*; as, *administrator*, *administratrix*; *executor*, *executrix*; *testator*, *testatrix*, &c.

Of the **ADJECTIVE**.*

An Adjective is a word which expresses some quality or accident belonging to the substantive; as, a *good* pen, a *handsome* house.

c

Adjectives

* In order to distinguish whether a word be an adjective or a substantive, add *thing* to it; if it make good sense, it is an adjective; if the contrary, it is a substantive.

Adjectives are never varied on account of Gender, Number, or Case ; the only variation they admit of is that of * Degrees of Comparison.

Of the † COMPARISON of ADJECTIVES.

Adjectives, with respect to Comparison, have *three* states; the *Positive*, the *Comparative*, and the *Superlative*.

The *positive* expresses the quality of a thing simply, without comparing it with any other thing of that kind : as, this paper is *white*.

The *comparative* enlarges or decreases the quality of the thing a degree from the positive : as, that paper is *whiter* than this.

The *superlative* heightens the sense of the positive in the highest, or diminishes it to the lowest degree possible : as, this paper is the *whitest* of all ; that desk is the *least*.

The comparative is formed from the positive, when the word has but one syllable, by adding *er*, if it end with a consonant, and *r* only, if it end in *e* : as, *long*, *longer* ; *wise*, *wiser*. Sometimes, though rarely, it is distinguished by prefixing the adverb *more* before the positive : as, *wise*, *more wise* ; *long*, *more long*.

The superlative is formed from the positive, by adding *st*, or *est* : as, *wise*, *wisest* ; *long*, *longest*. It is also distinguished by prefixing *most*, *very*, *exceeding*, *infinitely*, or *infinitively*.

Words of *two* syllables, having the accent upon the last, and a few others, admit of *er* and *est*, in forming their comparisons : as, *polite*, *politer*, *politest* ; *noble*, *nobler*, *noblest*, &c.

Words of *more* than two syllables, and those of two which end in *l*, form their comparative and superlative degrees, by placing *more* and *most* before the positive : as, *excellent*, *more excellent*, *most excellent* ; *frugal*, *more frugal*, *most frugal*, &c.

Some few words form their superlative, by adding the adverb *most* to the end of them : as, *foremost*, *nethermost*, *uttermost*, or *utmost*, *undermost*, *uppermost*.

The

* Some Adjectives are used only in the positive state; as, *dead*, *living*, &c.

† Critics in philology deny the existence of *three* degrees of comparison ; though, at the same time, they admit of *three* states. For example, *long*, they say, is the positive state of the adjective ; *longer* and *longest* then must be the comparative and superlative : Hence, with respect to comparison, adjectives have *two* degrees, or *three* states.

The following form their degrees irregularly :

Pos.	Comp.	Sup.	Pos.	Comp.	Sup.
Good	better	best	Little	less	least
Bad, evil, ill	worse	worst	Much, or many	more	most

Note. Double comparatives and superlatives are improper, and must not be used : such as, *more braver, most worst, worse, lesser, &c.*

Of the PRONOUN.

A pronoun is a part of speech which is put instead of a noun, to prevent the repetition thereof.

Pronouns have persons, numbers, genders, and cases.

There are *six* kinds of pronouns, *viz.* Personal, Relative, Demonstrative, Interrogative, Indefinite, and Adjective.

There are *five* * personal pronouns ; *I, thou, he, she, it.*

When a person speaks of himself, he uses the word *I*, which is the *first* person ; if he speak to another, he uses the word *thou* †, which is the *second* person ; when an absent person or thing is spoken of, we make use of *he, she, or it*, which are all of the *third* person : But as the speakers, the persons spoken to, and the others spoken of, may be many, so each of these pronouns has the plural number, *we, ye, they.*

There are *four* pronouns relative ; *who, which, what, that.*

The use of relative pronouns is to connect sentences together ; and they always relate to some preceding substantive, called the Antecedent. Blessed is the man *who* walketh uprightly.

Who is used in speaking of persons, and is either Masculine or Feminine ; *which*, when we speak of things, and is therefore Neuter.

What is likewise applied to things *only*, and includes both the relative and the antecedent. This is *what* I wanted ; that is the thing *which* I wanted.

That is applied by many writers, equally to persons and things, and has no variation. The man *that* he beat ; the book *that* I lost.

* The personal pronouns, *I, thou, he, she, it*, are by some grammarians called *substantive*, by others, *demonstrative* pronouns.

† *You* is used instead of *thou*, in common conversation.

There are *two* demonstrative pronouns; *this, that*.

This is made use of in speaking of a thing which is near us. *This* book is mine; its plural is *these*; *these* pens are mine.

That refers to a thing at a distance from us. *That* is your book; its plural is *those*; *those* pens are yours.

There are *three* interrogative pronouns, *who, which, what*. Their name imports their use, which is to ask a question.

Indefinite pronouns express nothing distinct or determined; such are the *eight* following, *some, any, whoever, one* *, *other* *, *who* †, *which* †, *what* †.

Thy †, *my* †, *his, her, its, our, your, their*, are pronominal adjectives, expressing *possession*, being always followed by a noun substantive.

Own and *self*, in the plural *selves*, are joined to the above pronominal adjectives, to mark their meaning more strongly; as, I did it my own *self* ‖.

The English language, with singular beauty and propriety, admits, in an elevated or poetical style, any inanimate thing to assume person or sex; which personification is therefore marked by the masculine or feminine pronouns, *he* or *she, his* or *her*.

“ Soon as the light of dawning Science spread

“ *Her* orient ray, and wak'd the muses' song,” &c.

“ Low walks the *sun*, and broadens by degrees,

“ Just o'er the verge of day. The shifting clouds

“ Assembled gay, a richly gorgeous train,

“ In all their pomp attend *his* setting throne.”

Personal

* * The possessive of *one*, is *one's*; of *other*, *other's*; the nominative plural of *which*, is *others*, and possessive *others'*.

† † † The reader may easily distinguish the above from relative pronouns, as there will be no antecedent in the sentence to which these can refer; nor are they indefinite pronouns if a question be asked.

‡ ‡ *My* and *thy*, become *mine* and *thine*, when the noun following begins with a vowel, or an *h* mute; as, *mine* honour, *thine* hour, *mine* ears, &c.

‖ *Ourself*, not *ourselves*, is peculiar to the regal style; as, “ *Why, 'tis a loving and a fair reply: be as ourself in Denmark.*” *Shakesf. Hamlet*.

Personal pronouns have *three* cases, a Nominative, Possessive, and Objective. The Nominative is placed before the verb; as, *I* write. The possessive signifies possession, or belonging to; as, *whose* book is this? 'Tis *mine*. The Objective case follows verbs and prepositions; as, I saw *him*; I ran before *him*.

DECLENSIONS of PRONOUNS.

Of the personal, *I, thou, he, she, it.*

First person		Second person	Third Person.			
Singular.		Singular.	Sing.	Masc.	Fem.	Neut.
Nom.	<i>I</i>	<i>thou</i>		<i>he</i>	<i>she</i>	<i>it</i>
Poss.	<i>mine</i>	<i>thine</i>		<i>his</i>	<i>hers</i>	<i>its</i>
Obj.	<i>me</i>	<i>thee</i>		<i>him</i>	<i>her</i>	<i>it</i>
Plural.		Plural.	Plur.			
Nom.	<i>we</i>	<i>ye or you</i>		<i>they</i>	<i>they</i>	<i>they</i>
Poss.	<i>ours</i>	<i>yours</i>		<i>theirs</i>	<i>theirs</i>	<i>theirs</i>
Obj.	<i>us</i>	<i>you</i>		<i>them</i>	<i>them</i>	<i>them</i>

First, second, and third persons of the Relative *who*.

Singular.	Plural.
Nom. <i>who</i>	<i>who</i>
Poss. <i>whose</i>	<i>whose</i>
Obj. <i>whom</i>	<i>whom</i>

All nouns and pronouns whatever, in grammatical construction, are of the third person, and consequently, govern the verbs to which they are agents or nominative cases, in the third person singular or plural, according to the number of the noun: Except, 1st, those pronouns which have the first and second; and, 2^{dly}, when an address is made to any one: for then the noun is of the second person.

Of the V E R B.

A verb expresses *action* or *event*; as,

I write.

I endure hardships.

I am very cold.

I was much fatigued.

There are *four* kinds of verbs; Substantive, Passive, Active, and Neuter.

A *verb substantive* expresses the being or existence of a thing: as, *I am, thou art.*

A *verb active* or *transitive*, expresses an action, which necessarily implies an agent, and an object acted upon; as, *I love Edward*. In this sentence, the pronoun *I* is the agent, *love* the verb, and *Edward* the object acted upon. When the verb is active, the agent takes the lead in the sentence.

A *verb passive* expresses a passion or suffering, or the receiving of an action, and implies an agent, and an object, like the verb active; but with this difference, that the object of a verb passive takes the lead, and is followed by the agent: as, *Thomas is loved by me*. Here the pronoun *me* is the agent, and *Thomas* the object.

A *verb * neuter* is that which signifies an action that has no particular object whereon to fall, but which of itself takes up the whole idea of the action; as, *I sleep, he snores, you run, they stand, I am come, you are fallen*.

Verbs have Tenses or Times, Numbers, Persons, Modes, and Participles.

There are *three* † principal distinctions of time, the Present, Past, and Future, called indefinite or undetermined time. But to express an action with some particular limitation and distinction, six other times are used, by the assistance of the auxiliaries, *am, be, can, do, have, may, could, would, should, might, did, shall, and will*.

INFLEXIONS of the AUXILIARIES.

	Present time.				Past time.			
	Singular.			Plural.	Singular.			Plural.
	1	2	3	1 2 3	1	2	3	1 2 3
	am	art	is	are	was	waſt	was	were
	be	beeſt	is	be	were	wert	were	were
Persons.	can	canſt	can	can	could	† couldeſt	could	could
	do	doſt	doth or does	do	did	didſt	did	did
	have	haſt	hath or has	have	had	hadſt	had	had
	may	mayeſt	may	may	might	mighteſt	might	might
	ſhall	ſhalt	ſhall	ſhall	ſhould	† ſhouldeſt	ſhould	ſhould
	will	wilt	will	will	would	† wouldeſt	would	would

Of

* The noun or pronoun which precedes a neuter verb may, for diſtinction's ſake, be called the ſubject of the verb.

† English verbs of themſelves have only two times, the preſent and paſt: the future is made by the auxiliary verb *ſhall* or *will*, and the verb itſelf; as, *I ſhall write*.

‡ ‡ ‡ By contraction, *couldeſt, ſhouldeſt, wouldeſt*. Theſe, together with *may, might, can, canſt*, are ſigns of the ſubjunctive mode. *Have* and *had*, with their inflexions, are ſigns of the preſent perfect, and paſt perfect tenses.

OF NUMBER.

There are two numbers, the singular and the plural.

OF PERSON.

There are three persons in each mode.

OF MODE.

There are four modes; the Indicative, Imperative, Conjunctive, and Infinitive.

The Indicative mode affirms, or else asks a question; as, *I teach; Do you know him?*

The Imperative bids or commands; as, *Do that immediately; Come hither.*

The Conjunctive or Subjunctive is expressed under a doubt, condition, &c. with a conjunction prefixed; as, *I could do it, if he were willing.*

The infinitive expresses the action, without respect to number or person; as, *To speak and to write well is commendable.*

Of the PARTICIPLE.

There are two participles; the * present and past: the former is called the Active, the latter the Passive participle.

Variations of the Substantive Verb, TO BE.

Indicative Mode.

		Singular.	Plural.
Present time.	Person.	1 I am	we are
		2 thou art	ye or you are
		3 he is	they are
Or,		1 I be	we be
		2 thou beest	ye be
		3 he is	they be
Past time.		1 I was	we were
		2 thou wast	ye were
		3 he was	they were

Singular.

* The present participle is formed of the Verb, by adding *ng*, or *ing*; and the past, by *d*, or *ed*; as, *love, loving, loved; present, presenting, presented.* Participles, having no relation to time, become adjectives.

		<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>Future time.</i>	<i>Person.</i>	1 I shall or will be	we shall or will be
	2	thou shalt or wilt be	ye shall or will be
	3	he shall or will be	they shall or will be

** Imperative Mode.*

		<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>Person.</i>	1	let me be	let us be
	2	be, be thou, or do thou be	be, be ye, or do ye be
	3	let him be	let them be

Conjunctive Mode.

		<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>Present time.</i>	<i>Person.</i>	1 I be	we be
	2	thou be	ye be
	3	he be	they be

<i>Past time.</i>	1	I were	we were
	2	thou wert	ye were
	3	he were	they were

Infinitive Mode.

Present time, to be | *Past,* to have been

Participles.

Present, being | *Perfect,* been | *Past,* having been

T O H A V E.

Indicative Mode.

		<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>Present time.</i>	<i>Person.</i>	1 I have	we have
	2	thou hast	ye have
	3	he hath or has	they have
<i>Past time.</i>	1	I had	we had
	2	thou hadst	ye had
	3	he had	they had

Singular.

* The imperative has (properly) no first person; the verb *let* being itself in the imperative mode, and *be* in the infinitive.

<i>Future time.</i>	<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
	<i>Person.</i>	1 I shall or will have		we shall or will have
		2 thou shalt or wilt have		ye shall or will have
		3 he shall or will have		they shall or will have

Imperative Mode.

<i>Person.</i>	<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
	1	let me have		let us have
	2	have, have thou, or do thou have		have, have ye, or do ye have
	3	let him have		let them have

Subjunctive Mode.

<i>Present time.</i>	<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
	<i>Person.</i>	1 I have		we have
		2 thou have		ye have
		3 he have		they have

Infinitive Mode.

<i>Present time,</i>	to have		<i>Past,</i>	to have had
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Participles.

<i>Present,</i>	having		<i>Perfect,</i>	had		<i>Past,</i>	having had
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The following is an example of a regular ACTIVE VERB, completely declined, with Auxiliaries, through all its Variations:

VERB, TO PLACE.

Indicative Mode.

<i>Present indefinite.</i>	<i>Singular.</i>		<i>Plural.</i>	
	<i>Person.</i>	1 I place		we place
		2 thou placest		ye or you place
		3 he placeth, or places		they place
<i>Present imperfect.</i>	1	I am placing		we are placing
	2	thou art placing		ye are placing
	3	he is placing		they are placing
<i>Or,</i>	1	I do place		we do place
	2	thou dost place		ye do place
	3	he does place		they do place

Singular.

	<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>Pres. perfect.</i>	<i>Person.</i> 1 I have placed 2 thou hast placed 3 he has placed	we have placed ye have placed they have placed
<i>Or,</i>	1 I have been placing 2 thou hast been placing 3 he has been placing	we have been placing ye have been placing they have been placing
<i>Past indef.</i>	1 I placed 2 thou placedst 3 he placed	we placed ye placed they placed
<i>Past imp.</i>	1 I was placing 2 thou wast placing 3 he was placing	we were placing ye were placing they were placing
<i>Or,</i>	1 I did place 2 thou didst place 3 he did place	we did place ye did place they did place
<i>Past perfect.</i>	1 I had placed 2 thou hadst placed 3 he had placed	we had placed ye had placed they had placed
<i>Or,</i>	1 I had been placing 2 thou hadst been placing 3 he had been placing	we had been placing ye had been placing they had been placing
<i>Future indef.</i>	1 I shall <i>or</i> will place 2 thou shalt <i>or</i> wilt place 3 he shall <i>or</i> will place	we shall <i>or</i> will place ye shall <i>or</i> will place they shall <i>or</i> will place
<i>Fut. imp.</i>	1 I shall <i>or</i> will be placing 2 thou shalt <i>or</i> wilt be placing 3 he shall <i>or</i> will be placing	we shall <i>or</i> will be placing ye shall <i>or</i> will be placing they shall <i>or</i> will be placing
<i>Fut. perf.</i>	1 I shall have placed 2 thou shalt have placed 3 he shall have placed	we shall have placed ye shall have placed they shall have placed

Conjunctive

Conjunctive Mode.

Singular.

Plural.

Present indef.

Person. 1 I place
2 thou place
3 he place

we place
ye place
they place

Or, I may or can place, thou mayest or canst place, he may, &c.

Present imp.

1 I may be placing
2 thou mayest be placing
3 he may be placing

we may be placing
ye may be placing
they may be placing

Or, I can be placing, thou canst be placing, &c.

Present perfect.

1 I may have placed
2 thou mayest have placed
3 he may have placed

we may have placed
ye may have placed
they may have placed

Or, I can have placed, thou canst have placed, &c.

Past indefinite.

1 I might place
2 thou mightest place
3 he might place

we might place
ye might place
they might place

Or, I could, would, or should place, thou couldst, &c.

Past imp.

1 I might have been placing
2 thou mightest have been placing
3 he might have been placing

we might have been placing
ye might have been placing
they might have been placing

Or, I could, would, or should have been placing, thou, &c.

Past perfect.

1 I might have placed
2 thou mightest have placed
3 he might have placed

we might have placed
ye might have placed
they might have placed

Or, I could, would, or should have placed, thou, &c.

Imperative Mode.

Singular.

Plural.

Person. 1 let me place
2 place, place thou, or do thou place
3 let him place

let us place
place, place ye, or do ye place
let them place

Infinitive

Infinitive Mode.

Present, to place | *Past, to have placed*

Participles.

Present, placing | *Past, placed*

The PASSIVE VOICE of the preceding Verb.

*Indicative Mode.**Singular.**Plural.*

Present imperf. time. *Person* 1 I am placed
2 thou art placed
3 he is placed

we are placed
ye are placed
they are placed

Past indefinite. 1 I was placed
2 thou wast placed
3 he was placed

we were placed
ye were placed
they were placed

Present perfect. 1 I have been placed
2 thou hast been placed
3 he has been placed

we have been placed
ye have been placed
they have been placed

Past perfect. 1 I had been placed
2 thou hadst been placed
3 he had been placed

we had been placed
ye had been placed
they had been placed

Fut. imp. 1 I shall *or* will be placed
2 thou shalt *or* wilt be placed
3 he shall *or* will be placed

we shall *or* will be placed
ye shall *or* will be placed
they shall *or* will be placed

*Conjunctive Mode.**Singular.**Plural.*

Present. *Person* 1 I may be placed
2 thou mayest be placed
3 he may be placed

we may be placed
ye may be placed
they may be placed

Or, I can be placed, thou canst, &c.

Past

Singular.

Plural.

Past indefinite, *Person.* 1 I might be placed we might be placed
2 thou mightest be placed ye might be placed
3 he might be placed they might be placed

Or, I could, would, or should be placed, &c.

Past perf. 1 I might have been placed we might have been placed
2 thou mightest have been placed ye might have been placed
3 he might have been placed they might have been placed

Fut. perf. 1 shall have been placed we shall have been placed
2 thou shalt have been placed ye shall have been placed
3 he shall have been placed they shall have been placed

Imperative Mode.

Singular.

Plural.

1 let me be placed let us be placed
2 be thou placed be ye placed
3 let him be placed let them be placed

Infinitive Mode.

Present, to be placed | *Past,* to have been placed

Participles.

Present, being placed | *Past,* having been placed

Note, Neuter verbs are varied in the same manner as active; some of which, signifying motion, or change of place or condition, are varied like passive verbs; as, *I am come.*

Of Irregular VERBS.

Irregular or anomalous verbs, are such as have something singular in the terminations or formations of their tenses. Thus, verbs which do not form their past time active, and perfect participle, by the addition of *ed* to the verb, or *d* only if the verb end in *e*, are called *irregular*; yet we often contract even our regular verbs; as, *moved*, *placed*.

placed, which are pronounced *mov'd*, *plac'd*; and *movedest*, *placedest*, &c. become *movedst*, *placedst*.

Verbs ending in *ch*, *ck*, *p*, *x*, *ll*, *ss*, change *ed*, into *t*, in the past time active, and perfect participle; and also drop one of the double letters; as, *snapt*, *mixt*, *dwelt*, *past*, for *snapped*, *mixed*, *dwelled*, *passed*. Likewise, those which end in *l*, *m*, *n*, *p*, after a diphthong, shorten the diphthong, or change it into a single short vowel; as, *deal*, *dealt*; *dream*, *dreamt*; *mean*, *meant*; *feel*, *felt*; *sleep*, *slept*, &c.; *ve* are changed into *f*; as, *leave*, *left*.

A Complete Table of all the IRREGULAR VERBS, Alphabetically Arranged.

*Those marked thus, * are defective.*

<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>	<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>
Abide	abode	abode	build	built, or builded	built, or builded
am	was	been	buy	bought	bought
awake	awoke	awaked	burst	burst	burst, or bursten
Bake	baked	baken	Can *	could	(defective)
beat	beat	beat, or beaten	catch	caught	caught
bear	bare, or bore	borne	cast	cast	cast
begin	began	begun	chide	chid	chidden
bend	bent	bent	choose, or chuse	chose	chosen
bereave	berest, or be- reaved	berest, or be- reaved	cleave	clave, or clove	cloven
beseech	besought	besought	climb	clomb	climbed
bid	bade	bidden	cling	clang, or clung	clung
bind	bound	bound, or bounden	come	came	come
bite	bit	bitten	clothe	clad, or clothed	clad, or clothed
bleed	bled	bled	creep	crope, or creeped	crept
blow	blew	blown			<i>Present.</i>
break	brake, or broke	broken			
breed	bred	bred			
bring	brought	brought			

<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>	<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>
cost	cost	cost	gird	girded, or	girded, or
crow	crew	crowed		girt	girt
Dare	durst	dared	give	gave	given
deal	dealt	dealt	go	went	gone
dig	dug, digged	digged	grind	ground	ground
do	did	done	grave	graved	graven, or
draw	drew	drawn			graved
dream	dreamed, or	dreamt	grow	grew	grown
	dreamt		Hang	hung, or	hung, or
drink	drank	drunk, or		hanged	hanged
		drunken	have	had	had
drive	drove	driven	hear	heard	heard
dwell	dwelt	dwelt	heave	heaved, or	heaved, or
Eat	ate	eaten		hove	hoven
Fall	fell	fallen	help	helped	holpen, or
feed	fed	fed			helped
feel	felt	felt	hew	hewed	hewen, or hewn
fight	fought	fought	hide	hid	hidden
find	found	found	hit	hit	hit
flee, from an	fled	fled	hold	held	holden
enemy			hurt	hurt	hurt
fling	flung	flung	Keep	kept	kept
fly, as a bird	flew	flown	Knit	knit	knit
fold	folded	folden, folded	know	knew	known
forsake	forsook	forfaken	Lay, to place	laid	layed, or laid
freight	fraught, or	fraught, or	lade	lade	laden
	freighted	freighted	lead	led	led
freeze	froze	frozen	lend	lent	lent
Geld	gelded, or	gelded, or	let	let	let
	gelt	gelt	lie, to lie down	lay	lien, or lain
get	gat, or	gotten	lift	lifted	lift, lifted
	got		light	light, or	lighted, lit
gild	gilded, or	gilded, or		lighted, lit	
	gilt	gilt	lose	lost	lost
			d 2		<i>Present.</i>

A COMPREHENSIVE GRAMMAR

<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>	<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>
load	loaded	loaden, loaded	show	showed	shown
Make	made	made	shine	shone, shined	shined
may *	might		shoe	shod	shod
mean	meant	meant	shoot	shot	shot
meet	met	met	shred	shred	shred
melt	melted	molten	shrink	shrank,	shrunk
mow	mowed	mown, mowed		shrunk	
must *			shrive	shrove	shriven
Owe	owed, ought	owen, owed	shut	shut	shut
Put	put	put	sing	fung, sang	fung
Quit	quitted, quit	quitted, quit	sink	sunk, sank	sunk
quoth *	quoth		fit	fat	sitten
Read	read	read	slay	flew	slain
rend, to tear	rent	rent	sleep	slept	slept
rent, to let,	rented	rent	slide	slid	slidden
or hire			sling	slang, slung	slung
rid	rid	rid	slink	slunk	slunk
ride	rode, or rid	ridden	slit	slit	slit
rise	rose	risen	smell	finelt	smelt
ring	rang, rung	rung	smite	smote	smitten
rive	rived	riven	sow	fowed	fown
run	ran	run	speak	spoke, spake	spoken
Say	saïd	saïd	speed	sped	sped
saw	sawed	sawn, sawed	spell	spelled, spelt	spelt
see	saw	seen	spill	spilled, spilt	spilt
seek	sought	fought	spin	span, spun	spun
seethe	sod	fodden	spend	spene	spent
send	sent	sent	spit	spat	spitten
sell	fold	fold	spring	sprang,	sprung
shall *	should			sprung	
shake	shook	shaken	split	split	split
shave	shaved	shaven, shaved	spread	spread	spread
shear	shore	shorn	stand	stood	stood
shed	shed	shed	steal	stole	stolen, stohn
shew	shewed	shewn, shewed	stick	stuck	stuck

Present.

<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>	<i>Present.</i>	<i>Past.</i>	<i>Participle.</i>
sting	stung	stung	thrive	throve	thriven
stink	stank, stunk	stunk	throw	threw	thrown
strow	strowed	strowen	thrust	thrust	thrust
straw	strawed	strawed	tread	trode	trodden
strike	struck	stricken, strucken	Wash	washed	washen washed
			wax	waxed	waxen
string	strung	strung	weet, wit, wot	wot *	
strive	strove, strived	striven, strived	wet	wet	wet
			weep	wept	wept
stride	strode	stridden	will *	would	
swear	swore	sworn	win	won	won
sweep	swept	swept	wind	wound	wound
swell	swelled	swollen	wear	wear, wore	worn
swim	swam	swum	weave	wove	woven
Take	took	taken	wis *	wist	
tear	tore	torn	work	worked	wrought
teach	taught	taught	wring	wrung	wrung
tell	told	told	write	wrote	written
think	thought	thought	writhe	writhed	writhen

Of the A D V E R B.

An *adverb* * is a word joined to a verb, adjective, or another adverb, and applied solely to the use of qualifying and restraining the latitude of their signification.

The principal adverbs are those of *time, place, order, quantity, quality, manner, affirmation, negation, doubting, comparison, and interrogation*. They admit of no variation in English, except some few, which have the degrees of comparison: as, *soon, sooner, soonest; often, oftener, ofteneft; well, better, best.*

d 3

Of

* Most of the *adverbs* may be distinguished from *Adjectives* by this rule: If you put a substantive after them, they will make nonsense; whereas, being joined to an adjective, or a verb, they will make good sense. A great number of them are formed from *adjectives*, by adding *ly*; as, *like, likely; wise, wisely; sincere, sincerely, &c.*

Of the PREPOSITION.

Prepositions, so called, because they are commonly put before the words to which they are applied, express the relation or connection between them.

There are two sorts of prepositions, *separable* and *inseparable*.

The separable are *above, about, after, against, among, amongst, at, before, behind, beneath, below, between, betwixt, beyond, beside, by, concerning, for, from, in, into, out of, of, on, over, till, to, through, until, unto, upon, under, with, within, without*.

The inseparable, or prepositions in compound, are *a, ab, abs, ad, ana, ante, anti, amphi, be, circum, co, con, contra, counter, de, dis, e, ex, en, enter, extra, in, inter, intro, mis, meta, over, out, for, fore, op, per, post, pre, pro, preter, peri, re, retro, se, sub, subter, super, syn, trans, un, up, and with*.

The prepositions often change their last consonant into the consonant with which the word begins; as, *commaterial, for connaterial, &c.*

Prepositions *, in English, always govern the objective case; except when the possessive case is expressed by a circumlocution, with *of* before the noun; as, The King's son; that is, the son of the King.

Of the CONJUNCTION.

A Conjunction † is an indeclinable word, which serves to join words and sentences together, and thereby shews their relation or dependence one upon another.

Conjunctions are of several kinds.

1st, *Adversative*; such as are restrictive, or expressive of contrarieties; as, *but, notwithstanding, although*.

Causal; such as express the reason of something advanced; as, *for, because, inasmuch as, seeing that*.

Conclusive;

* A Preposition may be known, by adding a noun or pronoun in the objective case to it; if it make good sense, it is undoubtedly a preposition.

† Conjunctions have sometimes a government of Modes. Some require the Indicative, some the Conjunctive or Subjunctive after them: others have no influence at all on the Mode.—The conjunctions *if, though, unless, except, lest, that, whether*, expressing doubt, condition, &c. govern the Conjunctive Mode; if nothing contingent or doubtful, they are followed by the Indicative.

Conclusive ; such as shew that a consequence is drawn ; as, *for which reason, but then, so that, &c.*

Conditional ; those which denote a condition ; as, *on condition that, if, if not, in case of, provided that.*

Copulative ; such as shew a comparison, or express a relation of union between two things ; as, *and, as much as, in the same manner as, inasmuch as, but also, neither more nor less.*

Disjunctive ; such as import a relation of separation or division ; as, *neither, whether, or.*

Dubitative ; such as express some doubt or suspension of opinion ; as, *if, that is to say, &c.*

Subjunctive ; which subjoins a latter sentence to some word in a former ; as, *that.*

Some conjunctions are used distributively, or in pairs : the first is placed before the former sentence or word, the other before the latter : as,

Whether, or : *Whether did you ride or walk ?*

Neither, nor : *Neither your love nor hatred affects me.*

Either, or : *Either you or he shall do it.*

Though, yet, or nevertheless : *Though you say it, yet I will not believe it.*

As, as : *As white as snow.*

As, so : *As the stars, so shall thy seed be.*

So, as : *Edinburgh is not so large as London.*

So, that : *His rules are so dark, that they cannot be understood : they are so difficult, that I cannot comprehend them.*

OF the INTERJECTION.

An Interjection is made use of in speech, to denote some sudden passion or emotion of the mind.

Interjections express joy, grief, wonder, praise, contempt, mirth, surprise, incitement to attention, desire of silence, languor, deliberation, exultation, salutation, pain, &c. as, *hey ! brave ! ; ah ! alas ! ; O strange ! ; well done ! O brave ! ; away ! begone ! fy ! tush ! pish ! pshaw ! foh ! avaunt ! pugh ! ; ha, ha, he ! ; heyday ! aha ! ; hark ! lo ! fee ! hallow ! ; hush ! ; hift ! ; peace ! silence ! ; heigh ho ! ; hum ! ; heigh ! huzza ! ; hail ! all hail ! ; oh ! &c.*

Noun substantives and adjectives are sometimes used for interjections ; as, *O shame ! O sad ! i. e. oh, this is a sad affair.*

PART

PART III.

Of PROSODY.

PROSODY comprises *orthoepy*, or the right pronouncing of words, according to their long or short syllables; and *orthometry*, or the art of making verse.

Of DUE PRONUNCIATION.

Due Pronunciation consists in giving every letter its proper sound, and every syllable its proper accent.

ACCENT is the due pronunciation of a syllable in a word, according to its *quantity*, whether it be long or short, by a greater stress of the voice, without lengthening or shortening the syllable.

QUANTITY is the time in which it is pronounced; and the proportion between a long and short syllable, is as *two* to *one*: hence *accent* and *quantity* must be two distinct things.

Of VOWELS constituting LONG and SHORT Syllables, and of Proper ACCENT.

The *long* and *short* sounds of the vowels and diphthongs, are particularly mentioned at page xi. of the Preface, and further illustrated in the *Key*, and at pages xv, xvi, xvii, and xviii, of the Grammar: and as the rules which are generally given for the *right* placing of the accent on words, are liable to many exceptions, I shall omit inserting them, as the best instructor is a good dictionary, having the words accurately accented.

OF VERSIFICATION.

Versification is the arrangement of a certain number of syllables, according to certain laws, established in a language by frequent repetition, the harmony of which consists in a pleasing variety of *long* and *short*, *accented* and *unaccented* syllables.

English poetry has *four* kinds of metrical modulations; *viz.* *Iambic*, which consists of a *short* and a *long* syllable; as, rē-vēal, ōb-tāin, &c. *Trochaic*, of a *long* and a *short*; as, jōy-fūl, kīnd-lŷ, &c. *Dactyle*, of *one* long and *two* short syllables; as, prōf-pēr-oūs, āu-dī-blē, &c. and, *Anapaestic*, which consists of *two* short and *one* long; as, wīth hīs gōld, ānd hīs trāde, &c.

IAMBIC

an	a
an	an
an	an
an	an

IAMBIC measure comprises verses of *four, six, eight, and ten* syllables; and *Trochaic* of *three, five, and seven*.

There is another kind of verse, called *Alexandrine*, containing *twelve* syllables, which is used to diversify *heroic* poetry.

Iambic measure of four syllables. "Most good, most fair,

"Or things as rare," &c.

Of six syllables. "One ev'ning as I lay

"A-musing in a grove,

"A nymph exceeding fair

"Came there to seek her love;

"But finding not her swain,

"She sat her down to grieve,

"And thus she did complain,

"How men our sex deceive!"

Of eight. "By mason's art, th' aspiring dome

"In various columns shall arise;

"All climates are their native home;

"Their god-like actions reach the skies."

Of ten. "The prophet spoke, when, with a gloomy frown,

"The monarch started from his shining throne;

"Black choler fill'd his breast, that boil'd with ire,

"And from his eye-balls flash'd the living fire."

Of TROCHAIC Measure, having the Accent on every odd Syllable.

Of three syllables. "Here we may

"Think and pray," &c.

Of five. "In the days of old,

"Stories plainly told,

"Lovers felt annoy."

Of seven. "Little syren of the stage,

"Charmer of an idle age,

"Empty warbler, breathing lyre,

"Wanton god of fond desire."

Of DACTYLE Measure, which consists of one Syllable long and two short ; as, āu-dī-blē : It begins with a short Syllable and ends with a long, and has three intermediate Dactyles ; as,

“ As musing I rang’d in the meads, all alone,
 “ A beautiful creature was making her moan :
 “ The tears they were falling full fast from her eyes ;
 “ She pierced the air and my heart with her cries.”

Of ANAPÆSTIC, which consists of two short, and one long Syllable ; as,

“ Măy ĭ gōv|ĕrn mŷ pās|sĭons wĭth āb|sōlūte swāy,
 “ ānd grōw wĭs|ĕr ānd bē|ĕr ās life | wĕars āwāy.”

Sometimes a syllable is retrenched from the first foot ; as,

“ ōld Plā|tō, thāt lĕarn|ĕd dĭvĭnē,
 “ Hĕ fōnd|ĭ tō wĭs|dōm wās prōne,” &c.

Of the ALEXANDRINE, or Verse of twelve Syllables, in which the Pause is at the sixth Syllable ; as,

“ Ucalegon burns next ; the seas are bright
 “ With splendours not their own, and shine with sparkling light.”

DRYD. VIRG.

The above specimens will be sufficient to direct the learner in the composition of English verse. It may, however, be requisite to observe, that what we call *accent*, does by no means correspond with what the ancients called *quantity*, though it is arbitrarily implied to signify the same thing.

To prove this, I shall scan the Iambic verse of ten syllables, before recited, according to the laws of versification, and it will stand as follows :

“ Thĕ prō|phĕt spōke, | whĕn wĭth | ā glōo|mŷ frōwn,
 “ Thĕ mō nārch stārt|ĕd frōm | hĭs shĭn|ĭng thrōne ;
 “ Blāck chō|lĕr fĭll’d | hĭs brĕast, | thāt bōil’d | wĭth ĭre,
 “ ānd frōm | hĭs eyē|bālls flash’d | thĕ lĭv|ĭng fĭre.”

Now,

Now, by the method of scanning this verse, the 2d and 6th Syllables, both in the first and second lines, the 2d, 4th, and 6th, in the third, and the 2d, 6th, and 8th in the last line, though naturally short syllables, are admitted to supply the place of *long* ones. The truth is, the ancient laws of prosody are by no means conformable to the genius of our language; they are better adapted to the pronunciation of a *North Britain* than to an *Englishman*; as will instantly appear, by reciting it in *quantity*, as it is scanned.

There are few verses in which the laws of prosody do not clash with the language, in point of oratorical accent; the following, though not quite correct, may be called an exception.

“ ă | mŭsŭng ĭ | rāng’d ĩn thĕ | mēads ăll ăllōne,
 “ ă | beaŭtĭfŭl crĕatŭre wăſ | mākĭng hĕr mōan;
 “ Thĕ | tĕars thĕy wĕre | fālĭng fŭll | făſt frōm hĕr | eĕyes,
 “ Shĕ | pĭercĕd thĕ | ăir ănd mŭ | hĕart wĭth hĕr | crĭes.”

Mr Sheridan says, “ That when the art of reading with propriety shall have been established, and produced its effects, a new field will be open to our writers, both in poetry and prose, which will display, in a new light, the vast compass of our language, in point of harmony and expression, from the same causes which produced similar effects at Rome, in the writers of the Ciceronian or Augustan age.”

That our language is capable of great improvement with respect to prosody, is apparent: for, by inspection into our English verse, we shall find, that syllables which are naturally *long* and *emphatical*, are frequently made *short*; and those which are *short* substituted for *long* syllables.

By this indiscriminate use of *accent* and *long quantity*, allowing *strength* to supply the place of *length*, the harmony of verse is marred, which, however, is by no means inconsistent with the rules of oratory. If our lexicographers and poets were universally to adopt a plurality of accent, and make the proper distinction between long and short syllables, as the Greeks did, by the right application of the *grave* or *acute* accent, it would tend to free our verse from this glaring absurdity.

This, I presume, must be the new light Mr Sheridan hints at, with respect to harmony of verse, which I am confident might be so much improved, that the judicious, in their musical compositions, might assimilate to the perfection of rhetorical declamation.

PART IV.

OF SYNTAX.

SYNTAX is the due construction or connection of the words of a language, into sentences or phrases.

A Sentence is a period or set of words, comprehending some perfect sense or sentiment of the mind; and may be either simple or compound.

A Simple Sentence consists, at least, of a noun and a verb; as, *I write.*

A Compound Sentence, is when two or more sentences are joined together; as, "The providence of God is over all his works; he ruleth and directeth with infinite wisdom."

There are two kinds of syntax; the one of concord, wherein the words are to agree in gender, number, person, and case: the other of regimen or government, wherein one word governs another, and occasions some variation therein.

The following general rules, with the notes under each, comprehend whatever is necessary for the true writing or speaking of the English language.

RULE I. A verb * must agree with its agent or nominative †, in number and person; as, "I instruct, they learn, he plays, thou art diligent."

RULE

* A verb may be put, either in the singular or plural number, to a noun of multitude; as, The public is, or are displeased.

Every verb, except in the infinitive mode, has a nominative expressed or understood; as, Speak now or never, *that is*, speak ye, &c.

† To find the nominative to a verb, ask the question, Who is? Who does? Who suffers? What is? What does? What suffers? and the word which answers to the question is the nominative to the verb.

Every nominative case, except the case absolute, and when an address is made to a person, belongs to some verb, either expressed or understood; as, To whom thus Eve, yet sinless; *that is*, to whom thus Eve said, &c.

RULE II. Adjectives *, in English, having no variation of gender, number, &c. cannot but agree with their substantives in these respects: except some of the *adjective* † *pronouns*, which must agree in number with their substantives; as, this book, those books.

RULE III. The relative ‡ must agree with its antecedent, in gender, number, person ||, and case; as, “happy is the man who hath sown in his breast the seeds of benevolence.”

RULE IV. A verb active or transitive, governs the noun or pronoun which follows it in the objective case; as, “John loves *me*, and I esteem *him*. Thomas beat *William*; that is, *him*.”

RULE V. The substantive verb *to be*, governs a nominative after it; as, I am *he*; except when it is in the infinitive mode; as, I took it to be *him*.

RULE VI. The present ** participle governs the same case after it, as the verb from which it is derived; as, love your enemies; for in loving *them*, you fulfil the law.

e

RULE

* Every adjective relates to some substantive, either expressed or implied; as, The great, the wise, the chosen; *that is*, persons.

† *Each, every, either*, agree with the nouns and verbs of the singular number only.

‡ The relative is often omitted; as, *the book (which) I read*.

Every relative has an antecedent to which it refers, either expressed or understood, and with which it agrees in person; as, *who injures me shall be punished*; that is, *the man who*, &c.

|| Personal pronouns, as they relate to substantives, and by some grammarians called, not improperly, *relatives*, are included under this rule.

** Verbs ending with a single consonant, preceded by a single vowel, and *those* of two or more syllables, having the accent upon the last syllable, double the final consonant of the verb in the present participle, and in every other part of the verb, in which a syllable is added; as, *shut, shutting, shutteth; beset, besetting, besetteth*.

RULE VII. When two substantives * come together, which belong to one another, the thing to which the other belongs, is placed first, in the possessive case; as, The king's troops: or else last, by a circumlocution, with the preposition *of* before it; as, The troops of the king.

RULE VIII. The present † participle, having the definite article *the* before it, becomes a substantive, and governs the preposition *of* after it; as, The loving of your enemies is the command of God.

RULE IX. When one verb immediately follows or depends upon another, the *latter* is put in the infinitive mode, with the preposition *to* before it; as, Good boys love to learn: except the following verbs, which have others after them, without the sign *to*: bid, dare, feel, hear, let, make, must, need, see, and sometimes, *have*, not used as an auxiliary; as, I *bade* him come; he *dares* not do it; I *feel* it run; we *heard* him come; you *let* him fall; they will *have* him come; I *made* him hear me; you *must* not do it; they *need* not go; I *saw* him enter.

RULE X. Prepositions ‡ always govern the objective case after them; as, He did it for William, *i. e.* for *him*; take it from *her*, and give it to *him*.

RULE XI. Two || or more nouns of the singular number, joined together by a conjunction copulative, require verbs, nouns, and pronouns of the plural number; as, Greatness and goodness *are* seldom companions.

RULE

* A substantive put before another substantive, becomes an adjective; as, *lime-water*, *sea-fish*. Two substantives joined together, signifying the same thing, are put in the same case, in apposition to each other; as, *King George*.

Every possessive case supposes some nominative to which it belongs; as, *St Paul's*, that is, *St Paul's Church*.

† Participles having no relation to time, become really adjectives, and admit of the degrees of comparison; as, *a learned man*, *a more loving father*, *the most loving boy*.

‡ The prepositions *to* and *for*, are often understood, chiefly before the pronoun; as, *give me*; that is, *to me*: *procure me a pen*; that is, *for me*.

Also *in* or *on* before nouns expressing time; as, *this morning*; that is, *on this morning*; *last week*; that is, *in the last week*.

The preposition is often inelegantly separated from the relative; as, *whom will you give it to?* that is, *to whom will you give it?*

|| Note 1st, In sentences like the following, the verb is put in the singular number, and

RULE XII. The relative * is the nominative to the verb, when no other nominative comes between it and the verb; as, *the man who writes.*

RULE XIII. When there is a nominative case between the relative and the verb, the relative must be put in that case which the verb, or the noun following, or the preposition going before it, used to govern; as, *the man whom I esteem; he whose bounty relieved me; the man to whom you spoke.*

RULE XIV. When the relative † comes after two words of different † persons it may agree in person with either; as, *I am the man who command you; or, I am the man who commands you.*

RULE XV. Conjunctions ‡ copulate like cases, and the same mode and time of verbs; as, *I saw him and her together, and they were talking of me.*

RULE XVI. The infinitive § mode frequently does the office of a substantive; as, 1st, In the nominative, *To walk is healthful*: 2dly, In the objective; as, *Boys love to play.*

e 2

RULE

and agrees with each of the foregoing substantives; as, “*Pain, and want, and even death itself, is easier to bear, than private stabs given to one’s reputation.*” 2dly, When the singular numbers joined together are of several persons, in making the plural pronoun agree with them in person, the second person takes place of the third, and the first of both: as, “*He and you and I are to blame: you and he concerted the plot.*”

* Every relative has an antecedent to which it refers, either expressed or understood; as, *who loves me, loves my dog*; that is, *the man who, &c.* But, note, it is often omitted; as, *the reason I rely upon*; that is, *which I rely upon.*

†† Note, When the person of the relative is fixed, it should be continued through the whole sentence; as, *I esteem you who love and give me good counsel*; not, *who love and givest me good counsel.*

‡ The conjunction *that*, is often omitted and understood: See *(that) thou tell no man.* When it expresses the end or motive, it governs the verb in the conjunctive mode. In comparing the qualities of things, the latter noun following *than*, or *as*, is not governed by either of the conjunctions, but agrees with, or is governed by, the verb, or the preposition expressed or understood; as, *he is wiser than you (are); I am as tall as he (is.)*

§ It likewise frequently stands absolute, or independent of the rest of the sentence; as, *to confess the truth, I was in fault*; that is, *that I may confess, &c.*

RULE XVII. If a question be asked, the nominative is placed after the principal verb, or after the auxiliary; as, Was it he? Did he write it?

RULE XVIII. In an imperative affirmative sentence, when a thing is commanded to be, to do, or to suffer, the nominative case follows the auxiliary; as, *go, thou traitor*; or the auxiliary *let*, with the objective case after it, is used; as, *let him submit; let them be punished.*

But in a negative*, imperative, interrogative, or explicative sentence, the adverbs † *not, there*, must be placed in the following manner: *Go not; do not go; there was not a man; was there not a man? do you believe it? do not you believe it? don't you believe it?*

OF PUNCTUATION.

Punctuation is the art of pointing, or of dividing a discourse into periods by points, expressing the pauses to be made in the reading thereof, and regulating the cadence or elevation of the voice.

The six following are the principal stops ‡ or pauses ‡ in a sentence; viz. the *comma*, (,) the *semicolon* (;) the *colon* (:) the *period* or *full point* (.) the *note of admiration* (!) and the *note of interrogation* (?)

1. The *comma* || (,) is a pause in reading, till you may tell *one*, and is mostly used to distinguish Nouns, Verbs, Adjectives, and Adverbs; as, "It is very difficult to make fine pictures, handsome statues, good music, good verses."

2. It

* Two negatives destroy each other, or are equal to an affirmative; as, *I will not have none*, is as much as to say, *I will have some.*

† The adverbs, *when, while, after, &c.* being left out, the phrase is formed with the participle, independently on the rest of the sentence, and is called the *case absolute*: as, *he coming in, I went away*; that is, *when he came in, I went away.*

‡‡ The modulation of the voice, in reading, is affected by these points, demanding a cadence or elevation, in correspondence with the sense.

To give certain invariable rules for this purpose, is what I do not pretend to; but the following, inserted occasionally under the pauses as they occur, I have found to be pretty general in the course of my teaching.

|| In reading prose, or verse, the voice must be almost always elevated at a comma.

2. It likewise prevents ambiguity in the sense: as, "Epistolary writing, by which a great part of the commerce of human life is carried on, was esteemed by the Romans a liberal and polite accomplishment."

3. When an address is made to a person, answering to the vocative case in Latin, a *comma* is placed before and after the noun: as, "Commune with thyself, O man, and consider wherefore thou wast made."

The *semicolon* *, (;) a pause double in duration of the *comma*, is used to distinguish the different members or parts of a sentence; as, "A vain hope flattereth the heart of a fool; but he who is wise pursueth it not. Be grateful to thy father, for he gave thee life; and to thy mother, for she sustained thee."

The *colon* †, (:) a pause triple in duration of the *comma*, shews the preceding sentence to be perfect and entire, only that some remark, further illustration, or other matter connected therewith, is subjoined: as, "He who giveth away his treasure wisely, giveth away his plagues: he who retaineth its increase, heapeth up sorrow."

When an example or speech is introduced, and particularly before things compared or contrasted, the *colon* is used: as, "Poorness of spirit will actuate revenge; greatness of soul despiseth it: Nay, it doeth good unto him who intended to have disturbed it.—As the tulip, which is gaudy without smell, conspicuous without use: so is the man who setteth himself up on high, having no merit."

The *period* or *full point*, (.) a pause quadruple in duration of the *comma*, and the longest pause, denotes a full and perfect sentence, which is always distinguished by this point; as, "A noble spirit disdaineth the malice of fortune: his greatness of soul is not to be cast down."

The *note of admiration* ‡ (!) is used to express wonder, or exclamation: as, "Who art thou, O man! who presumest on thine own wisdom?"

e 3

The

* In comparative and subjunctive sentences, (the latter being introduced by the adverb *when*), whether the members be separated by a semicolon, or colon, the voice must be elevated as at a comma.

In other cases, the semicolon very often demands a depression or cadence of the voice.

† The colon, except in comparative sentences, always requires a full cadence of the voice, equal to that of the period.

‡ The note of admiration requires sometimes an elevation, and sometimes a depression of the voice.

The *note of interrogation* * (?) is used to shew when a question is asked : as, "What day of the month is this?" It likewise distinguishes a real question from a sentence in the Imperative Mode : as, "Do you hear me?"

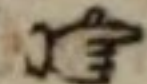
Besides the above points, there are other marks made use of in books and writing as References, or to point out something remarkable or defective : as,

1. Accent ('or') placed over a vowel, or the last consonant of a syllable, shews the stress of the voice in pronouncing a word to be on that syllable, over, or immediately before which it is placed.

2. Apostrophe (') is a comma put at the top of a word, to denote the omission of a letter, for the sake of a quicker pronunciation : as, plac'd, for placed, ne'er for never.

3. Asterism, or Asterisk (*) a star ; and Parallel (||) direct to some note at the foot of the page.

4. Obelisk or Dagger (†) refers likewise to some note in the margin, &c. ; and in dictionaries, it commonly shews the word to be obsolete.

5. The Index or Hand () points to some very remarkable passage.

6. Breve (~) over a vowel, denotes that it sounds short.

7. Circumflex (^) is placed over a vowel, to denote a long syllable : as, Euphrâtes.

8. Diæresis, (..) two points placed over two vowels in a word, parting them into two syllables.

9. Hyphen (-) a short line, to join syllables or words together.

10. Parenthesis ‡, marked thus, () serves to include a sentence which might be left out,

* Interrogative sentences require an elevation of the voice, except the question be asked by the pronouns *who*, *which*, *what* ; or the adverbs *how*, *how much*, *how many*, *where*, *when*, &c. for, in these cases you must give a moderate cadence to your voice, and let the pause be governed by the sense of the subject.

‡ The parenthesis requires a pause equal in duration of a semicolon ; and the words contained therein must be pronounced in a lower tone than the foregoing part of the sentence ; at the end of which, the voice should be elevated as at a comma, and the following part of the sentence begun in the same tone as the former.

It is impossible to define the precise quantity or duration of the foregoing pauses, as a discourse may be read in a quicker or slower time : nor has any one ever attempted to lay down certain rules for placing a just cadence in speaking or reading. He who would learn to read properly, must attend carefully to those who are celebrated for reading and speaking well. If he have a good ear to music, there is no doubt but he will be master of it in a reasonable time.

out, without any prejudice to the sense of the sentence; notwithstanding it is necessary for the explanation thereof: as, "Pardon me, (added she, embracing me), I now believe what you say."

11. Bracket, or Crotchet, thus, [] includes such a word from the sentence as serves to explain the word immediately preceding: as, "A treatise of [concerning] English Grammar."

12. Paragraph (§) denotes the beginning of a new subject. The pause here may be greater than at a period.

13. Section (§) is used to divide a chapter into less particular arguments.

14. Ellipsis, marked thus, (-----or-----) denotes that part of a word is left out: as, K---g for King.

15. Caret (^) is placed underneath a line, to shew that some letter, word, or sentence, is left out by mistake, and must be taken in exactly in that place.

16. Quotation (") is a double comma reversed at the beginning of a line, which shews that a passage is quoted or transcribed from some Author in his own words.

EXPLANATION of common ABBREVIATIONS or Contractions of WORDS.

A. B. Artium Baccalaureus, Bachelor of Arts. Abp. Archbishop. Acct. Accompt. A. D. Anno Domini, in the year of our Lord. A. M. Artium Magister, Master of Arts; or, Anno Mundi, in the year of the World. Ast. P. G. C. Astronomy Professor of Gresham College. B. A. Bachelor of Arts. Bart. Baronet. B. D. Baccalaureus Divinitatis, Bachelor in Divinity. Bp. Bishop. B. V. Blessed Virgin. C. C. C. Corpus Christi College. C. Cent. Centum, a hundred. Capt. Captain. Chap. Chapter. Cit. Citizen. Col. Colonel. C. P. S. Custos Privati Sigilli, Keeper of the Privy Seal. C. S. Custos Sigilli, Keeper of the Seal. Cr. Creditor. D. D. Doctor in Divinity. d. denarius, a penny. Dec. or Iober. December. Do. ditto, the same. E. g. Exempli gratia, as for example. Esqr. Esquire. Exr. Executor. F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society. Gen. General. Gent. Gentleman. G. R. Georgius Rex, George the King. Id. Idem, the same. i. e. id est, that is. I. H. S. Iesus Hominum Salvator, Jesus Saviour of men. J. D. Jurium Doctor, a Doctor of Laws. Kt. Knight. L. Liber, a book; and Libræ, pounds. L. D. Lady-day. Lieut. Lieutenant. L. L. D. Legium Doctor, Doctor of Laws. L. S. Locus Sigilli, the place of the Seal. Ldp. Lordship. m. manipulus, a handful. M. A. Magister Artium, Master of Arts. M. B. Medicinæ Baccalaureus, Bachelor of Physic. Messrs. Gentlemen. M. D. Medicinæ Doctor, Doctor of Physic. M. S. Memoriz

scriæ

is scriæ

is scriæ

Memoriæ Sacrum, Sacred to the Memory. Mr Master. Mrs Mistrefs. MS. Manuscript. N. Note. N. B. Nota bene, Mark well. n. l. non liquet, it appears not. Nov. or 9ber, November. N. S. New Style. Obt. Obedient. Oct. or 8ber, October. O. S. Old Style. Oxon. Oxford. Parl. Parliament. Per Cent. per centum, by the hundred. Philom. Philomathes, a lover of learning, or Philomatheticus, a lover of mathematics. P. M. Post Meridiem, Afternoon. P. M. G. Professor of Music at Gresham College. Prof. Th. Gr. Professor Theologiæ Greshamiensis, Professor of Divinity at Gresham College. P. S. Postscript. Q. Question, Queen. q. quadrans, a farthing. q. d. quasi dicat, as if he should say. q. l. quantum libet, as much as you please. q. f. quantum sufficit, a sufficient quantity. R. Rex, King. Reg. Prof. Regius Professor, King's Professor. Rev. Reverend. Rt. Wpful. Right Worshipful. Rt. Hon. Right Honourable. S. South, and Solidus, a shilling. S. or St. Saint. S. A. Secundum Artem, according to art. Sept. or 7ber, September. Servt. Servant. Sol. Solution. Sr. Sir. ff. semissis, half a pound. S. T. P. Sacro-sanctæ Theologiæ Professor, Professor of Divinity. v. vide, see verse. viz. videlicet, that is to say. Wp. Worship. Xmas, Christmas. Xn. Christian. Xpher, Christopher. ye. the. yn. then. ym. them. yr. your. ys. this. yt. that. & et. and. &c. et cætera, and so forth, and the rest.

Directions concerning the CAPITALS.

The *capitals* or *great letters* must never be written in the middle of any word, but only at the beginning, and in the following cases.

1. At the beginning of any writing, book, epistle, chapter, verse, note, bill; and after a period or full stop, and where a sentence begins.

2. At the beginning of all proper names of persons and places; ships, rivers, mountains, titles, professions, and callings. In short, every substantive, whether proper or common, may begin with a capital letter in writing, but not in printing.

3. At the beginning of every line in poetry and blank verse.

4. All names belonging to the Trinity, and any word which signifies God, must begin with a capital letter; as, GOD the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Ghost: Jehovah, Almighty, Divine Being, &c.

5. At the beginning of any remarkable *saying*, quoted from an author, though not after a full stop.

6. Articles, pronouns *, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, conjunctions and interjections *, must never be written with a capital, unless such words begin, or come immediately after, a period.

Proper DIRECTIONS for addressing persons of every Rank and Denomination, either in Writing or Discourse.

Beginnings of Letters.

To the KING. Sire, *or* Sir; *or* Most gracious Sovereign; *or*, May it please your Majesty.

To the QUEEN. Madam; *or*, Most gracious, &c.

To the PRINCE of WALES. Sir; *or*, May it please your Royal Highness.

To the PRINCESS of WALES. Madam; *or*, May it please your Royal Highness.

Note, All Sovereigns' sons and daughters, brothers and sisters, must have the title of Royal Highness. The rest of the Royal Family, Highness.

To a Duke. May it please your Grace.

To a Duchess. *ditto*.

To a Marquis, Earl, Viscount, Lord. My Lord; *or*, May it please your Lordship.

To a Marchioness, an Earl's wife, Viscountess, or a Lord's wife. May it please your Ladyship.

To the Archbishops. May it please your Grace; My Lord.

To the rest of the Bishops. My Lord; *or*, May it please your Lordship.

To the Dean, Archdeacon, or Chancellor. Reverend Doctor; Mr Dean.

To the rest of the Clergy. Reverend Sir.

Note, The sons of Dukes, Marquisses, and the eldest sons of Earls, have, by courtesy, the title of Lord, and Right Honourable; and the title of Lady is given to their daughters: Madam; *or*, May it please your Ladyship.

The younger sons of Earls, the sons of Viscounts and Barons, are styled Honourable, and are Esquires. Their daughters are styled Honourable.

The title of Honourable is likewise conferred on such persons as have the King's commission, upon those gentlemen who enjoy places of trust and honour, and on all incorporate bodies: as, "The united East India Company, and South Sea, and Bank of England, *ditto*."

The

** Except the pronoun *I*, and the interjection *O*, which must always be written with a capital.

The title of Right Honourable is given to no commoner, except to those who are members of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and the three Lord Mayors of London, York, Dublin, and the Lord Provost of Edinburgh, during their office.

To a member of Parliament. May it please your Honour.

To the right honourable the Lord Mayor of London. My Lord; *or*, May it please your Lordship.

Note, That Generals, Admirals, and Colonels, and all Field-officers, are Honourable.

All other officers, either in the army or navy, have only the title of the commission they bear, set first on the superscription of the letters, and at the beginning, Sir; *or*, Honoured Sir; *or*, May it please your Honour.

An ambassadour. May it please your Excellency; *or*, Sir.

All Privy Counsellors, and Judges, who are Privy Counsellors, are styled Right Honourable.

The whole Privy Council together, are styled Most Honourable.

Baronets are, Honourable.

It is usual to call a Knight, Honourable; and the wives of Knights and Baronets, Ladies.

Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, and Recorders, have the title of Esquires and Worshipful.

The Aldermen and Recorder of London, and all Mayors of Corporations, except Lord Mayors, are Right Worshipful.

All Governors under his Majesty, are styled Excellency.

The Lords in Parliament. My Lords; *or*, May it please your Lordships.

The Commoners. May it please your Honours.

SUPERSCRPTIONS OF DIRECTIONS OF LETTERS.

To his most Sacred Majesty; *or*, To the King's most excellent Majesty.

To her most Sacred Majesty; *or*, To the Queen's most excellent Majesty.

To his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

To her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales.

Sovereigns' sons, daughters; brothers, and sisters. To his *or* her Royal Highness, &c.

To the rest of the Royal Family, Highness.

To his Grace the Duke of R---b.

To

To her Grace the Duchefs of B---h.

To a Marquis, Earl, Viscount, Lord. To the Right Honourable the Marquis of—; Earl of—; Lord Viscount F—h; the Lord H—w—.

To a Marchionefs. To the Right Honourable the Marchionefs of—.

To an Earl, or Viscount's wife. To the Right Honourable the Countefs of—; the Viscountefs of—.

To a Lord's wife. To the Right Honourable the Lady—.

To the daughter of a Duke, Marquis, and Earl. To the Right Honourable the Lady Anne F—h—.

The wives of Vice and Rear Admirals, Ambaffadours, &c. To the Right Honourable Mrs—.

The wives of Lieutenant Generals, Major Generals, and Brigadier Generals are, Honourable.

To the Parliament, (the Upper Houfe). To the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament affembled.

Ditto, (the Lower Houfe). To the Honourable Knights, Citizens, and Burgeffes in Parliament affembled.

To the Speaker of ditto. To the Right Honourable A. B. Esq; Speaker of the Houfe of Commons.

To an Archbishop. To his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury; or, To the moft Reverend Father in God, A. Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

To other Bifhops. To the Right Reverend Father in God, B. Lord Bifhop of W.

To the Clergy. To the Reverend B. A. D. D. Dean of F. or Archdeacon, or, Chancellor of O. or Prebendary, &c.

To the Reverend Mr A. B. at C.

To the Soldiers and Navy. To the Honourable A. B. Esq; Lieutenant General of his Majesty's Forces.

Note, In the army, all Noblemen are ftyled according to their rank, to which is added their employ.

All inferiour officers fhould have the name of their employment fet firft: as,

To Major, C. D. &c.

To Captain W. F. &c.

To incorporate Bodies. To the Honourable the Court of Directors of the united Company of Merchants, trading to the Eaft Indies.

To the Honourable the Governour, Deputy-Governour, and Directors of the Bank of England.

To

Ix **A C O M P R E H E N S I V E G R A M M A R**

To the Gentry.

To W. M^d. Esq;
of Castle Semple.

To Mr I. K.
Edinburgh.

To Men of Trade and Professions.

To Doctor A. B. Physician,
Edinburgh.

To Mr C. D.
Merchant,
Edinburgh.

To Mr W. F.
Ironmonger,
Cheapside,
London.

To Messrs Robson and Co.
Bankers,
London.

A T A B L E of N U M B E R S, expresse both by L E T T E R S and F I G U R E S.

I	1 One	XX	20 Twenty
II	2 Two	XXX	30 Thirty
III	3 Three	XL	40 Forty
IV	4 Four	L	50 Fifty
V	5 Five	LX	60 Sixty
VI	6 Six	LXX	70 Seventy
VII	7 Seven	LXXX	80 Eighty
VIII	8 Eight	XC	90 Ninety
IX	9 Nine	C	100 1 Hundred
X	10 Ten	CC	200 2 Hundred
XI	11 Eleven	CCC	300 3 Hundred
XII	12 Twelve	CCCC	400 4 Hundred
XIII	13 Thirteen	D or ID	500 5 Hundred
XIV	14 Fourteen	DC	600 6 Hundred
XV	15 Fifteen	DCC	700 7 Hundred
XVI	16 Sixteen	DCCC	800 8 Hundred
XVII	17 Seventeen	DCCCC	900 9 Hundred
XVIII	18 Eighteen	M or CID	1000 1 Thousand
XIX	19 Nineteen	M,DCC,LXXXVII	1787.

A RECAPITULATION of the ELEMENTS of ENGLISH GRAMMAR, by way of Question and Answer; which Questions should be frequently put to YOUTH learning this most useful ART. They may be enlarged, and the Rules further exemplified by the Assistance of the judicious TEACHER, whose experience will lead him now and then to throw in Sentences for Grammatical Resolution, from Simple to Compound, and such as are *easy* to others more *intricate*.—By a frequent repetition hereof, he will have the pleasing satisfaction to find his PUPILS increasing greatly in their knowledge of ENGLISH GRAMMAR.—By observing the above Plan, I have myself made YOUTH better Grammarians in three or four Months, than others were who had been studying the Latin Grammar for as many Years.

WHAT do you mean by grammar? *Grammar is the art, &c.*—Into how many parts is Grammar divided? *Four.*—What are they? *Orthography, &c.* What does Orthography teach? *Orthography teaches, &c.*—What is Etymology?—Into how many parts of speech are words divided? *Nine.* Name them. *Article, Noun, &c.*—What is an article?—How many articles are there? *Three.* Name them. *A, an, the.*—What is the use of the article *a*?—Give an example of its use.—What is the use of the article *the*?—Exemplify it.—Are the articles *a* and *an* used before nouns of the singular and plural number?—Is the ar-

ticle *the* put before the singular or plural?—When a noun is put without an article, in what sense is it then taken?—How many sorts of substantive nouns are there? *Two.*—What are they called? *Proper and Common.*—What do proper names express?—What do common names express?—How many numbers are there? *Two.* Name them. *Singular and Plural.*—What does the singular number express?—What does the plural number express?—How is the plural generally formed from the singular? By adding *s*.—What do you mean by gender? *Gender is the, &c.*—How many genders are there?—Name them.—How do

you distinguish the gender of nouns?—What do you mean by cases? *Cases imply, &c.*—How many cases are there? Name them.—How do you know when a noun is in the Nominative, and when in the Possessive case?—Is the sign of the possessive case always added?—What variations do adjectives admit of?—Are all adjectives compared?—How do you distinguish an adjective from a substantive?—How many *states* of comparison have adjectives, and what are they called?—How do you know when an adjective is in the positive, comparative, or superlative state?—How are the comparatives and superlatives generally formed from the positive?—How are the comparative and superlative degrees of words of more than one syllable generally formed?—How many kinds of pronouns are there?—*Six.* Name them. *Personal, relative, &c.*—How many personal pronouns are there? *Five.*—What are they? *I, thou, &c.*—Decline the pronouns personal.—How do you distinguish when *that* is a conjunction, a relative pronoun, or a demonstrative? *The conjunction that expresses the end or motive of an action; as, I read that I may improve.—It may also be distinguished from a relative, as it cannot be changed into any of the relatives who, whom, which, what, so as to preserve the sense; and when that is a demonstrative pronoun, it will be immediately followed by a noun substantive or adjective.*—How many kinds of verbs are there? *Four.*—What are they?—How do you distinguish a verb *active* from a verb *neuter*?—How many modes are there?

Three.—What are they?—How do you distinguish a verb in the indicative mode?—In the imperative?—In the subjunctive?—In the infinitive?—How many participles are there? *Two.*—What are they called?—As the passive participle and Past time of regular verbs are the same, how do you know when *loved, moved, &c.* are the past time or participle passives of their respective verbs? *In the latter case, it will be preceded by an auxiliary verb, either expressed or understood, but most commonly expressed. In the former it will be preceded by its nominative case.*—How are the Present and Past Participles of regular verbs formed from the infinitive?—Why is it called the Passive Participle? How do you know when a verb is irregular?—*When it does not form its past time and passive participle by the addition of d, or ed, to the infinitive.*



EXERCISES of BAD ENGLISH under all the RULES of SYNTAX, to be made good.

Examples under RULE I.

A verb must agree with its agent or nominative, &c.

I loves study.—James do not.—Thou is playing.—We is writing our theme.—I has said my lesson.—He art repeating his.—We has done.—A wicked son are

a reproach to his father.—Fortune favour the brave.—Pains endures long.—Pleasure art short.

RULE II. *Adjectives, in English, having no variation, &c.*

Those is a pleasant garden.—This are my pens.—Which of this books is yours?—Those.—Every trees is known by its fruit.—Each men shall repent it.—Either friendship or self-love have made him do it.—White and black is opposite colour.

RULE III. *The relative must agree with its antecedent, &c.*

Which art thou, O man! that presumest on thine own folly?

The thoughtless man bridleth not her tongue.

The man of which he complain is an honest man.

He will not hears of the misery to whom I am reduced.

I know which relation she is.—The reason whom I rely upon.—That is a beautiful woman; he has fine black eyes.—He is the wife of Mr Goodman, with which I is well acquainted.—The misery to whom you have reduced me, are insupportable.—Cyrus asked him, Which that God was, of which he begged assistance?—He has procured the place to whom she aimed at.

RULE IV. *A verb active, or transitive, governs the noun, &c.*

Trust no man before thou hast tried he.—Many people have seen they.—I like she very well.—Let they submit to the laws.—What will you have I to do?—I cannot

please she and thou both.—I esteems that man better than this.

RULE V. *The substantive verb to be governed, &c.*

Whom is there?—It is me.—I am him which did it.—'Tis them which have seen it.—Xenophon was a learned philosopher.—Who is thee!—Ye are them.—It was him that did it.

RULE VI. *The present participle governs the same case, &c.*

I excuse you from seeing they.—He was accused of not using he well; and I commends him for justifying his-self.

He is incapable of treating she ill.—He art quite discouraged, seeing they against him.—He am sure of succeeding in him undertaking.—In obeying they, you do well.

RULE VII. *When two substantives come together, &c.*

Diana anger was Acteon death; and Helen beauty was the destruction of Troy's.—Socrates wisdom, Ulysses cunning, and Achilles valour, is famous in poets works, and historians writings.

Give that to Cæsar which is Cæsar, and to God that which is God.

Shew me the way to St Paul.—This is the way to St James.

The river's Thames is not comparable to the Seine.

Tomyris's, Queen of the Scythians, ordered Cyrus head to be cut off.

RULE VIII. *The present participle having the definite, &c.*

Learning of languages are very difficult.

—The learning languages is difficult.

—The Romans enlarged their country by defeating of their neighbours.—By exercising of our faculties, they is improved.

—Wearing of lace are not very ancient.

RULE IX. *When one verb immediately follows, or, &c.*

He deserves be encouraged.—Try comfort she.—He cannot to tell.

She let him to go away.—I saw he to come.—She would have he to come.—He were obliged do it.—I dares not to stay.

He is quite discouraged see she against him.—He hadst rather to starve than to work.—I have not any design wrong him.—I am used walk every days.

RULE X. *Prepositions always govern, &c.*

We walked from Canterbury at Rochester.—They go from street in street.—I shall arrive before he.—Walk before I, or stay behind me.—He drank to they, and not to I.—I shall wait upon ye to the park's.

RULE XI. *Two or more nouns of the singular, &c.*

Virtue and vice has different consequences.

Neither your love or your hatred concern I.

The king, the parliament, and the whole nation wishes or war.

The Princes of Germany, the Emperour and the Queen of Hungary is for peace; but the maritime powers and the King of France is against it.

He and you is to blame.—Drinking, eating and sleeping, is necessities essential to man.

Wisdom and courage is finer ornament.

John and James was both here this morning.—He art very honest man.

I and William has give him that.

RULE XII. *The relative is the nominative case, &c.*

The dog who have followed you is mine.—The watch whom you gave me is lost.—The man whom sold it to you is a rogue.

I sees nothing to whom he can apply himself.

I see a man whom is going to fall.

The play whom they acted did not take.

I esteem that man which is my friend.

RULE XIII. *When there is a nominative between, &c.*

The ladies which you want to see is in the country.

You see the person who you has harbour-ed and fed, and to who you has lent so much money.

Old age are a tyrant whom forbid upon pain of death all the pleasure of youth.

He whom you hate am your friend.

An affront is but an imaginary evil to he whom suffers it, and can only truly offend he which offers it.

Give to they you loves.—'Tis he says so.

It is not that I thoughtest.

RULE XIV. *When the Relative comes after two words, &c.*

I am the person who declare and affirms the truth.

Thou art the man who toldest me that news, and who said thou wast present.—I am he who dare tell thou thy faults, and who fears not your resentment.—I believe you not.—Go thy way.—Thou art an impostor, and you deserve be punished.

RULE XV. *Conjunctions copulate like Cases, &c.*

People forgives as long as them love.—You and he is to blame.—I and him am also culpable. He came and told me that you and him are gone into the country.

I wonderest he have done that.

Do thou think thou can find a woman without fault?—It are very certain we can make our own happiness, and that it was within ourself.

I came yesterday and tell him I will not to do it.

He is so experienced a soldier as a cunning statesman.

Augustus were not perhaps a greater man as Anthony; but he was more fortunate than him.

She has as much fortune and beauty as her cousin.

She is not as cunning as him.

The Loire is longer as the Seine; but it is less rapid so the Rhone.—The Thames is not as rapid than the Rhine.

It is so easy to do good than to do evil.

Your father is richer as my.

He is less to be pitied as if he had lost his health, or the use of his limbs, so his brother has.

I am older as you than ten years.

He is so tall than me; but not as tall so his brother.—He is taller as I.—The richer you is, the more covetous you art.—He is not as tall as you than three inches.

RULE XVI. *The Infinitive mode frequently does the office, &c.*

To be good are to be happy.—To seek revenge are painful.—To praise princes for virtue whom they has not, are abusing them with impunity.—To remember past pains are pleasant.

RULE XVII. *If a question be asked, the nominative, &c.*

What crime has done the man? The wise man has he always virtue for his mobile?—What one can do in such a case?—

Is come the woman of which you told me?—What one canst do in this case?

RULE XVIII. *In an Imperative sentence, &c.*

Let stay me here I pray you.—Let go us immediately.—Come do thou hither.—Do let go him.—Let not us go not hither.—Let not me see it.—Let not they see it.—Believe it do they not.—Was a man there who said so.—A man there was who told it me.

PROMISCUOUS EXERCISES of bad ENGLISH to be made into GOOD, as well in respect to SYNTAX and

ORTHOGRAPHY as to PUNCTUATION.

LESSON I.

Commun weeth thyself O man and consider wherefore yew wert mad,

Justis and marcy waites befoore God throne benewvelence and luv enliteneth his countenance

Whoo art like the Lord in glory who in pour shall cuntends weeth the Almighty;

All thing procedest from God order grafe and butie springs from his and

The voices of weefdom speek in all his wurks but the hooman understanding comprehended it not:

LESSON II. The thotleefs men brydle not is tung She speek at randum, and art entangled in the foolefhnifs of his owne wurdz,

The furst stips toards being wise art kno that thou is ignorant and if you wooldest not to be estiemed foolefsh in other judgment cast you off a foly of beeing wise in your own conscite;

It are notorious to philosophers that joy and greet can to hassen and to delay time Mr Locke are of opiniun that a man in greate misry mayest so far lose her measure that to think the minit a hower or in joy makes the hower a minite:

LESSON III. God have endue thou weeth wizdum to mentaine your dominyon; he has fit thou with languidge to improve by fofietie and exalt your mind

with the pours of meditafhon contemplat and addore his inimitible perfecfhions.

And in the lawes he hast ordered that the rule off thy life as kindly has him futed your duty to thy natur as obeedence to hees presepz are happinifs to yourself,

The highur and the low the rich and the porer the wise and the ignurant then the sole shal have shook of the cumbrus shackles of that mortal life shall receve from the sentens of God the just and evurlasting retrebusshon according to his wurks,

LESSON IV. Vawnt not of thy body becawse it were first form nor of your brane becawse wherein your sole residith Not is the master of the howse honourable as its walls,

The ground must be prepare before corn is plantedst? A potter must build his furnis before she can makes his porcelan,

Thee man alon can to speek, Wunder at your glorious prerogative but pay to he which gave thou it a rashonal and welcum prais teeching your children's weefdom instructing the offsprenge of thy loines with pietie;

Simonides fed the more longer he consider the nachure of God the more obfcur a thing seeme to he,

A fool mock the most wisest philosopher

LESSON V. We has no mor as an hundred pounde Sterling and him hav little lesser but too hundred guinea

Theire is no foole as troublesom than him
wich haft weet

Them be of leffer fize as youre——Trier
is the most oldest cities in all the Germa-
ny——The rite hand art more stronger
as a left; but a middle fingers is the most
longest——I will neither tell he or you
that I thinks.

It is indiferent wether a man can daps or
no; but their is an abfolute neceffity that
his mind is formed:

They has been threaten with the prinfe re-
fentment,

I teeches the French, and him lerned very
well;

LESSON VI. Deth pity non ne-
ther rich or poore,

If he outlives his brother, he is to hav the
plafe.

Never promis to do the thing wen it not
is to your pour to do them

He prefoome think his-felf more wifer as
his betters.

I has the cawfe not to be angry with he
but he is not wont to be idle.

Men do not diftinguifhe enuf betweene
a demunftration the prooffe and the pro-
bability a dimunftration fupofe the contra-
dictory idea impofible——a proof of the fact
are wen all a reefon inclines we beleeve
without any pretense of douting a probabil-
lity art wen a reasons for beleevin are more
stronger as them for doubting;

To demonftrat art not only too proove that
a thing are, but besides thee impofibility of it
not being

LESSON VII. Sovereignty and
ranks is more nefefcary evil to keep pafshons
within bounds

Communalty oughtest to be contented
to difarve a inward efteme of men by his
fimple and modift vurtue and the great
ought be convince that outward respect
onely will be pay they unless they has
troo merit by this means a former will
be not exafpirated to their low eftate ne-
ther will the others prides theyfelves in his
gratenifs men will be cenfible that kings
is nefefary and kings fhall not furgett that
them is man.

No ftate cannot to fubfift without fubor-
dinafhon,

The fupreme authoritie of what natur
foever it is are necesary evils to prevent a
more greater evils;

LESSON VIII. Theire nothing
is as cummun than to find a man who in
the genral obfervafhon of her caridge you
takes to be of a youniform tempur fubject
to fuch an unackountable ftarts of humur
and pafshon as he is fo much unlike himfelf
and diffurs fo much from a man you first
thoughtest him to bee as any too diftinct
parfon can to diffur from each othur.

One would thinke as the larger a cum-
pany is in whom we are ingage the more
greater varity of thought and fubjects would
be ftarted in difcoorfe.

The vain delite to fpeek of his-felf; but
he not feez that other likes not too hear
him

If he has did any thinge who is prais-

worthy; if he possesseth that are worthy of admiration his joy are to proclame it, his pride are to heer it report The desire of such a men defect itself men not sayes beholde he have done it or see he possess it but mark how proud he are of it:

LESSON IX. If there is the wise more greate as the hordeing up riches, it is employing of them to useles purpusses.

It were mor difficult to be wel with riches, as to be at ease under a want of they, man governe his self much easier in povurty as in abundance,

He wich give away theire treasure wisely gave away his plagues he that retane their increese heap up sorrow;

The feeling an injury must be previus to revenging of it but the noble mind disdaines too say it hurts I:

If the injury is more below thy notis he which do it to thou in that make his self so, would enter thou the lists of your inferiurs,

Disdaine a man, that attempteth wrong thou, contemn he which woldest give thee displeazur

LESSON X. Revenge are more detestible, What cruelty then is, Lo, it posses a mischiefs of the other; but he want even a pretense of its pruvocations

Man disown it, as not of their nature thay is ashamed of it as a stranger to his harts, do not it they call inhumanity?

The hero list their sord against the enemy which resist; but no soonur do he submit, as he are satisfied.

The more noblest employment of a minde of man, are a study of the works of his Creatur.

To he who the sience of natur delighte, all object bringeth a proofs of his God every thing who prooveth it give cause of aduration we must manage fortune so health enjoy him when she is good to take pashence when he is bad and never uze greater remidis without extreame need.

LESSON XI.

Of the passion caused by the SUBLIME.

THE pashon cauzed by the grate and sublime in *natur* when those cauzes operat most powrfully is astonishment and astonishment is that stat of the sole in which all its moshons ar suspended with som degree of horror in this cas the mind is so intirely filed with its object that it canot entertane any other nor by consequence reason on that object which imploys it hence arrises the grat pour of the sublim that far from being prodused by them it antisipates our resonings and hurres us on by an irresistable fors astonishment is the efect of the sublim in its hyest degree the infereor efects ar admerashon reverens and respekt.

K E Y

TO THE ROYAL STANDARD ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

Different Sounds of the VOWELS.

	1	2	3	4	5
a	¹ ā hāte	² ă hăt	³ â hāl' wāsh'	⁴ à pàrt	⁵ ā li-ār
e	¹ ē mēte	² ĕ mēt	³ ê thêre	⁴ è hér	
i	¹ ī pīne	² ĭ pĭn	³ î fĭeld	⁴ î shĭrt	
o	¹ ō nōte	² ŏ nŏt' sŏft'	³ ô prôve	⁴ ò wòlf	⁵ ô dône
u	¹ ū dūke	² ŭ dŭck	³ û bûsh	⁴ ŵ w neŵ	⁵ ŭ nŏŵ
y	¹ ÿ trÿ	² ÿ or y lovely	³ y' like ŭ hy'rĭt		
oi & oy	¹ ōī bōīl	² öy böy	³ ou & ow	⁴ ōū ōūt	⁵ ōŵ hōŵ

Vowels not sounded will be printed in Italics; as,
Lā'boŭr, prēach, beār, hēad, dēign.

Indistinct sounds of vowels in Italics;
Ā'ble, flōŵ'e-ry, pâr'son, fāt'ten.

Flat and slowly accented syllables will have the Grave accent ('): as,
Bŏr'dér, wārn'ing, cēil'ing, cē'ruse, ĩ'cĭ-cle.

Sharp and quickly accented syllables will have the Acute accent ('): as,
Bŏr'rōw, wāsh'ing, hēif'ér, bēt'tér, ĩd'ĭ-ŏm.

Note, a, e, i, o, and u, without any of the above characters, either alone, or before or after a consonant, have a shorter sound than ā, ē, ī, ō, and ū, though of the same quality, in the same proportion as a in wash, is to a in hall; or, o in not, is to o in soft.

Different SOUNDS of the CONSONANTS.

ch, like tch
cheese, charm
s, hissing sound
us, custom, less, ascension
x, sharp like ks
expend, extort, extract
g, soft
g, elid, g, im, apolog, y, g, ybe

ch, like k
characters

ch, like sh
chaise, chevalier
s, soft like z
as, refuse, muse, occasion
x, flat like gz
example, examine, exile
g, hard
g, eld, g, imp, bogg, y, gyration

Note, g always sounds hard before a, o, and u.

gh, ph, like f
laugh, cough, phlegm
h, mute
honour, hour, rheum

gh, silent
although, bough, dough
h, aspirate
hail, hear, Jehovah

Consonants * when printed in Italics, are not to be sounded; as,
Borrow, condemn, dumb, handsome, when, whole.

* Except ch, as above, which sound like sh.

th, hard
thin, thick, thought

th, soft
thine, thec, those

DIRECTIONS for the combined Sounds of certain Syllables.

fi-tion	fīsh-shūn	ti-tious	tīsh-shūs	seous, eous	shūs, yūs
fi-tion	zīsh-shūn	ti-sian	tīsh-shān	geous	jūs
fi-cial	fīsh-āl	pi-ti-ate	pīsh-shate	ciate	shate
fi-cient	fīsh-shēnt	fial	zhāl	fient	shēnt
bi-tious	bīsh-shūs	fia, cia	zha, sha	tre	tér
gra-cious	grā-shūs	ion, iēr	yūn, yūr	aç	as

Les Sons differents des Voyelles.

	1	2	3	4	5
	ā	ă	â	à	ā
a { Anglois }	bāte	hăt	bālł', wāsh'	pārt	liār
{ François }	aīse	fac	ame, sang	part	me, defunt
	ē	ĕ	ê	é	
e { Anglois }	mēet	mĕt	thĕre	hĕr	* L'i, dans ce mot
{ François }	genie	cep	pere	defunt, me	genic, a precise- ment le son de l'ē Angloise, dans ce mot mēet.
	ī	ĭ	î	î	
i { Anglois }	pīnt	pĭn	fĭeld	shĭrt	
{ François }	vīn	distīnguer	fĭls	me, defunt	
	ō	ō'	ô	ò	
o { Anglois }	nōte	nōt' lōft'	prōve	wōlf	dōne
{ François }	ceq	sang ame	pōu	bouc	homme
	ū	ŭ	û	ŵ	
u { Anglois }	dūke, neŵ	būck	būsh, nōŵ		oi ou } ōī ōy
& { François }	calcul	defunt, rumb	bouillir, ou		oy † } boil bōy
w					
	ȳ	you, ȳ	y'		ou ou } ōū ōŵ
y { Anglois }	trȳ	fȳstole, beauty	hy'rft		ow † } bound, how
{ François }	vīn	hymne	me, defunt		

Diphthong. propres.

Les Voyelles qui ne se sonnent pas, seront imprimées en Italiques : comme,

Anglois Hâte, la'bour, prêach, bĕar, hĕad, dĕign

François aīse, âme, genie, pōu, homme, père

Les Voyelles qui ont un son indistinct, seront aussi imprimées en Italiques : comme,

Anglois, a'ble, flōŵ'e-ry, pâr'son, fât'ten. François, seront, tenons, ce.

Les Syllabes, dont l'impulsion de voix est faite avec lenteur, étant longues, auront l'accent grave (`) : comme,

Anglois, Bōr'dér, wārn'ing, cĕil'ing. François, Crain'dre, fâ'ble.

Celles qui sont faites avec precipitation, étant breves, auront l'accent aigu (') : comme,

Anglois, Bōr'rōw, wāsh'ing, bĕt'tér. François, cāf'fe, cāl'cul, com'ment.

N. B. Les Voyelles a, e, i, o, & u, qui n'ont point de caractères au dessus, soit qu'elles se trouvent seules, soit qu'elles précèdent ou suivent une consonne, ont un son plus bref que celles qui sont marquées ā, ē, ī, ō, & ū, quoique de la même qualité. — † † La Diphthongue propre oi ou oy, marquée, ōī ou ōy, a un son composé d' ā, & d' ī : et celle d' ou, ou d' ow, se compose du son d' ā, & d' ū, Angloises.

Les Sons differents des Consonnes.

Anglois } François }	ch, comme tch	c, h, comme k, ou ca	ch, comme sh
	* cheese, * charm	c, haracter, c, haos chorographie, chaos	chaise, chevalier chaise, chevalier

Anglois } François }	f, rude	f, douce comme z
	us, custom, less, ascension font, somme, histoire, basse	as, refuse, muse, occasion ruse, muser, maison, occasion
Anglois } François }	x, rude comme cs, ou ks	x, douce comme gz
	exence, extort, extract exciter, experience, Bruxelles	ex, ample, ex, amine, ex, ile example, examen, exil
Anglois } François }	g, doux	g, rude
	g, elid, g, im, apolog, y, g, ybe general, gentil, gite	g, eld, g, imp, bogg, y, g, yration grand, gorge, guide

N. B. Le g, devant a, o, u, a toujours un son rude. — Il faut remarquer aussi, que le g Anglois, a un son un peu plus rude que le j, ou le g François : L'articulation de ces deux lettres est la même ; mais celle du g se fasse avec plus de force. Il faut observer cette articulation du g, en les mots *general*, &c. pour correspondre avec le g Anglois, dans ce mot *gelid*, &c.

Anglois } François }	gh, et ph, ayant le son de l' f	gh, etant muets
	laugh, cough, phlegm, prononce, laf, cōf, flēm	although, bough, dough, pronounce, âlthō, bōū, dō
Anglois } François }	h, muette	h, aspirée
	honour, bour, rheum homme, honneur, heure	hail, hear, Jehovah hate, honte, hero

Toutes les Consonnes qu'il ne faut pas prononcer seront imprimées en Italiques ; comme dans les Exemples ci-dessus, et ceux-ci, qui suivent ;

Anglois, Borrow, condemn, dumb, when. *François*, crud, fils, clef, mort.

† th, rude thin thick	† th, doux thine thee	†† L'articulation de th se fasse par mettre le bout de la langue entre les dents, respirant doucement ; et le th rude se prononce avec plus de force.
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* Prononcez ces mots comme, s'ils étoient écrit *tcheese, tcharm*.

Prononcez les syllabes	si-tion	comme si elles etoient escrit	fi-sh-shūn	les syllabes	ti-tious	comme	ti-sh-shūs	et les syllabes	seous, geous	comme si elles etoient escrit	shūs, jūs
	fi-tion		zi-sh-shūn		ti-shān		ti-sh-shūn		éous		vūs
	fi-cial		fi-sh-shāl		pi-ti-ate		pi-sh-shāte		ciate		shate
	fi-cient		fi-sh-shēnt		fial		zhāl		sient		shēnt
	bi-tious		bi-sh-shūs		fia, cia		zhā, shā		aq		as
	gra-cious		grā-shūs		ion, ier		yūn, yūr		tre		tūr

THE ROYAL STANDARD

ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

N. B. The different parts of speech are marked as follow ; viz. *s.* stands for Substantive, *a.* for Adjective, *pro.* for Pronoun, *v. a.* for Verb Active, *v. n.* for Verb Neuter, *ad.* for Adverb, *con.* for Conjunction, *prep.* for Preposition, *intj.* for Interjection, *part.* for Participle, *pret.* for Preterite.

A B A

A 'A-BĀM, *s.* a term with alchymists, to signify *lead*
 Ā'ām, *s.* a measure of capacity
 Āb, or ābs, a Latin preposition put before a verb, signifying *from*
 Āb-āc'a, *s.* an Indian plant
 Āb-āc'o, *s.* ancient term for arithmetic
 Āb'ā-cōt, *s.* a cap of state
 Āb-āct'ēd, *part.* driven away by violence
 Āb-āct'ōr, *s.* one who steals cattle in *herds*
 Āb-āc'ūs, *s.* the upper member of a column
 Āb'a-cūs, *s.* a table of numbers
 A-bād'īr, *s.* name of a stone in *mythology*
 A-bād'dōn, *s.* a name given to Satan
 Āb-āft', *ad.* behind, from the fore-mast to the stern
 A-bāi'fānce, *s.* a bow of respect

A B A

Āb-ā'lī-ēn-ate, *v. a.* to transfer property from one person to another
 Āb-a'lī-ēn-ā'tion, *s.* a transference
 A-bān'dōn, *v. a.* to forsake, desert, quit
 A-bān'dōn-ēd, *part. a.* deserted, forsaken
 A-bān'dōn-ēr, *s.* he or she who forsakes
 A-bān'dōn-īng, *s.* forsaking, deserting
 A-bān'dōn-mēnt, *s.* resigning [fiscated
 A-bān'dūm, *s.* what is sequestered, or con-
 A-bān'ēt, *s.* a kind of girdle [two years
 A-bān-nī'tion, *s.* a banishment for one or
 A-bāp-tīf'tōn, *s.* the perforating part of a *trepan*
 Āb-ār'n'ate, *v. a.* to inform, discover a secret
 Āb'ās, *s.* a weight, being 1-8th of a carat
 A-bāse', *v. a.* to bring down, to humble
 A-bās'ēd, *part.* brought low, humbled

A-bāse'měnt or **A-bās'ing**, *f.* depression
A-bās'fī, *f.* a silver Persian coin
A-bāsh', *v. a.* to dash, to put to the blush
A-bāsh'měnt, *f.* astonishment, surprise
A-bāte', *v. a.* to lessen, decrease, deject
A-bāte'měnt, *f.* a sum abated
A-bāt'ér, *f.* one who abates
A-bāt'ór, *f.* he who enters on a house, &c.
 before the heir takes possession
A-bāt'ude, *f.* any thing diminished
A-bāy', *v. a.* to purchase, to pay dear for
Ābb, or **ābb-wòol**, *f.* the yarn of a weaver's
Āb'ba, *f.* father [warp
Āb'ba-cy, *f.* the rights and jurisdiction of an
 abbot
Āb'bér, or **āb'ér**, *f.* the mouth of a river
Āb'běfs, *f.* the governesses of a nunnery
Āb'bey, *f.* the residence of an abbot, a convent
Āb'bey-lüb-bér, *f.* a slothful austere person
 under the cloak of sanctity
Āb'bót, *f.* the chief or superiour of an abbey
Āb-brěv'ī-ate, *v. a.* to abridge, to shorten
Āb-brěv-ī-ā'tion, *f.* the act of shortening
Āb-brěv-ī-ā'tór, *he* who abridges
Āb-brěv'ī-a-ture, *f.* an abridgment
Āb-būt'tals, *f. pl.* the boundings of lands
Āb-cěd'a-ry, *f.* a composition in alphabetical
Āb-děl-ā'vī, *f.* the Egyptian melon [order
Āb-děr'ī-ān, *a.* laughing
Āb'dī-cate, *v. a.* to resign, to renounce
Āb-dī-ca'tion, *f.* renunciation [dication
Āb-dīc'a-tīve, *a.* what causes or implies ab-
Āb-dō'měn, *f.* the lower belly
Āb-dōm'īn-āl, *a.* pertaining to the belly
Āb-dōm'īn-ōūs, *a.* unwieldy, paunch-bellied
Āb-dūce', *v. a.* to draw away, to separate

Āb-dū'cěnt, *a.* drawing back
Āb-dūc'tion, *f.* the act of drawing from
Āb-dūc'tór, *f.* any muscle which draws back
A-be-ce-dā'rī-ān, *f.* he who teaches the al-
 phabet
A-be-cěd'ā-ry, *a.* belonging to the alphabet
A-běd', *ad.* in bed
Āb-ěr'rānce, *f.* a deviation from the truth
Āb-ěr'rānt, *a.* wandering, deviating
Āb-ěr-rā'tion, *f.* the act of going wrong
Āb-ěr-ūn'cate, *v. a.* to pluck up by the root
A-bět', *v. a.* to encourage, to help
A-bět'měnt, *f.* excitement, encouragement
A-bět'tór, *f.* he who encourages another
Āb-ěy'ānce, *f.* existing in expectation
Āb-hör', *v. a.* to loathe, to hate [testation
Āb-hör'rěnce, **āb-hör'rěn-cy**, *f.* aversion, de-
Āb-hör'rěnt, *a.* detesting, inconsistent with
Āb-hör'rér, *f.* a hater, detester
Ā'bīb, *f.* the first month of the Jews
A-bīde', *v. n.* to remain in a place; to
 bear, support
A-bīd'ér, *f.* the person who dwells in a place
A-bīd'ing, *f.* a permanent continuance
Āb'jěct, *a.* mean, contemptible, base
Āb-jěct', *v. a.* to reject with disdain, to scorn
Āb-jěct'ed-něfs, *f.* state of an abject person
Āb-jěct'ly, *ad.* meanly, contemptibly [něfs
Āb-jěct'něfs, **Āb-jěc'tion**, *f.* meanness, vile-
A-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* power, capacity, genius [a will
Āb-īn-těst'ate, *f. & a.* one that died without
Āb-ju-rā'tion, *f.* renouncing with an oath
Āb-jūre', *v. a.* to cast off, or abandon on oath
Āb-lāc'tāte, *v. a.* to wean from the breast
Āb-lāc-tā'tion, *f.* the weaning of a child
Āb-lāc'qūe-ate, *v. a.* to lay bare roots of trees

Āb-lāc-quē-ā'tion, *f.* the act of laying bare
 the roots of trees
 Āb-lā'tion, *f.* act of taking away
 Āb'la-tīve, *a.* the sixth case of the Latin
 nouns; what takes away
 Ā'ble, *a.* powerful, strong, capable to do
 Ā'ble, *v. a.* to make able, to confer power
 Ā'ble-bōd'ī-ēd, *a.* strong of body
 Āb'le-gate, *v. a.* to send abroad on embassy
 Āb-le-gā'tion, *f.* a sending abroad
 Ā'ble-nēss, *f.* force, agility of body, strength
 Āb'lēp-sy, *f.* want of sight; rashness
 Āb'lo-cate, *v. a.* to let out, to hire
 Āb'lu-ēnt, *a.* having the power of cleansing
 Āb-lū'tion, *f.* the act of cleansing
 Āb'ne-gate, *v. a.* to deny, renounce
 Āb-ne-gā'tion, *f.* renunciation; denial
 Āb'no-date, *v. a.* to prune trees
 Āb-no-dā'tion, *f.* pruning trees
 A-bōard', *ad.* in a ship
 A-bōde', *f.* dwelling, habitation, residence
 A-bōde', *v. a. & n.* to forebode; to be omi-
 nous, to threaten a thing
 A-bōde'mēnt, *f.* a presage of something future
 A-bōl'īsh, *v. a.* to destroy, annul, blot out
 A-bōl'īsh-a-ble, *a.* what may be destroyed
 A-bōl'īsh-ēr, *f.* he who abolishes
 A-bōl'īsh-mēnt, *f.* the act of abolishing
 A-bōl'ī-tion, *f.* destroying, act of repealing
 A-bōm'īn-a-ble, *a.* detestable, horrible [ness
 A-bōm'īn-a-ble-nēss, *f.* odiousness, hateful-
 A-bōm'īn-a-bly, *ad.* exceedingly, in the ill
sense
 A-bōm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to hate utterly, to abhor
 A-bōm-īn-ā'tion, *f.* hatred; pollution
 Āb-o-rīg,īn-ēs, *f.* the first inhabitants of a
 country

Āb-ōr'tion, *f.* miscarriage in women
 Āb-ōr'tīve, *a.* unsuccessful, untimely
 Āb-ōr'tīve-ly, *ad.* immaturely, untimely
 Āb-ōr'tīve-nēss, *f.* the state of abortion
 Āb-ōr'tmēnt, *f.* an untimely birth
 A-bōve', *pr.* beyond, more than, higher
 A-bōve', *ad.* over-head, from heaven
 A-bōve'-āll', *ad.* chiefly, in the first place
 A-bōve'-bōard, *ad.* in open sight, without ar-
 A-bōve'-cīt'ēd, *a.* mentioned before [tifice
 A-bōve'-grōūd, *ad.* alive
 A-bōūnd', *v. a.* to have, to be in great plenty
 A-bōūt', *pr.* concerning, near to
 A-bōūt', *ad.* nearly, in circuit
 Āb-ra-ca-dāb'ra, *f.* a superstitious charm a-
 gainst agues [grees
 Āb-rāde', *v. a.* to rub off, wear away by de-
 Āb-rā'fion, *f.* act of wearing away by rub-
 A-brēast', *ad.* side by side [bing
 A-brīdge', *v. a.* to shorten, deprive of
 A-brīdg'ēd, *part.* deprived of, debarred from
 A-brīdg,ēr, *f.* he who abbreviates [ged
 A-brīdg'mēnt, *f.* diminution, a work abrid-
 A-brōach', *ad.* in a posture to run out
 A-brōād', *ad.* in another country, from home
 Āb'ro-gate, *v. a.* to rescind, annul, repeal
 Āb-ro-gā'tion, *f.* repeal of a law
 Āb-rūpt', *a.* sudden, unconnected, hasty
 Āb-rūp'tion, *f.* violent separation
 Āb-rūpt'ly, *ad.* hastily, suddenly
 Āb-rūpt'nēss, *f.* suddenness, cragginess
 Āb'scēs, *f.* a morbid cavity in the body
 Āb-scīnd', *v. a.* to cut off
 Āb-scīf'fa, Āb-scīf'se, *f.* part of the diameter
 of a conic section
 Āb-scīf'sion, *f.* the act of cutting off
 Āb-scōnd', *v. n.* to hide one's self

Āb-scōnd'ēr, *f.* the person who absconds
 Āb'sēnce, *f.* not appearing, lost in thought
 Āb'sēnt, *a.* not present, bewildered in thought
 Āb-sēnt', *v. a.* to keep away, to withdraw
 Āb-sīnth'ī-at ēd, *a.* impregnated with worm-
 Āb-sīst', *v. n.* to leave off [wood
 Āb-sōlve', *v. a.* to clear, forgive, acquit
 Āb'so-lūte, *a.* unconditional, arbitrary
 Āb'so-lūte-ly, *ad.* positively, arbitrarily
 Āb'so-lūte-nēss, *f.* disposition, positiveness
 Āb'so-lū'tion, *f.* forgiveness, acquittal
 Āb'so-lū'to-ry, *a.* that which absolves
 Āb'so-nānt, *a.* absurd, contrary to reason
 Āb'so-nōus, *a.* sounding hardly, contrary to
 reason
 Āb-sōrb', *v. a.* to swallow up, to suck up
 Āb-sōrpt', *part.* devoured, swallowed up
 Āb-sōrb'ēnt, *f. a.* that which dries up
 Āb-sōrb'ēnts, *f. p.* medicines which dry up
 redundant humours, tempering and qua-
 lifying the acid juices of the body
 Āb-sōrp'tion, *f.* the act of swallowing up
 Āb-stā'n', *v. n.* to forbear, to keep from
 Āb-stē'mī-oūs, *a.* abstinent, sober, temperate
 Āb-stē'mī-oūs-ly, *ad.* temperately [ness
 Āb-stē'mī-oūs-nēss, *f.* temperateness, sober-
 Āb-stēn'tion, *f.* the act of holding up
 Āb-stérge', Āb-stérse', *v. a.* to cleanse by wi-
 Āb-stérp'ēnt, *a.* cleansing [ping
 Āb-stérse', *v. a.* to cleanse, to purify
 Āb-stér'sion, *f.* the act of cleansing
 Āb-stér'sīve, *a.* having the power of cleansing
 Āb'stīn-ēnce, Āb'stīn-ēn-cy, *f.* forbearance
 Āb'stīn-ēnt, *a.* temperate [from, temperance
 Āb'stōrt'ēd, *a.* forced from one by violence
 Āb-strāct', *v. a.* to separate; reduce to an
 Āb'strāct, *f.* abridgment of a work [epitome

Āb-strāct'ēd, *a.* separated, refined, abstruse
 Āb-strāct'ēd-ly, *ad.* simply, with separation
 Āb-strāc'tion, *f.* the state of abstracting
 Āb-strāct'ly, *ad.* absolutely, in an abstract
 manner
 Āb-strūse', *a.* difficult, hidden, dark
 Āb-strūse'ly, *ad.* obscurely, not plainly
 Āb-strūse'nēss, *f.* obscurity
 Āb-strū'sī-ty, *f.* abstruseness
 Āb-sūme', *v. a.* to destroy, or waste gradually
 Āb-sūrd', *a.* inconsistent, unreasonable
 Āb-sūrd'ī-ty, *f.* inconsistency, foolishness
 Āb-sūrd'ly, *adv.* unreasonably, improperly
 Āb-sūrd'nēss, *f.* injudiciousness, impropriety
 A-būnd'ānce, *f.* great plenty, exuberance
 A-būnd'ānt, *a.* plentiful, fully stored
 A-būnd'ānt-ly, *ad.* more than sufficient
 A-būse', *v. a.* to treat ill, deceive, impose on
 A-būse', *f.* an affront, bad custom, ill treat-
 A-būf'ēr, *f.* he who deceives or uses ill [ment
 A-būf'īve, *a.* containing abuse, offensive
 A-būf'īve-ly, *ad.* reproachfully
 A-būt'mēnt, *f.* what joins to another
 A-bŷs', A-bŷme', *f.* a pit without a bottom
 A-cā'cia, or A-cā'tia, *f.* an Egyptian drug
 Āc-a-dēm'ī-āl, *a.* relating to an academy
 Āc-a-dēm'ī-ān, *f.* a scholar in an academy
 Āc-a-dēm'īc, *f.* a student in an academy
 Āc-a-dēm'ī-cāl, *a.* belonging to an university
 A-cād-e-mī'cian, *f.* a master of an academy
 A-cād'e-mīst, *f.* a member of an academy
 A-cād'e-my, *f.* a school of liberal arts and
 sciences
 A-cān'thūs, *f.* the herb *bear's foot*
 Āc-cēde', *v. n.* to come to, to draw near to
 Āc-cēl'e-rate, *v. a.* to make quick, to hasten

Āc-cēl-ér-ā'tion, *f.* the act of quickening motion

Āc-cēnd', *v. a.* to set on fire, to kindle

Āc-cēn'sion, *f.* the act of kindling [on a word

Āc'cēnt, *f.* modification of the voice, mark

Āc-cēnt', or Āc-cēnt'u-āte, *v. a.* to place the proper accents on the vowels or syllables of words, in reading, speaking, &c.

Āc-cēnt-ū-ā'tion, *f.* a right pronouncing or marking a word [favourably

Āc-cēpt', *v. a.* to take kindly, to receive

Āc-cēpt-a-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* being acceptable

Āc-cēpt'a-ble, *a.* agreeable, grateful

Āc-cēpt'a-ble-nēss, *f.* the quality of being

Āc-cēpt'a-bly, *ad.* agreeably [acceptable

Āc-cēpt'ānce, *f.* reception with approbation

Āc-cēpt-ā'tion, *f.* the received meaning of a word; reception, whether good or bad;

Āc-cēpt'ér, *f.* he who accepts [regard

Āc-cēpt-īl-ā'tion, *f.* remission of a debt

Āc-cēp'tion, *f.* the meaning or received sense

Āc-cēs's', *f.* admission, approach to [of a word

Āc-cēs's'a-rī-nēss, *f.* the state of being accessory

Āc-cēs's'a-ry, *f.* an abettor or encourager

Āc-cēs's'ī-ble, *a.* what may be approached

Āc-cēs's'ī-ble-nēss, *f.* the state of being approached to

Āc-cēs's'ion, *f.* coming to, addition, or increase; the beginning of a paroxysm

Āc-cēs's'ōr, *f.* who joins himself to any party

Āc-cēs's'o-rī-ly, *ad.* like an abettor

Āc-cēs's'o-ry, *a.* joined to another thing

Āc'cēs-so-ry, *f.* he who commands, advises, or conceals an offender guilty of felony

Āc'cī-dēnce, *f.* first rudiments or principles

Āc'cī-dēnt, *f.* casualty, property of a thing

Āc-cīdēnt'āl, *a.* casual, fortuitous

Āc-cī-dēnt'āl-ly, *ad.* nonessentially, casually

Āc-cī-dēnt'āl-nēss, *f.* quality of being acci-

Āc-cīd'ī-ōūs, *a.* slothful, indolent [dental

Āc-cīd'ī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* negligently, slothfully

Āc-cīd'ī-ty, *f.* slothfulness

Āc-cīnēt', *a.* girded, prepared, ready

Āc-cīp'ī-ēnt, *f.* a receiver

Āc-cīte', *v. a.* to call, to summons

Āc-clāim', *f.* a shout of applause, acclamation

Āc-cla-mā'tion, *f.* shouts of applause

Āc-clīv'ī-ty, *f.* the ascent of a hill

Āc-clīv'ōūs, *a.* rising with a slope

Āc-clōy', *v. a.* to fill up, to stuff, to surfeit

Āc-cōīl', *v. n.* to bustle, to be in a hurry

Āc'cōl-ade, *f.* an embracing about the neck

Āc'cōl-ēnt, *f.* he who inhabits near, a bor-

Āc-cōm'mo-da-ble, *a.* consistent with [derer

Āc-cōm'mo-date, *v. a.* to suit, adopt, reconcile; to supply with conveniences of any kind

Āc-cōm'mo-date, or Āc-com'mo-dat-ēd to, *a.* suitable for, convenient

Āc-cōm'mo-date-ly, *ad.* suitably, in a fit manner

Āc-cōm-mo-dā'tion, *f.* provision of conveniences; reconciliation; adjustment

Āc-cōm'pān-ī-ér, *f.* a companion

Āc-cōm'pān-ī-mēt, *f.* the addition of a thing by way of ornament

Āc-cōm'pa-ny, *v. a.* to join or go with

Āc-cōm'plīce, *f.* an associate, a partaker

Āc-cōm'plīsh, *v. a.* to complete fully; to gain, obtain; furnish; to fulfil

Āc-cōm'plīsh-ēd, *part. a.* finished, obtained

Āc-cōm'plīsh-ér, *f.* he who accomplishes

Āc-cōm'plīsh-mēt, *f.* completion

Āc-cōm'plīsh-mēnts, *f.* acquirements in learning
 *Āc-cōmpt', *f. pron.* Āc-cōūnt', all computations made arithmetically
 *Āc-cōmpt'ānt, *f.* one skilled in accompts
 *Āc-cōmpt'ānt-shīp, *f.* the necessary qualifications for an accomptant
 Āc-cōrd', *v. n.* to agree one with another
 Āc-cōrd', *f.* harmony. union of mind
 Āc-cōrd'ānce, *f.* friendship, agreement with
 Āc-cōrd'ānt, *a.* in a good humour, willing
 Āc-cōrd'īng, Āc-cōrd'īng *to*, *pr.* agreeable to
 Āc-cōrd'īng-ly, *ad.* suitably, agreeably
 Āc-cōrp'o-rāte, *v. a.* to join, or put to
 Āc-cōrp'o-rāt-ēd, *part.* joined, embodied
 Āc-cōst', *v. a.* to address, salute, speak to first
 Āc-cōst'a-ble, *a.* familiar, easy of access
 Āc-cōūnt', *v. a.* to compute, to be reckoned
 Āc-cōūnt', *f.* regard; cause; explanation
 Āc-cōūnt'a-ble, *a.* liable to give an account
 Āc-cōū'ple, *v. a.* to link or join together
 Āc-cōū'tre, *v. a.* to dress, attire, trim
 Āc-cōū'tre-mēnt, *f.* furniture, dress
 Āc-crē'tion, *f.* the act of growing together
 Āc-crē'tive, *a.* growing, added by growth
 Āc-crū'e', *v. n.* to arise or proceed from
 Āc-cu-bā'tion, *f.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals
 Āc-cūmb', *v. n.* to lean at table
 Āc-cū'mu-late, *v. a.* to heap up [up
 Āc-cu-mu-lā'tion, *f.* an amassing or heaping
 Āc-cū'mu-la-tīve, *a.* that which increases
 Āc-cū'mu-la-tōr, *f.* he who accumulates
 Āc'cu-ra-cy, *f.* exactness, justness or nicety
 Āc'cu-rate, *a.* exact, just, done with care
 Āc'cu-rate-ly, *ad.* exactly, without error
 Āc'cu-rate-ness, *f.* exactness, nicety

Āc-cūrse', *v. a.* to blast with a curse, doom to misery
 Āc-cūrf'ēd, *a.* execrated, detestable
 Āc-cūf'a-ble, *a.* blamable, culpable
 Āc-cu-fā'tion, *f.* a criminal charge
 Āc-cū'fā-tīve, *a.* the fourth case in grammar
 Āc-cū'fā-to-ry, *a.* containing an accusation
 Āc-cūse', *v. a.* to impeach, blame, or censure
 Āc-cūf'ēr, *f.* he who accuses
 Āc-cūf'tōm, *v. a.* to inure, to habituate
 Āc-cūf'tōm-a-ble, *a.* of long custom or habit
 Āc-cūf'tōm-a-bly, *ad.* according to custom
 Āc-cūf'tōm-ānce, *f.* habit, use
 Āc-cūf'tōm-a-rī-ly, *ad.* usually, commonly
 Āc-cūf'tōm-a-ry, *a.* usual, practised
 Āc-cūf'tōm-ēd, *a.* as usual, frequent [tity
 Āce, *f.* an unit in cards or dice, a small quan-
 A-cēph'a-loūs, *a.* wanting a head [sourness
 A-cēr'bī-ty, or A-cēr'bī-tūde, *f.* roughness,
 A-cēr'vāl, *a.* belonging to a heap
 A-cēr'vāte, *v. a.* to raise up in heaps
 Āc-ēr-vā'tion, *f.* heaping together [ness
 A-cēf'cēt, *a.* having a tendency to sour-
 Āc-ēt-ōse', *a.* that which has in it acids
 A-cēt-ōf'ī-ty, *f.* the state of being acetose
 A-cēt'ous, *a.* sour, acid, sharp
 Āc,he, *f.* a continued pain
 Āc,he, *v. n.* to be affected with pain [tain
 A-chīeve', *v. a.* to finish, accomplish, ob-
 A-chīev'ēr, *f.* he who acquires or performs
 some great exploit
 A-chīeve'mēnt, *f.* the performance of an
 action; the escutcheon, or ensigns armo-
 rial
 Āc'īd, *a.* sour, sharp [the taste
 Āc'īds, *f.* all things which are sour to
 A-cīd'ī-ty, *f.* sourness, sharpness

Āc'īd-nēfs, *f.* the quality of being acid
 A-cīd'u-late, *v. a.* to tinge with acids
 Āc-knōw'lēdge, Āc-knōw'ledge, *v. a.* to own,
 Āc-knōw'lēdg-ing, *a.* grateful [confess
 Āc-knōw'lēdg-mēnt, *f.* return, confession
 Āc/me, *f.* height of any thing; height of a
 disease
 Āc'o-nīte, *f.* wolf's-bane, poison in general
 Āc'ōr, *f.* a sourness at the stomach
 Ā'cōrn, *f.* the fruit or seed of the oak
 Ā'cōrn-ēd, *part.* (*in heraldry*) bearing acorns
 A-cōūf'tics, *f.* the doctrine of sounds; me-
 dicines or instruments to help hearing
 Āc-quāint', *v. a.* to inform, to make familiar
 Āc-quāint'ānce, *f.* familiarity, knowledge,
 the person with whom we are acquainted
 Āc-quāint'ēd, *a.* familiar with, well known
 Āc-quēst', *f.* acquisition, the thing gained
 Āc-quī-ēscē', *v. a.* to yield to, to remain
 satisfied
 Āc-quī-ēf'cēnce, *f.* submission, compliance
 Āc-quīr'a-ble, *a.* attainable
 Āc-quīre', *v. a.* to gain by labour or power
 Āc-quīr'ēd, *part.* gained
 Āc-quīr'ēr, *f.* he who gains, a gainer
 Āc-quīre'mēnt, *f.* gain, attainment [ment
 Āc-quī-sī'tion, *f.* the thing gained, acquire-
 Āc-quīf'i-tive, *a.* gained [purchases
 Āc-quīsts', or Āc-quēsts', *f. pl.* procurements,
 Āc-quīt', *v. a.* to clear from guilt, to dis-
 charge
 Āc-quīt'mēnt, *f.* the act of acquitting
 Āc-quīt'tāl, *f.* deliverance from an offence
 Āc-quīt'tānce, *f.* a receipt for debt, &c.
 Ā'cre, *f. pron.* Ā'kēr, a piece of land 40
 perches long, and 4 broad, or 4840 square
 yards

Āc'rīd, *a.* of a hot biting taste
 Āc-rī-fō'īl-ūm, *f.* (*in botany*) a prickly leaf
 Āc-rī-mō'nī-ōūs, *a.* sharp, corrosive taste
 Āc'rī-mo-ny, *f.* sharpness, corrosiveness
 Āc'rī-tūde, *f.* an acrid taste [learning
 Āc-ro-māt'ic-āl, *a.* pertaining to deep
 A-crōn'ic-āl, *a.* (*in astronomy*) the rising of
 a star when the sun sets, or the setting of
 a star when the sun rises
 A-crōn'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in an acronical manner
 A-crōis', *ad.* athwart, laid over something
 A-crōf'tic, *f.* a poem whose initial letters
 form the name of the thing or person
 Āct, *v. a.* to do, perform
 Āct, *f.* a deed, an action, a decree [done
 Āc'tion, *f.* a law-suit; gesticulation; thing
 Āc'tion-a-ble, *a.* punishable
 Āc'tion-a-ry, Āc'tion-īst, *f.* proprietor of
 stock in a public company
 Āc'tive, *a.* that which acts; quick; practical
 Āc'tive-ly, *ad.* busily, nimbly
 Āc'tive-nēfs, *f.* quickness, nimbleness
 Āc-tīv'i-ty, *f.* the quality of being active
 Āc'tōr, *f.* he who performs on a stage; a doer
 Āc'trēfs, *f.* she who personates a character
 Āc'tu-āl, *a.* real; in act
 Āc-tu-āl'i-ty, *f.* the state of being actual
 Āc'tu-āl-ly, *ad.* really
 Āc'tu-āl-nēfs, *f.* the quality of being actual
 Āc'tu-a-ry, *f.* a register or clerk of a court
 Āc'tu-āte, *v. a.* to move, to put into action
 Āc'tu-at-ēd, *part.* put into action
 Āc'u-ate, *v. a.* to sharpen [sharp point
 A-cū'le-ate, *a.* prickly, terminating in a
 A-cū'mēn, *f.* a sharp point, quickness of in-
 A-cū'mī-nat-ēd, *a.* sharp pointed [tellects
 A-cūte', *a.* sharp, ingenious, keen, subtle

A-cūte', *f.* an accent in grammar, marked thus (')
A-cūte'ly, *ad.* in a sharp manner, sharply
A-cūte'nēss, *f.* sharpness; force of intellects
Ād-āct'ēd, *a.* driven by force
Ād'age, *f.* a maxim, proverb
A-dāg, 'i-o, *f.* a mark of slow time
Ād'a-mānt, *f.* a diamond, a loadstone, a thing of impenetrable hardness
Ād-a-mān-tē'ān, *a.* hard as adamant [luble
Ād-a-mānt'īne, *a.* made of adamant, indissoluble
Ād'ām's-āp'ple, *f.* a prominent part of the throat
A-dāpt', *v. s.* to fit one thing to another
Ād-āp-tā'tion, or **Ād-āp'tion**, *f.* the act of fitting
Ād-cōrp'o-rate, *v. a.* to mix together
Ādd, *v. a.* to increase, to join or put to, to enlarge
Ād'da-ble, or **Ād'dī-ble**, *a.* that may be added
Ād-dēç'ī-mate, *v. a.* to take by tithes or ascertain
Ād'dér, *f.* a kind of serpent [of an adder
Ād'dér's-tōngue', *f.* an herb like the tongue
Ād-dī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* the possibility of being added
Ād'dī-ble, *a.* possible to be added [ded
Ād'dīce, **Ādze**, or **Ādz**, *f.* a cooper's ax
Ād-dīct', *v. a.* to devote, to give up one's self
Ād-dīct'ēd-nēss, *f.* propensity [to
Ād-dīc'tion, *f.* act of devoting, state of being devoted
Ād-dīt'a-mēnt, *f.* a thing added [ing devoted
Ād-dī'tion, *f.* increase, act of adding one thing to another, a rule for adding sums together [added
Ād-dī'tion-āl, **Ād'dīt-o-ry**, *a.* that which is added
Ād'dle, *v. a.* to make rotten or barren
Ād'dle, *a.* empty, rotten

Ād'dle-pāt-ēd, *a.* stupid, empty-headed
Ād-drēss', *v. a.* to speak or write to, to get ready
Ād-drēss', *f.* verbal application; skill; direction
Ād-drēss'ēr, *f.* he who addresses [rection
Ād-dū'cēt, *a.* drawing together
Ād-dūlce', *v. a.* to sweeten
Ād-ēmp'tion, *f.* privation
Ād-ēpt', *f.* he who understands all the secrets of his art; *a.* skilful, knowing
Ād'e-qūāte, *a.* equal to, proportionate
Ād'e-qūāte-ly, *ad.* in proportion, justly
Ād'e-qūāte-nēss, *f.* exactness of proportion
Ād-hēre', *v. n.* to stick to, to be consistent
Ād-hēr'ēnce, *f.* steadiness, attachment
Ād-hēr'ēt, *a.* sticking to, united with
Ād-hēr'ēr, *f.* he who adheres [thing
Ād-hēr'fion, *f.* the act of sticking to something
Ād-hēr'fīve, *a.* keeping to, without deviation
Ād-hīb'īt, *v. a.* to make use of, to apply
Ād-hīb'ītion, *f.* application, use
Ād-jā'cēn-cy, *f.* state of lying near to
Ād-jā'cēt, *a.* contiguous, lying near to
Ād-jā'cēt, *f.* the thing which lies next to another
A-dī-āph'o-roūs, *a.* neutral, indifferent
A-dī-āph'o-ry, *f.* neutrality, indifference
Ād-jēct', *v. a.* to add to, to put to [added
Ād-jēc'tion, *f.* the act of adding, the thing added
Ād-jēc-tī'tious, *a.* thrown in, added
Ād'jēc-tīve, *f.* a word added to a noun
Ād'jēc-tīve-ly, *ad.* in manner of an adjective
A-dīeū', *ad.* farewell, God be with you
Ād-jōīn', *v. a. & n.* to unite to; to be contiguous to
Ād-jōūrn', *v. a.* to put off [tiguous to
Ād-jōūrn'mēnt, *f.* a putting off till another day
Ād'ī-poūs, *a.* fat, greasy [day

Ādīt, *f.* a passage under ground
 Ād ī'tion, *f.* a going or coming nigh to
 Ād-jūdge', *v. a.* to judge, decree, or pass sentence [thing to a litigant
 Ād-jū-dī-cā'tion, *f.* act of granting some-
 Ād-jū'dī-cate, *v. a.* to adjudge
 Ād'ju-gate, *v. a.* to yoke to
 Ād-jū'mēnt, *f.* help
 Ād'jūnct, *f.* something joined to another
 Ād'jūnct, *a.* immediately consequent [joined
 Ād-jūnc'tion, *f.* the act of joining, the thing
 Ād-jūnc'tīve, *f.* the thing joined, he who joins
 Ād-ju-rā'tion, *f.* a tendering of an oath
 Ād-jūre', *v. a.* to impose an oath upon another
 Ād-jūst', *v. a.* to regulate, to reduce to a criterion
 Ād-jūst'mēnt, *f.* act of putting in method
 Ād'jū-tānt, *f.* a military officer
 Ād-jū'tōr, *f.* a helper
 Ād-jū'trīx, *f.* she who helps
 Ād-jū'to-ry, *a.* that which helps
 Ād'ju-vānt, *a.* helpful
 Ād'ju-vate, *v. a.* to help, further [to rule
 Ād-mēas'ūre-mēnt, *f.* measuring according
 Ād-mēn-su-rā'tion, *f.* the act of measuring, or of taking dimensions by rule or mea-
 Ād-mīn'ī-clē, *f.* help, support [sure
 Ād-mīn-īc'u-lār, *a.* that which helps [give
 Ād-mīn'īf-tēr, *v. a.* to supply, contribute,
 Ād-mīn'īf-trate, *v. a.* to apply, to make use of
 Ād-mīn-īf-trā'tion, *f.* act of administering
 Ād-mīn-īf-trā'tīve, *a.* that which administers
 Ād-mīn-īf-trā'tōr, *f.* he who administers
 Ād-mīn-īf-trā'trīx, *f.* she who administers
 Ād-mīn-īf-trā'tōr-ship, *f.* the office of administration

Ād'mīr-a-ble, *a.* wonderful [citing wonder
 Ād'mīr-a-ble-nēss, *f.* quality capable of ex-
 Ād-mī-ra-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality causing admiration
 Ād'mīr-a-bly, *ad.* in an admirable manner
 Ād'mā-rāl, *f.* chief commander of a fleet
 Ād'mī-rāl-ship, *f.* the office of admiral
 Ād'mī-rāl-ty, *f.* the office or power of Lord
 Ād-mī-rā'tion, *f.* wonder [High Admiral
 Ād-mīre', *v. a.* to regard with wonder, or
 Ād-mīre', *v. n.* to wonder [love
 Ād-mī'rēr, *f.* he who regards with admira-
 Ād-mīr'īng-ly, *ad.* with admiration [tion
 Ād-mīf'fī-ble, *a.* that which may be ad-
 mitted [admitted
 Ād-mīf'fion, *f.* admittance, state of being
 Ād-mīt', *v. a.* to allow, grant access to
 Ād-mīt'ta-ble, *a.* that may be admitted
 Ād-mīt'tānce, *f.* permission to enter, custom
 Ād-mīx', *v. a.* to mingle with something else
 Ād-mīx'tī-ōn, *f.* the union of bodies mixed
 Ād-mīx'ture, *f.* the body mingled with another [advise
 Ād-mōn'īsh, *v. a.* to reprove, to warn, to
 Ād-mōn'īsh'ēr, *f.* he who reproves gently
 Ād-mōn'īsh-mēnt, *f.* notice of faults, reproof
 Ād-mō-nī'tion, *f.* counsel, reminding of duty
 Ād-mōn'ī-tō-ry, *a.* that which admonishes
 A-dō', *f.* trouble, difficulty, bustle, tumult
 Ād-o-lēf'cēnce, } *f.* age succeeding child-
 Ād-o-lēf'cēn-cy, } hood, followed by puberty
 Ād-ōpt', *v. a.* to make a son by choice
 Ād-ōpt'ēd-ly, *ad.* in the manner of adoption
 Ād-ōpt'ēr, *f.* he who makes choice of a son
 Ād-ōp'tion, *f.* act of adopting
 Ād-ōpt'īve, *a.* that which is adopted
 A-dōr'a-ble, *a.* worthy to be adored

A-dōr'a-ble-něs, *f.* worthiness of divine honour
A-dōr'a-bly, *ad.* worthy of divine worship
Ād-o-rā'tion, *f.* homage paid to the Divinity
A-dōre', *v. a.* to honour with divine worship
A-dōr'ér, *f.* a worshipper, a lover
Ad-ōrn', *v. a.* to dress, embellish
Ād-ōrn'měnt, *f.* embellishment [ground
A-dōwn', *ad.* and *pr.* on or towards the
A-drēad', *ad.* in a state of fear
A-drift', *ad.* floating at random
A-drōit', *a.* active, skilful, dexterous
A-drōit'něs, *f.* readiness, activity, dexterity
A-dry', *ad.* thirsty, athirst [ty
Ād-sci-tī'tious, *a.* taken in to complete
Ād-stric'tion, *f.* a binding together
Ād'u-la-to-ry, *a.* flattering
Ād-vānce', *v. a.* to bring forward, prefer, make improvement [ment
Ād-vānce'měnt, *f.* preferment, improvement
Ād-vānc'ér, *f.* a promoter, forwarder [gain
Ād-vān'tage, *v. a.* superiority; opportunity;
Ād-vān'tag-ěd, *a.* possessed of advantages
Ād-vān'tage-grōund, *f.* ground which gives superiority
Ād-vān-tā'geous, *a.* profitable
Ād-vān-tā'geous-ly, *ad.* profitably, usefully
Ād-vān-tā'geous-něs, *f.* profitableness
Ād-vēne', *v. n.* to accede to something, to be
Ād-vē'nī-ěnt, *a.* superadded [superadded
Ād'vēnt, *f.* the coming; that is, the coming of our Saviour [added
Ād-vēn'tīne, *a.* adventitious, extrinsically
Ād-vēn-tī'tious, *a.* accidental, supervenient
Ād-vēn'tīve, *f.* thing or person that comes from without [advent
Ād-vēn'tuāl, *a.* relating to the season of

Ād-vēn'ture, *f.* hazard, accident
Ād-vēn'ture, *v. a. & n.* to try the chance, to put in the power of chance
Ād-vēn'tur-ér, *f.* one who hazards [gerous
Ād-vēn'tur-ōūs, *a.* courageous, daring, dan-
Ād-vēn'tur-ōūf-ly, *ad.* boldly, daringly
Ād-vēn'ture-sōme, *f.* hardly, courageous
Ād-vēn'ture-sōme-něs, *f.* quality of being venturesome [jective
Ād'vėrb, *f.* a word joined to a verb or ad-
Ād-vėrb'ī-āl, *a.* having the quality of an adverb
Ād-vėrb'ī-āl-ly, *ad.* in the manner of an ad-
Ād-vėrs'a-ble, *a.* contrary to [verb
Ād-vėr-sā'rī-a, *f.* (*Lat.*) a common place
Ād'vėr-sa-ry, *f.* an opponent, antagonist
Ād-vėr'sa-tīve, *a.* making opposition or variety [trary directions
Ād'vėrse, *a.* calamitous, acting with con-
Ād-vėr'sī-ty, *f.* misfortune
Ād'vėrse-ly, *a.* oppositely, unfortunately
Ād-vėrt', *v. n.* to attend to, regard, observe
Ād-vėr'těnce, *f.* attention to, regard to
Ād-vėrt'ěn-cy, *f.* regard to
Ād-vėr-tīse', *v. a.* to give intelligence, to inform [tice
Ād-vėr-tīse'měnt, *f.* Ād-vėr'tīse-měnt, no-
Ād-vėr-tīf'ér, *f.* he who gives public notice
Ād-vėr-tīf'ing, *a.* monitory
Ād-vīce', *f.* counsel, instruction
Ād-vīce'-boat, *f.* a vessel employed to bring
Ād-vīf'a-ble, *a.* prudent [intelligence
Ād-vīf'a-ble-něs, *f.* quality of being advis-
 able [consult, to consider
Ād-vīse, *v. a. and n.* to counsel, inform; to
Ād-vīf'ěd, *a. and part.* acting with delibe-
 ration and design, prudent

Ād-vīf'ēd-ly, *ad.* deliberately, purposely
 Ād-vīf'ēd-nēss, *f.* prudent procedure
 Ād-vīf'e'mēnt, *f.* counsel, circumspection
 Ād-vīf'ēr, *f.* he who advises, a counsellor
 Ād-u-lā'tion, *f.* flattery, high compliment
 Ād-u-lā'tōr, *f.* a flatterer
 Ād-ūlt', *a.* grown up, past the age of infancy
 Ād-ūlt', *f.* a person above the age of infancy
 Ād-ūlt'nēss, *f.* the state of being adult [ther
 Ād-ūl'tēr, *v. a.* to commit adultery with ano-
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ānt, *f.* who or what adulterates
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ate, *v. a.* to commit adultery; to
 mix
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ate, *a.* tainted with the guilt of
 adultery; corrupted with foreign mixture
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ate-nēss, *f.* the state of being adul-
 terate [mixture
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ā'tion, *f.* act of corrupting by
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ēr, *f.* he who commits adultery
 Ād-ūl'tēr-īne, *f.* a child born of an adulteress
 Ād-ūl'tēr-ōus, *a.* guilty of adultery
 Ād-ūl'tēr-y, *f.* act of violating the bed of a
 married person
 Ād-ūm'brānt, *a.* giving a slight resemblance
 Ād-ūm'brate, *v. a.* to give a slight likeness
 Ād-ūm-brā'tion, *f.* a faint sketch
 Ād-ū-nā'tion, *f.* union, state of being united
 Ād-ūn'cī-ty, *f.* crookedness, hookedness
 Ād-ūnque', *a. pron.* ād-ūnk, crooked
 Ād'vo-ca-cy, *f.* vindication, defence, apology
 Ād'vo-cate, *f.* a pleader in a court of judi-
 cature [pleading
 Ād-vo-cā'tion, *f.* plea, apology, office of
 Ād-vōū'try, *f.* adultery [vowson
 Ād-vō-v-ēe', *f.* he who has the right of ad-
 Ād-vōw'sōn, *f.* a right to present to a bene-
 Ād-ūre', *v. n.* to burn up [fice

Ād-ūst', *a.* burnt up, scorched
 Ādze, *f.* a sort of ax
 A-ē'rī-āl, *a.* belonging to the air
 Ā'e-rīe, *f.* a nest of birds of prey
 A-e-rōl'o-gy, *f.* the doctrine of the air
 A-e-rōm'ān-cy, *f.* art of divining by signs
 in the air
 A-e-rōm'e-try, *f.* art of measuring the air
 A-e-rōf'co-py, *f.* the observation of the air
 A-fār', *ad.* at a distance
 A-fēard', *part.* frightened, terrified [vility
 Āf-fa-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* easiness of manners; ci-
 Āf'fa-ble, *a.* civil, complaisant, mild
 Āf'fa-ble-nēss, *f.* courtesy
 Āf'fa-bly, *ad.* civilly, courteously
 Āf'fāir', *f.* business; matter; thing [sion
 Āf-fēct', *f.* affectation; circumstance; pas-
 Āf-fēct', *v. a.* to move the passions, to ani-
 mate
 Āf-fēc-tā'tion, *f.* an artificial appearance
 Āf-fēct'ēd, *part.* not natural; afflicted;
 Āf-fēct'ēd-ly, *ad.* hypocritically [moved
 Āf-fēct'ēd-nēss, *f.* quality of being affected
 Āf-fēc'tion, *f.* love, quality, zeal
 Āf-fēc'tion-ate, *a.* fond, tender, zealous
 Āf-fēc'tion-ate-ly, *ad.* lovingly
 Āf-fēc'tion-ate-nēss, *f.* tenderness, good will
 Āf-fēc'tion-ēd, *a.* conceited; inclined
 Āf-fī'ānce, *f.* confidence, hope, trust
 Āf-fī'ānce, *v. a.* to confide in, to betroth
 Āf-fī-dā'vīt, *f.* a declaration upon oath
 Āf-fī'ēd, *part.* joined by contract
 Āf-fīn-age, *f.* the act of refining metals
 Āf-fīl-ī-ā'tion, *f.* adoption
 Āf-fīn'ī-ty, *f.* kindred, relation [tify
 Āf-fīrm', *v. a.* to confirm, to declare, to ra-
 Āf-fīrm'a-ble, *a.* that which may be affirmed

Āf-firm'ance, *f.* confirmation
 Āf-firm'ant, *f.* he who affirms [claration
 Āf-firm-ā'tion, *f.* the act of affirming; de-
 Āf-firm'a-tive, *a.* that which affirms
 Āf-firm'a-tive-ly, *ad.* not negatively
 Āf-firm'ér, *f.* one who affirms
 Āf-fix', *v. a.* to fasten to, to subjoin
 Āf-fix'ion, *f.* act of affixing, state of being
 Āf-flā'tion, *f.* act of breathing upon [affixed
 Āf-flēt', *v. a.* to disquiet, to grieve, to trou-
 Āf-flēt'ed-nēss, *f.* sorrowfulness, grief [ble
 Āf-flēt'ér, *f.* the person who afflicts
 Āf-flīc'tion, *f.* calamity, grief
 Āf-flīc'tive, *a.* painful, tormenting
 Āf-flu-ēnce, *f.* great store; plenty; wealth
 Āf-flu-ēnt, *a.* plentiful; wealthy [place
 Āf-flūx' } *f.* the act of flowing to some
 Āf-flūx'ion, } that flows to another place
 Āf-fōrd', *v. a.* to give; to grant; to produce
 Āf-frān'chīse, *v. a.* to make free
 Āf-frāy', *f.* a quarrel
 Āf-frīc'tion, *f.* friction, or rubbing
 Āf-frīght', *v. a.* to scare, to terrify
 Āf-frōnt', *f.* an insult, outrage
 Āf-frōnt', *v. a.* to offend, to provoke
 Āf-frōnt'ér, *f.* he who affronts
 Āf-frōnt'ing, *part.* causing affront
 Āf-fūse', *v. a.* to pour one thing on another
 Āf-fy', *v. a.* to betroth; to engage; to pro-
 Āf-fy', *v. n.* to confide in [mise
 A-field', *ad.* to the field
 A-flāt', *ad.* level with the ground
 A-flōat', *ad.* floating
 A-foōt', *ad.* on foot
 A-fōre', *prep. & ad.* in time past; before
 A-fōre'nām'ed, Ā-fōre'said', *a.* named or
 said before

A-fōre'time, *ad.* in time past
 A-frāid', *part.* terrified, frightened
 A-frēsh', *ad.* again; anew
 A-frōnt', *ad.* in front
 'Aft, *ad.* the same as abaft
 'Af'tér, *prep.* behind; *ad.* following another
 'Af'tér-a-g,ēs, *f.* posterity
 'Af'tér-āll', *ad.* at last
 'Af'tér-birth, *f.* the secundine
 'Af'tér-māth, *f.* the second crop
 'Af'tér-nōon', *f.* from noon to evening
 'Af'tér-pāins, *f.* pains after birth
 'Af'tér-thōught, *f.* the thought after any
 thing is done
 'Af'tér-wārd, *ad.* in time to come
 A-gain', *ad.* once more
 A-gainst', *prep.* opposite
 A-gāpe', *ad.* staring with eagerness
 Āg'ate, *f.* a precious stone
 A-gāst' or A-ghāst', *a.* amazed; astonished
 A-gāze', *v. a.* to make amazed
 Āge, *f.* a space of time; a man's life; 100
 Āg,ēd, *a.* old, stricken in years [years
 A-g,ēn', *ad.* again, in return
 A-g,ēn-cy, *f.* business performed by an agent
 Āg,ēnt, *f.* substitute, or dealer for another
 Āg,ēnt, *a.* that which acts
 Āg,g,ér-ate, *v. a.* to heap up
 Āg-glōm'ér-āte, *v. a.* to gather into a ball
 Āg-glū'tīn-āte, *v. n.* to unite one part to ano-
 Āg-glu-tīn-ā'tion, *f.* cohesion, union [ther
 Āg-grān'dīze, *v. a.* to make great, advance
 Āg-grān'dīze-mēnt, *f.* a being aggrandized
 Āg'gra-vate, *v. a.* to make worse, provoke
 Āg-gra-vā'tion, *f.* provocation
 Āg'gre-gate, *v. a.* to collect together [culars
 Āg'gre-gate, *f.* sum, or whole of several parti-

Āg-gre-gā'tion, *f.* act of gathering together
 Āg-grēs's', *v. n.* to commit violence [lence
 Āg-grēs'sion, *f.* a setting upon with vio-
 Āg-grēs's'fór, *f.* the assaulter, or invader
 Āg-grîev'ance, *f.* complaint, injury
 Āg-grîeve', *v. a.* to injure, to vex
 Āg-grôup', *v. a.* to bring together into one
 Āg, 'île, *a.* active, nimble [figure
 A-gbâst', *a.* struck with horror
 A-g, 'îl'î-ty, *f.* activity, nimbleness [week
 A-g, 'îst', *v. a.* to take in cattle to feed by the
 A-g, 'îst'mënt, *f.* the herbage of cattle on a
 forest; composition; mean rate
 Āg, 'î-tate, *v. a.* to discuss; to move, to shake
 Āg, 'î-tā'tion, *f.* the act of moving
 Āg, 'î-tāt'ór, *f.* he who manages affairs
 Āg'lēt, *f.* representation of some animal
 Āg'nā'îl, *f.* a disease of the nail, or whitlow
 Āg-nā'tion, *f.* kindred by the father's side
 Āg-nî'tion, *f.* acknowledgment [confess
 Āg-nîze', *v. n.* to acknowledge, to own, to
 A-gō', *ad.* past, long since
 A-gōg', *ad.* in a state of desire, very desir-
 A-gō'îng, *ad.* in action [ous
 Āg-o-nîs's'tēs, *f.* a prize fighter
 Āg'o-nîze, *v. n.* to be in great pain
 Āg'o-ny, *f.* the pangs of death, violent pain
 A-grā'rî-ān, *a.* relating to land
 A-grēe', *v. a. & n.* to reconcile; to strike
 a bargain; to consent
 A-grēe'a-ble, *a.* pleasing, suitable
 A-grēe'a-ble-nēs's, *f.* consistence; pleasant-
 A-grēe'a-bly, *ad.* consistently [ness
 A-grē'ēd, *part.* settled by consent
 A-grē'e'mënt, *f.* bargain; covenant, concord
 Āg, 'rî-cūl'ture, *f.* tillage, husbandry
 A-grōūnd', *ad.* run a-ground, stranded

Ā'gue, *f.* an intermitting fever
 Ā'gu-ēd, *a.* shivering, struck with an ague
 Ā'gu-îsh, *a.* like an ague [ague
 Ā'guîsh-nēs's, *f.* quality of resembling an
 Āh, *interj.* denotes dislike; compassion
 Ā-hà', Ā-hà', *interj.* denotes pleasure, tri-
 A-hēad', *ad.* headlong, forward [umph
 A-heîght', *ad.* on high, aloft
 Āid, *f.* help, subsidy, support
 Āid, *v. a.* to assist, to help, to succour
 Āid'ance, *f.* help, support
 Āid'ant, *a.* helping, helpful
 Āid'de-cāmp', *f.* a military officer
 Āid'ér, *f.* an ally, a helper
 Āid'lēs's, *a.* helpless, unsupported
 Āî'gu-lēt, *f.* a point with tags, points of
 Āîl, *v. n.* to be disordered, to be sick [gold
 Āîl'mënt, *f.* disease, pain, trouble
 Āîl'îng, *part.* sickly
 Āîm, *v. a.* to take sight, design [ture, tune
 Āîr, *f.* element in which we breathe, ges-
 Āîr, *v. a.* to give or take air
 Āîr'buîlt, *a.* built in the air
 Āîr'hōle, *f.* a hole to admit air
 Āîr'î-nēs's, *f.* much in the air; gaiety
 Āîr'îng, *f.* a short tour abroad
 Āîr'lēs's, *a.* without air [vessels
 Āîr'pūmp', *f.* a machine to draw air out of
 Āîr'shāst, *f.* passage for air into mines
 Āîr'y, *a.* light as air; brisk; windy
 Āîsle, *f.* walk in a church, wing of a choir
 A-kîn', *a.* allied by blood, related
 Āl'a-bāst-ér, *f.* soft white marble
 A-läck', *intj.* alas! an expression of sorrow
 A-lăc'rî-ty, *f.* cheerfulness, liveliness
 Āl-a-mōde', *f.* a fine, even, glossy silk
 Āl-a-mōde', *ad.* in the fashion

A-làrm', or A-làr'üm, *f.* notice of danger
 A-làrm'ing, *part. a.* terrifying, awakening
 A-làs', or A-läck', *interj.* token of sorrow
 Àlb, *f.* a surplice [or pity
 Àl-bē'it, *ad.* although
 Àl'ca-hěst, *f.* an universal dissolvent
 Àl-c, hým'ic-ál, *a.* relating to alchymy
 Àl'c, hým-ist, *f.* a studier of alchymy
 Àl'c, hým-y, *f.* sublime chymistry
 Àl'co-höl, *f.* a high rectified spirit of wine
 Àl-co-höl-ī-zā'tion, *f.* a reducing bodies to
 alcohol
 Àl'co-höl-ize, *v. a.* to reduce to alcohol
 Àl-cō'rān, *f.* the Turkish bible
 Àl-cō've', *f.* a private recess to lie or sit in
 Àl'dér, *f.* a tree
 Àl'dér-mān, *f.* an incorporate magistrate
 Àl'dérn, *a.* made of alder
 Àle, *f.* liquor made by infusing malt and hops
 in boiling water, and then fermenting
 Àle'con-nér, *f.* an officer to examine ale pots
 Àl'e-gār, *f.* an acid made of ale, four ale
 Àle-hôof, *f.* ground-ivy
 Àle'hôûse, *f.* a place where ale is sold
 Àle'hôûse-keep-ér, *f.* one who sells ale, a
 A-lēm'bīc, *f.* a kind of still [viçtualler
 A-lért', *a.* brisk; watchful
 A-lért'něs, *f.* briskness
 Àle'wīfe, *f.* she who keeps an ale-house
 Àl-ěx-ān'drīne, *f.* an English verse of 12
 syllables
 A-lěx-ī-phārm'ic } *a.* which drives away
 A-lěx-ī-těr'ic, } poison
 Àl'ge-bra, *f.* literal arithmetic
 Àl-ge-brā'ic, } *a.* pertaining to algebra
 Àl-ge-brā'ic-ál, }
 Àl-ge-brā'ist, *f.* one skilled in algebra

Àl-gīd, *a.* chill, cold
 Àl-g, id'ī-ty, *f.* chilness, coldness
 Àl-g, if'ic, *a.* that which produces cold
 Àl'gór, *f.* extreme cold, chilness
 À'lī-ās, *ad.* otherwise
 Àl'ī-ble, *a.* nourishing, nutritive
 À'lī-ēn, *f.* a foreigner: *a.* foreign
 À'lī-ēn, *v. a.* to estrange, to transfer
 Àl'ī-ēn-a-ble, *a.* what may be transferred
 Àl'ī-ēn-ate, *v. a.* to transfer
 Àl'ī-ēn-ā'tion, *f.* a making over, a selling
 A-līght', *v. a.* to get off a horse; fall upon
 A-līke', *ad.* in the same manner or form
 Àl'ī-měnt, *f.* food, nourishment
 Àl-ī-měnt'ál, *a.* that which nourishes
 Àl-ī-měnt'a-ry, *a.* belonging to aliment
 Àl-ī-měnt-ā'tion, *f.* quality of nourishing
 Àl-ī mō'ni-ous, *a.* that which nourishes
 Àl-ī-mōn-y, *f.* a separate maintenance
 Àl'ī-qūānt, *a.* what does not measure ex-
 actly [actly
 Àl'ī-qūōt, *a.* what measures a number ex-
 Àl'īsh, *a.* resembling ale
 A-līve', *a.* not dead, active
 Àl'ka-hěst, *f.* an universal dissolvent
 Àl-ka-lěs'cěnt, *a.* tending to the properties
 of an alkali
 Àl'ka-lī, *f.* a substance which, when mingled
 with acid, produces fermentation
 Àl'ka-līne, *a.* having the quality of alkali
 Àl-kāl'ī-zate, *v. a.* to make alkaline
 Àl-kāl-ī-zā'tion, *f.* act of alkalizing
 Àll, *f.* the whole; *a.* every one; *ad.* wholly,
 quite
 Àll'fōurš', *f.* a low game at cards
 Àll-hāil', *f.* all health [vember
 Àll-hāl'lōw-tīde, *f.* all-saints day, 1st No-

Āl-lāy', *v. a.* to mix metals; to abate
 Āl-lāy', *or* Āl-lōy', *f.* base metal mixed in
 Āl-lāy'ér, *f.* who or what allays [coins
 Āl-le-gā'tion, *f.* affirmation, plea
 Āl-lēg,ér, *f.* he who alleges
 Āl-lēg,e', *or* Āl-ledg,e', *v. a.* to affirm, to de-
 Āl-lēg,e'a-ble, *a.* may be alleged [clare
 Āl-lē'g,i-ānce, *f.* the duty of subjects
 Āl-lē'g,i-ānt, *a.* loyal
 Āl-le-gōr'ic, } *a.* pertaining to an alle-
 Āl-le-gōr'ic-āl, } gory, not real, not literal
 Āl-lē-gōr'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* after an allegorical
 manner
 Āl'le-gōr-ize, *v. a.* to form an allegory
 Āl'le-gōr-y, *f.* a figurative speech
 Āl-lē'grō, *f.* a sprightly motion in music
 Āl-le-lū'jah, *f.* praise ye the Lord [soften
 Āl-lēv'ī-ate, *v. a.* to make light, to ease, to
 Āl-lēv-ī-ā'tion, *f.* act of making easy or light
 Āl-le-y, *f.* a narrow passage or walk
 Āl-lī'ānce, *f.* union by treaty or marriage
 Āl-lī'cien-cy, *f.* power of attracting
 Āl-lī'ēd, *a.* united, related to
 Āl-lī-gate, *v. a.* to tie one thing to another
 Āl-lī-gā'tion, *f.* the act of tying together;
 rule of arithmetic
 Āl-lī-gā'tōr, *f.* a crocodile [other
 Āl-lī'fion, *f.* striking one thing against an-
 Āl-lo-cā'tion, *f.* act of putting one thing to
 another
 Āl-lo-cū'tion, *f.* the act of speaking to
 Āl-lō'dī-āl, *a.* independent, not feudal
 Āl-lōng,e', *f.* a pass or thrust at an enemy
 Āl-lōo', *v. a.* to set on, to incite
 Āl-lōt', *v. a.* to distribute, to share; to grant
 Āl-lōt'mēnt, *f.* a part or share
 Āl-lōw', *v. a.* to pay to; admit; permit

Āl-lōw'a-ble, *a.* lawful, that may be admit-
 Āl-lōw'a-ble-nēss, *f.* lawfulness [ted
 Āl-lōw'ānce, *f.* licence; portion; abatement
 Āl-lōy', *f.* baser metal mixed in coinage;
 abatement
 Āl-lūde', *v. n.* to refer to
 Āl-lū'mīn-ór, *f.* one who paints on paper
 Āl-lūre', *v. a.* to entice, tempt, inveigle
 Āl-lūre'mēnt, *f.* enticement, temptation
 Āl-lūr'ér, *f.* an enticer
 Āl-lūr'īng-ly, *ad.* enticingly, temptingly
 Āl-lūr'īng-nēss, *f.* temptation
 Āl-lū'fion, *f.* a comparison; hint; reference
 Āl-lū'fīve, *a.* hinting at, likening
 Āl-lū'fīve-ly, *ad.* in an allusive manner
 Āl-lū'fīve-nēss, *f.* quality of being allusive
 Āl-līy', *f.* a friend or confederate
 Āl-līy', *v. a.* to unite by contract, &c.
 Āl'ma-nāc, *f.* a calendar of the moon's
 change, and other particulars for a year
 Āl-mīght'ī-nēss, *f.* power over, or to do all
 things
 Āl'mīght'y, *f.* God; *a.* of an unlimited power
 Āl'mōnd, *f.* a nut of a tree
 Āl'mōnds of the throat, *f.* two round glands
 Āl'mōn-ér, *f.* a distributor of alms
 Āl'mōn-ry, *f.* place where alms are distri-
 Āl-mōst', *ad.* nearly, well-nigh [buted
 Ālms, *f.* relief of the poor, charitable dona-
 Ālms'dēd, *f.* charitable gift [tions
 Ālms'hōūse, *f.* an hospital for the poor
 Ālms'mān, *f.* a man living upon alms
 Āl'nage, *f.* ell-measure
 Āl'ōes, *f.* a bitter gum, a tree; precious wood
 Āl-o-ēt'īc-āl, *a.* consisting of aloes
 A-lōft', *ad.* on high, in the air
 Āl'o-g,y, *f.* absurdity, unreasonableness

A-lōne', *a.* without company
 A-lōng', *ad.* at length, forward, onward
 A-lōof', *ad.* at a distance, close to the wind
 A-lōūd', *ad.* very noisy, loudly
 A-lōw', *ad.* in a low place, not aloft
 Āl'pha, *f.* the Greek *A* or *a*
 Āl'pha-bēt, *f.* the letters in any language
 Āl-pha-bēt'ic-āl, *a.* according to the alphabet
 Āl-pha-bēt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* by way of alphabet
 Āl-rēad'y, *ad.* before, or at this present time
 Āl'fō, *ad.* likewise, in the same manner
 Āl'tār, *f.* place for divine offerings or communion
 Āl'tér, *v. a.* to change, to vary [munion
 Āl'tér-a-ble, *a.* changeable, that may be changed
 Āl'tér-a-ble-něs, } *f.* quality of being al-
 Āl'tér-a-bly, } tered
 Āl'tér-ānt, *a.* producing a change
 Āl'tér-ā'tion, *f.* the change made
 Āl'tér-a-tīve, *f.* a medicine which changes the humour of the body without sensible operation
 Āl'tér-cate, *v. n.* to contend, dispute
 Āl-tér-cā'tion, *f.* debate, quarrel [turns
 Āl-térn', Āl-tér'na-tīve, *a.* in succession, by
 Āl-térn'a-cy, *f.* action performed by turns
 Āl-térn'ate, *v. n.* to change, perform by turns
 Āl-térn'ate-ly, *ad.* by turns, reciprocally
 Āl-térn'ate-něs, *f.* quality of being alternate [tual change
 Āl-tér-nā'tion, *f.* reciprocal succession, mutual
 Āl-tér'na-tīve, *f.* one, or choice of two things
 Āl-tér'na-tīve-ly, *ad.* by turns

Āl-tér'na-tīve-něs, *f.* quality or state of being alternative
 Āl-tér'nī-ty, *f.* alternation, succession
 Āl-t̃hōugh', *ad.* notwithstanding, however
 Āl-tīl'o-quēnce, *f.* pompous language
 Āl-tīm'e-try, *f.* art of measuring heights
 Āl-tīf'o-nānt, *a.* pompous, high in sound
 Āl'tī-tude, *f.* the height of a place
 Āl'tō, *f.* the upper, or counter-tenor
 Āl-to-g, ēth'ér, *ad.* without exception, completely
 Āl'ūm, *f.* a corrosive mineral [pletely
 Āl-ū'mīn-oūs, *a.* containing alum
 Āl'wāys, *ad.* perpetually, for ever
 A-ma-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* loveliness, agreeableness
 A-māin', *ad.* with vigour, or vehemence
 A-māl'gām, A-māl'gām-a, *f.* mixture of metals procured by amalgamation
 A-māl'gām-ate, *v. a.* to mix metals with quicksilver [amalgamating metals
 A-māl-gām-ā'tion, *f.* the act or practice of
 A-mān-u-ēn'fīs, *f.* a writer of another's words or works
 Ām'a-rānth, *f.* a never-fading flower
 Ām-a-rānth'īne, *a.* relating to amaranths
 A-mār'ī-tude, *f.* bitterness
 A-māss'mēnt, *f.* an accumulation, a heap
 A-māss', *v. a.* to heap up, collect together
 A-māze', *v. a.* to astonish, surprise; perplex
 A-māze', *f.* astonishment, confusion, wonder
 A-māz'ēd-ly, *ad.* confusedly, with amazement [mazed
 A-māz'ēd-něs, *f.* the state of being amazed
 A-māze'mēnt, *f.* great fear, astonishment
 A-māz'īng, *part. a.* wonderful, astonishing
 A-māz'īng-ly, *ad.* beyond expectation
 Ām'a-zōn, *f.* a masculine woman, a virago
 Ām-bā'g, ēš, *f.* circumlocution

Ām-bāf'sa-dōur, *f.* a representative of a prince of state, sent upon business to foreign powers [fadour

Ām-bāf'sa-drēs, *f.* the lady of an ambas-

Ām'bāf-sage, *f.* an embassy

Ām'bér, *f.* a sort of yellow drug; pale ale

Ām'bér-grīs, *f.* a sweet-smelling drug

Ām-bī-dex'tér, *f.* one who uses both hands; a knave

Ām-bī-dēx-tér'ī-ty, *f.* double-dealing

Ām-bī-dēx'trouš, *a.* double-dealing

Ām'bī-ēnt, *a.* encompassing, surrounding

Ām-bī-gu', *f.* a medley of dishes [rity

Ām-bī-gū'i-ty, *f.* a double meaning, obscu-

Ām-bīg'u-oūs, *a.* doubtful, mysterious

Ām-bīg'u-oūs-ly, *ad.* doubtfully [tion

Ām-bīg'u-oūs-nēs, *f.* duplicity of significa-

Ām'bīt, *f.* the compass of any thing

Ām-bī'tion, *f.* earnest desire; pride

Ām-bī'tious, *a.* aspiring

Ām-bī'tious-ly, *ad.* with eagerness of advancement or preference

Ām-bī'tious-nēs, *f.* quality of being ambi-

Ām'bī-tude, *f.* circuit, compass [ous

Ām'ble, *v. n.* to move easily, to pace

Ām'blér, *f.* a pacer

Ām'blīng, *f.* easy pace of a horse

Ām'blīng-ly, *ad.* with an ambling movement

Ām-brō'fīa, *f.* the food of the gods

Ām-brō'fīāl, ām-brō'fīān, *a.* delicious

Ām'bry, *f.* a pantry for victuals or plate

Āmbf'āce, *f.* two aces thrown at dice

Ām-bu-lā'tion, *f.* the act of walking

Ām'bu-la-to-ry, *a.* what has the power of walking

Ām-būf-cāde', *f.* a place of surprise

Ām'būsh, *f.* a place in a wood to lie in wait

Ām'būsh-ēd, *a.* placed in an ambush

A-mēn', *ad.* so be it, so let it be; verily

A-mē'na-ble, *a.* subject to, responsible

A-mēnd', *v. a. & n.* to correct; grow better

A-mēnde', *f. Fr.* a fine by way of recompense

A-mēnd'ér, *f.* the person who amends any thing

A-mēnd'mēnt, *f.* a change for the better

A-mēnds, *f.* recompense, satisfaction

A-mēn'ī-ty, *f.* pleasantness of situation

A-mérce', *v. a.* to punish with a fine

A-mérce'mēnt, *f.* a fine

A-mérç'ér, *f.* he who inflicts a fine

Ām'e-thýst, *f.* a precious stone

Ām-e-thýst'īne, *a.* resembling an amethyst

Ā'mī-a-ble, *a.* lovely, pleasing

Ā'mī-a-ble-nēs, *f.* loveliness

Ā'mī-a-bly, *ad.* lovelily

Ām'ī-ca-ble, *a.* friendly, kind

Ām'ī-ca-ble-nēs, *f.* friendship, good will

Ām'ī-ca-bly, *ad.* in a friendly way

A-mīd', A-mīdīt', *ad.* in the middle

A-mīfs', *ad.* wrong

A-mīf'sion, *f.* loss

Ām'ī-ty, *f.* friendship

Ām-mu-nī'tion, *f.* military stores

Ām'nēs-ty, *f.* a general pardon [with

A-mōng', A-mōngīt', *prep. and ad.* mingled

Ām'o-rīst, Ām-o-rō'so, *f.* a gallant, lover

Ām'o-roūs, *a.* enamoured, fond

Ām'o-roūs-ly, *ad.* lovingly

Ām'o-roūs-nēs, *f.* lovingness

A-mōrt', *a.* dead, depressed

A-mōūnt', *f.* the sum total

A-mōūnt', *v. n.* to rise up in value, to in-

Ām-ōur', *f.* a love-intrigue [crease

Ām-phīb'ī-ōūs, *a.* living in two elements
 Ām-phīb'ī-ōūf-něs, *f.* the quality of being
 able to live in different elements
 Ām-phī-bo-lōg, 'ī-cāl, *a.* doubtful
 Ām-phī-bo-lōg, 'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* doubtfully
 Ām-phī-bōl'ō-g, y, *f.* a doubtful speech
 Ām-phīb'ō-lōūs, *a.* tossed about
 Ām-phī-thē'a-tre, *f.* a play-house
 Ām'ple, *a.* large; liberal, splendid
 Ām'ple-něs, *f.* largeness; splendour
 Ām'plī-ate, *v. a.* to enlarge, to extend
 Ām-plīf'ī-cate, *v. a.* to enlarge, to amplify
 Ām'plī-fi'ér, *f.* one who exaggerates
 Ām-plī-ā'tion, } *f.* enlargement
 Ām-plīf-ī-cā'tion, }
 Ām'plī-f ŷ, *v. a.* to enlarge, to exaggerate
 Ām'plī-tude, *f.* capacity, extent
 Ām'ply, *ad.* copiously, liberally
 Ām'pu-tate, *v. a.* to cut off
 Ām-pu-tā'tion, *f.* act of cutting off
 Ām'u-lēt, *f.* an appendant medicine, a charm
 A-mūse', *v. a.* to deceive; to entertain
 A-mūse'měnt, *f.* a pastime, a toy
 A-mūs'ér, *f.* he who amuses
 A-mūs'ive, *a.* that which has power to
 move
 Ān, *article,* one, any, or some
 Ā'na, *f.* same quantity
 Ān-a-bāp'tīst, *f.* a sort of heretic
 Ān-ac'h'ō-rīte, *f.* a hermit, a recluse
 A-nāch'ro-nīsm, *f.* an error in the ac-
 count of time
 Ān'a-grām, *f.* transposing the letters of a
 name; as, *W, i, l, l, i, a, m, N, o, y.*—
 I moyl in law.
 Ān-a-grām'ma-tīst, *f.* a maker of anagrams
 Ān-a-grām'ma-tīse, *v. n.* to make anagrams

Ān'āl-ēcts, *f.* fragments collected from au-
 thors
 Ān-a-lēp'tic, *a.* comforting, strengthening
 Ān-a-lōg, 'īc-āl, *a.* pertaining to analogy
 Ān-a-lōg, 'īc-āl-ly, *ad.* by way of analogy
 Ān-āl'ō-g, īze, *v. a.* to explain by way of an-
 Ān-āl'ō-gōūs, *a.* having analogy [alogy
 Ān-āl'ō-g, y, *f.* relation, resemblance, pro-
 portion
 Ān-āl'ŷ-f'īs, *f.* a separation of parts, to dis-
 cover truth and proportion
 Ān-a-lŷt'īc-āl, *a.* of or belonging to analysis
 Ān-a-lŷt'īc-āl-ly, *ad.* by resolving the parts
 Ān'a-lŷze, *v. a.* to investigate, or trace a
 thing to its principles
 Ān'a-lŷz-ér, *f.* what has the power of ana-
 lyzing [tive; projection
 Ān-a-mōr'pho-f'īs, *f.* deformation; perspec-
 Ān-ā'nas, *f.* the pine-apple
 Ān'ārc'h, *f.* an author of confusion
 Ān-ār'c'hī-āl, *a.* confused, without rule
 Ān'ārc'h-y, *f.* want of government, confu-
 sion
 A-nāth'e-ma, *f.* curse, excommunication
 Ān-a-thēm'a-tīse, *v. a.* to excommunicate
 Ān-a-tīf'ér-ōūs, *a.* producing ducks
 Ān-āt'ō-cīsm, *f.* accumulation of interest
 upon interest
 Ān-a-tōm'īc-āl, *a.* belonging to anatomy
 Ān-a-tōm'īc-āl-ly, *ad.* by way of dissection
 Ān-āt'ō-mīst, *f.* he who anatomizes
 Ān-āt'ō-mīze, *v. a.* to dissect an animal
 Ān-āt'ō-my, *f.* art of dissection, a skeleton
 Ān'cēs-tōr, *f.* one from whom we descend
 Ān'cēs-try, *f.* birth, lineage, pedigree
 Ān'c'hōr, *f.* of a ship, best dependence
 Ān'c'hōr, *v. a.* to cast an anchor

Ān'c, hōr-ēt, *f.* a hermit, a recluse
 Ān'cient, *a.* not modern, old, past
 Ān'cients, *f.* those who lived in old times
 Ān'cient-ly, *ad.* in old times
 Ān'cient-nēss, *f.* antiquity [birth
 Ān'cient-ry, *f.* ancient lineage, dignity of
 Ānd, *conj.* [distinct
 Ān-dān'té, *ad.* notes that are equal and
 Ānd'i-ron, *f.* pronounced Ānd'ī-ūrn, irons at
 the end of a fire-grate
 Ān-drōg'ŷ-nāl, *a.* having two sexes
 Ān-drōg'ŷ-nāl-ly, *ad.* with two sexes
 Ān'ēc-dōte, *f.* a piece of secret history
 Ān-e-mōg'ra-phy, *f.* description of the winds
 Ān-e-mōm'e-tér, *f.* an instrument to measure
 the wind
 A-nēm'o-ny, *f.* the emony, or wind-flower
 A-new', *ad.* over again, newly
 Ān'g, ēl, *f.* a heavenly messenger; a beauti-
 ful person; a gold coin, value 10s.
 Ān-g, ēl'ī-ca, *f.* name of a plant [gels
 Ān-g, ēl'īc, Ān-g, ēl'īc-āl, *a.* resembling an-
 Ān-g, ēl'īc-āl-nēss, *f.* excellence more than
 Ān'g, ér, *f.* passion, rage [human
 Ān'gle, *f.* point where two edges meet, a
 corner; a fishing-rod
 Ān'gle, *v. a.* to fish with a rod and hook
 Ān'glér, *f.* one who fishes with an angle
 Ān'glī-cīsm, *f.* an English idiom, *or,* the
 manner of speaking English
 Ān'grī-ly, *ad.* in an angry manner
 Ān'gry, *a.* tormented with anger
 Ān'gūīsh, *f.* excessive pain or grief
 Ān'gūīsh-ēd, *a.* excessively pained
 Ān'gu-lār, *a.* having corners
 Ān-gu-lār'ī-ty, *f.* quality of being angular
 Ān'gu-lār-ly, *ad.* with angles

Ān'gu-lār-nēss, *f.* quality of being angular
 Ān'gu-lat-ēd, *a.* formed with angles
 Ān-gu-lōf'ī-ty, *f.* angularity
 Ān'gu-loūs, *a.* angular; hooked
 Ān-gūst', *a.* narrow, strait
 Ān-gūst-ā'tion, *f.* the act of making narrow
 Ān-he-lā'tion, *f.* the act of panting
 Ān-he-lōse', *a.* out of breath
 Ān'ī-ēnt-ēd, *a.* frustrated
 A-nights', *ad.* night after night [woman
 Ān-īle'nēss, Ān-īl'ī-ty, *f.* the old age of
 Ān'ī-ma-ble, *a.* that may be put into life
 Ān-ī-mād-vér'sion, *f.* blame; censure; re-
 proof [of judging
 Ān-ī-mād-vér'sīve, *a.* that has the power
 Ān-ī-mād-vért', *v. n.* to censure, to criticize
 Ān-ī-mād-vért'ér, *f.* a censurer, a critic
 Ān'ī-māl, *f.* a living creature
 Ān-ī-māl'cule, *f.* a small animal; an insect
 Ān'ī-mate, *a.* possessing animal life, alive
 Ān'ī-mate, *v. a.* to make alive; to encourage
 Ān'ī-mat-ēd, *part.* lively; vigorous [ing
 Ān-ī-mā'tion, *f.* the act or cause of animat-
 Ān'ī-ma-tīve, *a.* giving life
 Ān-ī-mā'tōr, *f.* that which gives life
 Ān-ī-mōse', *a.* full of spirit; hot
 Ān-ī-mōf'ī-ty, *f.* extreme hatred; rage
 Ān'īse, *f.* a species of parsley
 Ān'kér, *f.* a vessel of liquid measure
 Ān'kle, *f.* a joint between the foot and leg
 Ān'nāl-īst, *f.* a writer of annals
 Ān'nālš, *f.* histories digested by years
 Ān'nāts, *f.* first fruits
 Ān-nēal', *v. a.* to temper glass, &c.
 Ān-nēx', *f.* a thing annexed
 Ān-nēx', *v. a.* to join, to unite
 Ān-nēx-ā'tion, *f.* addition; union

Ān-něx'íon, *f.* act of annexing [nixed
 Ān-něx'měnt, *f.* act of annexing; thing an-
 Ān-nī'hī-la-ble, *a.* that may be put out of
 existence [destroy
 Ān-nī'hīl-ate, *v. a.* to reduce to nothing, to
 Ān-nī'hīl-ā'tion, *f.* destruction
 Ān-nī-vér'sa-ry, *f.* a yearly commemorati-
 on or feast
 Ān'no Dōm'ī-nī, in the year of our Lord
 Ān-no-tā'tion, *f.* explication, note [ator
 Ān-no-tā'tōr, *f.* a writer of notes, comment-
 Ān-nōũnce', *v. a.* to declare, to publish
 Ān-nōỹ', *v. a.* to hurt, incommode, to in-
 jure
 Ān-nōỹ', Ān-nōỹ'ance, *f.* hurt, molestation
 Ān-nōỹ'ance, *f.* act of annoying; what an-
 Ān-nōỹ'ér, *f.* one who annoys [noys
 Ān'nu-āl, *a.* bearing every year
 Ān'nu-āl-ly, *ad.* year by year
 Ān-nū'ī-tānt, *f.* he who has an annuity
 Ān-nū'ī-ty, *f.* a yearly allowance
 Ān-nūl', *v. a.* to make void, abolish
 Ān'nu-lār, Ān'nu-la-ry, *a.* having the form
 of a ring [number
 Ān-nū-me-rate, *v. a.* to add to a former
 Ān-nu-me-rā'tion, *f.* addition to a former
 number
 Ān'nu-lěr, *f.* a little ring; mark in heraldry
 Ān-nūn'cī-ate, *v. a.* to bring tidings, report
 Ān-nūn-cī-ā'tion-day, *f.* day on which an
 angel appeared to the Virgin Mary, to
 declare our Saviour's birth
 Ān'o-dýne, *a.* mitigating pain
 Ān-ōĩnt', *v. a.* to rub with unctuous matter
 Ān-ōĩnt'ér, *f.* the person who anoints
 A-nōm'a-lĩsm, *f.* irregularity
 A-nōm'a-lĩf'tĩ-cāl, *a.* irregular

A-nōm'a-loũs, *a.* out of rule, irregular
 A-nōm'a-loũf-ly, *ad.* irregularly
 A-nōm'a-ly, *f.* deviation, irregularity
 A-nōn', *ad.* in a short time, quickly
 A-nōn'ỹ-moũs, *a.* wanting a name
 A-nōn'ỹ-moũf-ly, *ad.* without a name
 Ān-ōth'ér, *a.* not the same, different
 Ān'swér, *f.* a reply; a solution
 Ān'swér, *v. a.* to reply unto; to solve
 Ān'swér-a-ble, *a.* obliged to account; suit-
 able
 Ān'swér-a-bly, *ad.* in due proportion, suitably
 Ān'swér-ér, *f.* he who answers
 Ānt, *f.* an emmet, an insect, a pismire
 Ān-tāg'o-nĩst, *f.* an opponent [other
 Ān-tāg'o-nĩze, *v. n.* to contend against an-
 Ān-tārc'tic, *a.* relating to the southern pole
 Ān'te-āct, *f.* a former act
 Ān-te-cēde', *v. a.* to go before, to precede
 Ān-te-cēd'ěnce, *f.* act or state of going before
 Ān-te-cēd'ěnt, *f.* what goes before; noun
 Ān-te-cēd'ěnt, *a.* going before, preceding
 Ān-te-cēd'ěnt-ly, *ad.* previously
 Ān-te-cēs'fōr, *f.* one who goes before or
 leads another
 Ān'te-chām'bér, *f.* the chamber that leads to
 the chief apartment
 Ān'te-date', *v. a.* to date before the time
 Ān-te-dī-lū'vĩ-ān, *a.* before the flood
 Ān'te-lōpe, *f.* a goat with curled horns
 Ān-te-me-rĩd'ĩ-ān, *f.* before noon
 Ān'te-pāst, *f.* a foretaste
 Ān'te-pe-nūlt', *f.* the last syllable but two
 Ān'te-pōne', *v. a.* to prefer
 Ān-te-rĩ-ōr'ĩ-ty, *f.* priority, the state of
 being before
 Ān-tē'rĩ-ōũr, *a.* going before, former

Ǻn'thēm, *f.* a holy song [poems
 Ǻn-thōl'o-g,y, *f.* a collection of flowers or
 Ǻn-thro-pōph'a-g,Ǻ, *f.* man eaters, cannibals
 Ǻn-tī-c,hrīst'Ǻn, *a.* against Christ
 Ǻn-tīç'Ǻ-pate, *v. a.* to foretaste; to preclude
 Ǻn-tīç-Ǻ-pā'tion, *f.* foretaste; preclusion
 Ǻn'tīc, *f.* a buffoon
 Ǻn'tīc, *a.* ridiculously wild, odd
 Ǻn'tīc-ly, *ad.* with odd postures
 Ǻn-tī-clī'mǺx, *f.* a sentence in which the
 last part is lower than the first [sions
 Ǻn-tī-cōn-vūl'sīve, *a.* good against convul-
 Ǻn-tī-cōurt'Ǻér, *f.* one that opposes the
 court [teracting poison
 Ǻn-tī-dōt'Ǻl, *a.* having the quality of coun-
 Ǻn'tī-dōte, *f.* a remedy against poison
 Ǻn-tī-fē'brīle, *a.* good against fevers
 Ǻn-tī-mo-nǺrc,h'Ǻ-cǺl, *a.* against monarchy
 Ǻn-tī-mō'nī-Ǻl, *a.* made of antimony
 Ǻn'tī-mo-ny, *f.* a mineral substance, of a
 metalline nature [to practice
 Ǻn-tī-nō'mī-Ǻnç, *f.* a sect who prefer faith
 Ǻn-tīp'a-thy, *f.* natural aversion
 Ǻn-tī-pēf-tī-lēn'tial, *a.* good for the plague
 Ǻn-tīp'o-dǺl, *a.* relating to the antipodes
 Ǻn-tīp'o-dēç, *f.* people who live on the o-
 ther side of the globe, and have their
 feet opposite to ours
 Ǻn'tī-pōpe, *f.* he who usurps the popedom
 Ǻn'tī-quǺ-ry, *f.* one studious of antiquity
 Ǻn'tī-quǺte, *v. a.* to make obsolete or void
 Ǻn-tīque', *f.* a remnant of antiquity
 Ǻn-tīque'nēç, *f.* quality of being antique
 Ǻn-tīq'ūī-ty, *f.* old times, old age; the an-
 cients [scurvy
 Ǻn-tī-scōr-bū'tī-cǺl, *a.* good against the
 Ǻn-tī-sple-nēt'ic, *a.* good against the spleen

Ǻn-tī-stru-mǺt'ic, *a.* against the king's evil
 Ǻn-tīth'e-fīs, *f.* opposition of words, &c.
 Ǻn-tī-trīn-Ǻ-tǺ'rī-Ǻn, *f.* one who denies the
 Trinity [type; original
 Ǻn'tī-tīpe, *f.* what is resembled by the
 Ǻn-tī-ve-nē're-Ǻl, *a.* against the foul disease
 Ǻnt'Ǻér, *f.* a branch of a stag's horn
 Ǻn'tre, *f.* a cave or den
 Ǻn'vīl, *f.* an iron block for smiths work
 Ǻnx-Ǻ'e-ty, *f.* great care, solicitude; dejec-
 Ǻnx'Ǻouç, *a.* careful, solicitous [tion
 Ǻnx'Ǻouç-ly, *ad.* with desire, solicitously
 Ǻnx'Ǻouç-nēç, *f.* quality of being anxious
 Ǻ'ny, or an'y, *a.* every; whatever; whoever
 Ǻ'o-rīst, *f.* indefinite
 A-pǺce', *ad.* hastily, quickly
 Ǻp-a-gōg,Ǻ-cǺl, *a.* that which proves any
 thing, by shewing the absurdity of deny-
 ing it
 A-pǺrt', *ad.* separately
 A-pǺrt'mēnt, *f.* part of a house; a room
 Ǻp'a-thy, *f.* without passion or feeling
 Ǻpe, *f.* a kind of monkey; an imitator
 Ǻpe, *v. a.* to imitate as an ape
 A-pē'rī-ēnt, *a.* gently purgative [opening
 A-pēr'Ǻ-tīve, *a.* what has the quality of
 A-pért', *a.* open
 A-pér'tion, *f.* a gap; a passage
 Ǻp'ér-ture, *f.* an open place; an opening
 Ǻ'pēx, *f.* the top or point of a thing
 Ǻph'o-rīsm, *f.* a maxim or general rule
 Ǻ'pī-a-ry, *f.* a place where bees are kept
 A-pīece', *ad.* to each one's share
 Ǻ'pīsh, *a.* affected, foppish; silly
 Ǻ'pīsh-ly, *ad.* like an ape; foolishly
 Ǻ'pīsh-nēç, *f.* foppishness; mimicry
 A-pīt'pāt, *ad.* trembling with fear

A-pöc'a-lýpse, *f.* the book of revelation
 A-pöc-a-lýp/tĩ-cāl, *a.* containing revelation
 A-pöc'ry-pha, *f.* books of doubtful authors
 A-pöc'ry-phāl, *f.* not canonical, uncertain
 A-pöc'ry-phāl-ly, *ad.* uncertainly
 A-pöc'rĩ-phāl-něs, *f.* uncertainty
 Āp-o-dĩc'tĩ-cāl, *a.* demonstrative
 A-pöl'o-g,ět'ĩ-cāl, *a.* defending, excusing
 A-pöl'o-g,ĩze, *v. n.* to plead in favour
 Āp'o-lögue, *f.* a fable, teaching moral truths
 A-pöl'o-g,y, *f.* a defence, excuse
 Āp'o-g,ěe, *f.* point of the sun's, &c. orbit,
 when farthest from the earth
 Āp-o-phlēgin'a-tĩsm, *f.* a medicine to draw
 phlegm
 Āp'oph-thěgm, *f.* a remarkable saying
 Āp-o-plēc'tic, *a.* relating to an apoplexy
 Āp'o-plěx-y, *f.* a disorder that affects the
 brain
 A-pöf'ta-sy, *f.* falling from the truth
 A-pöf'tate, *f.* one forsaking religion
 A-pöf'ta-tĩze, *v. n.* to forsake religion
 A-pöf'tle, *f.* a messenger sent to preach the
 gospel
 A-pöf'tle-shíp, *f.* office of an apostle
 A-pöf-töl'ic, } *a.* delivered by the a-
 A-pöf-töl'ĩ-cāl, } postles
 A-pöf-töl'ĩ-cāl-ly, *ad.* after the manner of
 the apostles
 A-pöf'tro-phe, *f.* (*in rhet.*) turning the
 course of speech; contraction of words
 by (') [trophe
 A-pöf'tro-phĩze, *v. a.* to address by apos-
 A-pöf'tume, *f.* a hollow tumour, an abscess
 A-pöth'e-ca-ry, *f.* compounder of medicines
 Āp-ö-thě'o-fĩs, *f.* deification
 Āp'o-zěm, *f.* a medical decoction of herbs

Āp-pāl', *v. a.* to fright, to depress
 Āp'pān-age, *v. a.* lands for younger children
 Āp-pa-rā'tūs, *f.* furniture; show; tools
 Āp-pār'ěl, *f.* outward clothes, dress
 Āp-pār'ěl, *v. a.* to adorn, to cover
 Āp-pā'rěnt, *a.* evident, plain
 Āp-pā'rěnt-ly, *ad.* evidently
 Āp-pa-rĩ'tion, *f.* appearance, ghost, spectre
 Āp-pār'ĩ-tör, *f.* a low officer in an ecclesi-
 astical court
 Āp-pěach', *v. a.* to accuse, censure
 Āp-pěal', *f.* a calling for relief or justice
 Āp-pěal', *v. n.* to refer to another judge
 Āp-pěal'ānt, *f.* he who appeals
 Āp-pěar', *v. n.* to be in sight; to seem
 Āp-pěar'ānce, *f.* apparition; entrance; re-
 semblance; show
 Āp-pěar'ěr, *f.* the person who appears
 Āp-pěaf'a-ble, *a.* reconcileable
 Āp-pěaf'a-ble-něs, *f.* reconcileableness
 Āp-pěaf'e', *v. a.* to pacify, to quiet
 Āp-pěaf'e'měnt, *f.* a state of peace
 Āp-pěaf'ěr, *f.* he who pacifies [lenger
 Āp-pěl'lānt, *f.* one who appeals; a chal-
 Āp-pěl'late, *f.* person appealed against
 Āp-pěl-lā'tion, *f.* name, title
 Āp-pěl'la-tĩve, *a.* common to many
 Āp-pěl'la-tĩve-ly, *ad.* in the manner of
 nouns appellative
 Āp-pěl'la-to-ry, *a.* containing an appeal
 Āp-pěl-lěe', *f.* one who is accused
 Āp-pěnd', *v. a.* to hang unto, up, or upon
 Āp-pěnd'age, *f.* something added to ano-
 ther
 Āp-pěnd'ānt, *a.* hanging unto; annexed
 Āp-pěnd'ĩ-cate, *v. a.* to add, to annex
 Āp-pěnd'ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* annexion

ăp-pěn'dīx, *f.* some addition, supplement
 ăp-pér-tāin', *v. n.* to belong to [rank
 ăp-pér-tāin'měnt, *f.* what belongs to any
 ăp-pér'te-nānce, *f.* what belongs to another
 thing
 ăp-pér-tīn-ěnt, *a.* belonging, relating to
 ăp'pe-těnce, *f.* carnal or sensual desire
 ăp'pe-tīte, *f.* a good stomach
 ăp-pe-tī'tion, *f.* desire
 ăp'pe-tī-tive, *a.* that which desires
 ăp-plāud', *v. a.* to commend, to praise
 ăp-plāud'ér, *f.* he who praises
 ăp-plāuſe', *f.* public praise
 ăp'ple, *f.* the pupil of the eye; a fruit
 ăp-plī'a-ble, } *a.* what may be applied;
 ăp'plī-ca-ble, } as relating to [plied
 ăp'plī'ānce, *f.* act of applying; thing ap-
 ăp-plī-ca-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* fitness to be applied
 ăp'plī-ca-ble-něs, *f.* fitness to be applied
 ăp'plī-ca-bly, *ad.* in a manner proper to be
 applied
 ăp-plī-cā'tion, *f.* act of applying; close study
 ăp'plī-ca-to-ry, } *f. & a.* that which applies
 ăp'plī-ca-tive, }
 ăp-plī', *v. a.* to put to certain use; study
 ăp-pōint', *v. a.* to constitute; fix; ordain
 ăp-pōint'ér, *f.* he who settles or fixes
 ăp-pōint'měnt, *f.* order; salary; stipulation
 ăp-pōr'tion, *v. a.* to divide into just parts
 ăp-pōſe', *v. a.* to examine, to question
 ăp'po-ſīte, *a.* well adapted, fit, proper
 ăp'po-ſīte-ly, *ad.* fitly, properly
 ăp'po-ſīte-něs, *f.* fitness, propriety
 ăp-po-ſī'tion, *f.* a putting into, addition
 ăp-prāiſe', *v. a.* to set a value on goods
 ăp-prāiſ'ér, *f.* he who sets a value on goods
 ăp-pre-hěnd', *v. a.* to arrest; to understand

ăp-pre-hěnd'ér, *f.* a conceiver, a thinker
 ăp-pre-hěn'ſī-ble, *a.* may be apprehended
 ăp-pre-hěn'ſion, *f.* conception, fear, suspi-
 cion
 ăp-pre-hěn'ſive, *a.* fearful, jealous, sensible
 ăp-pre-hěn'ſive-něs, *f.* in quality of being
 apprehensive
 ăp-prěn'tice, *f.* one bound to learn a trade
 ăp-prěn'tice-ſhip, *f.* time an apprentice
 serves
 ăp-prīze', *v. a.* to acquaint, to inform
 ăp-prōach', *f.* act of drawing near, access
 ăp-prōach', *v. a. & n.* to bring, or draw near
 ăp-prōach'ér, *f.* the person who approaches
 ăp-pro-bā'tion, *f.* approving of a thing
 ăp-pro'prī-a-ble, *a.* that may be appropri-
 ated
 ăp-prō'prī-ate, *a.* assigned; peculiar [claim
 ăp-prō'prī-ate, *v. a.* to annex, assign; to
 ăp-pro-prī-ā'tion, *f.* application to some
 particular use or meaning
 ăp-pro-prī-ā'tōr, *f.* he who has an appro-
 priated benefice
 ăp-prōv'a-ble, *a.* worthy of approbation
 ăp-prōv'āl, *f.* approbation
 ăp-prōve', *v. a.* to like, or allow of; to ren-
 der one's self agreeable; to justify
 ăp-prōv'ér, *f.* one who approves
 ăp-prōx'īm-ate, *a.* near to
 ăp-prōx-ī-mā'tion, *f.* approach to any thing
 ăp-pūlſe', *f.* the act of striking; arrival
 ă'prī-cōt, *f.* a kind of wall-fruit
 ă'prīl, *f.* the fourth month of the year
 ă'prōn, *f.* part of a woman's dress
 ă'prōn-ěd, *a.* wearing an apron
 ăpt, *a.* fit; qualified; ready
 ăp'tī-tude, *f.* disposition; fitness; tendency

Āpt'ly, *ad.* fitly, properly [ness
 Āpt'něs, *f.* quickness of apprehension; fit-
 Ā'quā-fōr'tīs, *f.* a corrosive liquor, made
 of saltpetre and vitriol
 Ā'quā-ma-rīne', *f.* a precious stone
 A-quā'rī-ūs, *f.* the waterman, one of the
 12 signs
 A-quāt'ic, *a.* growing or living in water
 Ā'quā-vī'tæ, *f.* spirits of wine; malt spirits
 Ā'quē-duct, *f.* a conveyance for water
 Ā'quē-ōūs, *a.* like water, watery
 Ā'quē-ōūs-něs, Ā'quōs'ī-ty, *f.* wateriness
 Ā-quīl-īne, *a.* like an eagle; hooked
 Ār'a-ble, *a.* fit for tillage
 Ār-ā-ne-ōūs, *a.* like a cobweb
 Ār-ā'tion, *f.* the act of ploughing
 Ār'bāl'ist, *f.* a cross-bow
 Ār'bī-tér, *f.* an umpire to settle a dispute
 Ār'bī-tra-ble, *a.* depending upon will
 Ār'bī-trā'rī-ly, *ad.* despotically, absolutely
 Ār-bī-trā'rī-ōūs, *a.* arbitrary
 Ār-bī-trā'rī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* according to mere
 will and pleasure [tion
 Ār-bīt'ra-měnt, *f.* choice, will, determina-
 Ār'bī-tra-ry, *a.* absolute, despotic
 Ār'bī-trate, *v. a.* to decide, to determine
 Ār'bī-tra-rī-něs, *f.* tyranny, wilfulness
 Ār-bī-trā'tion, *f.* decision, determination
 Ār-bī-trā'tōr, *f.* the determiner, a judge
 Ār-bīt're-měnt, *f.* arbitration
 Ār'bō-ra-ry, } *a.* belonging to trees
 Ār'bō're-ōūs, }
 Ār'bo-rēt, *f.* a small tree or shrub
 Ār'bo-rīst, *f.* a naturalist who makes trees
 his study
 Ār'bo-roūs, *a.* belonging to trees
 Ār'boūr, *f.* a seat shaded with trees, a bower

Ār'bute, *f.* the strawberry tree
 Ārc, *f.* an arch; a segment
 Ār-cāde', *f.* a continuation of arches
 Ār-cā'nūm, *f.* a secret
 Ārch, *f.* a part of a circle
 Ārch, *a.* chief, notorious; waggish
 Ārch, *f.* to build circles
 Ārc,h-ān'g,ěl, *f.* the chief angel; a plant
 Ārc,h-ān-g,ěl'ic, *a.* belonging to archangels
 Ārch-bīsh'ōp, *f.* chief bishop
 Ārch-bīsh'op-rīck, *f.* jurisdiction of an arch-
 Ārch-dēa'cōn, *f.* a bishop's deputy [bishop
 Ārch-dēa'cōn-ry, *f.* an archdeacon's juris-
 diction
 Ārch-dēa'cōn-shīp, *f.* office of an archdeacon
 Ārch-duke', *f.* grand duke
 Ārch-dūch'ēss, *f.* grand duchess
 Ārch-prēl'ate, *f.* chief prelate
 Ārch-prēf'by-tér, *f.* chief presbyter
 Ārch'ér, *f.* one who shoots with a bow
 Ārch'e-ry, *f.* the use of the bow
 Ārch'e-týpe, *f.* original, pattern [deacon
 Ārch'ī-dī-āc'o-nāl, *a.* belonging to an arch-
 Ārch'ī-e-pīf'co-pāl, *a.* belonging to an arch-
 bishop
 Ārch'ī-tēct, or Ārc,h'ī-tēct, *f.* a chief builder,
 designer, and surveyor of building
 Ārch'ī-tēc-tīve, *a.* that performs architec-
 ture
 Ārch'ī-tēct-ure, *f.* the science of building
 Ārch'ī-trave, *f.* upper part of a column
 Ārch'īves, *f.* a place of records
 Ārch'wīse, *ad.* like an arch
 Ārc'tic, *a.* lying under Arctos; northern
 Ārc'tós, *f.* a constellation called the Bear
 Ār'cu-ate, *v. a.* to make or bend like an arch
 Ār-cu-ā'tion, *f.* incurvation

Àr'dēn-cy, *f.* eagerness, heat, passion, zeal
 Àr'dēnt, *a.* affectionate, hot, zealous
 Àr'dēnt-ly, *ad.* affectionately, eagerly
 Àr'dōūr, *f.* affection, fervency, zeal [*cult'y*]
 Àr-dū'ī-ty, Àr-du-ōūf-nēss, *f.* height, diffi-
 Àr-du-ōūs, *a.* hard to attain, difficult
 Àre, *plural of the pres. tense of to be*
 À're-a, *f.* superficial content of any thing
 A-re-fāc'tion, *f.* state or act of drying
 À're-fȳ, *v. a.* to dry
 A-re-nā'ceous, *a.* full of sand, sandy
 A-re-nō'e', } *a.* sandy, full of small sand,
 A-rēn'u-lōūs, } gravelly
 A-re-ōt'īcs, *f.* medicines which open the
 pores
 Àr'g,ēnt, *a.* silver-coloured
 Àr'g,īl, *f.* potters clay, fat soft earth
 Àr-g,īl'lōūs, *a.* consisting of clay, clayish
 Àr'gūe, *v. a.* to debate, dispute; to reason
 Àr'gu-ér, *f.* a disputer; a reasoner
 Àr'gu-mēnt, *f.* a subject in debate; a reason
 Àr-gu-mēn'tā, *a.* belonging to an argument
 Àr-gu-mēn-tā-tion, *f.* the act of reasoning
 Àr-gu-mēn'ta-tive, *a.* containing argument
 Àr'gūte, *a.* subtle; witty; sharp; shrill
 Àr'id, *a.* parched up; dry
 A-rīd'ī-ty, *f.* want of moisture; dryness
 Àrī-ēs, *f.* the ram, one of the 12 signs
 A-rī-ēt-ā-tion, *f.* the act of butting
 A-rī-ēt'ta, *f.* a short air, song, or tune
 A-rīght', *ad.* in order; without mistake
 A-rīse', *v. n.* to get up
 Àr-īf-tōc'ra-cy, *f.* government by nobles
 Àr-īf-to-crāt'ī-cāl, *a.* relating to aristocracy
 A-rīf-to-crāt'ī-cāl-nēss, *f.* an aristocratical
 state
 A-rīth-me-tīc, *f.* the art of computation
 A-rīth-mēt'ī-cāl, *a.* according to arithmetic

A-rīth-mēt'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* in an arithmetical
 manner
 A-rīth-me-tī'cian, *f.* one skilled in arith-
 metic
 Àrk, *f.* a lumber vessel, a coffer
 Àrm, *f.* a limb of a man, of a tree, &c.
 Àrm, *v. a.* to furnish with, or take up arms
 Àr-mā'da, *f.* a large fleet of ships of war
 Àr-ma-dīl'lō, *f.* an animal of Brazil
 Àr'ma-mēnt, *f.* a naval force
 Àr'ma-ture, *f.* armour
 Àrm'ēd, *a.* furnished with arms
 Àr-mīg'ér-ōūs, *a.* bearing arms
 Àr-mīl'lā-ry, *a.* resembling a bracelet
 Àr-mīn'ī-ān-īsm, *f.* the doctrine of free will
 and universal redemption
 Àr-mīp'o-tēnce, *f.* power in war
 Àr-mīp'o-tēnt, *a.* powerful in arms
 Àr'mīstīce, *f.* cessation of arms, short truce
 Àrm'lēt, *f.* small arms of the sea; bracelet
 Àr-mō'nī-āc, *f.* a bitter salt made of urine,
 salt, foot, &c.
 Àr'mo-rér, *f.* one who makes arms
 Àr-mō'rī-āl, *a.* belonging to family arms
 Àr'mo-ry, *f.* a repository for arms; armour
 Àr'mōūr', *f.* defensive arms to cover a body
 Àrm'pīt, *f.* the hollow place under the
 shoulder
 Àrms, *f. pl.* escutcheons; weapons
 Àrm's'ēnd, *ad.* at a due distance
 Àr'my, *f.* a body of armed men
 Àr-o-māt'īc, } *a.* fragrant, spicy
 Àr-o-māt'īc-āl, }
 Àr-o-māt'īcs, *f.* spices
 A-rōm'a-tīze, *v. a.* to perfume, to scent
 A-rōse', *pret. of the verb arise*
 A-rōūnd', *ad. & prep.* in a circle; about
 A-rōūse', *v. a.* to raise from sleep; to excite

Ās-cēnd'ānt, *a.* overpowering; superiour
 Ās-cēnd'ēn cy, *f.* influence, superiority
 Ās-cēn'sion, *f.* the act of ascending
 Ās-cēn'sion-dāy, *f.* day on which our Saviour
 ascended into heaven
 Ās-cēn'sive, *a.* in a state of ascent
 Ās-cēnt', *f.* the rising of a hill, an eminence
 Ās-cēr-tāin', *v. a.* to make certain, to fix
 Ās-cēr-tāin'ér, *f.* he who proves or establishes
 Ās-cēr-tāin'mēnt, *f.* a settled rule
 Ās-cēt'ic, *f.* a retired devout person, a
 hermit
 Ās-cī-tī'tious, *a.* additional, supplemental
 Ās-crī'ba-ble, *a.* what may be ascribed
 Ās-crībe', *v. a.* to attribute to
 Āsh, *f.* a tree
 A-shām'ēd, *a.* covered with shame, confused
 Āsh'ēn, *a.* made of ash wood
 Āsh'ēs, *f. pl.* remains of what is burnt; the
 dust of a dead body
 Āsh'lār, *f.* free stones out of a quarry
 A-shōre', *ad.* on shore, on the land
 Āsh-Wēd'nēf-dāy, *f.* first day of Lent
 Āsh'y, *a.* colour of ash, pale
 A-sīde', *ad.* away from the rest, on one side
 Ās'ī-nīne, *a.* belonging to an ass
 Āsk, *v. a.* to claim; to enquire; to petition
 A-skāunt', A-skānce', *ad.* obliquely; sidewise
 Āsk'ér, *f.* an inquirer; a water-newt
 A-skew', *ad.* aside; contemptuously
 A-slant', *ad.* on one side; obliquely
 A-sleep', *ad.* at rest, sleeping
 A-slope', *ad.* awry; slanting
 Āsp, *f.* a serpent; a tree
 Ās-pār'a-gūs, *or* sparrow-grass, *f.* name of
 a plant
 Ās-pēct, *f.* appearance, look; position
 Ās-pēc'ta-ble, *a.* what may be seen

Ās-pēc'tion, *f.* view
 Ās'pēn, *f.* a tree; the *poplar*, or species of it
 Ās'pēr-ate, *v. a.* to make rough or uneven
 Ās-pēr-ā'tion, *f.* a making rough
 Ās-per'ī-ty, *f.* harshness; roughness
 Ās-pēr-nā'tion, *f.* neglect, disregard
 Ās'pēr-ous, *a.* rough, uneven
 Ās-pērse', *v. a.* to censure, to slander
 Ās-pēr'sion, *f.* censure, slander
 Ās-phāl'tic, *a.* bituminous, gummy
 Ās-phāl'tōs, *f.* a black bituminous substance
 Ās'pho-dēl, *f.* day-lily
 Ās'pīck, *f.* the name of a serpent
 Ās'pī-rāte, *v. a.* to pronounce full
 Ās'pī-rā'tion, *f.* full pronunciation; ardent
 wish
 Ās-pīre', *v. n.* to desire eagerly; to aim at
 A-squīnt', *ad.* askant, obliquely
 Ās, *f.* an animal of burden
 Ās-fā'il', *v. a.* to assault, to attack
 Ās-fā'il'a-ble, *a.* that may be attacked
 Ās-fā'il'ānt, *a.* attacking or invading
 Ās-fā'il'ānt, } *f.* he who attacks or invades
 Ās-fā'il'ér, }
 Ās-fās'sīn, *f.* a murderer
 Ās-fās'sīn-ate, *v. a.* to murder; to way-lay
 Ās-fās'sīn-ā'tion, *f.* the act of assassinating
 Ās-fās'sīn-ā'tōr, *f.* murderer, man-killer
 Ās-fā'tion, *f.* roasting
 Ās-fāult', *f.* attack, invasion, storm
 Ās-fāult', *v. a.* to set upon, to attack
 Ās-fāult'ér, *one* who violently assaults
 Ās-fāy', *f.* examination, proof, trial
 Ās-fāy', *v. a.* to make trial of, to examine
 Ās-fāy'ér, *f.* he who tries metal
 Ās-se-cū'tion, *f.* acquirement
 Ās-sēm'blage, *f.* a collection of things
 Ās-sēm'ble, *v. a.* to bring or meet together

Ās-sēm'bly, *f.* a company assembled
 Ās-sēnt', *f.* the act of agreeing, consent
 Ās-sēnt', *v. n.* to agree or yield to
 Ās-sēn-tā'tion, *f.* flattery, adulation
 Ās-sēr't', *v. a.* to affirm, to maintain; to claim; to vindicate
 Ās-sēr'tion, *f.* the act of asserting
 Ās-lēr'tīve, *a.* peremptory, positive
 Ās-sēr'tōr, *f.* affirmer; maintainer [to tax
 Ās-sēs', *v. a.* to charge with a certain sum,
 Ās-sēs'mēnt, *f.* taxation [another
 Ās-sēs'sōr, *f.* he who lays taxes, who sits by
 Ās'sēts, *f. pl.* effects left by one dead to pay debts
 Ās-sēv-ēr-ā'tion, *f.* solemn affirmation
 Ās-sī-dū'ī-ty, *f.* close application, diligence
 Ās-sīd'u-ōūs, *a.* constant in application
 Ās-sīd'u-ōūs-ly, *ad.* continually, diligently
 Ās-sīgn', *v. a.* to make over, to appoint
 Ās-sīgn'a-ble, *a.* what may be transferred
 Ās-sīg-nā'tion, *f.* an appointment
 Ās-sīg-nēe', *f.* one appointed to do any thing
 Ās-sīgn'ēr, *f.* he who appoints
 Ās-sīgn'mēnt, *f.* appointment
 Ās-sīm'il-a-ble, *a.* that may be made like to something else
 Ās-sīm'il-ate, *v. n.* to bring to a likeness
 Ās-sīm-il-ate-nēss, *f.* likeness
 Ās-sīm-il-ā'tion, *f.* the act of making alike
 Ās-sīst', *v. a.* to help, to relieve
 Ās-sīst'ānce, *f.* aid, help
 Ās-sīst'ānt, *f.* one who assisteth
 Ās-sīst'ānt, *a.* aiding, helping
 Ās-sīze', *f.* a court of justice; measure, rate
 Ās-sīze', *v. a.* to fix the rate of any thing
 Ās-sīz'ēr, *f.* an officer who has the care of weights and measures [other
 Ās-sō'cī-a-ble, *a.* that may be joined to an-

Ās-sō'cī-ate, *f.* a companion, partner; as-
 Ās-sō'cī-ate, joined in league [lessor
 Ās-sō'cī-ate, *v. a.* to join company
 Ās-sō-cī-ā'tion, *f.* confederacy, union
 Ās-sōrt', *v. a.* to range in classes
 Ās-sōrt'mēnt, *f.* a parcel sorted or distributed
 Ās-sōt', *v. a.* to infatuate
 Ās-sūāge', *v. a.* to ease, to mitigate
 Ās-sūāge'mēnt, *f.* abatement
 Ās-sūāg'ēr, *f.* one who assuages
 Ās-sūā'sīve, *a.* mitigating, softening
 Ās-sūb'ju-gate, *v. a.* to subject to
 Ās-su-ē-fāc'tion, *f.* state of being accustomed
 Ās-sūme', *v. a.* to arrogate; to claim; to
 Ās-sūm'ēr, *f.* an arrogant person [take
 Ās-sūm'īng, *part.* arrogant, haughty
 Ās-sūmp'tion, *f.* thing supposed, postulate
 Ās-sūmp'tīve, *a.* that may be assumed
 Ās-sūr'ānce, *f.* want of modesty; certain knowledge; certainty; security
 Ās-sūr'e', *v. a.* to make sure or confident
 Ās-sūr'ēd, *part. a.* certain; immodest
 Ās-sūr'ēd-ly, *ad.* without doubt, certainly
 Ās-sūr'ēd-nēss, *f.* state of being assured, certainty
 Ās-sūr'ēr, *f.* he who gives assurance
 Ās'tēr-isk, *f.* the mark (*) in printing or writing
 Ās'tēr-ism, *f.* a constellation
 Āsth'ma, a disease of the lungs
 Āsth-māt'ic, *a.* troubled with the asthma
 A-stérn', *ad.* in the hinder part of the ship
 A-stōn'ish, *v. a.* to amaze, to confound
 A-stōn'ish-ēd, *part.* amazed
 Ās-tōn'ish-īng-nēss, *f.* quality to excite astonishment
 A-stōn'ish-mēnt, *f.* amazement
 A-flōund', *v. a.* to astonish, to amaze

A-strād'dle, *ad.* with legs across
 Ās'tra-gāl, *f.* ornament in architecture
 Ās'trāl, *a.* relating to the stars
 A-strāy', *ad.* out of the right way
 A-strīct', *v. a.* to contract by applications
 A-strīc'tion, *f.* art of contracting parts
 A-strīc'tive, A-strīc'to-ry, *a.* binding, styptic
 A-strīde', *ad.* with legs open
 Ās-trīf'ér-oūs, *a.* bearing, or having stars
 A-strīng, *v. a.* to draw together, to bind
 A-strīn'g, ěn-cy, *f.* the power of drawing together
 A-strīn'g, ěnt, *a.* binding, contracting
 Ās-trol'o-g, ěr, *f.* one who foretels by stars
 Ās-tro-lōg, ěi-cal *a.* relating to astrology
 Ās-tro-lōg, ěi-cal-ly, *ad.* after the way of astrologers
 Ās-trōl'o-gīze, *v. n.* to practise astrology
 Ās-trōl'o-gy, *f.* art of foretelling by stars
 Ās-trōn'o-mēr, *f.* one who studies the stars
 Ās-tro-nōm'ěi-cāl, *a.* belonging to astronomy
 Ās-tro-nōm'ěi-cāl-ly, *ad.* in an astronomical manner
 Ās-trōn'o-my, *f.* the science of the stars
 A-s ũn'dér, *ad.* apart, separately
 A-s ũl ũm, *f.* a refuge, a sanctuary
 Āt, *prep.*
 Āte, *pret.* of the verb *to eat*
 Ā'the-ěsm, *f.* disbelief of a God
 Ā'the-ěst, *f.* one who denies a God
 Ā'the-ěs'těi-cāl, *a.* denying a God
 A-the-ěs'těi-cāl-ly, *ad.* in an atheistical manner
 A-the-ěs'těi-cāl-něss, *f.* the quality of being atheistical
 Ā'the-oūs, *a.* atheistical; denying a God
 A-thěst', *ad.* in want of drink; thirsty
 Āth-lět'ěc, *a.* belonging to wrestling

Āth-wārt', *ad.* across; through; wrong
 A-tělt', *ad.* like one making a thrust; raised
 Āt-lān'těc, *f.* the sea between Africa and America
 Āt'lās, *f.* a collection of maps
 Āt'mōs-phěre, *f.* the surrounding air
 Āt-mōs-phěr'ěi-cāl, *a.* belonging to the atmosphere [ticle
 Āt'ōm, Āt'ōm-y, *f.* an extremely small part
 A-tōm'ěi-cāl, *a.* consisting of atoms
 Āt'ōm-ěst, *f.* an advocate for atoms
 A-tōne', *v. a. & n.* to expiate, to agree
 A-tōne'měnt, *f.* agreement, satisfaction
 A-tōp', *ad.* at the top, on the top
 Āt-rāb-ěl-ā'rě-oūs, *a.* melancholy
 Āt-rāb-ěl-ā'rě-oūs-něss, *f.* state of being melancholy
 Āt-ra-měn'tāl, Āt-ra-měn'toūs, *a.* black, inky
 A-trō'cious, *a.* heinous, outrageous
 A-trō'cious-ly, *ad.* wickedly, criminally
 A-trō'cious-něss, *f.* wickedness, criminality
 A-trōç'ěi-ty, *f.* horrible wickedness
 Āt'ro-phy, *f.* want of nourishment, a disease
 Āt-tāch', *v. a.* to lay hold on; win over
 Āt-tāch'měnt, *f.* a writ in law; adherence, regard
 Āt-tāck', *v. a.* to assault an enemy
 Āt-tāck', *f.* an assault on an enemy
 Āt-tāck'ér, *f.* the person who attacks
 Āt-tāin', *v. a.* to bring about; to come to; to gain
 Ā-tāin'a-ble, *a.* what may be attained
 Āt-tāin'a-ble-něss, *f.* the quality of being attainable
 Āt-tāin'dér, *f.* (*in law*) the act of attaining;
 Ā-tāin'měnt, *f.* acquirement [attaint
 Āt-tāint', *f.* reproach, spot, stain
 Āt-tāint', *v. a.* to corrupt, to stain

Āt-tāint'ure, *f.* reproach, imputation
 Āt-tēm'pér, } *v. a.* to fit; to mingle;
 Āt-tēm'pér-ate, } to proportion; to soften
 Āt-tēmt', *f.* attack; endeavour; trial
 Āt-tēmt', *v. a.* to attack; endeavour; try
 Āt-tēmt'a-ble, *a.* liable to attempts or at-
 tacks
 Āt-tēmt'ér, *f.* one who attempts
 Āt-tēnd', *v. a.* to wait on; to hearken unto
 Āt-tēnd'ānce, *f.* the act of waiting; train
 Āt-tēnd'ānt, *f.* one who attends
 Āt-tēnd'ānt, *a.* waiting upon
 Āt-tēnd'ér, *f.* associate, companion
 Āt-tēnt', *a.* attentive, intent, heedful
 Āt-tēn'tion, *f.* heed, the act of attending
 Āt-tēn'tive, *a.* heedful, regardful
 Āt-tēn'tive-ly, *ad.* carefully, diligently
 Āt-tēn'tive-nēss, *f.* carefulness
 Āt-tēn'u-ānt, *a.* making thin
 Āt-tēn'u-ate, *v. a.* to make thin or slender
 Āt-tēn'u-ate, *a.* made thin, slender
 Āt-tēn-u-ā'tion, *f.* act of making slender
 Āt-tēst', *v. a.* to bear witness
 Āt-tēst-tā'tion, *f.* evidence, witness
 Āt-tīg'u-ōūs, hard by
 Āt-tīnge', *v. a.* to touch lightly
 Āt-tīre', *f.* horns of a buck; apparel
 Āt-tīre', *v. a.* to array, dress, habit
 Āt-tīr'ér, *f.* one who dresses another
 Āt-tī-tude, *f.* action; posture
 Āt-tōl'lēnt, *a.* what rises or lifts up [law
 Āt-tōr'ney, *f.* one who acts for another in
 Āt-tōr'ney-shīp, *f.* office of an attorney
 Āt-trāct', *v. a.* to draw to; to allure, to
 invite
 Āt-trāc'tic-āl, *a.* having power to draw
 Āt-trāc'tion, *f.* the power of drawing to
 Āt-trāc'tive, *f.* what draws or incites

Āt-trāc'tive, *a.* alluring, inviting
 Āt-trāc'tive-ly, *ad.* enticingly
 Āt-trāc'tive-nēss, *f.* quality of being attrac-
 tive
 Āt-trāc'tor, *f.* one who attracts
 Āt-tra-hēnt, *f.* that which draws
 Āt-trēc-tā'tion, *f.* frequent handling
 Āt-trīb'u-ta-ble, *a.* what may be ascribed
 Āt-trī-bute, *f.* inherent quality; property
 Āt-trīb'ute, *v. a.* to ascribe, to impute
 Āt-trī-bū'tion, *f.* assignment; commendation
 Āt-trīte', *a.* worn by rubbing, ground
 Āt-trīte'-nēss, *f.* the being much worn
 Āt-trī'tion, *f.* act of rubbing; imperfect
 sorrow for sin
 Āt-tūne, *v. a.* to make musical
 A-twēen', A-twīxt', *prep.* in the middle of
 A-vāil', *f.* advantage, benefit [two
 A-vāil', *v. a.* to profit; to prosper
 A-vāil'a-ble, *a.* powerful; profitable
 A-vāil'a-ble-nēss, *f.* the power of promoting
 A-vāil'a-bly, *ad.* powerfully; profitably
 A-vāil'mēnt, *f.* usefulness, advantage
 A-vale', *v. a.* and *n.* to let fall, depress: to
 sink
 A-vānt'-guārd, *f.* the front of an army
 Āv'a-rīce, *f.* insatiable desire, covetousness
 Āv-a-rī'cious, *a.* covetous; miserable
 Āv-a-rī'cious-ly, *ad.* covetously
 Āv-a-rī'cious-nēss, *f.* covetousness
 A-vāst', *ad.* enough; cease
 A-vāunt', *interj.* get away, be gone
 Āu'būrne, *a.* of a tan colour, brown
 Āuc'tion, *f.* sale to the best bidder
 Āuc'tion-a-ry, *a.* belonging to an auction
 Āuc'tion-ēer', *f.* manager of an auction
 Āu-dā'cious, *a.* bold, imprudent
 Āu-dā'cious-ly, *ad.* imprudently

Âu-â'ciouf-něs, *f.* impudence
 Âu-dâç'î-ty, *f.* boldness, rashness
 Âu'di-ble, *a.* what may be heard; loud
 Âu'di-ble-něs, *f.* capableness of being heard
 Âu'di-bly, *ad.* with a loud voice
 Âu'di-ěnce, *f.* liberty of preaching; an au-
 ditory
 Âu'dit, *f.* examination of accompts
 Âu'dit, *v. a.* to take an accompt finally
 Âu'di'tion, *f.* hearing
 Âu'di-tór, *f.* examiner of accompts; a hearer
 Âu'di-to-ry, *f.* an assembly of hearers
 Âu'di-trěs, *f.* she who hears
 A-věl', *v. a.* to pull away
 Âve-Mâ'ry, *f.* a prayer used by Romanists
 A-věnge', *v. a.* to revenge, to punish
 A-věnge'měnt, *f.* punishment, revenge
 A-věng'ér, *f.* revenger; punisher
 Âv'e-nűe, *f.* entrance to any place; walk
 A-vér', *v. a.* to declare positively
 Âv'ér-age, *f.* a mean proportion, a medium
 A-vér'měnt, *f.* establishment by evidence
 Âv-ér-sâ'tion, *f.* hatred, abhorrence
 A-vérse', *a.* not favourable; contrary to
 A-vérse'ly, *ad.* backwardly, unwillingly
 A-vérse'něs, *f.* backwardness, unwillingness
 A-vér'sion, *f.* dislike, hatred
 A-vért', *v. a.* to turn aside; to turn off
 Âuf', *f.* a silly fellow, a fool
 Âu'gér, *f.* a carpenter's tool to bore holes
 Âugt', *pron.* any thing
 Âug-měnt', *v. a.* to make bigger, to increase
 Âug'měnt, *f.* state of increase
 Âug-měn-tâ'tion, *f.* the act of increasing
 Âu'gūr, Âu'gūr'ér *v. n.* to judge by augury,
 to guess
 Âu'gu-rate, *v. a.* to judge by augury
 Âu'gu-râ'tion, *f.* practice of augury

Âu-gū'rī-âl, *a.* relating to augury
 Âu'gu-ry, *f.* an omen, prediction
 Âu'gūt, *f.* the eighth month of the year
 Âu-gūt', *a.* grand, magnificent, royal
 Âu-gūt'něs, *f.* elevation of look; dignity
 Âvī-a-ry, *f.* a place for birds
 A-vīd'ī-ty, *f.* eagerness, greediness
 A-vīd'u-lous, *a.* somewhat greedy [think
 A-vīse, *v. a.* and *n.* to counsel, consider; be-
 Âu'īc, *a.* belonging to the court
 Âulne', *f.* an ell
 Âuū', *f.* measure of 48 gallons
 Âunt, *f.* father or mother's sister
 Âv'o-cate, *v. a.* to call away
 Âv-o-câ'tion, *f.* the act of calling away;
 hindrance
 A-vōid', *v. a.* & *n.* to escape, shun; retire
 A-vōid'a-ble, *a.* what may be avoided
 A-vōid'ance, *f.* the act of avoiding
 A-vōid'ér, *f.* he who avoids
 A-vōid'lěs, *what* cannot be avoided
 A-vōir-du-pōis, *f.* a weight 16 ounces
 A-vōūch', *v. a.* to affirm, to vindicate
 A-vōūch'a-ble, *a.* what may be avouched
 A-vōūch'ér, *f.* he who avouches [justify
 A-vōw', *v. a.* to declare confidently; to
 A-vōw'a-ble, *a.* justifiable
 A-vōw'âl, *f.* a justifying declaration
 A-vōw'ěd-ly, *ad.* in an avowed manner
 A-vōw-ěc', *f.* he who has a right of advow-
 A-vōw'ér, *f.* he who avows [son
 A-vōw'fâl, *f.* a confession
 A-vōw'iry, *f.* adultery
 Âu-rě'lī-a, *f.* first change of a maggot
 Âu-rī-cle, *f.* the external ear
 Âu-rīc'u-la, *f.* a kind of flower
 Âu-rīc'u-lâr, *a.* within hearing; secret
 Âu-rīc'u-lâr-ly, *ad.* in a secret manner

Âu-rîf'ér-ous, *a.* producing gold
 Âu-rô'ra, *f.* poetically, the morning; a plant
 Âuf-cûl-tâ'tion, *f.* listening unto
 Âuf'pîce, *f.* favour; influence; omen
 Âuf-pî'cial, *a.* relating to prognostics
 Âuf-pî'cious, *a.* happy, prosperous
 Âuf-pî'ciouf-ly, *ad.* happily, prosperously
 Âuf-pî'ciouf-něs, *f.* prosperity, happiness
 Âu-itěre', *a.* harsh, rigid, severe
 Âu-itěre'ly, *ad.* rigidly, severely
 Âu-itěre'něs, *f.* rigidity, strictness
 Âu-itěr'î-ty, *f.* mortified life; severity
 Âuf'trâl, *a.* southern
 Âuf'trâl-îze, *v. n.* to tend to the south
 Âuf'trîne, *a.* southern
 Âu-thěn'tic, Âu-thěn'tî-câl, *a.* genuine
 Âu-thěn'tî-câl-ly, *ad.* with marks of credibility
 Âu-thěn'tî-câl-něs, *f.* authenticity
 Âu-thěn'tî-câte, *v. a.* to establish by proof
 Âu-thěn-tiç'î-ty, *f.* authority, genuineness
 Âu-thěn'tic-něs, *f.* authenticity
 Âu'thór, *f.* inventor of any thing; writer of a book; beginner
 Âu-thór'î-ta-tîve, *a.* having authority
 Âu-thór'î-ta-tîve-ly, *ad.* with authority
 Âu-thór'î-ta-tîve-něs, *f.* authoritative appearance [rule
 Âu-thór'î-ty, *f.* legal power; credibility;
 Âu'thór-î-zâ'tion, *f.* establishment by authority
 Âu'thór-îze, *v. a.* to empower
 Âu-tôc'ra-sy, *f.* independent power
 Âu-to-grâph', *f.* a particular person's own writing; the original
 Âu-tôg'ra-phy, *f.* an original writing
 Âu-to-grâph'ic-âl, *a.* of an author's own writing

Âu-tôm-ât'ic-âl, *a.* having power to move
 Âu-tôm'a-tôn, *f.* an engine which moves of itself
 Âu'tôp-sy, *f.* ocular demonstration
 Âu-tôp'tî-câl, *a.* seen by one's own eyes
 Âu-tôp'tî-câl-ly, *ad.* by means of one's own
 Âu-tûm, *f.* third season of the year [eyes
 Âu-tûm'nâl, *a.* of, or belonging to autumn
 A-vûl'sion, *f.* pulling one thing from another
 Âux-îl'î-a-ry, *a.* assistant, helping
 Âux-îl'î-a-rieş, *f.* troops assisting another nation
 A-wāit', *f.* ambush
 A-wāit', *v. a.* to wait for, to expect
 A-wāke', *a.* not sleeping; ready
 A-wāke', *v. n.* to cease to sleep
 A-wārd', *f.* determination, sentence
 A-wārd', *v. a.* to adjudge, to determine
 A-wāre', *a.* attentive, vigilant
 A-wāre', *v. n.* to beware, to be cautious
 A-wāy', *ad.* and *intj.* absent; be gone
 Âwe, *f.* fear; reverence
 Âwe, *v. a.* to strike with awe or reverence
 Âw'fûl, *a.* striking awe
 Âw'fûl-ly, *ad.* in a reverential manner
 Âw'fûl-něs, *f.* solemnity; terribleness
 A-whîle', *ad.* sometime
 Âwk'wārd, *a.* clumsy, unhandy, unpolite
 Âwk'wārd-ly, *ad.* clumsy, unpolitely
 Âwk'wārd-něs, *f.* clumsiness, inelegance
 Âwl, *f.* an instrument to bore holes with
 Âw'lěs, *f.* without reverence [English
 Âwme, *f.* a liquid measure of 36 gallons
 Âwn'îng, *f.* a cover from the sun
 A-wôke', *pret.* of awake
 A-wôrk', *ad.* at work
 A-wrî', *ad.* askew; unevenly
 Âxe, *f.* a sharp-edged tool

Āx'ī-ōm, *f.* a self-evident proposition
 Āx'īs, *f.* the line on which any thing turns
 Āx'le-trēe, *f.* of a coach or chariot
 Āy, Āye, *ad.* yes, used to affirm the truth
 Āye, *ad.* for ever, always
 Āz'ure, *a.* faint blue, blue

B

B Āa, *f.* the cry of a sheep
 Bāa, *v. n.* to cry like a sheep [much
 Bāb'ble, *v. n.* to prattle like a child, talk
 Bāb'ble, *f.* senseless prattle
 Bāb'ble-mēnt, *f.* senseless prate
 Bāb'blér, *f.* a teller of secrets, idle talker
 Bābe, *f.* an infant
 Bā'be-ry, *f.* finery to please a child
 Bāb'īsh, *a.* childish
 Bāb-ōn', *f.* a monkey of the largest kind
 Bā'by, *f.* a child, an infant, a doll
 Bāc-c,hān-ā'lī-ān, *f.* a drunkard
 Bāc'c,hān-āls, *f.* drunken feasts and revels
 Bāch'e-lōr, *f.* a man unmarried; one who
 has taken his first degrees [lor
 Bāch'e-lōr-shīp, *f.* the condition of a bache-
 Bāck, *f.* the hinder part of the body: *ad.*
 behind
 Bāck, *v. a.* to mount a horse; to second,
 to support
 Bāck'bīte, *v. a.* to slander the absent
 Bāck'bīt-er, *f.* a privy calumniator
 Bāck-dōor', *f.* the door behind the house
 Bāck'ēd, *a.* seconded; having a back; hav-
 ing been backed
 Bāck'fr'ēnd, *f.* an enemy in secret
 Bāck-gām'mon, *f.* a play with dice and
 tables
 Bāck'hōūse, *f.* buildings behind the house

Bāck'piece, *f.* armour which covers the back
 Bāck'rōom, *f.* a room behind
 Bāck'side, *f.* hinder part of any thing, the
 breech
 Bāck'slide, *v. n.* to depart from, fall off
 Bāck'slid'ér, *f.* an apostate [sun's altitude
 Bāck'stāff, *f.* an instrument to take the
 Bāck'stārs, *f.* private stairs in a house
 Bāck'slāys, *f.* particular ropes in ships
 Bāck'swōrd, *f.* a sword with one edge
 Bāck'wārd, *a.* sluggish, unwilling, not quick
 Bāck'wārdz, *ad.* on the back, time past re-
 gressively
 Bāck'wārd-ly, *ad.* unwillingly
 Bāck'wārd-nēss, *f.* dulness, sluggishness
 Bā'con, *f.* hog's flesh salted and dried
 Bād, *a.* ill, vicious; unfortunate; sick
 Bādē, *pret.* of the verb to bid
 Bādge, *f.* a token, a mark of distinction
 Bādge, *v. a.* to mark
 Bādge'ér, *f.* a brock; a pedlar
 Bād'ly, *ad.* not well
 Bād'nēss, *f.* want of good qualities [ceive
 Bāf'fle, *v. a.* to confound, elude, crush, de-
 Bāf'fle, *f.* a defeat
 Bāf'flér, *f.* he who confuses or defeats
 Bāg, *f.* a sack, purse, pouch
 Bāg, *v. a. & n.* to put into a bag; to swell
 like a full bag
 Bāg-atēlle', *f.* a trifle
 Bāg'gage, *f.* furniture of an army; &c.
 Bāgn'ī-o, *f.* house for bathing and sweating
 Bāg'pīpe, *f.* a Scotch musical instrument
 Bāg'pīp-ér, *f.* one who plays on a bagpipe
 Bāil', *f.* security given for another
 Bāil', *v. a.* to give or admit to bail
 Bāil'a-ble, *a.* that may be bailed, or see at
 liberty by bail

Bāil'iff, Bāil'ie, *f.* an officer who arrests,
an under steward of a manor

Bāil'i-wick, *f.* the jurisdiction of a bailiff

Bāit, *v. a. & n.* to put meat to tempt animals; to set dogs upon; to take refreshment on a journey; to stop at any place for refreshment [journey

Bāit, *f.* a temptation, refreshment on a

Bāize, *f.* a kind of open coarse cloth

Bāke, *v. a. & n.* to heat any thing; to harden with heat: to be baked; to do the work of baking

Bāke'hōûse, *f.* a place for baking bread

Bāk'ér, *f.* he who bakes

Bāl'ānce, *f.* a pair of scales; equipoise; difference of two accounts; part of a watch; constellation

Bāl'ānce, *v. a. & n.* to make equal, to hesitate, to fluctuate

Bāl'ānc-ér, *f.* he who weighs

Bāl-cō'ny, *f.* gallery on the outside of a house

Bāld, *a.* without hair, stripped; without dignity

Bāld'ér-dāsh, *f.* rude mixture

Bāld'ér-dāsh, *v. a.* to adulterate liquor

Bāld'ly, *ad.* nakedly, meanly, inelegantly

Bāld'nēss, *f.* want or loss of hair; meanness of style

Bāld'ric, *f.* a girdle; the zodiac

Bāle, *v. n.* to make up into a bale

Bāle'fûl, *a.* sad, sorrowful, full of mischief

Bāle'fûl-ly, *ad.* sorrowfully; mischievously

Bālk, *f.* a great beam; ridge of land not ploughed [omit

Bālk, *v. a.* to disappoint, to frustrate, to

Bāll, *f.* any round thing; entertainment of dancing

Bāl'lād, *f.* a song

Bāl'lād-sīng-ér, *f.* one who sings ballads

Bāl'lāst, *f.* weight to keep a ship steady

Bāl-lētte', *f. Fr.* a dance

Bāl'lōt, *f.* chance, lot; a little ball

Bāl'lōr, *v. a.* to choose by ballot

Bāl'lōt-ā'tion, *f.* act of voting by ballot

Bālm, Bālm, *f.* a sweet plant; what mitigates pain

Bālm'y, *a.* odoriferous, soothing, assuasive

Bāl'ne-a-ry, *f.* a bathing room

Bāl'ne-ā'tion, *f.* act of bathing

Bāl'ne-a-to-ry, *a.* belonging to a bath

Bāl'sām, *f.* ointment

Bāl'sām'ic, *a.* unctuous; mitigating

Bāl-ūf-trāde', *f.* little turned pillars called balusters

Bām-bōo', *f.* an Indian plant [deceive

Bām-bōo'zle, *v. a.* to impose upon, cheat,

Bām-bōo'z'ler, *f.* a cheat

Bān, *f.* public notice of marriage; a curse

Bān, *v. a.* to curse, to execrate

Bānd, *f.* a tie, bandage; union; company

Bānd, *v. a.* to unite together, to tie

Bānd'age, *f.* a fillet; something bound over

Bānd'bōx, *f.* a flight box to hold trifles

Bānd'e-lēt, *f.* a flat moulding or fillet

Bān'dīt, } *f. plur. banditti*, a man out-

Bān-dīt'to } lawed, a highwayman

Bān-do-lēē's', *f.* cases for charges of powder

Bānd'rōll, *f.* a little flag or streamer

Bān'dy, *a.* crooked

Bān'dy, *f.* a club to strike a ball [about

Bān'dy, *v. a.* to beat to and fro, to toss

Bān'dy-lēg-g-ēd, *a.* having crooked legs

Bāne, *f.* poison; mischief; ruin

Bāne, *v. a.* to poison

Bāne'fûl, *a.* poisonous, destructive [ousness

Bāne'fûl-nēss, *f.* destructiveness, poison-

Bāne'wōrt, *f.* deadly night-shade
 Bāng, *v. a.* to thump, beat, strike
 Bāng, *f.* a blow, stroke
 Bān'īsh, *v. a.* to drive away, to condemn
 to leave his own country
 Bān'īsh-ér, *f.* one who forces another away
 Bān'īsh-mēnt, *f.* exile, transportation
 Bānk, *f.* earth piled up; place where mo-
 ney is kept; the earth rising on each
 side of a river
 Bānk, *v. a.* to lay up money in a bank; to
 inclose with banks
 Bānk'-bīll', *f.* a note for money in the bank
 Bānk'ér, *f.* one who deals in money
 Bānk'rūpt, *f.* one who cannot pay his debts
 Bānk'rūpt, *a.* insolvent: *v. a.* to break
 Bānk'rūpt-cy, *f.* the state of a bankrupt
 Bān'nér, *f.* a flag, standard, streamer
 Bān'nér-ét, *f.* a knight made in the field
 Bān'nér-öl, *f.* a little flag or streamer
 Bān'nī-ān, *f.* a man's undress; morning-
 gown [meal
 Bān'nōck, *f.* a cake made of oat and pease-
 Bān'quēt, *f.* a feast
 Bān'quēt, *v. a.* to treat with a feast, to feast
 Bān'quēt-ér, *f.* he who makes feasts
 Bān'quēt-hōūse, } *f.* a house where ban-
 Bān'quēt-ing-hōūse, } quets are kept
 Bān'quētte, *f.* a small bank at the foot of
 the parapet
 Bān'itī-cle, *f.* a small fish, a stickle-back
 Bān'tér, *v. a.* to rally, to play upon
 Bān'tér, *f.* ridicule, raillery
 Bān'tér-ér, *f.* one who banter
 Bānt'līng, *f.* a little child
 Bāp'tīsm, *f.* a sacrament which admits into
 the church
 Bāp-tīsmal, *a.* belonging to baptism

Bāp'tīst, *f.* he who administers baptism
 Bāp'tīst-e-ry, *f.* the place where persons are
 Bāp-tīze, *v. a.* to christen [baptized
 Bāp-tīz'ér, *f.* he who christens
 Bār, *f.* a bolt; obstacle; rock or bank to
 the entrance of a harbour
 Bār, *v. a.* to fasten with a bolt; to hinder;
 to except; to prohibit
 Bārē, *f.* armour for horses; beard; Barbary
 horse; the points which stand backward
 in an arrow
 Bārē, *v. a.* to shave; to furnish horses with
 armour; to jag
 Bārē'a-cān, *f.* outward fortification
 Bār-bā'rī-ān, *f.* a savage, a man uncivilized
 Bār-bā'rī-ān, *a.* brutal, inhuman, savage
 Bār-bār'ic, *a.* foreign, far-fetched
 Bār'bār-ism, *f.* brutality, cruelty; form of
 speech contrary to the rules of language
 Bār-bār'ī-ty, *f.* savageness; impurity of
 speech
 Bār'ba-roūs, *a.* inhuman, cruel, improper
 Bār'ba-roūs-ly, *ad.* inhumanly; improperly
 Bār'ba-roūs-nēss, *f.* incivility of manners;
 impurity of style
 Bār'be-cūe, *v. a.* to dress a hog whole
 Bār'bēd, *a.* furnished with armour; jag-
 Bār'bēl, *f.* a river-fish [ged; bearded
 Bār'bēr, *f.* he who shaves the head; *v. a.*
 to shave, dress, &c.
 Bār'bēr-ry, *f.* a shrub, pipperidge bush
 Bārē, *f.* a poet
 Bārē, *a.* naked; unadorned, plain; mere;
 much worn; detected
 Bārē, *v. a.* to strip, uncover, make naked
 Bārē, *pret. of to bear*
 Bārē'bōne, *a.* lean [reserved
 Bārē'fācēd, *a.* shameless; not masked; un-

Bāre'fā'cēd-ly, *ad.* openly, without disguise
 Bāre'fā'cēd-nēss, *f.* audaciousness, assurance
 Bāre'fōot, bāre'fōot-ēd, *a.* without shoes
 Bāre'hēnd'ēd, *a.* uncovered
 Bāre'ly, *ad.* nakedly; hardly, merely, only
 Bāre'nēss, *f.* nakedness; leanness; poverty
 Bār'gain, *f.* contract, thing bought or sold,
 Bār'gain, *v. n.* to make a contract [event
 Bār'gain-ēe', *f.* one who accepts a bargain
 Bār'gain-ēr, *f.* one who proposes a bargain
 Bārgē, *f.* a boat for pleasure or burden
 Bārg,ér, bārgē'mān, *f.* manager or owner
 of a barge [ship
 Bār'k, *f.* rind or covering of a tree; a small
 Bār'k, *v. a.* to strip trees of their bark
 Bār'k, *v. n.* to make the noise of a dog, to
 clamour at
 Bār'k'bār-ēd, *a.* stripped of the bark
 Bār'k'ēr, *f.* he who strips trees; a clamourer
 Bār'k'y, *a.* consisting of bark
 Bār'ley, *f.* grain of which malt is made
 Bār'ley-brāke, *f.* a rural pastime
 Bār'ley-brōth', *f.* strong beer
 Bār'ley-cōrn', *f.* a grain of barley; one
 third part of an inch
 Bārm, *f.* yeast
 Bārm'y, *a.* containing barm
 Bār'n, *f.* repository for corn, hay, or straw
 Bār'n'a-cle, *f.* a fowl of the goose kind; a
 species of shell-fish; an instrument to
 hold a horse by the nose
 Bār-rōm'e-tēr, *f.* a weather-glass [meter
 Bār-o-mēt'rīc-āl, *a.* belonging to the baro-
 Bār'ōn, *f.* a degree of nobility next to a
 viscount
 Bār'ōn-age, *f.* estate or dignity of a baron
 Bār'ōn-ēss, *f.* a baron's lady

Bār'ōn-ēt, *f.* a knight of the first degree
 Bār'ōn-ēt-age, *f.* the dignity of a baronet
 Bār'ōn-y, *f.* dignity of, and estate which
 gives title to a baron
 Bār'of-cōpe, *f.* a barometer
 Bār', or Bār'r', *f.* the gate of a town or city
 Bār'rā-cān, *f.* sort of camlet, or woollen stuff
 Bār'rāck, *f.* a building to lodge soldiers
 Bār'ra-tōr, *f.* a wrangler, an encourager of
 law-suits
 Bār'ra-try, *f.* foul practice in law
 Bār'rēd, *a.* fastened with a bar [vessel
 Bār'rēl, *f.* hollow part of a gun; wooden
 Bār'rēl, *v. a.* to put any thing into a vessel
 Bār'rēl-bēl'lī-ēd, *a.* having a large belly
 Bār'rēn, *a.* unfruitful, dry, dull
 Bār'rēn-ly, *ad.* unfruitfully [matter
 Bār'rēn-nēss, *f.* unfruitfulness, want of
 Bār'r'fūl, *a.* full of obstructions
 Bār'rīc-āde', *f.* a stop, bar, obstruction
 Bār'rīc-āde', *v. a.* to stop up a passage
 Bār'rīc-ā'dō, *f. & v.* See barricade
 Bār'r'īer, *f.* a boundary, limit, defence
 Bār'rīf-tēr, *f.* counsellor at law, a pleader
 Bār'rōw, *f.* a hand or wheel-carriage
 Bār-shōt, *f.* two bullets, or two half-bul-
 lets, joined by a bar
 Bār'tēr, *v. a.* to exchange for, to truck
 Bār'tēr, *v. n.* to traffick by exchanging
 Bār'tēr, *f.* act of exchanging commodities
 Bār'tēr-ēr, *f.* one who trafficks by exchang-
 ing
 Bār'tēr-y, *f.* exchange of commodities
 Bāse, *a.* mean, low, worthless
 Bāse, *f.* the bottom of any thing, *v. a.* to
 make vile [lock
 Bāse'bōrn, *a.* illegitimate; born out of wed-
 Bāse'ly, *ad.* meanly; illegitimately

Bāse'mīnd'ēd, *a.* mean-spirited
 Bāse'nēss, *f.* meanness; bastardy; deepness
 Bāse'vī'ól, *f.* musical instrument [of sound
 Ba-shāw', *f.* Turkish viceroy; lordly person
 Bāsh'fūl, *a.* modest, shy, shame-faced
 Bāsh'fūl-ly, *ad.* modestly, timorously
 Bāsh'fūl-nēss, *f.* modesty, shame
 Bāš'īl, *f.* the angle of an edge-tool when
 ground away [angle
 Bāš'īl, *v. a.* to grind the edge of a tool to an
 Bāš'īl, *f.* a plant; a tanned sheep's skin
 Ba-fīl'īc-a, *f.* middle vein of the arm
 Ba-fīl'īc, *f.* a large hall; a magnificent
 church
 Ba-fīl'īc-ōn, *f.* an ointment [non
 Bāš'īl-īsk, *f.* the cockatrice serpent; a can-
 Bā'fīn, or Bā'son, *f.* a vessel to wash hands
 in; a pond; a reservoir; a dock
 Bā'fīs, *f.* foundation, bottom; pedestal
 Bāsk, *v. n.* to expose to the heat of the sun
 Bāsk, *v. a.* to warm by laying out in the heat
 Bāsk'ēt, *f.* vessel made of twigs, &c.
 Bāsk'ēt-hīlt, *f.* a sword-hilt made to contain
 the whole hand
 Bāfs, *a.* grave, deep
 Bāš'-vī'ól, *f.* a musical instrument
 Bāš-re-līef', *f.* sculpture, whose figures do
 not stand out from their ground in full
 Bāš'fēt, *f.* a game at cards [proportion
 Bāš-ōn', *f.* a musical wind instrument
 Bā'tārd, *f.* a spurious child or thing
 Bā'tārd, *a.* begotten out of wedlock; spu-
 rious
 Bāš'tārd-īze, *v. a.* to make one a bastard
 Bāš'tārd-ly, *ad.* in manner of a bastard
 Bāš'tārd-y, *f.* an unlawful state of birth
 Bāste, *v. a.* to beat with a stick; to drip
 butter

Bāš-tīn-ā'do, *f.* cudgelling; beating on the
 Bāš-tīn-āde', *v. a.* to beat or cudgel [feet
 Bāš'tī-ōn, *f.* a bulwark or fortress
 Bāt, *f.* heavy stick to play at cricket, &c.
 Bāt, *f.* a flying mouse
 Bāt'-fōwl-īng, *f.* bird-catching in the night
 Bātch, *f.* quantity of bread baked at once
 Bāte, *f.* strife; contention
 Bāte, *v. a.* to lessen any thing; to retrench
 Bāte, *v. n.* to grow less; to remit
 Bāte'fūl, *a.* contentious
 Bāte'mēnt, *f.* diminution
 Bāth, *f.* place for bathing
 Bāthe, *v. a.* to wash in a bath; to supple by
 warm liquors
 Bāthe, *v. n.* to be in water
 Bāth'ēd, *a.* wet as in a bath; bedewed with
 Bāt'īng, *pret.* except
 Bāt'lēt, *f.* square piece of wood to beat linen
 Bāt-ōn', *f.* a staff or club, a truncheon
 Bāt'tail-ōns, *a.* with military appearance
 Bāt-tāl'īa, *f.* order of battle
 Bāt-tāl'īōn, *f.* division of an army; a troop
 Bāt'tēn, *v. a. & n.* to fatten, fertilize; to
 grow fat
 Bāt'tēn, *f.* a scantling of wooden stuff
 Bāt'tér, *v. a.* to beat down; wear with
 Bāt'tér, *f.* mixture of ingredients [beating
 Bāt'tér-ér, *f.* he who batters
 Bāt'tér-y, *f.* an assault; act of battering;
 frame upon which cannons are mounted
 Bāt'tle, *f.* a fight, an engagement
 Bāt'tle, *v. n.* to contend in fight
 Bāt'tle-ār-rāy', *f.* order of battle
 Bāt'tle-āxe, *f.* a weapon; a bill [cocks
 Bāt'tle-dóor, *f.* instrument to strike shuttle-
 Bāt'tle-mēnt, *f.* a wall with interstices

Băt'ty, *a.* belonging to a bat
 Bāv'a-rōy, *f.* a kind of cloak
 Bāu'bēe', *f.* (*in Scotland*) a half-penny
 Bāv'in, *f.* a stick like those bound up in fag-
 Bāw'ble, *f.* a child's play-thing [gots
 Bāw'blīng, *a.* trifling; contemptible
 Bāw'cōck, *f.* a fine fellow
 Bāwd', *f.* a procurer, or procuree: *v. n.* to
 Bāwd'i-ly, *ad.* obscenely [procure
 Bāwd'i-ēss, *f.* obsceneness
 Bāw'drīck, *f.* a belt. (*See Baldrick*)
 Bāw'dry, *f.* obscenity
 Bāw'dy, *a.* obscene; unchaste
 Bāw'dy-hōūse, *f.* a house of ill fame
 Bāwl', *v. a. & n.* to proclaim as a crier; to
 Bāw'rēl, *f.* a kind of hawk [hoot
 Bāw'fīn, *f.* a badger [brown
 Bāy, *a.* a colour inclining to a chestnut;
 Bāy, *f.* an opening into the land; a tree
 Bāy, *f.* the state of any thing surrounded by
 enemies
 Bāy, *f.* an honorary crown or garland
 Bāy, *v. n.* to bark as a dog at a thief; to
 Bāy, *v. a.* to follow with barking [shut in
 Bāy-salt, *f.* salt made of sea-water
 Bāy-window, *f.* a window jutting outward
 Bāy'ārd, *f.* a bay horse [of a musket
 Bāy'o-nēt, *f.* a short sword fixed at the end
 Bdēl'lī-ūm, *f.* an aromatic gum
 Bē, *v. n.* to exist; to exist in some certain
 Bēach, *f.* the shore; the strand [state
 Bēach'ēd, *a.* exposed to the waves of the sea
 Bēach'y, *a.* having beaches [gators
 Bēa'con, *f.* a mark erected to direct navi-
 Bēad, *f.* little balls worn about the neck;
 globular bodies
 Bēa'dle, *f.* a petty officer in parishes, or in
 courts of judicature

Bēad'-rōll, *f.* a list of those who are to be
 mentioned in prayer
 Bēadf'mān, *f.* a man employed in praying
 for another
 Bēa'gle, *f.* a small hound or hunting dog
 Bēak, *f.* the bill of a bird; a promontory
 Bēak'ēd, *a.* hooked; having a beak
 Bēak'ēr, *f.* a cup with a spout
 Bēal, *f.* a wheek or pimple
 Bēal, *v. n.* to ripen; to gather matter
 Bēam, *f.* main timber; balance of scales;
 ray of the sun; yoke of a chariot; horn
 of a stag
 Bēam, *v. n.* to emit rays or beams
 Bēam'y, *a.* radiant; shining; having horns or
 Bēan, *f.* a sort of pulse [antlers
 Bēar, *v. a. & n.* (*pret. bare, or bore,*) to
 convey, support; to suffer pain; to bring
 forth; succeed; yield [lation
 Bēar, *f.* a rough savage animal; a constel-
 Bēar'-gārd-ēn, *f.* place where bears are
 kept; tumult
 Bēard, or Bēārd, *f.* hair on the chin; a jagg
 Bēard, *v. a.* to take or pluck by the beard
 Bēard'ēd, *a.* having a beard; barbed or jagged
 Bēard'lēss, *a.* without a beard; youthful
 Bēar'ēr, *f.* carrier of any thing; a prop
 Bēar'hērd, *f.* a man who tends bears
 Bēar'īng, *f.* situation, or distance of a place
 Bēar'wārd', *f.* a keeper of bears
 Bēast, *f.* an irrational animal; a brutish man
 Bēast'lī-nēss, *f.* brutality [of man
 Bēast'ly, *a.* brutal; contrary to the nature
 Bēat, *v. a.* to strike, knock, conquer
 Bēat, *v. n.* to move in a pulsory manner;
 to throb
 Bēat, *f.* a stroke; sound of a drum; beat of
 a pulse

Bēat'en, *part. pas.* from *beat*
 Bēat'ér, *f.* he who strikes or beats
 Be-a-tīf'ic, Be-a-tīf'ic-āl, *a.* blissful
 Be-a-tīf'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in perfect happiness
 Be-āt-īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* admission to heavenly honours
 Be-āt'ī-fy, *v. a.* to make completely happy
 Bēat'ing, *f.* correction by blows; act of striking [ness
 Be-āt'ī-tude, *f.* blessedness; felicity; happiness
 Beau, *f.* (*pronounced Bō,*) a man of dress
 Bēav'ér, *f.* an amphibious animal; a hat of the best kind
 Bēav'ér-ēd, *a.* covered with a beaver
 Beau'ish, *f.* (*pronounced Bō'ish,*) foppish
 Beau'te-ous, *a.* fair; elegant in form
 Beau'te-ous-ly, *ad.* in a beauteous manner
 Beau'te-ous-nēss, *f.* state of being beauteous
 Beau'tī-fūl, *a.* fair
 Beau'tī-fūl-ly, *ad.* in a beautiful manner
 Beau'tī-fūl-nēss, *f.* quality of being beautiful
 Beau'tī-fy, *v. a. & n.* to adorn; to grow beautiful [person
 Beau'ty, *f.* a fine appearance; a beautiful
 Beau'ty, *v. a.* to adorn, to beautify
 Beau'ty-spōt, *f.* a spot placed to heighten beauty
 Bēc-a-fī'cō, *f.* a small bird; a fig-pecker
 Be-cālm', *v. a.* to quiet; make easy
 Be-cāme', *preterite* of *become* [count
 Be-cāuse', *conj.* for this reason; on that account
 Be-chānce', *v. n.* to happen to; to befall
 Bēck, *f.* a nod with the head or hand
 Bēck, Bēck'on, Bēck'en, *v. a.* to make a sign with the head
 Be-clīp', *v. a.* to embrace
 Be-cōme', *v. a. & n.* (*pret, became,*) to fit; adorn; to be the fate of, &c.

Be-cōm'ing, *a.* graceful; pleasing: *f.* behaviour
 Be-cōm'ing-ly, *ad.* in a becoming manner
 Be-cōm-ing-nēss, *f.* propriety; elegant congruity
 Bēd, *f.* a place to sleep on; lodging; channel of a river; bank of earth raised in a garden [habit
 Bēd, *v. a. & n.* to put or go to bed; to co-
 Be-dāb'ble, *v. a.* to wet; to besprinkle
 Be-dāg'gle, *v. a.* to bemire
 Be-dāsh', *v. a.* to bespatter
 Be-dāwb', or Be-dāub', *v. a.* to besmear
 Be-dāz'zle, *v. a.* to make the sight dim
 Bēd'chām-bér, *f.* a room to sleep in
 Bēd'clōthes, *f.* coverlets spread over a bed
 Bēd'dīng, *f.* sheets and blankets, &c.
 Be-dēck', *v. a.* to adorn
 Be-de-w', *v. a.* to wet with dew
 Bēd'fēl-lōw, *f.* one who lies in the same bed
 Be-dīght', *v. a.* to adorn; to dress
 Be-dīm', *v. a.* to obscure; to darken; to cloud
 Bēd'lām, *f.* a mad-house; *a.* belonging to a
 Bēd'lām-īte, *f.* a mad-man [mad-house
 Bēd'māte, *f.* a bed-fellow
 Bēd'pōsts, *f.* posts of a bed at the corners
 Bēd'prēs-sér, *f.* a heavy lazy fellow
 Be-drāg'gle, Be-dāg'gle, *v. a.* to soil the
 Be-drēnch', *v. a.* to drench, soak [clothes
 Bēd'rīd, *a.* confined to bed by age or sickness
 Bēd'rīte, *f.* privilege of the marriage-bed
 Be-drop', *v. a.* to besprinkle; to mark with
 Bēd'itēad, *f.* frame of a bed [drops
 Bēd'swērv-ér, *f.* one who is false to the bed
 Bēd'wōrk, *f.* work performed without toil of the hands

Běd'tīme, *f.* sleeping time, hour of rest
 Bēe, *f.* an insect which makes honey
 Bēe-gārd-ěn, *f.* a place to set bees in
 Bēe-hīve, *f.* a cover under which bees are
 Bēech, *f.* a tree [kept
 Bēech'en, *a.* made of beech
 Bēef, *f.* flesh of an ox, cow, or bull
 Bēef'-ēat-ér, *f.* a yeoman of the guards
 Bēen, *pas. part.* of *to be*
 Bēer, *f.* liquor made of malt and hops
 Bēet, *f.* the name of a plant
 Bēe'tle, *f.* a heavy mallet; an insect
 Bēe'tle, *v. n.* to jut out; to hang over
 Bēe'tle-hēad-ēd, *a.* stupid, dull
 Bēeves, *f. pl.* black cattle; oxen
 Be-fāl', *v. n.* to happen to, to come to pass
 Be-fīt', *v. a.* to suit, to become
 Be-fōol', *v. a.* to infatuate, to deceive
 Be-fōre', *pr.* in front, in presence of, prior to
 Be-fōre', *adv.* already, sooner than, hitherto
 Be-fōre'hānd, *adv.* previously, at first
 Be-fōre'tīme, *adv.* formerly
 Be-fōr'tune, *v. n.* to betide
 Be-fōul', *v. a.* to make foul, to soil
 Be-frīend', *v. a.* to favour, to be kind to
 Be-frīnge', *v. a.* to adorn with fringe
 Bēg, *v. a. & v.* to ask, implore; to live upon
 Be-gān', *pret.* of the verb *begin* [alms
 Be-gēt', *v. a.* to cause, to produce
 Be-gēt'tér, *f.* he who procreates or begets
 Bēg'gār, *f.* one who lives upon alms
 Bēg'gār, *v. a.* to bring to beggary or want
 Bēg'gār-lī-něs, *f.* state of being beggarly
 Bēg'gār-ly, *a.* mean; poor: *adv.* meanly
 Bēg'ga-ry, *f.* indigence; want
 Be-g, ĭn', *v. a.* to do the first act of any thing
 Be-g, ĭn', *v. n.* to enter upon something
 new; to take rise; to come into act

Be-g, ĭn'nér, *f.* he who gives the first cause
 Be-g, ĭn'nīng, *f.* original cause; first part
 Be-gird', *v. a.* to bind with a girdle; to surround [vince
 Bēg'lér-bēg, *f.* governour of a Turkish pro-
 Be-gnāw', *v. a.* to bite, to eat away
 Be-gōne', *interj.* away; hence; go away
 Be-gōt', *preterite* of the verb *beget*
 Be-grīme', *v. a.* to make dirty or sooty
 Be-g, āīle', *v. a.* to deceive; delude; impose
 Be-gūn', *pas. part.* of *begin* [upon
 Be-hālf', *f.* favour; cause; vindication; support
 Be-hāve', *v. a.* to carry; conduct
 Be-hāve', *v. n.* to act; conduct one's self
 Be-hā'vī-ōūr, *f.* conduct; course of life
 Be-hēad', *v. a.* to kill, by cutting off the head
 Be-hēld', *preterite* of *behold*
 Bē'he-mōth, *f.* the river-horse
 Be-hēst', *f.* command; precept
 Be-hīght', *v. a.* to promise; entrust, commit
 Be-hīnd', *prep.* at the back: *adv.* out of sight
 Be-hīnd'hānd, *adv.* in a state of arrear
 Be-hōld', *v. a.* to view; to see
 Be-hōld', *interj.* (See *Lo*) a word by which attention is excited, or admiration noted
 Be-hōld'en, *a. & part.* bound in gratitude
 Be-hōld'ér, *f.* a spectator
 Be-hōsf', *f.* advantage, profit
 Be-hōve', *v. n.* to be fit; to be meet
 Be-hōve'fūl, *a.* useful, profitable
 Be-hōve'fūl-ly, *adv.* profitably, usefully
 Be-hōw'l', *v. a.* to howl at
 Bē'īng, *f.* existence; the person existing
 Be *it so*, a phrase; *supposing it to be so*
 Be-lā'boūr, *v. a.* to beat; to thump hard
 Běl'a-mīe, *f.* a friend, an intimate
 Běl'a-mōur, *f.* a gallant; consort

Be-lāt'ēd, *a.* benighted; too late
 Be-lāy', *v. a.* to stop the passage; place in
 ambush
 Bělch, *f.* the act of eructation
 Bělch, *v. n.* throw wind from the stomach
 Běl'dám, *f.* a hag; an old scolding woman
 Be-lēagu'ér, *f.* besiege or block up a town
 Be-lēagu'ér-ér, *f.* one who besieges a place
 Běl'fōūd-ér, *f.* a caster of bells
 Běl'fry, *f.* the place where the bells are hung
 Běl'gārd', *f.* a soft or kind glance
 Be-līe', *v. a.* slander; charge with falsehood
 Bě-līef', *f.* credit; creed; religion; opinion
 Be-līeve', *v. a. & n.* to trust in; to have faith
 Be-līeve'a-ble, *a.* credible
 Be-līev'er, *f.* he who believes; a professor
 of Christianity
 Be-līev'īng-ly, *ad.* in a believing manner
 Be-līke', *ad.* probably; perhaps
 Be-līve', *ad.* speedily, quickly
 Běl, *f.* a hollow sounding vessel of metal
 Běl, *v. n.* to grow in the form of a bell
 Bělle, *f.* a handsome young lady
 Bělles-lēt'tres, *f. Fr.* polite literature
 Běl-līg'ér-ōūs, *a.* waging war
 Běl'lōw, *v. n.* to make a noise like a bull
 Běl'lōws, *f.* an instrument to blow a fire
 Běl'lu-īne, *a.* beastly, brutal
 Běl'ly, *f.* the lower part of the body
 Běl'ly, *v. n.* to hang out; to bulge out
 Běl'ly-āche, *f.* cholic; pain in the bowels
 Běl'ly-bōūd, *a.* costive
 Běl'ly-gōd, *f.* a glutton
 Běl'ly-fūl, *f.* as much food as fills the belly
 Běl'ly-tīm-bér, *f.* food
 Běl'mān, *f.* a crier of goods, &c.
 Běl'mēt-āl, *f.* copper mixed with pewter
 Be-lōng', *v. n.* to be the property of

Be-lōv'ēd, *a.* loved; dear [place
 Be-lōw', *prep. & ad.* under; in the lower
 Be-lōwt', *v. a.* to treat with ill language
 Běl-swāg'g,ér, *f.* a whoremaster
 Běl't, *f.* a girdle; a cincture [flock
 Běl'wēth-ér, *f.* the sheep which leads the
 Be-mīre', Be-mōil', *v. a.* to daub with mire
 Be-mōan', *v. a.* to lament
 Be-mūs'ēd, *a.* overcome with musing
 Běnch, *f.* a judge's seat; a seat of justice;
 a seat to sit on
 Běnch, *v. a.* to seat upon a bench
 Běnch'ér, *f.* a senior in the *inns* of court
 Běnd, *v. a.* to crook, bow, yield, incline,
 subdue
 Běnd, *v. n.* to be submissive; to be incur-
 Běnd, *f.* flexure; incurvation [vated
 Běnd'a-ble, *a.* that may be incurvated
 Běnd'ér, *f.* who bends; that which bends
 Be-nēath', *prep. & ad.* under, below, un-
 worthy of
 Běn-e-dīct'īne, *f.* a monk of St Benedict's
 Běn-e-dīc'tion, *f.* a blessing [order
 Běn-e-fāc'tion, *f.* a charitable gift
 Běn-e-fāc'tōr, *f.* he who confers a benefit
 Běn-e-fāc'trēs, *f.* she who gives charity
 Běn'e-fīce, *f.* a church living
 Běn'e-fī-cēd, *a.* possessed of a benefice
 Be-něf'ī-cēnce, *f.* active goodness
 Be-něf'ī-cēnt, *a.* kind; doing good
 Běn-e-fī'cial, *a.* advantageous; profitable
 Běn-e-fī'cial-ly, *ad.* advantageously
 Běn-e-fī'cial-něs, *f.* profit; usefulness
 Běn-e-fī'cīa-ry, *f.* he who has a benefice
 Běn'e-fīt, *f.* kindness; a favour conferred
 Běn'e-fīt, *v. a. & n.* to do good to; to gain
 advantage

Be-němpt', *a.* appointed, marked out
 Be-něv'o-lěnce, *f.* kindness; good-will
 Be-něv'o-lěnt, *a.* having good-will; kind
 Běn-gâl', *f.* a sort of thin slight stuff
 Be-nīght', *v. n.* to be surprized by night
 Be-nīgn', *a.* kind; generous; liberal
 Be-nīg'nī-ty, *f.* graciousness; actual kindness
 Be-nīgn'ly, *ad.* favourably, kindly
 Běn'ī-fōn, *f.* blessing; benediction
 Běnt, *a.* curve; tendency; inclination; stalk
 of grass
 Be-nūmb', *v. a.* to stupify; to make torpid
 Be-pāint', *v. a.* to cover with paint
 Be-pīnch', *v. a.* to mark with pinches
 Be-pīls', *v. a.* to wet with urine
 Be-quēnthē', *v. a.* to leave by will
 Be-quēst', *f.* a legacy
 Be-rāt'ile, *v. a.* to scold
 Běr'běr-ry, *f.* a berry of a sharp taste
 Be-rēave', *v. a.* to strip, to deprive of, to
 take away from
 Be-rěft', *pret. & pass. part. of to bereave*
 Běr-ga-mōt', *f.* a kind of pear
 Be-rhyme', *v. a.* to celebrate in rhyme
 Běr-līn', *f.* a kind of coach fries
 Běr'ry, *f.* any small fruit; *v. n.* to bear
 Běr'yl, *f.* a kind of precious stone
 Be-sērēn', *v. a.* to shelter, to conceal
 Be-sēc'h', to entreat, supplicate, implore
 Be-sēm', *v. n.* to become; to besit
 Be-sēt', *v. a.* to way-lay; surround; harass;
 fall upon
 Be-shrēw', *v. a.* to wish a curse to; to hap-
 pen ill to
 Be-sīde', Be-sīdes', *prep. & ad.* at the side
 of another; near to; over and above
 Be-sīege', *v. a.* to beset with armed forces
 Be-sīegs'ér, *f.* one employed in a siege

Be-slūb'bér, *v. a.* to dawb, to smear
 Be-smēar', *v. a.* to bedawb, soil, or foul
 Be-(mīrch', *v. a.* to soil, to discolour
 Be-smōke', *v. a.* to foul with, or dry in
 smoke
 Be-smūt', *v. a.* to blacken with smoke or
 soot
 Bě'sōm, *f.* an instrument to sweep with
 Be-sōrt', *v. a.* to suit; fit; separate
 Be-sōt', *v. a.* to stupify; to infatuate
 Be-sōught', *pret. & pass. part. of beseech*
 Be-spān'gle, *v. a.* to adorn with spangles
 Be-spāt'tér, *v. a.* to sprinkle with dirt; to
 slander
 Be-spāwl', *v. a.* to dawb with spittle
 Be-spēak', *v. a.* to order; speak to; betoken
 Be-spēak'ér, *f.* he who orders, &c.
 Be-spēc'kle, *v. a.* to mark with spots
 Be-spew', *v. a.* to dawb with spew or vomit
 Be-spīce', *v. a.* to season with spice
 Be-spīt', *v. a.* to dawb with spittle
 Be-spōt', *v. a.* to mark with spots
 Be-sprēad', *v. a.* to spread over
 Be-spūt'tér, *v. a.* to sputter over something
 Be-sprīn'kle, *v. a.* to moisten, sprinkle over
 Běst, *a.* most good, highest in perfection
 Be-štāin', *v. a.* mark with stains, to spot
 Be-štēad', *v. a.* to profit; to accommodate
 Běs'tī-āl, *a.* carnal; brutal, of a beast
 Běs'tī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of a beast; de-
 generacy from human nature
 Běs'tī-āl-ly, *ad.* brutally
 Be-štīck', *v. a.* to stick full
 Be-štīt', *v. a.* to put into quick motion
 Be-štōw', *v. a.* to give, confer upon; lay out
 Be-štōw'ér, *f.* a giver, or disposer
 Be-štāught', *a.* distracted, mad
 Be-štrew', *v. a.* to scatter

Be-strīde', *v. a.* (*pret.* be-strōde, *pas. part.* be-strīd'den;) to stride over any thing
 Be-stūd', *v. a.* to adorn with studs
 Bēt, *f.* a wager; abbreviation for *Betty*
 Bēt, *v. a.* to lay a wager [move
 Be-tāke', *v. a.* to have recourse to; seize;
 Be-tēem', *v. a.* to bring forth; to bestow
 Be-thīnk', *v. a.* to recollect
 Be-thrāl', *v. a.* enslave, conquer; perplex
 Be-thūmp', *v. a.* to beat
 Be-tīde', *v. n.* to happen to, come to pass
 Be-tīmes', Be-tīme', *ad.* seasonably, early
 Be-tō'ken, *v. a.* to signify, mark, represent,
 Bēt'o-ny, *f.* a plant [foreshew
 Be-tōok', *pret.* of *betake*
 Be-tōfs', *v. a.* to disturb, to agitate
 Be-trāy', *v. a.* to deliver up treacherously,
 shew, discover
 Be-trāy'ér, *f.* a traitor
 Be-trīm', *v. a.* to deck, dress, grace
 Be-trōth', *v. a.* to contract to any one, to
 affiancé; disappoint
 Be-trūst', *v. a.* to put into power
 Bēt'tér, *a.* having good qualities in a great-
 er degree than something else
 Bēt'tér, *v. a.* to improve, advance; exceed
 Bēt'tér, *f.* advantage, superiority
 Bēt'tér, *ad.* well in a greater degree
 Bēt'tór, *f.* one who lays wagers
 Bēt'ty, *f.* an instrument to break open doors
 Be-twēen', Be-twīxt', *prep.* in the middle
 Bēv'īl, Bēv'ēl, *f.* a kind of square
 Bēv'ēl, *v. a.* to cut to a bevel angle
 Bēv'ér-age, *f.* drink, liquor in general
 Bēv'y, *f.* a flock of birds; a company
 Be-wāil', *v. a.* to lament, to grieve for
 Be-wāre', *v. n.* to be cautious
 Be-wēep, *v. a.* to weep over, or upon

Be-wēt', *v. a.* to wet or moisten [less places
 Be-wīld'ér, *v. a.* to puzzle, to lose in path-
 Be-wīth', *v. a.* to injure by witchcraft, to
 charm, to please
 Be-wīth'ē-ry, Be-wīth'měnt, *f.* fascina-
 tion, charm
 Be-wrāy', *v. a.* to betray, to discover
 Be-wrāy'ér, *f.* betrayer, discoverer
 Be-yond', *prep.* before; above; out of reach
 Bēz'ēl, Bēz'īl, *f.* that part of a ring in
 which the stone is fixed
 Bēz'o-ār, *f.* a medicinal stone
 Bi-ān'gu-lat-ēd, Bi-ān'gu-loūs, *a.* having 2
 angles
 Bī'ās, *f.* inclination, bent; weight on one
 side: *ad.* wrong
 Bī'ās, *v. a.* to incline on one side; to pre-
 judice [infants
 Bīb, *f.* a piece of linen under the chins of
 Bīb, *v. n.* to tipple, to sip
 Bi-bā'cious, *a.* much addicted to drinking
 Bīb'bér, *f.* a drinker, a tippler
 Bī'ble, *f.* the books of the Old and New
 Testaments
 Bīb-lī-ōg'ra-phér, *f.* a transcriber
 Bīb-lī-o-thēc'āl, *a.* belonging to a library
 Bīb-lī-o-thēc'a-ry, *f.* a librarian
 Bīb'u-loūs, *a.* spongy, what drinks moisture
 Bīce, *f.* a colour used in painting [heads
 Bi-cīp'ī-tāl, Bi-cīp'ī-toūs, *a.* having two
 Bīck'ér, *v. n.* to skirmish, wrangle; quiver
 Bīck'ér-ér, *f.* a skirmisher
 Bīck'érn, *f.* an iron ending in a point
 Bi-cōrne', Bi-cōrn'oūs, *a.* having two horns
 Bi-cōr'po-rāl, *a.* having two bodies
 Bīd, *v. a.* to offer a price; command, ask
 Bīd'den, *pas. part.* from *bid*
 Bīd'dér, *f.* one who offers or invites

Bīd'dīng, *f.* a command; invitation
 Bīde, *v. a. & n.* to endure, suffer; to dwell
 Bi-dēnt'āl, *a.* having two teeth
 Bīd'īng, *f.* habitation, residence, dwelling
 Bi-ēn'nī-āl, *a.* continuing two years
 Bīer, *f.* a hand-carriage for the dead
 Bīest'īngs, *f.* first milk given after calving
 Bi-fā'rī-ōūs, Bi-fōld', *a.* twofold, double
 Bīf'ēr-ōūs, *a.* bearing fruit twice a-year
 Bi-fōld', *a.* twofold, double
 Bi-fōrm'ēd, *a.* compounded of two forms
 Bi-fūr'cat-ēd, *a.* shooting into two heads
 Bi-fūr-cā'tion, *f.* division into two
 Bīg, *a.* large; pregnant; proud; brave
 Bīg'a-mīst, *f.* one who has committed
 bigamy
 Bīg'a-my, *f.* crime of having two wives
 Bīg-bēl'lī-ēd, *a.* pregnant; having a large
 Bīg'gīn, *f.* a child's cap [belly
 Bīg'ly, *ad.* haughtily; hugely; tumidly
 Bīg'nēss, *f.* size, greatness of quantity
 Bīg'ōt, *f.* one devoted to a certain party
 Bīg'ōt-ēd, *a.* full of superstition
 Bīg'ōt-ry, *f.* blind zeal; prejudice
 Bīg'swōln', *a.* greatly swollen, ready to burst;
 Bīl'bēr-ry, *f.* a wortleberry [proud
 Bīl'bō, *f.* a rapier, a sword
 Bīl'bōēs, *f.* a sort of stocks on board a ship
 Bīle, *f.* a thick bitter liquor; an inflamed
 Bīlge, *v. n.* to spring a leak [swelling
 Bīl'īa-ry, *a.* belonging to the bile
 Bīl'īngs-gate, *f.* foul language; a fish-
 market
 Bi-līn'gu-ōūs, *a.* having two tongues
 Bīl'ī-ōūs, *a.* consisting of bile
 Bīlk, *v. a.* to cheat, defraud
 Bīll, *f.* beak of a fowl; hatchet; account
 of money, &c. charge; act of parliament

Bīll, *v. a. & n.* to kiss; to publish; to ca-
 refs, as doves do [wood
 Bīl'lēt, *f.* a small letter, note, small log of
 Bīl'lēt, *v. a.* to lodge or quarter soldiers
 Bīl'let-dōux', *f.* (*French*) a love-letter
 Bīll'īārdz, *f. pl.* a game with balls
 Bīll'īōnz, *f.* millions of millions
 Bīl'lōw, *f.* a wave swollen
 Bīl'lōw, *v. n.* to swell, or roll
 Bīl'lōw-y, *a.* swelling like waves
 Bīn, *f.* a repository for corn or wine
 Bīn'a-ry, *a.* two, double
 Bīnd, *v. a.* (*pret.* boūnd, *pas. part.* bōūnd'en)
 to gird; fasten, confine, tie up, restrain
 Bīnd, *v. n.* to contract; to grow stiff
 Bīnd, *f.* a species of hops
 Bīnd'ēr, *f.* he who covers or binds books;
 a fillet
 Bīnd'īng, *f.* a bandage
 Bi-nōc'u-lār, *a.* having two eyes
 Bi-ōg'rā-phy, *f.* a book or writing of lives
 Bīp'a-roūs, *a.* bringing forth two at a birth
 Bi-pārt'ī-te, *a.* having two parts
 Bi-pār-tī'tion, *f.* the act of dividing into two
 Bī'pēd, *f.* an animal with two feet
 Bīp'e-dāl, *a.* two feet in length
 Bi-pēn'nāt-ēd, *a.* having two wings
 Bi-pēt'a-lōūs, *a.* consisting of two flower-
 leaves
 Bīq'ūad-rate, } *a.* the fourth power arith-
 Bīq'ūa-drāt'īck, } sing from the multipli-
 cation of a square by itself
 Bīrch, *f.* a tree
 Bīrch'en, *a.* made of birch
 Bīrd, *f.* a feathered animal, a fowl
 Bīrd'bēlt, *f.* a small arrow
 Bīrd'cāch-ēr, Bīrd'ēr, *f.* one who takes birds
 Bīrd'īng-pīce, *f.* a gun to shoot birds with

Bírd/líme, *f.* a glutinous substance to catch birds

Bírt, *f.* a fish, the turbot [traction

Bírt, *f.* act of coming into life, rank, ex-

Bírt/dóm, Bírt/ríght, *f.* right of the first-born [cake

Bíř/c, uít, *f.* a kind of hard dry bread; sweet

Bi-sěct', *v. a.* to divide into two parts

Bířh'óp, *f.* one of the head order of the clergy; a liquor

Bířh'óp, *v. a.* to confirm, to admit

Bířh'óp-ríck, *f.* the diocese of a bishop

Bířk, *f.* soup, broth

Bíř'múth, *f.* a marcasite

Bíř-sěx'tíle, *f.* leap-year

Bíř-řú/coűs, *a.* cloven-footed

Bíř'són, *a.* blind

Bít, *f.* the iron of a bridle; a morsel; a coin of 7½ d.

Bít, *v. a.* to put the bridle on a horse

Bítch, *f.* the female of canine animals

Bíte, *v. a.* (*pret.* Bit, *part. pas.* Bitten) to crush or pierce with the teeth, to wound; to cheat or trick

Bíte, Bít'ér, *f.* he who bites; a sharper

Bít'tér, *a.* sharp, cruel, severe

Bít'tér-ly, *ad.* with a bitter taste; severely

Bít'térn, *f.* a sea water-fowl [row

Bít'tér-něs, *f.* a bitter taste; malice; for-

Bi-tū'měn, *f.* a fat unctuous kind of earth

Bi-tū'mín-oűs, *a.* containing bitumen

Bi-vál'vu-lár, *a.* having two valves

Bíz'an-tíne, *f.* a piece of gold worth 15 l.

Bláb, *v. a.* to tell a secret, to tattle

Bláb, Bláb'bér, *f.* a tell-tale, a tattler

Bläck, *a.* dark; sullen; horrible; mournful

Bläck, *f.* a blackmoor, negro; dark colour

Bläck'běr-ry, *f.* the fruit of the bramble

Bläck'bírd, *f.* the name of a bird

Bläck'-căt'tle, *f.* oxen, bulls, and cows

Bläck'-gűárd, *f.* a dirty fellow

Bläck'-lěad', *f.* a mineral

Bläck'en', *v. a.* to defame; darken; make

Bläck'en, *v. n.* to grow black [black

Bläck'ířh, *a.* somewhat black

Bläck'něs, *f.* black colour; darkness

Bläck'smíth, *f.* a smith who works with iron

Bläck'tāzl, *f.* a small fish

Bläck'thörn, *f.* the sloe

Bläd'dér, *f.* the vessel containing urine

Blāde, *f.* spire of grass, &c. before it seeds; cutting part of a weapon; a brisk man

Blād'ěd, *a.* having blades or spires

Blāzn, *f.* a pustule, bile, or blister

Blām'a-ble, *a.* culpable, faulty

Blām'a-ble-něs, *f.* fault

Blām'a-bly, *ad.* culpably

Blāzt, Blězt, *a.* bashful

Blāme, *f.* crime, fault, reproach, offence

Blāme, *v. a.* to censure, to charge with a fault

Blāme'fűl, *a.* guilty, criminal

Blāme'lěs, *a.* guiltless, innocent

Blāme'lěř-ly, *ad.* innocently

Blāme'lěř-něs, *f.* innocence

Blām'ér, *f.* a censurer

Blāme'wór'thy, *a.* culpable, blamable

Blānch, *v. a.* to whiten, skin almonds

Blānd, *a.* soft, gentle, mild

Blānd'ířh, *v. a.* to smooth, flatter, soften

Blānd'ířh-měnt, *f.* soft words, flattery

Blānk, *a.* white, unwritten; confused; pale; without rhyme

Blānk, *f.* a void space; disappointment; aim; unwritten paper: *v. a.* to damp; confuse; efface

Blānk'ēt, *f.* a woollen cover for a bed, a pear
 Blānk'ēt, *v. a.* to cover with a blanket
 Blāf-phēne', *v. a.* to speak wickedly
 Blāf-phēne', *v. n.* to speak blasphemy
 Blāf-phēm'ér, *f.* one who abuses God
 Blāf'phe-mōūs, *a.* impiously irreverent to-
 wards God
 Blāf'phe-mōūs-ly, *ad.* impiously
 Blāf'phe-my, *f.* indignity offered to God
 Blāst, *f.* a gust of wind, blight in trees, &c.
 Blāst, *v. a.* to make to wither; to injure;
 to confound; to invalidate
 Blāst'mēnt, *f.* sudden stroke of infection
 Blā'tānt, *a.* bellowing as a calf [tion
 Blāze, *f.* a flame, light of a flame; publica-
 Blāze, *v. a. & n.* to publish; to flame; to be
 conspicuous
 Blāz'ér, *f.* one who spreads reports
 Blā'zōn, *v. a.* to explain, in proper terms,
 the figures on ensigns armorial; to deck,
 display
 Blā'zōn, Blā'zōn-ry, *f.* the art of blazon-
 ing, show, &c.
 Blēach, *v. a. & n.* to whiten; to grow white
 Blēak, Blēak'ly, *a.* cold, chill, pale: *f.* a fish
 Blēak'nēss, *f.* coldness, chillness
 Blēar, *a.* dim with rheum or water
 Blēar, *v. a.* to make the eyes dim or watery
 Blēar'ēd-nēss, *f.* dimness through water or
 Blēat, *v. n.* to cry as a sheep [rheum
 Blēat, Blēat'ing, the crying of sheep or
 lambs
 Blēb, *f.* a blister [drop as blood
 Blēed, *v. a. & n.* to lose or let blood; to
 Blēed'ing, *f.* an issue or letting of blood
 Blēm'ish, *v. a.* to defame, or deform
 Blēm'ish, *f.* a scar, mark, disgrace
 Blēnch, *v. n.* to shrink, start, hinder, obstruct

Blēnd, *v. a.* to mix; pollute, spoil
 Blēss, *v. a.* to prosper; wish or make happy
 Blēss'ēd, *a.* happy
 Blēss'ēd-ly, *ad.* happily
 Blēss'ēd-nēss, *f.* happiness, holiness, divine
 Blēss'ér, *f.* he who blesses [favour
 Blēss'ing, *f.* benediction, divine favour
 Blēst, *part. a.* happy
 Blēw, *pret.* from blow
 Blīght, *f.* mildew; any thing blasting
 Blīght, *v. a.* to blast; to hinder from felicity
 Blīnd, *a.* without sight; unseen; weak
 Blīnd, *v. a.* to darken, to stop the sight
 Blīnd, *f.* something to hinder the sight
 Blīnd'fōld, *v. a.* to cover the eyes
 Blīnd'fōld, *a.* having the eyes covered
 Blīnd'ly, *ad.* without sight, implicitly
 Blīnd'mān's-būff', *f.* a play in which one
 has his eyes covered
 Blīnd'nēss, *f.* want of sight, ignorance
 Blīnd'fīde, *f.* foible, weakness
 Blīnd'wōrm, *f.* a small venomous viper
 Blīnk, *v. n.* to wink; to see obscurely
 Blīnk'ārd, *f.* one who has bad eyes; a game
 cock having but one eye
 Blīss, *f.* complete happiness; felicity in
 general
 Blīss'fūl, *a.* happy in the highest degree
 Blīss'fūl-ly, *ad.* happily
 Blīss'fūl-nēss, *f.* happiness
 Blīst'ér, *f.* a rising in the skin; *v. a. & n.*
 to raise blisters by some hurt, to rise in
 blisters
 Blīthe, Blīth'sōme, *a.* gay, airy, cheerful
 Blīth'ly, *ad.* in a blithe manner
 Blīth'nēss, Blīth'sōme-nēss, *f.* cheerfulness
 Blōat, *v. a. & n.* to swell; to grow turgid
 Blōat'ēd-nēss, *f.* turgidness, swelling

Blöb/bér, *f.* a bubble [thick lips
 Blöb/líp-pěd, Blób/bér-líp-pěd, *a.* having
 Blöck', *f.* a heavy piece, of wood, pully, stop
 Blöck', *v. a.* to shut up, inclose
 Blöck-āde', *f.* the military shutting up of a
 Blöck-āde', *v. a.* to shut up [town
 Blöck'hěad, *f.* a stupid fellow; a dolt
 Blöck'hěad-ěd, Blöck'ish, *a.* stupid, dull
 Blöck'ish-ly, *ad.* in a stupid manner
 Blöck-tin, *f.* tin pure and unmixed
 Blóod, *f.* a red fluid in the body of animals;
 family; high extraction; life; man of fire
 Blóod, *v. a.* to stain with blood
 Blóod'lět, *v. a.* to open a vein medicinally
 Blóod'lět-tér, *f.* a phlebotomist
 Blóod'thirst-y, *a.* desirous to shed blood
 Blóod-guilt'í-něs, *f.* murder
 Blóod'hóund, *f.* a hound which follows by
 the scent
 Blóod'í-ly, *ad.* cruelly
 Blóod'í-něs, *f.* the state of being bloody
 Blóod'lěs, *a.* without blood, dead
 Blóod'shěd, *f.* crime of blood or murder,
 Blóod'shěd-dér, *f.* a murderer [slaughter
 Blóod'shót-ten, *a.* red, filled with blood
 Blóod'sück-ér, *f.* one who thirsts after blood;
 a fly, a leech
 Blóod'y, *a.* stained with blood, cruel
 Blôom, *f.* blossom, state of immaturity
 Blôom, *v. n.* to bring or yield blossoms; to
 be in a state of youth
 Blôom'y, *a.* full of blooms
 Blôre, *f.* a blast; act of blowing
 Blös/sôm, *f.* the flower of trees or plants;
v. n. to put forth blossoms
 Blôt', *v. a.* to blur, efface, disgrace, darken
 Blôt', *f.* a blur, crime, spot

Blötch', *f.* a spot or puff on the skin
 Blôte, *v. a.* to smoke, or dry with smoke
 Blôw, *f.* a stroke, single action, sudden event
 Blôw, *v. a. & n.* (*pret.* blew; *part. pass.* blow)
 to inflame with wind; to swell; pant,
 breathe hard; blossom
 Blôwth, *f.* bloom or blossom
 Blôwze, *f.* a ruddy fat-faced wench
 Blôwz'y, *a.* sun-burnt, high-coloured
 Blüb/bér, *f.* whale oil; *v. a.* to swell the
 cheeks by weeping
 Blüb/bér, *v. a. & n.* to swell the cheeks
 with weeping: to weep so as to swell the
 cheeks [loaded
 Blüd/geon, *f.* a short stick with one end
 Blüe', *a.* sky-coloured; dejected: *f.* sky-co-
 Blüe'böt-tle, *f.* a fly; a flower [lour
 Blüe'ly, *ad.* with a blue colour
 Blüe'něs, *f.* quality of being blue
 Blüff, *a.* big; farly; blustering
 Blün'der, *v. n.* to mistake grossly, to stumble
 Blün'der, *f.* a shameful mistake
 Blün'dér-bűs, *f.* a short gun, with a wide
 Blün'dér-ér, *f.* a blockhead [bore
 Blün'dér-hěad, *f.* a stupid fellow
 Blünt, *a.* dull on the edge, not quick, rude,
 Blünt'ly, *ad.* rudely, plainly [rough
 Blünt'něs, *f.* want of edge or point, rudeness
 Blūr, *f.* blot or stain
 Blūr, *v. a.* to blot, efface, stain
 Flürt, *v. a.* to let fly without thinking
 Blűsh, *v. n.* to betray shame, by a red co-
 lour in the cheek [appearance
 Blűsh, *f.* a red colour in the cheek; sudden
 Blűsh'y, *a.* having the colour of a blush
 Blűs'tér, *v. n.* to roar as a storm, to bully
 Blűs'tér, *f.* roar, noise, boisterousness

Blűf'tér-ér, *f.* a bully, a swaggerer
 Blűf'tér-ous, *a.* tumultuous, noisy
 Bō, *interj.* a word of terroure used to children
 Bōar, *f.* the male swine
 Bōard, *v. a. & n.* to enter a ship by force; to attack; lay with boards: to live in a house
 Bōard, *f.* a piece of thin wood; a table; a court of jurisdiction; deck of a ship
 Bōard'ér, *f.* one who eats with another
 Bōard'wā'geš, *f.* allowance for diet, &c.
 Bōar'ish, *a.* swinish; rude; cruel
 Bōast, *v. a.* to brag, magnify, exalt
 Bōast, *f.* a proud speech; a brag
 Bōast'ér, *f.* one who brags
 Bōast'fűl, *a.* ostentatious
 Bōast'ing-ly, *ad.* ostentatiously
 Bōat, *f.* a vessel to pass the water in
 Bō-ā'tion, *f.* a roar, bellowing like a beast
 Bōat'mān, Bōatf'mān, *f.* manager of a boat
 Bōat'swāin, *f.* one who has the care of the ship's riggings
 Bōb', *v. a.* to beat, drub, cheat
 Bōb', *v. n.* to play backward and forward
 Bōb', *f.* any thing which hangs loose; a blow; a wig [notch
 Bōb'bűn, *f.* a small pin of wood, with a
 Bōb'chěr-ry, *f.* a play amongst children
 Bōb'tāil, Bōb'tāil-éd, *a.* having a cut tail
 Bōb'wűg', *f.* a short wig [of
 Bōde', *v. a. & n.* to foreshow: to be an omen
 Bōde'měnt, *f.* omen, a foreboding
 Bōdge', *v. n.* to boggle, to hesitate
 Bōd'ice, *f.* a sort of womens stays
 Bōd'ĩ-lěs, *a.* incorporeal [corporeally
 Bōd'ĩ-ly, *a. & ad.* relating to the body, real;
 Bōd'kűn, *f.* an instrument to bore holes

Bōd'y, *f.* matter; person; the whole; corporation
 Bōd'y, *v. a.* to produce in some form
 Bōg', *f.* a marsh, fen, morass [country
 Bōg'-trōt-tér, *f.* one who lives in a boggy
 Bōg'gle, Bōdge', *v. n.* to start back; hesitate
 Bōg'glér, *f.* a doubter, a timorous man
 Bōg'gy, *a.* marshy, swampy
 Bōg'hōűse, *f.* a house of office
 Bō-hěa', *f.* a species of tea
 Bōil, *v. n.* to be hot; to be agitated through heat; to cook by boiling [boils
 Bōil'ér, *f.* a vessel for boiling water; he who
 Bōist'ér-ous, *a.* violent, loud, roaring
 Bōist'ér-ouf-ly, *ad.* tumultuously
 Bōist'ér-ouf-něs, *f.* turbulence, tumultuousness
 Bōl'a-ry, *a.* partaking of the nature of a bole
 Bōld, *a.* daring, impudent, confident
 Bōld'fāce, *f.* an impudent person
 Bōld'fāç-éd, *a.* impudent, saucy
 Bōld'ly, *ad.* in a bold manner [pudence
 Bōld'něs, *f.* courage, bravery, freedom, im-
 Bōle, *f.* earth; a corn-measure of 6 bushels
 Bōll, *f.* a round stalk or stem
 Bōl'itér, *f.* a large pillow, pad, or quilt: *v. a.* to pad; support; hold together
 Bōlt, *f.* a bar; an arrow; lightning
 Bōlt, *v. a.* to fasten with a bolt; to sift
 Bōlt, *v. n.* to spring out suddenly
 Bōlt'ér, *f.* sieve to separate meal from bran
 Bōlt'ing-hōűse, *f.* place where meal is sifted
 Bō'lűs, *f.* a large pill
 Bōmb, *f.* a kind of ordnance; a loud voice
 Bōmb, *v. a.* to attack with bombs
 Bōmb'kětch, *f.* a kind of ship
 Bōm'bárd, *f.* a great gun; a barrel for wine

Bôm-bârd', *v. a.* to attack with bombs
 Bôm/bâr-dîer', *f.* the bomb-engineer
 Bôm-bârd'mënt, *f.* an attack with bombs
 Bôm-ba-fîn', *f.* slight stuff, mixed with silk
 Bôm'bâst', *a.* high sounding
 Bôm-bâst', *f.* big empty words; fustian
 Bôm-bu-lâ'tion, *f.* great noise, sound
 Bo-na-rô'ba, *f.* a whore
 Bo-nâ-'fûs, *f.* a kind of buffalo
 Bônd', *f.* any thing which binds: *a.* captive
 Bônd'age, *f.* captivity, imprisonment
 Bônd'mâid, Bônd'mân, *f.* a man or woman
 Bônd'fêr-vânt, Bônd'flâve, *f.* a slave [slave
 Bônd'fêr-vîçe, *f.* conditional slavery
 Bôndf'mân, *f.* surety, one bound for another
 Bône, *f.* the most solid part of the body
 Bône, *v. a.* to take out the bones from the
 Bône'lâce, *f.* flaxen lace [flesh
 Bone'lêss, *a.* without bones
 Bône'fêt-tér, *f.* a chirurgéon
 Bôn'fîre, *f.* a fire made for triumph
 Bôn'nêt, *f.* a covering between a hat and cap
 Bôn'ny, *a.* handsome, beautiful
 Bôn'nî-ly, *ad.* handsomely, gayly
 Bôn'nî-nêss, *f.* handsomeness
 Bôn'ny-clâb-bér, *f.* four butter-milk
 Bôn'num-mâg'nûm, *f.* a great plum
 Bôn'ny, *a.* consisting of bones, full of bones
 Bô'by, *f.* a dull, heavy, stupid fellow
 Bòok, *f.* a volume in which we read, &c.
 Bòok, *v. a.* to register in a book
 Bòok'kêep-îng, *f.* art of keeping accounts
 Bòok'bînd-ér, *f.* he who binds books
 Bòok'fûl, *a.* full of indigested knowledge
 Bòok'îsh, *a.* given to reading
 Bòok'îsh-nêss, *f.* over-studiousness
 Bòok-léarn'éd, *a.* versed in books

Bòok-léarn'îng, *f.* skill in literature
 Bòok'mâte, *f.* a school-fellow
 Bòok'îêl-lér, *f.* a dealer in books
 Bòok'wôrm, Bòok'mân, *f.* a close student;
 a mite
 Bôm, *f.* a bar of wood laid across a harbour
 Bôm, *v. n.* to rush with violence
 Bôn, *f.* a gift, a grant: *a.* gay, merry
 Bôor, *f.* a clown, a lout
 Bôor'îsh, *a.* rustic, clownish
 Bôor'îsh-ly, *ad.* after a clownish manner
 Bôor'îsh-nêss, *f.* coarseness of manners
 Bôose, *f.* a stall for a cow
 Bôose, Bôuse, *v. n.* to drink, to guzzle
 Bôos'y, *a.* merry, a little intoxicated
 Bôot, *v. a.* to profit, advantage; enrich
 Bôot, *f.* profit, gain, advantage; covering
 for the legs; part of a coach
 Bôot'hôse, *f.* stockings to serve for boots
 Bôot'câch-ér, *f.* he who pulls off boots, &c.
 Bôot'éd, *a. & part.* in boots [boards
 Bôoth, *f.* a stall in a fair; house built of
 Bôot'lêss, *a.* useless, unavailing, unsuccessful
 Bôot'y, *f.* plunder, pillage, spoil
 Bo-pêep', *f.* a play among children
 Bo-râch'î-o, *f.* a drunkard [metals
 Bô'râx, *f.* an artificial salt used to solder
 Bôr'dél, *f.* a brothel, a bawdy-house
 Bôr'dér, *v. n.* to confine upon, approach
 nearly: *v. a.* to adorn with a border:
f. edge of a country; edging; bank in a
 garden
 Bôr'dér-ér, *f.* he who dwells on the borders
 Bôrd'rage, *v. n.* to plunder the borders
 Bôre, *v. a.* to make a hole, to pump forward
 Bôre, *f.* a hole made by boring, size of a hole
 Bôre, the preterite of bear
 Bô're-âl, *a.* northern

Bō're-ās, *f.* the north-wind
 Bo-rēe', *f.* a kind of dance, step in a minuet
 Bēr'ér, *f.* a piercer, a gimblet
 To be Börn', *v. n.* to come into life
 Börn', *part. pas.* born into the world
 Borne, *part. pas.* of *bear*, carried, brought
 Bōr'ough, *f.* a town with a corporation
 Bōr'rēl, *f.* a mean fellow
 Bōr'rōw, *v. a.* to ask upon loan; to take as one's own
 Bōr'rōw-ér, *f.* he or she who borrows
 Bōf'cage, *f.* a wood, woodlands
 Bōf'ky, *a.* woody [tions
 Bōf'óm, *f.* the breast, heart; tender affection
 Bōf'óm, *v. a.* to conceal, to close in the bosom
 Bōfs', *f.* a stud, raised work
 Bo-tān'ic, Bo-tān'ic-āl, *a.* relating to, or skilled in plants
 Bōt'ān-ist, *f.* one skilled in plants
 Bōt'ān-ol'o-g-y, *f.* a discourse upon plants
 Bōt'ān-y, *f.* knowledge of plants
 Bōtch', *v. a.* to mend or repair clumsily
 Bōtch', *f.* a swelling, a part in any work ill finished
 Bōtch'ér, *f.* a mender of old clothes
 Bōtch'y, *a.* marked with botches
 Bōth, *a.* the two: *conj.* as well as
 Bōrs', *f.* small worms in the entrails of horses
 Bōt'tle, *f.* a glass vessel to contain liquor; a quart
 Bōt'tle, *v. a.* to inclose into bottles
 Bōt'tóm, *f.* lowest part, foundation, a valley
 Bōt'tóm, *v. a. & n.* to build upon; to rest upon
 Bōt'tóm-lēss, *a.* without a bottom
 Bōt'tóm-ry, *f.* money borrowed on a ship
 Bōuge, *v. n.* to swell out

Bōūgh, *f.* an arm of a tree
 Bōught', *pret. & part. pass.* of *buy*
 Bōūnce, *v. n.* to spring, leap; boast
 Bōūnce, *f.* a leap; blow; blast; sudden noise
 Bōūnc'ér, *f.* a boaster, bully, braggadocio
 Bōūnd, *v. a.* to limit, terminate, confine, restrain
 Bōūnd, *v. n.* to jump, spring, rebound, fly back
 Bōūnd, *pret. & part.* of *bind*, *a.* destined to
 Bōūnd, Bōūnd'a-ry, *f.* limit, confine
 Bōūnd'ēn, *a. & part. pass.* of *bind*; required
 Bōūnd'-stōne, *f.* a stone to play with
 Bōūnd'lēss, *a.* unconfined, unlimited
 Bōūnd'lēss-nēss, *f.* exemption from limits
 Bōūn'te-ōūs, Bōūn'tī-fūl, *a.* liberal, generous
 Bōūn'te-ōūs-nēss, Bōūn'tī-fūl-nēss, Bōūn'tī-hōod, *f.* goodness, virtue, liberality; quality of being bountiful
 Bōūn'ty, *f.* generosity; munificence
 Bōurne, *f.* a bound, limit; a brook
 Bōuse, *v. n.* See *Boose*; to drink lavishly
 Bōuf'y, *a.* drunken, muddled with drink
 Bōūt, *f.* part of an action done at one time
 Bōw, *v. a.* to bend, inflect, curve, depress
 Bōw, *v. n.* to make a reverence, to stoop
 Bōw, *f.* an act of reverence or submission
 Bōw, *f.* an instrument of war; a fiddlestick; double string of a slip knot; part of a ship
 Bōw'bent, *a.* crooked
 Bōw'ēl, *v. a.* to pierce the bowels
 Bōw'ēls, *f.* intestines; tendernefs, compassion
 Bōw'ér, *f.* an arbour in a garden
 Bōw'ér, *v. a.* to embower
 Bōw'ér-y, *f.* full of bowers
 Bōwl, *f.* the hollow of a cup or glass; a vessel for punch
 Bōwl, *f.* a wooden ball rolled along the ground

Bōw'lēg-g,ēd, *a.* having crooked legs
 Bōw'l'ér, *f.* he who bowls
 Bōw'l'īng-grēen, *f.* a level green for bowlers
 Bōw'līne, *f.* the name of a ship's rope
 Bōw'mān, *f.* an archer [head
 Bōw'sprīt, *f.* a mast reaching out of a ship's
 Bōw'strīng, *f.* the string of a bow
 Bōw'yér, *f.* an archer, a bow-maker [seat
 Bōx', *f.* a tree; case of wood; a blow; a
 Bōx', *v. a.* to put in a box; to strike with
 the fist
 Bōx'ēn, *a.* made of box
 Bōxér, *f.* one who fights with his fist
 Bōy, *f.* a male child; word of contempt for
 young men
 Bōy, *v. n.* to act apishly, or like a boy
 Bōy'hòod, *f.* state of a boy
 Bōy'īsh, *a.* childish, trifling
 Bōy'īsh-ly, *ad.* belonging to a boy
 Bōy'īsh-nēss, bōy'īsh, *f.* childishness
 Brāb'ble, *f.* a clamorous contest
 Brāb'blér, *f.* a noisy fellow
 Brāce, *v. a.* to bind, tie close with bandages
 Brāce, *f.* a bandage, tightness, a pair, a
 couple; warlike preparation
 Brāce'lēt, *f.* an ornament for the arms
 Brāç'ér, *f.* a cincture, a bandage
 Brāç, *f.* a bitch hound
 Brāç'h'ī-āl, *a.* belonging to the arm
 Brāç'h-ýg'ra-phy, *f.* art of short writing
 Bräck, *f.* a breach, a crack
 Bräck'ēt, *f.* a supporter of wood
 Bräck'īsh, *a.* somewhat salt
 Bräck'īsh-nēss, *f.* saltiness
 Brād, *f.* a small nail; a small gimblet
 Brāg, *v. n.* to boast, to display ostentatiously
 Brāg, *f.* a proud expression; the thing
 boasted

Brāg-ga-dō'cī-o, *f.* a puffing, boasting fellow
 Brāg'gárt, Brāg'g,ér, *f.* a boaster
 Brāg'lēss, *a.* without a boast
 Brāg'ly, *ad.* finely
 Brāid, *v. a.* to weave together
 Brāid, *f.* a texture, a knot; *a.* deceitful
 Brāiļš, *f.* [sea term] small ropes reeved
 through blocks
 Brāin, *f.* soft substance within the skull; sense
 Brāin, *v. a.* to kill by knocking out the
 brains
 Brāin'īsh, *a.* hot-headed, furious
 Brāin'lēss, *a.* silly, without thought
 Brāin'pān, *f.* the skull containing the brains
 Brāin'-Cīck, *a.* addle-headed, giddy
 Brāin'fīck-ly, *ad.* weakly, headily
 Brāke, *preterite of break*
 Brāke, *f.* fern; brambles; an instrument for
 dressing flax; a kneading-trough
 Brāk'y, *a.* thorny, rough, prickly [bush
 Brām'ble, *f.* blackberry bush; any prickly
 Brān, *f.* the husks of ground corn
 Brānch, *f.* a small bough, a part, an offspring
 Brānch, *v. a. & n.* to spread into parts;
 divide into branches
 Brānch'ér, *f.* one that shoots out into
 branches; a young hawk
 Brānch'ī-nēss, *f.* fulness of branches
 Brānch'lēss, *a.* without boughs, naked
 Brānch'y, *a.* full of branches, spreading
 Brānd, *f.* a mark of justice; a sword; a
 lighted stick
 Brānd, *v. a.* to mark with a note of infamy
 Brānd'ōōse, *f.* a kind of wild-fowl
 Brānd'īsh, *v. a.* to wave, shake, or flourish
 Brānd'līng, *f.* a particular worm
 Brān'dy, *f.* a strong liquor distilled from wine
 Brān'gle, *v. n.* to wrangle, to squabble

Brān'gle, *f.* a quarrel, a squabble
 Brānk, *f.* buck-wheat
 Brān'ny, *a.* like bran, abounding with bran
 Brāf'īér, *f.* one who works in brafs
 Brāf'īl, *f.* an American wood
 Brās, *f.* yellow metal; impudence
 Brāf'ī-něs, *f.* an appearance like brafs
 Brāf'y, *a.* partaking of brafs; impudent
 Brāt, *f.* a child, *by way of cont-mpt*; offspring
 Bra-vā'dō, *f.* a boasting, a brag
 Brāve, *a.* courageous, daring; noble, gallant
 Brāve, *f.* a bully, a hector
 Brāve, *v. a.* to defy, to challenge
 Brāve'ly, *ad.* gallantly, nobly
 Brāv'e-ry, *f.* courage, magnanimity
 Brā'vō, *f.* a man who murders for hire
 Brāwl', *v. n.* to quarrel; speak indecently
 Brāwl', *f.* quarrel, noise, scurrility
 Brāwl'ér, *f.* a wrangler, a noisy person
 Brāwn', *f.* the boar's hard flesh; a boar; bulk
 Brāwn'ī-něs, *f.* strength, hardness
 Brāwn'y, *a.* muscular, fleshy, bulky
 Brāy, *v. a. & n.* to beat in a mortar: to cry like an afs
 Brāy, *f.* a noise, great sound
 Brāy'ér, *f.* one who brays; an instrument to stir up ink
 Brāze, *v. a.* to solder with brafs
 Brāz'en, *a.* made of brafs, impudent
 Brāz'en, *v. n.* to be impudent; to bully
 Brāz'en-fāce, *f.* an impudent wretch
 Brāz'en-fāç-éd, *a.* impudent [dence
 Brāz'en-něs, *f.* appearing like brafs; impu-
 Brēach, *f.* an opening, difference, quarrel
 Brēad, *f.* food made of ground corn
 Brēad'chīp-pér, *f.* a baker's servant
 Brēadth, *f.* from side to side

Brēak, Brēake, *v. a. & n.* to part by force; tame: to fall out; to become bankrupt; to burst forth
 Brēak, *f.* opening, pause, interruption
 Brēak'ér, *f.* he who breaks any thing
 Brēak'fāst, *v. n.* to eat the first meal in the day
 Brēak'fāst, *f.* the first meal in the day
 Brēak'neck, *f.* a steep place endangering the neck
 Brēak'prōm-īse, *f.* one who makes a practice of breaking promises
 Brēam, *f.* the name of a fish
 Brēast, *f.* part of the body, teats of women; conscience
 Brēast, *v. a.* to meet in front
 Brēast'hīgh, *a.* up to the breast
 Brēast'knōt, *f.* ribands worn on the breast
 Brēast'plāte, *f.* armour for the breast
 Brēast'plōūgh, *f.* small plough driven by the breast
 Brēast'wōrk, *f.* a guard as high as the breast
 Brēath, *f.* life; air drawn in and thrown out; breeze; respite; moving air; an instant
 Brēathe, *v. a. & n.* to inject and eject breath; to exercise: to live; to rest; to pass by breathing
 Brēath'ér, *f.* he who breathes or lives
 Brēath'īng, *f.* vent, aspiration; secret prayer
 Brēath'lěs, *a.* out of breath, dead
 Brēd, *pret. & part. passive* of breed
 Brēech, *f.* backside; back of a gun, hind part
 Brēech, *v. a.* to put into or fit with breeches
 Brēech'es, *f. pl.* the covering of the breech
 Brēed, *v. a.* to hatch; bring up; to contrive
 Brēed, *f.* a cast, offspring, hatch, kind
 Brēed, *v. n.* to bring young, raise a breed

Brēd'bate, *f.* one that breeds quarrels
 Brēd'ér, *f.* one who breeds
 Brēd'ing, *f.* education; manners
 Brēse, *f.* a stinging fly, the gad-fly
 Brēze, *f.* a gentle gale, a soft wind
 Brēz'y, *a.* fanned with gales
 Brēme, *a.* cruel, sharp, severe
 Brēt, *f.* a fish of the turbot kind
 Brēth'rēn, *f. pl.* of brother
 Brēv'i-a-ry, *f.* a Romish priest's office-book
 Brēv'i-āt, *f.* a compendium, copy, extract
 Brēv'i-a-ture, *f.* an abbreviation
 Brēv'i-ér, *f.* this particular size of letter
 Brēv'i-ty, *f.* conciseness, shortness
 Brēw, *v. a.* to make liquors; to plot
 Brēw, *v. n.* to perform the office of a brewer
 Brēw'age, *f.* mixture of various things
 Brēw'ér, *f.* one who brews ale, &c.
 Brēw'hōuse, *f.* house appropriated to brewing
 Brēw'ing, *f.* quantity of liquor brewed
 Brībe, *f.* a gift to pervert the judgment
 Brībe, *v. a.* to gain or corrupt by gifts
 Brīb'ér, *f.* one who pays for corrupt prac-
 Brīb'ér-y, *f.* the act of bribing [tices
 Brīck, *f.* a mass of burnt clay; a loaf
 Brīck, *v. a.* to lay with bricks
 Brīck'bāt, *f.* a piece of brick
 Brīck'clāy, *f.* clay used for making bricks
 Brīck'dūtt, *f.* dust made by pounding bricks
 Brīck-kīln, *f.* a place to burn bricks in
 Brīck'lāy-ér, *f.* a brick-mason
 Brīck'māk-ér, *f.* one whose trade is to
 make brick
 Brīd'āl, *a.* belonging to a wedding, nuptial
 Brīd'āl, *f.* the nuptial festival
 Brīde, *f.* a woman newly married
 Brīde'bēd, *f.* marriage bed
 Brīde'cāke, *f.* cake given at a wedding

Brīde'grōm, *f.* a new married man
 Brīde'mēn, } *f.* the attendants on the
 Brīde'maids, } bride and the bridegroom
 at the wedding
 Brīde'stāke, *f.* a post to dance round
 Brīde'wēl, *f.* a house of correction, prison
 Brīdge, *f.* a building over a river; upper
 part of the nose, the supporter of strings
 in stringed instruments of music
 Brīdge, *v. a.* to raise a bridge over a place
 Brī'dle, *f.* headstall for a horse, restraint,
 curb [govern
 Brī'dle, *v. a.* to put on a bridle, to restrain,
 Brī'dle, *v. n.* to hold up the head
 Brīef, *a.* short, contracted; common
 Brīef, *f.* short extract; letters patent; case
 Brīef'ly, *ad.* concisely [written
 Brīef'nēss, *f.* conciseness, shortness
 Brī'ér, *f.* a prickly bush, a plant
 Brī'ér-y, *a.* full of briars, rough
 Brī-gāde, *f.* body of men; division of forces
 Brīg-a-dīer'-general, *f.* an officer next to a
 Brīg'ānd, *f.* a robber [major
 Brīg'ān-tīne, *f.* a light vessel for sea; coat
 of mail
 Brīght, *a.* shining; clear; witty; acute
 Brīght'en, *v. a. & n.* to make bright, to po-
 lish: to grow bright
 Brīght'ly, *ad.* splendidly, with lustre
 Brīght'nēss, *f.* lustre, splendour; acuteness
 Brīll'iān-cy, *f.* lustre, splendour, brightness
 Brīll'iānt, *a.* shining, sparkling
 Brīll'iānt, *f.* a diamond of the finest cut
 Brīll'iānt-nēss, *f.* splendour, lustre
 Brīm, *f.* upper edge of any vessel; bank of
 a fountain
 Brīm, *v. a. & n.* to fill to the top; to be
 full to the top

Brīm'fūl, *a.* full to the top
 Brīm'fūl-nēss, *f.* fulness to the top
 Brīm'mér, *f.* a bowl, &c. full to the top
 Brīm'ston, *f.* sulphur
 Brīm'sto-ny, *a.* full of brimstone
 Brīnd'ēd, *a.* streaked, tabby
 Brīn'dle, *f.* state of being brinded
 Brīnd'lēd, *a.* streaked, brinded
 Brīne, *f.* water impregnated with salt; the sea; tears
 Brīne'pīt, *f.* pit of salt water
 Brīng, *v. a.* to fetch; prevail upon; conduct
 Brīng'ér, *f.* he or she who brings
 Brīng'ér-up, *f.* instructor, educator
 Brīn'īsh, Brīn'y, *a.* having the taste of brine
 Brīn'īsh-nēss, *f.* saltiness
 Brīnk, *f.* edge of a place, precipice
 Brīsk, *a.* lively, vivacious, gay; powerful
 Brīsk'ēt, *f.* breast of an animal
 Brīsk'ly, *ad.* actively, vigorously
 Brīsk'nēss, *a.* activeness, quickness, gaiety
 Brīst'le, *f.* the stiff hair of swine
 Brīst'le, *v. a. & n.* to raise the bristles; to grow angry
 Brīst'ly, *a.* set with bristles
 Brīst'ól-flōne, *f.* a kind of soft diamond
 Brīt, *f.* the name of a fish
 Brīt'īsh, *a.* belonging to Great Britain
 Brīt'tle, *a.* fragile, apt to break
 Brīt'tle-nēss, *f.* frangibleness
 Brōach, *f.* a spit; a small buckle worn at the breast
 Brōach, *v. a.* to spit; to tap, open any store
 Brōach'ér, *f.* an opener, or utterer of any
 Brōād', *a.* wide, open, large [thing
 Brōād'cloth, *f.* a fine kind of cloth
 Brōād'en, *v. a. & n.* to make, or grow broad
 Brōād'ly, *ad.* in a broad manner

Brōād'nēss, *f.* breadth [fired at once
 Brōād'fīde, *f.* side of a ship, volley of shot
 Brōād'fwōrd, *f.* a sword with a broad blade
 Brōād'wīse, *ad.* according to the direction of the breadth
 Bro-cāde', *f.* a kind of rich flowered silk
 Bro-cād'ēd, *a.* woven as brocade
 Brō'cage, *f.* trade of dealing in old clothes
 Brōc'co-lī, *f.* a species of cabbage
 Brōck, *f.* a badger
 Brōck'ēt, *f.* a red deer two years old
 Brōgue, *f.* a kind of shoe; corrupt speech
 Brōī'dér, *v. a.* to adorn with needle-work
 Brōī'dér-y, *f.* embroidery, flower-work
 Brōīl, *f.* a tumult, a quarrel
 Brōīl, *v. a. & n.* to roast on the fire; to be very hot
 Brōk'age, Brōk'ér-age, *f.* trade of, or allowance to a broker [maker
 Brōk'ér, *f.* a factor; a pump; a match-
 Brōnze', *f.* brass; a medal
 Brōoch, *f.* a jewel; an ornament of jewels
 Brōod, *v. a. & n.* to cherish; to sit on eggs
 Brōod, *f.* offspring, progeny, a hatch
 Brōod'y, *a.* in a state of sitting on the eggs
 Brōok, *f.* a running water, a rivulet
 Brōok, *v. a. & n.* to endure, bear; to be
 Brōom, *f.* a shrub; a besom [content
 Brōom'land, *f.* land that bears broom
 Brōom'y, *a.* full of broom
 Brōth', *f.* a liquor in which flesh is boiled
 Brōth'el, *f.* a bawdy-house
 Brōth'ér, *f.* a male born of the same parents
 Brōth'ér-hōod, *f.* union; society [brother
 Brōt'ér-ly, *a.* like brothers, becoming a
 Brōth'ér-ly, *ad.* in a brotherly manner
 Brōught', *part. pass.* of bring
 Brōw, *f.* forehead; edge of a hill

Brōw'beat, *v. a.* to bear down
 Brōw'bōund, *a.* crowned
 Brōwn, *a.* the name of a colour
 Brōwn'nēss, *f.* a brown colour
 Brōwn'itūd'y, *f.* deep meditation
 Brōwfe, *v. a. & n.* to eat branches; to feed
 Brōwfe, *f.* branches fit for cattle to eat
 Brōw'lick, *a.* dejected
 Brūife, *v. a.* to crush, or mangle with blows
 Brūife, *f.* a hurt in the flesh
 Brūit, *f.* (*Fr.*) rumour, noise, report
 Brū'māl, *a.* belonging to winter
 Bru-nētt', *f.* a woman with a brown complexion
 Brūnt, *f.* shock, blow, stroke [plexion
 Brūsh, *f.* a hair instrument for rubbing; an attack
 Brūsh, *v. a. & n.* to rub with a brush: to move hastily; to skim
 Brūsh'ēr, *f.* he who uses a brush
 Brūsh'-wood, *f.* rough shrubby thickets
 Brūsh'y, *a.* rough or shaggy, like a brush
 Brūf'le, *v. n.* to crackle
 Brū'tāl, *a.* savage, cruel
 Bru-tāl'i-ty, *f.* savageness
 Brū'tāl-ize, *v. a. & n.* to make or grow brutal, or savage
 Brū'tāl-ly, *ad.* inhumanly
 Brūte, *a.* senseless, savage, rough, ferocious
 Brūte, *f.* a creature without reason; a rude
 Brūte'nēss, *f.* brutality [person
 Brū'ti-l'y, *v. a.* to make a man a brute
 Brū'tish, *a.* bestial; ignorant
 Brū'tish-ly, *ad.* in the manner of a brute
 Brū'tish-nēss, *f.* savageness
 Būb'ble, *f.* a water-bladder, a cheat, or fraud [bles
 Būb'ble, *v. a. & n.* to cheat; to rise in bubbles
 Būb'blér, *f.* a cheat

Būb'by, *f.* a woman's breast
 Bū'bō, *f.* a swelling in the groin
 Būc-cān-ierš', *f.* pirates in America
 Būck, *f.* male of rabbits, &c. fuds to wash clothes
 Būck, *v. a. & n.* to wash clothes: to copulate as bucks and does
 Būck'bāsk-ēt, *f.* the basket in which clothes are carried to be washed
 Būck'bāne, *f.* a plant, a sort of *trefoil*
 Būck'ēt, *f.* vessel to draw or carry water
 Būck'le, *f.* a link of metal to fasten the shoe; a curl
 Būck'le, *v. a.* to fasten with a buckle
 Būck'le, *v. n.* to bend, bow; apply to, engage with
 Būck'lér, *f.* a shield [gage with
 Būck'lér, *v. a.* to support, to defend
 Būck'māst, *f.* fruit of the beech-tree
 Būck'rām, *f.* cloth stiffened with gum
 Būck'thörn, *f.* a prickly bush or tree
 Bu-cōl'ics, *f.* pastoral songs
 Būd, *f.* first shoot of a plant [young buds
 Būd, *v. a. & n.* to inoculate; to put forth
 Būdge, *v. n.* to stir: *a.* stiff, formal
 Būdg'ēr, *f.* one who moves or stirs
 Būdg'ēt, *f.* a bag, store, stock [skin
 Būff, *f.* a sort of leather made of buffalo's
 Būff, Būf'fēt, *v. a.* to box, beat, or strike
 Būf'tā-lō, *f.* a kind of wild ox
 Būf'fēt, *f.* a blow with the fist
 Būf'fēt', *f.* (*Fr.*) a kind of cupboard
 Būf'fēt-ēr, *f.* a boxer
 Būf'fle, *v. a.* to puzzle, to confound
 Būf'fle-hēad'ēd, *a.* dull, stupid [drew
 Būf-fōon', *f.* an arch fellow, a merry An.
 Būf-fōon'e-ry, *f.* practice of a buffoon, low
 Būg, *f.* a stinking insect [jests, drollery
 Būg'beār, *f.* a frightful object; false dread

Būg'g, i-něs, *f.* state of being infected with
 Būg'g, y, *a.* abounding with bugs [bugs
 Bū'gle-hörn', *f.* a hunting horn
 Bū'gle, *f.* a shining bead of black, &c. glass;
 a plant
 Būild, *v. a. & n. pret. built*, to raise a build-
 ing; to depend on
 Būild'ér, *f.* one who builds houses, &c.
 Būild'ing, *f.* a fabric, an edifice
 Būilt, *f.* the form, the structure
 Būlb, *f.* a round body or root
 Būlb-ā'ceous, Būlb'ous, *a.* containing bulbs
 Būlge, *v. n.* to take in water, to jut out
 Bū'li-my, *f.* an enormous appetite
 Būlk, *f.* magnitude; the gross; main fabric
 Būlk'i-něs, *f.* greatness of stature or size
 Būlk'y, *a.* of great size or stature
 Būll, *f.* the male of black cattle; a blunder;
 Pope's edict
 Būll, (*in composition*) denotes large size
 Būll'-bāit-ing, *f.* a fight of dogs with a bull
 Būll'-dog, *f.* a dog remarkable for courage
 Būll'fēast, *f.* a feast at which armed men
 fight bulls
 Būll'-hēad, *f.* a stupid fellow; name of a fish
 Būll'lace, *f.* a wild four plum
 Būll'let, *f.* a ball of lead or iron
 Būll'ion, *f.* gold or silver unwrought
 Būll'ion, *f.* the act of boiling
 Būll'lock, *f.* a young bull, a steer
 Būll'y, *f.* a noisy quarrelsome fellow
 Būll'y, *v. a.* to overbear, to hector
 Būll'rūsh, *f.* a large rush
 Būll'wārk, *f.* a fortification, a security
 Būll'wārk, *v. a.* to fortify, to make strong
 Būm, *f.* the breech
 Būm-bāil'iff, *f.* a bailiff of the meanest kind
 Būmp, *f.* a protuberance, a swelling

Būmp, *v. a. & n.* to thump; to make a loud
 Būmp'ér, *f.* a glass filled [noise
 Būmp'kīn, *f.* an awkward person, a clown
 Būmp'kīn-ly, *ad.* in a clownish manner
 Būn, *f.* a kind of sweet bread
 Būnch, *f.* a knot, cluster, hard lump
 Būnch, *v. n.* to grow into protuberances
 Būnch'bāck'ēd, *a.* having bunches on the back
 Būnch'y, *a.* growing in bunches
 Būn'dle, *f.* things bound together
 Būn'dle, *v. a.* to tie in a bundle
 Būng, *f.* a stopple for a barrel
 Būng, *v. a.* to stop close
 Būng'hōle, *f.* the hole at which the barrel is
 filled
 Būn'gle, *v. a.* to botch, to perform clumsily
 Būn'gle, *f.* a botch; an awkwardness
 Būng'lér, *f.* a bad or awkward workman
 Būng'līng-ly, *ad.* clumsily, awkwardly
 Būnt, *v. n.* to swell out
 Būn'tér, *f.* a mean woman; a whore; a
 rag-gatherer
 Būnt'ing, *f.* the name of a bird
 Būōy, *f.* a piece of wood or cork floating,
 tied to a weight, to direct sailors in the
 water
 Būōy, *v. a. & n.* to float; to keep a-float
 Būōy'ān-cy, *f.* the quality of floating
 Būōy'ānt, *a.* which will not sink, floating
 Būr, *f.* rough head of the wild dock
 Būr'dēn, *f.* a load, something grievous, a
 birth
 Būr'dēn, *v. a.* to load, to incumber
 Būr'dēn-ér, *f.* a loader, an oppressor
 Būr'dēn-ous, *a.* grievous, oppressive, useless
 Būr'dēn-sōme, *a.* troublesome, grievous
 Būr'dēn-sōme-něs, *f.* weight, uneasiness
 Bū-reau', *f. pron.* Bū-rō, a chest of drawers

Bŭr'gage, *f.* a tenure proper to cities and
 Bŭr'ga-mŏt, *f.* a species of pear [towns
 Bŭr-geŏis, *f.* (*Fr.*) a citizen
 Bŭr'g,ĕs, *f.* a citizen, a freeman
 Bŭrgh, *f.* a borough town
 Bŭrgh'ér, *f.* one who has a right to vote
 Bŭrgh'ér-shĭp, *f.* the privilege of a burgher
 Bŭr'gla-ry, *f.* house-breaking
 Bŭr'go-măf-tér, *f.* a principal citizen
 Bur'i-al, *f. pron.* Bēr'ĭ-ăl, a funeral, act of
 burying
 Bur'i-er, *f. pron.* Bēr'ĭ-ér, he who buries
 Bŭrl, *v. a.* to dress cloth as fullers do
 Bŭr-lĕsque', *f.* ludicrous language, ridicule;
v. a. to turn to ridicule
 Bŭr'lĭ-nĕs, *f.* bulk, bluster
 Bŭr-lĕt'ta, *f.* a musical entertainment, a
 Bŭr'ly, *a.* bulky, great of stature [farce
 Bŭrn, *v. a. & n.* to consume by fire; to be
 hot, or in a passion
 Bŭrn, *f.* a hurt by fire
 Bŭrn'ér, *f.* he who burns any thing
 Bŭrn'ĕt, *f.* the name of a plant
 Bŭrn'ing, *f.* state of inflammation
 Bŭrn'ing-glăfs, *f.* a glass that collects the
 sun's rays
 Bŭrn'ĭsh, *v. a. & n.* to polish; grow bright
 Bŭrn'ĭsh-ér, *f.* the person or tool that burn-
 Bŭrnt, *part. pass.* of to burn [ishes
 Bŭrr, *f.* the lob or lap of the ear
 Bŭr'rĕl-fly, *f.* oxfly, gadbee [cannon
 Bŭr'rĕl-shŏt, *f.* nails, stones, &c. shot out of
 Bŭr'rŏw, *v. n.* to make holes as rabbits
 Bŭr'rŏw, *f.* a rabbit-hole; a corporate town
 Bŭr'săr, *f.* the treasurer of a college
 Bŭrse, *f.* an exchange where merchants meet
 Bŭrst, *v. a. & n.* to break suddenly; to fly
 asunder

Bŭrst, *f.* a sudden disruption
 Bŭrst, Bŭrst'ĕn, *a.* diseased with a hernia or
 rupture, broken
 Bŭrst'nĕs, *f.* rupture
 Bŭrst'wŏrt, *f.* an herb good against ruptures
 Bŭrt, *f.* a flat fish of the turbot kind
 Bŭr'thĕn, *f.* (*See* Burden)
 Bar'y, *f. pron.* Bēr'ry, a dwelling-place
 Bur'y, *pron.* Bēr'ry, *v. a.* to inter, hide,
 Bŭsh, *f.* a thick shrub, sign [conceal
 Bŭsh, *v. n.* to grow thick
 Bŭsh-ĕl, *f.* a dry measure of four pecks
 Bŭsh'ĭ-nĕs, *f.* the quality of being bushy
 Bŭsh'mĕnt, *f.* a thicket
 Bŭsh'y, *a.* thick, full of small branches
 Bŭs'ĭ-lĕs, *pron.* Bĭz'ĭ-lĕs, *a.* at leisure
 Bŭs'ĭ-ly, *pron.* Bĭz'ĭ-ly, *ad.* with hurry
 Bŭs'ĭ-nĕs, *pron.* Bĭz'ĭ-nĕs, or Bĭz'i-nĕs,
f. employment, multiplicity of affairs
 Bŭsk, *f.* whalebone or steel worn by women,
 to strengthen and keep down their stays
 Bŭs'kĭn, *f.* a kind of half-boot, worn on the
 stage
 Bŭs'kĭn-ĕd, *a.* wearing buskins
 Bŭsk'y, *a.* woody [kiss
 Bŭs, *f.* a kiss; a boat for fishing: *v. a.* to
 Bŭst, *f.* a statue representing a man to his
 Bŭs'tărd, *f.* a wild turkey [breast
 Bŭs'tle, *v. n.* to be busy, to stir
 Bŭs'tle, *f.* a tumult, a hurry
 Bŭst'ĕr, *f.* an active stirring man
 Bŭs'y, *pron.* Bĭz'y, *a.* employed; active;
 meddling
 Bŭs'y, *v. a.* to employ; to engage [person
 Bŭs'y-bŏdy, *f.* a vain, fantastic, meddling
 Bŭt, *conj.* except, yet, than, &c.
 Bŭt, *f.* a boundary; an end of a thing
 Bŭt-ĕnd, *f.* the blunt end of any thing

Bŭtch'ér, *or* Bŭtch'ér, *f.* one who kills animals to sell: *v. a.* to kill, to murder
 Bŭtch'ér-lĭ-něs, *f.* cruelty, barbarity
 Bŭtch'ér-ly, *a.* cruel, bloody, barbarous
 Bŭtch'ér-y, *f.* trade of a butcher, murder
 Bŭt'lér, *f.* a servant employed in furnishing the table
 Bŭt'lér-age, *f.* money paid to a butler
 Bŭt'měnt, *f.* that part of the arch which joins it to the upright pier
 Bŭtt, *f.* mark, object of ridicule, a stroke in fencing
 Bŭtt, *v. a.* to strike with the head like a ram
 Bŭt'tér, *f.* an unctuous substance made from cream
 Bŭt'tér, *v. a.* to smear, oil, or cover with
 Bŭt'tér-flŷ, *f.* a beautiful insect [butter
 Bŭt'tér-ĭs, *f.* a farrier's paring tool
 Bŭt'tér-mĭlk, *f.* the whey left after butter is made [butter
 Bŭt'tér-prĭnt, *f.* a piece of wood to mark
 Bŭt'tér-tŏth, *f.* the great broad foretooth
 Bŭt'tér-wŏm-ăn, *f.* a woman who sells butter
 Bŭt'tér-y, *f.* a place where provisions are
 Bŭt'tér-y, *a.* smeared with butter [kept
 Bŭt'tŏck, *f.* the rump; part near the tail
 Bŭt'tŏn, *f.* any knob or ball; a bud; sea-urchin
 Bŭt'tŏn, *v. a.* to fasten with buttons
 Bŭt'tŏn-hŏle, *f.* the loop in which the button of the clothes is caught
 Bŭt'trěs, *f.* a prop, support: *v. a.* to prop
 Bŭt-y-ră'ceous, Bŭt'ry-ŏŭs, *a.* having the qualities of butter
 Bŭx'ŏm, *a.* lively, wanton, jolly
 Bŭx'ŏm-ly, *ad.* wantonly, amorously
 Bŭx'ŏm-něs, amorousness, wantonness
 Buŷ, *v. a.* to pay a price for

Buŷ, *v. n.* to treat about a purchase
 Buŷ'ér, *f.* he who buys, a purchaser
 Bŭzz, *v. a. & n.* to tell: to hum like bees
 Bŭzz, *f.* a hum, a whisper, a talk
 Bŭz'zărd, *f.* a species of the hawk; a dunce
 Bŭz'zér, *f.* a secret whisperer
 Bŷ, *prep.* it denotes the agent, cause, means, &c.
 Bŷ, *ad.* near; by and by, in a short time
 Bŷ, *f.* something not the direct and immediate object of regard
 Bŷ, (*in composition*) denotes something out of the direct way
 Bŷ-cŏn-cěrn'měnt, *f.* an affair which is not the main business
 Bŷ-ěnd, *f.* private interest
 Bŷ-lăw, *f.* rules for societies
 Bŷ-năme, *f.* a nickname
 Bŷ-păth, *f.* a private or obscure path
 Bŷ-re-spěct, *f.* private end or view
 Bŷ-rŏom, *f.* a private room within
 Bŷ-spěech, *f.* an incidental or casual speech
 Bŷ-stănd-ér, *f.* a looker on
 Bŷ-strēet, *f.* an obscure street
 Bŷ-vĭeŵ, *f.* private self-interested purpose
 Bŷ-wălk, *f.* a private walk
 Bŷ-wăy, *f.* a private and obscure way
 Bŷ-wŏrd, *f.* a saying; a proverb
 Bŷe, *f.* a dwelling

C.

CăB, *f.* a Hebrew measure about 3 pints
 Ca-băł', *f.* an intrigue; private junto
 Ca-băł', *v. n.* to intrigue privately [of men
 Căb'ăl-ĭst, *f.* one skilled in Jewish traditions
 Căb'ăl-ĭst'ĭe, Căb'ăl-ĭst'ĭc-ăl, *a.* mysterious
 Ca-băł'lér, *f.* he who engages in close designs, an intriguer

- Căb'a-rět, *f.* a tavern
 Căb'bage, *f.* a plant
 Căb'bage, *v. a.* to steal in cutting clothes
 Căb'bage-trēe, *f.* a species of *palm-tree*
 Căb'bage-wōrm, *f.* an insect [tent
 Căb'in, *f.* a small room in a ship; cottage;
 Căb'in, *v. a. & n.* to confine or live in a cabin
 Căb'in-ēd, *a.* belonging to a cabin [council
 Căb'in-ēt, *f.* a set of drawers; place for
 Căb'in-ēt-Cōūn'cīl, *f.* a private council
 Căb'in-ēt-māk'ēr, *f.* one who makes small
 nice work in wood
 Că'ble, *f.* a thick rope for an anchor
 Ca-c'hēt'ic-āl, *a.* having an ill habit of body
 Ca-c'hēx'y, *f.* an ill habit of body
 Căc'h-īn-nā'tion, *f.* a loud laughter
 Căck'ēr-ēl, *f.* a fish
 Căc'kle, *v. n.* to make a noise like a goose
 Căc'kle, *f.* the voice of a goose or hen
 Căck'lēr, *f.* a fowl which cackles; a tell-tale
 Ca-cōph'o-ny, *f.* a bad sound of words
 Ca-cū'mīn-ate, *v. a.* to make sharp or py-
 ramidal
 Ca-dăv'ēr-oūs, *a.* having the appearance of
 a dead carcase
 Căde, *a.* tame, soft, as, a *cade* lamb; *f.* a
 Căde, *v. a.* to breed up in softness [barrel
 Că'dēnce, *f.* a fall of the voice, tone or sound
 Că'dēnt, *a.* falling down [volunteer
 Ca-dēt', or Căd'ēt, *f.* younger brother; a
 Căd'īs, *f.* a kind of tape, a worm, or grub
 Că'ciās, *f.* a wind from the north
 Că-sū'ra, *f.* a figure in *poetry*, by which a
 short syllable after a complete foot is
 made long
 Căg, *f.* a little barrel, containing from 1 to 4
 gallons [confine
 Căge, *f.* a place of confinement: *v. a.* to

- Ca-jōle', *v. a.* to deceive, flatter, soothe
 Ca-jōl'ēr, *f.* a wheedler, flatterer
 Ca-jōl'e-ry, *f.* flattery
 Căi-f'ōn', *f.* (*Fr.*) a chest of bombs or powder
 Căi'tīff, *f.* a mean villain, base fellow
 Căke, *f.* a kind of delicate bread: *v. n.* to
 harden as dough in the oven
 Căl-a-măn'co, *f.* a kind of woollen stuff
 Căl'a-mine, *f.* a kind of fossil bituminous
 earth
 Ca-lăm'ī-toūs, *a.* miserable, wretched
 Ca-lăm'ī-toūf-nēs, *f.* distress, misery
 Ca-lăm'ī-ty, *f.* misfortune, cause of misery
 Căl'a-mūs, *f.* a sort of reed, or sweet-scent-
 Ca-lăsh', *f.* a small carriage [ed wood
 Căl'ce-at-ēd, *a.* shod, fitted with shoes
 Căl-cīn-ā'tion, *f.* a pulverizing by fire
 Căl-cīn'a-to-ry, *f.* a vessel used in calcination
 Căl-cīnē', *v. a.* to burn to a powder
 Căl-cīnē', *v. n.* to become a powder by heat
 Căl'cu-late, *v. a.* to compute, reckon, adjust
 Căl-cu-lā'tion, Căl'cule, *f.* result of arith-
 metical operation, reckoning, computation
 Căl-cu-lā'tōr, *f.* a reckoner, accomptant,
 computer
 Căl'cu-la-to-ry, *a.* belonging to a calculation
 Căl'cu-loūs, *a.* stony, gritty
 Căl'cu-lūs, *f.* (*Lat.*) the stone in the bladder
 Căl'drōn, *f.* a large kettle
 Căl-e-făc'tion, *f.* act of heating, state of
 being heated
 Căl-e-făc'tīvē, Căl-e-făc'to-ry, *a.* heating
 Căl'ē-f'y, *v. n.* to grow hot; to be heated
 Căl'ēn-dăr, *f.* an almanack
 Căl'ēn-dēr, *f.* an engine to calender, a hot
 Căl'ēn-dēr, *v. a.* to dress cloth [press
 Căl'ēn-drér, *f.* the person who calenders
 Căl'ēnds, *f.* the first day of every month

Căf, *f.* young of a cow; thick part of the leg
 Căl'i-bér, *f.* the diameter of the barrel of a
 Căl-içe, Căl'hal'içe, *f.* a cup [gun
 Căl'i-co, *f.* an Indian stuff made of cotton
 Căl'id, *a.* hot, burning
 Că-lid/i-ty, *f.* heat
 Că'lipb, Că'lif, *f.* a Mahometan title of
 honour
 Căl-i-gă'tion, *f.* darkness, cloudiness
 Ca-lig, in-oūs, *a.* obscure, dim
 Ca-lig, in-oūs-něs, *f.* darkness
 Ca-lig'ra-phy, *f.* beautiful writing
 Căl'i-vér, *f.* a hand gun; an old musket
 Călk, *v. a.* to stop the leaks of a ship
 Călk'ér, *f.* he who calks
 Căll, *v. a.* to name, invite, proclaim, invoke
 Căll, *f.* summons, divine vocation
 Căl'lăt, Căl'lět, *f.* a trull
 Căll'ing, *f.* employment, trade, profession
 Căl'lip-érş, *f.* compasses with bowed shanks
 Cal-löl'i-ty, *f.* a swelling without pain
 Căl'loūs, *a.* hard; insensible
 Căl'loūs-něs, *f.* hardness; insensibility
 Căl'lōw, *a.* naked, without feathers
 Călm, Călm'y, *a.* quiet, serene, not stormy,
 undisturbed
 Călm, *f.* repose, stillness, quiet
 Călm, *v. a.* to still, quiet, pacify
 Călm'ér, *f.* who or what pacifies
 Călm'ly, *ad.* quietly, without passion
 Călm'něs, *f.* tranquillity, mildness, peace
 Căl'o-měl, *f.* mercury six times sublimed
 Că'o-rif'ic, *a.* heating, producing heat
 Călye, *v. n.* to bring forth a calf
 Ca-lüm'nĩ-ate, *v. a. & n.* to accuse; or be
 accused falsely
 Ca-üm'nĩ-ă'tion, *f.* false report, slander
 Ca-lüm'nĩ-ă'tōr, *f.* a forger of accusation

Ca-lüm'nĩ-oūs, *a.* falsely reproachful, slan-
 derous
 Căl'üm-ny, *f.* slander, false charge
 Călx, *f.* a powder made by burning, lime
 Căm'bric, *f.* a kind of fine linen
 Căme, *pret. of to come*
 Căm'el, *f.* an animal common in Arabia
 Căm'e-ra-ōb-scū'ra, *f.* an optical machine
 Căm'ér-ade, *f.* a bosom companion
 Căm'ér-at-éd, *a.* arched
 Căm-ér-ă'tion, *f.* a vaulting or arching
 Căm-i-(ă'do, *f.* an attack by night
 Căm'lět, *f.* a mixed stuff of wool and silk
 Căm'o-mile, *f.* an herb
 Cămp, *f.* the order of tents for soldiers
 Cămp, *v. a.* to lodge in tents
 Căm-păign', *f.* a large open level tract of
 ground; the time that an army keeps the
 field
 Căm-pěf'trăl, *a.* growing in the fields
 Căm'phire, *f.* a white gum [phire
 Căm'pho-rate, *a.* impregnated with cam-
 Căn, *v. n.* to be able, to have power; *f.* a
 cup
 Ca-năille', *f.* (*Fr.*) the lowest people
 Ca-năl', *f.* a basin of water in a garden,
 course of water
 Can'ăl-coal, *f.* a fine kind of coal
 Ca-nă'ry, *f.* wine from the Canaries, sack
 Ca-nă'ry, *v. n.* to frolic
 Ca-nă'ry-bird, *f.* an excellent singing bird
 Căn'cěl, *v. a.* to blot out, efface, destroy
 Căn'cér, *f.* a crabfish; a virulent sore; one
 of the twelve signs of the zodiac
 Căn'cér-ate, *v. n.* to become a cancer
 Căn-cér-ă'tion, *f.* a growing cancerous
 Căn'cér-oūs, *a.* inclining to a cancer
 Căn'cér-oūs-něs, *f.* state of being cancerous

Cãn'crĩne, *a.* having the qualities of a crab
 Cãn'dẽnt, *a.* hot, burning
 Cãn'dĩd, *a.* fair, open, ingenuous; white
 Cãn'dĩ-date, *f.* a competitor for a place
 Cãn'dĩd-ly, *ad.* fairly, ingenuously
 Cãn'dĩd-nẽs, *f.* uprightness, openness, fair-
 Cãn'dĩ-fỹ, *v. a.* to make white [nẽs
 Cãn'dle, *f.* light made of wax, tallow, &c.
 Cãn'dle-lĩght, *f.* the light of a candle
 Cãn'dle-mãs, *f.* the feast of the purification
 of the B. V. M. [candles
 Cãn'dle-stĩck, *f.* an instrument which holds
 Cãn'dle-wãst'ẽr, *f.* a spend-thrift
 Cãn'dour, *f.* ingenuity, sweetness of temper
 Cãn'dy, *v. a. & n.* to preserve with sugar;
 to congeal
 Cãnne, *f.* a stick to walk with: *v. a.* to beat
 Ca-nĩc'u-lãr, *a.* belonging to the dog-star
 Cãn-nĩne', *a.* having the properties of a dog
 Cãn'ĩf-tẽr, *f.* a box for tea; a small basket
 Cãn'k'ẽr, *f.* corrosion; a fly which preys upon
 fruits
 Cãn'k'ẽr, *v. a. & n.* to corrupt, infect; to
 grow corrupt
 Cãn'nĩ-bãl, *f.* a man-eater
 Cãn'nĩ-bãl-ly, *ad.* in the manner of a Can-
 Cãn'nõn, *f.* a large gun [nibal
 Cãn'nõn-ãde', *v. a.* to attack or batter with
 cannon [cannon
 Cãn-nõn-ĩer', *f.* engineer who manages
 Cãn'nõt, of *can* and *not*
 Ca-nõa', Ca-nõe', *f.* an Indian boat [dral
 Cãn'õn, *f.* a rule, law; member of a cathe-
 Cãn'õr-ẽs, *f.* a woman living like a canon
 Ca-nõn'ĩc-ãl, *a.* scriptural, spiritual; regular
 Ca-nõn'ĩc-ãl-ly, *ad.* agreeable to the canon
 Ca-nõn'ĩ-cãl-nẽs, *f.* the quality of being
 canonical

Cãn'õn-ĩst, *f.* a professor of the canon law
 Ca-nõn-ĩ-zã'tion, *f.* act of declaring a saint
 Cãn'õn-ĩze, *v. a.* to declare any man a saint
 Cãn'õn-ry, Cãn'õn-shĩp, *f.* benefice of a
 canon
 Cãn'o-pĩ-ẽd, *a.* covered with a canopy
 Cãn'o-py, *f.* a covering for the head
 Cãn'o-py, *v. a.* to cover with a canopy
 Ca-nõ'rou, *a.* musical, tuneful
 Cãn't, *v. a. & n.* to wheedle: to talk in a
 corrupt way
 Cãn't, *f.* corrupt or obscure words; wheedle;
 a hypocrite
 Cãn-tã'ta, *f.* a song
 Cãn-tã'tion, *f.* the act of singing
 Cãn't'ẽr, *f.* a hypocrite [blisters
 Cãn-thãr'ĩ-dẽs, *f.* Spanish flies used to raise
 Cãn'thũs, *f.* the corner of the eye
 Cãn'tĩ-cle, *f.* a song, the song of Solomon
 Cãn'tle, *f.* a piece with corners
 Cãn'tle, *v. a.* to cut in pieces
 Cãn't'lẽt, *f.* a piece, a fragment
 Cãn'to, *f.* a book, or section of a poem
 Cãn'tõn, *f.* division of a country; a clan
 Cãn'tõn, Cãn'tõn-ĩze, *v. a.* to divide into
 Cãn'trẽd, *f.* a hundred in *Wales* [parts
 Cãn'vãs, *f.* coarse thick cloth; solicitation
 Cãn'vãs, *v. a.* to examine; debate; sue for
 Cãn'ny, *a.* full of canes [honour
 Cãn-zo-nẽt', *f.* a little song
 Cãn, *f.* a cover for the head, reverence by
 uncovering
 Cãn, *v. a.* to cover the top
 Cãn-a-pĩe', (*Fr.*) from head to foot
 Cãn'pã'pẽr, *f.* coarse brown paper
 Ca-pa-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* capableness [ceptible
 Cãn'pa-ble, *a.* sufficient, able to receive, suf-
 M

Că'pa-ble-něs, *f.* state of being capable
 Ca-pă'cious, *a.* wide, large [largeness
 Ca-pă'ciouf-něs, *f.* the power of holding,
 Ca-păç'î-tate, *v. a.* to enable, to qualify
 Ca-păç'î-ty, *f.* ability, state, power of con-
 taining
 Ca-păr'î-fón, *f.* a sort of dress for a horse:
v. a. to dress pompously [piece of a cloak
 Căpe, *f.* head-land, promontory; a neck-
 Că'pér, *f.* a leap, a jump; an acid pickle
 Că'pér, *v. n.* to skip, to dance frolicksomenly
 Că'pér-ér, *f.* a dancer
 Că'pî-ăs, *f.* a writ of execution
 Ca-pîl'la-měnt, *f.* small threads or hairs in
 the middle of a flower [hairs, small
 Căp-îl-lă'ceous, Ca-pîl'la-ry, *a.* resembling
 Căp'î-tăl, *f.* principal sum, stock, large let-
 ters, upper part of a pillar, chief city of
 a nation
 Căp'î-tăl, *a.* principal, large, deserving death
 Căp'î-tăl-ly, *ad.* in a capital manner
 Căp'î-tă'tion, *f.* numeration by heads, a poll
 tax [chapter
 Ca-pît'u-lăr, *f.* body of the statutes of a
 Ca-pît'u-late, *v. n.* to yield or surrender on
 certain stipulations
 Ca-pît-u-lă'tion, *f.* act of surrendering;
 Că'pon, *f.* a castrated cock [conditions
 Căp'rîce, or Ca-prîce', *f.* freak, fancy, whim
 Ca-prî'cious, *a.* whimsical, fanciful
 Ca-prî'ciouf-ly, *ad.* whimsically
 Ca-prî'ciouf-něs, *f.* humour, whimsicalness
 Căp'rî-cörn, *f.* one of the 12 signs of the
 Căp'stăn, *f.* an engine [zodiac
 Căp'su-lăr, *a.* hollow like a chest
 Căp'su-late, Căp'su-lat-ěd, *a.* inclosed, or in
 Căp'tain, *f.* commander of a ship [a box
 Căp'tain-ry, *f.* chieftainship

Căp'tain-shîp, *f.* rank or post of a captain
 Căp-tă'tion, *f.* practice of catching favour
 Căp'tion, *f.* the act of taking any person
 Căp'tious, *a.* snarling, ensnaring, peevish
 Căp'tiouf-ly, *ad.* in a peevish manner
 Căp'tiouf-něs, *f.* peevishness [charm
 Căp'tî-vate, *v. a.* to subdue, take prisoner;
 Căp'tî-vă'tion, *f.* act of taking one captive
 Căp'tîve, *f.* one taken in war, a slave
 Căp'tîve, *a.* made prisoner in war
 Căp-tîv'î-ty, *f.* slavery, servitude, bondage
 Căp'tór, *f.* he who takes a prisoner or prize
 Căp'ture, *f.* a prize, the act of taking
 Căp-u-chîn', *f.* a friar; a woman's cloak
 Căr, *f.* a cart, a chariot of war
 Căr'ăck, *f.* a Spanish galeon, a large ship
 Căr'ăt, *f.* a weight of 4 grains [merchants
 Căr-a-văn', *f.* a large carriage; a body of
 Car-a-văn'fă-ry, *f.* an inn for travellers or
 Căr'a-way, *f.* a plant [pilgrims
 Căr-bîne', Căr'a-bine, *f.* a small gun
 Căr-bîn-îer', *f.* a light horseman
 Căr-bo-nă'do, *v. a.* to cut or hack; to broil
 Căr-bo-nă'do, *f.* meat cut across to be
 broiled
 Căr'bûn-cle, *f.* a precious stone; a red spot
 Căr'bûn-clěd, *a.* set with carbuncles; spot-
 ted, deformed with pimples
 Căr-bûn'cu-lăr, *a.* red like a carbuncle
 Căr-bûn-cu-lă'tion, *f.* the blasting of young
 buds by heat or cold
 Căr'ca-nět, *f.* a chain or collar of jewels
 Căr'căs, *f.* a dead body; a building
 Căr'cěl-age, *f.* prison fees
 Cărd, *f.* instrument for combing wool;
 painted paper to play with; part of a
 mariner's compass
 Cărd, *v. a. & n.* to comb wool; to game

Càrd'ér, *f.* one who cards wool; one who plays much at cards
 Càrd'ĩ-ác, *a.* cordial; strengthening
 Càrd'ĩn-ál, *a.* chief
 Càrd'ĩn-ál, *f.* a woman's cloak; a dignitary of the Romish church [south
 Càrd'ĩn-ál-pöints', *f.* east, west, north and
 Càrd'ĩn-ál-shíp, *f.* office and rank of a cardinal
 Càrd'ĩn-ál-vír'tues, *f.* prudence, temperance, justice and fortitude
 Cāre, *f.* solicitude; caution; regard [with
 Cāre, *v. n.* to be anxious, to be affected
 Cāre'crāz-ěd, *a.* broken with care and solicitude
 Ca-rēen', *v. a.* to caulk [citude
 Ca-rēer', *f.* course, motion, race: *v. n.* to
 Cāre'fũl, *a.* anxious, watchful [run fast
 Cāre'fũl-ly, *ad.* heedfully
 Cāre'fũl-něs, *f.* vigilance, caution
 Cāre'lěs, *a.* negligent, heedless
 Cāre'lěs-ly, *ad.* heedlessly, unmindfully
 Cāre'lěs-něs, *f.* inattention [endearment
 Ca-rěs', *v. a.* to fondle, to endear: *f.* act of
 Cā'rět, *f.* this note ^; it is wanting
 Càr'go, *f.* the lading of a ship
 Cā'rĩ-ěs, Ca-rĩ-öl'ĩ-ty, *f.* rottenness
 Cā'rĩ-oũs, *a.* rotten [or careful
 Càrk, *f.* care, anxiety: *v. n.* to be anxious,
 Càrle, *f.* a rude brutal man, a churl
 Càr'mān, *f.* he who drives cars
 Cār-mĩn'a-tĩve, *a.* diluting and relaxing at the same time
 Cār-mĩne', *f.* crimson colour
 Càr'nage, *f.* slaughter, havock
 Càr'nāl, *a.* fleshly, lustful; not spiritual
 Càr'nāl'ĩ-ty, Càr'nāl-něs, *f.* lecherousness
 Càr'nāl-ly, *ad.* according to the flesh
 Cār-nā'tion, *f.* a flower; flesh colour

Cār-nē'lĩ-ón, *f.* a precious stone
 Càr'ne-oũs, Càr'noũs, *a.* fleshly
 Càr'nĩ-fỹ, *v. n.* to breed flesh
 Càr'nĩv-ál, *f.* shrovetide; a popish feast
 Cār'nĩv'ór-oũs, *a.* flesh-eating
 Cār-nōf'ĩ-ty, *f.* fleshly excrescence
 Cār'ól, *f.* song of joy: *v. a. & n.* to celebrate; to warble
 Ca-rōũf'ál, *f.* a festival
 Ca-rōũfe', *v. a. & n.* to drink hard, to quaff
 Ca-rōũfe', *f.* a drinking match [fault
 Càrp, *f.* a pond fish: *v. n.* to cavil, to find
 Càr'pěn-tér, *f.* an artificer in wood
 Càr'pěn-try, *f.* the trade of a carpenter
 Càrp'ér, *f.* a caviller
 Càr'pět, *f.* a covering for a floor; thing under consideration
 Càr'pět, *v. a.* to spread with carpets
 Càrp'ĩng, *part. & a.* captious, censorious
 Càrp'ĩng-ly, *ad.* captiously, censoriously
 Cār'rĩage, *f.* conduct, behaviour; a vehicle
 Cār'rĩ-ér, *f.* one who carries goods, &c.
 Cār'rĩ-ón, *f.* bad meat; a worthless woman
 Cār'rĩ-ón, *a.* relating to carcases
 Cār'rót, *f.* a garden root
 Cār'rót-ĩ-něs, *f.* redness of hair
 Cār'rót-y, *a.* red-haired
 Cār'ry, *v. a.* to bear; conduct; gain
 Cār'ry-tāle, *f.* a tale-bearer
 Càrt, *f.* a two-wheel vehicle: *v. a. & n.* to expose in a cart; to use carts for carriage
 Càrte-blānche, *f. (Fr.)* full power [riage
 Càr'těl, *f.* a writing containing stipulations
 Càrt'ér, *f.* the man who drives a cart
 Càr'tĩl-age, *f.* gristle
 Càr-tĩ-lāg, ĩn-oũs, *a.* consisting of gristles
 Cār-tōon', *f.* a painting on large paper

Càr-tôuch', *f.* a case for balls
 Càr'tridge, *f.* a paper case of gun-powder
 Càrt'rūt, *f.* the track made by a cart-wheel
 Càr'tu-la-ry, *f.* place where papers are kept
 Càrt'wright, *f.* he who makes carts
 Càrve', *v. a.* to cut wood, stone, or meat
 Càrv'ér, *f.* a sculptor; he who cuts meat
 Càrv'ing, *f.* sculpture; figures carved
 Ca-rũn'cle, *f.* a small protuberance of flesh
 Căf-căde', *f.* a water-fall
 Căse, *f.* a box; covering, sheath; state of things: *v. a.* to cover; to strip off the covering
 Căf'es, *f. pl.* the variation of nouns
 Căse'hărd'en, *v. a.* to harden
 Căse-knife, *f.* a large kitchen knife
 Căse'ment, *f.* a window opening upon hinges
 Căsh, *f.* money, ready money
 Căsh'kēep-ér, *f.* one entrusted with the money
 Căsh-ier', *f.* he who has charge of the money
 Căsh-ier', *v. a.* to dismiss from office
 Căsk, *f.* a barrel for liquor
 Căsk, Căsqe, *f.* a helmet, armour for the head
 Căsk'et, *f.* a small box for jewels: *v. a.* to put in a casket
 Căf'ate, *v. a.* to vacate; to invalidate
 Căf-fă'tion, *f.* a making null or void
 Căff'ia, *f.* a sweet spice [ment
 Căf'fôck, *f.* a clergyman's long under gar-
 Căst, *v. a. & n.* to throw, fling away; condemn; compute; model; wrap; to grow crooked
 Căst, *f.* a throw; act of throwing; state of any thing cast; a stroke; motion of the eye; mould; manner [less
 Căst'a-way, *f.* an abandoned person; *a.* use-

Căf'tel-lain, *f.* constable of a castle
 Căf'tel-la-ny, *f.* the manor belonging to a castle
 Căst'ér, *f.* thrower; calculator; modeller
 Căst'ti-gate, *v. a.* to chastise, punish
 Căst-ti-gă'tion, *f.* penance, punishment, discipline
 Căst'tle, *f.* a house fortified [cipline
 Căst'ling, *f.* an abortive
 Căst'tór, *f.* a beaver; a star
 Căst'trate, *v. a.* to geld, to make imperfect
 Căst-tră'tion, *f.* the act of gelding
 Căst'u-ăl, *a.* accident, arising from chance
 Căst'u-ăl-ly, *ad.* accidentally
 Căst'u-ăl-ness, *f.* accidentalness
 Căst'u-ăl-ty, *f.* accident, chance producing unnatural death [ence
 Căst'u-ist, *f.* who resolves cases of consci-
 Căst'u-ist/tic-ăl, *a.* relating to cases of conscience
 Căst'u-ist-try, *f.* science of a casuist
 Căt, *f.* a domestic animal; a sort of ship; a whip
 Căt-a-c, hrēs'ti-căl, *a.* forced, far-fetched
 Căt'a-clýsm, *f.* a deluge
 Căt'a-cômbş, *f.* burial places
 Căt'a-lôgue, *f.* enumeration of particulars
 Căt'a-phrăct, *f.* a horseman in complete ar-
 Căt'ăp-lăsm, *f.* a poultice [mour
 Căt'a-răct, *f.* a fall of water from on high; disease in the eye
 Ca-tărrh', *f.* disease in the head [cattarrh
 Ca-tărrh'ăl, Ca-tărrh'ous, *a.* relating to the
 Ca-tăf'tro-phe, *f.* an event; unhappiness
 Căt'căl, *f.* a squeaking instrument
 Căch, *v. a. & n. pret. & part. pas. caught,* to stop; seize; ensnare; receive suddenly; to be contagious; *f.* seizure, act of taking; profit; a song sung in succession

Căch'ér, *f.* he who catches
 Căch'pōll, *f.* a serpent; a bumbailiff
 Căch'wōrd, *f.* the last word in a page
 Căt-e-c, hēt'ic-ăl, *a.* by question and answer
 Căt-e-c, hēt'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* in the way of question and answer [questions
 Căt'e-c, hīse, *v. a.* to instruct by asking
 Căt'e-c, hīf-ér, *f.* one who catechises
 Căt'e-c, hīm, *f.* form of instruction [chism
 Căt'e-c, hīt, *f.* one who teaches the cate-
 Căt'e-c, hū'mēn, *f.* one who is in the first rudiments of Christianity
 Căt-e-gōr'ic-ăl, *a.* absolute, positive
 Căt-e-gōr'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* positively, expressly
 Căt'e-go-ry, *f.* a class, a rank; an order of
 Căt-e-nā'rī-ăn, *a.* relating to a chain [ideas
 Căt'e-nate, *v. a.* to chain
 Căt-e-nā'tion, *f.* link, regular connection
 Că'tér, *v. n.* to provide food: *f.* the four of cards and dice
 Că'tér, Că'tér-ér, *f.* a provider
 Că'tér-ēs, *f.* she who provides victuals
 Căt'ér-pīl'lār, *f.* an insect, worm; plant
 Căt'ér-wāul, *v. n.* to cry like cats in rutting time
 Cătes, *f.* food, viands; dish of meat
 Ca-thār'tic, *a.* purging
 Ca-thār'tic-ăl-nēs, *f.* purging quality
 Ca-thē'drāl, *a.* episcopal: *f.* an episcopal church [church
 Ca-thōl'o-cīsm, *f.* adherence to the catholic
 Căth'o-līc, *a.* universal or general
 Ca-thōl'ic-ōn, *f.* an universal medicine
 Căt'līng, *f.* a dismembering knife; catgut, fiddle-strings
 Ca-tōp'trī-cāl, *a.* relating to the catoptrics
 Ca-tōp'trics, *f.* the part of Optics which treats of vision by reflection

Căt'fūp, *f.* a kind of pickle of mushrooms
 Căt'tle, *f.* beasts of pasture
 Căv-ăl-cade', *f.* a procession on horseback
 Căv-a-līer', *f.* a horseman; a knight; *a.* gay, generous, haughty, brave
 Căv-a-līer'ly, *ad.* haughtily, generously
 Căv'ăl-ry, *f.* horse-troops
 Căv'ate, *v. a.* to hollow [caudle
 Cău'dle, *f.* child-bed food: *v. a.* to make
 Căve, *f.* a cavern, hollow: *v. n.* to dwell in a cave
 Că've-ăt, *f.* [a law term] to stop proceedings; caution, admonition, warning
 Căv'érn, *f.* a hollow place in the ground
 Căv'érn-éd, Căv'érn-oūs, *a.* hollow; living in a cavern; full of caverns
 Căuf', *f.* a chest with holes in it, to keep
 Căught', *part. pas.* from to catch [fish alive
 Căv'īl, *v. n.* to raise captious objections
 Căv'īl, *f.* groundless objection
 Căv'īl-lér, *f.* a captious disputant
 Căv'īl-loūs, *a.* full of objections
 Căv'ī-ty, *f.* hollowness; a hollow place
 Căul', *f.* a kind of small net for caps, wigs, &c.; integument in which the guts are inclosed
 Căul'ī-flōw-ér, *f.* kind of cabbage
 Căuf'a-ble, *a.* that may be caused
 Căuf'āl, *a.* relating to causes [of causing
 Căuf-ăl'ī-ty, *f.* agency of a cause; quality
 Căuf'ăl-ly, *ad.* according to the order of causes
 Căuf-ā'tion, *f.* the act or power of causing
 Căuf'a-tīve, *a.* expressing a cause or reason
 Căuf-ā'tōr, *f.* a causer, an author
 Căufe', *f.* a reason, motive; party efficient
 Căufe, *v. a.* to effect, to produce

Câu'se'lě's, *a.* original to itself; without reason

Câu'se'lě's-ly, *ad.* without cause or reason

Câu's'ér, *f.* he who causes

Câu's'ey, **Câu'se'way**, *f.* a raised way [ing]

Câu's'tic, *f.* a burning application; a burn-

Câu'těl, *f.* caution, scruple

Câu'těl-oũs, *a.* cautious; cunning

Câu'těl-oũs-ly, *ad.* cunningly, cautiously

Câu'těr-ĩ-ză'tion, *f.* a burning with a hot iron

Câu'těr-ĩze, *v. a.* to burn with a cautery

Câu'těr-y, *f.* burning with a hot iron, or with caustic medicines

Câu'tion, *f.* prudence, warning, security

Câu'tion, *v. a.* to warn, give notice of a danger

Câu'tion-a-ry, *a.* given as a security

Câu'tious, *a.* wary, watchful

Câu'tious-ly, *ad.* in a wary manner

Câu'tious-ně's, *f.* circumspection, watchful-

Căw', *v. n.* to cry as a crow [nė's]

Cě'se, *v. a. & n.* to leave off; be extinct, be at an end: to put a stop to: *f.* extinction; failure

Cě'se'lě's, *a.* perpetual

Cěç'ĩ-ty, *f.* blindness, privation of sight

Ce-cũ'tien-cy, *f.* cloudiness of sight

Cě'dăr, *f.* a tree, ever-green

Cě'drĩne, *a.* belonging to the cedar tree

Cěil, *v. a.* to cover the inner roof

Cěil'ing, *f.* the inner roof

Cěil'e-brate, *v. a.* to praise, commend with distinction

Cěil'e-bră'tion, *f.* solemn performance, praise

Ce-lěb'rĩ-oũs, *a.* famous, renowned

Ce-lěb'rĩ-oũs-ly, *ad.* in a famous manner

Ce-lěb'rĩ-oũs-ně's, *f.* renown, fame

Ce-lěb'rĩ-ty, *f.* fame

Ce-lěr'ĩ-ty, *f.* swiftness, speed, velocity

Cěl'e-ry, *f.* a species of parsley

Ce-lěst'ĩal, *a.* heavenly: *f.* an inhabitant of heaven

Ce-lěst'ĩal-ly, *ad.* in a heavenly manner

Ce-lěf'tĩ-fỹ, *v. a.* to make heavenly

Cěl'ĩ-ba-cy, **Cěl'ĩ-bate**, *f.* single life

Cěll, *f.* a small cavity or hollow place; close apartment in a prison; cave

Cěl'lăr, *f.* a place under ground for liquors

Cěl'lăr-age, *f.* the part of the building which makes the cellars

Cěl'lăr-ĩst, *f.* the butler in a convent

Cěl'lu-lăr, *a.* consisting of cavities or cells

Cěl'sĩ-tude, *f.* height

Cěm'ěnt, *f.* matter which joins bodies together; bond of union in friendship

Ce-měnt', *v. a.* to unite, to join together

Ce-měnt', *v. n.* to come into conjunction

Ce-měnt-ă'tion, *f.* the act of cementing

Cěm'e-těr-y, *f.* a burial-place

Cěn'a-to-ry, *a.* relating to supper

Cěse, *f.* public rates: *v. a.* to perfume

Cěnf'ér, *f.* the pan in which incense is burned

Cěnf'ór, *f.* a reformer

Cěn-sō'rĩ-ăn, *a.* relating to the censor

Cěn-sō'rĩ-oũs, *a.* addicted to censure

Cěn-sō'rĩ-oũs-ly, *ad.* in a severe reflecting

Cěn'sō'rĩ-oũs-ně's, *f.* disposition to reproach

Cěn'sór-shĩp, *f.* the office of a censor

Cěn'sur-a-ble, *a.* culpable

Cěn'sur-a-ble-ně's, *f.* blamableness

Cěn'sure, *f.* blame, reproach, opinion

Cěn'sure, *v. a.* to blame, to brand publicly

Cěn'sur-ér, *f.* he who blames

Cěnt, *f.* a hundred; as, five *per cent.* that is, five in the hundred
 Cěn'tāur, *f.* a poetical being, half man, half horse; the Archer in the zodiac
 Cěn'tāu-ry, *f.* a plant [dredth part
 Cěn-těs'īm-āl, *a.* hundredth: *f.* the hundredth
 Cěn'tī-pěde, *f.* a poisonous insect
 Cěn'to, *f.* a collection of scraps
 Cěn'trāl, *a.* relating to the centre
 Cěn'trāl-ly, *ad.* with regard to the centre
 Cěn'tre, *f.* the middle
 Cěn'tre, *v. a. & n.* to place or rest on a centre
 Cěn'tric, *a.* placed in the centre
 Cěn-trīf'ū-gāl, *a.* flying from the centre
 Cěn-trīp'e-tāl, *a.* tending to the centre
 Cěn-tū'rī-ate, *v. a.* to divide into hundreds
 Cěn-tu-rī-ā'tōr, *f.* who divides time into
 Cěn-tū'rī-ōn, *f.* a military officer [centuries
 Cěn'tu-ry, *f.* a hundred years
 Ce-phā'īc, *a.* easing the head
 Ce-rās'tēs, *f.* a horned serpent
 Cē'rate, *f.* a medicine of wax
 Cē'rat-ēd, *a.* waxed
 Cēre, *v. a.* to wax, to cover with wax
 Cēr'e-bēl, *f.* part of the brain
 Cēre'clōth, Cēre'měnt, *f.* cloths waxed over
 Cēre'měnt, *f.* clothes dipped in melted wax, to cover dead bodies [mony
 Cēr-e-mō'nī-āl, *a.* formal, relating to cere-
 Cēr-e-mō'nī-ōūs, *a.* formally civil
 Cēr-e-mō'nī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* in a formal manner
 Cēr-e-mō'nī-ōūs-něs, *f.* fondness of ceremony
 Cēr'e-mo-ny, *f.* outward rite, form of civility
 Cēr'tain, *a.* sure, resolved
 Cēr'tain-ly, *ad.* without fail
 Cēr'tain-ty, Cēr'tī-tude, *f.* exemption from doubt

Cēr-tīf'ī-cate, *f.* a testimony in writing
 Cēr'tī-fy, *v. a.* to give certain notice of
 Cēr-tī-ō-rā'rī, *f.* a kind of writ
 Cēr'tī-tude, *f.* certainty, freedom from doubt
 Cēr-vīc'āl, *a.* pertaining to the neck
 Ce-rū'le-ān, Ce-rū'le-ōūs, *a.* sky-coloured
 Cēr-u-līf'īc, *a.* producing a blue colour
 Ce-rū'měn, *f.* the wax of the ear
 Cē'ruse, *f.* white lead [to tax
 Cěs, *f.* act of levying rates; a tax: *v. a.*
 Cěs-fā'tion, *f.* a stop, pause of hostility
 Cěs-fī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of receding
 Cěs'fī-ble, *a.* easy, or liable to give way
 Cěs'sion, *f.* retreat, resignation
 Cěs'sion-a-ry, *a.* implying a resignation
 Cěs'měnt, *f.* a tax or assessment
 Cěs'tūs, *f.* the girdle of Venus
 Cē-tā'ceous, *a.* of the whale kind
 Chāfe, *v. a. & n.* to heat, warm: to rage, fret, fume
 Chāfe, *f.* heat, rage, fury
 Chāf'ér, *f.* an insect, a sort of yellow beetle
 Chāff, *f.* husks of corn, worthless thing
 Chāf'ér, *v. a. & n.* to buy, exchange: to haggle, to bargain
 Chāf'ér-ér, *f.* a bargainer
 Chāf'ér-y, *f.* traffic
 Chāf'fīnch, *f.* name of a bird
 Chāff'lěs, *a.* without chaff
 Chā'fy, *a.* like chaff, full of chaff
 Chāf'īng-dīsh, *f.* a portable grate for coals
 Cha-grīn', *f.* (*Fr.*) ill-humour: *v. a.* to vex, to put out of temper
 Chāin, *f.* a line of links; a continuation
 Chāin, *v. a.* to fasten with a chain
 Chāir, *f.* a moveable seat; a sedan
 Chāir'mān, *f.* president of a society
 Chāise, *f.* a small body carriage

Châl'dér, Châl'drôn, *f.* 36 bushels of coals
 Châl'ice, *f.* a cup
 Châl'ic-éd, *a.* having a cell or cup
 Châ/k', *f.* a kind of white earth
 Châ/k, *v. a.* to mark or manure with chalk
 Châ/k'cút'tér, *f.* a man who digs chalk
 Châ/k'y, *a.* containing chalk
 Châl'lénge, *f.* a summons to fight; a demand
 Châl'lénge, *v. a.* to claim; accusé, call to fight
 Châl'léng-ér, *f.* who challenges
 Cha-lyb'e-ate, *a.* impregnated with iron or steel
 Châm-ade', *f.* beat of drum for a surrender
 Châm'bér, *f.* an apartment in a house; hollow part of a gun, or mine; *v. a.* to intrigue
 Châm'bér-ér, *f.* a man of intrigue
 Châm'bér-íng, *f.* debauchery, riot
 Châm'bér-láin, *f.* the sixth officer of the crown; he who has the care of chambers
 Châm'bér-máid, *f.* she who takes care of rooms
 Cha-mē'li-ôn, *f.* an animal that takes the colour of whatever it touches
 Châm'oís, *f.* a kind of goat
 Châmp, *v. a.* to bite, chew, devour
 Châm-páign', *f.* a flat open country
 Châm'pí-ôn, *f.* a single combatant, a hero: *v. a.* to challenge
 Chânce, *f.* event, fortune, accident
 Chânce, *v. n.* to happen, to fall out
 Chânce'-méd'ley, *f.* casual death
 Chàn'cél, *f.* the east end of a church
 Chàn'cél-lór, *f.* a great officer of state
 Chàn'cél-lór-shíp, *f.* office of a chancellor
 Chàn'ce-ry, *f.* a court of equity and conscience
 Chăn'cre, *f.* a kind of ulcer [ence

Chăn'croüs, *a.* ulcerous
 Chăn-de-líer', *f.* a branch for candles
 Chând'lér, *f.* one who makes candles
 Chānge, *v. a. & n.* to alter, mend: to discount: to suffer alteration
 Chānge, *f.* an alteration; small money
 Chānge'a-ble, Chānge'fúl, *a.* inconstant
 Chānge'a-ble-něs, *f.* inconstancy
 Chānge'a-bly, *ad.* inconstantly
 Chānge'líng, *f.* an idiot; a child changed
 Chāng'ér, *f.* one who changes money
 Chăn'něl, *f.* the course for a stream of water
 Chăn'něl, *v. a.* to cut in channels
 Chânt, *v. a. & n.* to sing cathedral service: Chânt, *f.* song, melody [to sing
 Chânt'ér, *f.* a singer, a songster
 Chânt'rěs, *f.* a woman who sings, a songstress
 Chânt'ry, *f.* a chapel for priests to sing mass in
 Chā'ós, *f.* confusion, indigested heap
 Cha-öt'ic, *a.* confused, indigested
 Chăp, *f.* a cleft, a gaping, a chink; a jaw
 Chăp, *v. a.* to break into gapes
 Chāpe, *f.* the catch of any thing, by which it is holden in its place
 Chăp'él, *f.* a place of worship
 Chāpe'lěs, *a.* without a chape
 Chăp'ěl-ry, *f.* the district of a chapel
 Chăp'fâl-len, *a.* having the mouth shrunk
 Chăp'í-tér, *f.* capital of a pillar
 Chăp'láin, *f.* he who attends the king, &c. for the instruction of him and his family
 Chăp'láin-shíp, *f.* office of a chaplain
 Chăp'lěs, *a.* without any flesh about the mouth
 Chăp'lět, *f.* a garland or wreath for the head
 Chăp'măn, *f.* a dealer in goods

Chăps, *f.* the mouth of a beast of prey
 Chăp'tér, *f.* a division of a book; an assembly of the clergy
 Châr, *f.* work done by the day; a job; a fish:
v. a. to burn wood to a black cinder
 Châr'wôm-ân, *f.* a woman hired to do odd work
 Châr'ăc-tér, *f.* a mark, letter; reputation:
v. a. to inscribe, to engrave
 Châr'ăc-tér-îf'tic, *a.* distinguishing to, peculiar to
 Châr'ăc-tér-îf'ti-căl-něs, *f.* quality of being peculiar to a character; a mark, sign, token [to mark
 Châr'ăc-tér-îze, *v. a.* to give a character;
 Châr'ăc-tér-lěs, *a.* without a character
 Châr'ac-te-ry, *f.* impression, mark
 Châr'côal, *f.* coal made of burnt wood
 Chârge, *v. a.* to accuse; attack; entrust; load; impute: *f.* care; custody; mandate; commission; expence; accusation; attack
 Chârge'a-ble, *a.* expensive; accusable
 Chârge'a-ble-něs, *f.* expence, cost, costliness
 Chârge'a-bly, *ad.* expensively
 Chârğ'ér, *f.* a large dish
 Châr'ri-ly, *ad.* warily; frugally
 Châr'ri-něs, *f.* caution; nicety
 Châr'î-ôt, *f.* a half-coach, carriage of pleasure
 Châr'î-ôt, *v. a.* to convey in a chariot
 Châr'î-ôt-ēr', *f.* the driver of a chariot
 Châr'î-ta-ble, *a.* kind in giving alms
 Châr'î-ta-bly, *ad.* liberally, benevolently
 Châr'î-ty, *f.* tenderness, alms, benevolence
 Chârk, *v. a.* to burn to a black cinder
 Châr-la-tăn', *f.* a quack, a chatterer
 Châr'la-tăn-ry, *a.* quackish, ignorant

Châr-la-tăn'ic-ăl, *a.* quackish, ignorant
 Chârm, *f.* enchantment [secret power
 Chârm, *v. a.* to delight, bewitch, subdue by
 Chârm'ér, *f.* one who charms [ing
 Chârm'ing, *part. & a.* delightful, very pleasing
 Chârm'ing-ly, *ad.* in a very pleasing manner
 Chârm'ing-něs, *f.* the power of pleasing
 Châr'něl, *a.* containing flesh or carcases
 Châr'něl-hôûse, *f.* repository for the bones of the dead
 Chârt, *f.* a delineation of coasts
 Chârt'ér, *f.* privilege, immunity, exemption
 Chârt'ér-éd, *a.* privileged
 Châr'y, *a.* cautious, careful [enemy
 Châse, *v. a.* to hunt, drive, pursue as an
 Châse, *f.* hunting, pursuit; length of a gun
 Châf'ér, *f.* hunter, pursuer, driver
 Châsm, Châsm, *f.* a cleft, gape, vacuity
 Châste, *a.* pure, without obscenity; true
 Châst'en, Châf-tîse', *v. a.* to correct, to punish; to reduce to order
 Châf-tîse'měnt, *f.* punishment, correction
 Châf-tîf'ér, *f.* a corrector
 Châf'tî-ty, Châste'něs, *f.* purity of the body, uncorruptness
 Châste'ly, *ad.* without incontinence
 Chât, *v. n.* to prate, talk idly; *f.* idle talk; the keys of trees
 Chât'těl-la-ny, *f.* district under a castle
 Chât'těl, *f.* any moveable possession
 Chât'tér, *v. n.* to prate much, to make a noise as a pie
 Chât'tér, *f.* idle prate
 Chât'tér-ér, *f.* an idle talker
 Chât'wôd, *f.* little sticks, fuel
 Châw, *v. a.* to masticate, chew: *f.* the chap
 Châw'drôn, *f.* entrails
 Chêap, *a.* at a low rate: *f.* market-purchase

Chēap'en, *v. a.* to ask the price; to lessen value
 Chēap'ly, *ad.* at a small price
 Chēat, *v. a.* to defraud, impose upon, trick;
f. a fraud, imposture, a deceiver
 Chēat'ér, *f.* an impostor, one who practises fraud
 Chēck, *v. a. & n.* to repress, curb, chide: to make a stop, to interfere
 Chēck, *f.* restraint, stop, curb; dislike
 Chēck'ér, Chēqu'ér, *v. a.* to diversify
 Chēck'ér-wōrk, *f.* work varied alternately
 Chēek, *f.* side of the face below the eye
 Chēek-tōoth, *f.* the hinder tooth [mind
 Chēer, *f.* entertainment, gaiety, temper of
 Chēer, *v. a. & n.* to encourage, comfort, console: to become gay or glad some
 Chēer'ér, *f.* gladdener; a tumbler glass full
 Chēer'fūl, *a.* gay, full of life or mirth
 Chēer'fūl-ly, *ad.* with gaiety
 Chēer'fūl-nēss, *f.* freedom from gloominess
 Chēer'lēss, *a.* without comfort or gladness
 Chēer'ly, Chēer'y, *a.* gay, not gloomy
 Chēer'ly, *ad.* cheerfully
 Chēese, *f.* a sort of food made of milk-curd
 Chēese'cake, *f.* a cake made of curds, sugar and butter
 Chēese'mōng-ér, *f.* one who deals in cheese
 Chēese'vāt, *f.* a wooden case in which the curds are pressed into cheese
 Chēes'y, *a.* like cheese
 Chēr'ish, *v. a.* to support, nurse, shelter
 Chēr'ish-ér, *f.* a comforter, encourager, supporter
 Chēr'ish-mēnt, *f.* comfort, support
 Chēr'ry, *f.* a fruit: *a.* ruddy
 Chēr'ry-pīt, *f.* a child's play
 Chért, *f.* a kind of flint

Chēr'ūb, *f.* an angel; a celestial spirit
 Chēr-ū'bīo, Chēr'u-bīn, Chēr-u-bīn'ic-āl, *a.* angelical
 Chēr'ūp, *v. n.* to chirp
 Chēss, *f.* a well-known game
 Chēss'bōard, *f.* a board to play at chess on
 Chēss'-mān, *f.* a puppet for chess
 Chēs'sōm, *f.* mellow earth
 Chēst, *f.* a large box; the breast
 Chēst, *v. a.* to reposit in a chest, to hoard up
 Chēst'ēd, *a.* having a chest
 Chēst'nūt, *f.* a sort of fruit: *a.* brown colour
 Chēv-a-līr', *f.* a knight
 Chē-vāux de frise, *f.* (Fr.) a military term
 Chēv'ēr-īl, *f.* a kid; kid-leather
 Chēv'īs-ānce, *f.* enterprise, achievement
 Chēw, *v. a. & n.* to grind with the teeth; to meditate
 Chi-cāne', Chi-cān'e-ry, *f.* sophistry, wrangle
 Chi-cāne', *v. n.* to prolong a contest by tricks
 Chi-cān'ér, *f.* a petty sophister
 Chīck, Chīck'en, *f.* the young of hens; a girl
 Chīck'en-hēart-ēd, *a.* cowardly, fearful
 Chīck'en-pōx, *f.* an exanthematous distemper
 Chīck'līng, *f.* a small chicken [per
 Chīck'wēed, *f.* a plant
 Chīde, *v. a. & n. pret. chid; pas. part. chid-*
den; to reprove, scold, quarrel with
 Chīd'ér, *f.* a rebuker, a reprover
 Chīef, *a.* principal, eminent: *f.* a leader
 Chīef'lēss, *a.* without a leader
 Chīef'ly, *ad.* principally
 Chīef'tain, *f.* a leader, commander
 Chīl'blain, *f.* sores made by cold and frost
 Chīld, *f.* an offspring; an infant
 Chīld, *v. n.* to bring forth children
 Chīld'bēar-īng, *f.* act of bearing children

Child'bēd, *f.* the state of being in labour
 Child'bīrth, *f.* the labour of a woman
 Child'ēd, *a.* furnished with a child
 Child'hōod, *f.* state of a child
 Child'īsh, *a.* like a child; ignorant, simple
 Child'īsh-ly, *ad.* ignorantly, simply
 Child'īsh-nēss, *f.* ignorance, simpleness
 Child'lēss, *f.* without children
 Child'līke, *f.* becoming a child
 Chill, *f.* chillness: *a.* cold; discouraged
 Chill, *v. a.* to make cold; to deject
 Chill'ī-nēss, *f.* a sensation of shivering cold
 Chill'ly, *a.* somewhat cold
 Chill'nēss, *f.* want of warmth
 Chimb, *f.* the end of a barrel or tub
 Chīme, *f.* consonant sound of bells; agreement
 Chīme, *v. a. & n.* to make to move, or sound harmonically; to sound together; to agree
 Chi-mē'ra, *f.* a vain and wild fancy
 Chi-mēr'ī-cāl, *a.* imaginary, wild, fantastic
 Chi-mēr'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* wildly
 Chīm'ney, *f.* a place through which smoke ascends
 Chīm'ney-cōrn'ēr, *f.* fire-side
 Chīm'ney-pīce, *f.* ornament above the fire-place
 Chīm'ney-fwēep-ēr, *f.* one who sweeps chim-
 Chīn, *f.* lowest place of the face [neys
 Chī'na, *f.* China-ware; a country
 Chī'na-ōr'ange, *f.* a sweet orange
 Chīn'cōugh, *f.* a disease of children
 Chīne, *f.* the back-bone; back of an animal
 Chīne, *v. a.* to cut into chines
 Chīnk, *f.* a small opening longwise
 Chīnk, *v. a. & n.* to shake so as to produce sound; to sound by collision

Chīnk'y, *a.* full of chinks
 Chīnts, *f.* India cottons, printed with co-
 Chīp, *f.* a bit of wood chipt off [lours
 Chīp, *v. a.* to cut into small pieces
 Chīp'pīng, *f.* a fragment cut off [hand
 Chi-rāg-rī-cāl, *a.* having the gout in the
 Chi-rōg'ra-phēr, Chi-rōg'ra-phīst, *f.* he who exercises writing
 Chi-rōg'ra-phy, *f.* a writing with one's own hand; the art of writing
 Chīrp, *f.* the noise of birds
 Chīrp, *v. a. & n.* to make cheerful; to imitate the noise of birds
 Chīrp'ēr, *f.* one who chirps
 Chi-rūr'geōn, *f.* a surgeon
 Chi-rūr'g,ē-ry, *f.* the art of curing by manual operation
 Chi-rūr'g,īc-āl, *a.* belonging to a surgeon
 Chīf'ēl, *f.* a carpenter's tool
 Chīf'ēl, *v. a.* to cut out with a chisel
 Chīt, *f.* a baby, a child; a shoot of corn
 Chīt, *v. n.* to sprout like corn
 Chīt'chāt, *f.* common talk, prattle
 Chīt'tēr-līngs, *f.* small guts
 Chīt'ty, *a.* childish, like a baby
 Chīv'āl-roūs, *a.* relating to chivalry, knightly
 Chīv'āl-ry, *f.* military dignity; exploit; knighthood
 Chīvēs, *f.* a kind of onions; threads in flowers
 Chōc'o-late, *f.* a liquor made of cocoa-nut
 Chōīce, *f.* power of choosing, thing chosen
 Chōīce, *a.* of great value; frugal; select
 Chōīce'lēss, *a.* without the power of choosing
 Chōīce'ly, *a.* curiously; valuably
 Chōīce'nēss, *f.* particular value; nicety
 Chōīr, *f.* part of a church; a band of singers
 Chōke, *f.* a part of the artichoke

- Chōke**, *v. a.* to stop the wind-pipe; to block up; hinder; overpower; suffocate
Chōk'ér, *f.* one who chokes; one who puts another to silence
Chōk'y, *a.* having the power of suffocation
Chōl'ér, *f.* anger, rage; the bile
Chōl'ér-ic, *a.* full of choler, angry
Chōl'ér-ic-něs, *f.* irascibility, peevishness
Chōse, *v. a.* to make choice, to pick out, to choose
Chōs'ér, *f.* one who chooses [select
Chōp', *f.* a small piece of meat; a crack
Chōp, *v. a. & n.* to cut with a blow; devour; mince: change; to come quickly upon
Chōp-hōûse, *f.* a house to eat at
Chōp'in, *f.* the Scotch quart; wine measure
Chōl'ér-ic, *a.* full of holes
Chōps, *f.* the mouth of a beast
Chō'rāl, *a.* belonging to a choir
Chōrd', *f.* a string of a musical instrument
Chōrd', *v. a.* to furnish with strings
Chōr-dēe', *f.* a contraction of the frænum
Chōr'ist-ér, *f.* a singer in cathedrals
Chō-rōg'ra-phér, *f.* a describer of places
Chō-rō-grāph'ic-āl, *a.* belonging to chorography
Chō-rō-grāph'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a chorographical manner
Chō-rōg'ra-phy, *f.* art of describing places
Chō'rūs, *f.* a number of singers; a concert
Chōse, *pret.* of the verb *to choose*
Chōûgh, *f.* a sea-bird frequenting rocks
Chōûse, *v. a.* to cheat, impose upon: *f.* a trick
Chōs'en, *part. pass.* of *to choose* [trick
Chrism, *f.* holy unguent
Chrīst'óm, *f.* a child that dies within a month
Chrīst'en, *v. a.* to baptize, name [month
Chrīst'en-dóm, *f.* collective body of Christians
Chrīst'en-ing, *f.* act of baptizing [anity

- Chrīst'ian**, *f.* a follower of Christ: *a.* professing the religion of Christ
Chrīst'ian-nāme', *f.* name given at baptism
Chrīst'ian-ty, *f.* the religion of Christ
Chrīst'ian-ize, *v. a.* to make a Christian
Chrīst'ian-ly, *ad.* like a Christian
Chrīst'mās, *f.* the day on which the nativity of our blessed Saviour is celebrated
Chrīst'mās-bōx', *f.* a present at Christmas
Chro-māt'ic, *a.* relating to colours
Chrōn'ic-āl, *a.* of long continuance
Chrōn'ic-le, *f.* history [register
Chrōn'ic-le, *v. a.* to record in history, to register
Chrōn'ic-lér, *f.* an historian
Chrōn'o-grām, *f.* a kind of verse, whose figurative letters shew its date
Chrōn'o-grām'ma-tīst, *f.* a writer of chronograms
Chro-nōl'o-g'ér, *f.* an explainer of past times
Chro-no-lōg'ic-āl, *a.* relating to chronology
Chro-no-lōg'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in course of time
Chro-nōl'o-g'ist, *f.* a chronologer [time
Chro-nōl'o-g'y, *f.* the science of computing
Chro-nōm'e-tér, *f.* an instrument to measure time
Chryf'āl-īs, *f.* first apparent change of a maggot
Chryf'o-līte, *f.* a precious stone betwixt green and yellow
Chúb, *f.* a river-fish
Chüb'béd, *a.* big-headed, like a chub
Chück, *f.* the noise a hen makes to call her chickens
Chück, *v. n.* to make a noise like a hen
Chüc'kle, *v. a. & n.* to call as a hen; to fondle; to laugh vehemently or convulsively
Chüff, *f.* a blunt, coarse, clownish person

Chŭf'fy, *a.* blunt; fat; surly; clownish
 Chŭm, *f.* a chamber-mate
 Chŭmp, *f.* a short heavy piece of wood
 Chŭrch, *f.* a place of divine worship; an assembly or collective body of Christians: *v. a.* to perform to any one the office of thanksgiving after child-birth
 Chŭrch'mān, *f.* a member of the church of England
 Chŭrch'-wārd'ēn, *f.* an officer chosen by the minister and parishioners
 Chŭrl, *f.* a miser, a niggard; a rustic
 Chŭrl'ish, *a.* rude, selfish, austere
 Chŭrl'ish-ly, *ad.* brutally, rudely, harshly
 Chŭrl'ish-nēss, *f.* rudeness, brutality
 Chŭrme, *f.* a confused sound, a noise
 Chŭrn, *f.* the vessel in which butter is made
 Chŭrn, *v. a.* to make butter
 Chŭ-lā'ceous, Chŭ-lōus, *a.* belonging to chyle
 Chŭyle, *f.* white juice of the stomach
 Chŭym'ic-āl, *a.* made by, or relating to chymistry
 Chŭym'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a chymical manner
 Chŭym'ist, *f.* one who practises chymistry
 Chŭym'is-try, *f.* act of separating bodies by
 Ci-bā'rī-ōus, *a.* relating to food [fire
 Cīc'a-trīce, Cīc'a-trīx, *f.* a scar
 Cīc'a-trī-zā'tion, *f.* act of healing a wound
 Cīc'a-trīze, *v. a.* to heal a wound
 Cīc'u-rate, *v. a.* to tame, to reduce from wildness
 Cīc'u-rā'tion, *f.* act of taming
 Cī'dér, *f.* a liquor made of apples
 Cī'dér-ist, *f.* a maker of cider
 Cī'dér-kīn, *f.* inferior cider
 Cīl'ia-ry, *a.* belonging to the eye-lids
 Cīl-i'cious, *a.* made of hair

Cīm'e-tér, *f.* a Turkish hanger
 Cīnc'ture, *f.* a belt; a ring; a fash [gone
 Cīn'dér, *f.* coals burnt till the sulphur is
 Cīn-ér-ā'tion, *f.* the reduction of any thing by fire to ashes
 Cīn'gle, *f.* a girth for a horse [million
 Cīn'na-bār, *f.* a mineral substance; ver-
 Cīn'na-mōn, *f.* the bark of a tree; a spice
 Cīnque, *f.* the number five
 Cīnque-spōt-tēd, *a.* having five spots
 Cī'ōn, *f.* shoot of a plant; a sprout
 Cī'phér, *f.* the figure or mark (O); the initial letters of a person's name interwoven
 Cī'phér, *v. a. & n.* to write in occult characters: to cast accompts
 Cīr'cīn-ate, *v. a.* to make a circle
 Cīr'cīn-ā'tion, *f.* an orbicular motion
 Cīr'cle, *f.* a round body; a company
 Cīr'cle, *v. a. & n.* to move round; confine; inclose; to move circularly
 Cīr'clēd, *a.* having the form of a circle
 Cīr'clēt, *f.* a circle, an orb
 Cīr'clīng, *part. a.* circular, roundish
 Cīr'c,ūit, *f.* the act of moving round; journeys of the judges; space
 Cīr'c,ūit, *v. n.* to move in a circle
 Cīr'c,ūit-ēer', *f.* one who travels a circuit
 Cīr-cu-ī'tion, *f.* act of going round any thing; compass; maze of argument
 Cīr'cu-lār, *a.* round like a circle
 Cīr-cu-lār'ī-ty, *f.* in a circular form
 Cīr'cu-lār-ly, *ad.* in a circular manner
 Cīr'cu-late, *v. a. & n.* to put about: to move in a circle
 Cīr-cu-lā'tion, *f.* circular motion [passing
 Cīr-cūm-ām'bī-ēn-cy, *f.* the act of encom-
 Cīr-cūm-ām'bī-ēnt, *a.* furrounding

- Cír-cũm-ãm'bu-late**, *v. n.* to walk round
Cír-cũm-cĩse', *v. a.* to cut off the foreskin
Cír-cũm-cĩ'fion, *f.* the rite of circumcising
Cír-cũm-dũct', *v. a.* to contravene, nullify
Cír-cũm-dũc'tion, *f.* nullification, a leading about
Cír-cũm'fe-rẽnce, *f.* circuit, periphery : *v. a.* to inclose in a round space
Cír-cũm-fe-rẽn-tór, *f.* an instrument used in surveying
Cír-cũm-flẽx, *f.* an accent over a syllable, to make it sound long, marked thus (^)
Cír-cũm'flu-ẽnce, *f.* an inclosure of waters
Cír-cũm-flu-ẽnt, *a.* flowing round any thing
Cír-cũm-flu-oũs, *a.* surrounding with waters
Cír-cũm-fo-rã'ne-oũs, *a.* wandering from house to house
Cír-cũm-fũse', *v. a.* to pour round [round
Cír-cũm-fũ'sile, *a.* what may be poured
Cír-cũm-fũ'fion, *f.* act of spreading round
Cír-cũm-jã'cent, *a.* lying round
Cír-cũm-ĩ'tion, *f.* the act of going round
Cír-cũm-lo-cũ'tion, *f.* use of indirect words
Cír-cũm-mũr'ẽd, *a.* walled round
Cír-cũm-nã'ĩ-gate, *v. a.* to sail round
Cír-cũm-nã'ĩ-gã'tion, *f.* act of sailing round
Cír-cũm-põ'lar, *a.* round the pole
Cír-cũm-po-ĩ'tion, *f.* act of placing things circularly
Cír-cũm-scribe, *v. a.* to inclose, to limit
Cír-cũm-scrip'tion, *f.* limitation [ing
Cír-cũm-scrip'tive, *a.* inclosing, surrounding
Cír-cũm-spẽct', *a.* cautious, watchful
Cír-cũm-spẽc'tion, *f.* caution, watchfulness
Cír-cũm-spẽc'tive, *a.* attentive, cautious
Cír-cũm-spẽc-tive-ly, *ad.* cautiously, vigilantly
Cír-cũm-spẽct'ly, *ad.* cautiously

- Cír-cũm-spẽct'ĩess**, *f.* caution
Cír'cũm-stance, *f.* accident, condition, event
Cír-cũm-stãn'tial, *a.* accidental, particular
Cír-cũm-stãn-tĩ-ãl'ĩ-ty, *f.* the appendage of circumstances
Cír-cũm-stãn'tial-ly, *ad.* minutely
Cír-cũm-stãn'tĩ-ate, *v. a.* to describe particularly [fications
Cír-cũm-vãl'late, *v. a.* to inclose with fortifications
Cír-cũm-vãl-lã'tion, *f.* a surrounding with walls ; trenches boarded with a breast-work
Cír-cũm-vẽnt', *v. a.* to cheat, to delude
Cír-cũm-vẽn'tion, *f.* fraud, imposture, cheat
Cír-cũm-vẽst', *v. a.* to cover round
Cír-cũm-volve', *v. a.* to roll round
Cír-cũm-vo-lũ'tion, *f.* a turning about
Cír'cũs, **Círque**, *f.* a place of sports
Cĩst, *f.* a case, a tegument ; inclosure of a tumour
Cĩst'ẽd, *a.* inclosed in a cist or bag
Cĩf'tern, *f.* a vessel to catch or hold water
Cĩt, *f.* a citizen, inhabitant of a city
Cĩt'a-dẽl, *f.* a castle, a fortress
Cĩ'tãl, **Cĩ-tã'tion**, *f.* quotation ; summons
Cĩ'ta-to-ry, *a.* having the power of citation
Cĩte, *v. a.* to enjoin ; quote ; summons
Cĩ'ter, *f.* one who cites or quotes
Cĩt'ẽs, *f.* a city-woman [man
Cĩt'ĩ-zen, *f.* one inhabiting a city ; a free-
Cĩt'rĩne, *a.* of a lemon colour
Cĩt'rĩne, *f.* a species of a very fine crystal
Cĩt'rõn, *f.* a fruit something like a lemon
Cĩt'rõn-wã'ter, *f.* *aqua vite* distilled with rind of citrons
Cĩt'y, *f.* an episcopal town
Cĩt'y, *a.* belonging to a city
Cĩv'et, *f.* perfume from a civet-cat

Cīv'ic, *a.* relating to civil honours
 Cīv'il, *a.* grave, civilized, political
 Cī-vil'i'ân, *f.* a professor of civil law
 Cī-vil'i-ty, *f.* freedom, politeness, rule of decency
 Cī-vil-ize, *v. a.* to make civil life
 Cīv'il-iz-ér, *f.* who reclaims from a savage
 Cīv'il-ly, *ad.* politely
 Cläck, *f.* any thing making a noise; the tongue [make a noise
 Cläck, *v. n.* to let the tongue run, to
 Cläd, *part. pass.* of to clothe
 Clāim, *f.* a demand; a title [due
 Clāim, *v. a.* to demand of right, to exact as
 Clāim'a-ble, *a.* that may be demanded
 Clāim'ânt, *f.* one who demands
 Clāim'ér, *f.* he who makes a demand
 Clām'bér, *v. n.* to climb with difficulty
 Clāmm, *v. n.* to clog; to starve
 Clām'mī-něs, *f.* ropiness, tenacity
 Clām'my, *a.* glutinous, ropy, adhesive
 Clām'ór-ous, *a.* loud, noisy, turbulent
 Clām'our, *f.* disturbance, outcry, noise
 Clām'our, *v. a.* to make a noise; exclaim
 Clāmp, *f.* a piece of wood joined to another to strengthen it; a quantity of bricks
 Clāmp, *v. a.* to join together
 Clān, *f.* family, race, sect
 Clān'cu-lār, Clān-děs'tīne, *a.* hidden, secret
 Clān-děs'tīne-ly, *ad.* secretly, privately
 Clāng, *f.* a sharp shrill noise
 Clāng, *v. n.* to strike together, to clatter
 Clāng'our, *f.* a loud shrill noise
 Clāng'ous, *a.* making a sharp noise
 Clānk, *f.* a loud sharp noise
 Clāp, *f.* a loud noise with hands; sudden act of motion; venereal complaint

Clāp, *v. a. & n.* to strike together; applaud; add; infect: to do or move hastily
 Clāp'pér, *f.* who claps; tongue of a bell
 Clāp'pér-clāw, *v. a.* to scold, to tongue-beat [ings
 Clāre-ōb-scūre', *f.* light and shade in painting
 Clār'et, *f.* red French wine
 Clār-īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of making clear
 Clār'ī-fy, *v. a.* to make clean or bright
 Clār'ī-ōn, *f.* a trumpet
 Clār'ī-ty, *f.* brightness, splendour
 Clāth, *f.* noise made by two bodies; opposition [tradiēt, oppose
 Clāsh, *v. a. & n.* to dash against: to con-
 Clāsp, *f.* a holdfast; an embrace
 Clāsp, *v. a.* to hold fast, inclose, embrace
 Clāsp'ér, *f.* threads of creeping plants
 Clāss, *f.* degree, rank, order
 Clāss, *v. a.* to range in order
 Clāss'ic, *f.* an author of the first rank
 Clāss'ic, *a.* relating to standard authors of the first rank
 Clāt'tér, *f.* a confused noise
 Clāt'tér, *v. n.* to make a confused noise; to jar
 Clāve, *pret.* of to cleave
 Clāuse, *f.* article, sentence; particular stipulation
 Clāus'trāl, *a.* relating to a cloister
 Clāw', *f.* the foot of a beast or bird
 Clāw'ed, *part. & a.* armed with claws
 Clāy, *f.* a sort of unctuous earth
 Clāy, *v. a.* to cover or manure with clay
 Clāy'cōld, *a.* cold as earth, lifeless
 Clāy'ey, *a.* consisting of clay
 Clēan, *a.* free from dirt; innocent; neat
 Clēan, *v. a.* to get out the dirt, to cleanse
 Clēan'lī-ly, *ad.* in a clean manner

Clēan'li-něs, *f.* neatness, purity
 Clēan'ly, *a.* free from dirt and mire, pure ;
ad. quite, perfectly, fully, elegantly, neat-
 ly, nicely
 Clēan'něs, *f.* neatness, freedom from dirt
 Clēan'se, *v. a.* to make clean, to scour
 Clēan's'ér, *f.* one who cleanses or scours
 Clēar, *a.* bright ; guiltless ; out of the way :
ad. completely, quite
 Clēar, *v. a. & n.* to make bright or plain ;
 to gain : to grow or become bright
 Clēar'ance, *f.* certificate for a ship to sail
 Clēar'ér, *f.* who makes bright or plain
 Clēar'ly, *ad.* brightly ; plainly ; acutely
 Clēar'něs, *f.* brightness, lustre ; plainness
 Clēar'sight'ed, *a.* discerning, judicious
 Clēar'starch, *v. a.* to stiffen with starch
 Clēave, *v. a. & n.* to divide with violence ;
 to stick to ; agree ; fit ; follow
 Clēav'ér, *f.* a butcher's instrument
 Clěf, *f.* a mark in music
 Clěft, *f.* a crack, an opening, a crevice
 Clěft, *part. pass.* from *cleave*, divided
 Clěft'grāft, *v. a.* to graft by cleaving trees
 Clēm'ěn-cy, *f.* kindness, mercy, remission
 Clēm'ěnt, *a.* merciful, mild, compassionate
 Clěnch, *v. a.* to make fast, pin down
 Clěpe, *v. a.* to call
 Clér'gy, *f.* body of divines
 Clér'gy-mān, *f.* one in holy orders
 Clér'ic-āl, *a.* relating to the clergy
 Clerk, *f. pron.* Clàrk ; a clergyman ; a
 scholar ; a layman who reads the re-
 sponses in the church ; a writer to a
 merchant
 Clerk'ship, *f.* office of a clerk ; scholarship
 Clěv'ér, *a.* dexterous ; fit ; handsome

Clěv'ér-ly, *ad.* dexterously ; handsomely
 Clěv'ér-něs *f.* dexterity ; knowledge, skill
 Clěw, *v. a.* to raise the sails
 Clěw, *f.* a ball of thread ; guide : direction
 Clěck, *v. n.* to make a sharp successive noise
 Clěck'ět, *f.* the knocker of a door
 Clī'ěnt, *f.* employer of an attorney
 Clī'ěnt-shīp, *f.* the condition of a client
 Clīff, *f.* a steep hill, a craggy rock
 Cli-māc'tér, *f.* every seventh or ninth year
 Cli-māc'tér-ic, *a.* dangerous, fatal ; suc-
 ceeding [air
 Clī'mate, Clī'ma-ture, *f.* track of land ;
 Clī'māx, *f.* a rhetorical figure ; gradation
 Clīmb, *v. n.* to go up any thing or place
 Clīmb'ér, *f.* one who climbs ; a plant
 Clīme, *f.* climate, region ; tract of earth
 Clīnch, *f.* a witty saying, a pun : *v. a.* to
 hold fast ; bend ; confirm [cramp
 Clīnch'ér, *f.* a full answer ; a hold-fast
 Clīng, *v. a.* to twine round, stick to
 Clīng'y, *a.* adhesive, clinging
 Clīnk, *f.* a sharp noise ; a knocking
 Clīnk, *v. n.* to sound like metal
 Clīnk'ér, *f.* a paving brick ; bad cinders
 Clīnq'uānt, *f.* embroidery ; false glitter
 Clīp, *v. a.* to cut short ; confine ; embrace
 Clīp'pér, *f.* a debaser and cutter of money
 Clīp-pīng, *f.* the part cut off
 Clōak, *f.* an outward garment, a cover
 Clōak, *v. a.* to cover, to conceal, to hide
 Clōak'bāg, *f.* a bag to carry clothes in
 Clōck', *f.* an instrument to shew time ; part
 of a stocking ; a beetle, an insect
 Clōck'māk-ér, *f.* he who makes clocks
 Clōck'wōrk, *f.* movements by weights or
 springs

Clöd', *f.* a lump of clay or earth; a clown
 Clöd', *v. n.* to curd, coagulate, clot
 Clöd', *v. a.* to pelt with clods
 Clöd'pate, *f.* a stupid fellow, a dolt
 Clöd'dy, *a.* consisting of earth or clods, earthy
 Clöd'pat-éd, *a.* stupid, thoughtless
 Clöd'pöll, *f.* a thick-skull, a dolt
 Clög', *f.* a hindrance; a wooden shoe
 Clög', *v. a. & n.* to hinder, incumber, load; to stick
 Clög'g, i-něs, *f.* the state of being cloggy
 Clög'g, y, *a.* having the power to clog up
 Clöif'tér, *f.* religious retirement; a piazza
 Clöif'tér, *v. a.* to immure [tary
 Clöif'tér-äl, Clöif'tér-éd, *a.* retired, soli-
 Clöif'trěs, *f.* a nun, a religious woman
 Clömb, *pret.* of to climb
 Clöse, *f.* a small inclosed field
 Clöse, *f.* a conclusion or end; a pause
 Clöse, *a.* shut fast; attentive; cloudy; concise; confined; immediate; narrow; private; secret
 Clöse, *v. a. & n.* to finish; shut; join; fit; to coalesce, agree upon
 Clöse-händ'éd, *a.* covetous [ation
 Clöse'ly, *ad.* nearly; secretly; without devi-
 Clöse'něs, *f.* want of air; nearness; privacy
 Clöf'ér, *f.* a finisher
 Clöse-ftööl, *f.* a chamber implement
 Clöf'ět, *f.* a private room, a repository:
v. a. to take or put into a closet
 Clöf'ure, *f.* an inclosure; end, conclusion
 Clöt', *f.* any thing clotted or curdled
 Clöt, *v. n.* to hang together, to form clots
 Clöth, *f.* any thing worn for covering
 Clöthe, *v. a.* to cover with garments

Clöthes, *f. p.* vestments, dress, coverings
 Clöth'iér, *f.* a maker of cloth
 Clöth'ing, *f.* dress, garments
 Clöth'shēar-ér, *f.* one who trims cloth
 Clöt'pöll, *f.* a blockhead, a stupid person
 Clöt'tér, *v. n.* to clot, curdle, gather into lumps
 Clöt'ty, *a.* full of clots, concreted
 Clöüd, *f.* body of vapours in the air; a stain: *v. a. & n.* to darken with clouds, make dark: to grow cloudy
 Clöüd'cäpt, *a.* topped with clouds
 Clöüd-cöm-pěl-ling, *a.* raising clouds [ously
 Clöüd'i-ly, *ad.* with clouds; not perspicu-
 Clöüd'i-něs, *f.* dulness, heaviness
 Clöüd'lěs, *a.* without clouds, clear
 Clöüd'y, *a.* dark, gloomy, obscure
 Clöve, *pret.* of the verb to cleave
 Clöve, *f.* a grain or root of garlic, a spice
 Clö'ven, *a.* divided cleft, *pas. part.* of to cleave
 Clö'ver, *f.* trefoil, grass
 Clö'ver-éd, *a.* covered with clover
 Clöugh', or Clöff', *f.* an allowance in weight to the buyer
 Clöüt, *f.* a piece of worn or mean cloth
 Clöüt, *v. a.* to mend coarsely, to patch
 Clöüt'éd, *part. a.* congealed, coagulated
 Clöüt'tér-ly, *a.* awkward, clumsy
 Clöwn, *f.* an unmannerly ill-bred man
 Clöwn'e-ry, *f.* ill-breeding, churlishness
 Clöwn'ish, *a.* clumsy, ill-bred, uncivil
 Clöwn'ish-ly, *ad.* clumsily, rudely, coarsely
 Clöwn'ish-něs, *f.* rudeness, rusticity
 Clöy, *v. a.* to satiate, surfeit
 Clöy'lěs, *a.* that cannot cause to satiate
 Clüb, *f.* a heavy-stick; society; share of a reckoning

Clűb, *v. n.* to join in common expence
 Clűb-lăw, *f.* law of arms, regulation by force
 Clűb-rôom, *f.* a room for a club
 Clűck, *v. n.* to call chickens like a hen
 Clűmp, or Lűmp, *f.* a shapeless piece of wood
 Clűm'f'i-ly, *ad.* awkwardly [terity
 Clűm'f'i-něs, *f.* awkwardness, want of dex-
 Clűm'f'y, *a.* awkward, heavy
 Clűng, *pret. and part. pas. of to cling*
 Clűs'tér, *f.* a bunch; a herd or body: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to collect into bodies: to grow in bunches
 Clűs'tér-y, *a.* growing in clusters
 Clűtch, *f.* the grasp, hands; talons: *v. a.* to hold fast, double the hand, gripe [noise
 Clűt'tér, *f.* bustle, noise; *v. n.* to make a
 Clűs'tér, *f.* an injection into the anus
 Cōach, *f.* a double chariot, carriage of pleasure: *v. a.* to carry in a coach
 Cōach-hīre, *f.* money paid for the use of a coach
 Cōach'măn, *f.* the driver of a coach
 Co-ăc't', *v. a.* to act in concert
 Co-ăc'tion, *f.* compulsion, force
 Co-ăc'tīve, *a.* having the power of forcing
 Co-ăd-jű'měnt, *f.* mutual assistance
 Co-ăd-jű'tănt, Co-ăd-jű'tór, *f.* an assistant
 Co-ăd-jű'văn-cy, *f.* help, support [curdle
 Co-ăg'u-late, *v. n.* to run into clots, to
 Co-ăg'u-lă'tion, *f.* the act of coagulating, body formed by curdling [concretion
 Co-ăg'u-la-tīve, *a.* having power to cause
 Cōal, *f.* a mineral used for firing: *v. n.* to burn wood to charcoal
 Cōal-blăck, *a.* black in the highest degree
 Cōal-mīne, Cōal-pīt, *f.* place for digging
 Cōal-flōne, *f.* a kind of canal stone [coals

Cōal-wōrk, Cōal'ér-y, *f.* land where coals are dug
 Co-ăl-ěsce', *v. n.* to grow together; to join
 Co-ăl-ěf'cěnce, *f.* union
 Co-ăl-ĩ'tion, *f.* union into one mass or body
 Cōal'y, *a.* containing coal
 Co-ăp-tă'tion, *f.* adjustment of parts
 Cōarse, *a.* not fine, vile, rude
 Cōarse'ly, *ad.* inelegantly, meanly, rudely
 Cōarse'něs, *f.* meanness, rudeness
 Cōast, *f.* edge next the sea, shore, side: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to sail by or along the coast
 Cōast'ér, *f.* one that trades coastwise
 Cōast'ing, *a.* trading within sight of land
 Cōat, *f.* a man's upper garment; upper covering of all animals; petticoat: *v. a.* to cover, invest, overspread
 Cōax, *v. a.* to flatter, wheedle, humour
 Cōax'ér, *f.* a flatterer, a wheedler
 Cōb', *f.* the head or top; a sea-fowl,
 Cōb'ble, *v. a.* to mend coarsely, to botch
 Cōb'blér, *f.* a mender of shoes; a botcher
 Cōb'nűt, *f.* a boy's game
 Cōb'wěb, *f.* a spider's web, or net
 Cōch'ĩ-něal, *f.* a drug used to dye scarlet
 Cōck', *f.* male of birds; form of a hat; part of a gun; spout to draw beer, &c. small heap of hay: *v. a.* & *n.* to set upright; to set up the hat; to cock a gun: to strut, look big
 Cōck-ăde', *f.* a riband on a hat
 Cōck'a-trice, *f.* a serpent
 Cōck'bōat, *f.* boat belonging to a ship
 Cōck'crōw'ing, *f.* time at which cocks crow
 Cōck'ér, *f.* one who handles or fights cocks; *v. a.* to fondle, indulge, cade
 Cōck'ěr-ěl, *f.* a young cock

Cöck'ët, *f.* a ticket from the custom-house
 Cöck'fight, *f.* a match of cocks
 Cöck'hörse, *a.* on horseback, triumphant
 Cöc'kle, *f.* a small shell-fish; the weed
 cornrose : *v. n.* to run into wrinkles
 Cöck'léd, *a.* shelled or turbinated
 Cöc'kle-itäirs, *f.* winding or spiral stairs
 Cöck'löft, *f.* a room over the garret
 Cöck'märch, *f.* cock-fight for a prize
 Cöck'ney, *f.* a Londoner [of a man of war
 Cöck'püt, *f.* place where cocks fight; part
 Cöck's'cömb, *f.* part of a cock's head; a plant
 Cöck'stüt, *f.* close of the evening
 Cöck'süre, *a.* quite sure or certain
 Cöck'swain, *f.* officer who commands the
 cock-boat
 Cö'cöa, *f.* a kind of nut; properly *cacao*
 Cöc'tile, *a.* made by baking
 Cöc'tion, *f.* the act of boiling
 Cöd', *f.* a sea-fish; bag or husk of seeds
 Cöde, *f.* a book or volume of civil law
 Cöd'i-cil, *f.* addition to a will
 Cö-dille', *f.* a term at ombre
 Cöd'dle, *v. a.* to dress badly; to parboil
 Cöd'ling, *f.* a sort of apple
 Co-ëf'f'i-ca-cy, *f.* power of acting together
 Co-ëf'f'i'cien-cy, *f.* state of acting together
 Cö-ëf'f'i'cient, *a.* what acts with another
 Co-ë'quäl, *a.* equal with
 Co-e-quäl'i-ty, *f.* state of being equal
 Co-érce', *v. a.* to compel, restrain by force
 Co-ér'cible, *a.* what may be restrained
 Co-ér'cion, *f.* check, restraint
 Co-ér'cive, *a.* serving to restrain
 Co-ëf'f'ën'tial, *a.* of the same essence
 Co-ëf'f'ën-ti-äl'i-ty, *f.* partaking of the
 same essence

Co-e-tä'ne-öüs, *a.* of the same age
 Co-e-tér'näl, *a.* equally eternal
 Co-e-tér'näl-ly, *ad.* in a state of equal eter-
 nity with another [other thing
 Co-e-tér'nä-ty, *f.* existence equal with an-
 Co-ë'väl, Co-ë'vöüs, *a.* of the same age
 Co-ë'väl, *f.* a contemporary
 Co-ëx-ist', *v. n.* to exist at the same time
 Co-ëx-ist'ënce, *f.* existence at the same
 time
 Co-ëx-ist'ënt, *a.* existing at the same time
 Co-ëx-tënd', *v. a.* to extend to the same
 space [same space with another
 Co-ëx-tën'sion, *f.* state of extending to the
 Cöf'fee, *f.* a berry and liquor
 Cöf'fee-höûse, *f.* a house where coffee is sold
 Cöf'fee-män, *f.* one who keeps a coffee-house
 Cöf'fër, *f.* a chest; a treasure
 Cöf'fër, *v. a.* to keep up in chests
 Cöf'fër-ér, *f.* a great court of officers
 Cöf'fîn, *f.* a chest for dead bodies
 Cöf'fîn, *v. a.* to put into a coffin
 Cög', *f.* tooth of a wheel
 Cög', *v. n.* to play unfair; to lie; to wheedle
 Cög'g'ën-cy, *f.* force, strength, conviction
 Cög'g'ënt, *a.* convincing, forcible
 Cög'g'ënt-ly, *ad.* with power, forcibly
 Cög'g'ér, *f.* a deceiver, a flatterer
 Cög'i-ta-ble, *a.* that may think
 Cög'i-tate, *v. n.* to think
 Cög-i-tä'tion, *f.* meditation, purpose,
 thought [tation
 Cög'i-tä-tive, *a.* given to thought or medi-
 Cög-nä'tion, *f.* kindred, relation
 Cög-nä'tion, *f.* knowledge [ing
 Cög'nä-tive, *a.* having the power of know-

Cög'nīz-a-ble, *a.* proper to be tried
 Cög'nīz-ānce, *f.* judicial notice, knowledge
 Cög-nōm'īn-āl, *a.* of the same name
 Cög-nōm'īn-ā'tion, *f.* a surname; name of
 Cög-nōl'cēnce, *f.* knowledge [a family
 Cög-nōl'cī-ble, *a.* what may be known
 Cöggs', *f.* teeth of a mill-wheel [and wife
 Co-hāb'īt, *v. n.* to live together as man
 Co-hāb'ī-tānt, *f.* one living in the same
 place
 Co-hāb-ī-tā'tion, *f.* state of living together
 Co-hēir', *f.* joint heir
 Co-hēir'ēs, *f.* joint heiress
 Co-hēre', *v. n.* to stick together; to agree
 Co-hēr'ēnce, *f.* connection, dependency
 Co-hēr'ēnt, *a.* connecting, sticking together
 Co-hē'sion, *f.* state of union, dependence
 Co-hē'sīve, *a.* having the power to stick to
 another
 Co-hē'sīvenēss, *f.* quality of being cohesive
 Co-hīb'īt, *v. a.* to hinder, to restrain
 Co-ho-bā'tion, *f.* repeated distillation
 Cō'hōrt, *f.* a troop of soldiers about 500
 Co-hōr-tā'tion, *f.* incitement
 Cōif, *f.* a woman's head-dress, a serjeant's
 Cōif'ēd, *a.* wearing a coif [cap
 Cōif'fure, *f.* a head-dress
 Cōil, *f.* bustle, tumult: *v. a.* to roll up a
 rope, to wind it in a ring
 Cōin, *f.* a piece of money legally stamped;
v. a. to make money, to forge
 Cōin'age, *f.* practice of coining; forgery
 Co-īn-cīde', *v. a.* to agree with, to fall in
 the same point
 Co-īn'cī-dēnce, *f.* agreement
 Co-īn'cī-dēnt, *a.* falling upon the same
 point; concurrent; equivalent

Cōin'ér, *f.* a maker of money, an inventor
 Co-jōin', *v. n.* to join with another
 Cōif'trēl, *f.* a coward hawk
 Cōit, *f.* a flat iron to play with
 Co-ī'tion, *f.* copulation, act of generation
 Cōke, *f.* cinders made of pit-coal
 Cōl'ān-dér, *f.* a kitchen-sieve
 Co-lā'tion, Cōl'a-ture, *f.* act of straining
 Cōld, *f.* disease, chillness
 Cōld, *a.* not hot; not hasty; chaste; reserved
 Cōld'ly, *ad.* carelessly, indifferently
 Cōld'nēss, *f.* want of heat; coyness; chastity
 Cōle'wōrt, *f.* a sort of cabbage
 Cōl'ic, *f.* a distemper affecting the bowels
 Cōl'lār, *f.* something round the neck
 Cōl'lār, *v. a.* to seize by the collar, or
 throat [place
 Cōl-lāte, *v. a.* to compare; to examine; to
 Cōl-lāt'ér-āl, *a.* side by side
 Cōl-lāt'ér-āl-ly, *ad.* side by side; indirectly
 Cōl-lā'tion, *f.* comparison; gift; repast
 Cōl-lāt'ōr, *f.* one who compares manu-
 scripts; who presents to an ecclesiastical
 benefice
 Cōl-lēague', *f.* a partner: *v. a.* to unite with
 Cōl'lēct, *f.* a short prayer
 Cōl'lēct', *v. a.* to gather together; to infer
 Cōl-lēc ta'ne-ōūs, Cōl-lēc-tī'tious, *a.* ga-
 thered up
 Cōl-lēc'tī-ble, *a.* what may be gathered
 Cōl-lēc'tion, *f.* things gathered; conclusion
 Cōl-lēc'tīve, *a.* apt to gather; aggregated
 Cōl-lēc'tīve-ly, *ad.* in a body, not singly
 Cōl-lēc'tōr, *f.* a gatherer, a tax-gatherer
 Cōl-lēge, *a.* house of learning; a commu-
 nity
 Cōl-lē'g, ī-āl, *a.* belonging to a college

- Cōl-lē'g, i-ān, Cōl-lē'g, i-ate, *f.* member of a college [a college
Cōl-lē'g, i-ate, *a.* like a college, containing
Cōl'lēt, *f.* that part of a ring where the stone is set
Cōll'īér, *f.* a digger of coals; a ship
Cōll'īér-y, *f.* a place where coals are dug
Cōl'lī-flōwér. See *Cauliflower*. [ther
Cōl-lī-gā'tion, *f.* the act of binding together
Cōl'lī-quāte, *v. a.* to dissolve, to melt
Cōl-līq'ua-tīve, *a.* melting, dissolvent
Cōl-līq-ue-fāc'tion, *f.* the act of melting together
Cōl-lī'fion, *f.* a striking together [gether
Cōl'lo-cate, *v. a.* to place, to station [ther
Cōl-lo-cā'tion, *f.* the act of placing together
Cōl-lo-cū'tion, *f.* conference, conversation
Cōl-lōgue, *v. n.* to wheedle, to flatter
Cōl'lóp, *f.* a slice of meat, a child
Cōl'lo-quy, *f.* conference, conversation
Cōl'lōw, *f.* black grime of coals [opposition
Cōl-lūc'tān-cy, Cōl-lūc-tā'tion, *f.* contest,
Cōl-lūde', *v. n.* to conspire in fraud
Cōl-lū'fion, *f.* deceitful agreement
Cōl-lū'sive, *a.* deceitful, fraudulent
Cōl-lū'sīve-ly, *ad.* in a fraudulent manner
Cōl-lū'so-ry, *a.* done by collusion
Cōl'ly, *f.* the smut of coal
Cōl'ly, *v. a.* to black, or grime with coal
Cō'lón, *f.* the great gut; the point (:)
Cōl'o-nēl, *f.* the commander of a regiment, a field officer [colonel
Cōl'o-nēl-shīp, *f.* officer or character of a
Cōl'o-nīse, *v. a.* to plant with inhabitants
Cōl-ón-nāde', *f.* a row of pillars [country
Cōl'o-ny, *f.* a plantation from the mother
Co-lo-rīf'ic, *a.* what produces colours or tints
Co-lōsse', Co-lōs'sūs, *f.* a large statue
Co-ōf-sean, *a.* gigantic
- Cōl'ōūr, *f.* appearance of bodies to the eye only, as, green, red, &c. concealment; ex-
Cōl'ōūr, *v. a.* to blush; dye; excuse [cuse
Cōl'ōūrš, *f.* a banner, flag
Cōl'ōūr-a-ble, *a.* plausible; specious
Cōl'ōūr-a-bly, *ad.* speciously, plausibly
Cōl'ōūr-ing, *f.* (*in paint.*) the art of laying on colours with beauty and propriety
Cōl'ōūr-īst, *f.* one who excels in colouring
Cōl'ōūr-lēss, *a.* without colour; clear
Cōlt, *f.* a young horse or ass; a man without experience
Cōlt, *v. a. & n.* to be fool; to be frolicksome
Cōlt'ér, *f.* the sharp iron of a plough
Cōlt'īsh, *a.* wanton; playful like a colt
Cōlts-tōoth, *f.* imperfect tooth in colts; love of youthful pleasure
Co-lūm'ba-ry, *f.* a dove-house
Cōl'ūmn, *f.* a round pillar; part of an army; half of a page, when divided by a line passing through the middle
Co-māte, *f.* a companion
Cōmb, *f.* an instrument to adjust the hair; crest of a cock
Cōmb, *v. a.* to clean; divide; dress
Cōm'bāt, *f.* a battle, duel, contest [duel
Cōm'bāt, *v. a. & n.* to oppose: to fight a
Cōm'bāt-ānt, *f.* one who fights; a champion
Cōmb'ér, *f.* he who combs wool
Cōm'bī-nate, *a.* betrothed, promised
Cōm-bī-nā'tion, *f.* association, conspiracy
Cōm-bīne', *v. a. & n.* to join together; to agree, coalesce [or crest
Cōmb'lēss, *a.* wanting or without a comb
Cōm-būst'ī-ble, *a.* susceptible of fire
Cōm-būst'ī-ble-nēss, *f.* aptness to take fire
Cōm-būst'īón, *f.* burning; confusion
Cōme, *v. n.* to draw near; to happen; proceed

Co-mē'dī-ān, *f.* an actor or writer of come-
 Côm'edy, *f.* a dramatic piece [dies
 Côme/lī-něs, *f.* beauty; decency, grace
 Côme'ly, *a.* decent, graceful
 Côme'ly, *ad.* gracefully; handsomely
 Côm'ér, *f.* one who comes
 Côm'ět, *f.* a blazing star [comet
 Côm'e-ta-ry, Côm'ět'ic, *a.* relating to a
 Côm'fīt, *f.* a sort of sweet-meat
 Côm'fīt, *v. a.* to preserve dry with sugar
 Côm'fīt-ure, *f.* sweat-meats
 Côm'fōrt, *f.* ease, pleasure, support: *v. a.*
 to cheer up, make glad, to ease
 Côm'fōrt-a-ble, *a.* giving satisfaction
 Côm'fōrt-a-bly, *ad.* with comfort
 Côm'fōrt-ér, *f.* one who supports or eases
 Côm'fōrt-lěs, *a.* without comfort
 Côm'ic, *a.* relating to comedy; raising mirth
 Côm'ī-cāl, *a.* diverting, droll, merry
 Côm'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a manner raising mirth
 Côm'ic-āl-něs, *f.* quality of being comical
 Côm'ing, *f.* act of drawing near, arrival:
part. a. fond, forward, future
 Côm'ing-īn', *f.* income, revenue
 Côm'ī-ty, *f.* courtesy, civility
 Côm'ma, *f.* the point (,)
 Côm-mānd', *f.* right of commanding [look
 Côm-mānd', *v. a.* to govern, order, over-
 Côm-mānd'ér, *f.* chief leader; a paving
 Côm-mānd'měnt, *f.* a command [bettle
 Côm-mānd'rěs, *f.* a woman of chief power
 Côm-ma-tě'rī-āl, *a.* consisting of the same
 matter
 Côm-ma-tě'rī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* resemblance to
 something in its matter
 Côm-měm'o-ra-ble, *a.* worthy of mention-
 ing with honour
 Côm-měm'o-rate, *a.* deserving of notice

Côm-měm'o-rate, *v. a.* to preserve the
 memory
 Côm-měm-o-rā'tion, *f.* public celebration
 Côm-měm'o-ra-tīve, *a.* preserving a remem-
 brance [beginning
 Côm-měnce', *v. a. & n.* to begin: to take
 Côm-měnce'měnt, *f.* beginning
 Côm-měnd', or Côm-měnd', *v. a.* to praise:
f. commendation
 Côm-měnd'a-ble, *a.* deserving praise
 Côm-měnd'a-bly, *ad.* in a praise-worthy
 manner
 Côm-měn'dām, *f.* a double benefice
 Côm-měnd'a-to-ry, *f.* who holds a living in
commendam
 Côm-měnd-ā'tion, *f.* message of love, praise
 Côm-měnd'a-to-ry, *a.* containing praise
 Côm-měnd'ér, *f.* a praiser
 Côm-měn'su-ra-ble, *a.* having some com-
 mon measure
 Côm-měn-su-ra-bīl'ī-ty, } *f.* capacity of
 Côm-měn'su-ra-ble-něs, } being compared
 as to measure
 Côm-měn'su-rate, *a.* reducible to measure;
 equal, proportionable [sure
 Côm-měn-su-rā'tion, *f.* reduction to a mea-
 Côm'měnt, *f.* explanation, notes
 Côm-měnt', *v. n.* to write notes; to explain
 Côm'měn-ta-ry, *f.* explanation of an author
 Côm'měn-tā'tōr, *f.* one who explains
 Côm-měnt'ér, *f.* an explainer, annotator
 Côm-měn-tī'tious, *a.* invented, imaginary
 Côm'měnce, *f.* barter, trade, traffic
 Côm'měnce', *v. n.* to hold intercourse
 Côm-měrc'ial, *a.* relating to trade
 Côm-měre, *f.* a common mother
 Côm'mī-grate, *v. a.* to remove in a body
 Côm-mī-grā'tion, *f.* act of removing in a body

Côm-mĩ-nā'tion, *f.* threatening of punish-
 Côm-mĩn'a-to-ry, *a.* threatening [ment
 Côm-mĩn'gle, *v. a.* to blend together
 Côm-mĩ-nũte', *v. a.* to reduce to powder
 Côm-mĩ-nũ'tion, *f.* act of reducing to small
 Côm-mĩs'ér-a ble, *a.* deserving pity [parts
 Côm-mĩs'ér-ate, *v. a.* to pity, take pity of
 Côm-mĩs'ér-ā'tion, *f.* pity, compassion
 Côm'mĩs-sa-ry, *f.* a delegate or deputy
 Côm'mĩs-sa-rĩ-shĩp, *f.* office of a commis-
 fary [of office
 Côm-mĩs'sion, or * Côm-mĩs'sion, *f.* warrant
 * Côm-mĩs'sion, *v. a.* to empower, order, [act
 appoint
 * Côm-mĩs'sion-ér, *f.* one empowered to
 * Côm-mĩt', *v. a.* to intrust; to do a fault;
 to imprison
 * Côm-mĩt'měnt, *f.* order for committing;
 imprisonment
 * Côm-mĩt'tee, *f.* a select number chosen
 to consider, examine, or manage any
 matter
 * Côm-mĩt'tér, *f.* one who commits
 * Côm-mĩt'tĩ-ble, *a.* liable to be committed
 Côm-mĩx', *v. a.* to mingle together
 Côm-mĩx'ĩon, } *f.* compound, mixture
 Côm-mĩx'ture, }
 Côm-mōde', *f.* a woman's head-dress
 Côm-mō'dĩ-ous, *a.* convenient, suitable
 Côm-mō'dĩ-ous-ly, *ad.* conveniently
 Côm-mō'dĩ-ous-něs, *f.* convenience
 Côm-mōd'ĩ-ty, *f.* profit, wares [dron
 Côm'mo-dōre, *f.* a commander of a squa-
 Côm'mōn, *f.* an open uncultivated country
 Côm'mōn, *a.* usual, vulgar, equal, public
 Côm'mōn, *ad.* frequently, ordinarily
 Côm'mōn-a-ble, *a.* holden in common

Côm'mōn-age, *f.* right of feeding on a
 common
 Côm-mōn-āl-ty, *f.* the body of the people
 Côm'mōn-ér, *f.* one of the common people;
 a member of the house of commons
 Côm'mōn-ly, *ad.* frequently, usually
 Côm-mōn-něs, *f.* frequency, occurrence
 Côm'mōn-plāce', *v. a.* to reduce to general
 heads [heads
 Côm'mōn-plāce'bòok, *f.* a book for general
 Côm'mōns, *f.* parliament-men, common-
 alty
 Côm'mōn-wěalth, *f.* a government in which
 the people bear rule; the public
 Côm-mō'tion, *f.* disturbance, tumult
 Côm-mō'tion-ér, *f.* a disturber of the peace
 Côm-mōve', *v. a.* to disturb; unsettle
 Côm-mũne', Côm'mune, *v. n.* to converse;
 to examine
 Côm-mũ-nĩ-ca-bĩl'ĩ-ty, } *f.* quality of be-
 Côm-mũ-nĩ-ca-tĩve-něs, } ing communi-
 cated [cated
 Côm-mũ'nĩ-ca-ble, *a.* may be communi-
 Côm-mũ'nĩ-cānt, *f.* one who receives the
 Lord's supper
 Côm-mũ'nĩ-cate, *v. a. & n.* to impart, to
 reveal; to receive the Lord's supper
 Côm'mũ-nĩ-cā'tion, *f.* act of importing or
 exchanging; boundary; conversation
 Côm-mũ'nĩ-ca'tĩve, *a.* ready to impart, free
 Côm-mũ'nĩ-ón, *f.* taking of the Lord's
 supper; union of faith; fellowship
 Côm-mũ'nĩ-ty, *f.* common possession; so-
 ciety
 Côm-mu-ta-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* quality of being
 capable of exchange
 Côm-mũ'tā-ble, *a.* that may be changed

Cóm-mū-tā'tion, *f.* change of one thing for another

Cóm-mū'ta-tīve, *a.* relative to exchange

Cóm-mūte', *v. a. & n.* to buy off; exchange: to atone

Cóm-mū'tu-āl, *a.* mutual; reciprocal

Cóm/pāct, *f.* agreement, bargain

Cóm-pāct', *a.* brief; close; firm, solid

Cóm-pāct', *v. a.* to join together, to league with

Cóm-pāct'ēd-nēss, } *f.* firmness, closeness

Cóm-pāct'nēss,

Cóm-pāct'ly, *ad.* closely; briefly

Cóm-pāct'ure, *f.* building, structure

Cóm-pān'ion, *f.* comrade

Cóm-pān'ion-shīp, *f.* fellowship; train

Cóm/pa-ny, *f.* joint partners; several persons; fellowship

Cóm/pa-ny, *v. a.* to associate with

Cóm/pa-ra-ble, Cóm-pār'a-ble, *a.* of equal regard or value

Cóm-pār'a-tīve, *a.* capable of comparison

Cóm-pār'a-tīve-ly, *ad.* by way of comparison

Cómpāre', *f.* comparison, similitude: *v. a.* to examine one thing by another, to liken

Cóm-pār'ī-fōn, *f.* estimate, likeness, simile

Cóm-pārt', *v. a.* to divide

Cóm-pārt'mēnt, *f.* division of a picture, &c.

Cóm-pār-tī'tion, *f.* act of dividing; a separate part

Cóm/pāss, *f.* circle; grasp; moderation; space: *v. a.* to grasp; obtain; surround

Cóm/pāss-ſeſ, *f.* an instrument to make circles

Cóm-pāſſion, *f.* mercy, pity: *v. a.* to pity

Cóm-pāſſion-ate, *a.* merciful, tender

Cóm-pāſſion-ate, *v. a.* to commiserate

Cóm-pāſſion-ate-ly, *ad.* mercifully [ness]

Cóm-pāt'ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* consistency, suitability

Cóm-pāt'ī-ble, *a.* consistent with, agreeable to

Cóm-pāt'ī-ble-nēss, *f.* consistency

Cóm-pāt'ī-bly, *ad.* fitly, suitably

Cóm-pā'trī-ót, *f.* one of the same country

Cóm-pēer', *f.* an equal companion: *v. n.* to be equal with; to mate

Cóm-pēl', *v. a.* to force, oblige, constrain

Cóm-pēl'la-ble, *a.* that may be forced

Cóm-pēn-dī-ōſ'ī-ty, *f.* shortness

Cóm-pēn'dī-ōſ, *a.* brief, concise, short

Cóm-pēn'dī-ōſ-ly, *ad.* shortly, summarily

Cóm-pēn'dī-ōſ-nēss, *f.* shortness, brevity

Cóm-pēn'dī-um, Cóm-pēnd', *f.* an abridgement, summary

Cóm-pēn'ſa-ble, *a.* may be recompensed

Cóm-pēn'ſate, *v. a.* to make amends, countervail

Cóm-pēn-ſā'tion, *f.* recompence, amends

Cóm-pēn'ſa-tīve, *a.* that compensates

Cóm-pēnſe', *v. a.* to recompense, requite

Cóm'pe-tēnce, Cóm'pe-tēn-cy, *f.* sufficiency

Cóm'pe-tēnt, *a.* convenient, fit; qualified

Cóm'pe-tēnt-ly, *ad.* properly, reasonably

Cóm-pe-tī'tion, *f.* contest, double claim

Cóm-pēt'ī'tōr, *f.* an opponent, a rival

Cóm-pī-lā'tion, *f.* collection of matter

Cóm-pīle', *v. a.* to collect and write from authors

Cóm-pīle'mēnt, *f.* act of heaping up

Cóm-pīll'ér, *f.* a writer of books collected from others

* Cóm-plā'cēn-cy, *f.* civility; joy; pleasure

- Côm-plā'cēt, *a.* affable, civil, soft
- Côm-plā'n', *v. a. & n.* to bewail, lament:
to mention with sorrow
- Côm-plāin'ānt, *f.* one who urges a suit, a
plaintiff
- Côm-plāin'ér, *f.* he who complains
- Côm-plāint', *f.* accusation; disease; lamen-
tation
- Côm-plai-fānce, *f.* civility, act of adulation
- Côm-plai-fānt', *a.* civil, courteous
- Côm-plai-fānt'ly, *ad.* in a civil manner
- Côm-plai-fānt'nēss, *f.* civility, ceremony
- Côm'ple-mēnt, *f.* full number, perfection
- Côm-plēte', Côm-plēat', *a.* finished, full,
perfect: *v. a.* to finish, to perfect
- Côm-plēte'ly, *ad.* fully, perfectly
- Côm-plēte'mēnt, *f.* act of completing
- Côm-plēte'nēss, *f.* perfectness [state
- Côm-plē'tion, *f.* act of fulfilling, perfect
- Côm'plēx, *f.* collection, compound; the
- Côm'plēx, *a.* of many parts [whole
- Côm-plēx'ēd-nēss, *f.* a compound of seve-
ral parts
- Côm-plēx'ion, *f.* colour of the face or bo-
dy; complicatedness; constitution or
temperature of body or mind
- Côm-plēx'ion-āl, *a.* belonging to complexion
- Côm-plēx'ion-āl-ly, *ad.* by complexion
- Côm-plēx'ly, *ad.* intricately
- Côm-plēx'nēss, *f.* state of being complex
- Côm-plēx'ure, *f.* involution of one thing
with another
- Côm-plī'ānce, *f.* act of yielding; submission
- Côm-plī'ānt, *a.* bending, civil, yielding

- Côm/plī-cate, *v. a.* to fold together, to en-
tangle: *a.* compounded of many parts
- Côm-plī-cate-nēss, *f.* perplexedness
- Côm-plī-cā'tion, *f.* mixture of many things
- Côm'plīce, *f.* partner in an ill action
- Côm-plī'ér, *f.* one of an easy temper
- Côm/plī-mēnt, *f.* act of civility, obliging
- Côm/plī-mēnt, *v. a.* to flatter [words
- Côm-plī-mēn'tāl, *a.* expressive of respect
- Côm-plī-mēn'tāl-ly, *ad.* civilly, obligingly
- Côm-plī-mēnt'ér, *f.* a flatterer
- * Côm-plōt', *f.* a conspiracy, confederacy:
v. a. to conspire, to plot
- * Côm-plōt'tér, *f.* one joined in a plot
- Côm-plī'y, *v. n.* to yield unto
- Côm-pō'nēnt, *a.* constituent, forming
- Côm-pōrt', *f.* behaviour, conduct: *v. a. & n.*
to bear, endure; to agree, suit
- Côm-pōrt'a-ble, *a.* consistent
- Côm-pōrt'ānce, * Côm-pōrt'mēnt, *f.* be-
haviour
- Côm-pōse', *v. a.* to put together, quiet, settle
- Côm-pōs'ed, *part. a.* calm, sedate
- Côm-pōs'ed-ly, *ad.* calmly, seriously
- Côm-pōs'ed-nēss, *f.* ease of mind
- Côm-pōs'ér, *f.* an author, a writer
- Côm-pōs'ite, *f.* the last of the 5 orders of
columns
- Côm-po-si'tion, *f.* agreement to accept less
than a debt; invention; mixture
- Côm-po-si'tive, *a.* compounded
- Côm-po-si'tór, *f.* one who arranges print-
ing letters

O

* It is difficult to determine whether the words marked *, and some few others, should be pronounced Côm, or Cóm, &c.—I have heard the best speakers pronounce them Cóm, particularly in common colloquy.

Côm'pôst, Côm-pôst'ure, *f.* disposition, frame, order
 Côm-po-tâ'tion, *f.* a drinking match
 Côm'pôund, *f.* the mass formed by the union of ingredients: *a.* formed of many ingredients
 Côm-pôund', *v. a.* to mix, come to terms
 Côm-pôund'a-ble, *a.* may be compounded
 Côm-pôund'ér, *f.* a reconciler; a mingler
 Côm'pre-hënd', *v. a.* to conceive; include
 Côm-pre-hën-sî-bîl'i-ty, *f.* quality of being intelligible [ligible
 Côm-pre-hën-sî-ble, *a.* conceivable, intel-
 Côm-pre-hën'sî-bly, *ad.* with great power of signification
 Côm-pre-hën'sion, *f.* capacity, knowledge
 Côm-pre-hën'sîve, *a.* capacious
 Côm-pre-hën'sîve-ly, *ad.* in a comprehensive manner
 Côm-pre-hën'sîve-nëss, *f.* quality of containing much in a few words, or narrow compass
 Côm-prëss', *v. a.* to squeeze together
 Côm-prëss'sî-ble, *a.* yielding to pressure; capable of being made compact
 Côm-prëss'sion, *f.* act of bringing things near
 Côm-prëss'sure, *f.* the pressing against another [prehend
 Côm-prîse', *v. a.* to contain, include, com-
 Côm-pro-bâ'tion, *f.* attestation; proof
 Côm-pro-mîse, *f.* reference to another, bargain [pound
 Côm-pro-mîse, *v. a.* to make up, com-
 Côm-prëss-sî-bîl'i-ty, } *f.* capability of be-
 Côm-prëss'sî-ble-nëss, } ing pressed close
 Compt, *f. pron.* Count, account: *v. a.* to compute, to number

Compt'i-ble, *a.* accountable [look
 Comp-trôl', *pron.* Côn-trôl', *v. a.* to over-
 Comp-trôl'lér, *f.* director, supervisor
 Comp-trôl'lér-shîp, *f.* the office of comp-
 Côm-pûl'sa-tîve-ly, *ad.* by constraint [troller
 Côm-pûl'sa-to-ry, *a.* compelling, coercive
 Côm-pûl'sion, *f.* act of compelling; violence suffered
 Côm-pûl'sîve, *a.* forcible
 Côm-pûl'sîve-ly, *ad.* by violence, by force
 Côm-pûl'sîve-nëss, *f.* compulsion, restraint
 Côm-pûl'sa-to-rî-ly, *ad.* by violence
 Côm-pûl'so-ry, *a.* forcing [repentance
 Côm-pûnc'tion, *f.* pricking; stimulation;
 Côm-pûnc'tious, *a.* repentant; tender
 Côm-pûnc'tive, *a.* causing remorse
 Côm-pûr-gâ'tion, *f.* a vouching for another
 Côm-pûr-gâ'tôr, *f.* who vouches for another
 Côm-pû'ta-ble, *a.* may be numbered [tion
 Côm-pû-tâ'tion, *f.* sum computed, calcula-
 Côm-pûte', *v. a.* to calculate, to think: *f.* computation, calculation
 Côm-pût'ér, *f.* a reckoner, accountant
 Côm'pu-tîst, *f.* one skilled in computation
 Côm'rade, *f.* companion, partner
 Côn, *abbrev.* for *contra*; against, inseparable, *prep.* signifying union, or association; as, *concentre*, to come to one point
 Côn, *v. a.* to know, study, fix in mind
 Côn-cât'e-nâ'te, *v. a.* to link together
 Côn-cât'e-nâ'tion, *f.* an uninterrupted invariable succession
 Côn-ca-vâ'tion, *f.* act of making concave
 Côn'cave, Côn-câ'vous, *a.* hollow, as the inner curve of an arch
 Côn-câve'nëss, *f.* hollowness
 Côn-câv'i-ty, *f.* hollowness of a round body
 Côn-câ'vo-côn'vëx, *a.* hollow on both sides

ōn-cā'vōŭf-ly, *ad.* with hollowneſs'
 Cón-cēal', *v. a.* to keep ſecret, cover
 Cón-cēal'a-ble, *a.* may be concealed
 Cón-cēal'ēd-nēſs, *f.* privacy, obſcurity
 Cón-cēal'ér, *f.* one who conceals or hides
 Cón-cēal'mēnt, *f.* the act of hiding; ſecrecy
 Cón-cēde', *v. a.* to admit, grant, paſs
 Cón-cēit', *f.* fancy, idea; fondneſs
 Cón-cēit', *v. a.* to believe, imagine
 Cón-cēit'ēd, *ad.* affected; proud; fantaſtical
 Cón-cēit'ēd-ly, *ad.* fancifully, whimſically
 Cón-cēit'ēd-nēſs, *f.* fantaſticalneſs, pride
 Cón-cēit'lēſs, *a.* ſtupid, without thought
 Cón-cēiv'a-ble, *a.* may be underſtood
 Cón-cēiv'a-ble-nēſs, *f.* quality of being con-
 ceivable [ner
 Cón-cēiv'a-bly, *ad.* in a conceivable man-
 Cón-cēive', *v. a. & n.* to underſtand; to be-
 come with child; think; be of opinion
 Cón-cēiv'ér, *f.* one who underſtands
 Cón-cēnt', *f.* concert of voices; conſiſtency
 Cón-cēn'trate, *v. a.* to bring into a narrow
 compaſs
 Cón-cēn-trā'tion, *f.* collection into a nar-
 rower ſpace round the centre
 Cón-cēn'tre, *v. n.* to come to one point
 Cón-cēn'tric, *a.* having the ſame centre
 Cón-cēp'tī-ble, *a.* may be conceived, intel-
 ligible
 Cón-cēp'tion, *f.* Cón-cēp'tions, *a.* apt to
 conceive; pregnant in the womb or mind;
 a notion
 Cón-cēp'tīve, *a.* capable of conceiving
 Cón-cērn', *f.* affair, care, importance, trou-
 ble: *v. a.* to belong to, affect, intereſt
 Cón-cērn'ing, *prep.* relating to
 Cón-cērn'mēnt, *f.* concern, affair, buſineſs
 Cón-cért, *f.* piece of muſic in ſeveral parts

Cón-cért', *v. a.* to ſettle privately, contrive
 Cón-cēſ'ſion, *f.* thing yielded; permiſſion
 Cón-cēſ'ſion-a-ry, *a.* given by indulgence
 Cón-cēſ'ſive-ly, *ad.* by way of conceſſion
 Cōnch', *f.* a ſhell; a ſea-ſhell [concile
 Cón-cīl'ī-ate, *v. a.* to gain; procure; re-
 Cón-cīl-ī-ā'tion, *f.* the act of reconciling
 Cón-cīl-ī-ā'tōr, *f.* a reconciler
 Cón-cīl'ī-a-to-ry, *a.* reconciling
 Cón-cīn'nī-ty, *f.* decency, fitneſs
 Cón-cīn'noūs, *a.* becoming, pleaſant
 Cón-cīſe', *a.* brief, ſhort
 Cón-cīſe'ly, *ad.* briefly, in a few words
 Cón-cīſe'nēſs, *f.* ſhortneſs
 Cón-cīſ'ſion, *f.* cutting off, exciſion
 Cōn-cla-mā'tion, *f.* an outcry of many
 Cōn'clave, *f.* an aſſembly of cardinals, &c.
 Cón-clūde', *v. a. & n.* to cloſe, finiſh: to de-
 termine finally [quence
 Cón-clū'dēn-cy, *f.* regular proof, conſe-
 Cón-clū'dēnt, *part. a.* deciſive
 Cón-clū'ſī-ble, *a.* determinable, convincing
 Cón-clū'ſion, *f.* conſequence, end
 Cón-clūſīve, *a.* convincing, regularly, con-
 ſequential
 Cón-clūſīve-ly, *ad.* deciſively
 Cón-clūſīve-nēſs, *f.* power of determining
 Cōn-co-āg'u-late, *v. a.* to congeal together
 Cōn-cī-tā'tion, *f.* act of ſtirring up
 Cōn-co-āg-u-lā'tion, *f.* union of bodies by
 coagulation
 Cón-coct', *v. a.* to diſteſt in the ſtomach
 Cón-coc'tion, *f.* diſteſtion, maturation by
 Cón-cōm'ī-tānce, *f.* ſubſiſting together [heat
 Cón-cōm'ī-tānt, *f.* a companion: *a.* joined
 with, accompanying
 Cón-cōm'ī-tate, *v. a.* to be joined with any
 thing

Cõn/cõrd, *f.* agreement, union
 Cõn-cõrd', *v. n.* to agree with
 Cõn-cõrd'ance, *f.* index to the scriptures
 Cõn-cõrd'ant, *a.* agreeable, agreeing
 Cõn-cõrd'ate, *f.* a compact, convention
 Cõn/cõurse, *f.* persons assembled
 Cõn-crẽs'cence, *f.* act of joining different particles
 Cõn-crẽte, *a.* composed of different matters
 Cõn-crẽte', *v. n.* to unite into one mass
 Cõn-crẽ'tion, *f.* union of parts, coalition
 Cõn-crẽ'tive, *a.* coagulative [lation
 Cõn'cre-ture, *f.* a mass formed by coagu-
 Cõn-cu'bĩn-age, *f.* the keeping of a woman
 Cõn'cu-bĩne, *f.* a harlot, whore
 Cõn-cũ'pĩs-cẽnce, *f.* irregular desire, lust
 Cõn-cũ'pĩs-cẽnt, *a.* lustful
 Cõn-cũ'pĩs-cĩ-ble, *a.* impressing desire
 Cõn-cũr', *v. n.* to agree in one opinion, to meet
 Cõn-cũr'rẽnce, *f.* help, union, conjunction
 Cõn-cũr'rẽnt, *f.* that which concurs: *a.* acting in conjunction, conjoined
 Cõn-cũs'sion, *f.* shock of an earthquake
 Cõn-cũs'sive, *a.* having power to shake
 Cõn-dẽmn', *v. a.* to pass sentence upon; to blame
 Cõn-dẽm'na-ble, *a.* blameable, culpable
 Cõn-dẽm-nã'tion, *f.* sentence of punishment
 Cõn-dẽm'na-to-ry, *a.* passing condemnation
 Cõn-dẽm'nér, *f.* one who condemns
 Cõn-dẽn'sa-ble, *a.* may be condensed
 Cõn-dẽn'sate, *v. a. & n.* to make thicker: to grow or become thicker: *a.* made thick or dark
 Cõn-dẽn-sã'tion, *f.* thickening a body
 Cõn-dẽnse', *a.* close, thick
 Cõn-dẽnse', *v. n.* to grow close and weighty

Cõn-dẽn'sĩ-ty, *f.* state of being condensed
 Cõn-de-scẽnd', *v. n.* to depart from; to yield
 Cõn-de-scẽnd'ẽnce, *f.* voluntary submission
 Cõn-de-scẽnd'ĩng-ly, *ad.* obligingly
 Cõn-de-scẽn'sion, *f.* compliance, submission
 Cõn-de-scẽn'sive, *a.* courteous, obliging
 Cõn-dĩgn', *a.* according to merit, deserved
 Cõn-dĩgn'nẽss, *f.* agreeableness to deserts
 Cõn-dĩgn'ly, *ad.* according to merit, deservedly
 Cõn'dĩ-mẽnt, *f.* seasoning, sauce, pickle
 Cõn'dĩte, *v. a.* to pickle, to preserve
 Cõn-dĩ'tion, *f.* terms of agreement; disposition; property; rank; temper: *v. a.* to make terms of agreement, to stipulate
 Cõn-dĩ'tion-ãl, *a.* with limitations upon condition
 Cõn-dĩ'tion-ãl-ly, *ad.* on particular terms
 Cõn-dĩ'tion-a-ry, *a.* agreed upon
 Cõn-dĩ'tion-ẽd, *a.* having qualities good or bad [with
 Cõn-dõle', *v. a. & n.* to bewail; to lament
 Cõn-dõle'mẽnt, *f.* grief, mourning
 Cõn-dõ'llẽnce, *f.* grief for another's loss
 Cõn-dõl'ér, *f.* who compliments another on his misfortunes
 Cõn-dũce', *v. a. & n.* to help; to conduct
 Cõn-dũc'ĩ-ble, *a.* having the power of conducting
 Cõn-dũc'ĩ-ble-nẽss, *f.* quality of contributing to any end
 Cõn-dũc'ĩve, *a.* promoting
 Cõn-dũc'ĩve-nẽss, *f.* quality of conducting
 Cõn'dũct, *f.* behaviour, management
 Cõn-dũct', *v. a.* to guide, lead, manage
 Cõn-dũct'ór, *f.* a director, general, leader
 Cõn-dũc'trẽss, *f.* a woman who directs
 Cõn'dũit, *f.* a water-pipe; a pipe or cock

Cōne, *f.* a solid body in form of a sugar-loaf
Cōn-făb'u-late, *v. n.* to talk together
Cōn-făb-u-lă'tion, *f.* easy conversation
Cōn-făb'u-la-to-ry, *a.* belonging to talk
Cōn'fěct, *f.* a sweet-meat
Cōn'fěct', *v. a.* to make up into sweet-meats
Cōn-fěc'tion, *f.* mixture, sweet-meat
Cōn-fěc'tion-a-ry, *f.* a place to make sweat-meats
Cōn-fěc'tion-ér, *f.* one who sells sweat-meats
Cōn-fěd'ér-a-cy, *f.* engagement, league, union
Cōn-fěd'ér-ate, *a.* united in league: *v. a.* & *n.* to ally, combine: *f.* accomplice, ally, companion
Cōn-fěd-ér-ă'tion, *f.* alliance, league
Cōn-fěr, *v. a.* & *n.* to bestow; to compare
Cōn'fěr-ěnce, *f.* a discourse; a comparison
Cōn-fěr-ér, *f.* who converses or bestows
Cōn-fěs', *v. a.* & *n.* to acknowledge, grant, show, own; to make confession
Cōn-fěs'fěd-ly, *ad.* on purpose, avowedly
Cōn-fěs'fion, *f.* acknowledgment, profession
Cōn-fěs'fion-ăl, *f.* a confessor's seat
Cōn-fěs'fion-a-ry, *f.* seat of taking confessions
Cōn-fěs'fôr, *f.* one who hears confessions
Cōn-fěst', *a.* known, open, not disputed
Cōn-fěst'ly, *ad.* evidently, plainly
Cōn'fĩ-dănt, *f.* he who is trusted with private affairs
Cōn-fĩ-de', *v. n.* to trust, or put trust in
Cōn'fĩ-děnce, *f.* assurance, firmness, trust
Cōn'fĩ-děnt, *f.* one trusted with secrets: *a.* impudent, positive
Cōn'fĩ-děnt-ly, *ad.* without doubt, dogmatically

Cõn'fĩ-dẽnt-nẽss, *f.* assurance
 Cõn-fĩg-ũr-ã'tion, *f.* act of forming
 Cõn-fĩg'ure, *v. a.* to dispose into form
 Cõn'fĩne, *f.* a limit, border or boundary
 Cõn-fĩne', *v. a. & n.* to bound, imprison:
 to border upon
 Cõn-fĩne-lẽss, *a.* unlimited, boundless
 Cõn-fĩne'mẽnt, *f.* imprisonment, restraint
 Cõn-fĩn'ér, *f.* a borderer; a near neigh-
 bour
 Cõn-fĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* nearness, neighbourhood
 Cõn-fĩrm', *v. a.* to administer the church
 rite of confirmation; make certain; fix
 Cõn-fĩrm'a-ble, *a.* capable of being proved
 Cõn-fĩrm-ã-tion, *f.* act of establishing; a
 rite in the church, by which baptized
 persons are confirmed in the faith;
 proof
 Cõn-fĩrm-ã'tór, *f.* an attester, establisher
 Cõn-fĩrm'a-to-ry, *a.* giving additional tes-
 timony
 Cõn-fĩrm'ẽd-nẽss, *f.* a settled state
 Cõn-fĩrm'ér, *f.* who confirms or establishes
 Cõn-fĩf'ca-ble, *a.* liable to forfeiture
 Cõn-fĩf'cate, *v. a.* to seize on private pro-
 perty
 Cõn-fĩf-cã'tion, *f.* the seizing of private
 property
 Cõn'fĩ-tẽnt, *f.* one confessing
 Cõn'fĩ-ture, *f.* a sweet-meat, confection
 Cõn-fĩx', *v. a.* to fix down
 Cõn-flã'grãnt, *a.* burning together
 Cõn-flã-grã'tion, *f.* a general fire
 Cõn-flã'tion, *f.* a casting or melting of me-
 tals
 Cõn-flẽx'ure, *f.* a bending
 Cõn-flĩct, *f.* combat, contest, struggle
 Cõn-flĩct', *v. n.* to contest, fight, struggle

Cõn'flu-ẽnce, *f.* the act of flowing together ;
a multitude

Cõn'flu-ẽnt, *a.* running into one channel

Cõn'flũx, *f.* a joining of currents ; a crowd

Cõn-fõrm', *a.* conformable to, agreeable :

v. n. to comply in opinion ; to suit

Cõn-fõrm'a-ble, *a.* agreeable, like

Cõn-fõrm'a-bly, *ad.* suitably

Cõn-fõrm-ã'tion, *f.* good disposition of parts

Cõn-fõrm'ĩst, *f.* who complies with the
worship of the church of England

Cõn-fõrm'ĩ-ty, *f.* consistency, similitude

Cõn-fõũnd', *v. a.* to amaze ; disturb ; mix ;
perplex

Cõn-fõũnd'ẽd, *part. a.* astonished ; hateful

Cõn-fõũnd'ẽd-ly, *a.* hatefully, shamefully

Cõn-fõũnd'ẽr, *f.* who destroys or perplexes

Cõn-fra-tẽr'nĩ-ty, *f.* a religious brotherhood

Cõn-frẽres, *f. pl.* fellows of one society or
order

Cõn-frĩ-cã'tion, *f.* act of rubbing together

Cõn-frõnt', *v. a.* to compare ; to face ; to
oppose

Cõn-fũse', *v. a.* to confound ; to mix ; to
perplex

Cõn-fũf'ẽd-ly, *ad.* in a lump ; hastily ; in-
distinctly

Cõn-fũf'ẽd-nẽss, *f.* want of distinctness

Cõn-fũ'sion, *f.* astonishment ; disorder ;
ruin

Cõn-fũ'ta-ble, *a.* what may be disproved

Cõn-fu-tã'tion, *f.* disproof ; act of confuting

Cõn-fũte', *v. a.* to convict, to disprove

Cõn'g,ẽ, or **Cõn'g,ẽe**, *f.* bow, leave, reve-
rence

Cõng,e-d'e-lĩre, *f.* leave to choose a bishop

Cõn-g,ẽal, *v. a. & n.* to freeze ; to grow stiff

Cõn-g,ẽal'a-ble, *a.* that may be frozen

Cõn-g,ẽal'ment, *f.* mass formed by frost

Cõn-g,e-lã'tion, *f.* act of being congealed

Cõn-g,ẽn'ẽr-oũs, *a.* of the same kind

Cõn-g,ẽ'nĩ-ãl, *a.* partaking of the same na-
ture

Cõn-g,e-nĩ-ãl'ĩ-ty, **Cõn-g,ẽ'ni-ãl-nẽss**, *f.*
cognition of mind

Cõn-g,ẽn'ĩte, *a.* of the same birth

Cõn'g,ẽr, *f.* the sea-eel

Cõn'g,ẽ'rĩ-ẽs, *f.* a mass of small bodies

Cõn-glõ'bate, *v. a.* to gather into a hard
ball : *a.* moulded into a firm ball

Cõn-glõ'bate-ly, *ad.* in a spherical manner

Cõn-glõ-bã'tion, *f.* a round hard body

Cõn-glõbe', *v. a.* to coalesce into a round
mass

Cõn-glõm'ẽr-ate, *v. a.* to make round : *a.*
twisted round ; collected

Cõn-glõm-ẽr-ã'tion, *f.* collection, mixture

Cõn-glũ'tĩn-ate, *v. a. & n.* to glue, unite ;
to coalesce

Cõn-glũ'tĩn-ã'tion, *f.* a gluing together

Cõn-glũ'tĩn-a-tĩve, *a.* having the power of
uniting wounds

Cõn-grãt'u-lãnt, *a.* rejoicing in participa-
tion

Cõn-grãt'u-late, *v. a.* to wish joy

Cõn-grãt-u-lã'tion, *f.* a giving joy

Cõn-grãt'u-la-to-ry, *a.* expressing joy

Cõn-grẽe', *v. n.* to agree, to join

Cõn-grẽet', *v. n.* to salute reciprocally

Cõn'gre-gate, *v. a.* to assemble, collect to-
gether : *a.* collected, firm, compact

Cõn-gre-gã'tion, *f.* an assembly, collection

Cõn-gre-gã'tion-ãl, *a.* public, belonging to
a congregation

Cõn'grẽss, *f.* a meeting ; combat ; shock

Cõn-grẽs'fĩve, *a.* encountering ; meeting

Cón-grūe', *v. n.* to agree ; to be consistent with

Cõn'gru-ẽnce, *f.* agreement, suitability

Cõn'gru-ẽnt, *a.* agreeing, correspondent

Cón-grū'ĩ-ty, Cõn'gru-mẽnt, *f.* consistency, fitness, reason

Cõn'gru-õus, *a.* consistent, fit, suitable

Cõn'gru-õũf-ly, *ad.* suitably, pertinently

Cõ'nĩc, Cõ'nĩc-ãl, or Cõn'ĩc, *a.* in form of a cone

Cõn'ĩc-ãl-ly, *ad.* in form of a cone

Cõn'ĩc-ãl-nẽss, *f.* state of being conical

Cón-jẽct', *v. n.* to guess, conjecture

Cón-jẽct'õr, *f.* a guesser

Cón-jẽc'tur-a-ble, *a.* that may be guessed

Cón-jẽc'tur-ãl, *a.* depending on conjecture

Cón-jẽc'tur-ãl-ly, *ad.* by guess or conjecture

Cón-jẽc'ture, *f.* guess, idea, notion : *v. a.* to judge by guess, to guess

Cón-jẽc'tur-ẽr, *f.* he who forms opinions without proof, a guesser

Cón-jõĩn', *v. a. & n.* to connect, unite ; league

Cón-jõĩnt', *a.* united, connected

Cón-jõĩnt'ly, *ad.* in union, not apart

Cõn'ju-gãl, *a.* matrimonial, connubial

Cõn'ju-gãl-ly, *ad.* matrimonially, connubially

Cõn'ju-gate, *v. a.* to inflect verbs ; join in marriage : *a.* springing from one original

Cõn-ju-gã'tion, *f.* union, assemblage ; the form of inflecting verbs, according to their moods, tenses and persons

Cón-jũnc't', *a.* conjoined, concurrent

Cón-jũnc'tion, *f.* meeting together ; union ; a part of speech which connects the clauses of a period together

Cón-jũnc'tĩve, *a.* closely united ; mood of a verb

Cón-jũnc'tĩve-ly, Cõn-jũnc't'ly, *ad.* in union, together

Cón-jũnc'tĩve-nẽss, *f.* quality of uniting

Cón-jũnc'ture, *f.* critical time, combination

Cón-ju-rã'tion, *f.* enchantment, plot

Cón-jũre', *v. a.* to enjoin solemnly ; charm ; conspire

Cón-jũre, *v. n.* to practise enchantment

Cón-jũ-rẽr, *f.* enchanter, fortune-teller

Cón-jũre'mẽnt, *f.* serious injunction

Cõn-nãl'cẽnce, *f.* community of birth

Cõn-nãte', *a.* born with another ; of the same birth

Cõn-nãt'u-rãl, *a.* suitable to, or connected by nature

Cõn-nãt'u-rãl'ĩ-ty, } *f.* same nature

Cõn-nãt'u-rãl-nẽss, }

Cõn-nãt'u-rãl-ly, *ad.* by nature, originally

Cón-nẽct', *v. a.* to join, to link, to unite

Cón-nẽc'tĩve-ly, *ad.* in union

Cón-nẽx', *v. a.* to link or join together

Cón-nẽx'ĩõn, *f.* relation, union ; state of being united [nexion

Cón-nẽx'ĩve, *a.* having the force of con-

Cõn-nĩc-tã'tion, *f.* pretended ignorance ; winking

Cõn-nĩ'vãnce, *f.* voluntary blindness

Cón-nĩve', *v. n.* to wink at a fault

Cõn-noĩf-seũr', *f.* a judge of letters ; a critic

Cón-nũ'bĩ-ãl, *a.* relating to marriage, nuptial

Cõ'nõĩd, *f.* a figure partaking of a cone

Co-nõĩd'ĩc-ãl, *a.* approaching to a conic form

Cõn'quẽr, *v. a. & n.* to ruin, win, subdue ; to get the victory

Cõn'quér-a-ble, *a.* may be overcome
 Cõn'quér-ór, *f.* one who overcomes, a victor
 Cõn'quẽst, *f.* thing gained, victory
 Cõn-sãn-gũĩn'e-õũs, *a.* near of kin, of the same blood
 Cõn-sãn-gũĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* relation by blood
 Cõn'science, *f. pron.* Cõn'shẽnce, natural knowledge; simple reason
 Cõn-scĩ-ẽn'tious, *a.* just, scrupulous
 Cõn-scĩ-ẽn'tious-ly, *ad.* with conscience
 Cõn-scĩ-ẽn'tious-nẽss, *f.* exact justice
 Cõn'sciõn-a-ble, *a.* just, reasonable [nẽss
 Cõn'sciõn-a-ble-nẽss, *f.* equity, reasonable-
 Cõn'sciõn-a-bly, *ad.* justly, reasonably
 Cõn'sciõus-nẽss, *f.* perception of what passes in the mind; internal knowledge
 Cõn'sciõus, *a.* inwardly persuaded
 Cõn'sciõus-ly, *ad.* with inward persuasion
 Cõn'script, *a.* registered, written
 Cõn'se-crate, *v. a.* to make sacred, to devote: *a.* consecrated, sacred
 Cõn'se'crã'tion, *f.* act of making sacred
 Cõn-sẽc'ta-ry, *f.* a corollary, an inference: *a.* consequent, consequential
 Cõn-se-cũ'tion, *f.* train of consequences, succession
 Cõn-sẽc'u-tive, *a.* following in order
 Cõn-sẽn'sion, Cõn-sẽnt', *f.* agreement
 Cõn-sẽnt', *v. n.* to be of one mind
 Cõn-sẽn-tã'ne-õũs, *a.* agreeable to, consistent with
 Cõn-sẽn-tã'ne-õũs-ly, *ad.* agreeably, suitably
 Cõn-sẽn-tã'ne-õũs-nẽss, *f.* agreement, consistency
 Cõn-sẽn'tient, *a.* uniting in opinion
 Cõn'se-quẽnce, *f.* effect, importance, influence

Cõn'se-quẽnt, *f.* consequence, what naturally follows: *a.* following naturally
 Cõn-se-quẽn'tial, *a.* conclusive
 Cõn-se-quẽn'tial-ly, Cõn'se-quẽnt-ly, *ad.* by consequence; in course
 Cõn-se-quẽn'tial-nẽss, *f.* regular consecution of discourse
 Cõn-sér'va-ble, *a.* what may be kept
 Cõn'se-quẽnt-nẽss, *f.* regular connection
 Cõn-sér'vãn-cy, *f.* courts holden by the lord mayor of London for the preservation of the fishery [servation
 Cõn-sér-vã'tion, *f.* act of preserving; pre-
 Cõn-sér'va-tive, *a.* having power to preserve
 Cõn-sér-vã'tór, *f.* defender, preserver
 Cõn-sér'va-to-ry, *f.* a place where any thing is kept
 Cõn-sér've, *f.* a sweet-meat
 Cõn-sér've', *v. a.* to preserve or candy fruit
 Cõn-sér'v'ér, *f.* one who lays up or preserves
 Cõn-cẽs'sion, *f.* a sitting together
 Cõn-cẽs'sór, *f.* one who sits with others
 Cõn-sĩd'ér, *v. a.* to examine, regard, requite [able
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-a-ble, *a.* worthy of regard, value
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-a-ble-nẽss, *f.* importance, value
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-a-bly, *ad.* very much, importantly
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-ãnce, *f.* consideration, reflection [thoughtful
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-ate, *a.* moderate, prudent,
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-ate-ly, *ad.* calmly, prudently
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-ate-nẽss, *f.* prudence
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-ã'tion, *f.* serious thought; prudence; reason; recompence; regard
 Cõn-sĩd'ér-ér, *f.* a man of reflection
 Cõn-sĩgn', *v. a.* to make over; to trust

Cõn-fĩg-nā'tion, **Cõn-fĩgn'mẽnt**, *f.* act of consigning

Cõn-fĩst', *v. n.* to be made up of; to agree

Cõn-fĩs'tẽnce, *f.* natural state of bodies

Cõn-fĩs'tẽnt, *a.* agreeing, firm, conformable

Cõn-fĩs'tẽnt-ly, *ad.* without contradiction

Cõn-fĩs-tõ'rĩ-āl, *a.* relating to a consistory

Cõn-fĩs'to-ry, *f.* the spiritual court; solemn assembly, &c.

Cõn-fõ'ci-ate, *f.* an accomplice, a partner: *v. a. & n.* to hold together: to join, coalesce

Cõn-so-cĩ-ā'tion, *f.* alliance, union

Cõn-sõ'l'a-ble, *a.* admitting comfort

Cõn'so-late, *v. a.* to comfort, to console

Cõn-so-lā'tion, *f.* alleviation of misery,

Cõn-so-lā'tõr, *f.* a comforter [comfort

Cõn-sõ'la-to-ry, *f.* a speech containing comfort: *a.* tending to give comfort [vive

Cõn-sõ'le', *v. a.* to cheer, to comfort, to re-

Cõn-sõ'l'ér, *f.* one who gives comfort

Cõn-sõ'l'ĩ-date, *v. a. & n.* to harden; to become hard [one

Cõn-sõ'l-ĩ-dā'tion, *f.* the making two bodies

Cõn'so-nānce, *f.* accord of sound

Cõn'so-nānt, *f.* a letter which cannot be sounded, or but very imperfectly, by itself: *a.* agreeable, consistent

Cõn'so-nānt-ly, *ad.* agreeable, consistently

Cõn'so-nānt-nẽs, *f.* consistency, agreeable-

Cõn'so-noũs, *a.* symphonious [ness

Cõn'sõrt, *f.* a wife or husband, a companion

Cõn-sõrt', *v. a. & n.* to marry, mix; associate with

Cõn-sõrt'a-ble, *a.* may be compared with, suitable

Cõn-sõr'tion, *f.* partnership, society

Cõn-spẽc'ta-ble, *a.* easy to be seen

Cõn-spẽc-tũ'ĩ-ty, *f.* sense of seeing

Cõn-spĩ-cũ'ĩ-ty, *f.* brightness

Cõn-spĩc'u-oũs, *a.* easy to be seen; eminent

Cõn-spĩc'u-oũf-ly, *ad.* eminently

Cõn-spĩc'u-oũf-nẽs, *f.* clearness, fame

Cõn-spĩr'a-cy, *f.* combination of bad men; plot

Cõn-spĩr'ānt, *a.* conspiring, plotting

Cõn-spĩ-rā'tion, *f.* a plot

Cõn-spĩr'a-tõr, *f.* a plotter

Cõn-spĩr'e', *v. n.* to plot, to concert a crime

Cõn-spĩr'ér, *f.* a plotter, conspirator

Cõn'sta-ble, *f.* a peace-officer

Cõn'sta-ble-ship, *f.* the office of a constable

Cõn'stān-cy, *f.* continuance, firmness

Cõn'stānt, *a.* certain, firm, unchangeable

Cõn'stānt-ly, *ad.* certainly, invariably

Cõn-stẽl-lā'tion, *f.* cluster of fixed stars

Cõn-stẽr-nā'tion, *f.* astonishment, fear

Cõn'stĩ-pate, *v. a.* to crowd; thicken; stop

Cõn-stĩ-pā'tion, *f.* act of crowding; stoppage

Cõn-stĩt'u-ẽnt, *f.* one who deposes, an elector: *a.* composing, essential

Cõn'stĩ-tute, *v. a.* to depute, to establish, to make [points

Cõn-stĩ-tũt'ér, *f.* who constitutes or ap-

Cõn-stĩ-tũ'tion, *f.* frame of body or mind; law of a country; form of government

Cõn-stĩ-tũ'tion-āl, *a.* according to the original established government; legal

Cõn-stĩ-tũ'tive, *a.* able to establish, essential

Cõn-strāĩn', *v. a.* to compel, to confine, to force

Cõn-strāĩn'a-ble, *a.* liable to constraint

Cón-strāin'ér, *f.* he who constrains
Cón-strāint', *f.* compulsion, confinement
Cón-strīct', *v. a.* to bind, cramp, cause to shrink
Cón-strīc'tion, *f.* compression, contraction
Cón-strīct'ér, *f.* what compresses or contracts [press
Cón-strīnge', *v. a.* to bind, contract, compress
Cón-strīn'g, ēnt, *a.* of a binding or compressing quality
Cón-strūct', *v. a.* to build, form, constitute, compile
Cón-strūc'tion, *f.* act of building or making; the meaning; syntax; conformation
Cón-struc'ture, *f.* building, edifice, pile
Cōn'strūe, *v. a.* to explain, shew the meaning, interpret
Cōn'sūb-stān'tial, *a.* of the same substance
Cōn'sūb-stān-tī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* two in one substance
Cōn'sūb-stān'tī-ate, *v. a.* to unite in one substance
Cōn'sūb-stān'tī-ā'tion, *f.* two bodies in one substance
Cōn'sūl, *f.* a chief civil officer at Rome; a chief manager of trade for his nation in foreign parts
Cōn'su-lār, *a.* relating to the consul
Cōn'su-late, **Cōn'sūl-shīp**, *f.* office of consul
Cōn'sūl-shīp, *f.* the office of consul
Cōn-sūlt', *v. a. & n.* to plan, ask advice, regard; to deliberate
Cōn-sūl-tā'tion, *f.* the act of consulting
Cōn-sūlt'ér, *f.* who consults or asks counsel
Cón-sūm'a-ble, *a.* that may be consumed
Cón-sūme', *v. a. & n.* to destroy, spend: to waste away

Cón-sūm'ér, *f.* one who spends or destroys
Cón-sūm'mate, *v. a.* to complete, to perfect: *a.* complete, perfect
Cōn-sūm-mā'tion, *f.* an ending, fulfilling, perfecting [disease
Cón-sūmp'tion, *f.* the act of consuming; a
Cón-sūmp'tive, *a.* destructive, wasting
Cón-sūmp'tive-nēss, *f.* tendency to consumption
Cōn'tāct, *f.* close union, touch [gether
Cón-tāc'tion, *f.* act of touching, joining to-
Cón-tā'g, iōn, *f.* infection, pestilence
Cón-tā'g, iōūs, *a.* infectious [tagious
Cón-tā'g, iōūs-nēss, *f.* quality of being contagious
Cón-tāin', *v. a.* to comprise, hold, keep chaste
Cón-tāin'a-ble, *a.* may be contained
Cón-tām'ī-nate, *v. a.* to corrupt, defile, pollute: *a.* polluted, defiled
Cōn-tām-īn-ā'tion, *f.* defilement, pollution
Cón-tēm', *v. a.* to despise, neglect, scorn
Cón-tēm'nér, *f.* who despises, a scorner
Cón-tēm'pér, *v. a.* to moderate [ity
Cón-tēm'pér-a-mēnt, *f.* degree of any quality
Cón-tēm'pér-ate, *v. a.* to moderate
Cón-tēm-pér-ā'tion, *f.* act of tempering; proportion
Cón-tēm'plate, *v. n.* to meditate, study
Cón-tēm-plā'tion, *f.* meditation, study
Cón-tēm-plā-tive, *a.* studious, thoughtful
Cón-tēm-plā-tive-ly, *ad.* thoughtfully
Cōn-tēm-plā'tōr, *f.* one employed in study
Cón-tēm'po-rā-ry, *f.* one living in the same age: *a.* of the same age or time
Cón-tēmp't', *f.* scorn, vileness, slight regard
Cón-tēmp'tī-ble, *a.* deserving scorn and neglect
Cón-tēmp'tī-ble-nēss, *f.* meanness, vileness

Cón-těmp'tĩ-bly, *ad.* meanly, scornfully
 Cón-těmp'tu-ous, *a.* apt to despise, scornful
 Cón-těmp'tu-ous-ly, *ad.* with scorn
 Cón-těmp'tu-ous-něs, *f.* disposition to contempt, insolence
 Cón-těnd', *v. a. & n.* to contest, dispute; to vie with, strive
 Cón-těnd'ěnt, *f.* an antagonist
 Cón-těnd'ěr, *f.* a champion, a combatant
 Cón-těnt', *f.* capacity, extent, satisfaction
 Cón-těnt', *a.* pleased, satisfied, easy: *v. a.* to pacify, please, satisfy
 Cón-těnt-ă'tion, *f.* satisfaction
 Cón-těnt'ěd, *part. a.* satisfied, not repining
 Cón-těn'tion, *f.* debate, strife, zeal
 Cón-těn'tious, *a.* perverse, quarrelsome
 Cón-těn'tious-ly, *ad.* in a quarrelsome manner [relling
 Cón-těn'tious-něs, *f.* disposition to quarrel
 Cón-těnt'lěs, *a.* discontented, uneasy
 Cón-těnt'měnt, *f.* gratification, satisfaction
 Cón'těst, *f.* debate, difference, dispute
 Cón-těst', *v. a. & n.* to dispute, to wrangle; to vie with
 Cón-těst'a-ble, *a.* disputable
 Cón-těst'a-ble-něs, *f.* possibility of contest
 Cón-těst-ă'tion, *f.* act of contesting; debate
 Cón-těx', *v. a.* to weave together
 Cón'těxt, *f.* the general series of a discourse
 Cón-těx'ture, *f.* an interweaving, a system
 Cón-tĩg-nă'tion, *f.* a frame of beams or
 Cón-tĩ-gũ'i-ty, *f.* actual contact [boards
 Cón-tĩg'u-ous, *a.* meeting so as to touch
 Cón-tĩg'u-ous-ly, *ad.* without intermediate space
 Cón-tĩg'u-ous-něs, *f.* close connection
 Cón'tĩ-něn-cy, Cón'tĩ-něnt, *f.* chastity
 Cón'tĩ-něnt, *f.* land not separated by sea: *a.* chaste, restrained, connected, temperate

Cón-tĩnge', *v. n.* to touch, to reach
 Cón-tĩn'g,ěnce, *f.* accident, casualty
 Cón-tĩn'g,ěnt, *f.* a chance, proportion, quota: *a.* accidental, falling out by chance
 Cón-tĩn'g,ěnt-ly, *ad.* accidentally
 Cón-tĩn'g,ěnt-něs, *f.* accidentalness
 Cón-tĩn'u-ăl, *a.* incessant [ing
 Cón-tĩn'u-ăl-ly, *ad.* without pause or cease
 Cón-tĩn'u-ănce, *f.* duration, perseverance
 Cón-tĩn'u-ate, *a.* uninterrupted
 Cón-tĩn-u-ă'tion, *f.* constant succession, perseverance
 Cón-tĩn'u-a-tĩve, *a.* denoting continuance
 Cón-tĩn-u-ă'tór, *f.* a continuer of a thing, &c.
 Cón-tĩn'ue, *v. a. & n.* to repeat, unite: to remain in the same state; to persevere
 Cón-tĩn'u-ěd-ly, *ad.* without interruption
 Cón-tĩn'u-ěr, *f.* having the power of perseverance [ed cohesion
 Cón-tĩ-nũ'i-ty, *f.* connection, uninterrupted
 Cón-tĩn'u-ous, *a.* joined together
 Cón-tórt', *v. a.* to twist, to writhe
 Cón-tórt'ion, *f.* wry motion, flexure, twist
 Cón-tóur', *f.* the outline [nifying against
 Cón'trà, *Lat. prep.* used in composition, signifying against
 Cón'trà'bănd, *a.* prohibited, unlawful, illegal [ing
 Cón'trăct, *f.* an agreement, bargain, writ
 Cón'trăct', *v. a. & n.* to shorten, bargain, betroth: to shrink up, grow short
 Cón-trăct'ěd-něs, *f.* state of being contracted [contracted
 Cón-trăct-ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* possibility of being contracted
 Cón-trăct'ĩ-ble, *a.* capable of contraction
 Cón-trăct'ĩ-ble-něs, *f.* quality of suffering contraction
 Cón-trăct'ĩle, *a.* able to contract itself
 Cón-trăct'ion, *f.* act of shortening, abbreviation

Cón-trăc'tór, *f.* a bargainer
Cón-tră-dict', *v. a.* to be contrary to, to
Cón-tra-dict'ér, *f.* an opposer, [oppose
Cón-tra-dic'tion, *f.* inconsistency, opposition
Cón-tra-dic'tious, *a.* given to cavil
Cón-tra-dic'tious-něs, *f.* inconsistency
Cón-tra-dic'to-ry, *ad.* opposite to, incon-
 sistent with
Cón-tra-dic'to-rĩ-ly, *ad.* oppositely [posites
Cón-tra-dif-tinc'tion, *f.* distinction by op-
Cón-tra-dif-tin'gũsh, *v. a.* to distinguish
 by opposites [rule
Cón-tra-rěg-u-lăr'ĩ-ty, *f.* difference from
Cón-tra-rĩ'e-ty, *f.* inconsistency, opposition
Cón-tră'rĩ-ly, *ad.* in a different manner
Cón-tră'rĩ-něs, *f.* contrariety, opposition
Cón-tră'rĩ-ous, *a.* opposite, repugnant
Cón-tră'rĩ-ous-ly, *ad.* oppositely
Cón-tră'rĩ-wĩse, *ad.* to the contrary
Cón'tra-ry, *a.* disagreeing, opposite
Cón'trăst, *f.* opposition and dissimilitude of
 figures
Cón-trăst', *v. a.* to place in opposition
Cón-tra-věne', *v. a.* to baffle, oppose
Cón-tra-věn'ér, *f.* who opposes another
Cón-tra-věn'tion, *f.* opposition to an agree-
 ment [same person
Cón-trib'u-to-ry, *a.* paying tribute to the
Cón-trib'ute, *v. a. & n.* to give to: to bear
 a part
Cón-trib'ũ-tion, *f.* the act of contributing
Cón-trib'ũ-tions, *f. pl.* military exactions
Cón-trib'u-tĩve, *a.* able to promote
Cón-trib'u-tór, *f.* one who bears a part
Cón-trib'ũ-to-ry, *a.* promoting the same
 end [rowful
Cón-trĩs'tate, *v. a.* to make sad or for-
Cón-trĩs-tă'tion, *f.* act of making sad

Cón'trite, *a.* truly penitent, very sorrowful
Cón-trĩte'něs, *f.* contrition, repentance
Cón-trĩ'tion, *f.* real sorrow for sin; act of
 grinding
Cón-trĩv'a-ble, *a.* possible to be contrived
Cón-trĩv'ănce, *f.* conceit, plot, scheme
Cón-trĩve', *v. a.* to wear away, to invent,
 plan
Cón-trĩv'ér, *f.* an inventor, a schemer
Cón-trōl', *f.* authority, check, power: *v. a.*
 to check in accounts, to govern
Cón-trōll'a-ble, *a.* subject to control
Cón-trōll'ér, *f.* who has power to control
Cón-trōll'ér-shĩp, *f.* office of a controller
Cón-trōl'měnt, *f.* opposition, restraint
Cón'tro-věr-sial, *a.* relating to disputes
Cón'tro-věr-sy, *f.* dispute, enmity, quarrel
Cón'tro-vért', *v. a.* to debate, to dispute
Cón-tro-vért'ĩ-ble, *a.* disputable
Cón-tro-vért'ĩst, *f.* a disputant
Cón-tu-mă'cious, *a.* perverse, stubborn
Cón-tu-mă'cious-ly, *ad.* obstinately, inflex-
 ibly [verseness
Cón-tu-mă'cious-něs, *f.* obstinacy, per-
Cón-tu-ma-cy, *f.* haughtiness, obstinacy
Cón-tu-mě'li-ous, *a.* abusive, rude, re-
 proachful [temptuously, rudely
Cón-tu-mě'li-ous-ly, *ad.* reproachfully, con-
Cón-tu-mě'li-ous-něs, *f.* reproach, shame,
 censure
Cón'tu-me-ly, *f.* bad language, rudeness
Cón-tũse', *v. a.* to beat together, to bruise
Cón'tũ'sion, *f.* act of bruising, a bruise
Cón-va-lěs'cěnce, *f.* renewal of health
Cón-va-lěs'cěnt, *a.* returning to a state of
 health, recovering
Cón-věn'a-ble, *a.* consistent with, agreea-
 ble to

Cón-vēne', *v. a. & n.* to call together: to assemble, to associate
Cón-vē'nī-ēnce, *f.* ease, fitness, propriety
Cón-vē'nī-ēnt, *a.* proper, suitable, well adapted
Cón-vē'nī-ēnt-ly, *ad.* commodiously, fitly
Cón-vēnt, *f.* a religious house, monastery
Cón-vēnt', *v. a.* to call before a judge or judicature [assembly]
Cón-vēn'tī-clē, *f.* a meeting-house, a secret
Cón-vēn'tīc-lér, *f.* one who belongs to a conventicle
Cón-vēn'tion, *f.* act of coming together; contract for a time; assembly, junction
Cón-vēn'tion-āl, *a.* stipulated
Cón-vēn'tion-a-ry, *a.* settled by contract
Cón-vēnt'u-āl, *f.* a monk, a nun: *a.* belonging to a convent
Cón-vérge', *v. n.* to tend to one point
Cón-vér'g,ēnt, **Cón-vér'g,īng**, *a.* tending to one point
Cón-vér'sa-ble, *a.* fit for conversation
Cón-vér's'a-ble-nēss, *f.* the quality of being a pleasing companion
Cón-vér'sa-bly, *ad.* in a conversible manner
Cón-vér'fānt, *a.* acquainted with, experienced in
Cón-vér-fā'tion, *f.* familiar discourse
Cón-vér'sa-tīve, *a.* relating to public life
Cón-vérse, *f.* conversation, manner of discourse
Cón-vérse', *v. n.* to discourse or cohabit with
Cón-vérse/ly, *ad.* by change of order
Cón-vér'sion, *f.* change of state
Cón-vér'sīve, *a.* conversable, sociable
Cón-vért, *f.* one who changes his opinion
Cón-vért', *v. a. & n.* to apply, transmute: to be changed

Cón-vér-tī bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of admitting conversion
Cón-vért'é'r, *f.* one who makes converts
Cón-vért'ī-ble, *a.* may be changed; alike
Cón-vért'ī-bly, *ad.* mutually, reciprocally
Cón-vēx, *f.* a body swelling externally into a circular form: *a.* rising as the outside of a globe
Cón-vēx'ēd-ly, **Cón-vēx'ly**, *ad.* in a convex form
Cón-vēx'ī-ty, **Cón-vēx'nēss**, *f.* spherical form
Cón-vēx'o-cōn'cave, *a.* having the hollow on the inside
Cón-vēy', *v. a.* to make over; carry, send
Cón-vēy'ānce, *f.* act and means of conveying
Cón-vēy'ān-cér, *f.* one employed to convey
Cón-vēy'ér, *f.* one who conveys any thing
Cón-vīct, *f.* one convicted, cast, detected
Cón-vīct', *v. a.* to prove guilty, confute
Cón-vīct'ēd, *part.* detected in guilt
Cón-vīc'tion, *f.* detection of guilt, full proof
Cón-vīc'tīve, *a.* able to convict
Cón-vīnce', *v. a.* to make one sensible; to
Cón-vīnce'mēnt, *f.* confutation [prove
Cón-vīn'cī-ble, *a.* capable of conviction
Cón-vīn'cīng-ly, *ad.* in a manner free from doubt
Cón-vīn'cīng-nēss, *f.* power of convincing
Cón-vīve', *v. a.* to entertain, to feast
Cón-vīv'ī-āl, *a.* festal, social
Co-nūn'drum, *f.* a low jest, quibble, mean conceit
Cōn'vo-cate, *v. n.* to call together
Cōn-vo-cā'tion, *f.* an assembly; ecclesiastical state
Cón-vōke', *v. a.* to call together, summon

Cõn-volve', *v. a.* to roll together, to roll one part upon another

Cõn-vo-lũt'ed, *part. a.* twisted, rolled upon

Cõn-vo-lũ'tion, *f.* a rolling together [itself

Cõn'võy, *f.* attendance for defence

Cõn-võy', *v. a.* to accompany for defence

Cõn-vũl'se', *v. a.* to give violent motion

Cõn-vũl'fion, *f.* irregular and violent motion [tion

Cõn-vũl'fĩve, *a.* producing involuntary motion

Cõn'y, *f.* a rabbit, a furry animal

Cõn'y-bũr-row, *f.* a place where rabbits make their holes in the ground

Cõn'y-catch, *v. n.* to cheat, to trick

Cõe, *v. n.* to cry as a dove or pigeon

Cõok, *f.* a dresser of victuals

Cõok, *v. a.* to dress victuals

Cõok-mã'id, *f.* a maid who dresses victuals

Cõok'ér-y, *f.* the act of dressing victuals

Cõol, *f.* freedom from heat

Cõol, *a.* somewhat cool, indifferent [hot

Cõol, *v. a. & n.* to make cool: to grow less

Cõol'ér, *f.* what cools the body; a brewing

Cõol'ly, *ad.* without passion [vessel

Cõol'něs, *f.* freedom from passion, indifference

Cõom, *f.* foot; grease for wheels; coal-dust

Cõomb, *f.* a corn measure of four bushels

Cõop, *f.* a wooden cage for poultry

Cõop, *v. a.* to shut up, to cage, to imprison

Cõu-pěe', *f.* a motion in dancing

Cõop'ér, *f.* a maker of barrels, &c. [work

Cõop'ér-age, *f.* the price paid for coopers'

Co-õp'e-rate, *v. n.* to labour for one end

Co-õp-ér-ã'tion, *f.* a labour contributing to the same end

Co-õp'e-ra-tĩve, *a.* promoting the same end

Co-õp-ér-ã'tór, *f.* who jointly endeavours

Co-õp-tã'tion, *f.* adoption, assumption

Co-õr'dĩ-nate, *a.* holding the same rank

Co-õr-dĩ-nã'tion, *f.* state of holding the same rank

Cõot, *f.* a small black water-fowl

Co-pãrt'nér, *f.* joint partner [share

Co-pãrt'nér-shĩp, *f.* the having an equal

Cõpe, *f.* a priest's cloak; concave arch

Cõpe, *v. a. & n.* to cover; reward; oppose: to contend with, to strive

Cõp'ĩ-ér, *f.* who copies, imitates, or steals

Cõp'ĩng, *f.* the upper covering of a wall

Cõp'ĩ-õũs, *a.* abundant, plentiful

Cõp'ĩ-õũf-ly, *ad.* at large, plentifully

Cõp'ĩ-õũf-něs, *f.* abundance, plenty

Cõp'ĩst, *f.* a copier, he or she who imitates

Cõp'pěd, *a.* rising to a top or head

Cõp'pér, *f.* a large boiler; a metal

Cõp'pér-nõse, *f.* a red nose [per mines

Cõp'pér-ãs, *f.* a sort of vitriol found in cop-

Cõp'pér-smĩth, *f.* who works in copper

Cõp'pér-y, *a.* tasting of copper [trees

Cõp'pĩce, **Cõpse'**, *f.* a wood consisting of small

Cõp'ple-dũst, *f.* powder for purifying metals

Cõp'plěd, *a.* rising in a conic form

Cõpse', *v. a.* to preserve underwoods

Cõp'u-late, *v. a. & n.* to unite: to conjoin, link together [sexes

Cõp-u-lã'tion, *f.* the embrace of the two

Cõp'u-la-tĩve, *a.* joining together

Cõp'y, *f.* duplicate of an original writing; pattern to write after; imitation; a manuscript

Cõp'y, *v. a.* to imitate, transcribe

Co-quět', *v. a.* to deceive in love; entertain with compliments

Cō'quēt-ry, *f.* deceit
 Co-quētte, *f.* a gay, airy girl; a jilting girl
 Cōr'āl, *f.* a child's ornament; a sea plant
 Cōr'al-line, *a.* consisting of coral
 Co-rānt', *f.* a nimble sprightly dance
 Cōrb', *f.* a basket used in coaleries
 Cōrbe', *a.* crooked
 Cōrd', *f.* a small rope; measure of wood
 Cōrd', *v. a.* to tie or bind with cords
 Cōrd'-wōod, *f.* wood tied for fuel [ship
 Cōrd'age, *f.* a parcel of ropes; ropes of a
 Cōrd'ēd, *part. a.* bound up with cords; twist-
 Cōr-de-lī-er', *f.* a Franciscan friar [ed
 Cōr'dī-āl, *f.* a cherishing medicine
 Cōr'dī-āl, *a.* hearty; reviving; sincere
 Cōr-dī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* sincerity
 Cōr'dī-āl-ly, *ad.* heartily; sincerely
 Cōr-dōn', *f.* a row of stones, hills, &c.
 Cōrd'wāin, *f.* Spanish leather
 Cōrd'wāin-ēr, *f.* a shoemaker
 Cōre, *f.* the heart or inner part
 Co-rī-ā'ceous, *a.* consisting of leather
 Cōr'īnth, *f.* the fruit called *currant*
 Cōrk', *f.* bark; bottle; stopple; tree
 Cōrk'ing-pīn, *f.* a pin of the largest size
 Cōrk'y, *a.* like cork, consisting of cork
 Cōr'mo-rānt, *f.* a bird of prey; a glutton
 Cōrn', *f.* hard lump in the flesh; grain
 Cōrn', *v. a.* to sprinkle with salt; to granu-
 late
 Cōrn'chānd-lér, *f.* a retailer of corn
 Cōrn'cūt-tér, *f.* one who cuts corns
 Cōr-nē'lī-ān, Cār-nē'lī-ān, *f.* a precious stone
 Cōr'ne-ōūs, *a.* horny
 Cōr'nér, *f.* an angle, secret place, extre-
 mity
 Cōr'nér-wīse, *ad.* with the corner in front

Cōr'nēt, *f.* a musical instrument; an officer
 Cōr'nīce, *f.* of a wall or column
 Cōr-nīg, 'ér-ōūs, *a.* bearing horns, horned
 Cōr'nu-cō'pī-æ, *f.* the horn of plenty
 Cōr-nūte', *v. a.* to give horns, to cuckold
 Cōr-nūt'ēd, *ad.* having horns, cuckolded
 Cōr-nū'to, *f.* a man horned, a cuckold
 Cōrn'y, *a.* hard like horn; producing corn
 Co-rōl'la-ry, *f.* inference, surplus
 Cōr'o-nāl, *f.* a crown, a garland; *a.* relating
 to the top of the head
 Cōr'o-na-ry, *a.* relating to a crown
 Cōr'o-nā'tion, *f.* the solemnity of crowning
 Cōr'o-nér, *f.* a civil officer who inquires into
 the occasion of any violent death
 Cōr'o-nēt, *f.* a nobleman's crown
 Cōr'po-rāl, *f.* a military inferiour officer
 Cōr'po-rāl, *a.* bodily, materially
 Cōr-po-rāl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of being embodied
 Cōr'po-rāl-ly, *ad.* bodily [nity
 Cōr'po-rate, *a.* united in a body or commu-
 Cōr-po-rā'tion, *f.* a body politic
 Cōr-pō're-āl, *a.* having a body
 Cōr-po-rē'ī-ty, *f.* bodiliness, materiality
 Cōr-pō'rī-fy, *v. a.* to embody
 Cōrps', Cōrpsē', *f.* a dead body, a carcase
 Cōrps, *f.* a body of soldiers
 Cōr'pu-lēn-cy, *f.* bulkiness of body
 Cōr'pu-lēnt, *a.* bulky, fleshy, gross
 Cōr'pūf-çle, *f.* a small body, an atom
 Cōr-pūf'cu-lār, *a.* relating to bodies
 Cōr-rēct', *a.* revised or finished with exact-
 ness [to temper
 Cōr-rēct', *v. a.* to mend faults; to punish;
 Cōr-rēc'tion, *f.* amendment; punishment
 Cōr-rēc'tion-ér, *f.* a jail-bird [correcting
 Cōr-rēc'tīve, *f. & a.* what has the power of

Cör-rēct'ly, *ad.* accurately, exactly
 Cör-rēct'nēss, *f.* accuracy, exactness
 Cör-rēc'tōr, *f.* one who corrects
 Cör're-late, *f.* one who stands in the opposite relation [tion
 Cör-rēl'a-tive, *a.* having a reciprocal relation
 Cör-rēct'a-tive-nēss, *f.* state of being correlative
 Cör-rēp'tion, *f.* chiding, reprehension
 Cör-re-spōnd', *v. n.* to answer, to fit, to suit
 Cör-re-spōnd'ēnce, *f.* intercourse by letter; agreement, fitness
 Cör-re-spōnd'ēt, *f.* one who holds correspondence; *a.* answerable, suitable
 Cör-re-spōn'sive, *a.* adapted to any thing
 Cör'rī-g'i-ble, *a.* that may be mended or altered
 Cör-riv'al, *f.* a competitor, a rival
 Cör-riv'al-ry, *f.* competition
 Cör-rōb'o-rānt, *a.* having the power to give strength [en
 Cör-rōb'o-rate, *v. a.* to confirm; to strengthen
 Cör-rōb'o-rā'tion, *f.* act of strengthening
 Cör-rōb'o-ra-tive, *a.* having the power of increasing strength
 Cör-rōde', *v. a.* to eat away by degrees
 Cör-rōd'ēt, *a.* able to waste away
 Cör-rō'dī-ble, Cör-rō'fī-ble, *a.* what may be consumed
 Cör-ro-fī-bīl'i-ty, *f.* possibility to be consumed by a menstruum [ing away
 Cör-rō'fion, *f.* the power of eating or wearing
 Cör-rō'fīve, *f.* a corroding medicine
 Cör-rō'fīve, *a.* having the power of consuming, having the power to fret or chagrin

Cör-rō'fīve-ly, *ad.* in a corroding manner
 Cör-rō'fīve-nēss, *f.* the quality of corroding
 Cör'ru-gānt, *a.* contracting into furrows
 Cör'ru-gate, *v. a.* to wrinkle or purse up
 Cör-ru-gā'tion, *f.* contraction into wrinkles
 Cör-rūpt', *v. a.* to bribe, spoil, defile, deprave, taint; *v. n.* to grow rotten, to become putrid: *a.* debauched, rotten, wicked
 Cör-rūpt'ér, *f.* one who taints or corrupts
 Cör-rūp-tī-bīl'i-ty, *f.* possibility to be corrupted
 Cör-rūp'tī-ble, *a.* may be corrupted
 Cör-rūp'tī-ble-nēss, *f.* susceptibility of corruption
 Cör-rūp'tī-bly, *ad.* in a corruptible manner
 Cör-rūp'tion, *f.* rottenness; wickedness
 Cör-rūp'tive, *a.* able to corrupt
 Cör-rūpt'lēss, *a.* not to be corrupted; uncaying
 Cör-rūpt'ly, *ad.* improperly; wickedly
 Cör-rūpt'nēss, *f.* putrescence; quality of
 Cör'sair, *f.* a pirate [corruption
 Cōrpsē, *f.* a dead body, a carcase
 Cōrse'lēt, *f.* a light armour for the fore part of the body
 Cör'tī-cāl, *a.* belonging to rind, barky
 Cör'tī-cat-ēd, *a.* infused with bark
 Cör'tī-cōse, *a.* full of bark
 Cör-ūf'cānt, *a.* flashing, shining, glittering
 Cör-ūf-cā'tion, *f.* flashing of the light
 Cō'sīér, *f.* a botcher
 Cōs-mēt'ic, *a.* beautifying
 Cōs'mī-cāl, *a.* rising or setting with the sun
 Cōs'mī-cāl-ly, *ad.* with the sun
 Cōs-mōg'ra-phér, *f.* who describes the world

Cōf-mo-grāph'ī-cāl, *a.* pertaining to Cosmography
 Cōf-mōg'ra-phy, *f.* a description of the world
 Cōf-mōp'o-lite, *f.* a citizen of the world
 Cōf'fēt, *f.* a lamb brought up without the dam
 Cōst', *f.* charge, expence, price
 Cōst', *v. n.* to be bought for, to be had at a price
 Cōf'tāl, *a.* belonging to the ribs
 Cōf'tārd, *f.* a head; an apple
 Cōf'tīve, *a.* bound in the body, close
 Cōf'tīve-nēss, *f.* state of being costive
 Cōst'li-nēss, *f.* expensiveness, sumptuousness
 Cōst'ly, *a.* of great price, expensive
 Cōt', *f.* a mean house
 Co-tēm'po-ra-ry, *a.* living at the same time
 Cōt'quēan, *f.* a man who interferes with women's affairs
 Cōt'tage, *f.* a little hut or house, a cot
 Cōt'tag,ér, *f.* one who lives in a cottage
 Cōt'ton, *f.* a plant; stuff made of it
 Cōûch, *f.* a seat for ease; a bed: *v. a.* to repose, to bed; to include, to involve; to fix; to hide; to squat or lie down
 Cōûch'ānt, *a.* lying down, squatting
 Cōu-chēe', *f.* bed-time
 Cōve, *f.* a small creek or bay; a shelter, a cover
 Cōv'e-nānt, *f.* agreement, bargain; *v. n.* to agree, bargain, stipulate
 Cōv'e-nānt-ēe', *f.* a party to a covenant
 Cōv'e-nānt-ér, *f.* who makes a covenant
 Cōv'ēn-oûs, *a.* fraudulent, collusive
 Cōv'ér, *f.* a concealment, pretence, screen: *v. a.* to conceal, to hide; to overspread
 Cōv'ér-ing, *f.* what covers; dress

Cōvér-lēt, *f.* the upper bed covering
 Cōv'ért, *f.* a married woman; a defence, shelter, thicket: *a.* covered, secret
 Cōv'ért-ly, *ad.* closely, secretly, with privacy
 Cōv'ért-nēss, *f.* secrecy, privacy
 Cōv'ér-ture, *f.* state of a wife; shelter
 Cōv'ēt, *v. a.* to desire earnestly
 Cōv'ēt-a-ble, *a.* to be wished for
 Cōv'ēt-oûs, *a.* very desirous or saving
 Cōv'ēt-oûs-ly, *ad.* eagerly, avariciously
 Cōv'ēt-oûs-nēss, *f.* eager desire, great fondness
 Cōv'ey, *f.* a hatch of birds [ness
 Cōugh', *f.* a disorder of the lungs
 Cōughér, *f.* one who coughs
 Cōv'īn, *f.* a deceitful agreement
 Cōv'īng, *f.* a term in building
 Cōuld, *imperfect pret. of can*
 Cōul'tér, *f.* a plough-share
 Cōûn'cīl, *f.* an assembly for consultation
 Cōûn'fēl, *f.* advice, design, a pleader
 Cōûn'fēl, *v. a.* to give advice
 Cōûn'fēl-la-ble, *a.* willing to receive and follow advice [advice
 Cōûn'fēl-lōr, *f.* who pleads at the bar, or gives
 Cōûn'fēl-lōr-shīp, *f.* office of a privy counsellor
 Cōûnt, *f.* a foreign title; number [tell
 Cōûnt, *v. a.* to charge, to esteem, number,
 Cōûnt'a-ble, *a.* may be numbered
 Cōûn'te-nānce, *f.* face, look; support
 Cōûn'te-nānce, *v. a.* to defend; support
 Cōûn'te-nānc-ér, *f.* who supports another
 Cōûn'tér, *f.* a false piece of money; a shop
 Cōûn'tér, *ad.* contrary to [table
 Cōûn'tér-āct', *v. n.* to act contrary; hinder

- Cöün'tér-bäl'ance, *f.* equivalent power, opposite weight: *v. a.* to act against, to oppose
- Cöün'tér-büff, *v. a.* to impel, strike back
- Cöün'tér-buff, *f.* a stroke producing a recoil [oner
- Cöün'tér-cäst-ér, *f.* a book-keeper, a reck-
- Cöün'tér-change, *f.* reciprocation, exchange
- Cöün'tér-chärm, *f.* what dissolves a charm
- Cöün'tér-chärm', *v. a.* to destroy an enchantment
- Cöün'tér-check, *f.* a rebuke, stop, hinderance
- Cöün'tér-ëv'i-dence, *f.* opposite evidence
- Cöün'tér-feit, *f.* an impostor; a forgery: *a.* deceitful, fictitious, forged
- Cöün'tér-feit, *v. a.* to forge, imitate, copy
- Cöün'tér-mänd', *v. a.* to contradict an order
- Cöün'tér-märch, *f.* change of conduct; march backward; retrocession
- Cöün'tér-märch', *v. a.* to march backward
- Cöün'tér-mīne, *f.* means of opposition, stratagem
- Cöün'tér-mīne', *v. a.* to defeat secretly
- Cöün'tér-pane, *f.* the covering of a bed
- Cöün'tér-pärt, *f.* correspondent part
- Cöün'tér-plēa, *f.* replication in law
- Cöün'tér-plöt, *f.* plot against plot
- Cöün'tér-pöife, *f.* equi-ponderance, equivalence of weight
- Cöün'tér-pöife', *v. a.* to counterbalance, to oppose an equal weight
- Cöün'tér-prës'sure, *f.* opposite force
- Cöün'tér-proj'ect, *f.* correspondent part of a scheme
- Cöün'tér-scärp, *f.* that side of the ditch next the camp

- Cöün'tér-sign, *v. a.* to undersign
- Cöün'tér-tën'ör, *f.* a part in music
- Cöün'tér-väil', *v. a.* to have equal power
- Cöün'tér-vieŵ, *f.* opposition, contrast
- Cöün'tér-wörk', *v. a.* to hinder any effect by contrary operations
- Cöün'tëfs, *f.* an earl's lady [kept
- Cöünt'ing-höûse, *f.* room where accompts are
- Cöünt'lëss, *a.* without number
- Cöün'try, *f.* a tract of land, rural parts: *a.* belonging to the country, unpolite
- Cöün'try-män, *f.* one of the same country, a rustic
- Cöün'ty, *f.* portion of a country, a shire
- Côupëe', *f.* a motion in dancing
- Cöüp'le, *f.* two joined together; a bracelet, a chain
- Cöüp'le, *v. a.* to join together; to marry
- Cöüp'lët, *f.* two verses; a pair of rhymes
- Cöür'age, *f.* activity, boldness, bravery
- Cöür-ä'geous, *a.* bold, brave, daring
- Cöür-ä'geous-ly, *ad.* boldly, bravely, stoutly
- Cöür-ä'geous-nëss, *f.* bravery, boldness
- Cöu-ränt', *f.* a light dance
- Cöurb, *v. n.* to bend, to bow
- Cöür'iër, *f.* a messenger sent in haste
- Cöurse, *f.* place of running; order of succession; service of meat; passage; race: *v. a. & n.* to hunt, pursue: to run, to rove about
- Cöurs'ér, *f.* a race-horse, a horse-racer
- Cöurt, or Cöurt, *f.* the residence of a prince; seat of justice: *v. a.* to make love, to flatter, solicit, woo
- Cöurt-chäp'lain, *f.* chaplain to the king
- Cöurt-däy, *f.* day for administering justice
- Cöurt-drëss'ér, *f.* a flatterer

- Cōurt'e-ōūs, *a.* polite, civil, complaisant
 Cōurt'e-ōūf-ly, *ad.* respectfully, civilly, complaisantly
 Cōurt'e-ōūf-něs, *f.* civility, complaisance
 Cōur'te-fān, *f.* a woman of the town
 Cōurt'e-fy, *f.* act of reverence made by a woman; civility; favour: *v. a.* to do an act of reverence
 Cōurt-fā'vōūr, favour bestowed by princes
 Cōurt-hānd, *f.* ancient hand for records, &c.
 Cōurt-lā'dy, *f.* a lady well known at court
 Cōurt'īér, *f.* an attendant of court; a lover
 Cōurt'līke, *a.* civil, polite, elegant
 Cōurt'lī-něs, *f.* civility, complaisance
 Cōurt'ly, *a.* elegant, flattering, polite
 Cōurt'ly, *ad.* in the manner of courts
 Cōurt'shīp, *f.* the making love to a woman
 Cōūf'in, *f.* a relation at a distance
 Cōw, *f.* female of a bull
 Cōw, *v. a.* to keep under, depress with fear
 Cōw'hérd, *f.* one who tends cows
 Cōw-lēech, *f.* one who pretends to cure cows
 Cōw'ārd, *f.* one who wants courage, a poltroon
 Cōw'ārd-īce, *f.* want of courage, fearfulness
 Cōw'ārd-lī-něs, *f.* cowardice, dastardliness
 Cōw'ārd-ly, *a.* fearful, timorous, mean
 Cōw'ér, *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees, to shrink, to stoop
 Cōw'īsh, *a.* cowardly, fearful
 Cōw'kēep-ér, *f.* one who tends cows
 Cōwl, *f.* a monk's hood
 Cōwl'stāff, *f.* a staff for two to support a vessel
 Cōw'flīp, *f.* a flower growing wild in the meadows
 Cōx'cōmb, *f.* a fop; a cock's topping
 Cōx-cōm'īc-āl, *a.* foppish, conceited
 Cōy, *a.* modest, reserved, not accessible
 Cōy, *v. n.* to behave with reserve
 Cōy'ly, *ad.* with reserve, not familiarly
 Cōy'něs, *f.* unwillingness to become familiar; reservedness
 Cōz, *f.* cousin, a cant word [trick
 Cōz'en, *v. a.* to impose upon, to cheat, to
 Cōz'en-age, *f.* fraud, artifice, deceit, imposi-
 Cōz'en-ér, *f.* a chenter, a deceiver [tion
 Crāb, *f.* a peevish morose person; a wild apple; a fish; a sign in the Zodiac; *a.* four
 Crāb'béd, *a.* difficult, harsh, peevish
 Crāb'béd-ly, *ad.* peevishly
 Crāb'béd-něs, *f.* asperity of manners, sourness of countenance
 Crāck, *f.* a sudden noise; chink; boaster
 Crāck, *v. a.* to break into chinks; to craze; to split
 Crāck'brāin-éd, *a.* crazy, without right reason
 Crāck'hēmp, *f.* a wretch fated to the gallows
 Crāck'ér, *f.* a noisy boasting fellow; a firework composed of gun-powder
 Crāc'kle, *v. n.* to make slight cracks
 Crāck'něl, *f.* a hard brittle cake
 Crā'dle, *f.* a moveable bed, a frame; infancy: *v. a.* to lay or rock in a cradle
 Crāst, *f.* small ships; cunning, fraud, trade
 Crāst'ī-ly, *ad.* artfully, cunningly
 Crāst'ī-něs, *f.* cunning stratagem
 Crāstf'mān, *f.* an artificer, mechanic, manufacturer
 Crāstf'māf-tér, *f.* one skilled in his trade
 Crāf'ty, *a.* artful, cunning, fraudulent
 Crāg, *f.* a rough rock; the small end of a neck of mutton
 Crāg'g,éd, *a.* rough with stones

Crăg/g, ăd-něs, *f.* fulness of prominent rocks
 Crăg/g, ă-něs, *f.* roughness, steepness
 Crăg/g, y, *a.* rough, rugged, full of prominences
 Crăm, *v. a. & n.* to trust in, to stuff; to eat beyond satiety
 Crăm/bō, *f.* a play, where one gives a word, and another finds a rhyme; a rhyme
 Crămp, *f.* a contraction of the limbs; a piece of iron to keep things fast; confinement; *a.* difficult, knotty: *v. a.* to bind, to confine, to hinder, to pain
 Crāne, *f.* a bird; an engine; a pipe
 Crănk, *f.* the end of an iron axis: *a.* deep loaded; healthy, sprightly
 Crăn'kle, *v. a.* to run in and out, to break into angles
 Crănk'něs, *f.* health, vigour, disposition to overlet
 Crăn'nă-ăd, *a.* full of chinks
 Crăn'ny, *f.* a chink, a cleft, a fissure
 Crāpe, *f.* a thin stuff loosely woven
 Crăp'u-lěnce, *f.* sickness by intemperance,
 Crăp'u-lōus, *a.* drunken [drunkenness]
 Crăsh, *f.* a loud mixed sound: *v. a. & n.* to break or bruise; to make a loud noise
 Cră'f ăs, *f.* constitution, temperature
 Crăf'f ă-tude, *f.* coarseness, grossness, thickness
 Crăf-tăn-ă'tion, *f.* delay, stay, stop
 Crătch, *f.* a frame in which hay is put for
 Crăv-ăt', *f.* a neck-cloth [cattle]
 Crāve, *v. a.* to ask earnestly, to beg; to long for
 Cră'ven, *f.* a cock conquered and dispirited; a coward, recreant; *v. a.* to make recreant or cowardly

Crăunch, or Scrăunch, *v. a.* to crush with the teeth
 Crāw', *f.* the crop or first stomach of birds
 Crāw'f ăsh, or Crăv'ăce, *f.* the river lobster
 Crāwl', *v. n.* to move weakly and slowly; to creep
 Crāwl'ér, *f.* a creeper, any thing that creeps
 Crāy'ón, *f.* a roll of paste; pencil; picture
 Crāze, *v. a.* to crack the brain; to break to powder
 Crăz'ăd-něs *f.* decrepitude, brokenness
 Cră'ză-něs, *f.* imbecility, feebleness of body
 Cră'zy, *a.* broken witted; shattered; sickly
 Crēak, *v. n.* to make a harsh protracted noise
 Crēam, *f.* the oily part of milk: *v. n.* to yield or take off cream
 Crēam'faç-ăd, *a.* pale, coward-looking
 Crēam'y, *a.* full of cream
 Crēase, *f.* a plate or fold made by doubling any thing: *v. a.* to mark by folding
 Cre-ăte', *v. a.* to beget, cause, produce; invest
 Cre-ă'tion, *f.* act of creating; the universe
 Cre-ă'tăve, *a.* having the power to create
 Cre-ă'tōr, *f.* the Being who gives existence; God
 Crēa'ture, *f.* a thing created; word of contempt and tenderness; one dependent
 Crē'děnce, *f.* belief, credit
 Cre-děn'da, *f.* articles of faith, things to be believed
 Crē'děnt, *a.* easy of belief, having credit
 Cre-děn'tial, *f.* testimonial; title to credit
 Crēd-ă-băl'ă-ty, *f.* claim of credit
 Crēd'ă-ble, *a.* worthy of credit, deserving of belief

Créd'ī-ble-něs, *f.* credibility
 Créd'ī-bly, *ad.* in a credible manner
 Créd'īt, *f.* belief, esteem, influence, reputation: *v. a.* to believe, to confide in
 Créd'īt-a-ble, *a.* honourable, reputable
 Créd'īt-a-bly, *ad.* reputably, without disgrace
 Créd'ī-tór, *f.* one who trusts, or gives credit
 Crē-dū'li-ty, *f.* easiness of belief
 Créd'u-loūs, *a.* apt to believe; unsuspecting
 Créd'u-loūs-něs, *f.* readiness of credit
 Crēed, *f.* a confession of faith; a belief
 Crēek, *f.* a small bay; an alley; a cove: *v. n.* to make a harsh noise
 Crēek'y, *a.* full of creeks, unequal, winding
 Crēep, *v. n.* to move slowly; to loiter; to fawn
 Crēep'ér, *f.* an iron instrument; a plant
 Crēep'ing-ly, *ad.* slowly
 Crēp-ī-tā'tion, *f.* a small cracking noise
 Crēpt, *pret. & part. pass.* from creep
 Cre-pū's'cle, *f.* twilight, obscure light
 Cre-pū's'cu-loūs, *a.* glimmering
 Crēs'cēt, *f.* the moon in her state of increase
 Crēs'cēt, Crēs'cive, *a.* growing, increasing
 Crēst, *f.* a plume of feathers; pride; spirit
 Crēst'ēd, *a.* wearing a comb or crest
 Crēst'-fāl-len, *a.* dejected, spiritless
 Crēst'lěs, *a.* without coat-armour
 Cre-tā'ceous, *a.* chalky; abounding with chalk
 Crēv'ice, *f.* a cleft, narrow opening
 Crēw, *f.* a ship's company; a mean assembly
 Crēw, *pret.* of crow
 Crēw'el, *f.* a ball of worsted

Crīb, *f.* a cottage, a rack or manger of a stable: *v. a.* to steal privately; to shut up
 Crīb'bage, *f.* a game at cards
 Crīck, *f.* the noise of a hinge; a pain in the neck
 Crīck'ēt, *f.* an insect; a play; a low feat
 Crī'ér, *f.* one who cries goods for sale
 Crīme, *f.* a great fault, an offence
 Crīme'fūl, *a.* criminal, very wicked
 Crīme'lěs, *a.* innocent, pure from mischief
 Crīm'ī-nāl, *f.* a man accused, or guilty: *a.* faulty, guilty, not innocent
 Crīm'ī-nāl-ly, *ad.* wickedly, guiltily
 Crīm'īn-oūs, *a.* highly wicked
 Crīm'īn-oūs-něs, *f.* crime, guilt, wickedness
 Crīm'o-řīn, *f.* a species of red colour
 Crīmp, *a.* friable, easily crumbled
 Crīm'ple, *v. a.* to lay in plaits, contract, corrugate
 Crīm'řon, *f.* a deep red colour
 Crīnge, *f.* mean reverence, obsequious civility
 Crīnge, *v. n.* to bow, fawn, flatter
 Crīn-īg,ér-oūs, *a.* hairy
 Crīn'kle, *f.* winding, a wrinkle; *v. n.* to go in and out; to run in bendings
 Crīp'ple, *f.* a lame person: *v. a.* to deprive of the use of limbs; to make lame
 Crī'řis, *f.* a critical time
 Crīřp, Crīřp'y, *a.* brittle, curled, friable
 Crīřp, *v. a.* to curl, to indent, to twist
 Crīřp'něs, *f.* brittleness, curledness
 Crī-tē'řī-ōn, *f.* a mark whereby the goodness or badness of a thing may be judged or known

Crīt'ic, *f.* a nice censurer; one skilled in criticism; science of criticism
 Crīt'ic, } *a.* relating to criticism; ac-
 Crīt'ic-āl, } curate, judicious
 Crīt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* curiously, exactly [ness
 Crīt'ic-āl-nēss, *f.* nicety, accuracy, exact-
 Crīt'ic-āse, *v. a.* to animadvert, to judge
 Crīt'ic-āsm, *f.* art of judging, censure, re-
 mark
 Crōak, *f.* cry of a frog, or crow: *v. n.* to
 cry like a frog, or raven
 Crōck, *f.* an earthen pot or vessel
 Crōck'e-ry, *f.* earthen ware [animal
 Crōc'o-dīle, *f.* an amphibious voracious
 Crō'cus, *f.* a flower; saffron
 Crōft', *f.* a small home field [panion
 Crō'ny, *f.* an old acquaintance or com-
 Crōok, *f.* a hooked stick, a sheep-hook
 Crōok, *v. a.* to bend, to pervert
 Crōok'back-ēd, *a.* having round shoulders
 Crōok'ēd, *a.* bent; winding; perverse
 Crōok'ēd-ly, *ad.* not strait, untowardly
 Crōok'ēd-nēss, *f.* deformity, curvity
 Crōp', *f.* the corn gathered off the field;
 the harvest corn; any thing cut off; a
 bird's stomach: *v. a.* to cut off the end;
 to mow, reap, lop
 Crōp'fūl, *a.* filled, satisfied [bauchery
 Crōp'fick, *a.* sick through excess or de-
 Crō'siēr, *f.* the pastoral staff used by
 bishops in the church of Rome
 Crō'slēt, *f.* a small cross
 Crōss', *f.* misfortune, opposition; a gib-
 bet: *a.* athwart; difficult; peevish; op-
 posite: *v. a.* to lay athwart; oppose; pass
 over: *ad.* from side to side, athwart;
 over

Crōss'bīte, *f.* a cheat, a deception
 Crōss'ēx-ām'īne, *v. a.* to examine by dif-
 ferent parties
 Crōss'grāin-ēd, *a.* ill-natured, troublesome
 Crōss'ly, *ad.* perversely, unfortunately
 Crōss'nēss, *f.* peevishness, perverseness
 Crōss'wīnd, *f.* wind from right to left
 Crōss'wāy, *f.* a path across a road
 Crōtch'ēt, *f.* a note in music and in print-
 ing; an odd fancy
 Crōuch, *v. n.* to stoop low, to cringe, to
 fawn
 Crōup, *f.* the buttocks of a horse, &c.
 Crōw, *f.* an iron lever; a cock's voice; a
 bird: *v. a.* to make the noise of a cock;
 to boast
 Crōwd, *f.* a confused multitude pressed to-
 gether; populace; the vulgar; a fiddle:
v. a. & n. to press close, to incumber; to
 swarm
 Crōwd'ēr, *f.* a fidler
 Crōwn, *f.* top of the head; royal power;
 an ornament; garland; a piece of mon-
 ey: *v. a.* to invest with a crown; to
 adorn
 Crū'cī-ate, *v. a.* to torment, to torture
 Crū'cī-ble, *f.* a chemist's melting pot
 Cru-čif'ēr-oūs, *a.* bearing a cross
 Crū'cī-fīx, *f.* Christ on the cross
 Cru-čif'īx'īōn, *f.* the nailing to a cross
 Crū'cī-fy, *v. a.* to hang on a cross
 Crūde, *a.* indigested; raw; unripe
 Crūde'ly, *ad.* not duly digested; unripely
 Crūde'nēss, *f.* indigestion; unripeness
 Crū'dī-ty, *f.* want of maturity; indi-
 gestion
 Crū'dle, *v. a.* to coagulate, congeal

Crū'ēl, *a.* bloody, hard-hearted, inhuman
 Crū'ēl-ly, *ad.* barbarously, inhumanly
 Crū'ēl-nēss, Crū'ēl-ty, *f.* barbarity, inhumanity
 Crū'ēt, *f.* a vial for vinegar and oil
 Crū'ise, *f.* a small cup
 Crū'ise, *f.* a voyage in search of plunder:
v. a. to sail in quest of an enemy
 Crū'is'ér, *f.* one who seeks plunder; a ship
 Crūm, Crūmb, *f.* the soft part of bread; a small piece
 Crūm'my, *a.* full of crums; plump; soft
 Crūmp, *a.* crooked in the back
 Crūm'ple, *v. a.* to make wrinkly
 Crūmp'līng, *f.* a small green apple
 Crūp'pér, *f.* a leather to keep the saddle tight
 Crū'rāl, *a.* belonging to the leg
 Cru-fāde', Cru-fā'dō, *f.* a Portugal coin, value 2 s. 6 d; an expedition against the Infidels
 Crūsh, *f.* a collision; a crash [squeeze
 Crūsh, *v. a.* to dispirit; ruin; subdue;
 Crūst, *f.* a hard covering; a piece of bread
 Crūst, *v. a.* to cover with a hard case
 Crūf-tā'ceous, *a.* with joints, shelly
 Crūf'tī-ly, *ad.* peevishly, snappishly
 Crūf'tī-nēss, *f.* moroseness, peevishness
 Crūf'ty, *a.* covered with a crust; morose, snappish
 Crūtch, *f.* a support used by cripples
 Crȳ, *f.* an outcry, shrieking: *v. a. & n.* to proclaim, to call; to squall, to weep
 Crȳf'tāl, Chrȳf'tāl-līne, *a.* transparent
 Crȳf-tāl-lī-zā'tion, *f.* congelation into crystals [crystals
 Crȳf'tāl-līze, *v. a.* to make congeal into

Cūb, *f.* the young of a beast
 Cūb, *v. a.* to bring forth as a beast
 Cu-bā'tion, *f.* the act of lying down
 Cū'ba-to-ry, *a.* lying down, recumbent
 Cū'ba-ture, *f.* the solid content of a body
 Cūbe, *f.* a square solid body of six sides
 Cū'bīc, Cū'bīc-āl, *a.* formed like a cube
 Cū'bīt, *f.* a measure of about 18 inches
 Cūck'ōld, *f.* the husband of an adulteress:
v. a. to make a man a cuckold
 Cūck'ōld-ly, *a.* mean, poor, &c.
 Cūck'ōld-mā-kér, *f.* who commits adultery
 Cūck'ōl-dōm, *f.* the act of adultery; state of a cuckold
 Cūck'ōo, *f.* a bird [and its fruit
 Cu'cum-ber, *f. pron.* Cou'cūm-bér; a plant
 Cūd, *f.* food once digested
 Cūd'dy, *f.* a clown; a stupid low dolt
 Cūd'dle, *v. n.* to lie close, to squat
 Cūd'g'ēl, *f.* a fighting stick: *v. a.* to beat with a stick
 Cūe, *f.* the end of a thing; hint; humour
 Cūff, *f.* part of the sleeve; a box, stroke, blow; *v. a.* to strike with the fist
 Cūirā's, *f.* a breast-plate
 Cū'lī-na-ry, *a.* belonging to the kitchen
 Cūll, *v. a.* to select or pick from others
 Cūl'lēn-dār, *f.* a draining vessel
 Cūl'līōn, *f.* a mean person, a scoundrel
 Cūl'ly, *f.* a man deceived by a woman;
v. a. to impose upon, to trick, to befool
 Cūl'mī-nate, *v. n.* to be vertical; to be in the meridian
 Cūl'pa-ble, *a.* blameable, guilty
 Cūl'pa-ble-nēss, *f.* blame, crime, guilt
 Cūl'pa-bly, *ad.* blameably, criminally
 Cūl'prīt, *f.* one arraigned before a judge

Cūl'tér, *f.* part of a plough
 Cūl'tī-vate, *v. a.* to improve, to manure, to till
 Cūl-tī-vā'tion, *f.* improvement, manuring
 Cūl-tī-vā'tór, *f.* who improves or promotes
 Cūl'ture, *f.* the act of cultivation [till
 Cūl'ture, *v. a.* to manure, to cultivate, to
 Cūl'vér, *f.* a pigeon
 Cūl-vér-ín, *f.* a species of ordnance
 Cūm'bér, *f.* embarrassment: *v. a.* to clog; to distract; to embarrass [able
 Cūm'bér-sóme, *a.* troublesome, unmanage-
 Cūm'bér-sóme-ly, *ad.* in a troublesome manner
 Cūm'brānce, *f.* hindrance, impediment
 Cūm'bróus, Cūm'bér-óus, *a.* oppressive, troublesome
 Cū'mu-late, *v. a.* to heap up
 Cū'mu-lā'tion, *v. a.* the heaping together
 Cūn'nīng, *f.* artifice, deceit, skill, slyness: *a.* crafty, skilful, subtle
 Cūn'nīng-ly, *ad.* artfully, craftily, slyly
 Cūn'nīng-mān', *f.* a fortune-teller, &c.
 Cūn'nīng-něss, *f.* deceitfulness, slyness
 Cūp, *f.* a drinking vessel; part of a flower: *v. a.* to bleed by scarification
 Cūp-beār'ér, *f.* an officer of the king's household
 Cūp'bōard, *f.* a repository for cups, &c. *v. a.* to board up, to treasure
 Cū'pīd, *f.* the god of love [cence
 Cu-pīd'ī-ty, *f.* unlawful desire, concupis-
 Cū'po-la, *f.* an arched roof, a dome
 Cūp'pér, *f.* one who cups
 Cūr, *f.* a bad man, a worthless degenerate dog

Cūr'a-ble, *a.* that may be remedied
 Cū'ra-cy, *f.* the employment of a curate
 Cū'rate, *f.* the minister who does the duty of a parish under the incumbent
 Cū'ra-tīve, *a.* relating to the cure of diseases
 Cu-rā'tór, *f.* who manages
 Cūrb, *f.* part of a horse's bridle; opposition; restraint
 Cūrb, *v. a.* to check, manage, restrain
 Cūrd, *f.* coagulation of milk, &c.
 Cūrd, Cūrdle, *v. a. & n.* to turn to curds: to coagulate, concrete
 Cūrd'y, *a.* full of curds, curdled
 Cūre, *f.* the employment of a curate; a remedy
 Cūre, *v. a.* to restore to health, to heal
 Cūre'lěss, *a.* without remedy or cure
 Cu-rī-ósf'ī-ty, *f.* inquisitiveness, nicety, rarity
 Cū'rī-óus, *a.* inquisitive, nice, severe, artful
 Cū'rī-óuf-ly, *ad.* exactly, elegantly, inquisitively
 Cūrl, *f.* a ringlet of hair, a wave
 Cūrl, *v. a.* to turn into ringlets, to twist
 Cūr-mūd'gēon, *f.* a miser
 Cūr-mūd'gēon-ly, *a.* covetous, churlish
 Cūr'rānt, *f.* a tree bearing sweet red berries
 Cūr'rēn-cy, *f.* circulation; course; currentness; paper passing for money, established and received as current money
 Cūr'rēnt, *f.* a running stream: *a.* circulatory, common; fashionable
 Cūr'rēnt-ly, *ad.* without opposition, generally
 Cūr'rēnt-něss, *f.* circulation, fluency
 Cūrr'īér, *f.* a dresser of leather

Cŭr'rĭsh, *a.* like a dog, quarrelsome
 Cŭr'ry, *v. a.* to dress leather; to drub; to
 flatter
 Cŭr'ry-cōmb, *f.* a horse-comb made of iron
 Cŭrse, *f.* a bad wish; torment, vexation;
v. a. to wish evil to; to torment
 Cŭrs'ĕd, *part. & a.* under a curse; vexa-
 tious
 Cŭrs'ĕd-ly, *ad.* miserably; shamefully
 Cŭrs'ĕd-nĕss, *f.* misery, wretchedness
 Cŭr'so-ra-ry, Cŭr'so-ry, *a.* careless, hasty
 Cŭr'so-rĭ-ly, *ad.* without solicitous attenti-
 on, hastily
 Cŭr'so-rĭ-nĕss, *f.* slight attention [ing
 Cŭrst, *a.* cursed, malicious; peevish, snarl-
 Cŭr-tāzĭl', *v. a.* to cut short; to shorten
 Cŭr'tāin, *f.* a cloth expanded or contracted
 at pleasure; to exclude or admit the
 light; a term in fortification: *v. a.* to
 inclose with curtains [wife
 Cŭr'tāin-lĕc'turĕ, *f.* a bed-lecture from a
 Cŭr'va-tĕd, *a.* bent, crooked
 Cŭr'va-turĕ, *f.* crookedness, inflection
 Cŭrve, *f.* any thing bent, crookedness: *a.*
 bent, crooked, inflected, not straight:
v. a. to bend, to crook, to inflect
 Cŭrv'ĕt, *f.* a frolic, a leap, a prank: *v. n.*
 to frisk, to leap; to be licentious
 Cŭr-vĭ-lĭn'e-ār, *a.* composed of crooked
 lines
 Cŭr'vĭ-ty, *f.* crookedness, obliquity
 Cŭsh'ĭon, *f.* a soft seat
 Cŭs'pa-tĕd, *a.* ending in a point
 Cŭs'tārd, *f.* a sort of sweet food
 Cŭs'to-dy, *f.* care; imprisonment, security
 Cŭs'tōm, *f.* king's duties on imports and
 exports; fashion, habit, usage

Cŭs'tōm-a-bly, *ad.* according to custom
 Cŭs'tōm-a-rĭ-ly, *ad.* commonly, habitually
 Cŭs'tōm-a-ry, Cŭs'tōm-ĕd, *a.* habitual
 Cŭs'tōm-ĕr, *f.* one who buys any thing
 Cŭs'tōm-hōŭse, *f.* a house where the king's
 duties are received for imports and ex-
 ports
 Cŭt, *f.* a cleft or wound with an edged
 tool; a slice of meat, &c. a printed pic-
 ture; a lot: *part. a.* prepared for use:
v. a. & n. to carve; to make way; to
 interfere
 Cu-tā'ne-oŭs, *a.* relating to the skin [skin
 Cŭ'tĭ-clĕ, *f.* the outermost skin, the scarf-
 Cu-tĭc'u-lār, *a.* no deeper than the outside
 Cŭt'lās, *f.* a broad cutting sword
 Cŭt'lĕr, *f.* one who makes knives, &c.
 Cŭt'pŭrse, *f.* a pickpocket, a thief, a robber
 Cŭt'tĕr, *f.* a nimble sailing small vessel
 Cŭt'-thrōat, *f.* a murderer, a ruffian
 Cŭt'tĭng, *f.* a piece cut off, a chop
 Cŭt'tle, *f.* a fish; a foul-mouthed fellow
 Cŭ'cle, *f.* a round of time; a circle in the
 heavens
 Cŭ-clo-pæ'dĭ-a, *f.* a body or circle of sci-
 Cŭg'nĕt, *f.* a young swan [ences
 Cŭl'ĭn-dĕr, *f.* a long round body
 Cŭl'ĭn'drĭc-āl, *a.* like a cylinder
 Cŭ-mār', *f.* a slight covering, a scarf
 Cŭm'bāl, *f.* a musical instrument
 Cŭn'ĭc, *f.* a snarling philosopher
 Cŭn'ĭc, Cŭn'ĭc-āl, *a.* snarling, satyrical
 Cŭ'prĕss, *f.* a tree
 Cŭ'prŭss, *f.* a thin silk gauze; a rush
 Cŭst, Cŭs'tĭs, *f.* a bag of morbid matter
 Czār, *f.* the emperor of Russia

Czār-ī'na, Czār-ī'na, *f.* the empress of Russia

D.

DĀB, *f.* a gentle blow; a fish; an artist; a lump; *v. a.* to strike gently

Dāb'ble, *v. a. & n.* to smear, daub; to play in water [superficial meddler

Dāb'blér, *f.* one who plays in water; a

Da-cā'po, *f.* a term in music

Dāce, *f.* a fish resembling a roach

Dāc'týle, *f.* a poetical foot, consisting of one long syllable and two short

Dād, Dād'dy, *f.* a puerile term for father

Dæ'dāl, } *a.* various, variegated

Dæ-dā'lī-ōn, } *a.* various, variegated

Dāf'fo-dīl, Dāf'fo-dīl-ly, *f.* a yellow flower

Dāft, *v. a.* to toss aside

Dāg'gér, *f.* a short sword; a poniard; a mark of reference (†)

Dāg'gle, *v. a. & n.* to trail in the dirt; to be in the mire

Dāi'ly, *a.* day by day, each day

Dāin'tī-ly, *ad.* elegantly; deliciously

Dāin'tī-něs, *f.* delicacy, squeamishness, nicety

Dāin'ty, *f.* something nice, a delicacy

Dāin'ty, *a.* delicate, nice, squeamish

Dāin'ties, *f. pl.* niceties, rarities

Dāir'y, *f.* a milk farm or house

Dāir'y-māid, *f.* a maid who attends the dai-

Dāi'fy, *f.* a spring-flower [ry

Dāle, *f.* a space between two hills, a vale or valley [craftination

Dāl'lī-ānce, *f.* act of fondness; delay, pro-

Dāl'lī-ér, *f.* a trifler, a fonder

Dāl'ly, *v. a. & n.* to delay, trifle, play the fool

Dām, *f.* a mother of brutes; a bank to stop water; a flood-gate: *v. a.* to stop or shut up, to confine

Dām'age, *f.* mischief, hurt; loss: *v. a. & n.* to injure, hurt; to take advantage

Dām'age-a-ble, *a.* what may be hurt; pernicious

Dām'ās-cēne, *f.* a small black plum

Dām'āsk, *f.* silk or woolen woven into flowers: *v. a.* to variegate, to diversify with flowers

Dāme, *f.* a lady, a woman in general

Dāmn, *v. a.* to curse, condemn, hiss down

Dām'na-ble, *a.* destructive; wicked, horrid

Dām'na-bly, *ad.* destructively, wickedly

Dām-nā'tion, *f.* condemnation to eternal punishment

Dām'něd, *a.* hateful, cursed, exploded

Dām'nī-fy, *v. a.* to injure, hurt, impair

Dāmp, *f.* a fog, moist air, moisture, dejection: *a.* moist; dejected, sunk, depressed: *v. a.* to wet; depress, weaken

Dāmp'ish-něs, *f.* tendency to wetness

Dāmp'něs, *f.* moistness, fogginess, humidity [lass

Dām'šěl, *f.* a young maiden; a country

Dām'šón, *f.* a small black plum

Dānce, *f.* a musical motion: *v. a. & n.* to wait upon; to put into motion; to move by music

Dān'cér, *f.* who practises the art of dancing

Dān'cīng-māl'tér, *f.* who teaches to dance

Dān'cīng-schōōl, *f.* a school where dancing is taught

Dăn'dle, *v. a.* to handle, fondle; please; delay

Dăn'd'ler, *f.* who fondles children

Dăn'druff, *f.* scurf; scabs on the head

Dăn'g,ér, *f.* risk, hazard, peril

Dăn'g,ér-lěs, *a.* without risk or danger

Dăn'g,ér-oũs, *a.* hazardous, perilous

Dăn'g,ér-oũf-ly, *ad.* with danger, hazardously

Dăn'g,ér-oũf-něs, *f.* danger, hazard

Dăn'gle, *v. n.* to hang loose or about; to be an humble follower

Dăn'g'ler, *f.* one who hangs about women

Dăn'k, *a.* damp, moist, wet, humid

Dăn'k'ish, *a.* somewhat moist, or wet

Dăp'pér, *a.* little and active; lively

Dăp'ple, *a.* of various colours, streaked, imbricated: *v. a.* to streak, vary, diversify

Dăre, *v. a. & n.* to defy, to challenge; to have courage

Dăr'ing, *a.* bold, fearless

Dăre'fũl, *a.* full of defiance

Dăr'ing-ly, *ad.* boldly, courageously

Dăr'ing-něs, *f.* boldness, intrepidity

Dărk, *f.* darkness, obscurity, want of light: *a.* without light, obscure; blind

Dărk, Dărk'en, *v. a. & n.* to darken, to shut out the light, to cloud; to grow or become dark

Dărk'ling, *part.* being in the dark

Dărk'ly, *ad.* obscurely, blindly

Dărk'něs, *f.* want of light, infernal gloom

Dărk'some, *a.* gloomy, obscure

Dăr'ling, *f.* a favourite; one much beloved: *a.* dear, beloved, favourite

Dărn, *v. a.* to mend holes

Dărn'el, *f.* a common field-weed

Dărt, *f.* a missile weapon thrown by the hand: *v. a. & n.* to throw offensively; to fly as a dart

Dăsh, *f.* collision; infusion; ornament in writing; this mark (—): *v. a.* to strike against; to mix; blot out

Dăf'tărd, *f.* a faint-hearted fellow, a coward

Dăf'tărd-ise, *v. a.* to terrify, to intimidate

Dăf'tărd-ly, *a.* cowardly, mean, timorous

Dăf'tărd-y, *f.* cowardliness, timorousness

Dăte, *f.* point of time, duration; a fruit

Dăte, *v. a.* to give the precise time

Dăte'lěs, *a.* without a date

Dă'tive, *f.* the third of the six cases in grammar, used in actions of giving and restoring

Dăub', *v. a.* to smear; flatter; trim gaudily

Dăub'ér, *f.* a coarse low painter

Dăub'y, *a.* viscous, adhesive, glutinous

Dăugh'tér, *f.* a female child

Dăunt, or Dăunt', *v. a.* to discourage, fright, intimidate

Dăunt'lěs, *a.* not dejected, fearless

Dăunt'lěs-něs, *f.* fearlessness [dolphin]

Dău'phĩn, *f.* the eldest son of France; a

Dăw', *f.* the name of a bird

Dăwn', *f.* the first rise, beginning: *v. n.* to grow light, to become luminous

Dăy, *f.* that part of time from sun-rising to setting

Dăy'běd, *f.* a bed used for idleness

Dăy'bòek, *f.* a book containing all the occurrences of the day [light]

Dăy'breāk, *f.* dawn, first appearance of

Dăy-lă'bòur, *f.* labour by the day

Dāy'lā'boŭr-ér, *f.* one who works by the day
 Dāy'light, *f.* light of the day
 Dāy'sprīng, *f.* beginning of the day; dawn
 Dāy'stār, *f.* the morning-star
 Dāy'time, *f.* the time in which there is light
 Dāy'wōrk, *f.* work done by the day
 Dāze, *v. a.* to overpower with light
 Dāz'zle, *v. a. & n.* to overpower with light:
 to be overpowered with light
 Dēa'con, *f.* a church officer; master of an
 incorporated company
 Dēa'con-ēss, *f.* a female deacon
 Dēa'con-ry, Dēa'con-shīp, *f.* the dignity or
 office of a deacon
 Dēad, *f.* stillness, silence; dead men; *a.* de-
 prived of life; dull; tasteless; lost
 Dēad, } *v. a.* to deaden; make taste-
 Dēad'en, } less
 Dēad-līft, *f.* hopeless exigence
 Dēad'ly, *a.* destructive, mortal, implacable;
ad. mortally; implacably
 Dēad'nēss, *f.* want of warmth; faintness
 Dēaf, *a.* wanting the sense of hearing; ob-
 scurely heard
 Dēaf, Dēaf'en, *v. a.* to make deaf
 Dēaf'ly, *ad.* obscurely to the ear, without
 sense of sounds
 Dēaf'nēss, *f.* the want of hearing; unwill-
 ingness to hear
 Dēal, *f.* quantity, portion, firwood: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to distribute, to give each his due:
 to traffic, to trade, to contend with
 Dēal'ér, *f.* one who deals, a tradesman
 Dēal'ing, *f.* practice, business, intercourse
 Dēan, *f.* a dignitary in the church
 Dēan'e-ry, *f.* the dean's office, revenue, or
 house

Dēan'shīp, *f.* office and rank of a deacon
 Dēar, *f.* a word of endearment. *a.* beloved;
 costly, scarce, valuable
 Dēar'bōught', *a.* purchased at a high price
 Dēar'ly, *ad.* with great fondness; at a high
 price
 Dēarn, *v. a.* to mend clothes [scarcity
 Dēar'nēss, *f.* love, fondness; high price;
 Dēarth, *f.* scarcity, barrenness
 Dēath, *f.* extinction of life; mortality
 Dēath'bēd, *f.* the bed to which one is con-
 fined by mortal sickness
 Dēath'fūl, *a.* full of slaughter, murderous
 Dēath'lēss, *a.* immortal, never dying
 Dēath'like, *a.* resembling death, still
 Dēath's-dōor, *f.* near approach to death
 Dēath's'-mān, *f.* executioner, hangman
 Dēath'-wātch, *f.* a small noisy insect
 De-bār', *v. a.* to exclude, hinder, preclude
 De-bārb', *v. a.* to deprive of his beard
 De-bārk', *v. a.* to disembark [grade
 De-bāse', *v. a.* to lessen, adulterate, de-
 De-bāse'mēnt, *f.* the act of debasing or de-
 grading
 De-bāse'ér, *f.* one who debases or degrades
 De-bāte', *f.* a controversy: *v. a. & n.* to
 contest; to deliberate, consider
 De-bāte'a-ble, *a.* disputable, liable to con-
 troversy
 De-bāte'fūl, *a.* quarrelsome
 De-bāte'mēnt, *f.* contest, controversy
 De-bāt'ér, *f.* a disputant, controvertist
 De-bāuch', *f.* excess, lewdness, luxury: *v. a.*
 to deflower, corrupt, vitiate
 Dēb-āu-chēe', *f.* a drunkard; a lecher
 De-bāuch'ér, *f.* who debauches
 De-bāuch'e-ry, *f.* intemperance, lewdness

De-bâuch'měnt, *f.* the act of debauching, corruption [claimed
De-běn'ture, *f.* a writ by which a debt is
Děb'ile, *a.* weak, languid, faint [faint
De-bil'ĩ-tate, *v. a.* to weaken, to make
De-bil'ĩ-tā'tion, *f.* act of weakening
De-bil'ĩ-ty, *f.* weakness, feebleness
Děb-o-nāir', *a.* eloquent, well-bred, civil
Děbt, *f.* what is another's just due
Děbt'ěd, *a.* indebted, obliged to
Děbt'ór, *f.* one who is in debt; one side of
Děc'ade, *f.* the sum of ten [an account
De-cā'děn-cy, *f.* decay, fall, decline
Děc'a-gón, *f.* a figure of ten sides
Děc'a-lōgue, *f.* the ten commandments
De-cāmp', *v. n.* to shift a camp, to move off
De-cāmp'měnt, *f.* the act of decamping
De-cānt', *v. a.* to pour off gently
De-cān-tā'tion, *f.* the act of decanting
De-cān'tér, *f.* a glass vessel for liquor
De-cāp'ĩ-tate, *v. a.* to behead
De-cāy', *f.* a decline, a falling away, declen-
sion from prosperity: *v. n.* to consume;
to decline from perfection
De-cāy'ér, *f.* that which causes decay
De-cēase', *f.* departure from life, death
De-cēase', *v. n.* to depart from life, to die
De-cēit', *f.* fraud, cheat, artifice
De-cēit'fûl, *a.* full of deceit; treacherous
De-cēit'fûl-ly, *ad.* fraudulently; treacher-
ously
De-cēit'fûl-něs, *f.* a tendency to deceive
De-cēiv'a-ble, *a.* what may be deceived,
deceitful [ceived
De-cēiv'a-ble-něs, *f.* liableness to be de-
De-cēive', *v. a.* to mislead, mock, impose
upon

De-cēiv'ér, *f.* who deceives, a cheat
De-cēm'bér, *f.* the last month of the year
De-cēm'vĩ-rate, *f.* government by ten
rulers [ness
Dě'cěn-cy, *f.* propriety, modesty, cleanli-
De-cěn'nĩ-āl, *a.* continuing ten years
Dě'cěnt, *a.* becoming, fit, suitable
Dě'cěnt-ly, *ad.* in a proper manner
De-cěp-tĩ-bil'ĩ-ty, *f.* liableness to be de-
ceived
De-cěp'tĩ-ble, *a.* that may be deceived
De-cěp'tion, *f.* a cheat, deceiving, beguiling
De-cěp'tious, *a.* deceitful, apt to deceive
De-cěp'tive, *a.* able to deceive
De-cěp'to-ry, *a.* containing means of deceit
De-chārm', *v. a.* to disenchant
De-cĩde', *v. a.* to determine, finish, fix the
event of
De-cĩd'ér, *f.* one who determines causes
De-cĩd'u-ous, *a.* falling, not perennial
De-cĩd'u-ous-něs, *f.* aptness to fall
Děc'ĩ-māl, *a.* numbered by tens
Děc'ĩ-mate, *v. a.* to take the tenth
Děc'ĩ-mā'tion, *f.* a taking the tenth
De-cĩphér, *v. a.* to unfold, unravel, ex-
plain
De-cĩphér-ér, *f.* who explains characters
De-cĩ'fion, *f.* determination of a differ-
ence
Dě-cĩ'fĩve, *a.* settling a matter, conclusive
De-cĩ'fĩve-ly, *ad.* in a conclusive manner
De-cĩ'fĩve-něs, *f.* conclusiveness; power
of settling an event
De-cĩ'so-ry, *a.* able to decide, containing a
conclusion
Děck, *f.* the floor of a ship
Děck, *v. a.* to dress, adorn, cover, array

Dēck'ér, *f.* a dresser, a coverer
 De-clāim', *v. n.* to speak in public, to harangue
 De-clāim'ér, *f.* one who declaims
 Dēc-la-mā'tion, *f.* a discourse, harangue
 Dēc-la-mā'tōr, *f.* a declaimer; an orator
 De-clām'a-to-ry, *a.* belonging to declamation
 De-clā'ra-ble, *a.* capable of proof
 Dēc-la-rā'tion, *f.* affirmation, publication
 De-clār'a-tive, *a.* explanatory, making publication
 De-clār'a-to-rī-ly, *ad.* by way of declaration
 De-clā'a-to-ry, *a.* affirmative, expressive; not promissory
 De-clāre', *v. a.* to make known, to proclaim, to publish
 De-clāre'mēt, *f.* discovery, testimony
 De-clār'ér, *f.* who makes a thing known
 De-clēn'sion, *f.* variation of nouns; corruption of a thing
 De-clīn'a-ble, *a.* what may be declined
 Dēc-lī-nā'tion, *f.* the act of bending
 Dēc-lī-nā'tōr, *f.* an instrument in dialling
 De-clīne', *v. a. & n.* to lean; to vary words; to shun; to decay; to bend downward;
f. decay, tendency to worse
 De-clīv'ī-ty, *f.* gradual descent
 De-clīv'oūs, *a.* gradually descending
 De-cōct', *v. a.* to boil, to digest
 De-cōc'ti-ble, *a.* what may be boiled or digested
 De-cōc'tion, *f.* a preparation by boiling
 De-cōct'ure, *f.* what is drawn by decoction
 De-cōl-lā'tion, *f.* the act of beheading
 De-cōm-pōs'ite, *a.* compounded a second time

De-cōm-pōūnd', *a.* compounded again: *v. a.* to compound a second time
 Dēc'o-rate, *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish, beautify [ishment
 Dēc-o-rā'tion, *f.* ornament, dress, embellishment
 Dēc-o-rā'tōr, *f.* an adorer
 De-cō'rūm, *f.* decency, order
 De-cōy', *f.* a place to catch wild-fowl: *v. a.* to ensnare, mislead, entrap
 De-cōy'-dūck, *f.* a duck that allures others
 De-crēase', *f.* the state of growing less, a decay: *v. a. & n.* to diminish, to make less; to grow less
 De-crēe', *f.* edict, law; determination: *v. a. & n.* to doom; to make an edict
 Dēc're-mēt, *f.* decrease, state of growing less
 De-crēp'it, *a.* wasted and worn by age
 De-crēp'it-nēss, } *f.* craziness; weakness
 De-crēp'it-tude, }
 De-crē'tāl, *f.* a book of decrees, a pope's letter: *a.* of or belonging to a decree
 Dēc're-to-ry, *a.* judicial, definitive, critical
 De-crī'āl, *f.* clamorous censure
 De-crȳ', *v. a.* to censure, blame, cry down
 De-cūm'bēnce, } *f.* act of lying down
 De-cūm'bēn-cy, }
 De-cū'ple, *a.* tenfold, repeated ten times
 De-cū'rī-ōn, *f.* a captain over ten men
 De-cūr'sion, *f.* the act of running down
 De-cōr-tā'tion, *f.* the act of cutting short
 De-cūf'sate, *v. a.* to cut at unequal angles
 De-dēc'o-rate, *v. a.* to disgrace
 De-dēc'o-roūs, *a.* disgraceful
 Ded'ī-cate, *a.* consecrated, dedicated, devoted: *v. a.* to inscribe to a patron; to appropriate

Dēd-ī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of dedicating; solemn consecration
 Dēd'ī-cā'tōr, *f.* one who dedicates his work to a patron
 Dēd'ī-ca-to-ry, *a.* complimentary, adulatory
 De-dī'tion, *f.* the act of yielding up, or restoring
 De-dūce', *v. a.* to gather or infer from
 De-dūce'mēt, *f.* a thing deduced, consequence [reason
 De-dū'cī-ble, *a.* what may be inferred by
 De-dū'cīve, *a.* performing by deduction
 De-dūct', *v. a.* to subtract, cut off
 De-dūc'tion, *f.* abatement; consequence
 De-dūc'tīve, *a.* deducible from a position premised
 De-dūc'tīve-ly, *ad.* consequentially
 Dēed, *f.* action, exploit; fact; written evidence [action
 Dēed'lēss, *a.* inactive, without exploits or
 Dēm, *v. n.* to judge, conclude, think, determine
 Dēep, *f.* the sea, the abyss of water; *a.* far to the bottom; knowing; grave
 Dēep'en, *v. a.* to make deep; to darken
 Dēep'ly, *ad.* in a high degree, sorrowfully
 Dēep-mōūth'ed, *a.* having a hoarse loud voice
 Dēep-mūf'ing, *a.* lost in thought
 Dēep'nēss, *f.* depth, profundity
 Dēer, *f.* a forest animal hunted for venison
 De-fāce', *v. a.* to destroy, raze, disfigure
 De-fāce'mēt, *f.* violation, injury
 De-fācér, *f.* destroyer, abolisher, violator
 Dēf-a-mā'tion, *f.* slander, reproach, censure
 De-fām'a-to-ry, *a.* slanderous
 De-fāme', *v. a.* to censure falsely

De-fām'ér, *f.* who defames, a detractor
 De-fāt'ī-gate, *v. a.* to weary, to tire
 De-fāt-ī-gā'tion, *f.* weariness
 De-fāult', *f.* omission, defect, failure
 De-fēat', *f.* overthrow of an army; deprivation: *v. a.* to overthrow, frustrate, abolish
 De-fēat'ure, *f.* alteration of countenance
 De-fēct', *f.* want, failing, error, blemish
 De-fēct-ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* imperfection, blemish
 De-fēc'tī-ble, *a.* deficient, imperfect
 De-īēc'tion, *f.* a falling away, revolt
 De-fēc'tīve, *a.* blameable, imperfect, vicious
 De-fēc'tīve-nēss, *f.* faultiness
 De-fēnce', *f.* guard, resistance, vindication
 De-fēnce-lēss, *a.* naked, unarmed
 De-fēnd', *v. a.* to stand in defence, to vindicate
 De-fēnd'a-ble, *a.* may be defended
 De-fēnd'ānt, *f.* the person accused; who defends in combat: *a.* fit for defence
 De-fēnd'ér, *f.* an advocate, assertor; champion [able
 De-fēn'sī-ble, *a.* may be defended, justifi-
 De-fēn'sīve, *f.* safeguard: *a.* proper for defence, serving to defend
 De-fēn'sīve-ly, *ad.* in a defensive manner
 De-fér', *v. a. & n.* to with-hold; put off, delay
 Dēf'ér-ēnce, *f.* regard, respect, submission
 Dēf'ér-ēnt, *f.* what carries or conveys up and down: *a.* carrying up and down
 De-fī'ānce, *f.* a challenge; expression of abhorrence [tion, want
 De-fī'cience, De-fī'cien-cy, *f.* imperfect
 De-fī'cient, *a.* defective
 De-fī'ér, *f.* who challenges or defies

De-fīlē', *f.* a narrow passage ; a line of soldiers: *v. a.* to make foul, to corrupt; taint

De-fīlē'mēnt, *f.* corruption, pollution

De-fīl'ér, *f.* a corrupter, a polluter

De-fīn'a-ble, *a.* may be ascertained

De-fīnē', *v. a.* to explain ; mark out ; decide, determine

De-fīn'ér, *f.* one who defines or describes

Děf'ī-nīte, *a.* certain, exact, limited

Děf'īn-īte-něs, *f.* certainty, limitedness

Děf-ī-nī'tion, *f.* description, determination

De-fīn'ī-tīve, *a.* determinate, express, positive

De-fīn'ī-tīve-ly, *ad.* positively

De-fīn'ī-tīve-něs, *f.* decisiveness

De-flēct', *v. n.* to turn aside, to deviate

De-flec'tion, *f.* a turning aside, deviation

De-flēx'ure, *f.* a bending down, deflection

Děf-lo-rā'tion, *f.* act of deflouring ; selection [ravish

De-flōūr', *v. a.* to take away beauty ; to

De-flōūr'ér, *f.* who takes away virginity

De-flūx'īōn, *f.* a falling down of humours

Děf-œ-dā'tion, *f.* the act of making filthy

De-fōrm', *v. a.* to disgrace, dishonour, disfigure : *a.* disfigured, ugly, irregular

De-fōrm-ā'tion, *f.* a defacing

De-fōrm'ēd, *part. a.* disfigured, ugly

De-fōrm'ēd-ly, *ad.* in an ugly manner

De-fōrm'ēd-něs, *f.* ugliness

De-fōrm'ī-ty, *f.* crookedness, irregularity

De-frāud', *v. a.* to rob by a trick

De-frāud'ér, *f.* one who defrauds, a deceiver

De-frāy', *v. a.* to bear charges or expences

De-frāy'ér, *f.* who discharges expences

De-frāy'mēnt, *f.* the payment of expences

Děst, *a.* neat, ready, dexterous

Děst'ly, *ad.* in a skilful manner ; neatly

De-fūnct', *f.* a dead man or woman : *a.* dead, deceased, not living

De-func'tion, *f.* death [despise

De-fy', *f.* a challenge : *v. a.* to challenge,

De-fy'ér, *f.* a challenger

De-g,ěn'ér-a-cy, *f.* a parting from virtue

De-g,ěn'ér-ate, *v. n.* to decay in virtue or kind : *a.* unlike ancestors ; unworthly

De-g,ěn'ér-ate-něs, *f.* degeneracy

De-g,ěn'ér-ā'tion, *f.* act of degenerating

De-g,ěn'ér-oūs, *a.* degenerated, vile, base

De-g,ěn'ér-oū-ly, *ad.* meanly, basely

De-glu-tī'tion, *f.* the act of swallowing

Deg-ra-dā'tion, *f.* a placing lower, baseness

De-grāde', *v. a.* to place lower, to lessen

De-grēe', *f.* proportion, quality, station, the 360th part of a circle ; on the earth 60 miles

De-hōrt', *v. a.* to dissuade

De-hōr-tā'tion, *f.* advising to the contrary

De-hōr'ta-to-ry, *a.* belonging to dissuasion

Dē'ī-cide, *f.* the death of our Saviour

De-jēct', *v. a.* to cast down, grieve, afflict

De-jēct'ēd-ly, *ad.* in a dejected manner

De-jēct'ēd-něs, *f.* lowness of spirits

De-jēc'tion, *f.* melancholy, weakness ; a stool

De-īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* act of deifying or making a god

Dē'ī-fōrm, *a.* of a godlike form

Dē'ī-fy, *v. a.* to make a god of, to adore

Dēign, *v. a.* to vouchsafe, to grant

Dē'ism, *f.* a denying of the scriptures

Dē'ist, *f.* one who adheres to deism

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De-ist'ic-āl, *a.* belonging to deism
 Dē'i-ty, *f.* a divinity, a God
 De-lāy', *v. a. & n.* to defer; hinder; frustrate; to stop
 De-lāy', *f.* deferring, stop, procrastination
 De-lāy'ēr, *f.* one who defers
 De-lēc'ta-ble, *a.* pleasing, delightful
 De-lēc'ta-ble-nēss, *f.* delightfulness
 De-lēc'ta-bly, *ad.* delightfully, pleasantly
 De-lēc-tā'tion, *f.* pleasure, delight
 Dēl'e-gate, *f.* a commissioner, a deputy: *a.* appointed, deputed: *v. a.* to send away; to appoint; to intrust
 Dēl'e-gates, *f.* a court of appeal
 Dēl-e-gā'tion, *f.* a sending away, commission, trust
 De-lēte', *v. a.* to blot out
 De-lē'tion, *f.* a blotting out, a destruction
 Dēl-e-tē'rī-ōūs, De-lē'te-ry, *a.* deadly, destructive
 Dēlf, *f.* a mine, a quarry; earthen ware
 De-līb'ér-ate, *v. n.* to consult, hesitate, think: *a.* advised, circumspect, slow
 De-līb'ér-ate-ly, *ad.* advisedly, circumspectly
 De-līb'ér-ate-nēss, *f.* circumspection
 De-līb'ér-ā'tion, *f.* the act of deliberating
 De-līb'ér-a-tīve, *f.* what considers a question: *a.* apt to consider
 Dēl'i-ça-cy, *f.* daintiness, politeness
 Dēl'i-cate, *a.* nice, polite; soft, pure
 Dēl'i-cate-ly, *ad.* choicely, politely, daintily
 Dēl'i-cate-nēss, *f.* tenderness, softness
 Dēl'i-cates, *f.* niceties, rarities
 De-lī'cious, *a.* sweet; pleasant, very nice
 Dēl'i-cēs, *f. pl.* pleasures
 De-lī'ciouf-ly, *ad.* delightfully, nicely
 De-lī'ciouf-nēss, *f.* delight, joy; sweetness

De-līght', *f.* content, joy, satisfaction: *v. a. & n.* to satisfy; to give pleasure; to receive pleasure
 De-līght'fūl, *a.* charming, pleasant, agreeable
 De-līght'fūl-ly, *ad.* charmingly
 De-līght'fūl-nēss, *f.* comfort, pleasantness
 De-līght'fōme, *a.* pleasant, delightful
 De-līght'fōme-ly, *ad.* pleasantly; in a delightful manner
 De-līght'fōme-nēss, *f.* pleasantness
 De-līn'e-ate, *v. a.* to draw, paint, describe
 De-līn-e-ā'tion, *f.* first draught of a thing
 De-līn'quēn-cy, *f.* a fault, failure in duty
 De-līn'quēnt, *f.* who has committed a crime
 Dēl'i-quāte, *v. n.* to melt, to be dissolved
 Dēl-i-quā'tion, *f.* a melting, a dissolving
 De-līq'ūi-ūm, *f.* a distillation by fire
 Dēl-i-rā'tion, *f.* dotage, folly
 De-līr'ī-ōūs, *a.* doating, raving, mad
 De-līr'ī-ūm, *f.* alienation of the mind
 De-līv'ér, *v. a.* to give up; save; relate
 De-līv'ér-ānce, *f.* freedom, rescue; utterance
 De-līv'ér-ēr, *f.* a preserver, saviour
 De-līv'ér-y, *f.* a release; utterance; childbirth
 Dēll, *f.* a cavity in the earth, a pit
 Dēlph, *f.* fine earthen ware
 De-lū'da-ble, *a.* may be deluded
 De-lūde', *v. a.* to deceive, to disappoint; debauch
 De-lūd'ér, *f.* a beguiler, a deceiver
 Dēlve, *f.* a pitfall, a den, a ditch, a cave: *v. a.* to dig, to sift, to fathom
 Dēl'vér, *f.* a digger
 Dēl'uge, *f.* an overflow of water, &c.

Děl'uge, *v. a.* to drown, to overwhelm
 De-lū'fion, *f.* a cheat, illusion, guile
 De-lū'fīve, *a.* apt to deceive
 De-lū'fo-ry, *a.* delusive, apt to deceive
 Dēm'a-gōgue, *f.* the ringleader of a rabble
 De-mānd', *f.* a claim; question; challenge:
v. a. to ask with authority, to claim
 De-mānd'a-ble, *a.* may be demanded
 De-mānd'ant, *f.* plaintiff in an action
 De-mānd'ér, *f.* one who demands dues
 Dē-mēan, *v. a. & n.* to debase, undervalue;
 to behave
 De-mēan'our, *f.* carriage, behaviour
 De-mēans, *f. pl.* an estate in goods or lands
 De-mēr'it, *f.* ill-deserving
 De-mēsne', *f.* a patrimonial estate
 Dēm'ī, *inseparable particle*; half
 Dēm'ī-dēv'īl, *f.* half a devil
 Dēm'ī-gōd', *f.* partaking of divine nature
 De-mīse', *f.* decease, death: *v. a.* to grant
 at one's death [office
 De-mīf'fion, *f.* degradation, deprivation of
 De-mīt', *v. a.* to degrade; to let fall
 De-mōc'ra-cy, *f.* popular government
 Dēm-o-crāt'ī-cāl, *a.* belonging to democ-
 racy
 De-mōl'īsh, *v. a.* to destroy, raze, overthrow
 De-mōl'īsh-ér, *f.* who demolishes
 Dēm-ō-lī'tion, *f.* the act of demolishing
 Dē'mōn, *f.* an evil spirit, a devil
 De-mō'nī-ác, *f.* one possessed with a de-
 mon
 De-mo-nī'ác-āl, De-mō'nī-ān, *a.* devilish
 Dēm-ōn-ōc'ra-cy, *f.* the power of the devil
 Dēm-ōn-ōl'a-try, *f.* worship of the devil
 De-mōn'ftra-ble, *a.* admitting of certain
 proof

De-mōn'ftra-bly, *ad.* certainly, clearly
 De-mōn'ftrat', *v. a.* to prove with certainty
 Dēm-ōn-ftrā'tion, *f.* indubitable proof or e-
 vidence
 De-mōn'ftra-tīve, *a.* conclusive
 De-mōn'ftra-tīve-ly, *ad.* clearly, plainly
 Dēm-ōn-ftrā'tōr, *f.* one who demonstrates
 De-mūr', *f.* doubt, hesitation: *v. a. & n.* to
 doubt: to have scruples
 De-mūre', *a.* grave, affected, modest
 De-mūre'ly, *ad.* affectedly, solemnly
 De-mūre'nēss, *f.* affected modesty, graveness
 De-mūr'rér, *f.* a stop in a law-suit
 Dēn, *f.* a cavern, a cave for beasts, &c.
 De-nāy, *f.* denial, refusal
 De-nī'a-ble, *a.* that may be denied
 De-nī'āl, *f.* negation, objection, refusal
 De-nī'ér, *f.* one who denies, a refuser
 Dēn'ī-son, Dēn'ī-zen, *f.* a citizen, a free-
 man
 Dēn-ī-zā'tion, *f.* act of making free
 Dēn'ī-zen, *v. a.* to make free, enfranchise
 De-nōm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to give a name to
 De-nōm'īn-ā'tion, *f.* a name given to, the
 name
 De-nōm'īn-ā'tīve, *a.* giving a name
 De-nōm'īn-ā'tōr, *f.* the giver of a name
 De-no-tā'tion, *f.* act of denoting
 De-nōte', *v. a.* to mark, betoken, shew by
 signs [en
 De-nōûnce', *v. a.* to declare against, to threat-
 De-nōûnce'mēt, *f.* declaration of a threat
 De-nōûnc'ér, *f.* one who declares some
 threat
 Dēnse, *a.* close, compact, almost solid
 Dēn'fī-ty, *f.* compactness, closeness
 Dēn'tāl, *f.* a small shell-fish

Děn'tál, *a.* belonging to the teeth
 Děn-tíc-u-lā'tion, *f.* a setting with teeth
 Děn-tíc'u-lat-ěd, *a.* set with small teeth
 Děn'tī-frīçe, *f.* a powder for the teeth
 Děn-tī'tion, *f.* the act of cutting or breeding teeth
 De-nū'date, *v. a.* to divest, strip
 De-nu-dā'tion, *f.* the act of stripping
 De-nūde', *v. a.* to strip, to make naked
 De-nūn-cī-ā'tion, *f.* a public threat
 De-nūn-cī-ā'tór, *f.* he who informs
 De-ný', *v. a.* to contradict; disown, refuse
 De-ōb-strūct', *v. a.* to remove impediments
 De-ōb'stru-ěnt, *a.* opening obstructions
 Dē'o-dānd, *f.* a forfeiture in law
 De-pāint', *v. a.* to describe by colours; to describe
 De-pàrt', *v. a. & n.* to quit, to leave: to go away; to desist, to desert, to die
 De-pàrt'měnt, *f.* separate office, duty
 De-pàrt'ure, *f.* a going away; death
 De-pāup'ér-ate, *v. a.* to make poor
 De-pěnd', *v. n.* to hang from; to rely on, to trust to
 De-pěnd'ānce, *f.* connection; reliance, trust
 De-pěnd'ānt }
 De-pěnd'ěnt } *a.* at another's command
 De-pěnd'ānt } *f.* who lives in subjection
 De-pěnd'ěnt } to another
 De-pěnd'ěnce } *f.* concatenation, connection
 De-pěnd'ěn-cy }
 De-pěnd'ér, *f.* a dependent
 De-pīct', *v. a.* to paint, describe, pourtray
 De-pīl'a-to-ry, *f.* a mean to take away the hair
 De-plō'ra-ble, *a.* despicable, lamentable, sad

De-plō'ra-ble-něs, *f.* the state of being deplorable
 De-plō'ra-bly, *ad.* lamentably, miserably
 Děp-lo-rā'tion, *f.* the act of deploring
 De-plōre', *v. a.* to commiserate, lament
 De-plōr'ér, *f.* who deplores, a mourner
 De-plu-mā'tion, *f.* a plucking off the feathers
 De-plūme', *v. a.* to strip off feathers
 De-pōne', *v. a.* to lay down as a pledge
 De-pō'něnt, *f.* an evidence upon oath
 De-pōp'u-late, *v. a.* to lay waste, to unpeople
 De-pōp-u-lā'tion, *f.* destruction of mankind
 De-pōp-u-lā'tór, *f.* a destroyer of mankind
 De-pōrt', *f.* demeanour, grace of attitude: *v. n.* to carry, demean, behave
 De-pōrt'měnt, *f.* behaviour
 De-pōse', *v. a. & n.* to lay down, divest: bear witness
 De-pōs'íte, *f.* a pledge, pawn, wager: *v. a.* to trust in the hands of another
 Děp-o-f'it-ion, *f.* public evidence; act of degrading
 De-pōs'í-to-ry, *f.* a place where things are lodged
 Děp-ra-vā'tion, *f.* depravity, degeneracy
 De-prāve', *v. a.* to vitiate, corrupt, contaminate
 De-prāv'ěd-něs, *f.* corruption, taint
 De-prāv'ér, *f.* a corrupter
 De-prāv'í-ty, *f.* corruption, a vitiated state
 Děp're-cate, *v. a. & n.* to beg of; to pray earnestly
 Děp-re-cā'tion, *f.* a prayer against evil
 De-prēc'a-tíve, *a.* that serves to deprecate
 De-prě'cī-ate, *v. a.* to lessen in value
 Děp're-date', *v. a.* to spoil, rob, devour

- Děp-re-dā'tion, *f.* a robbing, spoiling
 Děp-re-dāt'ór, *f.* a robber, a devourer
 Děp-re-hěň'fĩ-ble, *a.* may be caught; may be understood
 Děp-re-hěň'fĩ-ble-něs, *f.* capableness of being caught; intelligibleness
 Děp-re-hěň'fion, *f.* a catching unawares, a discovery [out
 Děp-re-hěňd', *v. a.* to take unawares, find
 De-prěs', *v. a.* to humble, deject, cast down
 De-prěs'fion, *f.* lowness of spirits, humiliation
 De-prěs'fór, *f.* who keeps or presses down
 Děp-rĩ-vā'tion, *f.* the act of depriving or taking away
 De-prĩvė', *v. a.* to take away from, to debar, to put out
 Děpth, *f.* deepness, obscurity
 De-pũ'cĩl-ate, *v. n.* to deflower
 Děp-u-tā'tion *f.* act of deputing, commission
 De-pũtė', *v. a.* to empower, act, send
 Děp'ũ-ty, *f.* who officiates in the name of another
 De-rāç'ĩn-atė, *v. a.* to root up
 De-rāign', *v. a.* to justify, to prove
 De-rĩdė', *v. a.* to laugh at, to mock, scorn
 De-rĩd'ér, *f.* a scoffer, a buffoon
 De-rĩ'fion. *f.* a laughing-stock; scorn
 De-rĩ'fĩve, *a.* mocking, scoffing
 De-rĩv'a-ble, *a.* coming by right of descent or derivation
 Děr-ĩ-vā'tion, *f.* a tracing from the original
 De-rĩ'va-tĩve, *a.* derived from another
 De-rĩ'va-tĩve-ly, *ad.* in a derivative manner
 De-rĩvė', *v. a. & n.* to deduce, to trace; to come or descend from
 De-rĩv'ér, *f.* who draws from the original

- Děr'nĩ-ér, *a.* [*Fr.*] last; *dernier resort*
 Děr'o-gate, *v. a.* to disparage, lessen, detract
 Děr-o-gā'tion, *f.* a disparaging
 De-rög'a-tĩve, *a.* lessening the value of
 De-rög'a-to-rĩ-něs, *f.* act of derogating
 De-rög'a-to-rĩ-ly, *ad.* in a detracting manner
 De-rög'a-to-ry, *a.* lessening the value or esteem
 Děr'vĩs, *f.* a Turkish priest
 Děs'cānt, *f.* a song, tune, discourse, disputa-
 Děs'cānt, *v. a.* to enlarge upon [tion
 Dė-scěnd', *v. n.* to come down, come from
 Dė-scěnd'ānt, *f.* offspring of an ancestor
 Dė-scěnd'ěnt, *a.* falling, sinking
 Dė-scěnd'ĩ-ble, *a.* transmissible by inheritance; may be descended
 Dė-scěn'fion, *f.* descent; degradation
 Dė-scěn'fion-āl, *a.* relating to descent
 Dė-scěnt', *f.* declivity, family, invasion, offspring [gures
 Dė-scrĩbė', *v. a.* to represent by words or fi-
 Dė-scrĩb'ér, *f.* one who describes
 Dė-scrĩ'ér, *f.* one who discovers or finds out
 Dė-scrĩp'tion, *f.* the act of describing; re-
 presentation
 Dė-scrỹ', *v. a.* to spy out, discover, detect: *f.* discovery; thing discovered
 Děs'e-crate, *v. a.* to pollute things sacred
 Děs'e-crā'tion, *f.* the act of desecrating
 Dė-řért', *f.* a claim to reward; merit, excellence: *v. a.* to abandon, quit the army
 Děs'ért, *f.* solitude, wilderness: *a.* solitary, waste, wild, uncultivated
 Dė-řért'ér, *f.* one who deserts or forsakes; an abandoner [reward
 Dė-řért'lěs, *a.* without claim to favour or

De-fér'tion, *f.* the act of forsaking; spiri-
tual despondency [good or bad]

De-férve', *v. a.* to be worthy, to merit

De-férv'éd-ly, *ad.* worthily, according to
desert

De-férv'ér, *f.* who merits reward

De-fīgn', *f.* intention, plan of action,
scheme: *v. a.* to propose, intend, plan,
project

De-fīgn'a-ble, *a.* distinguishable

Děf-īg-nā'tion, *f.* appointment, import,
intention

De-fīgn'éd-ly, *ad.* intentionally, purposely

De-fīgn'ér, *f.* an architect; one who lays
down schemes; a contriver

De-fīgn'ing, *part. a.* deceitful, insidious

De-fīgn'mént, *f.* a scheme of hostility; idea

De-fīr'a-ble, *a.* worthy of desire; pleasing

De-fīr'e', *f.* eagerness to enjoy or obtain,
wish: *v. a.* to wish, long for, ask, covet

De-fīr'ér, *f.* who is eager after any thing

De-fīr'ous, *a.* full of desire, eager

De-fīr'ous-ly, *ad.* eagerly, with ardent
wishes

De-fīr'ous-něs, *f.* fulness of desire

De-fīst', *v. n.* to cease from any thing, to

De-fīst'ānce, *f.* act of desisting [stop]

De-fīst'ive, *a.* ending, conclusive

Děsk, *f.* an inclining table to write on

Děs'o-late, *a.* laid waste, solitary: *v. a.* to
lay waste, deprive of inhabitants

Děs'o-late-ly, *ad.* in a desolate manner

Děs-o-lā'tion, *f.* destruction of inhabitants,
sadness, ravage

De-spāir', *f.* loss of confidence; despon-
dence: *v. n.* to be without hope, to de-
spair

De-spāir'ér, *f.* one who despairs

De-spāir'ing-ly, *ad.* in a despairing way

Def-pāch', *f.* express, haste: *v. a.* to send
away; to finish; to kill

Def-pāch'fûl, *a.* bent on haste [rash]

Děs'pe-rate, *a.* without hope; furious,

Děs'pe-rate-ly, *ad.* furiously, rashly

Děs'pe-rate-něs, *f.* madness, precipitance

Děs-pe-rā'tion, *f.* despair, hopelessness

Děs'pī-ca-ble, *a.* contemptible, vile

Děs'pī-ca-ble-něs, *f.* meanness, worthleſs-
ness

Děs'pī-ca-bly, *ad.* meanly, vilely

De-spīf'a-ble, *a.* contemptible, despicable

De-spīf'e', *v. a.* to abhor, condemn, scorn

De-spīf'ér, *f.* a contemner, a scorner

De-spīte', *f.* malice, anger, defiance

De-spīte', *v. a.* to affront, to vex

De-spīte'fûl, *a.* full of spleen, malicious

De-spīte'fûl-ly, *ad.* maliciously, malignant-
ly

De-spīte-fûl-něs, *f.* hatred, malice, ma-
lignity

De-spōil', *v. a.* to deprive, to rob

De-spōnd', *v. a.* to lose hope; to despair

De-spōnd'én-cy, *f.* despair, hopelessness

De-spōnd'ént, *a.* despairing, hopeless

Děs'pōt, *f.* an absolute prince

De-spōt'ic, De-spōt'ic-āl, *a.* absolute, ar-
bitrary

De-spōt'ī-cāl-něs, *f.* absolute authority

Děs'po-tīsm, *f.* absolute power

Děs-fert', *f.* the last course at a feast

Děs'tīn-ate, *v. a.* to design, intend

Děs-tīn-ā'tion, *f.* purpose intended, ulti-
mate design

Děs'tīne, *v. a.* to doom, appoint, devote

Děs'tín-y, *f.* unalterable state, fate, doom
Děs'ti-tute, *a.* abandoned, forsaken, in want of
Děs-ti-tū'tion, *f.* want
De-ströy', *v. a.* to put an end to, lay waste, kill [derer
De-ströy'ér, *f.* one who destroys; a mur-
De-strüc'ti-ble, *a.* liable to destruction
De-strüc-ti-bil'i-ty, *f.* liableness to destruction [ruin
De-strüc'tion, *f.* death eternal, massacre,
De-strüc'tive, *a.* which destroys, wasteful
De-strüc'tive-ly, *ad.* mischievously, ruin-
 ously
De-strüc'tive-něs, *f.* quality of destroying
De-strüc'tör, *f.* a consumer, a destroyer
Děs-u-dā'tion, *f.* a profuse sweating
De-sül'to-ry, *a.* inconstant, immethodical
De-sūme', *v. a.* to take from any thing
De-täch', *v. a.* to send a party, to sepa-
 rate
De-täch'ěd, *part. a.* drawn off, disengaged
De-täch'měnt, *f.* the party sent off
De-tāil', *f.* a minute account or relation
De-tāil', *v. a.* to relate particularly
De-tāin', *v. a.* to hold in custody; to keep
 back
De-tāin'dér, *f.* a writ to detain
De-tāin'ér, *f.* who detains or keeps back
De-těč', *v. a.* to find out a crime; to dis-
 cover
De-těč'ér, *f.* who detects or discovers
De-těč'tion, *f.* discovery of guilt or fraud
De-těn'tion, *f.* the act of detaining, re-
 straint [thing
De-tér', *v. a.* to discourage from any
De-térge', *v. a.* to cleanse a sore, to purge
De-tér'gěnt, *a.* cleansing from dirt, &c.

De-tér'měnt, *f.* cause of discouragement
De-tér'mín-a-ble, *a.* that may be decided
De-tér'mín-ate, *a.* decisive, limited, set-
 tled: *v. a.* to fix, limit, terminate
De-tér'mín-ate-ly, *ad.* resolutely, with fix-
 ed resolve
De-tér-mi-nā'tion, *f.* decision
De-tér'mín-a-tive, *a.* conclusive, decisive
De-tér-mi-nā'tör, *f.* one who determines
De-tér'mine, *v. a. & n.* to decide, settle,
 limit: to come to an end
De-tér'sion, *f.* the act of cleansing a sore
De-tér'sive, *a.* able to cleanse or purify
De-těst', *v. a.* to abhor, hate, abominate
De-těst'a-ble, *a.* abhorred, hateful, odious
De-těst'a-bly, *ad.* abominably, hatefully
De-těst-ā'tion, *f.* abhorrence, abomination
De-těst'ér, *f.* one who detests or abhors
De-thrōne', *v. a.* to divest of royalty, to
 depose
De-tört', *v. a.* to wrest from the original
 meaning
De-trächt', *v. a.* to degenerate, defame
De-trächt'ér, *f.* a calumniator, a slanderer
De-träch'tion, *f.* calumny, defamation
De-träch'to-ry, *a.* defamatory, derogatory
De-träch'třěs, *f.* a censorious woman
Dět'rī-měnt, *f.* loss, damage, mischief
Dět-rī-měnt'ál, *a.* causing loss, hurtful
De-trī'tion, *f.* act of wearing away
De-trūde', *v. a.* to thrust down, to force
 lower
De-trū'sion, *f.* the act of thrusting down
De-vās-tā'tion, *f.* destruction, havock,
 waste
Deuce, *f.* two in cards and dice; the devil
De-věl'óp, *v. a.* to detect, unfold, unravel
De-vest', *v. a.* to take away, to strip

Děv'ī-ate, *v. a.* to go astray, to err, to wander
Děv'ī-ā'tion, *f.* a swerving from; offence
De-vīce', *f.* contrivance, emblem, scheme
Děv'il, *f.* a fallen angel; enemy of mankind
Děv'il-īsh, *a.* having the likeness of a devil; malicious
Děv'il-īsh-ly, *ad.* diabolically
Dě'vī-ōūs, *a.* wandering
De-vīse', *f.* the act of giving by will: *v. a.* & *n.* to contrive, invent: to consider, bequeath
De-vīf'ér, *f.* a contriver
De-vōid', *a.* empty, vacant, free from
De-voīr', *f.* act of civility, service
De-vōlve', *v. a.* & *n.* to roll down: to fall by succession
Děv-o-lū'tion, *f.* act of devolving
De-vo-rā'tion, *f.* the act of devouring
De-vōte', *v. a.* to dedicate, consecrate; to curse
De-vōt'ed-něs, *f.* state of being devoted
Dě-vō'tion, *f.* piety, power, worship
Děv-o-tēe', *f.* a superstitious person, a bigot
De-vō'tion-āl, *a.* pertaining to devotion
De-vōūr', *v. a.* to eat ravenously, to consume
De-vōūr'ér, *f.* who or what devours
De-vōūt', *a.* religious, devoted to piety
De-vōūt'ly, *ad.* piously, with ardent devotion
Deu-te-rōn'o-my, *f.* the fifth book of Moses
Dew, *f.* a thin cold vapour, moisture: *v. a.* to moisten, to wet as with dew
Dew-bēr-ry, *f.* a species of raspberry, a fruit

Dew'be-sprēnt, *part.* sprinkled with dew
Dew'drōp, *f.* a drop of dew
Dew'lāp, *f.* the flesh hanging from the throat of oxen; a lip flaccid with age
Dew'y, *a.* resembling or moist with dew
Děx'tér, *f. & a.* the right; not the left
Děx-tēr'ī-ty, *f.* activity, expertness, skill
Děx'tér-ōūs, *a.* active, expert, ready
Děx'tér-ōūs-ly, *ad.* actively, expertly, artfully
Dex'trāl, *a.* on the right; not on the left
Di-a-bē'tes, *f.* involuntary discharge of urine
Di-a-bōl'ic, **Di-a-bōl'ic-āl**, *a.* devilish
Dī'a-dēm, *f.* a mark of royalty, a crown
Dī'a-dēm-ēd, *a.* adorned with a diadem, crowned [mark (..)]
Di-æ're-fīs, *f.* division of syllables; this
Di-āg-nōs'tic, *f.* a symptom distinguishing a disease: *a.* distinguishing
Di-āg'ōn-āl, *f.* a line drawn from angle to angle: *a.* from angle to angle
Di-āg'o-nāl-ly, *ad.* in a diagonal direction
Dī'a-grām, *f.* a mathematical scheme
Dī'āl, *f.* a plate where a hand shews the hour [expression]
Dī'a-lēct, *f.* language, speech, manner of
Di-a-lēc'tic, *f.* the act of reasoning, logic
Di-a-lēc'tic-āl, *a.* argumental, logical
Dī'āl-īng, *f.* the art of making dials
Dī'āl-īst, *f.* a maker or projector of dials
Dī'a-logue, *f.* a conference between two or more
Di-ām'e-tér, *f.* a line which, passing thro' the centre of a circle, divides it into two equal parts [meter]
Di-am'e-trāl-ly, *ad.* in direction of a dia-

Di-a-mět'/rī-cāl, *a.* describing a diameter
 Di-a-mět'/rī-cāl-ly, *ad.* directly opposite
 Dī'a-mônd, *f.* a most valuable gem
 Di-a-pā'sôn, *f.* an octave in music
 Dī'a-pér, *f.* a sort of flowered linen, a
 napkin : *v. a.* to draw flowers, to varie-
 gate
 Di-ār-rhœ'a, *f.* a flux of the belly
 Di-ăc-rhœt'ic, *a.* purgative, promoting the
 flux
 Dī'a-ry, *f.* daily account, journal
 Dī-ăf'tole, *f.* a figure in *rhetoric*, making a
 short syllable long ; dilation of the heart
 Dīb'ble, *f.* a gardener's planting tool
 Dīb'stōne, *f.* a stone thrown at another
 Dīce, *f. pl.* of *die* ; *v. n.* to game with dice
 Dīce'bōx, *f.* the box from whence dice are
 thrown
 Dī'cér, *f.* a player at dice
 Dīc'tate, *f.* a rule or maxim ; prescript ;
v. a. to tell what to write ; to instruct
 Dīc-tā'tion, *f.* act of dictating
 Dīc-tā'tōr, *f.* an absolute magistrate ; a
 ruler
 Dīc-ta-tō'rī-ăl, *a.* authoritative
 Dīc-tā'tōr-shīp, *f.* the office of a dictator
 Dīc'tion, *f.* expression, style, language
 Dīc'tion-a-ry, *f.* a book of words, explain-
 ed in alphabetical order
 Dīd, the *pret.* of *to do*
 Di-dăc'tic, Di-dăc'tic-ăl, *a.* doctrinal, per-
 ceptive
 Dīd'dér, *v. a.* to shake with cold
 Dīe, *f.* a small tube to play with ; a stamp
 used in coinage ; colour, tincture, stain,
 hue : *v. a. & n.* to tinge, colour ; to ex-
 pire, lose life
 Dī'ér, *f.* who tinges, stains, &c.

Dī'ēt, *f.* assembly of princes; food; regim-
men: *v. a.* to supply with food
Dī'ēt-drīnk, *f.* drink made of herbs, &c.
Dīf'fēr, *v. n.* to be unlike; disagree, con-
tend
Dīf'fēr-ēnce, *f.* unlikeness; disagreement
Dīf'fēr-ēnt, *a.* unlike, distinct, dissimilar
Dīf'fēr-ēnt-ly, *ad.* in a different manner
Dīf'fī-cūlt, *a.* hard; troublesome; peevish
Dīf'fī-cūlt-ly, *ad.* with difficulty; hardly
Dīf'fī-cūlt-y, *f.* labour, trouble, hardness
Dīf-fīde', *v. n.* to have no confidence in,
to distrust
Dīf'fī-dēnce, *f.* distrust
Dīf'fī-dēnt, *a.* not confident, distrusting
Dīf'flu-ēnce, Dīf'flu-ēn-cy, *f.* quality of
falling away
Dīf'flu-ēnt, *a.* flowing
Dīf-fōrm', *a.* not uniform, irregular
Dīf-fōrm'ī-ty, *f.* dissimilitude; irregularity
Dīf-frān'chīse-mēnt, *f.* the taking away a
privilege
Dīf-fūse', *v. a.* to pour out, to scatter, to
spread: *a.* widely spread, copious
Dīf-fūs'ēd, *part. a.* irregular, uncouth,
wild
Dīf-fūs'ēd-ly, *ad.* dispersedly, widely
Dīf-fūs'ēd-nēss, *f.* dispersion, state of being
scattered
Dīf-fūse'ly, *ad.* copiously, extensively
Dīf-fūs'ion, *f.* copiousness, exuberance of
style [tended
Dīf-fūs'īve, *a.* scattered, dispersed, ex-
Dīf-fūs'īve-ly, *ad.* widely, extensively,
every way
Dīf-fūs'īve-nēss, *f.* extension, dispersion
Dīg, *v. a.* to turn up or cultivate land,
to work with a spade

Dĩ-g,ěst', *v. a. & n.* to brook, dissolve, set in order: to generate matter as a wound

Dĩ-g,ěst', *f.* a volume of civil laws

Dĩ-g,ěst'ér, *f.* who or what digests

Dĩ-g,ěst'í-ble, *a.* capable of being digested

Dĩ-g,ěst'íon, *f.* a dissolving of food in the stomach

Dĩ-g,ěst'íve, *a.* causing digestion, methodizing

Dĩg'g,ér, *f.* one who digs, or opens ground

Dĩght, *v. a.* to adorn, to dress, to deck

Dĩg,ít, *f.* three-fourths of an inch; twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon; any of the numbers expressed by single figures

Dĩg'í-tat-ěd, *a.* divided in the manner of fingers

Dĩg'ní-fi-ěd, *part.* invested with honours

Dĩg'níf-í-cā'tion, *f.* exaltation, promotion

Dĩg'ní-fý, *v. a.* to advance, honour, prefer

Dĩg'ní-ta-ry, *f.* a dignified clergyman

Dĩg'ní-ty, *f.* rank, honour, preferment

Dĩ-grěs', *v. n.* to turn from the subject, to wander

Dĩ-grěs'sion, *f.* deviation

Dĩ-jũ'dĩ-cate, *v. a.* to give judgment

Dĩ-ju-dĩ-cā'tion, *f.* the act of making clear

Dĩke, *f.* a ditch, hedge, bank, mound

Dĩ-lāç'ér-ate, *v. a.* to rend, force in two

Dĩ-lāç-ér-ā'tion, *f.* act of rending in two

Dĩ-lāp'í-date, *v. a.* to throw down

Dĩ-lāp-í-dā'tion, *f.* a destroying of buildings

Dĩ-lāt'a-ble, *a.* capable of extension

Dĩl-a-tā'tion, *f.* act or state of extension

Dĩ-lāte', *v. a. & n.* to extend, to enlarge: to grow wide

Dĩ-lā'tór, *f.* who or what widens or extends

Dĩl'a-to-rĩ-něs, *f.* slothfulness, slowness

Dĩl'a-to-ry, *a.* backward, slothful, slow

Dĩ-lēc'tion, *f.* the act of loving; kindness

Dĩ-lěm'ma, *f.* vexatious alternative, intricacy

Dĩl'í-g,ěnce, *f.* assiduity, readiness

Dĩl'í-g,ěnt, *a.* persevering, careful, not lazy

Dĩl'í-g,ěnt-ly, *ad.* with perseverance

Dĩ-lũ'cíd, *a.* clear, plain, not obscure

Dĩ-lũ'cí-date, *v. a.* to make clear, to explain

Dĩ-lu-cĩ-dā'tion, *f.* a making clear to be understood

Dĩl'u-ěnt, *f.* what dilutes [water

Dĩ-lũte', *v. a.* to make thin, to weaken with

Dĩ-lũt'ér, *f.* what makes thin

Dĩ-lũ'tion, *f.* the act of diluting

Dĩ-lũ'ví-ān, *a.* relating to the deluge

Dĩm, *a.* not clear in sight or apprehension: *v. a.* to cloud, to darken, to obscure

Dĩ-měn'sion, *f.* solid bulk, capacity, space, extent

Dĩ-měn'sion-lěs, *a.* without definite bulk

Dĩ-měn'síve, *a.* marking the limits

Dĩ-mĩn'ísh, *v. a. & n.* to impair, to degrade: to make or grow less

Dĩ-mĩn'ísh-íng-ly, *ad.* in a vilifying or lessening manner

Dĩm-í-nũ'tion, *f.* act of lessening; discredit

Dĩ-mĩn'u-tíve, *a.* little, narrow [ner

Dĩ-mĩn'u-tíve-ly, *ad.* in a diminutive man-

Dĩ-mĩn'u-tíve-něs, *f.* smallness, want of

Dĩm'ísh, *a.* somewhat obscure [dignity

Dĩm'í-ty, *f.* a kind of cotton cloth

Dĩm'ly, *ad.* not with a clear conception; not bright

Dĩm'něs, *f.* defect of sight, stupidity

- Dĩm'ple**, *f.* a cavity in the cheek or chin :
v. n. to sink in small cavities
Dĩm'plẽd, *a.* set with dimples
Dĩmp'ly, *a.* full of dimples or inequalities
Dĩn, *f.* a continued sound, a loud noise :
v. a. to stun with noise
Dĩne, *v. a. & n.* to give dinner to; to eat
 a dinner
Dĩng, *v. a. & n.* to dash with force : to
 bluster
Dĩng-dõng, *f.* a word to imitate the sound
 of bells
Dĩn'gle, *f.* a hollow between hills
Dĩn'ing-rõom, *f.* the principal apartment
 of the house
Dĩn'nẽr, *f.* our chief meal at noon
Dĩn'nẽr-tĩme, *f.* the time of dining
Dĩnt, *f.* blow, stroke, force, power, mark
Dĩnt, *v. a.* to make a cavity or hollow
Di-o-cẽ'sãn, *f.* a bishop as he stands related
 to his own clergy
Dĩ'o-cẽse, *f.* jurisdiction of a bishop
Di-õp'trics, *f.* science of refracted vision
Dĩp, *v. a. & n.* to immerge, to put into;
 to sink; to enter, to pierce: to look into
Dĩph'thõng, *f.* a coalition of two vowels
 to form one sound
Dĩp-lõ'ma, *f.* a deed of privilege or degree
Dĩre, *a.* dreadful, dismal, mournful
Dĩ-rẽct', *a.* open, express, straight, plain :
v. a. to order, aim, adjust, regulate
Dĩ-rẽct'ẽr, *f.* who or what directs
Dĩ-rẽc'tion, *f.* aim, order, superscription
Dĩ-rẽc'tĩve, *a.* shewing the way, inform-
 ing
Dĩ-rẽct'ly, *ad.* in a straight line
Dĩ-rẽct'nẽss, *f.* straightness

- Dĩ-rẽc'tõr**, *f.* a ruler, a superintendant
Dĩ-rẽc'to-ry, *f.* a rule to go by
Dĩre'fũl, *a.* dreadful, dismal, fearful
Dĩre'nẽss, *f.* dismalness, horror, gloom
Dĩrge, *f.* a mournful ditty, a song of la-
 mentation
Dĩrk, *f.* a kind of dagger
Dĩrt, *f.* mire, mud, meanness, sordidness :
v. a. to bemire, to foul, to pollute
Dĩrt'ĩ-ly, *ad.* nastily, shamefully, meanly
Dĩrt'ĩ-nẽss, *f.* baseness, filthiness, mean-
 ness
Dĩrt'y, *v. a.* to dirt, to foul, to scanda-
 lize : *a.* base, filthy, foul, sullied
Dĩ-rũp'tion, *f.* the act or state of bursting
Dĩs, an inseparable particle, implying com-
 monly a privative or negative signifi-
 cation; as, *able*, to *disable*; *arm*, to *disarm*
Dĩs-a-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* want of power, weakness
Dĩs-ã'ble, *v. a.* to crush, to render unable
 or incapable
Dĩs-a-bũse', *v. a.* to set right from error,
 to undeceive
Dĩs-ãc-quã'ĩnt'ãnce, *f.* disuse of familiarity
Dĩs-ãd-vãn'tage, *f.* loss, prejudice
Dĩs-ãd-vãn'tage-a-ble, *a.* producing loss
Dĩs-ãd-vãn-tã'geõũs, *a.* hurtful, prejudi-
 cial
Dĩs-ãd-vãn-tã'geõũs-ly, *ad.* with loss
Dĩs-ãd-vãn-tã'geõũs-nẽss, *f.* the quality of
 being disaffected
Dĩs-ãd-vẽn'tu-roũs, *a.* unprosperous
Dĩs-ãf-fẽct', *v. a.* to fill with discontent
Dĩs-ãf-fẽc't'ẽd, *part. a.* not wishing well
 unto
Dĩs-ãf-fẽc't'ẽd-ly, *ad.* in a disaffected man-
 ner

Dĩf-ăf-fěct'ěd-něs, *f.* the quality of being disaffected

Dĩf-ăf-fēc'tion, *f.* want of loyalty for the government

Dĩf-ăf-firm'ance, *f.* confutation, denial

Dĩf-ăf-för'ěst, *v. a.* to throw open

Dĩf-a-grēe', *v. n.* to differ, to quarrel

Dĩf-a-grēe'a-ble, *a.* unpleasing, unsuitable

Dĩf-a-grēe'a-ble-něs, *f.* contrariety; offensiveness

Dĩf-a-grēe'měnt, *f.* difference, dissimilitude

Dĩf-ăl-lōw', *v. a.* to censure, deny, reject

Dĩf-ăl-lōw'a-ble, *a.* not allowable, not to be suffered

Dĩf-ăl-lōw'ance, *f.* prohibition, forbiddance

Dĩf-ăn'ī-mate, *v. a.* to deprive of life; to discourage

Dĩf-ăn-ī-mā'tion, *f.* privation of life

Dĩf-ăn-nūl', *v. a.* to make void, to annul

Dĩf-ăp-pēar', *v. n.* to vanish away, be lost

Dĩf-ăp-pōint', *v. a.* to balk, defeat of expectation

Dĩf-ăp-pōint'měnt, *f.* balk

Dĩf-ăp-pro-bā'tion, *f.* censure [with

Dĩf-ăp-prōve', *v. a.* to censure, find fault

Dĩf-ăr-m', *v. a.* to divest of arms

Dĩf-ăr-rāy', *v. a.* to undress, to divest of clothes; *f.* disorder, undress, confusion

Dĩf-ăs'tér, *f.* blast, grief, calamity

Dĩf-ăs'trōus, *a.* gloomy, unlucky, miserable

Dĩf-ăs'trōus-ly, *ad.* in a dismal manner

Dĩf-ăs'trōus-něs, *f.* unluckiness, unfortune

Dĩf-a-vōuch', *v. a.* to disown [nateness

Dĩf-a-vōw', *v. a.* to deny knowledge of, disown

Dĩf-a-vōw'ăl, Dĩf-a-vōw'měnt, *f.* a denial

Dĩf-ău'thōr-īse, *v. a.* to deprive of credit or authority

Dĩf-bānd', *v. a.* to break a regiment, to dismiss

Dĩf-bārk', *v. a.* to land from a ship

Dĩf-be-lief', *f.* a refusal of credit

Dĩf-be-lieve', *v. a.* not to credit

Dĩf-be-liev'ér, *f.* one who does not believe

Dĩf-běnch', *v. a.* to drive from a bench

Dĩf-brānch', *v. a.* to separate, to break off

Dĩf-būr'dēn, *v. a. & n.* to discharge, unload, disencumber: to ease the mind

Dĩf-būrse', *v. a.* to spend or lay out money

Dĩf-būrse'měnt, *f.* a disbursing of money

Dĩf-būrse'ér, *f.* one who lays out

Dĩf-cān'dy, *v. a.* to dissolve, to melt

Dĩf-cārd', *v. a.* to dismiss, to throw out cards

Dĩf-cār'nate, *a.* stripped of flesh

Dĩf-cāse, *v. a.* to strip, to undress

Dĩf-cérn', *v. a. & n.* to distinguish, judge, see: to make distinction

Dĩf-cérn'ér, *f.* he who describes; a judge

Dĩf-cérn'ī-ble, *a.* distinguishable, apparent

Dĩf-cérn'ī-ble-něs, *f.* visibleness

Dĩf-cérn'ī-bly, *ad.* apparently, perceptibly

Dĩf-cérn'ing, *part. a.* judicious, knowing

Dĩf-cérn'ing-ly, *ad.* acutely, judiciously

Dĩf-cérn'měnt, *f.* the faculty of discerning

Dĩf-chārgē', *f.* dismissal, acquittance, explosion: *v. a. & n.* to dismiss, pay, unload, release: to dismiss itself; to break up

Dĩf-chārg'ér, *f.* who discharges, who fires a gun

Dĩf-cīnd', *v. a.* to cut in pieces, to divide

Dĩf-cī'ple, *f.* a scholar, a learner, a follower

Dĩf-cī'ple-shīp, *f.* the state of a disciple

Dĩf-cīp'līn-a-ble, *a.* capable of instruction

Dĩf-cĩp-lĩ-nā'rĩ-ān, *f.* one who keeps strict discipline

Dĩf-cĩp-lĩ-nā'rĩ-ān, } *a.* pertaining to dis-
Dĩf-cĩp'lĩ-na-ry, } cipline or education

Dĩf-cĩ-plĩne, *f.* order, regulation, rule, punishment; *v. a.* to educate; punish; regulate

Dĩf-clāim', *v. a.* to deny, disown, renounce

Dĩf-clāim'ér, *f.* who disowns or disclaims

Dĩf-clōse', *v. a.* to discover, reveal, tell, open

Dĩf-clōs'ér, *f.* who reveals or discovers

Dĩf-clō'sure, *f.* discovery, the act of revealing a secret

Dĩf-cól-ór-ā'tion, *f.* change of colour, stain

Dĩf-cól-our, *v. a.* to change colour, to stain

Dĩf-cóm'fĩt, *v. a.* to defeat: *f.* an overthrow [throw

Dĩf-cóm'fĩ-ture, *f.* loss of battle, over-

Dĩf-cóm'fórt, *f.* melancholy, sorrow, uneasiness: *v. a.* to deject, grieve, sadden

Dĩf-cóm'fórt-a-ble, *a.* causing sadness

Dĩf-cóm-měnd', *v. a.* to blame, to censure

Dĩf-cóm-měnd'a-ble, *a.* blameable

Dĩf-cóm-měnd'a-ble-něs, *f.* liableness to censure

Dĩf-cóm-měn-dā'tion, *f.* blame, reproach

Dĩf-cóm-měnd'ér, *f.* who discommends

Dĩf-cóm-mōde', *v. a.* to put to inconvenience

Dĩf-cóm-mō'dĩ-ous, *a.* troublesome

Dĩf-cóm-mōd'ĩ-ty, *f.* inconvenience, hurt

Dĩf-cóm-pōs', *v. a.* to disorder, fret, disturb

Dĩf-cóm-pō'sure, *f.* disorder, trouble, perturbation

Dĩf-cón-cért', *v. a.* to unsettle, disappoint, break a scheme

Dĩf-cōn'fo-late, *a.* without comfort, sad

Dĩf-cōn'fo-late-ly, *ad.* in a disconsolate manner [late

Dĩf-cōn'fo-late-něs, *f.* the being disconso-

Dĩf-cōn-těnt', *f.* want of content, sorrow: *a.* uneasy at the present state; *v. a.* to make uneasy, to vex

Dĩf-cōn-těnt'ěd, *part. a.* cheerless, uneasy

Dĩf-cōn-těnt'ěd-něs, *f.* dissatisfaction

Dĩf-cōn-těnt'měnt, *f.* state of being discontented

Dĩf-cōn-tĩn'u-ānce, *f.* cessation

Dĩf-cōn-tĩn-u-ā'tion, *f.* a separation

Dĩf-cōn-tĩn'ue, *v. a.* to break off; to drop

Dĩf-cōn-tĩ-nũ'ĩ-ty, *f.* disunity of parts

Dĩf-cōn-vě'nĩ-ěnce, *f.* disagreement, incongruity

Dĩf'cord, *f.* anger, disagreement, opposition: *v. n.* to disagree, not to suit with

Dĩf-cōrd'ānce, *f.* disagreement, inconsist-

Dĩf-cōrd'ānt, *a.* disagreeing [ence

Dĩf-cōrd'ānt-ly, *ad.* contradictorily, inconsistently

Dĩf-cōv'ér, *v. a.* to disclose, espy, find out

Dĩf-cōv'ér-ér, *f.* who finds out; a scout

Dĩf-cōv'ér-a-ble, *a.* may be found out, apparent

Dĩf-cōv'ér-y, *f.* detection, a disclosing

Dĩf-cōũnt, *f.* a drawback, allowance

Dĩf'cōũnt', *v. a.* to deduct, to draw back

Dĩf-cōũnt'e-nānce, *f.* cold treatment

Dĩf-cōũnt'e-nānce, *v. a.* to discourage

Dĩf-cōũn'te-nān-cér, *f.* who discourages by cold treatment

Dĩf-cōũr'age, *v. a.* to dishearten, dissuade, terrify

Dĩf-cōũr'ag,ér, *f.* who disheartens or terrifies

Dĩf-cōũr'age-měnt, *f.* cause of fear

Dĩf-côurse', *f.* conversation; treatise: *v. n.*
to talk, to reason, to treat upon

Dĩf-côurs'ér, *f.* a speaker, writer, disserta-
tor

Dĩf-côur'sive, *a.* containing dialogue

Dĩf-côurt'eoũs, *a.* uncivil

Dĩf-côurt'e-sy, *f.* incivility, rudeness

Dĩf-côurt'eouf-ly, *ad.* uncivilly, rudely

Dĩf'coũs, *a.* flat like a dish, broad, wide

Dĩf-créd'it, *f.* disgrace, ignominy, reproach:
v. n. to disgrace; not to believe

Dĩf-crēet', *a.* cautious, modest, prudent

Dĩf-crēet'ly, *ad.* cautiously, prudently

Dĩf-crēet'něs, *f.* quality of being discreet

Dĩf-crēte', *a.* distinct, separated, disjunc-
tive

Dĩf-crē'tion, *f.* prudence, skill, liberty to act

Dĩf-crē'tion-a-ry, *a.* unlimited

Dĩf-crīm'ĩn-a-ble, *a.* distinguishable by out-
ward marks

Dĩf-crīm-ĩn-ate, *v. a.* to mark, select, sepa-
rate

Dĩf-crīm'ĩn-ate-něs, *f.* distinctness

Dĩf-crīm-ĩ-nā'tion, *f.* mark of distinction

Dĩf-crīm'ĩn-a-tive, *a.* characteristical

Dĩf-crīm'ĩn-oũs, *a.* dangerous, hazardous

Dĩf-cũm'bér, *v. a.* to unburden, to disen-
gage

Dĩf-cũr'sive, *a.* progressive, moving

Dĩf-cũr'sive-ly, *ad.* regularly argumental

Dĩf-cũr'so-y, argumental, rational

Dĩf'cũs, *f.* a quoit, a heavy piece of iron

Dĩf'cũs', *v. a.* to examine, argue, disperse

Dĩf-cũs'ér, *f.* he who discusses

Dĩf-cũs'sion, *f.* examining a question

Dĩf-cũs'sive, *a.* having power to discuss

Dĩf-dā'ĩn', *f.* contempt, scorn, indignation:
v. a. to contempt, reject, scorn

Dĩf-dā'ĩn'fũl, *a.* contemptuous, haughty

Dĩf-dā'ĩn'fũl-ly, *ad.* with haughty contempt

Dĩf-dā'ĩn'fũl-něs, *f.* haughty scorn

Dĩf-ēaf'e', *f.* distemper, sickness, morbid
state: *v. a.* to afflict, pain, torment

Dĩf-ēaf'ēd, *a.* afflicted with a distemper

Dĩf-ēaf'ēd-něs, *f.* state of being diseased

Dĩf-ēm-bàrk', *v. a. & n.* to carry to land

Dĩf-ēm-bĩt'tér, *v. a.* to free from bitterness

Dĩf-ēm-bōd'ĩ-ēd, *a.* divested of their bodies

Dĩf-ēm-bōg'ue', *v. a. & n.* to discharge into
the sea

Dĩf-ēm-bōw'ēl-ēd, *a.* taken out from the
bowels

Dĩf-ēm-brōĩl', *v. a.* to disentangle; to free
from perplexity

Dĩf-ēn-ā'ble, *v. a.* to deprive of power

Dĩf-ēn-chànt', *v. a.* to free from enchant-
ment [brances

Dĩf-ēn-cũm'bér, *v. a.* to free from incum-

Dĩf-ēn-cũm'brànce, *f.* deliverance from
troubles

Dĩf-ēn-gāge', *v. a.* to quit, to free from

Dĩf-ēn-gāg'ēd, *part. a.* at leisure; clear from

Dĩf-ēn-gāg'emēt, *f.* release from any en-
gagement; vacancy

Dĩf-ēn-tān'gle, *v. a.* to unravel

Dĩf-ĩn-tērrē', *v. a.* to unbury

Dĩf-ēn-thrāl', *v. a.* to restore to liberty

Dĩf-ēn-thrōne', *v. a.* to depose a sovereign

Dĩf-ēn-trànce', *v. a.* to waken from a trance

Dĩf-ēs-pōũse', *v. a.* to separate after faith
plighted

Dĩf-ēs-tēem', *f.* slight regard, dislike

Dĩf-ēs-tēem', *v. a.* to regard slightly

Dĩf-ēs-tĩ-mā'tion, *f.* disrespect

Dĩf-fā'vour, *f.* discountenance, unfavourable
aspect: *v. a.* to discountenance

- Dĩf-fĩg-ũr-ã'tion**, *f.* deformity
Dĩf-fĩg'ure, *v. a.* to deface, deform, mangle
Dĩf-fĩg'ure-mẽnt, *f.* defacement of beauty
Dĩf-frãn'chĩse, *v. a.* to deprive of chartered rights [vile ges
Dĩf-frãn'chĩse-mẽnt, *f.* deprivation of pri-
Dĩf-gãr'nĩsh, *v. a.* to strip, undress
Dĩf-glõ'rĩ-fỹ, *v. a.* to deprive of glory
Dĩf-gõrge', *v. a.* to pour out with force, vomit
Dĩf-grãce', *f.* loss of favour, dishonour, ignominy: *v. a.* to turn out, dishonour, dismiss
Dĩf-grãce'fũl, *a.* shameful, ignominious
Dĩf-grãce'fũl-ly, *ad.* dishonourably, shamefully
Dĩf-grãce'fũl-nẽss, *f.* ignominy
Dĩf-grãc'ẽr, *f.* one who exposes to shame
Dĩf-grã'cious, *a.* unfavourable, unkind
Dĩf-guĩse', *f.* dress to deceive, a pretence: *v. a.* to conceal, deform, disfigure
Dĩf-guĩse'mẽnt, *f.* dress of concealment
Dĩf-guĩs'ẽr, *f.* who disguises
Dĩf-gũst', *f.* aversion, dislike, malevolence: *v. a.* to give a dislike, offend, distaste
Dĩf-gũst'fũl, *a.* distasteful, causing aversion
Dĩsh, *f.* a vessel to serve up meat in: *v. a.* to serve in a dish, to send up to table
Dĩsh'clõũt, *f.* a cloth to rub dishes with
Dĩsh-bã-bĩlle', *f.* loose dress; undress: *a.* negligently clothed, undressed
Dĩsh-bãb'ĩt, *v. a.* to throw out of place
Dĩsh-heãrt'en, *v. a.* to discourage, deject
Dĩsh-ẽr'ĩt, *v. a.* to debar from inheritance
Dĩ-shẽv'ẽl, *v. a.* to spread the hair disorderly
Dĩ-shẽv'ẽl-ẽd, *part. a.* disorderly, loose
Dĩsh-õn'ẽst, *a.* faithless, knavish, unchaste

- Dĩsh-õn'ẽst-ly**, *ad.* without faith, wickedly
Dĩsh-õn'ẽst-y, *f.* knavery, lewdness
Dĩsh-õn'õũr, *f.* disgrace, reproach, infamy: *v. a.* to deflower, disgrace, bring to shame
Dĩsh-õn'õũr-a-ble, *a.* shameful, ungenerous
Dĩsh-õn'õũr-ẽr, *f.* he who treats another ill
Dĩsh-õrn', *v. a.* to strip of horns
Dĩsh-ũm'õũr, *f.* ill-nature, peevishness
Dĩsh-ĩn-cãr'cẽr-ate, *v. a.* to set at liberty, enlarge
Dĩsh-ĩn-clĩ-nã'tion, *f.* dislike, want of affection
Dĩsh-ĩn-clĩne, *v. n.* to dislike, make disaffected
Dĩsh-ĩn-g,ẽ-nũ'ĩty, *f.* insincerity, unfirmness
Dĩsh-ĩn-g,ẽn'u-õũs, *a.* illiberal, unfair, mean
Dĩsh-ĩn-g,ẽn'u-õũs-ly, *ad.* illiberally
Dĩsh-ĩn-g,ẽn'u-õũs-nẽss, *f.* mean subtilty
Dĩsh-ĩn-hẽr'ĩ-sõn, *f.* debarring from inheriting [ance
Dĩsh-ĩn-hẽr'ĩt, *v. a.* to deprive of inheritance
Dĩsh-ĩn-tẽr', *v. a.* to take out of a grave, unbury
Dĩsh-ĩn'tẽr-ẽst, *f.* indifference to profit
Dĩsh-ĩn-tẽr-ẽst'ẽd, *a.* void of self-interest, impartial [vate interest
Dĩsh-ĩn-tẽr-ẽst'ẽd-nẽss, *f.* contempt of pri-
Dĩsh-ĩn-tẽr-ẽst'ẽd-ly, *ad.* in a disinterested manner
Dĩsh-jõĩn', *v. a. & n.* to part asunder, to put out of joint or form; to separate
Dĩsh-jõĩnt', *v. a. & n.* to put out of joint; to carve a fowl, &c. to separate, disunite, make incoherent: *v. n.* to fall in pieces
Dĩsh-jõĩnt', *part. a.* divided, separated
Dĩsh-jũnẽt', *a.* disjointed, separate [tion
Dĩsh-jũnẽ'tion, *f.* disunion, parting, separa-

Dĩf-jũnc'tĩve, *a.* making opposition or separation.

Dĩf-jũnc'tĩve-ly, *ad.* distinctly, separately

Dĩsk, *f.* the face of the sun; a round quoit

Dĩf-kĩnd'něfs, *f.* the want of affection; injury

Dĩf-lĩke', *f.* disagreement, disinclination:
v. a. to disapprove, regard without affection

Dĩf-lĩk'en, *v. a.* to make unlike, to change

Dĩf-lĩke'něfs, *f.* unlikeness

Dĩf-lĩk'ér, *f.* a disapprover, one not pleased

Dĩf-lĩmb', *v. a.* to tear limb from limb

Dĩf-lĩmn, *v. a.* to unpaint, strike out of a picture

Dĩf'lo-cate, *v. a.* to disjoint, to displace

Dĩf-lo-cā'tion, *f.* the act of displacing, a joint put out

Dĩf-lodge', *v. a. & n.* to drive out; move away [cherous

Dĩf-lõy'āl, *a.* not true to allegiance, trea-

Dĩf-lõy'āl-ly, *ad.* not faithfully [lity

Dĩf-lõy'āl-ty, *f.* want of allegiance or fide-

Dĩf'māl, *a.* dark, sorrowful, uncomfortable

Dĩf'māl-ly, *ad.* horribly; sorrowfully; dark-

Dĩf-māl'něfs, *f.* horror, sorrow [ly

Dĩf-mān'tle, *v. a.* to disarm, overthrow, strip

Dĩf-māsk', *v. a.* to put off, divest of a mask

Dĩf-māy', *f.* fall of courage, fear impressed:
v. a. to affright, to discourage

Dĩf-māy'ěd-něfs, *f.* dejection of courage

Dĩsme, *f.* a tenth; the tenth part

Dĩf-mēm'bér, *v. a.* to cut off a limb, to dilacerate

Dĩf-mĩfs', *v. a.* to send away, to discard

Dĩf-mĩf'sion, *f.* deprivation, discharge

Dĩf-mõrt'gage, *v. a.* to redeem from mortgage

Dĩf-mõũnt', *v. a. & n.* to throw or alight from a horse [nests

Dĩf-nā'tur-ěd, *a.* without natural tender-

Dĩf-o-bē'dĩ-ěnce, *f.* breach of duty

Dĩf-o-bē'dĩ-ěnt, *a.* breaking lawful commands

Dĩf-o-bēy', *v. a.* to transgress

Dĩf-õb-lĩ-gā'tion, *f.* cause of disgust; offence

Dĩf-o-blĩge', *v. a.* to disgust, to offend

Dĩf-o-blĩg'ĩng, *a.* disgusting, unpleasing

Dĩf-o-blĩg'ĩng-ly, *ad.* in an offensive manner

Dĩf-o-blĩg'ĩng-něfs, *f.* readiness to disgust

Dĩf-õrb'ěd, *a.* thrown out of the proper orbit

Dĩf-õr'dér, *f.* discomposure, irregularity, sickness: *v. a.* to make sick, discompose

Dĩf-õr'dér-ěd, *a.* irregular, loose, ill, vicious

Dĩf-õr'dér-ěd-něfs, *f.* confusion, irregularity

Dĩf-õr'dér-ly, *a.* confused, irregular, lawless: *ad.* without law or method

Dĩf-õr'dĩ-nate, *a.* not living regularly, inordinate

Dĩf-õr'dĩ-nate-ly, *ad.* viciously

Dĩf-õwn, *v. a.* to deny, renounce

Dĩf-pānd', *v. a.* to spread abroad, to display

Dĩf-pān'sion, *f.* diffusion, dilatation

Dĩf-pār'age, *v. a.* to treat with contempt; to lessen

Dĩf-pār'age-měnt, *f.* disgrace, indignity

Dĩf-pār'a-g,ěr, *f.* one who disgraces

Dĩf-pār'ĩ-ty, *f.* inequality, dissimilitude

Dĩf-pārk', *v. a.* to throw open a park

Dĩf-pārt', *v. a.* to divide asunder, to separate

Dīf-prōv'ér, *f.* who confutes or disproves
 Dīf-pūn'īsh-a-ble, *a.* without penal restraint
 Dīf-pū'ta-ble, *a.* liable to contest
 Dīf'pu-tānt, *f.* a disputer, reasoner: *a.* disputing, engaged in dispute
 Dīf-pu-tā'tion, *f.* the skill of controversy
 Dīf-pu-tā'tious, } *a.* inclined to dispute
 Dīf-pū'ta-tive, }
 Dīf-pūte', *f.* contest, argumental contenti-
 on: *v. a. & n.* to contend for, oppose:
 discufs, altercation
 Dīf-pūte'less, *a.* incontrovertible
 Dīf-pūt'ér, *f.* one given to argument
 Dīf-quāl-īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* what disqualifies
 Dīf-quāl'ī-fy, *v. a.* to make unfit, disable
 Dīf-quī'ēt, *f.* anxiety, restlessness: *v. a.*
 to disturb, to vex, to fret: *a.* uneasy,
 restless, unquiet
 Dīf-quī'ēt-ér, *f.* a disturber, a harasser
 Dīf-quī'ēt-ly, *ad.* uneasily
 Dīf-quī'ēt-nēss, *f.* uneasiness, restlessness
 Dīf-quī'ē-tude, *f.* uneasiness, want of tran-
 quillity
 Dīf-quī-fī'tion, *f.* disputative inquiry
 Dīf-rānk', *v. a.* to degrade from his rank
 Dīf-re-gārd', *f.* slight notice, neglect, con-
 tempt: *v. a.* to contemn, slight, neglect
 Dīf-re-gārd'fūl, *a.* contemptuous; negli-
 gent
 Dīf-re-gārd'fūl-ly, *ad.* contemptuously
 Dīf-rēl'īsh, *f.* bad taste, nauseousness:
v. a. to make nauseous, to dislike
 Dīf-rēp-u-tā'tion, *f.* disgrace, ignominy
 Dīf-re-pūte', *f.* want of reputation, ill cha-
 Dīf-re-spēct', *f.* incivility [rafter
 Dīf-re-spēct'fūl, *a.* irreverent, uncivil
 Dīf-re-spēct'fūl-ly, *ad.* irreverently, un-
 civilly

Dīf-rōbe', *v. a.* to uncover, undress, strip
 Dīf-rūp'tion, *f.* a breaking asunder, a rent
 Dīf-sāt-īf-fāc'tion, *f.* discontent
 Dīf-sāt-īf-fāc'to-rī-nēss, *f.* inability to give
 content
 Dīf-sāt-īf-fāc'to-ry, *a.* not giving content
 Dīf-sāt-īf-fy, *v. a.* to disoblige, discontent
 Dīf-sāt'īf-fi-ēd, *part.* made uneasy [mine
 Dīf-sēct', *v. a.* to anatomize, divide, exa-
 Dīf-sēc'tion, *f.* act of separating the parts
 of a body; anatomy
 Dīf-sēi-fēe', *f.* one put out of his lands
 Dīf-sēi'fīn, *f.* unlawful ejectment
 Dīf-sēi'fōr, *f.* he who dispossesses another
 Dīf-sēi'fē', *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive
 Dīf-sēm'ble, *v. n.* to put on a false appear-
 Dīf-sēm'blér, *f.* who dissembles [ance
 Dīf-sēm'blīng-ly, *ad.* hypocritically
 Dīf-sēm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to scatter or spread seed
 Dīf-sēm'īn-ā'tion, *f.* act of scattering
 Dīf-sēm'īn-ā'tōr, *f.* a spreader, sower
 Dīf-sēn'sion, *f.* contention, strife, disagree-
 ment
 Dīf-sēn'sious, *a.* contentious, quarrelsome
 Dīf-sēnt', *v. n.* to differ in opinion
 Dīf-sēn-tā'ne-ōūs, *a.* contrary, inconsistent
 Dīf-sēnt'ér, *f.* one who dissents, one who
 does not comply with the opinion of the
 established church
 Dīf-sēr-tā'tion, *f.* a discourse, essay, treatise
 Dīf-sérve', *v. a.* to harm, injure; mischief
 Dīf-sér'vīce, *f.* injury, mischief, ill-turn
 Dīf-sér'vīce-a-ble, *a.* injurious, mischievous
 Dīf-sér'vīce-a-ble-nēss, *f.* harm, hurt
 Dīf-sēv'ér, *v. a.* to part in two, to divide
 Dīf-sīm'īl-ār, *a.* unlike
 Dīf-sīm'īl-ār-ī-ty, Dīf-sīm-īl'ī-tude, *f.* un-
 likeness

Dĭs-sĭm-u-lā'tion, *f.* hypocrisy
 Dĭs-sĭ-pa-ble, *a.* easily scattered
 Dĭs-sĭ-pate, *v. a.* to spend extravagantly
 Dĭs-sĭ-pā'tion, *f.* extravagant spending
 Dĭs-sō'cĭ-ate, *v. a.* to separate, to part
 Dĭs'so-lu-ble, *a.* capable of separation
 Dĭs'so-lute, *a.* loose, wanton, luxurious
 Dĭs'so-lute-ly, *ad.* in a dissolute manner
 Dĭs'so-lute-nēss, *f.* debauchery, looseness
 Dĭs'so-lū'tion, *f.* a dissolving, breaking ;
 death [solved
 Dĭs-sōl'va-ble, Dĭs-sōl'vĭ-ble, *a.* may be dis-
 Dĭs-sōlve', *v. a. & n.* to separate, destroy,
 melt
 Dĭs-sōl'vent, *f.* power of disuniting parts :
 a. having the power of melting
 Dĭs-sōlv'ér, *f.* what dissolves
 Dĭs'so-nānce, *f.* discord, opposition
 Dĭs'so-nānt, *a.* contrary, discordant, harsh
 Dĭs-sūāde', *v. a.* to advise contrary, to de-
 Dĭs-sūād'ér, *f.* one who dissuades [hort
 Dĭs-sūā'sĭon, *f.* importunity against any
 thing
 Dĭs-sūā'sĭve, *f.* argument to dissuade : *a.*
 proper to dissuade, dehortatory
 Dĭs-sŷl'la-ble, *f.* a word of two syllables
 Dĭs'tāff, *f.* the staff used in spinning
 Dĭs-tāin, *v. a.* to blot, to stain, to tinge
 Dĭs'tānce, *f.* space of time ; behaviour ;
 respect : *v. a.* to leave behind, to place
 remotely
 Dĭs'tānç-éd, *part.* to be cast out of a race
 Dĭs'tānt, *a.* remote in time or place
 Dĭs-tāste', *f.* aversion, disgust, dislike :
 v. a. to disgust, to dislike, to vex
 Dĭs-tāste'fŷl, *a.* malevolent, offensive
 Dĭs-tēm'pér, *f.* disease, disorder, uneasi-
 ness : *v. a.* to disorder, disturb, ruffle

Dĭs-tēm'pér-ate, *a.* immoderate
 Dĭs-tēm'pér-a-ture, *f.* confusion ; intem-
 perateness
 Dĭs-tēnd', *v. a.* to stretch out
 Dĭs-tēnt', *f.* space of extension, breadth
 Dĭs-tēn'tion, *f.* breadth, an enlarging
 Dĭs'tĭch, *f.* a couple of verses, a couplet
 Dĭs'tĭl, *v. a. & n.* to let fall in drops ; to
 fall by drops ; to use a still
 Dĭs-tĭl-lā'tion, *f.* the act of distilling
 Dĭs-tĭl'la-to-ry, *a.* belonging to distillation
 Dĭs-tĭll'ér, *f.* one who distils spirits
 Dĭs-tĭl'mēnt, *f.* what is drawn by distilla-
 tion
 Dĭs-tĭnēt', *a.* clear, different, marked out
 Dĭs-tĭnē'tion, *f.* difference, quality, sepa-
 Dĭs-tĭnē'tive, *a.* judicious [ration
 Dĭs-tĭnē'tive-ly, } *ad.* clearly, plainly
 Dĭs-tĭnēt'ly, }
 Dĭs-tĭnē'tnēss, *f.* clearness, difference
 Dĭs-tĭn'gŷĭsh, *v. a.* to discern, note ; hon-
 our
 Dĭs-tĭn'gŷĭsh-a-ble, *a.* may be distinguished
 Dĭs-tĭn'gŷĭsh-éd, *part. a.* eminent, tran-
 scendent
 Dĭs-tĭn'gŷĭsh-ér, *f.* a judicious observer,
 he who distinguishes
 Dĭs-tĭn'gŷĭsh-ing-ly, *ad.* with distinction
 Dĭs-tĭn'gŷĭsh-mēnt, *f.* distinction [form
 Dĭs-tōrt', *v. a.* to misrepresent, twist, de-
 Dĭs-tōr'tion, *f.* grimace, misrepresentation
 Dĭs-trāct', *v. a.* to make mad, divide, perplex
 Dĭs-trāct'éd-ly, *ad.* confusedly, madly
 Dĭs-trāct'éd-nēss, *f.* madness [tion
 Dĭs-trāc'tion, *f.* confusion, madness, separa-
 Dĭs-trāin', *v. a.* to seize goods or chattels
 for debt
 Dĭs-trāin'ér, *f.* he who seizes

Dīf-trāint', *f.* seizure, forcible possession
 Dīf-trāught', *part.* distracted, mad
 Dīf-trēss', *f.* calamity, misery, distraining :
 v. a. to render miserable, to harass
 Dīf-trēss'ēd, *part. a.* full of trouble, miser-
 Dīf-trēss'fūl, *a.* full of misery [able
 Dīf-trīb'ute, *v. a.* to divide amongst many
 Dīf-trī-bū'tion, *f.* the act of distributing
 Dīf-trīb'u-tive, *a.* which serves to distri-
 bute [gly
 Dīf-trīb'u-tive-ly, *ad.* by distribution, sin-
 Dīf'trīct, *f.* in law, circuit; a country,
 territory
 Dīf-trūst', *f.* loss of confidence, suspicion :
 v. a. to disbelieve, not to trust
 Dīf-trūst'fūl, *a.* suspicious
 Dīf-trūst'fūl-ly, *ad.* in a distrustful manner
 Dīf-trūst'fūl-nēss, *f.* want of confidence
 Dīf-tūrb', *v. a.* to confound, disquiet, in-
 interrupt [mult
 Dīf-tūrb'ānce, *f.* confusion, perplexity, tu-
 Dīf-tūrb'ēr, *f.* he who disturbs
 Dīf-ūse', *f.* cessation of custom [custom
 Dīf-ūse', *v. a.* to drop a custom, to disac-
 Dīf-ū'nī-ōn, *f.* separation, disjunction
 Dīf-u-nīte', *v. a. & n.* to divide, fall asunder
 Dīf-ū'nī-ty, *f.* state of actual separation
 Dīf-ū'sage, *f.* disuse, cessation of customs
 Dīf-vāl-u-ā'tion, *f.* loss of credit, disgrace
 Dīf-vāl'ue, *v. a.* to undervalue
 Dīf-vēl'op, *v. a.* to uncover
 Dīf-vōūch', *v. a.* to destroy credit, contra-
 dict
 Ditch, *f.* a moat, in fortification; a trench
 Ditch, *v. a.* to make a ditch
 Ditch'ēr, *f.* a maker of ditches
 Dīth-ŷ-rām'bīc, *f.* a sort of licentious verse
 Dīt'tī-ēd, *a.* sung, adapted to music

Dīt'to, *f.* the same thing repeated
 Dīt'ty, *f.* a musical poem; a sonnet, a song
 Dī-vān', *f.* the Ottoman grand council
 Dive, *v. n.* to swim under water; to go
 deep
 Dīv'ēr, *f.* who dives under water
 Di-vérge', *v. a.* to bend from one point
 Di-vérg'ēnt, *a.* tending to various parts
 from one point
 Dī'vérz, *a.* several, sundry
 Dī'vérsē, *a.* different, multiform, unlike
 Di-vér-sīf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* alteration, change
 Di-vér-sī-fŷ, *v. a.* to distinguish, variegate
 Di-vér'sion, *f.* a turning aside, pastime, sport
 Di-vér'sī-ty, *f.* difference, variety
 Dī'vérsē-ly, *ad.* differently, variously
 Di-vért', *v. a.* to turn aside; to entertain;
 please
 Di-vért'ēr, *f.* any thing that diverts
 Di-vér'tīse-mēnt, *f.* diversion, pleasure
 Di-vér'tive, *a.* recreative, amusing [fess
 Di-vēst', *v. a.* to make naked, strip, dispos-
 Dī-vēst'ure, *f.* act of putting off
 Dī-vīd'a-ble, *a.* may be divided; separate
 Dī-vīd'ānt, *a.* separate, different [rate
 Dī-vīde', *v. a.* to part, to distribute, sepa-
 Dīv'ī-dēnd, *f.* a number to be divided, a
 share [ter
 Dī-vī'dér, *f.* one who divides; a distribu-
 Dī-vī'dérz, *f.* a pair of compasses
 Dī-vīd'u-āl, *a.* divided, parted
 Dīv-ī-nā'tion, *f.* a foretelling of things
 Dī-vīne', *f.* a minister of the gospel, a cler-
 gyman : *a.* godlike, heavenly : *v. a. & n.*
 to foreknow, to foretel; to feel presages
 Dī-vīne'ly, *ad.* heavenly
 Dī-vīne'nēss, *f.* divinity, excellence
 Dī-vīn'ēr, *f.* one who pretends to divine

Dī-vīnē'rēss, *f.* a prophetess
 Dī-vīn'ī-ty, *f.* science of divine things, the Deity [vision
 Dī-vīf'ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of admitting di-
 Dī-vīf'ī-ble, *a.* may be divided
 Dī-vīf'ī-ble-nēss, *f.* divisibility
 Dī-vīf'īōn, *f.* a dividing; variance; par-
 titution; parts of a discourse; just time;
 distinction
 Dī-vī'fōr, *f.* the number that divides
 Dī-vōrce', *v. a.* to force asunder, to separate
 Dī-vōrce', } *f.* a separation in mar-
 Dī-vōrce'mēnt, } riage [tion
 Dī-vōrç'ér, *f.* who or what produces separa-
 Di-u-rēt'ic, *a.* capable of provoking urine
 Di-ūr'nāl, *f.* a day-book, a journal
 Di-ūr'nāl, *a.* performed in a day, daily
 Di-ūr'nāl-ly, *ad.* every day, daily
 Di-u-tūr'nī-ty, *f.* length of continuance
 Dī-vūlgē', *v. a.* to publish, proclaim, reveal
 Dī-vūlg'ér, *f.* one who divulges
 Dīz'en, *v. a.* to dress gaudily
 Dīz'zī-nēss, *f.* giddiness, whirl in the head
 Dīz'zy, *a.* giddy, thoughtless; vertiginous:
v. a. to make giddy or dizzy
 Dō, *v. a.* to act any thing good or bad, to
 Dō'cī-ble, *a.* easy to be taught [finish
 Dō'cī-ble-nēss, *f.* teachableness
 Dō'cīle, *a.* easily instructed [ness
 Do-cīl'ī-ty, *f.* readiness to learn, tractable-
 Dōck', *f.* a ship-builder's yard; an herb
 Dōck', *v. a.* to cut short; to lay in a dock
 Dōck'ēt, *f.* a direction tied upon goods
 Dōc'tōr, *f.* one who has taken his degree in
 the faculties of divinity, law, physic, &c.
v. a. to cure, to treat with medicine
 Dōc'to-rāl, *a.* relating to the degree of a
 doctor

Dōc'to-rāl-ly, *ad.* in manner of a doctor
 Dōc'tōr-shīp, *f.* rank or dignity of a doctor
 Dōc'trīn-āl, *a.* relating to doctrine
 Dōc'trīn-āl-ly, *ad.* positively, dogmatically
 Dōc'trīne, *f.* act of teaching a precept
 Dōc'u-mēnt, *f.* direction, precept, instruc-
 tion
 Do-dēc'ā-gōn, *f.* a figure of 12 sides
 Dōdge', *v. n.* to fly from one thing to an-
 other, to prevaricate; follow artfully;
 shift
 Dōe, *f.* a she-deer, the female of a buck
 Dō'ér, *f.* an actor, agent, performer
 Dōff', *v. a.* to put off dress, stop, delay
 Dōg', *f.* a domestic animal of various spe-
 cies
 Dōg', *v. a.* to follow slyly and continually
 Dōg'chēap, *a.* cheap as dogs meat
 Dōg-dāys, *f.* from July 24. to August 28.
 Dōge, *f.* the chief magistrate of Venice, &c.
 Dōg'g,ēd, *a.* followed; four, morose
 Dōg'g,ēd-ly, *ad.* sullenly, gloomily
 Dōg'g,ēd-nēss, *f.* sullenness, moroseness
 Dōg'g,ér, *f.* a ship with one mast
 Dōg'g,ér-ēl, *f.* vile, despicable, mean ver-
 ses: *a.* mean, vile, wretched
 Dōg'g,īsh, *a.* brutal, currish, churlish
 Dōg-he'art'ēd, *a.* cruel, merciless
 Dōg'ma, *f.* an established principle
 Dōg-māt'ic-āl, *a.* magisterial, positive
 Dōg-māt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* magisterially
 Dōg-māt'ic-āl-nēss, *f.* magisterialness
 Dōg'māt-īst, *f.* a magisterial teacher; a po-
 sitive assertor
 Dōg'māt-īze, *v. n.* to assert magisterially
 Dōg-māt-īz'ér, *f.* an assertor, a dogmatical
 teacher
 Dōg'slēep, *f.* pretended sleep

Dög's'mēat, *f.* vile meat, refuse, vile stuff
 Dög'stār, *f.* the star naming the dog-days
 Dög'wēa-ry, *a.* tired as a dog
 Dō'ings, *f.* conduct, event, merriment, stir

Doīt, *f.* a small piece of Dutch money
 Dōle, *f.* gift, share, moan, sorrow, misery :
v. a. to distribute alms, to deal

Dōle'fûl, *a.* dismal, piteous, sorrowful
 Dōle'fûl-ly, *ad.* in a doleful manner
 Dōle'fûl-nēss, *f.* sorrow, dismalness

Dōle'fōme, *a.* gloomy, melancholy
 Dōle'fōme-ly, *ad.* in a dolesome manner
 Dōle'fōme-nēss, *f.* gloom, melancholy

Dōll', *f.* a little girl's puppet or baby
 Dōl'lār, *f.* a foreign coin
 Do-lo-rīf'ic, *a.* causing grief or pain
 Dōl'ōr-ōūs, *a.* painful, sorrowful, gloomy
 Dō'lōūr, *f.* grief, lamentation, pain, sorrow

Dōl'phīn, *f.* the name of a sea-fish
 Dōlt, *f.* a heavy stupid person, a blockhead
 Dōlt'ish, *a.* blockish, mean, stupid

Do-māin', *f.* estate, dominion, possession
 Dōme, *f.* an arched roof, a cupola
 Do-mēs'tic, Do-mēs'tic-āl, *a.* belonging to a house, private; not foreign, not wild

Do-mēs'tic-ate, *v. a.* to make domestic
 Dōm'ī-cil, *f.* a mansion-house, an abode
 Dōm'īn-ānt, *a.* predominant, ascendant

Dōm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to prevail, to predominate
 Dōm'īn-ā'tion, *f.* dominion, tyranny
 Dōm'īn-a-tive, *a.* imperious, insolent

Dōm-īn-ēer', *v. n.* to behave with insolence
 Do-mīn'ic-āl, *a.* denoting the Lord's day
 Do-mīn'ion, *f.* sovereign authority; ascendant

Dōn, *f.* the Spanish title for a gentleman
 Dō'na-ry, *f.* a thing given to sacred uses
 Do-nā'tion, *f.* act of giving, thing given
 Dōn'a-tive, *f.* benefice ecclesiastical; a gift

Dōne, *part. pass.* of the verb *to do*
 Dōne, *interj.* used to confirm a wager
 Do-nēe', *f.* he to whom lands are given

Dō'nōr, *f.* a giver of any thing
 Dōo'dle, *f.* a trifler, an idler, a lazy person
 Dōom, *f.* judgment, sentence, destruction:

v. a. to sentence, judge, destine
 Dōom's'dāy, *f.* the day of judgment
 Dōom's'day-bōok, *f.* a book for registering estates

Dōor, Dōor, *f.* a portal or gate of a house
 Dōor'case, *f.* the frame in which the door is inclosed

Dōor'keep-ér, *f.* a porter
 Dōq'uēt, *f.* a paper containing a warrant
 Dōr'ic, *f.* an order in architecture

Dōr'mānt, *a.* concealed; neglected; sleeping
 Dōr'mī-to-ry, *f.* a place to sleep in; burial place

Dōr'mōûse, *f.* a mouse that sleeps in winter

Dōrr', *f.* the hedge-chafer; a flying insect
 Dōrr', *v. a.* to stupify with noise
 Dōse, *f.* enough at one time; a medicine

Dōt', *f.* a small spot or point in writing
 Dōt', *v. n.* to make dots thus (. . . .)
 Dōt'age, *f.* a loss of understanding; overfondness

Dōt'āl, *a.* relating to a woman's portion
 Dōt'ārd, *f.* a doating old fellow in his second childhood

Dōte, *v. n.* to love extremely; to grow silly

Dōt'ér, *f.* one who is fondly, weakly, and much in love

Dōt'ing-ly, *ad.* fondly

Dōūb'le, *f.* twice the quantity or number : *a.* twice as much, twofold : *v. a. & n.* to fold, enlarge, pass round ; to play tricks, to wind in running

Dōūb'le-bīt'ing, *a.* biting on both sides

Dōūb'le-dēal'ér, *f.* a deceitful mean person

Dōūb'le-dēal'ing, *f.* low, cunning

Dōūb'le-lōck', *v. a.* to shoot the lock twice

Dōūb'le-mīnd'ēd, *a.* deceitful, insidious

Dōūb'le-shīn'ing, *a.* shining with double lustre

Dōūb'le-tōngu'ēd, *a.* false, deceitful

Dōūb'le-nēss, *f.* state of being double

Dōūb'lér, *f.* he who doubles any thing

Dōūb'lēt, *f.* a pair, a waistcoat

Dōūb'ly, *ad.* in twice the quantity

Dōūbt, *f.* difficulty, suspicion, scruple : *v. n.* to question, suspect, distrust

Dōūbt'ér, *f.* one who entertains scruples

Dōūbt'fūl, *a.* not determined, uncertain

Dōūbt'fūl-ly, *ad.* dubiously, uncertainly

Dōūbt'fūl-nēss, *f.* suspense, uncertainty

Dōūbt'ing-ly, *ad.* dubiously

Dōūbt'lēss, *a.* without fear of danger : *ad.* without question, certainly

Dōve, *f.* a sort of pigeon, a wild pigeon

Dōve'cōt, **Dōve'hōūse**, *f.* a house for pigeons

Dōve'tāil, *f.* a term amongst joiners

Dōugh, *f.* unbaked paste for bread or pies

Dōugh-bāk'ēd, *a.* soft, unfinished

Dōugh'ty, *a.* [ironically] brave, illustrious

Dōugh'y, *a.* soft, unsound, not baked

Dōūse, *v. a.* to put suddenly in water

Dōw-a-g'ér, *f.* a widow with a jointure

Dōw'dy, *f.* an awkward, ill-dressed woman
Dōw'ér, **Dōw'ry**, *f.* a wife's portion, jointure

Dōw'er-ēd, *a.* having a jointure, portioned

Dōw'ér-lēss, *a.* without a fortune

Dōw'lās, *f.* a coarse strong linen

Dōwn, *f.* a large open plain ; soft feathers, &c. : *prep.* a long descent ; from a higher place to a lower : *ad.* on the ground : *interj.* a contemptuous threat : *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue, to ruin

Dōwn'cāst, *a.* bent down, uneasy

Dōwn'fāl, *f.* calamity, ruin, destruction

Dōwn'fāl-lēn, *a.* ruined, destroyed

Dōwn'hīl, *a.* descending

Dōwn'lōok-ēd, *a.* downcast, melancholy

Dōwn'ly-ing, *a.* near the time of childbirth

Dōwn'rīght, *a.* open, undisguised, plain : *ad.* completely, plainly

Dōwns, *f.* hilly open country ; the sea near Deal

Dōwn'wārd, } *ad.* from higher to lower,
Dōwn'wārdz, } towards the centre

Dōwn'wārd, *a.* bending down, dejected

Dōwn'y, *a.* covered with nap, soft, tender

Dōwse, *f.* a slap on the chops

Dōx-ōl'o-gy, *f.* a giving glory to God

Dōx'y, *f.* a soldier's trull ; a loose wench

Dōze, *v. a. & n.* to stupify ; to slumber, to be half asleep

Dōz'en, *f.* the number of twelve

Dōz'i-nēss, *f.* sleepiness, drowsiness

Dōz'y, *a.* sleepy, drowsy, sluggish

Drāb, *f.* a dirty wench ; a thick woollen cloth

Drāchm, *f.* 1/8th of an ounce ; Roman coin

Drăff, *f.* any thing cast away, refuse, lees
Drăg, *f.* a hand cart; a net or hook to drag with: *v. a.* to pull by force, to draw, to trail
Drăg'gle, *v. a. & n.* to make dirty; to grow dirty
Drăg-nēt, *f.* a net drawn along the bottom
Drăg'ôn, *f.* a constellation, a plant, a serpent
Drăg'ôn-îsh, **Drăg'ôn-lîke**, *a.* fiery, furious
Drăg'ôn-lîke, *a.* furious, fiery
Drăg-ôn', *f.* a kind of horse-soldier: *v. a.* to enslave with soldiers, to persecute
Drăin, *f.* a channel to carry off water: *v. a.* to make quite dry, to empty
Drăke, *f.* the male of the duck; a kind of gun
Drăm, *f.* a small quantity; spirits; one-eighth of an ounce: *v. n.* to drink distilled spirits [theatrical
Dra-măt'ic, *a.* represented by an action;
Dra-măt'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* by representation
Drăm'ăt-îst, *f.* the author of plays, &c.
Drănk, *pret. of to drink*
Drăpe, *v. n.* to make cloth
Drăp'ér, *f.* one who sells or deals in cloth
Drăp'e-ry, *f.* cloth-work; dress in a picture
Drăught, *f.* the act of drinking; quantity drunk; the act of pulling carriages; quantity drawn; delineation or sketch; detachment; a drain; a bill of exchange
Drăught'hôûse, *f.* a house for filth
Drăw', *v. a. & n.* to pull along or attract; unsheathe; allure; describe: to contract; retire
Drăw'back, *f.* money paid on exportation

Drăw'ér, *f.* who draws; sliding box in a chest
Drăw'érş, *f.* a kind of thin light breeches
Drăw'îng, *f.* delineation, representation
Drăw'-well, *f.* a deep well
Drăwn, *part.* unsheathed; equal; open; induced
Drăwl', *v. n.* to speak in a slow drivelling
Drăy, *f.* carriage used by brewers [way
Drăad, *f.* awe, fear, terrour: *a.* awful, great: *v. a. & n.* to fear; to be in fear, to stand in awe
Drăad'ér, *f.* one who lives in fear
Drăad'fûl, *a.* frightful, terrible
Drăad'fûl-ly, *ad.* frightfully, piteously
Drăad'fûl-něs, *f.* frightfulness, terrible-ness
Drăad'lěs, *a.* fearless, unshaken
Drăad'lěs-něs, *f.* fearlessness, undauntedness
Drăam, *f.* thoughts in sleep; idle fancy; *v. n.* to rove in sleep, to be sluggish
Drăam'ér, *f.* one who dreams; an idler; a mope
Drăam'lěs, *a.* without dreams
Drăar, *a.* mournful, gloomy, dismal
Drăar'y, *a.* sorrowful, distressful, dismal
Drădge, *f.* a kind of oyster net: *v. a.* to sprinkle flour on meat when roasting
Drădg'ér, *f.* the box used for dredging meat
Drădg'érş, *f.* oyster-catchers
Drăg'g,î-něs, *f.* fulness of dregs, feculence
Drăg'g,y, *a.* containing dregs, foul
Drăgş, *f.* sediments of liquors; dross
Drăench, *f.* a horse's physical draught; physic for a brute; a channel of water: *v. a.* to clothe, deck; prepare; cover a wound; curry a horse; rectify; adjust

Drěff'ér, *f.* who dresses; a kitchen table
 Drěff'ing, *f.* the application to a sore
 Drīb'ble, *v. n.* to drop slowly; to flaver as a child
 Drīb'lět, *f.* a small part of a large sum
 Drī'ér, Drȳ'ér, *f.* what sucks up moisture
 Drift, *f.* design, scope; a float; a storm: *v. a.* to throw on heaps, to drive, urge along
 Drill, *f.* a sharp instrument; an ape; a small brook: *v. n.* to perforate, to make a hole, to bore; to delay
 Drīnk, *f.* liquor to be swallowed: *v. a. & n.* to swallow; to quench thirst
 Drīnk'a-ble, *a.* such as may be drunk
 Drīnk'ér, *f.* one who drinks to excess
 Drīp, *f.* what falls in drops: *v. a.* to drop or trickle down
 Drīp'pīng, *f.* the drops of fat from roasting meat
 Drīp'pīng-pān, *f.* pan for the fat of roast meat
 Drīve, *v. a. & n.* to force, to urge; to animate; to knock in; to aim; to strike with fury; to tend to
 Drīv'el, *f.* flaver, a fool, an idiot
 Drīv'el-lér, *f.* an idler, a fool, a flaverer
 Drīv'en, *pass. part. of to drive*
 Drīv'ér, *f.* one who drives
 Drīz'zle, *v. a. & n.* to shed in small drops: to fall in short slow drops
 Drīz'zly, *a.* raining in small drops
 Dröll, *f.* an arch fellow, a farce, a jester: *a.* comical, farcical, humorous: *v. n.* to play the buffoon, to jest
 Dröll'e-ry, *f.* an idle joke, buffoonery
 Dróm'e-da-ry, *f.* a sort of camel

Drōne, *f.* a dry bee, a sluggard, a hum in music: *v. n.* to live in idleness, to dream
 Drōn'ish, *a.* idle, sluggish, unactive
 Drōop, *v. n.* to pine away; to faint, to sink
 Drōp', *f.* a small quantity of liquid, glass, &c. *v. a. & n.* to let fall, to utter slightly, to quit; to fall in drops, to fall; to vanish, to die
 Drōp'pīng, *f.* that which falls in drops
 Drōp'lět, *f.* a little drop
 Drōp'i-i-cāl, } *a.* troubled with a dropy
 Drōp'sī-ēd, }
 Drōp'sy, *f.* a collection of water in the body
 Drōss', *f.* scum of metals, rust, refuse, dregs
 Drōs'i-i-něss, *f.* foulness, rust, feculence
 Drōs'sy, *a.* full of dross, foul, worthless
 Drōtch'el, *f.* an idle wench; a sluggard
 Drōve, *f.* a herd of cattle; drove of people
 Drōv'ér, *f.* who drives cattle
 Drōught, *f.* dry weather; thirst
 Drōught'i-něss, *f.* state of wanting rain
 Drōught'y, *a.* wanting rain, thirsty, sultry
 Drōwn, *v. a.* to choke in water; to overflow
 Drōw'se, *v. a. & n.* to make heavy with sleep
 Drōw'sī-ly, *ad.* sleepily, heavily, sluggishly
 Drōw'sī-něss, *f.* heaviness with sleep, sleepiness
 Drōw'sy, *a.* heavy, stupid, lethargic
 Drūb, *f.* a blow, a knock, a thump: *v. a.* to bang or beat with a stick, to thrash
 Drudge, *f.* a mean laborious servant: *v. n.* to labour in mean offices, to slave
 Drūd'g'ér, *f.* a mean labourer; a box out of which flour is sprinkled upon roast meat

Drūd'g,ér-y, *f.* hard and mean labour
 Drūdg'ing-ly, *ad.* laboriously, toilsomely
 Drūg, *f.* a medicinal simple; thing of little worth: *v. a.* to season with drugs; to make offensive
 Drūg'g,ēt, *f.* a slight woolen stuff
 Drūg'g,īst, *f.* one who sells drugs
 Drū'id, *f.* an ancient British priest and philosopher
 Drūm, *f.* a military instrument; part of the ear: *v. n.* to beat or sound a drum
 Drūm'ble, *v. n.* to drone, to be sluggish
 Drūm'ma'jōr, *f.* the chief drummer of a regiment
 Drūm'mér, *f.* one who beats the drum
 Drūnk, *a.* having too much strong liquor
 Drūnk'ārd, *f.* one given to too much drink
 Drūnk'en, *a.* intoxicated with liquor
 Drūnk'en-ly, *ad.* in a drunken manner
 Drūnk'en-nēss, *f.* drunken state or habit
 Drȳ, *a.* without moisture, thirsty, arid: *v. a.* to free from moisture, to wipe
 Drȳ'ādȝ, *f. pl.* nymphs of the woods
 Drȳ'eȳ-ēd, *a.* without tears, without weeping
 Drȳ'ly, *ad.* coldly, barrenly, severely
 Drȳ'nēss, *f.* want of moisture, barrenness
 Drȳ-nūrse, *f.* who brings up children without the breast
 Drȳ'fhōd, *a.* with dry feet
 Dū'āl, *a.* expressing the number 2
 Dūb, *f.* a blow, a knock: *v. a.* to confer a title or dignity, to make a man a knight
 Du-bī-ōf'ī-ty, *f.* doubtfulness, uncertainty
 Dū'bī-ōūs, *a.* deceitful, uncertain
 Dū'bī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* without any determination
 Dū'bī-ōūf-nēss, *f.* uncertainty, doubtful-ness

Dū'bī-ta-ble, *a.* doubtful, uncertain
 Dū-bī-tā'tion, *f.* the act of doubting, doubt
 Dū'cāl, *a.* pertaining to a duke
 Du-cāpe', *f.* a kind of silk
 Dūc'āt, *f.* a foreign coin of different value
 Dūre'fūl, *a.* of long continuance
 Dūck, *f.* a water-fowl; a word of fondness: *v. n.* to dive under water; to stoop, cringe
 Dūck'ing, *f.* act of putting under water
 Dūck'lēg, g,ēd, *a.* having short legs
 Dūck'līng, *f.* a young duck; brood of the duck
 Dūct, *f.* a guidance, passage, direction
 Dūc'tile, *a.* flexible, tractable, obsequious
 Dūc'tile-nēss, Dūc-tīl'ī-ty, *f.* compliance, flexibility; quality of suffering extension
 Dūd'geon, *f.* a small dagger; ill-will
 Dūe, *f.* debt, right; tribute, custom: *a.* exact; owed; proper, fit: *ad.* exactly, directly, duly
 Dū'ēl, *f.* a combat between two persons; a single fight
 Dū'ēl, *v. n.* to fight a single combat
 Dū'ēl-lér, Dū'ēl-līst, *f.* who fights a duel
 Du-ēl'to, *f.* the rule of duelling; a duel
 Du-ēn'na, *f.* an old governante to a young lady
 Du-ēt', *f.* a song in two parts
 Dūg, *f.* the teat of a beast; *pret. of dig*
 Dūke, *f.* the next dignity below the prince
 Dūke'dōm, *f.* possessions and quality of a duke
 Dūl'brāin-ēd, *a.* stupid, foolish
 Dūl'cēt, *a.* harmonious, sweet, melodious
 Dūl-cīf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of sweetening
 Dūl'cī-fȳ, *v. a.* to sweeten, free from acidity

Dŭl'cī-mér, *f.* a musical instrument
 Dŭl/co-rate, *v. a.* to dulcify, to sweeten
 Dŭl-co-rā'tion, *f.* act of sweetening
 Dŭl'hēad, *f.* a blockhead, a stupid person
 Dŭll, *a.* blunt, dejected, gloomy, stupid;
v. a. to blunt, damp, sadden, stupify
 Dŭl'lārd, *f.* a stupid person, a blockhead
 Dŭl'ly, *ad.* stupidly, slowly, not gaily
 Dŭl'nēss, *f.* dimness, stupidity, sluggishness
 Dŭ'ly, *a.* exactly, fitly, regularly
 Dŭmb, *a.* silent, speechless, mute
 Dŭmb'ly, *ad.* mutely, silently, without
 words
 Dŭmb'nēss, *f.* refusal to speak, silence
 Dŭmps, *f.* melancholy, sullenness, reverie
 Dŭmp'ish, *a.* somewhat sad, melancholy
 Dŭmp'līng, *f.* a sort of boiled pudding
 Dŭn, *f.* a troublesome, clamorous credi-
 tor: *v. a.* to press or ask often for a
 debt: *a.* between brown and black,
 gloomy
 Dŭnce, *f.* a dullard, a thickskul, a dolt
 Dŭng, *f.* excrement, soil
 Dŭn'g, eon, *f.* a dark prison under ground
 Dŭng'fōrk, *f.* a fork to throw out dung
 Dŭng'hīll, *f.* a heap of dung; a mean low
 man
 Dŭng'y, *a.* full of dung; mean
 Dŭn'nér, *f.* one employed to get in petty
 debts
 Dŭn'ny, *a.* hard of hearing
 Du-o-dēc'ī-mo, *a.* having 24 pages to a
 sheet
 Dŭpe, *f.* a credulous man; one easily trick-
 ed: *v. a.* to cheat, to deceive
 Dŭplī-cate, *v. a.* to fold together, to
 double: *f.* an exact copy of any thing
 Du-plī-cā'tion, *f.* act of doubling, a fold

Dŭ'plī-ca-ture, *f.* a fold, any thing doubled
 Du-plīc'ī-ty, *f.* deceit, doubleness
 Du-ra-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* continuance, endurance
 Dŭ'ra-ble, *a.* lasting
 Dŭ'ra-ble-nēss, *f.* continuance
 Dŭ'ra-bly, *ad.* in a lasting manner
 Dŭ'rānce, *f.* duration, imprisonment
 Du-rā'tion, *f.* continuance, power of con-
 tinuance
 Dŭre, *v. n.* to continue, last, endure
 Dŭre'lēss, *a.* not continuing, fading
 Dŭ'rēsse, *f.* imprisonment, restraint
 Dŭr'īng, *pret. & part.* for the time of con-
 tinuance
 Dŭ'rī-ty, *f.* hardness, solidness
 Dŭrst, *pret. of to dare*
 Dŭsk, *f.* tendency to darkness, incipient
 obscurity
 Dŭsk'ī-ly, *ad.* with a tendency to darkness
 Dŭsk'ish, Dŭsk'y, *a.* inclining to darkness,
 Dŭsk'ish-ly, *ad.* darkly [sad
 Dŭst, *f.* earth dried to powder; the grave:
v. a. to throw dust upon; free from dust
 Dŭst'mān, *f.* one who carries away dust
 Dŭst'y, *a.* clouded or covered with dust
 Dŭtch'ēss, *f.* the lady of a duke
 Dŭtch'y, *f.* territory giving title to a duke
 Dŭ'te-ous, Dŭ'tī-fŭl, *a.* obedient, submissive
 Dŭ'tī-fŭl-nēss, *f.* obedience, respect
 Dŭ'ty, *f.* obligation in every state; tax
 Du-ŭm'vī-rate, *f.* government by two per-
 sons
 Dwārf', *f.* a man below the usual size:
v. a. to hinder from growing, to lessen
 Dwārf'ish, *a.* below the common size, low
 Dwārf'ish-nēss, *f.* littleness
 Dwēll, *v. n.* to continue, reside in, inhabit
 Dwēll'ér, *f.* an inhabitant of any place

Dwëll'ing, *f.* habitation, place of residence
 Dwīn'dle, *v. n.* to fall away, to grow feeble
 Dȳ'ing, *part.* expiring; giving colour, tinging

Dȳ'nāl'ty, *f.* government, sovereignty

Dȳf'era-sy, *f.* distemper in the blood

Dȳf'ēn-tēr-y, *f.* bloody flux, looseness

Dȳf'pho-ny, *f.* a difficulty in speaking

Dȳf'su-ry, *f.* a difficulty in making urine

E.

EACH, *pron.* either of two

Ēa'g,ér, *a.* keen, quick, sour, zealous

Ēag,ér-ly, *ad.* keenly, sharply, zealously

Ēa'g,ér-něs, *f.* earnestness, keenness, violence

Ēa'gle, *f.* a bird of prey [lence

Ēa'gle-cȳ-ēd, *a.* sharp-sighted like an eagle

Ēa'gle-spēd, *f.* swiftness of an eagle

Ēa'glēt, *f.* a young eagle

Ēar, *f.* the organ of hearing

Ēar, *v. a. & n.* to plough or till, to shoot into ears

Ēar'ēd, *part.* having ears, or ripe corn

Ēar'lěs, *a.* without ears, having no ears

Ēar-wīt'něs, *f.* who attests a thing heard

Ēarl, *f.* the third title of nobility

Ēarl'dóm, *f.* an earl's feignory or dignity

Ēarl-mār'shāl, *f.* manager of military solemnities

Ēarl'ī-něs, *f.* the being early

Ēarl'y, *ad.* betimes: *a.* soon with respect to something else

Ēárn, *v. a.* to gain by labour, to obtain

Ēárn'ēst, *f.* money advanced, pledge: *a.* diligent, eager, serious, zealous

Ēárn'ēst-ly, *ad.* eagerly, importunately

Ēárn'ēst-něs, *f.* eagerness, warmth, zeal

Ēarth, *f.* one of the four elements; land, soil: *v. a. & n.* to cover with mould

Ēarth'börn, *a.* born of the earth

Ēarth'en, *a.* made of earth

Ēarth'ī-něs, *f.* grossness; quality of containing earth

Ēarth'līng, *f.* a frail creature; a mortal

Ēarth'ly, *a.* of this world; mean, vile

Ēarth'quāke, *f.* a shaking of the earth

Ēarth'wōrm, *f.* a poor mean wretch; a worm

Ēarth'y, *a.* consisting of earth

Ēāse, *f.* rest without labour, comfort, quiet: *v. a.* to assuage, relieve, slacken

Ēāse'fūl, *a.* quiet, peaceable

Ēāse'mēnt, *f.* ease, relief, refreshment

Ēā'sī-ly, *ad.* without trouble, gently

Ēā'sī-něs, *f.* compliance, contentedness, rest

Ēast, *f.* the quarter where the sun rises

Ēast'ér, *f.* the festival of Christ's resurrection

Ēast'ér-ly, *ad.* lying towards the east

Ēast'érn, *a.* oriental

Ēast'wārd, *ad.* towards the east

Ēa'sy, *a.* at ease; not hard; credulous

Ēat, *v. a. & n.* to swallow, consume, take meat

Ēat'a-ble, *a.* what may be eaten

Ēat'ér, *f.* who eats or consumes; a corrosive

Ēat'īng-hōūse, *f.* a place to eat at

Ēaves, *f.* the edges of the roof of a house

Ēave'sdrōp, *v. n.* to listen under the windows

Ēave'sdrōp-pér, *f.* a listener under the windows

Ēbb, *f.* a flowing back; decay, waste

Ēb'o-ny, *f.* a hard, heavy, black wood

E-brī'e-ty, *f.* drunkenness
 E-brī-ōf'ī-ty, *f.* the habit of drunkenness
 E-būl-lī'tion, *f.* the act of boiling up
 Ēc-cēn'tric, Ēc-cēn'tric-āl, *a.* deviating from the centre
 Ēc-cēn-trīq'ī-ty, *f.* a deviating from the centre
 Ēc-clēf-īā-f'tic-āl, *a.* relating to the church
 Ēc-clēf-ī-āl'tic, *f.* a clergyman
 Ēch'o, *f.* a sound returned or sent back : *v. a. & n.* to send back a voice ; to re-sound
 Ēc-lāir-cīssē'mēnt, *f.* explanation
 E-clāt', *f.* lustre, show, splendour
 E-clīpse', *f.* obscuration of a luminary : *v. a.* to cloud, darken, disgrace
 E-clīp'tic, *f.* a line on the sphere of the world, which the sun describes in its annual revolution
 Ēc-lōgue, *f.* pastoral poem
 E-cōn'o-my, *f.* good management
 E-co-nōm'ic-āl, *a.* frugal
 Ēcf'ta-cy, *f.* excessive joy, distraction, enthusiasm
 Ēcf-tāt'ic, Ēcf-tāt'ic-āl, *a.* enraptured, ravished, elevated to ecstasy
 E-dāq'ī-ty, *f.* ravenousness, voracity
 Ēd'dér, *f.* wood put on the top of fences : *v. a.* to bind a fence
 Ēd'dy, *f.* circular motion of wind or water
 Ēd'dy, *a.* moving circularly, whirling
 Ēdge, *f.* the sharp part of an instrument : *v. a. & n.* to border, provoke, sharpen ; to move against any power
 Ēdg'ēd, *part.* not blunt ; sharp, provoked
 Ēdg'īng, *f.* a narrow lace, a border
 Ēdge'lēss, *a.* unable to cut, blunt, obtuse
 Ēdge'tōol, *f.* a cutting instrument

Ēdge'wīse, *ad.* in direction of the edge
 Ēd'ī-ble, *a.* fit to be eaten, fit for food
 Ēd'īct, *f.* a proclamation
 Ēd-ī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* a building up in faith ; instruction
 Ēd'ī-fīce, *f.* a building, fabric, structure
 Ēd'ī-fī-ér, *f.* one who edifies or instructs
 Ēd'ī-fy, *v. a.* to instruct ; build, improve
 E-dī'tion, *f.* impression of a book
 Ēd'ī-tōr, *f.* who prepares a book for the press
 Ēd'u-cāte, *v. a.* to bring up in learning
 Ēd-u-cā'tion, *f.* the instruction of children
 E-dūce', *v. a.* to bring out, extract, produce
 Ēek, *v. a.* to make bigger by the addition of a piece ; to supply any deficiency
 Ēel, *f.* a slimy fish that lurks in mud
 Ēf'fā-ble, *a.* expressive, utterable
 Ēf-fāce', *v. a.* to blot, deface, destroy
 Ēf-fēct', *f.* thing produced, consequence, end, issue : *v. a.* to bring to pass, produce, achieve
 Ēf-fēct'ī-ble, *a.* practicable
 Ēf-fēct'ive, *a.* able to produce ; serviceable
 Ēf-fēct'ive-ly, *ad.* powerfully [weak
 Ēf-fēct'lēss, *a.* without effect ; useless,
 Ēf-fēct'ōr, *f.* who effects ; maker, creator
 Ēf-fēcts', *f. pl.* goods, moveables, possessions
 Ēf-fēc'tu-āl, *a.* efficacious, powerful
 Ēf-fēc'tu-āl-ly, *ad.* to the purpose
 Ēf-fēc'tu-ate, *v. a.* to bring to pass
 Ēf-fēm'īn-a-cy, *f.* loose pleasure, lasciviousness
 Ēf-fēm'īn-ate, *a.* tender, voluptuous, womanish : *v. a.* to make womanish, soften
 Ēf-fēte', *a.* worn out with age ; barren
 Ēf-fī-cā'cious, *a.* powerful

Ēf-fī-cā'ciouſ-ly, *ad.* effectually, powerfully
 Ēf-fī-ca-cy, *f.* ability or power to effect
 Ēf-fī'cien-cy, *f.* a producing effects; agency
 Ēf-fī'cient, *a.* producing effects
 Ēf-fī-g, y, *f.* a resemblance in painting or sculpture
 Ēf-flu-ēnce, *f.* what issues from another prin-
 Ēf-flū'vī-a, *f.* small particles flying off from bodies
 Ēf-flūx, *f.* the act of flowing out, effusion
 Ēf-flūx', *v. n.* to flow or run out
 Ēf-flūx'īōn, *f.* a flowing out, an effluvium
 Ēf-fōrt, *f.* a strong endeavour, a struggle
 Ēf-frōn'tér-y, *f.* boldness, impudence
 Ēf-fūl'g, ēnce, *f.* brightness, lustre, clarity
 Ēf-fūl'g, ēnt, *a.* bright, shining, luminous
 Ēf-fūſe', *v. a.* to pour out, to spill, to shed:
f. waste; effusion
 Ēf-fū'ſion, *f.* a pouring out, waste, liberality
 Ēf-fū'ſīve, *a.* pouring out, dispersing
 Ēſt, *f.* a poisonous animal, a newt, an evet
 Ēgg, *f.* the production of fowls and insects:
v. a. to spur on, to incite, to instigate
 Ēg'lān-tine, *f.* a species of rose
 Ē'go-tīſm, *f.* self-commendation, frequent repetition of the word *I*
 Ē'go-tīſt, *f.* a self-recommender
 Ē'go-tīze, *v. a.* to talk much of one's self
 E-grē'gious, *a.* eminent, shameful
 E-grē'giouſ-ly, *ad.* eminently, shamefully
 Ē'grēſs, E-grēſ'ſion, *f.* act of going out
 Ē'grētte, *f.* a flower for a woman's head
 E-jāc'u-late, *v. a.* to throw a dart out
 E-jāc-u-lā'tion, *f.* a fervent prayer
 E-jāc'u-la-to-ry, *a.* fervent, suddenly darted out
 E-jēct', *v. a.* to cast out, cast away, reject
 E-jēc'tion, *f.* a casting out

E-jēct'mēnt, *f.* a writ to cast out of possession
 Ēigh, *intj.* expressing pleasure
 Ēight, *a.* twice four
 Ēighth, *a.* next in order to seven
 Ēighth'ly, *ad.* in the eighth place
 Ēight'scōre, *a.* eight times twenty
 Ēigh'tēen, *a.* twice nine
 Ēigh'tēenth, *a.* the next in order to the seventeenth
 Ēight'fōld, *a.* eight times the number, &c.
 Ēight'y, *a.* eight times ten, fourscore
 Ēī'thēr, *pron.* one or the other, each, both:
a distributive adverb answered by *or*
 Ēke, Ēek, *v. a.* to spin out, fill up, increase:
ad. also, likewise, beside
 E-lāb'o-rate, *v. a.* to produce with labour;
 to improve: *a.* finished with exactness
 E-lāb'o-rate-ly, *ad.* laboriously
 E-lāb-o-rā'tion, *f.* improvement by successive operations
 E-lānce', *v. a.* to throw out, to dart
 E-lāpſe', *v. n.* to pass away or glide
 E-lāſ'tic, *a.* springing back, recovering
 E-lāſ'tic'ī-ty, *f.* spring or force in bodies
 E-lāte', *a.* flushed with success, haughty:
v. a. to puff up, make proud, exalt
 E-lā'tion, *f.* haughtiness; pride of prosperity
 Ēl'bōw, *f.* the bending of the arm; angle:
v. a. & n. to push with the elbow; to jut out
 Ēld, *f.* old age; old people; decrepitude
 Ēld'ér, *a.* (*comp.* of *old*) of more years
 Ēld'ér, *f.* the name of a tree
 Ēld'ér-ly, *a.* somewhat in years
 Ēld'érſ, *f.* ancient rulers, ancestors [session
 Ēld'ér-ſhīp, *f.* presbytery, seniority, kirk-

Ēld'ĕst, *a.* (*sup.* of *old*) oldest

E-lĕct', *a.* chosen by preference, selected :

v. a. to select for favour, to choose

E-lĕc'tion, *f.* act of choosing ; choice

E-lĕc'tive, *a.* capable of being elected

E-lĕc'tive-ly, *ad.* by choice

E-lĕc'tōr, *f.* one who elects ; a title of some princes

E-lĕc'to-rāl, *a.* having the dignity of an elector

E-lĕc'to-rate, *f.* the territory of an elector

E-lĕc'tric-āl, *a.* attractive without magnetism ; produced by an electric body

E-lĕc'tric'ī-ty, *f.* attraction without magnetism

E-lĕc'tu-a-ry, *f.* a form of medicine

Ēl-ee-mōs'y-na-ry, *a.* living upon charity

Ēl'e-gānce, *f.* beauty without grandeur

Ēl'e-gānt, *a.* neat ; nice ; not coarse

Ēl'e-gānt-ly, *ad.* in a pleasing manner

E-lē'g,ī-āc, *a.* mournful, sorrowful

Ēl'e-g,y, *f.* a funeral poem, a mournful song

Ēl'e-mēnt, *f.* a simple body ; earth, air, fire, water : *v. a.* to compound of elements ; to constitute

Ēl-e-mēnt'āl, *a.* produced by elements, simple

Ēl-e-mēnt-ār'ī-ty, *f.* simplicity of nature

Ēl-e-mēnt'a-ry, *a.* not compounded, simple

Ēl'e-phānt, *f.* the largest of all beasts

Ēl'e-vate, *v. a.* to make glad, exalt, elate

Ēl'e-vate, Ēl'e-vat-ēd, *a.* roused aloft, exalted

Ēl-e-vā'tion, *f.* exaltation, dignity [ed

Ēl-e-vāt'ōr, *f.* a raiser or lifter up

E-lēv'en, *a.* ten and one, one more than ten

Ēlf, *f.* a devil, a fairy, a wandering spirit

Ēlf, *v. a.* to entangle hair greatly

Ēlf'lōck, *f.* hair twisted by elves

E-līc'ite, *v. a.* to strike out, to fetch out

E-līc'it, *a.* brought into act, drawn out

Ēl-ī-g,ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* worthiness to be chosen

Ēl'ī-g,ī-ble, *a.* fit to be chosen, preferable

Ēl'ī-g,ī-ble-nēss, *f.* preferableness

E-lī'fion, *f.* a cutting off, a separation

E-līx'ir, *f.* the quintessence, a medicine, a

Ēlk, *f.* a large wild beast [cordial

Ēll, *f.* the measure of one yard and a quarter

Ēl-līp'fīs, *f.* an oval figure ; a defect

Ēl-līp'tic-āl, *a.* defective ; in the form of an

Ēlm, *f.* the name of a tree [oval

Ēl-o-cū'tion, *f.* utterance, delivery, fluency

E-lōn'gate, *v. a. & n.* to draw out ; depart from

E-lōn-gā'tion, *f.* act of lengthening

Ēl'o-gy, *f.* praise, panegyric

E-lōpe', *v. a.* to escape privately [strait

E-lōpe'mēnt, *f.* a departure from just re-

Ēl'o-quēnce, *f.* a speaking with fluency

Ēl'o-quēnt, *a.* having the power of oratory

Ēlse, *pro.* other, one besides : *ad.* otherwise

Ēlse-whēre', *ad.* in another place

E-lū'cī-date, *v. a.* to explain, clear up, make plain

E-lu-cī-dā'tion, *f.* explanation, exposition

E-lu-cī-dā'tōr, *f.* an explainer, expositor

E-lūde', *v. a.* to escape or avoid by artifice

E-lū'dī-ble, *a.* that may be eluded or avoided-

Ēlv'īsh, *a.* relating to fairies [ed

E-lū'fion, *f.* artifice, delusion, evasion

E-lū'tive, E-lū'so-ry, *a.* tending to elude

E-lýf'īán, *a.* exceedingly delightful

E-lýf'īūm, *f.* the heaven of the heathens

E-mā'ciate, *v. n.* to lose flesh, waste ; pine

E-māc-ī-ā'tion, *f.* act of making lean

E-māc-u-lā'tion, *f.* a freeing from spots

Ēm'an-ēnt, *a.* proceeding from something else

Ěm-ăn-ă'tion, *f.* act of issuing from
 Ěm-ăn'a-rive, *a.* issuing from another
 E-măn/cĩ-pate, *v. a.* to free from slavery
 E-măn/cĩ-pă'tion, *f.* act of setting free
 E-măř'cu-late, *v. a.* to castrate, to effeminate
 E-măř'cu-lă'tion, *f.* castration, effeminacy
 Ěm-lă'm', *v. a.* to impregnate a body with spices, so as it may resist putrefaction
 Ěm-bă'm'ér, *f.* who embalms
 Ěm-băr'go, *f.* a prohibition to pass or sail
 Ěm-bărk', *v. a. & n.* to put or go on ship-board
 Ěm-bărk-ă'tion, *f.* a putting or going on ship-board
 Ěm-băr'răřs, *v. a.* to distress, entangle, perplex
 Ěm-băr'răř-měnt, *f.* perplexity
 Ěm-băř'sa-dour, *f.* See *Ambassador*
 Ěm'băř-sage, Ěm'băř-sy, *f.* a public or solemn message
 Ěm-băt'tle, *v. a.* to arrange in order of battle
 Ěm-běl'lřřh, *v. a.* to adorn, beautify
 Ěm-běl'lřřh-měnt, *f.* ornament
 Ěm'běrřs, *f. pl.* hot cinders
 Ěm-běř/zle, *v. a.* to steal privately; to waste
 Ěm-běř/zle-měnt, *f.* misapplication of a trust
 Ěm-blăze', *v. a.* to adorn, to blazon
 Ěm/blěm, *f.* a moral device, typical designation : *v. a.* to represent allusively
 Ěm-ble-măt'ic-ăl, *a.* occultly, representative
 Ěm-ble-măt'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* allusively
 Ěm-blěm'ăt-řřt, *f.* a writer or inventor of emblems
 Ěm'ból-řřm, *f.* time inserted, intercallation
 Ěm-bőřs', *v. a.* to adorn with rising work
 Ěm-bőřř'ing, *f.* art of making figures in relief

Ěm-bőřř'měnt, *f.* rising work
 Ěm-bőř'ěl, *v. a.* to take out the entrails
 Ěm-brăce', *v. a. & n.* to join in an embrace : to squeeze in kindness
 Ěm brăce', Ěm-brăce'měnt, *f.* a clasp, hug
 Ěm-bră'sure, *f.* opening in a wall, battlement
 Ěm'bro-cate, *v. a.* to foment a part diseased
 Ěm-bro-că'tion, *f.* fomentation
 Ěm-brőřd'ér, *v. a.* to adorn with figured work
 Ěm-brőřd'ér-ér, *f.* who embroiders
 Ěm-brőřd'ér-y, *f.* variegated needle-work
 Ěm-brőřl, *v. a.* to confuse, distract, disturb
 Ěm'brř-y-o, *f.* any thing unfinished
 Ěm-břřře', *v. a.* to restore money owing
 E-měnd'a-ble, *a.* capable of emendation
 Ěm-ěn-dă'tion, *f.* an alteration, correction
 E-měn-dă'tor, *f.* a corrector, improver
 Ěm'e-răld, *f.* a green precious stone
 E-měrg'e', *v. n.* to rise out of, to come in view
 E-měrg'ěnce, *f.* a rising out of; sudden occasion
 E-měrg'ěnt, *a.* coming to sight, sudden
 Ěm'ér-ořřs, Ěm'ör-rhőřřs, *f.* the piles
 E-měřřion, *f.* re-appearance of a star
 E-mět'ic, *a.* provoking vomits
 E-mět'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* in such a manner as to provoke to vomit
 Ěm'ř-grate, *v. n.* to remove from one place to another
 Ěm-ř-gră'tion, *f.* change of habitation
 Ěm'řn-ěnce, *f.* height, top; a cardinal's title
 Ěm'řn-ěnt, *a.* exalted, high, remarkable
 Ěm'řn-ěnt-ly, *ad.* in a high degree, conspicuously

- Ěm'if-sa-ry, *f.* a secret agent, a spy
 E-mif'sion, *f.* a throwing out, vent, shoot-
 E-mit', *v. n.* to issue out, to dart [ing
 Ěm'mēt, *f.* an ant, a pismire
 E-mōl'iēnt, *a.* softening, suppling
 E-mōl-lī'tion, *f.* the act of softening
 E-mōl'u-mēnt, *f.* advantage, profit
 E-mō'tion, *f.* disturbance of mind, vehemence of passion
 Ěm-pāle, *v. a.* to fence in; to fortify; to inclose; to put to death by spitting on a stake fixed upright
 Ěm-pān'něl, *f.* the schedule of a jury: *v. a.* to summon to serve on a jury
 Ěm-pās'sion, *v. a.* to move with a passion: to affect strongly
 Ěm'pe-rēs, *f.* the queen of an emperour
 Ěm'pe-roūr, *f.* a monarch superior to a king
 Ěm'pha-sīs, *f.* a remarkable stress on a word
 Ěm-phāt'ic-āl, *a.* forcible, striking
 Ěm-phāt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a striking manner
 Ěm'pīre, *f.* an imperial power, command
 Ěm'pīr-ic, *f.* a pretended physician, a quack
 Ěm-pīr'ic-āl, *a.* practised by rote
 Ěm-pīr'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* experimentally
 Ěm-plōy', *v. a.* to keep at work, exercise, use
 Ěm-plōy', Ěm-plōy'mēnt, *f.* public office, business
 Ěm-plōy'a-ble, *a.* fit to be used or employed
 Ěm-plōy'ér, *f.* who employs another
 Ěm-pōi'son, *v. a.* to destroy by poison
 Ěm-pō'rī-ūm, *f.* a place of merchandise, a mart
 Ěm-pōv'ér-īsh, *v. a.* to make poor
 Ěm-pōv'ér-īsh-ér, *f.* who or what impoverishes
 Ěm-pōv'ér-īsh-mēnt, *f.* diminution, cause of poverty, waste

- Ěm-pōw'ér, *v. a.* to authorise, enable, commission
 Ěm'prēs, *f.* a woman with imperial dignity
 Ěm-prīse', *f.* attempt of danger, enterprise
 Ěmp'tī-ér, *f.* who empties or makes void
 Ěmp'tī-nēs, *f.* void space; ignorance; vanity
 Ěmp'ty, *a.* ignorant; unfinished; void: *v. a.* to make void, to exhaust
 Ěm-pūr'ple, *v. a.* to make of a purple colour
 Ěm-pūz'zle, *v. a.* to perplex, put to a stand
 Ěm-pŷr'e-āl, *a.* aerial, refined
 Ěm-pŷ-rē'an, *f.* the highest heaven
 Ěm'u-late, *v. a.* to imitate; to rival
 Ěm-u-lā'tion, *f.* contention, rivalry, envy
 Ěm'u-la-tīve, *a.* rivalling, disposed to competition
 Ěm-u-lā'tōr, *f.* a competitor
 Ěm'u-loūs, *a.* desirous to excel, rivalling
 Ěm'u-loūs-ly, *ad.* with desire of excelling
 Ěn-ā'ble, *v. a.* to make able, to authorise
 Ěn-āct', *v. a.* to effect, establish, perform
 Ěn-āct'ōr, *f.* who forms decrees, who performs
 Ěn-ām'ěl, *f.* the matter used in enamelling
 Ěn-ām'ěl, *v. a.* to inlay with colours
 Ěn-ām'ěl-lér, *f.* who enamels
 Ěn-ām'oūr, *v. a.* to inflame with love, to make fond
 Ěn-cāmp', *v. n.* to rest or pitch in tents
 Ěn-cāmp'mēnt, *f.* tents pitched in order
 Ěn-cāve, *v. a.* to conceal as in a cave
 Ěn-chāfe', *v. a.* to enrage, irritate, provoke
 Ěn-chāin, *v. a.* to fasten with a chain
 Ěn-chānt', *v. a.* to delight highly, bewitch
 Ěn-chānt'ér, *f.* a magician
 Ěn-chānt'ing-ly, *ad.* with the force of enchantment

Ēn-chānt'mēnt, *f.* magical charms
 Ēn-chānt'rēls, *f.* a sorceress, an extreme beauty
 Ēn-chāse', *v. a.* to infix, to set in
 Ēn-cīr'cle, *v. a.* to enclose in a circle, to surround
 Ēn-cīr'clēt, *f.* a circle, a ring
 Ēn-clīt'ics, *f.* particles which throw back the accent upon the foregoing syllable
 Ēn-clōse', *v. a.* to fence in, to encompass
 Ēn-clōs'ér, *f.* who separates or incloses common fields
 Ēn-clō'sure, *f.* a piece of ground enclosed
 Ēn-cō'mī-āst, *f.* a panegyrist, a praiser
 Ēn-cō'mī-ūm, *f.* a panegyric, elegy
 Ēn-cóm'pāss, *v. a.* to shut in, to surround
 Ēn-cóm'pāss-mēnt, *f.* circumlocution
 En-core', *ad.* (*pron.* ōn-cōre') again, once more
 Ēn-cōūn'tér, *f.* battle, single fight, meeting: *v. a. & n.* to meet face to face, to attack; to engage
 Ēn-cōūn'tér-ér, *f.* an opponent
 Ēn-cōūr'age, *v. a.* to animate, incite, inspire
 Ēn-cōūr'age-mēnt, *f.* favour, incitement, support
 Ēn-cōūr'a-g,ér, *f.* one who encourages, a promoter
 Ēn-crōach', *v. a.* to advance by stealth, to invade [right
 Ēn-crōach'ér, *f.* one who encroaches beyond
 Ēn-crōach'mēnt, *f.* an unlawful possession
 Ēn-cūm'bér, *v. a.* to clog, to embarrass, to load [a load
 Ēn-cūm'brānce, *f.* a clog, an impediment,
 Ēn-cy-clo-pē'dī-a, *f.* the circle of sciences
 Ēnd, *f.* conclusion, death, design, loss, point: *v. a. & n.* to terminate, come to a conclusion

Ēn-dām'age, *v. a.* to hurt, prejudice
 Ēn-dān'g,ér, *v. a.* to bring into danger
 Ēn-dēar'mēnt, *f.* the cause and state of love
 Ēn-dēav'our, *v. a. & n.* to attempt, try; to strive: *f.* effort to obtain or avoid
 Ēn-dīct', *v. a.* to charge with a crime
 Ēn-dīct'mēnt, *f.* a declaration in form of law
 Ēn-dīte', *v. a.* to draw up, compose, write
 Ēn'dīve, *f.* a salad, herb succory
 Ēnd'lēss, *a.* without end, infinite in duration
 Ēnd'lēss-ly, *ad.* continually, incessantly
 Ēnd'lēss-nēss, *f.* perpetuity, endless duration
 Ēnd'lōng, *ad.* in a straight line
 Ēnd'mōst, *ad.* remotest, at the farther end
 Ēn-dōrse', *v. a.* to superscribe a bill
 Ēn-dōrse'mēnt, *f.* superscription
 Ēn-dōw', *v. a.* to enrich with a portion
 Ēn-dōw'ēd, *part. a.* possessed of, portioned
 Ēn-dōw'mēnt, *f.* gifts of nature; wealth given
 Ēn-dūe', *v. a.* to supply with graces
 Ēn-dūr'ance, *f.* continuance, delay
 Ēn-dūre, *v. a. & n.* to sustain, to undergo; to brook; to bear; to remain, to continue
 Ēn-dūr'ér, *f.* one who can bear, a sustainer
 Ēnd'wīse, *ad.* erectly, uprightly, on end
 Ēn'e-my, *f.* a foe; the devil; one against
 Ēn-ér-g,ēt'ic, *a.* active, forcible, vigorous
 Ēn'ér-g,y, *f.* force, influence, power, vigour
 E-nér'vate, *v. a.* to deprive of force
 Ēn-ér-vā'tion, *f.* act of weakening, emasculation
 E-nérve', *v. a.* to crush, weaken
 Ēn-fēe'ble, *v. a.* to deprive of strength
 Ēn-fēoff', *v. a.* to invest with possessions

Ĕn-fěoff'měnt, *f.* the act or deed of inflicting
 Ĕn-fět'tér, *v. a.* to bind in chains
 Ĕn-fil-ade', *f.* a strait passage
 Ĕn-fil-ade', *v. a.* to pierce in a right line
 Ĕn-förce', *v. a.* to compel, prove, strengthen, urge
 Ĕn-förç'ed-ly, *ad.* by violence
 Ĕn-förce'měnt, *f.* compulsion; evidence; urgent necessity; sanction
 Ĕn-förç'ér, *f.* one who compels or forces
 Ĕn-frän'chise, *v. a.* to make free
 Ĕn-frän'chise-měnt, *f.* act of enfranchising
 Ĕn-gäge', *v. a. & n.* to enter upon; to win over; to employ; to bind; to make liable; to fight
 Ĕn-gäge'měnt, *f.* battle; business; obligation
 Ĕn-g,äol', *v. a.* to put in prison [tion
 Ĕn-g,ĕn'dér, *v. a. & n.* to beget; to cause; to excite; to bring forth; to be produced
 Ĕn'g,ĭne, *f.* a machine; an agent
 Ĕn-g,ĭn-ĕer', *f.* one who directs engines or artillery
 Ĕn'g,ĭn-e-ry, *f.* engines of war; act of managing artillery
 Ĕn-gird', *v. a.* to encircle, to surround
 Ĕn'gle, *f.* a gull, a put, a bubble
 Eng'lish, *a.* (*pron.* ĭn-glĭsh) belonging to England
 En'glĭsh, *v. a.* to translate into English
 Ĕn-glüt', *v. a.* to swallow up; to pamper
 Ĕn-görge', *v. a.* to devour, to swallow
 Ĕn-grāve', *v. a.* to cut characters or figures
 Ĕn-grāv'ér, *f.* he who engraves on copper
 Ĕn-grōss', *v. a.* to monopolize; to write a fair copy; to encrease; to fatten
 Ĕn-grōss'ér, *f.* a monopolizer

Ĕn-grōss'měnt, *f.* exorbitant acquisition
 Ĕn-guard', *v. a.* to defend, to protect
 Ĕn-hānce', *v. a.* to advance or raise the price
 Ĕn-hānce'měnt, *f.* aggravation, increase
 E-nĭg'ma, *f.* an obscure question, a riddle
 E-nĭg-māt'ic-äl, *a.* obscure, cloudy
 E-nĭg-māt'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* obscurely
 E-nĭg'ma-tĭst, *f.* one who deals in obscurities
 Ĕn-jōin', *v. a.* to command, prescribe
 Ĕn-jōin'ér, *f.* one who gives injunctions
 Ĕn-jōin'měnt, *f.* command, direction
 Ĕn-jōy', *v. a.* to feel with pleasure, to have possession
 Ĕn-jōy'ér, *f.* one who has his fruition
 Ĕn-jōy'měnt, *f.* fruition, happiness
 Ĕn-kĭn'dle, *v. a.* to set on fire, incite
 Ĕn-lārgē', *v. a. & n.* to increase, release; expatiate
 Ĕn-lārgē'měnt, *f.* increase; release
 Ĕn-lārg,ér, *f.* an amplifier
 Ĕn-lĭght', Ĕn-lĭght'en, *v. a.* to give light; to instruct; to exhilarate
 Ĕn-lĭght'en-ér, *f.* an illuminator, instructor
 Ĕn-lĭv'en, *v. a.* to make lively or cheerful
 Ĕn-lĭv'en-ér, *f.* what enlivens or animates
 Ĕn'mĭ-ty, *f.* ill-will, malice, opposition
 Ĕn-nō'ble, *v. a.* to make noble, elevate
 Ĕn-nō'ble-měnt, *f.* the act of raising to the rank of nobility; exaltation
 E-nōr'mĭ-ty, *f.* corruption, irregularity
 E-nōr'mōūs, *a.* exceedingly big or wicked; irregular
 E-nōr'mōūs-ly, *ad.* beyond measure [ness
 E-nōr'mōūs-nĕss, *f.* immeasurable wickedness
 E-nōugh', *a. & ad.* sufficient; sufficiently
 E-nōw', *pl.* of enough; in a sufficient number

Ěn-rāge', *v. a.* to make furious, provoke
 Ěn-rānge', *v. a.* to place in orderly ranks
 Ěn-rānk', *v. a.* to place in orderly ranks
 Ěn-rāpt', *v. a.* to throw into an ecstasy
 Ěn-rāp'ture, *v. a.* to transport with pleasure
 Ěn-rāv'ish, *v. a.* to throw into an ecstasy
 Ěn-rāv'ish-měnt, *f.* ecstasy of delight
 Ěn-rīch', *v. a.* to make rich or fruitful;
 to store
 Ěn-rīch'měnt, *f.* augmentation of wealth
 Ěn-rīng', *v. a.* to bind round, to encircle
 Ěn-rīpen, *v. a.* to ripen, mature
 Ěn-rōbe', *v. a.* to clothe, dress, habit
 Ěn-rōl', *v. a.* to enwrap; record, register
 Ěn-rōll'ér, *f.* who enrolls or registers
 Ěn-rōl'měnt, *f.* a writing of record
 Ěn-rōot', *v. a.* to fix by the root, implant
 deep
 Ěn-sām'ple, *f.* an example, a pattern:
v. a. to exemplify, to give as a copy
 Ěn-sān'guine, *v. a.* to smear with gore;
 suffuse with blood [to secure
 Ěn-scōnce', *v. a.* to cover as with a fort,
 Ěn-sēar', *v. a.* to stop by heat
 Ěn-shield', *v. a.* to cover, defend, protect
 Ěn-shrine', *v. a.* to preserve as a holy relique
 Ěn'sīgn, *f.* flag; officer who carries it
 Ěn-slāve', *v. a.* to deprive of liberty
 Ěn-slāve'měnt, *f.* a state of bondage
 Ěn-slāv'ér, *f.* he who enslaves others
 Ěn-sūe', *v. a. & n.* to follow; to succeed of
 course
 Ěn-sūr'ānce, *f.* security from hazard; sum
 paid for security
 Ěn-sure', *v. a.* to ascertain; to indemnify;
 to secure; to promise reimbursement
 Ěn-sur'ér, *f.* one who makes ensurance

Ěn-tā'l', *f.* the rule of descent settled for
 any estate; the estate: *v. a.* to fix an
 estate unalienably
 Ěn-tāme', *v. a.* to subdue, to tame
 Ěn-tān'gle, *v. a.* to confuse, ensnare, twist
 Ěn-tān'gle-měnt, *f.* perplexity; involution
 Ěn-tāng'lér, *f.* one who entangles
 Ěn'tér, *v. a. & n.* to go into, to write
 down; to engage in, to come in
 Ěn'tér-ing, *f.* a passage into a place
 Ěn-tér-lāce', *v. a.* to intermix, to interweave
 Ěn-tér-pār'lānce, *f.* mutual talk
 Ěn'tér-prīse, *f.* hazardous undertaking;
 project: *v. a.* to essay, attempt, under-
 take
 Ěn'tér-prīf-ér, *f.* an adventurer, a schemer
 Ěn-tér-tān', *v. a.* to converse with; treat
 Ěn-tér-tān'ér, *f.* who treats, or employs,
 or amuses others
 Ěn-tér-tān'měnt, *f.* good welcome; the
 lower comedy; diversion; reception
 Ěn-throne', *v. a.* to set upon a regal seat
 Ěn-thū'sī-āsm, *f.* heat of imagination; a
 vain belief of private revelation
 Ěn-thū'sī-āst, *f.* one of a hot imagination
 Ěn-thū'sī-āst'ic, *a.* over-zealous
 Ěn-tīce', *v. a.* to allure, draw by fair pro-
 mises
 Ěn-tīce'měnt, *f.* allurement, act of alluring
 Ěn-tīc'ér, *f.* one who allures or entices
 Ěn-tīc'ing-ly, *ad.* in an artful manner
 Ěn-tīre', *a.* complete, undivided, whole
 Ěn-tīre'ly, *ad.* completely, fully, faithfully
 Ěn-tīre'něs, *f.* completeness, perfection;
 honesty
 Ěn-tī'tle, *v. a.* to give a title or a right to
 Ěn'tī-ty, *f.* a real being, something existing
 Ěn-tōil', *v. a.* to ensnare, to entangle

Ěn-tômb', *v. a.* to bury, put into a tomb
 Ěn'trān's, *f. pl.* bowels; caverns, recess
 Ěn'trānce, *f.* a going in, passage, admission
 Ěn'trānce', *v. a.* to put into an ecstasy
 Ěn-trāp', *v. a.* to take advantage, ensnare
 Ěn-trēat', *v. a. & n.* to beg earnestly; to treat
 Ěn-trēat'ānce, } *f.* earnest request, prayer,
 Ěn-trēat'y, } solicitation, supplication
 Ěn'try, *f.* act of entering, a passage
 Ěn-věl'ôp, *v. a.* to cover, surround, hide
 Ěn-ve-lôpé', *f.* an outward case; a wrapper
 Ěn-věn'ôm, *v. a.* to make hateful; to poi-
 son; to vex
 Ěn'vī-a-ble, *a.* deserving envy
 Ěn'vī-ér, *f.* who envies another's happiness
 Ěn'vī-ôus, *a.* infected with ill-will
 Ěn'vī-ôuf-ly, *ad.* with envy or malice
 Ěn-vī'rôn, *v. a.* to hem in; to invest, sur-
 round
 Ěn-vī'rôn's, *f. pl.* places adjacent
 E-nū'me-rate, *v. a.* to number
 E-nu-me-rā'tion, *f.* a numbering or count-
 ing over
 E-nūn'cī-ate, *v. a.* to declare, to proclaim
 E-nūn-cī-ā'tion, *f.* declaration, intelligence
 E-nūn'cī-a-tīve, *a.* declarative
 E-nūn'cī-a-tīve-ly, *ad.* declaratively
 Ěn'vôÿ, *f.* a public minister to foreign states
 Ěn'vy, *f.* vexation at another's prosperity:
v. a. to grieve at another's good
 Ěn-whēel', *v. a.* to encompass, surround
 Ěn-wômb', *v. a.* to make fruitful; to bury
 Ě'pāct, *f.* eleven days of the solar above the
 lunar year; Hebrew measure of about
 3 pecks
 Ěp'ic, *a.* heroic narrative
 Ěp-ī-cē'dī-ūm, *f.* a funeral poem, an elegy
 Ěp'ī-cēne, *a.* common to both sexes
 Ěp'ī-cūre, *f.* one given to luxury

Ěp-ī-cū're-ān, or Ěp-ī-cu-rē'ān, *f.* holding
 the opinion of *Epicurus*: *a.* luxurious,
 voluptuous
 Ěp'ī-cu-rīsm, *f.* luxury
 Ěp-ī-dēm'ic-āl, *a.* general, universal
 Ěp'ī-grām, *f.* a kind of short poem ending
 in a point
 Ěp-ī-grām-māt'ic, *a.* dealing in or belonging
 to epigrams
 Ěp-ī-grām'māt-īst, *f.* a writer of epigrams
 Ěp'ī-grāph, *f.* an inscription on a stone
 Ěp'ī-lēp-sy, *f.* convulsion with loss of sense
 Ěp-ī-lēp'tic, *a.* convulsive
 Ěp'ī-lōgue, *f.* speech at the end of a play
 E-pīph'a-ny, *f.* 12th day after Christmas
 E-pīf'co-pa-cy, *f.* government by bishops
 E-pīf'co-pāl, *a.* belonging to a bishop
 E-pīf'co-pate, *f.* a bishopric
 Ěp'ī-sode, *f.* a digression in a poem, separa-
 ble from the main subject
 Ěp-ī-sōd'ic-āl, *a.* containing an episode
 E-pīf'tle, *f.* a letter
 E-pīf'to-la-ry, *a.* relating to or transacted
 by letters
 E-pīst'lér, *f.* a scribbler of epistles
 Ěp'ī-tāph, *f.* a monumental inscription
 Ěp-ī-tha-lā'mī-ūm, *f.* a nuptial song
 Ěp'ī-thēt, *f.* an adjective denoting the qua-
 lity
 E-pīt'o-me, *f.* an abridgement
 E-pīt'o-mīse, *v. a.* to abridge, abstract, cur-
 tail
 E-pīt'o-mīst, *f.* an abridger
 Ě'pōch, *f.* the time from whence we date
 E-quā-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* evenness, uniformity
 Ě'quā-ble, *a.* equal to itself, uniform, even
 Ě'quāl, *f.* of the same rank or age: *a.* even:
v. a. to be equal to, to recompense
 E-quāl'ī-ty, *f.* evenness, likeness, uniformity

Ē'quāl-ize, *v. a.* to make or become equal
Ē'quāl-ly, *ad.* of the same degree; impartially

E-quā-nīm'ī-ty, *f.* evenness of mind

E-quān'īm-ōūs, *a.* not dejected, even

E-quā'tion, *f.* a bringing things to an equality

E-quā'tōr, *f.* a line dividing the globe in two equal parts, *north* and *south*

E-quā-tō'rī-āl, *a.* pertaining to the equator

Ē'quēr-rīēs, *f.* who have care of a king's horses

E-quēs'trī-ān, *a.* appearing on horse-back

E-quī-dīf'tānt, *a.* at the same distance

E-quī-fōrm'ī-ty, *f.* equality, uniformity

E-quī-lā'ēr-āl, *a.* having all sides equal

E-quī-lī-brā'tion, } *f.* equality of weight;

E-quī-lī-brī-ūm, } *equipoise*

E-quī-nōc'tial, *f.* the line that answers to the equator

E-quī-nōc'tial, *a.* pertaining to the equinox

Ē'quī-nōx, *f.* equal day and night

E-quīp', *v. a.* to dress out; to furnish

Ēq'ūī-page, *f.* horses and carriages; attendance; a woman's watch and trinkets

E-quīp'mēt, *f.* equipage, accoutrement

Ē'quī-pōīse, *f.* equality of weight

E-quī-pōl'kēt, *a.* of equal force or power

E-quī-pōn'dér-ānce, *f.* equality of weight

E-quī-pōn'dér-ānt, *a.* of the same weight

E-quī-pōn'dér-ate, *v. n.* to weigh equally

Ēq'ūī-ta-ble, *a.* impartial, just, candid

Ēq'ūī-ta-bly, *ad.* impartially, justly

Ēq'ūī-ty, *f.* honesty, justice, impartiality

E-quīv'āl-ēnce, *f.* equality of worth or power

E-quīv'āl-ēnt, *a.* equal in value, &c.

E-quīv'o-cāl, *a.* doubtful, uncertain

E-quīv'o-cāl-ly, *ad.* ambiguously

E-quīv'o-cāl-nēfs, *f.* double meaning

E-quīv'o-ate, *v. n.* to use doubtful expressions

E-quīv-o-cā'tion, *f.* shuffling

E-quīv-o-cā'tōr, *f.* one who equivocates

Ē'ra, *f.* an epoch; the account of time

E-rād'ī-cate, *v. a.* to pull up by the roots,

E-rād-ī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of rooting up

E-rād'ī-ca-tīve, *a.* curing radically

E-rāse', *v. a.* to root up, destroy, excise

E-rāse'mēt, *f.* abolition, expunction

Ēre, *ad.* sooner than; before

Ēre-lōng', *ad.* before a long time pass

Ēre-nōw', *ad.* before this time

Ēre-whīle', *ad.* some time ago

E-rēct', *v. a.* to build or set up, to raise in a straight line

E-rēct', *a.* upright, bold, vigorous

E-rēc'tion, *f.* a building or raising up

E-rēc't'nēfs, *f.* an upright posture

Ēr'e-mīte, *f.* a hermit, a solitary

Ēr'e-mīt'īc-āl, *a.* religiously solitary

Ē'r-mīne, *f.* the fur of a little beast, a beast

Ē'r'mīn-ēd, *a.* clothed in ermine

E-rōde', *v. a.* to eat away, canker, corrode

E-rōs'ion, *f.* the act of eating away; corrosion [way

Ērr, or Err, *v. a.* to mistake, go out of the

Ēr'rānd, *f.* a message, mandate, commission

Ēr'ra-ble, *a.* liable to mistake

Ēr'ra-ble-nēfs, *f.* liableness to error

Ēr'rānt, *a.* wandering; vile; abandoned

Ēr'rānt-ry, *f.* errant state, employment of a knight-errant, condition of a wanderer

Ēr-rā'ta, *f. pl.* faults made in printing, &c.

Ēr-rāt'īc, *a.* wandering, uncertain

Ēr-rāt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* without method
 Ēr-rō'ne-oūs, *a.* subject to and full of errors
 Ēr-rō'ne-oūs-ly, *ad.* by mistake, not rightly
 Ēr-rō'ne-oūs-nēss, *f.* falsehood, mistake
 Ēr'rou, *f.* a blunder, mistake; sin; offence
 'Erst, *ad.* when time was; at first
 E-rūct', *v. a.* to belch
 E-rūc-tā'tion, *f.* a sudden burst, a belch
 Ēr-u-dī'tion, *f.* knowledge, learning
 E-rūp'tion, *f.* a breaking out, burst, pustule
 E-rūp'tive, *a.* bursting forth
 Ēs-cāl-ade', *f.* the scaling of walls
 Ēs-cāl'ōp, *f.* a shell fish, oysters broiled
 Ēs-cāpe', *v. a. & n.* to avoid: to get out of
 danger: *f.* a getting clear; preservation
 Ēs-cha-lot', *f.* (*pron.* Shāl-lot',) a kind of
 small onion
 Ēs-chew', *v. a.* to avoid, shun, fly
 Ēs-cūt'cheōn, *f.* a shield with arms
 Ēs-cōrt', *f.* a convoy, a guard to a place:
v. a. to guard to a place, to convoy
 Ēs-cot', *v. a.* to pay a reckoning; support
 Ēs-crī-tōir', *f.* a kind of desk on a chest of
 drawers
 Ēs'cu-lēt, *f.* something fit for food
 Ēs'cu-lēt, *a.* good for food, eatable
 Ēs-pāl'ier, *f.* dwarf trees, planted in rails
 Ēs-pēc'ial, *a.* chief, principal
 Ēs-pēc'ial-ly, *ad.* chiefly, principally
 Ēs-pī'al, *f.* one sent to bring intelligence
 Ēs-pōū'fāl, *f.* act or ceremony of betroth-
 ing
 Ēs-pōū'fāl, *a.* relating to espousals
 Ēs-pōū'je', *v. a.* to engage for marriage;
 marry; take upon; defend; maintain
 Ēs-py', *v. a.* to see at a distance; to watch
 Ēs-quīre', *f.* a title below a knight
 Ēs'fāy, *f.* attempt, endeavour, experiment

Ēs-fāy', *v. a.* to attempt, endeavour, try
 Ēs'sēnce, *f.* nature, substance, or being of
 any thing; perfume, smell, scent
 Ēs'sēnce, *v. a.* to perfume, to scent
 Ēs-sēn'tial, *f.* existence, nature, being
 Ēs-sēn'tial, *a.* very important; necessary
 Ēs-sēn'tial-ly, *ad.* constitutionally
 Ēs-sōine', *f.* excuse for non-appearance
 Ēs-tāb'līsh, *v. a.* to make firm, to found
 Ēs-tāb'līsh-mēt, *f.* a settlement, a salary
 Ēs-tāte', *f.* public affairs; a fortune; rank
 Ēs-tēem', *f.* high value in opinion, regard
 Ēs-tēem', *v. a.* to think well of; to value
 Ēs-tēem'ér, *f.* one who values highly
 Ēs'tīm-a-ble, *a.* worthy of esteem, valuable
 Ēs'tīm-a-ble-nēss, *f.* quality of deserving
 regard
 Ēs'tīm-ate, *f.* calculation, computation:
v. a. to set a value, to compute
 Ēs'tīm-ā'tion, *f.* esteem, opinion
 Ēs'tīm-a-tive, *a.* having the power of com-
 paring
 Ēs'tīm-ā'tōr, *f.* a setter of rates [*lienate*
 Ēs-trānge', *v. a.* to keep at a distance; a-
 Ēs-trānge'mēt, *f.* distance, removal
 Ēs'tu-a-ry, *f.* an arm of the sea
 Etc. or &c. *contrac.* for *et cetera*, and so on
 Etch, *v. a.* to make prints with aquafortis
 E-tér'nāl, *f.* God: *a.* endless, perpetual
 E-tér'nāl-ise, *v. a.* to make immortal
 E-tér'nāl-ly, *ad.* without intermission
 E-térne', *a.* eternal, perpetual
 E-tér'nī-ty, *f.* duration without end
 E-tér'nize, *v. a.* to immortalize, make end-
 E'thér, *f.* pure air, pure element [*less*
 E-thē're-āl, E-thē're-oūs, *a.* heavenly
 Ēth'ic, Ēth'ic-āl, *a.* moral, treating of mo-
 rality

ĕth'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* according to morality
 ĕth'ics, *f.* the doctrine of morality
 E-ty-mo-lōg'ic-ăl, *a.* relating to etymology
 E-tŷ-mōl'o-g'ist, *f.* a searcher of the derivation of words
 E-ty-mōl'o-g'y, *f.* the derivation of words
 ĕt'y-mōn, *f.* primitive word, origin
 E-văc'u-ate, *v. a.* to make void; empty
 E-văc-u-ă'tion, *f.* abolition, discharge
 E-văde', *v. a. & n.* to avoid, equivocate: to shift off
 E-văn-ĕs'cĕnt, *a.* imperceptible, vanishing
 E-văn-g'ĕl'ic-ăl, *a.* agreeable to the gospel
 E-văn'g'ĕl-ism, *f.* promulgation of the gospel
 E-văn'g'ĕl-ist, *f.* a writer or preacher of the gospel
 E-văn'g'ĕl-ize, *v. a.* to preach the gospel
 E-văp'o-ra-ble, *a.* easily resolved into vapours
 E-văp'o-rate, *v. n.* to resolve into vapours
 E-văp-o-ră'tion, *f.* a flying away in fumes
 E-vă'sion, *f.* equivocation, excuse, sophistry
 E-vă'ſive, *a.* equivocating, elusive
 Eū'c,hă-r-ist, *f.* the act of thanksgiving, the Lord's supper [supper
 Eū'c,hă-r-ist'ic-ăl, *a.* relating to the Lord's
 Ēve, *f.* close of the day, fast of a holiday
 Ē'ven, *a.* calm, level, parallel, uniform: *v. a. & n.* to make even; to be equal to: *ad.* verily, notwithstanding
 Ē'ven-hănd'ĕd, *a.* equitable, impartial, just
 Ē'ven-ing, *f.* the close of the day
 Ē'ven-ly, *ad.* horizontally, impartially
 Ē'ven-nĕss, *f.* liveliness, regularity
 Ē'ven-sōng', *f.* evening-worship, evening
 E-vĕnt', *f.* consequence, end, issue, upshot
 E-vĕnt'fŭl, *a.* full of incidents

E-vĕnt'ĭl-ate, *v. a.* to sift out; winnow; discuss
 E-vĕnt'u-ăl, *a.* accidental, consequential
 E-vĕnt'u-ăl-ly, *ad.* in the end
 Ēv'ér, *ad.* at any time; eternally, always
 Ēv'ér-bŭrn'ing, *a.* unextinguishing
 Ēv'ér-dŭr'ing, *a.* lasting always, eternal
 Ēv'ér-grĕen, *f.* a plant always green
 Ēv'ér-grĕen', *a.* green throughout the year
 Ēv'ér-lăst'ing, *f.* eternity, eternal duration: *a.* without end, perpetual
 Ēv'ér-lăst'ing-ly, *ad.* eternally, perpetually
 Ēv'ér-lăst'ing-nĕss, *f.* perpetuity
 Ēv'ér-liv'ing, *a.* living without end
 Ēv'ér-mōre', *ad.* always, eternally
 Ēv'e-ry, *a.* each one of all
 Ēves'-drōp-pér, *f.* a private listener
 E-vĭct', *v. a.* to take away, to dispossess
 E-vĭc'tion, *f.* dispossession; conviction
 Ēv'ĭ-dĕnce, *f.* a witness, proof, testimony: *v. a.* to give testimony
 Ēv'ĭ-dĕnt, *a.* plain, apparent, notorious
 Ēv'ĭ-dĕnt-ly, *ad.* apparently, certainly
 Ē'vĭl, *f.* calamity, disease, wickedness: *a.* mischievous, miserable, wicked
 Ē'vĭl-ăf-fĕct'ĕd, *a.* not disposed to kindness
 Ē'vĭl-dō'ér, *f.* a wicked person, malefactor
 Ē'vĭl-tă'vōŭr-ĕd, *a.* ill-countenanced
 Ē'vĭl-mĭnd'ĕd, *a.* malicious, mischievous
 Ē'vĭl-ly, *ad.* not well
 Ē'vĭl-nĕss, *f.* badness, wickedness
 Ē'vĭl-spĕak'ing, *f.* defamation, slander
 Ē'vĭl-wĭsh'ing, *part.* wishing harm to
 Ē'vĭl-wōrk'ér, *f.* one who does ill
 E-vĭnce', *v. a.* to prove, shew
 E-vĭn'cĭ-ble, *a.* capable of proof, demonstrable
 E-vĭn'cĭ-bly, *ad.* demonstrably

Ēv'ī-ta-ble, *a.* may be shunned
 Ēv'ī-tate, *v. a.* to avoid, to shun, to escape
 E-volve', *v. a.* to disclose, to disentangle
 Ēv-o-lū'tion, *f.* an unfolding, unrolling, ex-
 tracting, doubling, wheeling, &c.
 Eū'pho-ny, *f.* an agreeable sound, concord
 Eu-rō'pe-ān, or Eū-ro-pē'ān, *a.* belonging
 to Europe
 Ewe, *f.* (*pron.* yō or yū,) the she-sheep
 Ew'ér, *f.* a kind of spout; a jug for water
 Ēx,-āct', *a.* accurate, methodical, nice:
v. a. to demand, to force, to enjoin
 Ēx,-āct'ér, *f.* an extortioner
 Ēx,-āct'ion, *f.* severe tribute, extortion
 Ēx,-āct'ly, *ad.* accurately, nicely, thoroughly
 Ēx,-āct'nēss, *f.* accurateness, regularity
 Ēx-āg'g,ér-ate, *v. a.* to heighten by repre-
 sentation
 Ēx-āg,-g,ér-ā'tion, *f.* the act of heaping up;
 aggravation
 Ēx,-ālt', *v. a.* to lift up, to extol, to magnify
 Ēx,-āl-tā'tion, *f.* act of rising up, eleve-
 tion
 Ēx,-ām'ēn, *f.* examination, disquisition
 Ēx,-ām'īn-ate, *f.* the person examined
 Ēx,-ām-īn-ā'tion, *f.* disquisition, questioning
 Ēx,-ām-īn-ā'tōr, *f.* an enquirer, examiner
 Ēx,-ām'īne, *v. a.* to ask questions; consider
 Ēx,-ām'īn-ér, *f.* he who examines
 Ēx,-ām'pla-ry, *a.* serving for example
 Ēx,-ām'ple, *f.* an instance to prove by a
 pattern
 Ēx,-ān'ī-mate, *a.* dead, spiritless
 Ēx,-ān-ī-mā'tion, *f.* deprivation of life
 Ēx,-ān'īm-ous, *a.* lifeless, dead, killed
 Ēx,-āf-pe-rate, *v. a.* to enrage, to provoke,
 to vex
 Ēx,-āf-pe-rā'tion, *f.* provocation

Ēx-cān-tā'tion, *f.* disenchantment
 Ēx-cār'nate, *v. a.* to clear from flesh
 Ēx-cāv'ate, *v. a.* to cut into hollows
 Ēx-ca-vā'tion, *f.* act of cutting into hol-
 lows
 Ēx-cēd', *v. a. & n.* to excel: to go too far
 Ēx-cēd'ing, *a. & ad.* in a great degree;
 eminently
 Ēx-cēd'ing-ly, *ad.* to a great degree
 Ēx-cēl', *v. a. & n.* to surpass: to be eminent
 in a great degree
 Ēx'cēl-lēnce, } *f.* title of honour, great-
 Ēx'cēl-lēn-cy, } ness, purity, goodness
 Ēx'cēl-lēnt, *a.* of great value, eminent
 Ēx'cēl-lēnt-ly, *ad.* in a high degree, well
 Ēx-cēpt', *v. a.* to leave out, exclude, ex-
 empt: *prep.* exclusive of, unless
 Ēx-cēpt'ing, *prep.* without inclusion of
 Ēx-cēp'tion, *f.* dislike, exclusion, objection
 Ēx-cēp'tion-a-ble, *a.* liable to objection
 Ēx-cēp'tious, *a.* froward, peevish
 Ēx-cēp'tive, *a.* including an exception
 Ēx-cēpt'lēss, *a.* neglecting exceptions
 Ēx-cēpt'ōr, *f.* one who excepts or objects
 Ēx-cēss', *f.* intemperance, superfluity
 Ēx-cēss'ive, *a.* beyond just bounds
 Ēx-cēss'ive-ly, *ad.* exceedingly, eminently
 Ēx-chāng'e', *f.* a place of meeting for mer-
 chants; value of money; place of sale;
 a bartering: *v. a.* to barter
 Ēx-chāng,ér, *f.* one who practises ex-
 change
 Ēx-chēqu'ér, *f.* the place where the king's
 money is kept
 Ēx-cīse', *f.* a method of raising taxes:
v. a. to subject to the excise duty
 Ēx-cīse'mān, *f.* one who inspects excised
 goods

Ěx-cī'fion, *f.* destruction, extirpation
 Ěx-cī-tā'tion, *f.* act of rousing or awakening
 Ěx-cīte', *v. a.* to put in motion, rouse
 Ěx-cīte'mēnt, *f.* the motive to stir up
 Ěx-cīt'ér, *f.* one who excites or stirs up
 Ěx-clāim', *v. n.* to cry out, to rail against
 Ěx-clāim'ér, *f.* one who exclaims
 Ěx-cla-mā'tion, *f.* outrageous vociferation
 Ěx-clām'a-to-ry, *a.* containing exclamation
 Ěx-clūde', *v. a.* to exempt from; shut out
 Ěx-clū'fion, *f.* exception, rejection
 Ěx-clū'fīve, *a.* debarring from privilege
 Ěx-clū'fīve-ly, *ad.* not taking in; without
 Ěx-cōg,ī-tate, *v. a.* to invent [account
 Ěx-cōm-mū'nī-cate, *v. a.* to censure, exclude
 Ěx-cōm-mū'nī-cā'tion, *f.* ecclesiastical cen-
 Ěx-cō'rī-ate, *v. a.* to strip off the skin [sure
 Ěx-co-rī-ā'tion, *f.* loss of skin, plunder
 Ěx'cre-mēnt, *f.* human soil or dung
 Ěx-cre-mēnt'āl, *a.* voided as excrement
 Ěx-cre-mēn-tī'tious, *a.* containing excre-
 ments [gular growing out
 Ěx-crēs'cēnce, Ěx-crēs'cēncy, *f.* an irre-
 Ěx-crēs'cēnt, *a.* growing out irregularly
 Ěx-crē'tion, *f.* separation of animal sub-
 stance; ejecting excrements
 Ěx-cre-tīve, *a.* able to eject excrements
 Ěx'cre-to-ry, *a.* ejecting superfluous parts
 Ěx-crū'cī-ate, *v. a.* to torment, torture
 Ěx-cūl'pate, *v. a.* to clear of a fault
 Ěx-cūr'sion, *f.* deviation, digression, ramble
 Ěx-cūr'sīve, *a.* deviating, rambling
 Ěx-cū'sa-ble, *a.* pardonable [fault
 Ěx-cū'sa-ble-nēss, *f.* pardonableness for a
 Ěx-cū'sa-to-ry, *a.* pleading apology
 Ěx-cūse', *f.* plea, apology, act of excusing

Ěx-cūse', *v. a.* to forgive; lessen; pardon
 Ěx-cūse'lēss, *a.* without excuse
 Ěx-cūf'ér, *f.* one who forgives or pleads for
 Ěx-cūss', *v. a.* to seize, detain, withhold
 Ěx-cūf'sion, *f.* act of seizing, detention
 Ěx'e-cra-ble, *a.* accursed, hateful
 Ěx'e-cra-bly, *ad.* abominably
 Ěx'e-crate, *v. a.* to curse, imprecate ill upon
 Ěx-e-crā'tion, *f.* a curse, an imprecation
 Ěx'e-cute, *v. a.* to put to death; perform
 Ěx-e-cū'tion, *f.* a performance; death; sei-
 Ěx-e-cū'tion-ér, *f.* one who executes [zure
 Ěx-ēc'u-tīve, *a.* having power to act, active
 Ěx-ēc'u-tór, *f.* he who performs the will of
 another
 Ěx-ēc'u-tór-shīp, *f.* office of an executor
 Ěx-ēc'u-trīx, *f.* a female executor
 Ěx-e-g,ēr'ic-āl, *a.* explanatory, expository
 * Ěx-ēm'plār, *f.* a pattern to be imitated
 * Ěx-ēm'pla-rī-ly, *ad.* by way of example
 * Ěx-ēm'pla-rī-nēss, *f.* state of standing as
 a pattern to be copied [tracting notice
 * Ěx-ēm'pla-ry, *a.* worthy imitation, at-
 * Ěx-ēm-plīf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* a copy, transcript
 * Ěx-ēm'plī-fy, *v. a.* to copy; illustrate
 * Ěx-ēmt', *a.* free by privilege, not sub-
 ject: *v. a.* to free from, privilege
 * Ěx-ēmp'tion, *f.* duty free, immunity
 Ěx'e-qū'ies, *f. pl.* funeral rites
 * Ěx-ér'cēnt, *a.* exercising, practising
 Ěx'ér-cīse, *f.* employment, use, a task: *v. a.*
 to employ, habituate, practise, exert
 Ěx'ér-cīf-ér, *f.* who directs or uses exercise
 * Ěx-ért', *v. a.* to enforce, push, strive
 * Ěx-ér'tion, *f.* act of exerting; effort
 Ěx-hāl'a-ble, *a.* may be evaporated

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* *Note.* The *x* in these words are, by some persons, pronounced flat like *gz*.

Ēx-ha-lā'tion, *f.* a fume, steam, vapour
 Ēx-hāle, *v. a.* to cast out vapours, to steam
 Ēx-hāle'mēnt, *f.* matter exhaled, vapour
 Ēx-hāst', *v. a.* to draw quite off, to drain
 Ēx-hāst'lēss, *a.* inexhaustible
 Ēx-hīb'it, *v. a.* to display, to show, to pre-
 Ēx-hīb'it-ér, *f.* he who exhibits [sent
 Ēx-hī-bī'tion, *f.* a setting forth, display
 Ēx-hīl'ār-ate, *v. a.* to make cheerful
 Ēx-hīl-ār-ā'tion, *f.* the act of giving gaiety
 Ēx-hōrt', *v. a.* to advise, caution, persuade
 Ēx-hōr-tā'tion, *f.* incitement to good
 Ēx-hōrt'a-to-ry, *a.* tending to exhort
 Ēx-hōrt'ér, *f.* who exhorts or encourages
 Ēx'ī-g,ēnce, Ēx'ī-g,ēn-cy, *f.* demand, pres-
 sing necessity, distress, sudden occasion
 Ēx'ī-g,ēnt, *f.* urgent business
 Ēx,īle, *f.* a person banished, banishment:
v. a. to drive away, banish, transport
 Ēx,īle'mēnt, *f.* banishment, transportation
 Ēx,īl-ī'tion, *f.* slenderness, smallness
 Ēx,īst', *v. n.* to have a being, to be
 Ēx,īst'ēnce, *f.* the state of being
 Ēx,īst'ēnt, *a.* in being, in possession of being
 Ēx'īt, *f.* quitting a place, passage; death
 Ēx'o-dūs, *f.* departure
 Ēx-ōn'ér-ate, *v. a.* to disburden, unload
 Ēx-ōn-ér-ā'tion, *f.* a disburdening
 Ēx'o-ra-ble, *a.* may be moved by intreaty
 Ēx-ōr'bī-tānce, *f.* excessive wrong, extrava-
 Ēx-ōr'bī-tānt, *a.* extravagant [gance
 Ēx'ōr-ciſe, *v. a.* to cast out evil spirits; ad-
 jure
 Ēx'ōr-ciſ-ér, *f.* a magician
 Ēx'ōr-cīsm, *f.* conjuration
 Ēx'ōr-cīst, *f.* a caster out of evil spirits
 Ēx-ōr'dī-ūm, *f.* introduction to a discourse
 Ēx-ōt'ic, *a.* not domestic: *f.* a foreign plant

Ēx-pānd', *v. a.* to lay open, spread
 Ēx-pānse', *f.* an even wide extended body
 Ēx-pān-sī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* capacity of extension
 Ēx-pān'si-ble, *a.* capable of extension
 Ēx-pān'sion, *f.* a spreading out, extent
 Ēx-pān'sīve, *a.* extensive
 Ēx-pā'tī-ate, *v. a.* to range at large; to en-
 large
 Ēx-pēct', *v. a. & n.* to wait or look for
 Ēx-pēct'a-ble, *a.* may be expected
 Ēx-pēct'ānce, *f.* something expected; hope
 Ēx-pēct'ānt, *f.* who waits or expects
 Ēx-pēct'ānt, *a.* waiting in expectation
 Ēx-pēc-tā'tion, *f.* a looking or waiting for
 Ēx-pēct'ér, *f.* who hopes or waits for
 Ēx-pēc'to-rate, *v. a.* to cast from the breast
 Ēx-pēc'to-rā'tion, *f.* a discharge by cough-
 Ēx-pē'dī-ēnce, *f.* dispatch, fitness [ing
 Ēx-pē'dī-ēnt, *f.* a temporary advice, way,
 mean
 Ēx-pē'dī-ēnt-ly, *ad.* suitably, quickly
 Ēx-pe-dite, *a.* active, quick, light-armed:
v. a. to dispatch, to facilitate
 Ēx'pe-dite-ly, *ad.* with quickness
 Ēx-pe-dī'tion, *f.* a warlike enterprise; speed
 Ēx-pēl', *v. a.* to drive out, banish, eject
 Ēx-pēnd', *v. a.* to lay out, to consume,
 spend
 Ēx-pēnse', *f.* money expended, cost, charges
 Ēx-pēnse'fūl', *a.* chargeable, costly
 Ēx-pēnse'lēss, *f.* without cost or charge
 Ēx-pēn'sīve, *a.* given to expense, costly
 Ēx-pēn'sīve-ly, *ad.* with great expense
 Ēx-pēn'sīve-nēss, *f.* costliness, extrava-
 gance
 Ēx-pē'rī-ēnce, *f.* knowledge by practice;
 practice: *v. a.* to know by practice;
 to try

Ēx-pē'rī-ēn-cēd, *part. a.* wise by long practice

Ēx-pē'rī-ēn-cēr, *f.* one who makes trials

Ēx-pēr'ī-mēnt, *f.* trial of any thing; essay

Ēx-pēr-ī-mēnt'āl, *a.* founded upon experience [trial

Ēx-pēr-ī-mēnt'āl-ly, *ad.* by experience, by

Ēx-pēr-ī-mēnt'ēr, *f.* who makes experiments

Ēx-pért', *a.* intelligent, ready, skilful

Ēx-pért'ly, *ad.* in a skilful ready manner

Ēx-pért'nēss, *f.* readiness, skill, dexterity

Ēx'pī-a-ble, *a.* may be expiated or atoned for

Ēx'pī-ate, *v. n.* to atone for a crime

Ēx-pī-ā'tion, *f.* an atoning for a crime

Ēx'pī-a-to-ry, *a.* having power to expiate

Ēx-pī-rā'tion, *f.* death; conclusion; breathing

Ēx-pīre', *v. a. & n.* to breathe, exhale: die; end

Ēx-plāin', *v. a.* to clear up, illustrate

Ēx-plāin'a-ble, *a.* capable of explanation

Ēx-plāin'ēr, *f.* an expositor, commentator

Ēx-pla-nā'tion, *f.* interpretation

Ēx-plān'a-to-ry, *a.* containing explanation

Ēx'plē-tīve, *f.* an occasional syllable or word

Ēx'plī-ca-ble, *a.* possible to be explained

Ēx'plī-cate, *v. a.* to unfold, explain [ing

Ēx-plī-cā'tion, *f.* act of explaining or open-

Ēx'plī-ca-tīve, *a.* tending to illustrate

Ēx-plī-cā'tōr, *f.* expounder, explainer

Ēx-plīç'īt, *a.* unfolded, plain, clear, open

Ēx-plīç'īt-ly, *ad.* plainly, openly

Ēx-plōde', *v. a.* to make a report, decry, drive out

Ēx-plōd'ēr, *f.* a hisser, who drives out with open contempt

Ēx-plōit', *f.* an action, attempt, achievement: *v. a.* to achieve, perform, attempt

Ēx-plo-rā'tion, *f.* examination, search

Ēx-plo-rā'tōr, *f.* one who searches

Ēx-plō'ra-to-ry, *a.* examining, searching

Ēx-plōre', *v. a.* to examine by trial, search into

Ēx-plōre'mēnt, *f.* search, trial

Ēx-plō'fion, *f.* a discharge of gun-powder

Ēx-plō'fīve, *a.* driving out with violence

Ēx'port', *f.* any thing carried out in traffic

Ēx-pōrt', *v. a.* to carry out of a country

Ēx-port-ā'tion, *f.* the act of carrying out

Ēx-pōse', *v. a.* to put in danger, to lay open

Ēx-po-sī'tion, *f.* an explanation

Ēx-pōs'ī-tōr, *f.* an interpreter

Ēx-pōs'tu-late, *v. a.* to debate, altercation

Ēx-pōs-tu-lā'tion, *f.* a reasoning with

Ēx-pōs-tu-lā'tōr, *f.* a debater

Ēx-pōs'tu-la-to-ry, *a.* containing expostula-

Ēx-pō'sure, *f.* exposing to sight [tion

Ēx-pōūnd', *v. a.* to explain, to interpret

Ēx-pōūnd'ēr, *f.* an explainer

Ēx-prēs', *f.* a message sent on purpose, a courier: *a.* copied, exactly like, plain: *v. a.* to copy; utter; squeeze out; represent [clared

Ēx-prēs'sī-ble, *a.* may be uttered or de-

Ēx-prēs'sion, *f.* a form of speech

Ēx-prēs'sīve, *a.* proper to express; strong

Ēx-prēs'sīve-ly, *ad.* in a clear manner

Ēx-prēs'sīve-nēss, *f.* power of expressing

Ēx-prēs'sly, *ad.* in direct terms, plainly

Ēx-prēs'sure, *f.* utterance; form

Ēx-pūlse', *v. a.* to drive out, force away

Ēx-pūl'sion, *f.* an expelling or driving out

Ēx-pūnge', *v. a.* to blot out, efface

Ēx-pūr-gā'tion, *f.* a cleansing

Ěx-pŭr'ga-to-ry, *a.* used in purifying
 Ěx'qŭi-fŭte, *a.* excellent; complete; consummate
 Ěx'qŭi-fŭte-ly, *ad.* completely, in a good or bad sense
 Ěx'qŭi-fŭte-něs, *f.* nicety, perfection
 Ěx'tān-cy, *f.* parts rising up above the rest
 Ěx'tānt, *a.* now in being, standing in view
 Ěx-tāt'ic, Ěx-tāt'ic-āl, *a.* tending to something eternal, rapturous
 Ěx-tēm'po-rāl, Ěx-tēm'po-ra-ry, *a.* without study, sudden, quick, ready
 Ěx-tēm'po-rāl-ly, *ad.* without premeditation
 Ěx-tēm-po-rā'ne-oŭs, *a.* uttered without premeditation [readily
 Ěx-tēm'po-re, *ad.* without premeditation,
 Ěx-tēm'po-rī-něs, *f.* quality of speaking or acting without premeditation
 Ěx-tēm'po-rīze, *v. n.* to speak extempore
 Ěx-tēnd', *v. a.* to stretch out or enlarge, diffuse
 Ěx-tēnd'ér, *f.* who or what extends
 Ěx-tēnd'ī-ble, *a.* capable of extension
 Ěx-tēnd'lěss-něs, *f.* unlimited extension
 Ěx-těn'sŭ-bŭl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of being extended
 Ěx-těn'sŭ-ble, *a.* may be extended [tensible
 Ěx-těn'sŭ-ble-něs, *f.* capacity of being extended
 Ěx-těn'sion, *f.* act of extending; a being extended
 Ěx-těn'sŭve, *a.* large, wide [tended
 Ěx-těn'sŭve-ly, *ad.* largely, capaciously
 Ěx-těn'sŭve-něs, *f.* largeness, wideness
 Ěx-těnt', *f.* the compass of a thing; seizure
 Ěx-těn'u-ate, *v. a.* to lessen, diminish, palliate; make lean
 Ěx-těn-u-ā'tion, *f.* mitigation, palliation; general decay [trinsic
 Ěx-tē'rī-ór, *a.* external, outward, not in-

Ěx-tē'rī-ór-ly, *ad.* outwardly, externally
 Ěx-tér'mŭn-ate, *v. a.* to root out, to drive away; tear up
 Ěx-tér-mŭn-ā'tion, *f.* destruction, excision
 Ěx-tér-mŭn-ā'tór, *f.* who or what destroys
 Ěx-tér'mŭne, *v. a.* to exterminate, destroy
 Ěx-térn', Ěx-tér'nāl, *a.* only in appearance, having the outward appearance
 Ěx-tér'nāl-ly, *ad.* outwardly, not from within
 Ěx-tŭnct', *a.* extinguished, abolished, put out
 Ěx-tŭnc'tion, *f.* an abolishing [out
 Ěx-tŭn'gŭŭsh, *v. a.* to destroy, put out
 Ěx-tŭn'gŭŭsh-a-ble, *a.* that may be quenched
 Ěx-tŭn'gŭŭsh-ér, *f.* a hollow cone for putting out a candle
 Ěx-tŭn'gŭŭsh-měnt, *f.* destruction, abolition
 Ěx-tŭrp', Ěx-tŭrp'ate, *v. a.* to destroy, root out, eradicate, excise
 Ěx-tŭr-pā'tion, *f.* the act of rooting out
 Ěx-tŭr-pā'tór, *f.* who destroys or roots out
 Ěx-tŭl', *v. a.* to cry up, magnify, praise
 Ěx-tŭl'lér, *f.* a praiser, a magnifier
 Ěx-tŭrt', *v. a.* to gain by force
 Ěx-tŭrt'ér, *f.* one who oppresses another
 Ěx-tŭr'tion, *f.* an unlawful exaction, force
 Ěx-tŭr'tion-ér, *f.* who uses extortion
 Ěx'trāct, *f.* the substance extracted; heads of a book
 Ěx-trāct', *v. a.* to draw out of
 Ěx-trāct'ór, *f.* who or what extracts
 Ěx-trāc'tion, *f.* a drawing out; lineage, descent
 Ěx'tra-ju-dŭc'ŭāl, *a.* out of the course of law
 Ěx-trā'ne-oŭs, *a.* foreign [minently
 Ěx'tra-ór'dŭ-na-rŭ-ly, *ad.* uncommonly, especially
 Ěx'tra-ór'dŭ-na-rŭ-něs, *f.* peculiarity, remarkableness

Ěx'tra-ōr'dī-na-ry, *a.* more than common, remarkable

Ěx'tra-pa-rōc'h'ī-āl, *a.* not within any parish

Ěx'tra-rēg'u-lār, *a.* not subject to rule

Ěx-trāv'a-gānce, *f.* superfluous expense, outrage; irregularity

Ěx-trāv'a-gānt, *a.* prodigal; wasteful; wild

Ěx-trāv'a-gānt-ly, *ad.* in an extravagant manner

Ěx-trāv'a-gānt-nēss, *f.* waste, wildness

Ěx-trāv'a-fat-ēd, *a.* forced out of its proper vessels

Ěx-trāv'a-fā'tion, Ěx-tra-vér'sion, *f.* act of throwing out; state of being forced out

Ěx-trēme', *f.* extremity; the utmost point: *a.* greatest, last, utmost; very much

Ěx-trēme'ly, *ad.* in the utmost degree

Ěx-trēm'ī-ty, *f.* the utmost parts; distress

Ěx-trī-cate, *v. a.* to set free, disembarrafs

Ěx-trī-cā'tion, *f.* act of disentangling

Ěx-trīn's'ic, *a.* external; not intrinsic

Ěx-trīn's'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* outwardly

Ěx-trūde', *v. a.* to thrust out with violence

Ěx-trū'sion, *f.* the act of thrusting out

Ěx-ū'bér-ānce, *f.* luxuriance, over-growth

Ěx-ū'bér-ānt, *a.* superfluous, over-abundant

Ěx-ū'bér-ānt-ly, *ad.* superfluously [fluity

Ěx-ū'bér-ate, *v. a.* to abound with super-

Ěx-u-dā'tion, *f.* act of sweating; sweat

Ěx-ūde', *v. n.* to sweat out; issue out by sweat

Ěx-ūlt', *v. n.* to rejoice above measure

Ěx-ūl-tānce, Ěx-ūl-tā'tion, *f.* joy, triumph, gladness, transport, rapturous delight

Ěy'ās, *f.* a young hawk

Ěye, *f.* the organ of sight; face, look, view: *v. a. & n.* to watch, observe; appear

Ěye'bāll, *f.* the apple of the eye, the pupil

Ěye'brōw, *f.* the hairy arch over the eye

Ěye'drōp, *f.* a tear; water from the eye

Ěye'glāss, *f.* a glass to help the sight

Ěye'lēss, *a.* without eyes; blind

Ěye'lēt, *f.* a small hole for the light, &c.

Ěye'līd, *f.* the membrane that shuts up the

Ěye'shōt, *f.* a glance, sight, view [eye

Ěye'sīght, *f.* the sight of the eye

Ěye'sōre, *f.* something offensive to the sight

Ěye'string, *f.* string of the eye [fang

Ěye'tōoth, *f.* the tooth next the grinders; the

Ěye'wīnk, *f.* a wink as a token

Ěye'wīt-nēss, *f.* ocular evidence [cuits

Ěyre, *f.* the courts of justice going their cir-

Ěy'ry, or Āy'ry, *f.* place where birds of prey build their nests, and hatch their young

F.

FĀ'BLE, *f.* an instructive fiction; a lie: *v. a. & n.* to feign; write fiction; to lie

Fā'blēd, *a.* told or celebrated in fables

Fā'blēr, *f.* a dealer in fiction

Fāb'rī-cate, *v. a.* to build, forge, construct

Fāb-rī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of building, construction

Fāb'rīc, *f.* a building, edifice, a system: *v. a.* to build, construct, form

Fāb'u-līst, *f.* a writer of fables [ries

Fāb-u-lōs'ī-ty, *f.* lyingness, fulness of sto-

Fāb'u-loūs, *a.* feigned, full of invented tales

Fāb'u-lōūs-ly, *ad.* in a fabulous manner

Fāce, *f.* confidence, front, visage, sight; *v. a.* to meet or cover in front

Fāce'pāint-ēr, *f.* a drawer of portraits

Fāce'pāint-īng, *f.* art of drawing in portraits

Fa-cē'tious, *a.* affable, cheerful, gay
 Fa-cē'tious-ly, *ad.* cheerfully, gaily, wit-
 tily
 Fa-cē'tious-nēss, *f.* cheerful wit, mirth
 Fāç'ile, *a.* easy to be done; flexible
 Fa-cil'i-tate, *v. a.* to make easy in the do-
 ing
 Fa-cil'i-ty, *f.* easy in the performance
 Fāç-ī-nē'rī-ōūs, *a.* wicked, atrocious
 Fāç'ing, *f.* an ornamental covering: *ad.*
 & *prep.* over-against, opposite to
 Fāct, *f.* an action, reality; party; tumult
 Fāc'tion, *f.* a party in a state, discord
 Fāc'tion-a-ry, *f.* a party-man
 Fāc'tious, *a.* tending to discord
 Fāc'tious-ly, *ad.* in a factious manner
 Fāc'tious-nēss, *f.* inclination to public dis-
 sension
 Fāc-tī'tious, *a.* made by art
 Fāc'tōr, *f.* an agent for another, a sub-
 stitute
 Fāc'to-ry, *f.* a body of merchant-agents
 Fāc'ul-ty, *f.* ability, privilege, reason
 Fād'dle, *v. n.* to play the fool, to trifle
 Fāde, *v. n.* to grow weak, lose colour,
 wither
 Fādge, *v. n.* to suit, to fit; to succeed
 Fā'ces, *f. pl.* [Latin] dregs, excrements
 Fāg, *f.* the worst part or end of any thing
 Fāg, *v. n.* to grow weary, become faint
 Fāg'gōt, *f.* a bundle of wood, a *nominal*
 soldier
 Fāg'gōt, *v. a.* to bundle together
 Fāil, *v. a. & n.* to desert, neglect, omit:
 to sink; break in business; miss, perish
 Fāil'ing, Fāil'ure, *f.* a becoming insolvent,
 deficiency, a slight fault, non-perform-
 ance

Fāin, *a.* glad, merry, fond
 Fāin, *ad.* with great desire, gladly
 Fāint, *a.* feeble, timorous, not ardent: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to deject, depress, enfeeble; to sink
 into dejection; decay, grow feeble
 Fāint-heārt'ēd, *a.* cowardly, timorous
 Fāint-heārt'ēd-ly, *ad.* timorously
 Fāint-heārt'ēd-nēss, *f.* cowardice
 Fāint'ing, *f.* a short loss of animal motion
 Fāint'ish-nēss, *f.* incipient debility
 Fāint'ly, *ad.* languidly, without colour,
 feebly
 Fāint'nēss, *f.* want of strength, languor
 Fāint'y, *a.* weak, feeble, sickly, infirm
 Fāir, *f.* the female sex; a free market
 Fāir, *a.* beautiful; not cloudy, clear;
 white
 Fāir, *ad.* on good terms; gently; civilly
 Fāir'ing, *f.* a present given at a fair
 Fāir'ly, *ad.* honestly, justly, openly
 Fāir'nēss, *f.* beauty, candour, ingenuity
 Fāir'spōk'en, *a.* courteous in speech and
 address
 Fāir'y, *f.* an elf, an enchantress
 Fāir'y, *a.* given or belonging to fairies
 Fāith, *f.* belief, fidelity, promise, vera-
 city
 Fāith'brēach, *f.* perfidy, breach of fidelity
 Fāith'ēd, *a.* honest, sincere
 Fāith'fūl, *a.* firm to the truth, loyal
 Fāith'fūl-ly, *ad.* honestly, sincerely; steadily
 Fāith'fūl-nēss, *f.* honesty, loyalty; vera-
 city
 Fāith'lēss, *a.* false, disloyal; unbelieving
 Fāith'lēss-nēss, *f.* treachery; unbelief as
 to revealed religion
 Fāke, *f.* a coil of rope
 Fāl'cat-ēd, *a.* bent like a scythe, hooked

Fâl-câ'tion, *f.* crookedness, curvity
 Fâl'chîn, *f.* a short crooked sword, a ci-
 meter
 Fâl'con, *f.* a hawk ; a sort of cannon
 Fâl'con-er, *f.* who breeds and trains hawks
 Fâl'con-ette, *f.* a small piece of ordnance
 Fâll, *f.* the action of falling ; disgrace ;
 ruin ; sin : *v. a. & n.* to drop, to tumble
 down : to revolt ; to become the pro-
 perty of ; to decrease
 Fâl-lâ'cious, *a.* deceitful
 Fâl-lâ'cious-ly, *ad.* sophistically
 Fâl-lâ'cious-ness, *f.* a tendency to deceive
 Fâl'la-cy, *f.* deceitful argument, sophism
 Fâl-lî-bîl'î-ty, *f.* liableness to be deceived
 Fâl'lî-ble, *a.* liable to mistake
 Fâll'ing, *f.* indentings opposed to promi-
 nence
 Fâll-îng-fîck'ness, *f.* epilepsy, deprivation
 of sense
 Fâl'low, *f.* ground lying at rest
 Fâl'lôw, *a.* uncultivated, unoccupied ; pale :
v. n. to plow in order to plow again
 Fâl'low-ness, *f.* barrenness
 Fâlse, *a.* not just, not real, not true
 Fâlse-heârt'ed, *a.* deceitful, treacherous
 Fâlse'hood, *f.* a lie
 Fâlse'ly, *ad.* erroneously, treacherously
 Fâlse'ness, *f.* baseness, deceit, falsehood
 Fâl-fîf-î-câ'tion, *f.* the act of falsifying
 Fâl-fî-fî-er, *f.* who falsifies, a liar
 Fâl'fî-fÿ, *v. a. & n.* to counterfeit ; con-
 fute ; tell lies
 Fâl'fî-ty, *f.* an error ; falsehood
 Fâl'tér, *v. n.* to hesitate in speech, to fail
 Fâl'tér-îng-ly, *ad.* with hesitation
 Fâme, *f.* glory, report, reputation
 Fâm'ed, *a.* much talked of, celebrated

Fâme'lëss, *a.* without fame or renown
 Fa-mîl'îâr, *f.* an intimate ; a dæmon
 Fa-mîl'îâr, *a.* affable, common, free, easy
 Fa-mîl-î-âr'î-ty, *f.* easy intercourse ; ac-
 quaintance
 Fa-mîl'îâr-ly, *ad.* with freedom
 Fa-mîl'îâr-ize, *v. a.* to make easy by habit
 Fâm'î-ly, *f.* household, lineage, tribe,
 species
 Fâm'îne, *f.* scarcity of food, dearth
 Fâm'îsh, *v. a.* to kill with hunger, to
 starve
 Fa-môl'î-ty, *f.* renown, celebrity
 Fâ'môus, *a.* distinguished, renowned, cele-
 brated
 Fâ'môus-ly, *ad.* with great renown
 Fân, *f.* an instrument used by ladies to
 cool themselves ; to winnow corn, and
 to raise the fire : *v. a.* to cool with a
 fan ; to winnow, separate
 Fa-nât'îc, *f.* an enthusiast [zy
 Fa-nât'îc, *a.* superstitious, struck with fren-
 Fa-nât'îc-âl, *a.* frantic, possessed [asm
 Fa-nât'î-cîsm, *f.* religious frenzy, enthusi-
 Fân'cî-fûl, *a.* imaginative, whimsical
 Fân'cî-fûl-ly, *ad.* whimsically
 Fân'cî-fûl-ness, *f.* fanciful disposition
 Fân'cy, *f.* imagination, inclination, whim :
v. a. & n. to long for ; to imagine ;
 to like : to imagine, believe, be pleased
 with
 Fân'cy-móng-ér, *f.* a dealer in tricks of
 imagination
 Fân'cy-fîck, *a.* disorder in imagination
 Fâne, *f.* a weather-cock, church, temple
 Fân-fâr-ôn-âde', *f.* foolish pride ; a bluster
 Fâng, *f.* a long tusk of a boar, &c. a talon,
 a nail

Făng'ěd, *a.* furnished with fangs
Făng'lěd, *a.* vainly fond of novelty
Făng'lěs, *a.* without teeth or fangs
Făn'něr, *f.* one who plays a fan
Făn'tăf-ĩ-ěd, *a.* filled with fancies
Făn-tăf'tíc, **Făn-tăf'tíc-ăl**, *a.* fanciful, whimsical, capricious, humourous
Făn-tăf'tíc-ăl-ly, *ad.* capriciously; unstead-
Făn-tăf'tíc-ăl-něs, *f.* whimsicalness [ily
Făn'ta-fy, *f.* fancy, humour, inclination
Făp, *a.* fuddled, drunk, intoxicated
Făr, *a.* distant: *ad.* in a great part; re-
 motely, to a great distance
Făr-fětch'ěd, *a.* brought from far, studi-
 ously sought
Făr-pĩerç'ĩng, *a.* penetrating a great way
Fărce, *f.* a mock comedy or droll
Fărce, *v. a.* to stuff, to swell out
Făr'cíc-ăl, *a.* belonging to a farce
Făr'cy, *f.* the leprosy in horses
Făr'děl, *f.* a pack-saddle, a little pack
Făre, *f.* hire for carriages; provisions
Făre, *v. n.* to be in a state good or bad, to
 live
Făre-wěl', **Făre-wěll**, *f.* leave; act of de-
 parture: *ad.* adieu, parting compliment
Făr-ĩn-ă'ceous, *a.* mealy
Fărm, *f.* land occupied by a farmer
Fărm'ěr, *f.* one who rents and cultivates
Făr'most, *a.* most distant [land
Făr'něs, *f.* distance, remoteness of time, &c.
Făr-ră'go, *f.* a confused heap of ingredi-
 ents; a medley
Făr'r'ĩer, *f.* one who shoes horses; a horse-
 doctor
Făr'rōw, *f.* a litter of pigs; a little pig
Făr'rōw, *v. a.* to bring forth pigs
Fărt, *f.* a breaking of wind backwards

Fărt, *v. n.* to break wind backwards
Făr'thěr, *a. & ad.* at a greater distance;
 more remote
Făr'thěr, or **Fūr'thěr**, *v. a.* to advance,
 promote
 * **Făr'thěr-ănce**, *f.* promotion
 * **Făr'thěr-mōre'**, *ad.* besides, likewise
 * **Făr'thěst**, *a.* at the greatest distance
Făr'thĩng, *f.* the fourth part of a penny
Făr'thĩn-găle, *f.* a kind of hoop petticoat
Făr'thĩng's-wōrth, *f.* what is sold for a
Făf'cĩn-ate, *v. a.* to bewitch [farthing
Făf'cĩn-ă'tion, *f.* an enchantment
Făf'cĩne, *f.* a faggot; a military term
Făf'cĩn-ous, *a.* acting by witchcraft
Făsh'ĩon, *f.* custom, form, sort, rank
Făsh'ĩon, *v. a.* to form, figure, mould
Făsh'ĩon-a-ble, *a.* after the mode; in fa-
 shion
Făsh'ĩon-a-ble-něs, *f.* modish elegance
Făsh'ĩon-a-bly, *ad.* conformable to custom
Făst, *f.* an abstinence from food; religious
 humiliation: *v. n.* to abstain from food:
a. firm, fixed, speedy, immoveable
Făst'en, *v. a.* to make fast; to cement
Făst'en-ěr, *f.* one who makes fast or firm
Făst'ěr, *f.* one who abstains from food
Făst'hănd'ěd, *a.* avaricious, covetous
Făf-tĩd-ĩ-ốf'ĩ-ty, *f.* disdainfulness
Făf-tĩd'ĩ-ous, *a.* disdainful, squeamish
Făf-tĩd'ĩ-ous-ly, *ad.* contemptuously,
 squeamishly
Făst'něs, *f.* firmness, security
Făt, *f.* the oily part of flesh; vessel in
 which corn, &c. is steeped
Făt, *a.* fleshy, gross, plump, rich [fat
Făt, **Făt'ten**, *v. a. & n.* to make fat: grow
Fă'tăl, *a.* deadly, destructive

Fā'tāl-īst, *f.* one who holds a fatality
 Fā-tāl'ī-ty, *f.* a decree of fate; tendency
 Fā'tāl-ly, *ad.* destructively [to danger
 Fā'tāl-něs, *f.* invincible necessity
 Fāte, *f.* destiny, destruction, event, cause
 Fāt'ēd, *a.* decreed or determined by fate
 Fā'thēr, *f.* one who begets a child; first an-
 cestor; the title of a popish confessor:
v. a. to adopt a child; to adopt a com-
 position
 Fā'thēr-lěs, *a.* without a father
 Fā'thēr-lī-něs, *f.* tenderness of a father
 Fā'thēr-ly, *a.* like a father; kind, paternal
 Fāth'óm, *f.* six feet; penetration, reach:
v. a. to encompass; penetrate; sound
 Fāth'óm-lěs, *a.* impenetrable, bottomless
 Fāt'ī-gate, *v. a.* to fatigue, weary, tire
 Fa-tigue, *f.* labour, toil, weariness, lassit-
 tude: *v. a.* to perplex, toil, weary
 Fāt'līng, *f.* a lamb or kid fed for sacrifice
 Fāt'nér, *f.* that which gives fatness
 Fāt'něs, *f.* fruitfulness, grease, plumpness
 Fāt'u-ous, *a.* foolish [ness
 Fa-tū'ī-ty, *f.* foolishness, stupidity, weak-
 Fāt'wīt-tēd, *a.* dull, heavy, stupid
 Fāt'ty, *a.* greasy, plump, unctuous
 Fāul'chī-ón, *f.* a crooked sword
 Fāult, *f.* a blemish, a defect, an offence
 Fāult'ér, *f.* an offender, a transgressor
 Fāult'ī-ly, *ad.* not rightly, improperly
 Fāult'ī-něs, *f.* badness, evil, delinquency
 Fāult'lěs, *a.* perfect [perfect
 Fāult'y, *a.* guilty of a fault; wrong, im-
 Fā'voūr, *f.* good-will; countenance, re-
 semblance, support; a knot of ribands
 on a hat, &c.: *v. a.* to assist; support;
 conduce to [der
 Fā'voūr-a-ble, *a.* kind, mild, propitious, ten-

Fā'voūr-a-ble-něs, *f.* kindness
 Fā'voūr-a-bly, *ad.* kindly
 Fā'voūr-ēd, *part. a.* well or ill-featured;
 regarded with kindness
 Fā'voūr-ér, *f.* one who favours, or is kind
 Fā'voūr-īte, *f.* one particularly beloved
 Fā'voūr-lěs, *a.* unpropitious, inauspicious
 Fāu'sēt, Fāu'cēt, *f.* a pipe inserted into a
 vessel to give vent to liquor
 Fāwn', *f.* a young deer
 Fāwn', *v. n.* to flatter, sooth, court servilely
 Fāwn'ér, *f.* one who fawns or pays servile
 courtship
 Fāwn'īng-ly, *ad.* in a cringing manner
 Fāy, *f.* a fairy, an elf [loyalty
 Fē'āl-ty, *f.* duty to a superior; homage,
 Fēar, *f.* apprehension, dread, reverence,
 terrour
 Fēar, *v. a. & n.* to dread; to be anxious,
 to be afraid
 Fēar'fūl, *a.* awful, afraid, timorous
 Fēar'fūl-ly, *ad.* dreadfully, timorously
 Fēar'fūl-něs, *f.* awe, dread, timorousness
 Fēar'lěs, *a.* free from fear or terrour
 Fēar'lěss-ly, *ad.* in a fearless manner
 Fēar'lěss-něs, *f.* exemption from fear
 Fēa'sī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* practicability
 Fēa'sī-ble, *a.* practicable; may be done
 Fēa'sī-bly, *ad.* practicably
 Fēast, *f.* a sumptuous treat [pamper
 Fēast, *v. a.* to entertain sumptuously; to
 Fēast'ér, *f.* one who fares deliciously
 Fēast'fūl, *a.* luxurious, joyful, riotous
 Fēat, *f.* act, action, deed, trick
 Fēat, *a.* dexterous, nice, skilful, neat
 Fēath'ér, *f.* plume of birds; empty title
 Fēath'ér, *v. a.* to dress with feathers;
 tread as a cock; adorn, enrich

Fěath'ér-běd, *f.* a bed stuffed with feathers
Fěath'ér-drīv-ér, *f.* who cleanseth feathers
Fěath'ér-ěd, *a.* clothed with feathers
Fěath'ér-lěs, *a.* without feathers
Fěath'ér-y, *a.* clothed with feathers
Fěa'ture, *f.* the cast or make of the face :
v. a. to resemble in countenance
Fěb'rī-fuge, *f.* a medicine to cure a fever
Fěbrīle, *a.* relating to a fever
Fěb'ru-a-ry, *f.* second month in the year
Fě'ceš, *f.* dregs, excrement, lees, sediment
Fěc'u-lěnce, **Fěc'u-lěn-cy**, *f.* muddiness,
 sediment ; quality of abounding with lees
Fěc'u-lěnt, *a.* dreggy, excrementitious
Fě-cūnd', *a.* fruitful, prolific
Fě-cūn-dā'tion, *f.* act of making fruitful
Fě-cūnd'ī-ty, *f.* fruitfulness ; power of
 producing
Fěd, *pret. & pass. part. of to feed*
Fěd'e-ra-ry, *f.* a partner ; dependant
Fěd'ér-āl', *a.* relating to a league
Fěd'ér-ate, *a.* joined in confederacy
Fěe, *f.* a perpetual right ; a perquisite, re-
 ward : *v. a.* to bribe, retain, pay, hire
Fěe'ble, *a.* weak in body or mind : *v. a.*
 to weaken, deprive of power
Fěe'ble-něs, *f.* infirmity, weakness
Fěe'blv, *ad.* without strength ; weakly
Fěed, *f.* food, pasture ; what is eaten :
v. a. & n. to supply with food ; graze ;
 nourish ; take food ; prey ; eat
Fěed'ér, *f.* who eats, or gives food
Fěel, *f.* sense of feeling ; the touch : *v. a.*
 to perceive by the touch ; to know ; try
Fěel'ér, *f.* who feels ; horns of insects
Fěel'ing, *f.* sensibility ; tenderness ; sense
 of touch : *a.* expressive of sensibility
Fěel'ing-ly, *ad.* with expression of great
 sensibility

Fěet, *pl. of foot*
Fěet'lěs, *ad.* without feet
Fěign, *v. a.* to counterfeit, dissemble
Fěign'ěd-ly, *ad.* in dissimulation or fiction
Fěign'ér, *f.* contriver, dissembler, inventor
Fěint, *f.* a false shew, a mock assault
Fě-līc'ī-tate, *v. a.* to make happy, congra-
 tulate
Fě-līc'ī-tā'tion, *f.* congratulation
Fě-līc'ī-ty, *f.* happiness, prosperity, bliss-
 fulness
Fěll, *f.* a hide, skin of a beast : *a.* bloody,
 fierce, savage, ravenous, cruel : *v. a.* to
 knock or hew down, to bring to the
 ground : *pret. of to fall*
Fěll'ér, *f.* who hews or cuts down trees
Fěll'mōn'g-ér, *f.* a dealer in hides or skins
Fěll'něs, *f.* cruelty, savageness, barbarity
Fěll'loe, *f.* the circumference of a wheel
Fěll'low, *f.* a mean man ; an associate, an
 equal ; a member of a college who shares
 its revenue : *v. a.* to match or pair with,
 to suit with
Fěll'low-crěa'ture, *f.* one who has the same
 Creator
Fěll'low-fěel'ing, *f.* joint interest ; sympathy
Fěll'low-lā'boūr-ér, *f.* one labouring for the
 same end
Fěll'low-sōld'īér, *f.* one having the same
 commander
Fěll'low-stū'děnt, *f.* one studying with ano-
 ther [same evils
Fěll'low-sūf'fēr-ér, *f.* one sharing in the
Fěll'low-shīp, *f.* a station in a college, a
 company
Fěll'y, *ad.* cruelly, fiercely, inhumanly
Fě-lo-dě-fě, *f.* a self-murderer
Fěl'ōn, *f.* one guilty of felony, a whitlow :
a. cruel, traitorous, inhuman

Fe-lō'nī-ōūs, *a.* villanous, wicked, destructive
Fe-lō'nī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* in a felonious way
Fēl'o-noūs, *a.* wicked, felonious
Fēl'o-ny, *f.* a capital or enormous crime
Fēlt, *pret. & part. pass.* of *to feel*
Fēlt, *v. a.* to unite stuff without weaving
Fēlt, *f.* a stuff in making hats
Fēl'tre, *v. a.* to clot together like felt
Fē'male, *f.* a she, one of the sex that brings young : *a.* belonging to a female
Fēm-īn-āl'ī-ty, *f.* female nature
Fēm'ī-nīne, *a.* female, soft, tender, effeminate
Fēn, *f.* flat moist land, a bog, a marsh
Fēnce, *f.* a guard, inclosure, security : *v. a. & n.* to enclose, guard ; to practise fencing
Fēnce'lēss, *a.* without inclosure, open
Fēn'cér, *f.* who teaches or practises fencing
Fēnd, *v. a. & n.* to keep off, shut out, to dispute, to shift off a charge
Fēnd'ér, *f.* a fence against cinders, &c.
Fēn'nēl, *f.* a plant of strong scent
Fēn'ny, *a.* boggy, moorish, swampy, marshy
Fēn'sūck-ēd, *a.* sucked out of marshes
Fēo'dāl, *a.* holden from another
Fēoff, *v. a.* to invest with possession
Fēof-fēe', *f.* one who is put in possession
Fēof'fēr, *f.* one giving possession
Fēoff'mēnt, *f.* the granting of possession
Fēr'mēnt, *f.* inward motion, tumult, riot
Fēr-mēnt', *v. a. & n.* to exalt or rarefy by intestine motion of parts ; to have the parts put into intestine motion
Fēr-mēnt'a-ble, *a.* capable of fermentation
Fēr-mēnt'āl, *a.* causing fermentation
Fēr-mēn-ta'tion, *f.* a fermenting

Fēr-mēn'ta-tīve, *a.* causing fermentation
Fērn, *f.* a plant growing in woods, &c.
Fērn'y, *a.* over-grown with fern
Fe-rō'cious, *a.* fierce, ravenous, savage
Fe-rōc'ī-ty, *f.* fierceness, savageness, cruelty
Fēr're-ōūs, *a.* made of iron, irony
Fēr'rēt, *f.* a small animal, a silk tape : *v. a.* to drive out, to expel
Fēr'rī-age, *f.* the fare paid at a ferry
Fēr-rū'g, īn-ōūs, *a.* partaking of the qualities of iron
Fēr'rule, *f.* [*pron.* Fēr'rīl] a ring at the end of a stick
Fēr'ry, *f.* a boat for passage
Fēr'ry-mān, *f.* one who keeps a ferry-boat
Fēr'tīle, *a.* fruitful, plenteous, abundant
Fēr'tīle-nēss, *f.* fruitfulness, plenteousness
Fēr-tīl'ī-tate, *v. a.* to fertilize, to make fruitful
Fēr-tīl'ī-ty, *f.* abundance, fecundity
Fēr'tīl-ize, *v. a.* to make fruitful, to fecundate
Fēr'tīl-y, *ad.* fruitfully, plentifully
Fēr'vēn-cy, *f.* eagerness, heat, zeal
Fēr'vēnt, *a.* hot in temper, zealous
Fēr'vēnt-ly, *ad.* eagerly, ardently
Fēr'vīd, *a.* hot, burning, zealous
Fēr-vīd'ī-ty, *f.* heat, passion, zeal, ardour
Fēr'vīd-nēss, *f.* ardour of mind, zeal
Fēr'u-la, *f.* a wood slapper used in schools, being an instrument of correction
Fēr'vōūr, *f.* warmth, zeal, ardour
Fēs'tér, *v. a.* to corrupt, to rankle
Fēs'tīn-ate, *a.* hasty, hurried
Fēs'tīn-ate-ly, *ad.* hastily, speedily, quickly
Fēs'tīn-ā'tion, *f.* haste, hurry, quickness
Fēs'tīv-āl, *f.* a feast or solemn day
Fēs'tīv-āl, *a.* pertaining to feasts, joyous

Fěs'tīve, *a.* gay, joyous, befitting a feast
Fěs-tīv'ī-ty, *f.* a festival, gaiety, joyfulness
Fěs-tōn', *f.* a border or garland of flowers
Fětch, *f.* an artifice, stratagem, trick: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to go and bring a thing; to draw:
 to move with a quick return
Fětch'ér, *f.* one who fetches
Fět'id, *a.* having a strong sinell
Fět'id-něs, *f.* the quality of stinking
Fět'lōck, *f.* a tuft of hair that grows behind
 the pastern joint
Fē'tōr, *f.* stink, a strong offensive smell
Fět'tér, *v. a.* to bind, to shackle, to tie
Fět'térš, *f. pl.* chains for the feet
Fět'tle, *v. n.* to trifle, to do trifling business
Fē'tūs, *f.* an animal in embryo
Feūd, *f.* contention, hatred, quarrel
Feūd'al, *a.* holden from a lord, pertaining
 to fees
Feū'da-to-ry, *f.* who holds of a lord
Fē'vér, *f.* a disease in which the body is violently heated: *v. a.* to put into a fever
Fē'vér-īsh, **Fē'vér-oūs**, **Fē'vér-y**, *a.* burning; tending to, or troubled with a fever
Fē'vér-īsh-něs, *f.* a slight disorder of the feverish kind
Few, *a.* not many
Few'ěl, *f.* coal, fire-wood, combustible matter: *v. a.* to feed with fewel
Few'něs, *f.* smallness of number
Fīb, *f.* a falsehood, a lie
Fīb, *v. n.* to tell lies, to lie, to speak falsely
Fīb'bér, *f.* a teller of lies, a liar
Fī'bre, *f.* a small thread or string
Fī'brōūs, *a.* composed of, or full of fibres

Fīc'kle, *a.* changeable, unsteady
Fīc'kle-něs, *f.* inconstancy, unsteadiness
Fīck'ly, *ad.* without certainty or stability
Fī'co, *f.* contempt shewn by the fingers
Fīc'tīle, *a.* made by the potter
Fīc'tion, *f.* a story invented, a falsehood
Fīc'tious, *a.* imaginary, counterfeit, false
Fīc-tī'tious, *a.* counterfeit, feigned
Fīc-tī'tious-ly, *ad.* counterfeitedly, falsely
Fīd'dle, *f.* a musical instrument
Fīd'dle, *v. n.* to play on the fiddle, to trifle
Fīd'dle-fād'dle, *a.* giving trouble, trifling
Fīd'dlér, *f.* who plays on the fiddle
Fī-děl'ī-ty, *f.* faithfulness, honesty, loyalty
Fīdge, **Fīdg'ēt**, *v. n.* to move nimbly and irregularly
Fī-dū'cial, *a.* confident, steady, undoubting
Fī-dū'cia-ry, *f.* one who holds in trust; one who depends on faith without works
Fīe, *interj.* denoting dislike
Fīef, *f.* a fee, manor, possession holden by tenure
Fīeld, *f.* a piece of meadow ground; extent; place of battle; course for races
Fīeld-bēd, *f.* a bed used in the field
Fīeld'ēd, *a.* being in field of battle
Fīeld'fare, *f.* a bird
Fīeld'mār'shāl, *f.* commander of an army in the field
Fīeld'pīce, *f.* a cannon used in battles
Fīend, *f.* a devil, enemy, infernal being
Fīerce, *a.* furious, savage, violent, strong
Fīerce'ly, *ad.* furiously, violently, eagerly
Fīerce'něs, *f.* fury, savageness
Fīerce'něs, *f.* heat, passion, acrimony
Fī'e-ry, *a.* fierce, passionate, vehement
Fīfe, *f.* a pipe used with a drum
Fīf'tēn, *a.* five and ten

Fīf'tēenth, *a.* the ordinal of fifteen
 Fīfth, *a.* the ordinal of five
 Fīfthly, *ad.* in the fifth place
 Fīf'tī-ēth, *a.* the ordinal of fifty
 Fīf'ty, *a.* five tens
 Fīg, *f.* a tree and fruit; a note of contempt: *v. a.* to insult with ficos; to give useless advice
 Fīght, *f.* a battle, duel
 Fīght, *v. n.* to contend in battle; combat, duel
 Fīght'ér, *f.* a combatant [war
 Fīght'īng, *part. a.* fit for, or employed in
 Fīg'mēnt, *f.* a fiction
 Fīg'ūr-a-ble, *a.* capable of being formed
 Fīg'ūr-āl, } *a.* represented by delineation;
 Fīg'ūr-ate, } of a certain determinate form
 Fīg'ūr-a-tīve, *a.* typical
 Fīg'ūr-a-tīve-ly, *ad.* not literally
 Fīg'ure, *f.* image; number; shape; person; type: *v. a.* to form into any shape; prefigure, foreshow; diversify; form figuratively
 Fīl-ā'ceous, *a.* consisting of threads
 Fīl'a-mēnt, *f.* a slender thread or body
 Fīl'bért, *f.* a fine hazel-nut with a thin shell
 Fīlch, *v. n.* to steal, pilfer, pillage
 Fīlch'ér, *f.* a petty robber, a thief
 Fīle, *f.* a smith's tool; a catalogue; roll; series; wire for papers; a row of soldiers: *v. a. & n.* to cut with a file; to march in file
 Fīle'cūt-tér, *f.* a maker of files
 Fīl'e-mōt, *f.* a yellow-brown colour
 Fīl'ér, *f.* one who files
 Fīl'īāl, *a.* belonging to, or becoming a son

Fīl-ī-ā'tion, *f.* relation of a son to a father
 Fīl'īngs, *f. pl.* what is rubbed off by a file
 Fīll, *f.* fulness; part of a carriage
 Fīll, *v. a.* to make full, to glut, to satisfy
 Fīll'ér, *f.* who or what fills
 Fīl'lēt, *f.* fleshy part of the thigh; headband: *v. a.* to bind with a fillet, adorn with an astragal
 Fīl'līp, *f.* a jerk with the finger
 Fīl'līp, *v. a.* to strike with the nail of the finger
 Fīl'ly, *f.* a young mare
 Fīlm, *f.* a thin pellicle or skin
 Fīlm, *v. a.* to cover with a thin skin
 Fīlm'y, *a.* composed of thin skins
 Fīl'tér, *f.* a strainer: *v. a.* to pour clear off, strain, defecate
 Fīlth, *f.* corruption, dirt, nastiness, pollution
 Fīlth'ī-ly, *ad.* dirtily, nastily, grossly
 Fīlth'ī-nēss, *f.* nastiness, pollution
 Fīlth'y, *a.* dirty, foul, nasty, polluted
 Fīl'trate, *v. a.* to filter, percolate, strain
 Fīl-trā'tion, *f.* the act of filtering
 Fīn, *f.* a wing of a fish
 Fīn'a-ble, *a.* that may be fined
 Fī'nāl, *a.* conclusive, last, mortal, decisive
 Fī'nāl-ly, *ad.* lastly, completely
 Fī-nānce', *f.* revenue, profit
 Fī-nān'cī-ér, *f.* he who collects the finances
 Fīnd, *v. a.* to meet with; allow; discover; remark; detect; reach; meet; settle; supply
 Fīnd'ér, *f.* who finds any thing
 Fīnd'fāult, *f.* a caviller, a censurer
 Fīne, *f.* advance-money; forfeiture, penalty: *a.* handsome, clear, pure: *v. a.* to inflict a penalty, to refine

Fīne'drāw, *v. a.* to sew up a rent very neatly [ly

Fīne'drāw-ér, *f.* who draws up rents neat-

Fīne'fīn'g,ér-éd, *a.* nice, artful, exquisite

Fīne'ly, *ad.* beautifully, keenly

Fīne'něs, *f.* artfulness, elegance, purity

Fīn'ér, *f.* one who purifies metals

Fīn'e-ry, *f.* splendid appearance, show

Fī-něsse', *f.* an artifice

Fīn'g,ér, *f.* a part of the hand; the instrument of work

Fīn'g,ér, *v. a.* to touch lightly; pilfer; toy with

Fīn'gle-fān-gle, *f.* a trifle; toy

Fīn'ī-cāl, *a.* foppish; pretending to superfluous elegance

Fīn'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* foppishly [perly

Fīn'ī-cāl-něs, *f.* superfluous nicety, fop-

Fīnīs, *f.* the end, conclusion

Fīn'īsh, *v. n.* to make complete, to perfect

Fīn'īsh-ér, *f.* one who accomplishes

Fī'nīte, *a.* bounded in point of time, limit-

Fī'nīte-lěs, *a.* unlimited [ed

Fī'nīte-ly, *ad.* within certain bounds

Fī'nīte-něs, *f.* confinement within cer-

Fīn'ī-tude, *f.* certain bounds; limitation

Fīn'lěs, *a.* without fins

Fīn'like, *a.* formed in the manner of fins

Fīn'něd, *a.* having broad edges

Fīn'ny, *a.* furnished with fins [made

Fīr, *f.* the tree of which deal boards are

Fīre, *f.* the igneous element, flame; light, lustre; ardour of temper; the passion of love: *v. a.* to discharge fire-arms; kindle; animate: *v. n.* to take fire; to be inflamed with passion

Fīre'arms, *f.* guns, cannons, &c.

Fīre'brūsh, *f.* a brush to sweep the hearth

Fīre'brānd, *f.* a piece of wood kindled; an incendiary

Fīre'lōck, *f.* a soldier's gun [fires

Fīre'mān, *f.* one employed to extinguish

Fīre'new, *a.* new from the forge

Fīre'ship, *f.* a ship filled with combustible matter to fire the enemy's vessels

Fīre'sīde, *f.* the chimney; hearth; family

Fīre'stīck, *f.* a piece of wood kindled

Fīre'wōrk, *f.* a show of fire

Fīr'īng, *f.* fuel, combustible matter

Fīrk, *v. a.* to beat, whip, chastise, correct

Fīrk'īn, *f.* a vessel containing nine gallons

Fīrm, *a.* constant; strong; unshaken: *v. a.* to confirm, to settle, to establish

Fīrm'a-měnt, *f.* the heavens, sky

Fīrm-a-měn'tāl, *a.* belonging to the firmament

Fīrm'ly, *ad.* immoveably, steadily, strongly

Fīrm'něs, *f.* constancy, solidity [liet

Fīrst, *a.* chief; before any thing else, ear-

Fīrst'be-gōt'ten, *f.* the eldest of children

Fīrst'līng, *f.* the first produced or brought forth

Fīscāl, *f.* exchequer, revenue

Fīsh, *f.* an animal which inhabits the water: *v. a.* to catch fishes; to catch by art

Fīsh'ér, Fīsh'ér-mān, *f.* who catches fish

Fīsh'ér-tōwn, *f.* a town inhabited by fishermen

Fīsh'e-ry, *f.* the place or business of catching fish

Fīsh'fūl, *a.* abounding with fish

Fīsh'ī-fy, *v. a.* to turn to fish

Fīsh'īng, *f.* the art of catching fish

Fīsh'kět-tle, *f.* a kettle to boil fish in

Fīsh'mēal, *f.* diet of fish; abstemious diet

Fīsh'mōn-gjēr, *f.* a dealer in fish
 Fīsh'y, *a.* like to, or smelling of fish
 Fīf'fīle, *a.* that may be cleft
 Fīf'sure, *f.* a narrow chasm, a cleft : *v. a.*
 to force open, to cleave
 Fīst, *f.* the hand clenched with the fingers
 doubled down
 Fīst, *v. a.* to strike or gripe with the fist
 Fīst'ī-cūffs, *f.* a battle with the fist
 Fīf'tu-la, *f.* a sore disease, any sinuous ul-
 cer
 Fīst'u-lār, *a.* hollow like a pipe
 Fīst'u-lōūs, *a.* having the nature of a fistula
 Fīt, *f.* a disorder in the spirits; sudden
 motion : *a.* convenient, proper, qualifi-
 ed : *v. a.* to adopt, accommodate; equip;
 suit
 Fitch, *f.* a small kind of pea, a vetch
 Fīt'chāt, Fīt'chēw, *f.* a stinking little beast
 that robs the hen-roost and warren
 Fīt'fūl, *a.* varied by paroxysms
 Fīt'ly, *ad.* conveniently, justly, properly
 Fīt'mēnt, *f.* something fitted or adapted
 Fīt'nēss, *f.* propriety, convenience, justness
 Fīt'tér, *f.* who or what confers fitness
 Fītz, *f.* a son
 Fīve, *a.* four and one
 Fīves, *f.* a game at ball, a disease of
 horses
 Fīx, *v. a. & n.* to make fast; settle : to
 determine, to rest [bode
 Fīx-ā'tion, *f.* confinement, steadiness, a-
 Fīx'ēd-stārš', *f.* stars keeping their position
 Fīx'ēd-ly, *ad.* certainly, firmly
 Fīx'ēd-nēss, *f.* firmness, steadiness
 Fīx-īd'ī-ty, Fīx'ī-ty, *f.* coherence of parts
 Fīx'ture, *f.* a thing fixed to the premises
 Fīx'ure, *f.* position, stable pressure

Fīz'gīg, *f.* a spear to strike fish with
 Flāb'by, *a.* not firm; soft, shaking to the
 touch
 Flāç'çīd, *a.* limber, weak; lax
 Flāç'çīd'ī-ty, *f.* limberness, want of tension
 Flāg, *f.* a plant; ship-colours; flat-stone :
 v. a. & n. to hang loose without stiffness
 or tenure : to let fall; suffer to droop;
 grow weak
 Flāg-ōf'fī-cēr, *f.* a commander of a squad-
 Flāg,ēl-ēt, *f.* a small flute [ron
 Flāg,ēl-lā'tion, *f.* the act of scourging
 Flāg'gī-nēss, *f.* laxity, limberness
 Flāg'gy, *a.* limber, insipid
 Flā-g,ī'tious, *a.* villanous, wicked, atrocious
 Flā-g,ī'tious-nēss, *f.* wickedness, villany
 Flāg'ōn, *f.* a two quart measure
 Flā'grān-cy, *f.* a burning, heat, fire
 Flā'grānt, *a.* burning; eager; notorious
 Flā-grā'tion, *f.* a burning
 Flā'īl, *f.* a threshing instrument
 Flāke, *f.* a scale of iron; a flock of wool
 Flā'ky, *a.* loosely hanging together, lying in
 strata
 Flām, *f.* a falsehood; a pretence
 Flām, *v. a.* to deceive with a lie
 Flām'beau, *f.* (*pron.* Flām'bo) a wax torch
 Flāme, *f.* light given by fire
 Flāme, *v. n.* to shine or burn as fire; to
 be angry [lour
 Flāme'cōl'ōūr-ēd, *a.* of a bright yellow co-
 Flām'ēn, *f.* a priest
 Flām-mā'tion, *f.* act or state of burning
 Flām-ma-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* the quality of admit-
 ting to be set on fire
 Flām'me-ōūs, consisting of flame
 Flā'my, *a.* like fire, flaming [belly
 Flānk, *f.* the side, lateral part of the lower

Flānk, *v. a.* to attack the side of an army

Flān'nēl, *f.* a soft nappy woolen stuff

Flāp, *f.* any thing that hangs broad and loose, fastened only on one side; a blow; a disease in horses: *v. a. & n.* to beat or move with a flap or noise; to ply the wings with noise

Flāp'drāg'ōn, *v. a.* to devour

Flāp'ēar'ēd, *a.* having loose and broad ears

Flāre, *v. n.* to cast a bad light

Flāsh, *f.* a sudden short blaze; body of water: *v. a. & n.* to strike up large bodies of water from the surface: *v. n.* to break out into wit or merriment; to glitter with a quick and transient flame

Flāsh'ēr, *f.* a man of more appearance of wit than reality

Flāsh'ly, *ad.* with empty show

Flāsh'y, *a.* empty, insipid, showy

Flāsk, *f.* a kind of bottle; a powder-horn

Flāsk'ēt, *f.* a small basket

Flāt, *f.* a level, even ground; shallow; dulness: *a.* even; dull; insipid; positive; smooth: *v. a. & n.* to level; to make flat: to grow flat

Flāt'lōng, *ad.* with the flat downwards

Flāt'ly, *ad.* without spirit, downrightly

Flāt'nēss, *f.* deadness, dulness; evenness

Flāt'ten, *v. a.* to make level; to dispirit

Flāt'tér, *v. a.* to please with false hopes, to soothe

Flāt'tér-ēr, *f.* a fawner, parasite

Flāt'tér-y, *f.* false praise

Flāt'tīsh, *a.* approaching to flatness

Flāt'u-lēn-cy, *f.* airiness, vanity, windiness

Flāt'u-lēnt, **Flāt'u-ōūs**, *a.* empty; vain; windy, turgid with air, puffy

Flāt-u-ōs'ī-ty, *f.* windiness, fulness of air

Flāt'u-ōūs, *a.* windy, full of wind

Flāt'tūs, *f.* wind contracted in the body

Flāt'wīse, *ad.* with the flat downward

Flāunt, *f.* any thing loose and airy

Flāunt, *v. n.* to strut about dressed

Flā'vour, *f.* fragrance, odour, smell; taste

Flā'vour-ōūs, *a.* sweet-smelling; delightful

Flāw', *f.* a breach, crack, defect: *v. a.* to break, crack; damage with fissure

Flāw'lēss, *a.* without cracks or defects

Flāw'y, *a.* full of flaws

Flāx, *f.* the herb of which linen is made

Flāx'en, *a.* made of flax; long and flowing

Flāy, *v. a.* to take off the skin [hair]

Flāy'ēr, *f.* who strips off the skin

Flēa, *f.* a troublesome small insect

Flēa, *v. a.* to clean from fleas [worthless]

Flēa'bīt-ten, *a.* stung by fleas; mean,

Flēak, *f.* a small lock, thread or twist

Flēam, *f.* an instrument to bleed cattle

Flēck, **Flēck'ēr**, *v. a.* to spot, streak, stripe

Flēd, *preterite & pass. part. of to flee*

Flēdge, *v. a.* to furnish with wings or feathers: *a.* full-feathered; able to fly

Flēe, *v. n.* to run from danger; to have recourse to shelter

Flēece, *f.* the wool of one sheep: *v. a.* to strip a person of his substance

Flēeç'ēd, *a.* stripped of substance; plundered

Flēe'cy, *a.* woolly

Flēer, *v. a.* to grin with scorn; mock at; leer; *f.* a decetiful grin of civility

Flēer'ēr, *f.* a mocker, a fawner

Flēet, *f.* a number of ships; a creek or bay: *a.* active, nimble; swift of pace; *v. n.* to fly or pass swiftly; to be in a transient state

Flēet'ing, *a.* passing swiftly
 Flēet'ly, *ad.* with swift pace; nimbly
 Flēet'nēss, *f.* swiftness of course; celerity
 Flēsh, *f.* a part of the animal body; carnality; near relation; worldly disposition:
v. a. to glut, harden, satiate
 Flēsh'cōl-ōūr, *f.* the colour of flesh
 Flēsh'flȳ, *f.* a fly that feeds upon flesh
 Flēsh'lēss, *a.* without flesh
 Flēsh'lī-nēss, *f.* carnal appetites
 Flēsh'ly, *a.* carnal, corporeal, human
 Flēsh'mēat, *f.* animal food
 Flēsh'mēnt, *f.* eagerness from good beginning [pimp
 Flēsh'mōn-g,ér, *f.* who deals in flesh, a
 Flēsh'pōt, *f.* a vessel to put or cook flesh in
 Flēsh'quāke, *f.* a trembling of the body
 Flēsh'y, *a.* full of flesh; fat, plump
 Flētch'ér, *f.* a maker of bows and arrows
 Flew, *f.* the large chaps of a deep mouth-
 ed hound: *pret. of to fly*
 Flew'ēd, *a.* chapped, mouthed
 Flēx-ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* pliancy; easiness to be
 persuaded
 Flēx'ī-ble, *a.* complying, pliant; not rigid
 Flēx'ī-ble-nēss, *f.* easiness to be bent; duc-
 Flēx'īle, *a.* easily bent; pliable [tility
 Flēx'īōn, *f.* a bending; act of bending
 Flēx'u-ōūs, *a.* winding, unsteady [a joint
 Flēx'ure, *f.* part bent; form of bending;
 Flīck'ér, *v. a.* to play the wings, flutter
 Flī'ér, *f.* a run-away, a fugitive [nation
 Flīght, *f.* a running away, a heat of imagi-
 Flīght'y, *a.* full of imagination; swift
 Flīm'fy, *a.* limber; mean; thin; slight;
 weak [from pain
 Flīnch, *v. n.* to shrink under or withdraw
 Flīnch'ér, *f.* who shrinks or fails

Flīng, *v. n. & n.* to over-reach, throw:
 to flounce: *f.* a cast, a throw; a sneer
 Flīng'ér, *f.* who throws or jeers
 Flīnt, *f.* a hard kind of stone
 Flīnt'y, *a.* made of flint; hard-hearted;
 cruel
 Flīpp, *f.* drink made of beer, brandy and
 sugar
 Flīp'pānt, *a.* nimble; pert; talkative
 Flīp'pānt-ly, *ad.* in a low prating way
 Flīrt, *f.* a pert hussy, a sudden trick
 Flīrt, *v. n.* to jeer; to run about idly
 Flīrt-ā'tion, *f.* a quick sprightly motion
 Flīt, *v. n.* to flutter, to move, to fly away
 Flītch, *f.* a side of bacon
 Flīt'ting, *f.* a fault, an offence
 Flīx, *f.* soft hair; down; fur [water
 Flōat, *f.* any thing swimming upon the
 Flōat, *v. n.* to swim on the surface
 Flōat'y, *a.* swimming on the top
 Flōck', *f.* a company of sheep, birds, &c.
 a lock of wool: *v. n.* to gather in crowds
 Flōg', *v. a.* to lash, whip, chastise
 Flōod, *f.* a coming in of the tide; a de-
 luge: *v. a.* to cover with water; to over-
 flow [ter
 Flōod'gate, *f.* a gate to stop or let out wa-
 Flōok, *f.* broad part of an anchor
 Flōor, Flōor, *f.* bottom of a room, &c.
 Flōor, *v. a.* to lay a bottom to a room, &c.
 Flōor'ing, *f.* bottom, floor
 Flōp', *v. a.* to clap the wings with noise
 Flō'rāl, *a.* relating to *Flora* or to flowers
 Flōr'ēnce, *f.* a kind of cloth
 Flō'rēt, *f.* a small flower
 Flōr'id, *a.* covered with flowers, embel-
 lished; flushed with red; bright in col-
 our, splendid

Flo-rîd'î-ty, Flôr'id-něs, *f.* freshness of colour, elegance, embellishment
 Flô'rîst, *f.* one who cultivates flowers
 Flôr'u-lěnt, *a.* flowery, blossoming,
 Flôf'cu-loŭs, *a.* composed of flowers
 Flôte, *v. a.* to skim the water, to skim milk
 Flôunce, *v. a. & n.* to deck with flounces; to plunge, to be in a passion: *f.* a loose trimming in womens apparel
 Flôund'ér, *f.* a small flat fish [motions
 Flôund'ér, *v. n.* to struggle with irregular
 Flôur'îsh, *f.* ambitious elegance, bravery: *v. a. & n.* to adorn; to boast; to thrive, to be in vigour: [*in music*] to play some prelude [perity
 Flôur'îsh-ér, *f.* one in his prime or prof-
 Flôût, *f.* insult, mockery; act of contempt; *v. a.* to insult, to mock, to sneer
 Flôû'ér, *f.* one who jeers
 Flôw, *f.* the rise of water; sudden plenty: *v. a. & n.* to overflow; to pour in as water
 Flôw'ér, *f.* a blossom of a plant
 Flôw'ér, *v. n.* to be in flower, to froth
 Flôw'e-rět, *f.* a flower, a small flower
 Flôw'e-rî-něs, *f.* floridity of speech; state of abounding in flowers
 Flôw'e-ry, *a.* adorned with flowers
 Flôw'îng-ly, *ad.* with abundance, with volubility
 Flôwk, *f.* a flounder, name of a fish
 Flôwn, *pass. part. of to fly*, gone away; elate
 Flŭctu-ant, *a.* wavering, uncertain
 Flŭctu-ate, *v. n.* to be in an uncertain state; to float [change
 Flŭctu-ā'tîon, *f.* motion, uncertainty,
 Flŭc, *f.* the pipe of a chimney; soft down
 Flŭ'ěn-cy, *f.* abundance, volubility, readiness

Flŭ'ěnt, *f.* a running water, a stream
 Flŭ'ěnt, *a.* flowing, abundant, eloquent
 Flŭ'id, *f.* any animal juice, as the blood: *a.* running as water, not solid
 Flŭ'id'î-ty, Flŭ'id-něs, *f.* the quality in bodies opposite to solidity, want of adhe-
 Flŭm'mér-y, *f.* a kind of food [rence
 Flŭng, *pret. & part. pass. of to fling*
 Flŭ'ór, *f.* a fluid state, catamenia
 Flŭr'ry, *f.* flutter of spirits, hurry, surprise
 Flŭsh, *f.* a violent flow; cards of a suit: *a.* full of vigour, abounding, fresh: *v. a. & n.* to colour, to redden; to come in haste [drinking; to confuse
 Flŭs'tér, *v. a.* to make hot and rosy by
 Flŭte, *f.* a musical pipe; a furrow in columns: *v. a.* to cut in hollow pillars
 Flŭt'tér, *f.* disorder of mind; hurry: *v. a. & n.* to fly heavily; to be confused
 Flŭx, *f.* the act of flowing, concourse; dysentery: *v. a.* to melt, salivate
 Flŭx'îon, *f.* a flowing of humours; a melting matter that flows: [*in mathematics*] the arithmetic or analysis of infinitely small variable quantities
 Flŭ, *f.* the upper part of a jack; an insect
 Flŭ, *v. n. pret. flew; pass. part. flown; to run away, to burst, to shun; to move with wings*
 Flŭ'blôw, *v. a.* to fill with maggots
 Flŭ'cătch-ér, *f.* one who hunts flies
 Flŭ'ér, *f.* who runs away; one that uses wings [with a fly
 Flŭ'fîsh, *v. n.* to angle with a hook baited
 Fôal, *f.* the offspring of a mare, a young mare: *v. n.* to bring forth a foal
 Fôam, *f.* great passion; froth, fume: *v. n.* to be in rage, froth, to gather foam

Fōam'y, *a.* covered with foam, frothy
Fōb', *f.* a small pocket
Fōb', *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud
Fō'cāl, *a.* belonging to the focus
Fō'cūs, *f.* the point of convergence where rays meet
Fōd'dér, *f.* dry food for cattle
Fōd'dér, *v. a.* to feed with dry food
Fōd'dér-ér, *f.* he who fodders cattle
Fōe, *f.* an enemy, opponent, persecutor
Fōē'tūs, *f.* a child perfectly formed in the womb
Fōg', *f.* a thick mist; after-grass
Fōg'g, i-ly, *a.* mistily, darkly, cloudily
Fōg'g, i-něs, *f.* mistiness, cloudiness
Fōg'g, y, *a.* misty, cloudy, dull
Fōh', *interj.* of abhorrence
Fōi'ble, *f.* a weak or blind side; a failing
Fōil, *f.* a fencing sword; a defeat; a deception: *v. a.* to defeat, to put to the worst [over another
Fōil'ér, *f.* one who has gained advantage
Fōin, *v. n.* to push in fencing: *f.* a thrust
Fōi'són, *f.* abundance, plenty
Fōist, *v. a.* to insert by forgery
Fōist'i-něs, *f.* mouldiness, fustiness
Fōist'y, *a.* mouldy, musty
Fōld, *f.* a pen for sheep; a double plait: *v. a.* to shut sheep in a fold; to double up
Fo-lī-ā'ceous, *a.* consisting of leaves
Fō'lī-age, *f.* tufts of leaves; leaves
Fō'lī-ate, *v. a.* to beat into plates or leaves
Fo-lī-ā'tion, *f.* act of beating into thin leaves
Fō'lī-o, *f.* a large book, of which the pages are formed by a sheet of paper once doubled
Fōlk, or **Fō/k**, *f.* people, nations, mankind

Fōlk'mōte, *f.* an assembly of the people
Fōl'low, *v. a.* to go after; imitate; pursue
Fōl'low-ér, *f.* who follows; a dependant
Fōl'ly, *f.* depravity of mind; imprudence
Fo-měnt', *v. a.* to cherish with heat; to boil up as liquor working; to fret
Fo-měn-tā'tion, *f.* a bathing with hot water
Fo'měnt'ér, *f.* an encourager; a supporter
Fōn', *f.* a fool, an idiot
Fōnd', *a.* much pleased with; foolish, vain: *v. a.* to be fond of, to dote on
Fōnd'le, *v. n.* to caress, to cocker
Fōnd'lér, *f.* one who fondles
Fōnd'līng, *f.* one much doated upon
Fōnd'ly, *ad.* with fondness; foolishly
Fōnd'něs, *f.* an excess of love, weakness
Fōnt', *f.* the baptismal basin
Fōn'ta-něl, *f.* an issue; a discharge opened in the body
Fon-tānge', *f.* a knot of ribands on the head
Fōod, *f.* victuals
Fōod'fūl, *a.* full of food; fruitful
Fōod'y, *a.* fit for food; eatable
Fōol, *f.* a foolish person; a wicked man; buffoon
Fōol, *v. a. & n.* to cheat; disappoint; to toy, trifle
Fōol'bōrn, *a.* foolish from the birth
Fōol'e-ry, *a.* habitual folly
Fōol'hāp'py, *a.* lucky without contrivance or judgment
Fōol'hārd'ī-něs, *f.* mad rashness
Fōol'hārd'y, *a.* madly adventurous
Fōol'trāp, *f.* a snare to catch fools in
Fōol'ish, *a.* weak in understanding; imprudent, wicked

Fôol'ish-ly, *ad.* weakly, wickedly [folly
 Fôol'ish-nëss, *f.* want of understanding;
 Fôot, *f.* that on which a thing stands: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to kick, tread, settle; to dance, trip
 Fôot'bäll, *f.* a bladder in a leather case
 Fôot'böy, *f.* an attendant in livery
 Fôot-bridge, *f.* a bridge on which passen-
 gers walk
 Fôot'ing, *f.* dance; entrance; foundation;
 road; basis; support; root; settlement;
 tread
 Fôot'lick-ér, *f.* a flatterer; an humble
 fawner; a slave
 Fôot'män, *f.* a servant in livery [ner
 Fôot'män-shíp, *f.* act or faculty of a run-
 Fôot'pāce', *f.* a slow walk; part of a stair-
 Fôot'pād, *f.* who robs on foot [case
 Fôot'pāth, *f.* a narrow way for passengers
 Fôot-pōst, *f.* a messenger who travels on
 Fôot'stāl, *f.* a woman's stirrup [foot
 Fôot'stēp, *f.* mark of a foot, tract
 Fôot'stôol, *f.* a place to put the feet on
 Föp', *f.* an effeminate beau; a coxcomb
 Föp'pe-ry, *f.* affectation, folly, impertinence
 Föp'pīsh, *a.* foolish, vain in show; idle
 Föp'pīsh-ly, *ad.* vainly, ostentatiously
 Föp'pīsh-nëss, *f.* vanity, showy vanity
 Föpp'līng, *f.* a petty fop
 Fôr', *prep.* because of, with respect to
 Fôr', *con.* because, in regard that
 Fôr'age, *f.* provision, search for provisions:
v. a. & *n.* to plunder, to strip; to wan-
 der far
 Fôr-beār', *v. a.* & *n.* to decline, spare; to
 cease, abstain
 Fôr-beār'ānce, *f.* the act of forbearing, de-
 lay, mildness
 Fôr-bīd', *v. a.* to hinder, prohibit; to blast

Fôr-bīd'dér, *f.* one who prohibits
 Fôr-bīd'dānce, *f.* the act of forbidding
 Fôr-bīd'den-ly, *ad.* unlawfully [ful
 Fôr-bīd'dīng, *part. a.* causing dislike; hate-
 Fôrce, *f.* armament; strength; violence:
v. a. to oblige, overpower; to man; ra-
 vish
 Fôr'cēd-ly, *ad.* constrainedly
 Fôrce'fūl-ly, *ad.* violently, impetuously
 Fôrce'lëss, *a.* weak, without force
 Fôrç'ér, *f.* who or what impels; the sucker
 of a pump
 Fôrce'fūl, *a.* strong; violent; impetuous
 Fôr'cī-ble, *a.* mighty, powerful; valid
 Fôr'cī-ble-nëss, *f.* force, violence
 Fôr'cī-bly, *ad.* by force, powerfully
 Fôr'cī-pat-ēd, *a.* formed like a pair of
 pinchers
 Förd, *f.* the shallow part of a river, the
 stream: *v. a.* to pass a river without
 swimming
 Förd'a-ble, *a.* passable without boats
 Före, *a.* coming before, anterior
 Före-ār'm', *v.* to provide for resistance
 Före-bōde', *v. a.* to foretel, foreknow
 Före-bōd'ér, *f.* a prognosticator
 Fore-cāst', *v. n.* to contrive, provide a-
 Före'cāst', *f.* contrivance, scheme [gainst
 Före'cāstle, *f.* the fore-part of a ship
 Före'cīt'ēd, *part.* quoted before or above
 Före-clōse', *v. a.* to shut up; prevent
 Före-dēck, *f.* the fore-part of a ship
 Före-de-sīgn', *v. a.* to plan before-hand
 Före-dô', *v. a.* to overdo; destroy; run;
 weary
 Före-dôom', *v. a.* to predestinate
 Före-ēnd', *f.* the fore-part, the anterior
 Före'fā'ther, *f.* ancestor [part

Fōre-sēnd', *v. a.* to prohibit; to avert, hinder; to secure; to provide for
Fōre'fīn'g,ēr, *f.* the finger next the thumb
Fōre-gō', *v. a.* to go before; to give up
Fōre-gō'ēr, *f.* an ancestor, a progenitor
Fōre-hānd, *f.* chief part; the part of the horse before the rider: *a.* done too soon
Fōre'hānd'ēd, *a.* early, timely [pudence
Fōre'hēad, *f.* upper part of the face; im-
Fōre'hold'ing, *f.* a prediction
Fōr'eign, *a.* not belonging to; excluded: outlandish
Fōr'eign-ēr, *f.* one of another country
Fōr'eign-nēss, *f.* remoteness, inconsistency
Fōre'im-āg,īne, *v. n.* to conceive before proof
Fōre-jūdge', *v. a.* to judge before-hand
Fōre-knōw', *v. a.* to have prescience of
Fōre-knōw'ēd, *f.* prescience
Fōre'lānd, *f.* a promontory, head-land
Fōre-lāy', *v. a.* to lay wait for, to intrap by ambush
Fōre'lōck, *f.* hair growing on the forehead
Fōre'mān, *f.* a chief man in a shop, &c.
Fōre'mōst, *a.* first in place or dignity
Fōre'nām'ēd, *a.* nominated before
Fōre'nōon', *f.* the time of day between dawn and meridian
Fōre-nō'tīce, *f.* information before-hand
Fōre'ōr-dāin', *v. a.* to determine before-
Fōre'pārt', *f.* the anterior part [hand
Fōre'rānk', *f.* first rank, front
Fōre're-cīt'ēd, *a.* mentioned before
Fōre-rūn', *v. a.* to come before; precede
Fōre-rūn'nēr, *f.* one sent before, a prognos-
Fōre'sāy', *v. a.* to predict, foretel [tic
Fōre'sēe', *v. a.* to see before-hand, to have prescience

Fōre'shāme', *v. a.* to bring reproach upon; to shame [pens
Fōre'shōw', *v. a.* to discover before it hap-
Fōre'sīght, *f.* seeing a thing before; pene-
 tration
Fōre'skīn, *f.* the prepuce [fore
Fōre'skīrt, *f.* the loose part of the coat be-
Fōre-slōw', *v. a. & n.* to hinder; to loiter
Fōre-spēak', *v. a.* to tell before-hand; to forbid
Fōre-spēnt', *part.* bestowed before; tired, spent
Fōr'ēst, *f.* a wild uncultivated tract
Fōre-siāl', *v. a.* to anticipate, to prevent
Fōre-siāl'ēr, *f.* who anticipates a market
Fōr'ēst-bōrn, *a.* born in a wild
Fōr'ēst-ēr, *f.* an officer of the forest
Fōre'tāste, *f.* anticipation of
Fōre-tāste', *v. a.* to taste before-hand
Fōre-tēl', *v. a.* to prophesy, to foreshow
Fōre-tēll'ēr, *f.* one who prophesies
Fōre-thīnk', *v. a.* to think or contrive be-
 fore
Fōre'thōught, *f.* provident care, prescience
Fōre-tō'ken, *v. a.* to foreshow
Fōre-tō'ken, *f.* omen, prevenient sign
Fōre'tōp, *f.* the front of a peruke, &c.
Fōre-vōūch'ēd, *part.* affirmed before
Fōre-wārn', *v. a.* to admonish before-hand
Fōre-wīsh', *v. a.* to desire before-hand
Fōre-worn', *part.* worn out by time or use
Fōr'feīt, *f.* something lost by the commis-
 sion of a crime; a fine; a mulct: *a.* lia-
 ble to seizure, alienated by crime: *v. a.*
 to lose by an offence, or breach of condi-
 tion
Fōr'feīt-a-ble, *a.* liable to be forfeited
Fōr'feīt-ure, *f.* a thing forfeited; a fine

Förge, *f.* a place where irons are beaten into form: *v. a.* to form by the hammer; to counterfeit

Förg,ér, *f.* one who makes or counterfeits

För'g,e-ry, *f.* the crime of falsification

För-g,ët', *v. a.* to neglect, not to think of

För-g,ët'fûl, *a.* not remembering, careless

För-g,ët'fûl-nëss, *f.* inattention, negligence

För-g,ët'tér, *f.* one who forgets

För-g,ïve', *v. a.* to pardon, remit

För-g,ïve'nëss, *f.* act of forgiving; pardon

För-g,ïv'ér, *f.* one who pardons

För-göt', *pret. of to forget*

För-göt'ten, *part. pass. of to forget*

Förk', *f.* an instrument of 2 or 3 prongs

Förk', *v. n.* to shoot into blades

Förk'éd, *a.* opening into two or more parts

Förk'éd-ly, *ad.* in a forked form

Förk'éd-nëss, *f.* quality of opening into two

Förk'y, *a.* furcated [parts

För-lörn', *a.* deserted, despicable, lost, helpless

Förm, *f.* bench; ceremony; method; shape: *v. a.* to arrange; make; model; settle

Förm'äl, *a.* ceremonious; regular

Förm'äl-ïst, *f.* a lover of formality

För-mäl'i-ty, *f.* ceremony; dress

Förm'äl-ize, *v. a.* to affect formality; to model

Förm'äl-ly, *ad.* ceremoniously

För-mä'tion, *f.* act or manner of forming

Förm'a-tive, *a.* having power to give form

Förm'ér, *f.* who forms or contrives

Förm'ér-ly, *ad.* in past time [inenduous

För'mi-da-ble, *a.* dreadful, terrible, tre-

För'mi-da-ble-nëss, *f.* quality of exciting dread

För'mi-da-bly, *ad.* in a terrible manner

Förm'lëss, *a.* without shape

För'ïnu-la-ry, *f.* a book containing set ceremonies

För'nï-cate, *v. n.* to commit lewdness

För-nï-cä'tion, *f.* concubinage; idolatry

För-nï-cä'tör, *f.* one who has commerce with an unmarried woman

För-nï-cä'trëss, *f.* an adulteress

För-fäke', *v. a.* to desert, to leave, to neglect

För-fäk'ér, *f.* one who forsakes, a deserter

För-fôth', *ad.* in truth, certainly

För-sweär', *v. a. & n.* to renounce an oath; to swear falsely; to abjure

För-sweär'ér, *f.* one who is perjured

Fört, *f.* a fortified house, a castle

Fört'éd, *a.* furnished with or guarded by forts

Förth, *ad.* out of doors; forward; abroad; on to the end; out; away: *prep.* out of

Förth-cóm'ing, *a.* ready to appear

Förth'rïght', *ad.* straight forward

Förth'with', *ad.* without delay, immediately

För'ti-ëth, *a.* the fourth tenth

För-ti-fī'a-ble, *a.* what may be fortified

För-ti-fī-cä'tion, *f.* a place built for strength; the scene of military architecture

För'ti-fī-ér, *f.* who fortifies or supports

För'ti-fy, *v. a.* to confirm, fix, strengthen

Fört'in, Fört'lët, *f.* a little fort

För'ti-tude, *f.* bravery, courage, strength

Fört'night, *f.* the space of two weeks

Fört'rëss, *f.* a fortified place, strong hold

För-tü'i-toüs, *a.* happening by chance

För-tü'i-toüs-ly, *ad.* accidentally

För-tü'i-toüs-nëss, *f.* accident, chance

- För'tu-nate**, *a.* happy, lucky, successful
För'tu-nate-ly, *ad.* happily, successfully
För'tu-nate-nēss, *f.* good luck, success
För'tune, *f.* a marriage-portion; chance;
riches: v. n. to happen by chance
För'tun-ēd, *a.* supplied by fortune [fortune
För'tune-hünt-ēr, *f.* hunter of a woman of
För'tune-tēll, *v. n.* to pretend to know fu-
turity
För'tune-tēl-lēr, *f.* one who pretends to
know futurity
För'ty, *a.* four times ten
För'rūm, *f.* any public place [tecedent
För'wārd, *a.* confident, violent, warm, an-
För'wārd, *v. a.* to advance, hasten: *ad.*
onward, progressively, towards
För-wārd-ēr, *f.* who promotes any thing
För'wārd-ly, *ad.* eagerly, hastily [modesty
För'wārd-nēss, *f.* assurance, eagerness, im-
För'wārdz, *ad.* straight before, progres-
sively
Föſſel, *f.* a ditch, moat, intrenchment
Föſſil, *f.* any mineral or shell
Föſſil, *a.* dug out of the earth [up
Föst'ēr, *v. a.* to cherish, nurse, support, train
Föst'ēr-age, *f.* the charge of nursing
Föst'ēr-child, *f.* a child not nursed by its
Föst'ēr-dām, **Föst'ēr-ēr**, *f.* a nurse [parent
Föught, *pret. & part. pass.* of *to fight*
Föül, *a.* not bright, not clean, wicked:
v. a. to blemish, daub, make filthy
Föül'faç-ēd, *a.* having an ugly face
Föüly, *ad.* hatefully; nastily; shamefully
Föül'möüth-ēd, *a.* using ill language
Föül'nēss, *f.* dishonesty, filthiness, ugliness
Föünd, *v. a.* to lay a foundation, to esta-
blish; to cast brass, &c. into bells, &c.;
to fix firm: pret. & part. pass. of to find
Föün-dā'tion, *f.* basis, establishment
Föünd'ēr, *f.* a benefactor; builder; caster
v. n. to grow lame; to sink; to fail
Föünd'ling, *f.* a deserted infant, a child
found
Föünd'rēss, *f.* a woman who founds, &c.
Föünd'ry, *f.* a casting shop
Föünt, **Föün'tain**, *f.* a spout of water;
first cause; a spring, a well
Föün'tain-lēss, *a.* without a fountain
Föünt'fâl, *a.* full of springs
Föur, *a.* twice two, three and one
Föurbe, *f.* a tricking fellow; a cheat
Föur-föld, *a.* four times told
Föur'fööt'ēd, *a.* having four feet
Föur'scöre, *a.* four times twenty
Föur'squäre, *a.* quadrangular
Föur'tēen, *a.* four and ten
Föur'tēenth, *a.* the ordinal of fourteen
Föürth, *a.* the ordinal of four; the first
after the third
Föürth'ly, *ad.* in the fourth place
Föür'whēel'ēd, *a.* having four wheels
Föu'tra, *f.* a scoff, a insult
Föwl, *f.* a winged animal, a bird
Föwl, *v. n.* to kill birds for food or game
Föwl'ēr, *f.* a sportsman who pursues birds
Föwl'ing-pīece, *f.* a gun for birds
Föx, *f.* a wild animal of the canine kind
Föx-cāse, *f.* a fox's skin
Föx-chāse, *f.* the pursuit of a fox with
hounds
Föx'hünt'ēr, *f.* one fond of hunting foxes
Föx-trāp, *f.* a gin to catch foxes
Fräct, *v. a.* to break; infringe; violate
Fräc'tion, *f.* the act of breaking; state of
being broken; a part of an integral
Fräc'tion-äl, *a.* relating to a fraction

Fräc'ture, *f.* a breach, separation of parts :
v. a. to break a bone
 Fräg'ile, *a.* easily destroyed, brittle, weak
 Fra-g,il'ĩ-tý, *f.* brittleness, weakness
 Fräp'mënt, *f.* an imperfect piece ; a part
 Fräg'mënt-a-ry, *a.* composed of fragments
 Frä'grānce, Frä'grān-cy, *f.* a sweetness of
 Frä'grānt, *a.* sweet-smelling [smell
 Frä'grānt-ly, *ad.* with sweet scent
 Fräi'cheür, *f.* [*French*] coolness, freshness
 Fräil, *f.* a basket made of rushes : *a.* liable
 to errour, weak, easily decaying
 Fräil'něs, Fräil'ty, *f.* sins of infirmity,
 weakness, instability
 Fräiße, *f.* a pancake with bacon in it
 Frāme, *f.* a case ; disposition, order ; shape :
v. a. to put in a frame ; invent
 Frām'ér, *f.* maker, former, contriver
 Frān'chīse, *f.* a privilege, extent of jurif-
 diction : *v. a.* to make free
 Frān'g,ĩ-ble, *a.* easily broken ; brittle
 Frānk, *f.* a free letter ; a hog-sty : *a.* libe-
 ral, open, sincere, without payment
 Frānk, *v. a.* to make free ; to fatten ; to
 cram ; to shut up in a sty
 Frānk'ĩn'cěse, *f.* an odoriferous gum
 Frānk'ly, *ad.* without reserve, liberally
 Frānk'něs, *f.* freedom ; plainness of speech
 Frān'tic, *a.* transported with passion, mad
 Frān'tic-ly, *ad.* madly, outrageously
 Frān'tic-něs, *f.* fury of passion, madness
 Fra-tér'nāl, *a.* pertaining to brothers
 Fra-tér'nāl-ly, *ad.* in a brotherly manner
 Fra-tér'nĩ-ty, *f.* a corporation, society
 Frā'trĩ-cide, *f.* the murder of a brother
 Frāud', *f.* a cheat, deceit, trick, stratagem
 Frāud'fūl, *a.* treacherous, artful
 Frāud'fūl-ly, *ad.* deceitfully, artfully

Frāud'u-lěnce, Frāud'u-lěn-cy, *f.* deceit-
 fulness, trickishness, proneness to artifice
 Frāud'u-lěnt, *a.* deceitful, subtle
 Frāud'u-lěnt-ly, *ad.* by fraud, deceitfully
 Frāught', *f.* a cargo, a freight [filled, stored
 Frāught', *part. pass.* from to freight ; laden,
 Frāught'age, *f.* lading, cargo
 Frāy, *f.* a fight, quarrel, broil, tumult
 Frāy, *v. a.* to fright, to terrify ; to rub
 Frēak, *f.* a sudden fancy, a whim or humour
 Frēak, *v. a.* to variegate
 Frēak'ish, *a.* capricious, whimsical
 Frēak'ish-ly, *ad.* capriciously, humourously
 Frēak'ish-něs, *f.* capriciousness
 Frēam, *v. n.* to growl, to snarl [sun
 Frēc'kle, *f.* a spot on the skin raised by the
 Frēc'lēd, *a.* maculated
 Frēc'ly, *a.* full of freckles
 Frēe, *a.* at liberty, ingenuous, innocent :
v. a. to set at liberty ; rid from ; unlock
 Frēe'hōot'ér, *f.* a robber [slave
 Frēe'börn, *part.* inheriting freedom, not a
 Frēe'cōst, *f.* without expence
 Frēed'mān, *f.* a slave made free
 Frēe'dóm, *f.* liberty, privilege, unrestraint
 Frēe'lōot'ēd, *a.* not confined in walking
 Frēe'heart'ēd, *a.* generous, unrestrained
 Frēe'hold, *f.* land holden in perpetual right
 Frēe'hold-ér, *f.* who possesses a freehold
 Frēe'ly, *ad.* at liberty ; lavishly ; liberally
 Frēe'mān, *f.* one at liberty ; free of a cor-
 poration
 Frēe'něs, *f.* generosity, unreservedness
 Frēe'spōk'en, *a.* speaking without reserve
 Frēe'stone, *f.* hard stone for building
 Frēe'thĩnk'ér, *f.* a contemner of religion ;
 a libertine [taneity
 Frēe'will', *f.* the power of acting ; spon-

Frēze, *v. n.* to be congealed with cold
 Frēight, *f.* the loading of a ship: *v. a.* to load a ship or vessel with goods
 Frēight'ér, *f.* he who freights a vessel
 Frēnch, *a.* of or belonging to France
 Frēn'e-tic, *a.* mad, disordered in mind
 Frēn'zy, *f.* distraction of mind, madness
 Frē'quēnce, *f.* crowd, concourse, assembly
 Frē'quēn-cy, *f.* common occurrence
 Frē'quēnt, *a.* often done, seen or occurring
 Frē-quēnt', *v. a.* to resort often to
 Frē-quēnt'a-ble, *a.* accessible, conversible
 Frē-quēnt'ér, *f.* who goes often to a place
 Frē'quēnt-ly, *ad.* often, commonly
 Frēsh'co, *f.* coolness, shade, duskiness
 Frēsh, *f.* water not salt: *a.* not salt; cool; new; ruddy; sweet; brisk
 Frēsh'en, *v. a. & n.* to make fresh; to grow fresh
 Frēsh'ēt, *f.* a pool of fresh water
 Frēsh'ly, *ad.* coolly; newly; ruddily
 Frēsh'nēss, *f.* coolness; newness; ruddiness
 Frēt, *f.* the agitation of liquor or mind; a frith; work rising in protuberances; *v. a. & n.* to rub, to vex, to wear; to be
 Frēt'fūl, *a.* peevish [angry or uneasy
 Frēt'fūl-ly, *ad.* peevishly, angrily
 Frēt'fūl-nēss, *f.* peevishness; passion
 Frēt'ty, *a.* adorned with fret-work [ed
 Fri-a-bil'i-ty, *f.* capacity of being powder-
 Fri'a-ble, *a.* may be powdered
 Fri'ár, *f.* a religious brother of some order
 Fri'ár-like, Fri'ár-ly, *a.* like a friar, monastic; unskilled in the world
 Fri'ár-y, *f.* a place where friars live: *a.* like a friar
 Fri'b'ble, *f.* a fop of the lowest kind
 Fri'b'ble, *v. n.* to trifle [levity
 Fri'b'blér, *f.* a trifler, one who acts with

Frīc-ās-ēe, *f.* a French dish; chickens, &c. cut small, and dressed with strong sauce
 Frīc-ā'tion, Frīc'tion, *f.* act of rubbing together
 Fri'day, *f.* the sixth day of the week
 Friēnd, *f.* a familiar companion; favourer; *v. a.* to be kind to; to support
 Friēnd'lēss, *a.* without a friend
 Friēnd'lī-nēss, *f.* disposition to friendship; kindness
 Friēnd'ly, *a. & ad.* agreeable, favourable, kind, with the manner of friends
 Friēnd'shīp, *f.* favour, kindness, affinity
 Friēze, *f.* a term in architecture; a coarse
 Friēze-like, *a.* resembling frieze [cloth
 Fri'gate, *f.* a small ship; ships under 50 guns
 Frīght, *f.* a sudden terrour; a scare-crow
 Frīght, Frīght'en, *v. a.* to terrify
 Frīght'fūl, *a.* full of terrour, dreadful
 Frīght'fūl-ly, *ad.* dreadfully, horribly
 Frīght'fūl-nēss, *f.* power of impressing terrour [fancy
 Frīg'id, *a.* cold, dull; impotent; without
 Frīg'id'ī-ty, *f.* coldness, dulness
 Frīg'id-ly, *ad.* coldly, without affection
 Frīg'id-nēss, *f.* coldness, want of affection;
 Frīg-o-rīf'ic, *a.* producing cold [dulness
 Frīnge, *f.* an ornamental kind of trimming: *v. a.* to adorn with fringe
 Fri'p-pe-ry, *f.* a place where old clothes are sold; old rags; mean insignificant words
 Frīsk, *v. n.* to be frolicsome; to leap
 Frīsk'ér, *f.* one not constant; a wanton
 Frīsk'ī-nēss, *f.* gaiety, liveliness
 Frīsk'y, *a.* airy, gay
 Frīt, *f.* ashes or salt baked together with sand to make glass

Frith, *f.* a narrow sea; a net [the cricket
 Frīt'ī-nān-cy, *f.* scream of an insect, as
 Frīt'tér, *f.* a small pancake; a piece cut
 to be fried; a fragment, a cheese-cake,
 a wig: *v. a.* to cut or consume by piece-
 meal

Frīv'o-lous, *a.* trifling; of no moment
 Frīv'o-lous-ly, *ad.* triflingly, without weight
 Frīv'o-lous-nēss, *f.* want of importance

Frīz'le, *v. a.* to curl in short curls

Frō, *ad.* backward, regressively

Frōck', *f.* an outward garment; a coat

Frōg', *f.* a small amphibious animal

Frōl'ic, *a.* full of levity, gay; full of
 pranks

Frōl'ic, *v. n.* to play wild pranks: *f.* a
 wild prank; a flight of whim and levity

Frōl'ic-ly, *ad.* gaily, wildly

Frōl'ic-sōme, *a.* full of wild gaiety

Frōl'ic-sōme-ly, *ad.* with wild gaiety

Frōl'ic-sōme-nēss, *f.* wildness of gaiety,
 pranks

Frōm', *prep.* away; out of

Frōm'wārd, *prep.* away from, contrary to
 toward

Frōnt, *f.* the fore-part; van of an army:
v. a. & n. to stand before; to be opposite
 to

Frōnt'ēd, *a.* formed with a front

Frōn'tier, *f.* the marches, limits, bounds:
a. bordering, adjacent to [page

Frōnt'is-piece, *f.* a picture facing the title-

Frōnt'lēss, *a.* impudent; shameless

Frōre, Frōrne, *a.* frozen

Frōst', *f.* the act or power of congelation

Frōst'bīt'ten, *a.* nipped by the frost

Frōst'ēd, *a.* laid on in inequalities, like
 those of the hoar-frost upon plants

Frōst'ī-ly, *ad.* coldly, with frost

Frōst'ī-nēss, *f.* freezing cold [hoary

Frōst'y, *a.* resembling frost; excessive cold,

Frōth', *f.* vain words, foam, spume

Frōth', *v. n.* to be very angry; to foam

Frōth'ī-ly, *ad.* with foam; in a trifling
 manner

Frōth'y, *a.* full of froth; empty, vain

Frōw'ārd, *a.* angry, peevish, ungovernable

Frōw'ārd-ly, *ad.* peevishly, perversely

Frōw'ārd-nēss, *f.* peevishness, perverseness

Frōwn, *f.* a wrinkled look; a look of dis-
 like: *v. a.* to show dislike by frowns

Frōz'en, *pass. part. of to freeze*

Frūc-tif'ér-ous, *a.* bearing fruit

Frūc'tī-fy, *v. a.* to make fruitful, fertilize

Frūc-tif-ī-cā'tion, *f.* act of bearing fruit

Frūc'tu-ous, *a.* bearing fruit, fruitful

Frū'gāl, *a.* sparing, thrifty, not prodigal

Frū'gāl-ly, *ad.* carefully, parsimoniously

Fru-gāl'ī-ty, *f.* good husbandry, parsimony

Frūit, *f.* produce of the earth, trees, and

Frūit'age, *f.* fruit collectively [plants

Frūit'beār-ing, *part.* producing fruit

Frūit'ér-ér, *f.* one who sells fruit

Frūit'ér-y, *f.* a fruit lost; fruit collectively
 taken

Frūit'fūl, *a.* bearing fruit; child-bearing

Frūit'fūl-ly, *ad.* plenteously [duction

Frūit'fūl-nēss, *f.* abundance; plentiful pro-

Fru-ī'tion, *f.* enjoyment; pleasure given
 by possession

Frū'ī-tive, *a.* enjoying

Frūit'lēss, *a.* without fruit; vain

Frūit'lēss-ly, *ad.* idly; unprofitably; vainly

Frūit'time, *f.* autumn

Frūm'ēn-ty, *f.* food made of wheat boiled
 in milk

Frũsh, *v. a.* to break, bruise : *part. a.* ineffectual, vain

Frũf'trate, *v. a.* to make null, to balk, defeat

Frũf-trā'tion, *f.* defeat, disappointment

Frũf'tra-tive, **Frũf'tra-to-ry**, *a.* making void ; fallacious, disappointing

Frũf'tũm, *f.* a piece cut off

Fry, *f.* fish just spawned ; any thing fried

Fry, *v. a.* to dress in a frying-pan

Fũb, *f.* a plump chubby boy : *v. a.* to put off

Fũ'cũs, *f.* paint for the face [hard

Fũd'dle, *v. a. & n.* to make drunk ; to drink

Fũ'el, *f.* the matter or aliment of fire : *v. a.* to feed fire ; to store with firing

Fu-gāç'ĩ-ty, *f.* a flying away ; instability

Fũg,ĩ-tive, *f.* a runaway ; who shelters himself under another power from punishment : *a.* flying, unstable vagabond

Fũg,ĩ-tive-nẽs, *f.* inconstancy [design

Fũl-fũl', *v. a.* to complete, to perform any

Fũl'frāught', *a.* fully stored

Fũl'g,ẽn-cy, *f.* splendour, brightness

Fũl'g,ẽnt, *a.* dazzling, exquisitely bright

Fũl'g,ĩd, *a.* glittering, shining, dazzling

Fũl'g,ĩd'ĩ-ty, *f.* splendour [dour

Fũl'gouř, *f.* a dazzling brightness, splendour

Fũl'hām, *f.* a cant-word for false dice

Fũll, *f.* complete measure ; the whole ; mature : *a.* filled with, entire, plump, satisfied

Fũll, *ad.* without abatement, exactly

Fũll'blōwn', *part. & a.* spread to the utmost

Fũll'bōt'tōm'ẽd, *a.* having a large bottom

Fũll'ẽar'ẽd, *a.* having the head full of grain

Fũll'ẽy'ẽd, *a.* having large prominent eyes

Fũll'fẽd', *a.* quite fat, fatted

Fũll'lād'en, *part. & a.* deeply laden

Fũll, *v. a.* to cleanse woolen cloth

Fũl'lage, *f.* the money paid for cleansing

Fũl'lẽr, *f.* one who whitens cloth [cloth

Fũl'lẽr's earth', *f.* an unctuous marl

Fũl'ly, *ad.* completely [der

Fũl'mĩn-ānt, *a.* making a noise like thun-

Fũl'mĩn-ate, *v. n.* to thunder

Fũl-mĩn-ā'tion, *f.* denunciation of censure ; the act of thundering [dering

Fũl'mĩn-a-to-ry, *a.* striking terror, thun-

Fũl'nẽs, *f.* the being full, plenty, satiety

Fũl'sõme, *a.* nauseous, obscene, rank

Fũl'sõme-ly, *ad.* nauseously, obscenely

Fũl'sõme-nẽs, *f.* nauseousness, obscenity

Fũm'ble, *v. a.* to do awkwardly ; to play childishly ; to puzzle

Fũm'blẽr, *f.* who acts awkwardly

Fũm'blĩng-ly, *ad.* in an awkward manner

Fũme, *f.* passion, rage ; smoke, vapour : *v. n.* to be in rage or passion ; to smoke

Fu-mẽtte', *f.* the stink of meat

Fũm'ĩd, *a.* smoky, vaporous, fummy [smoke

Fu-mĩd'ĩ-ty, *f.* smokiness, tendency to

Fũm'ĩ-gate, *v. n.* to smoke, to perfume

Fu-mĩ-gā'tion, *f.* scent raised by fire

Fũm'ĩng-ly, *ad.* in a rage or passion ; angrily

Fũ'mouř, **Fũ'my**, *a.* producing fumes

Fũn, *f.* high merriment ; a joke ; sport

Fũnc'tion, *f.* an employment, office, power

Fũnd, *f.* a stock of money

Fũh'da-mẽnt, *f.* back part of the body ; the breech

Fũn-da-mẽn'tāl, *a.* chief, original [ally

Fũn-da-mẽn'tāl-ly, *ad.* essentially, origin-

Fũ'ne-rāl, *f.* the solemnization of a burial

Fũ'ne-rāl, *a.* used for a burial

Fu-nẽ're-āl, *a.* dark, dismal, mournful

Fũn'goũs, *a.* excrescent, spongy

Fũn'gũs, *f.* a mushroom; an excrescence
 Fũnk, *f.* a stink, a stench
 Fũn'nẽl, *f.* an instrument for filling bottles; a tun-dish; a pipe of communication
 Fũr, *f.* skin of animals with soft hair: *v. a.* to line or cover with skins
 Fũr'wrõught', *a.* manufactured of fur
 Fũr'be-lõw, *f.* fur sewed on petticoats: *v. a.* to adorn with fur, &c.
 Fũr'bĩsh, *v. a.* to polish, to burnish; to put
 Fũr'bĩsh-ér, *f.* a burnisher [in order
 Fũr-cã'tion, *f.* forkiness
 Fũ'rĩ-õũs, *a.* mad, raging, violent [mently
 Fũ'rĩ-õũf-ly, *ad.* madly, violently, vehemently
 Fũ'rĩ-õũf-nẽs, *f.* madness, passion, violence
 Fũrl, *v. a.* to draw up, contract
 Fũr'lõng, *f.* the eighth part of a mile
 Fũr'lõugh, *f.* leave of absence from duty
 Fũr'mẽnt-y, *f.* (See *Fruментy*)
 Fũr'nace, *f.* an inclosed fire-place
 Fũr'nĩsh, *v. a.* to adorn, equip, fit out, supply
 Fũr'nĩsh-ér, *f.* one who fits out
 Fũr'ĩ-ture, *f.* decorations, goods, moveables
 Fũr'rĩ-ér, *f.* a dealer in furs [ables
 Fũr'rõw, *f.* a long trench or hollow; a wrinkle: *v. a.* to cut into furrows
 Fũr'ry, *a.* covered with, or made of fur
 Fũr'thẽr, *ad.* at a distance, beyond this
 Fũr'thẽr, *v. a.* to assist, help, promote
 Fũr'thẽr-ér, *f.* an advancer, a promoter
 Fũr'thẽr-mõre', *ad.* besides, moreover
 Fũr'tĩve, *a.* gotten by stealth, stolen
 Fũ'rũn-cle, *f.* an angry pustule, a bile
 Fũ'ry, *f.* violent passion, rage
 Fũrze, *f.* a prickly shrub used in firing: goss; gorse

Fũr'zy, *a.* over-grown with furze
 Fũse, *v. a. & n.* to melt; to be melted
 Fu-ſẽe', *f.* a part of a watch; a firelock
 Fũ'ĩ-ble, *a.* capable of being melted
 Fu-ſĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* quality of melting
 Fũ'ĩl, *a.* liquifiable by heat
 Fũ'ĩl, *f.* a small neat musket; a firelock
 Fu-ſĩl-ĩer', *f.* a soldier armed with a fusil
 Fũ'ſion, *f.* act of melting; state of being
 Fũs, *f.* a bustle, a stir [melted
 Fũst, *f.* trunk of a column; a strong smell
 Fũst'ĩãn, *f.* cotton cloth; bombast style
 Fũst'ĩãn, *a.* made of fustian, high-swelling
 Fũs-tĩl-ã'rĩ-ãn, *f.* a low fellow; a stinkard
 Fũs'tĩ-nẽs, *f.* mouldiness, stink
 Fũs'ty, *a.* ill-smelling, mouldy
 Fũ'tĩle, *a.* talkative, trifling, worthless
 Fu-tĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* talkativeness, triflingness
 Fũ'ture, *a.* that which is to come
 Fũ'ture, *f.* time to come
 Fũ'ture-ly, *ad.* in time to come
 Fu-tu-rĩ'tion, *f.* future existence [come
 Fu-tũ'rĩ-ty, *f.* events to come; time to
 Fũzz, *v. n.* to fly out in small particles
 Fũzz'bãll, *f.* a kind of fungus, full of dust
 Fỹ', *interj.* expressing dislike

G.

Gãb'ar-dĩne, *f.* a coarse frock
 Gãb'ble, *f.* loud talk without meaning; inarticulate noise
 Gãb'ble, *v. n.* to prate loudly without meaning
 Gãb'blér, *f.* a chattering fellow
 Gã'bẽl, *f.* an excise; a tax
 Gã'ble, *f.* the sloping roof of a building
 Gãd, *f.* a wedge or ingot of steel; a graver

Găd, *v. n.* to ramble about idly
 Găd'dér, *f.* one running from place to place
 Găd'dîng-ly, *ad.* ramblingly
 Găd'flȳ, *f.* a fly that stings cattle
 Găff, *f.* a harpoon or large hook
 Găf'flēs, *f. pl.* artificial spurs upon cocks
 Găg, *f.* something to hinder speech
 Găg, *v. a.* to stop the mouth
 Găge, *f.* a caution, pawn, pledge for security: *v. a.* to wager; measure; pawn
 Găi'ly, *ad.* cheerfully, splendidly, airily
 Găin, *f.* advantage, profit: *v. a. & n.* to obtain, procure: to get forward
 Găin'ér, *f.* one who receives advantage
 Găin'fûl, *a.* advantageous, profitable
 Găin'fûl-ly, *ad.* profitably, advantageously
 Găin'fûl-něs, *f.* lucrativeness
 Găin'g, iv-ing, *f.* (the same as misgiving)
 Găin'lěs, *a.* unprofitable
 Găin'lěll-něs, *f.* unprofitableness, uselessness
 Găin'ly, *ad.* handily, readily
 Găin'săy, *v. a.* to contradict, oppose, deny
 Găin'săy'ér, *f.* an adversary
 Găir'îsh, *a.* flighty, gaudy, fine
 Găir'îsh-něs, *f.* flaunting, gaudiness, finery
 Găit, *f.* the manner of walking; a way; march
 Ga-lăx'y, *f.* the milky way in the sky
 Găle, *f.* a wind not tempestuous
 Găl'e-ăs, *f.* a heavy, low-built vessel
 Găl'î-ôt, *f.* a little galley, or sort of brigantine
 Găll', *f.* the bile; great anger, rancour: slight hurt; extreme bitterness: *v. a.* to hurt the skin; to fret, to vex
 Găl'lănt', *f.* a gay sprightly man; whore-master

Găl'lănt, *a.* brave, fine, gay, specious
 Găl'lănt-ly, *ad.* bravely, gaily [fity
 Găl'lănt-ry, *f.* bravery, courtship, generosity
 Găl'le-ôn, *f.* a ship with 4 or 5 decks
 Găll'e-ry, *f.* a kind of walk to an apartment; a balcony
 Găl'ley, *f.* a vessel driven with oars
 Găl'ley-slăve', *f.* one condemned to row the gallies
 Găl'li-cîsm, *f.* peculiarity of the French tongue
 Găl'li-pôt, *f.* a pot painted and glazed
 Găl'lôn, *f.* a liquid measure of four quarts
 Găl'lôp, *f.* a horse's full speed: *v. n.* to move forward by leaps; to move very fast [lops
 Găl'lôp-ér, *f.* a person or horse that gallops
 Găl'lôw, *v. a.* to fright, to terrify
 Găl'lô-wăy, *f.* a horse under 14 hands high
 Găl'lôws, *f.* the tree of execution for malefactors: one deserving the gallows
 Găl'lôws-frěe, *a.* delivered from hanging
 Găl'lôws-trěe, *f.* the tree of execution
 Găm'blér, *f.* a cheating gamester, a knave
 Găm'bol, *f.* a wild prank, a frolic, a skip: *v. n.* to dance, to frisk, to start
 Găm'brěl, *f.* the leg of a horse
 Găme, *f.* animals pursued in the field; mockery, sport; a single match at play: *v. n.* to play extravagantly; to sport
 Găme'côck', *f.* a cock bred to fight
 Găme'kěep-ér, *f.* one who looks after game
 Găme'sôme, *a.* gay, sportive
 Găme'sôme-ly, *ad.* merrily, frolicsomenly
 Găme'sôme-něs, *f.* sportiveness, merriment
 Găme'îtér, *f.* one addicted to play
 Găm'môn, *f.* a buttock of hog salted and dried

Gām'ūt, *f.* the scale of musical notes
 Gān'dér, *f.* the male of the goose
 Gāng, *f.* a number herding together, a
 Gāng, *v. n.* to go, to walk [tribe
 Gān'grēne, *f.* a mortification, a stoppage of
 circulation followed by putrefaction
 Gāng'wāy, *f.* passages in a ship
 Gānt'lēt, *f.* a military form of punishment
 Gān'za, *f.* a kind of wild goose
 Gāol, *f.* a place of confinement, a prison
 Gāol'ér, *f.* the keeper of a prison
 Gāp, *f.* a breach, a hole, a passage
 Gāpe, *v. n.* to stare with wonder; to yawn
 Gāp'ér, *f.* one who stares about
 Gārb, *f.* outward appearance, clothes,
 dress
 Gārb'age, *f.* bowels, offals
 Gār'ble, *v. a.* to part, to sift, to separate
 Gār'blér, *f.* one who separates things
 Gār'bōil, *f.* disorder, tumult, uproar
 Gārd, *f.* wardship, care, custody
 Gār'dén, *f.* a place to grow flowers, plants,
 &c.: *v. n.* to cultivate a garden
 Gār'den-ér, *f.* who cultivates a garden
 Gār'den-ing, *f.* act of cultivating gardens
 Gār'gle, *f.* a liquor with which the throat
 is washed: *v. n.* to wash the throat
 Gār'gōl, *f.* a distemper in hogs
 Gār'lānd, *f.* a wreath of flowers
 Gār'līc, *f.* a plant [dress
 Gār'mēnt, *f.* a cover for the body; clothes,
 Gār'nēr, *f.* a granary for threshed corn
 Gār'nēr, *v. a.* to store up in a garner
 Gār'nēt, *f.* a gem
 Gār'nīsh, *v. a.* to adorn, decorate; to fit
 with fetters
 Gār'nīsh, Gār'nīsh-mēnt, Gār'nī ture, *f.*
 things strewed round a dish; embellish-
 ment; furniture; prison-fees

Gār'rēt, *f.* the uppermost room; rotten
 wood
 Gār-rēt-ēer', *f.* who lives in a garret
 Gār'rī-sōn, *f.* soldiers in a fortification; a
 fortified place stored with soldiers; *v. a.*
 to secure by soldiers, fortresses, &c.
 Gār-rū'li-ty, *f.* loquacity
 Gār'ru-lōus, *a.* prating, talkative
 Gār'tér, *f.* a band to tie up stockings
 Gār'tér, *v. a.* to tie up with a garter
 Gārth, *f.* the bulk of the body measured
 by a girdle
 Gās-cōn-āde', *f.* a boast, a bravado
 Gās-cōn-āde', *v. n.* to boast, brag, bluster
 Gāsh, *f.* a deep and wide wound: *v. a.* to
 hack; to cut deep so as to make a ga-
 ping wound
 Gās'kīns, *f.* wide hose; wide breeches
 Gāsp, *f.* a convulsive catch of breath:
v. a. to endeavour for breath; to long
 Gāst, *v. a.* to frighten, to shock [for
 Gāte, *f.* a large door, an entrance
 Gāth'ér, *v. a. & n.* to bring together; to
 pick up; to gain; to crop; to swell; to
 assemble
 Gāth'érš, *f. pl.* a plaiting of cloth, plaits
 Gāth'ér-ér, *f.* one who gathers, a collector
 Gāth'ér-ing, *f.* a collection, a swelling
 Gāude', *f.* an ornament; a fine thing:
v. n. to exult, to rejoice at any thing
 Gāud'e-ry, *f.* finery, ostentation, luxury
 Gāud'i-ly, *ad.* finely, showily
 Gāud'i-nēss, *f.* tinsel appearance, showiness
 of dress
 Gāu'dy, *a.* ostentatiously fine, showy
 Gāve, *pret.* of the verb *to give*
 Gāuge', *f.* a measure, a standard: *v. a.* to
 measure the contents of a vessel [man
 Gāug'ér, *f.* who gauges vessels, an excise-

Gāunt', *a.* lean, meagre, thin, slender
Gāunt'ly, *ad.* leanly, slenderly, meagerly
Gāunt'let, *f.* an iron glove used for defence; a cock's spur
Gāv'ót, *f.* a kind of dance
Gāuze', *f.* a kind of thin, transparent silk
Gāwk', *f.* a cuckoo; a foolish fellow
Gāwn'trēe, *f.* a wooden frame to set casks on
Gāy, *a.* airy; fine; merry; showy
Gāi'e-ty, **Gāy'e-ty**, *f.* airiness, cheerfulness, finery
Gāi'ly, **Gāy'ly**, *ad.* merrily, showily
Gāy'nēss, *f.* mirth, cheerfulness
Gāze, *f.* a fixed look, object gazed on:
v. a. to look earnestly and intently
Gāz'ér, *f.* one who looks earnestly
Gāze'fūl, *a.* looking intently
Ga-zētte', *f.* a newspaper
Gāz-ēt-tēer', *f.* a writer of news
Gāz'ing-stōck, *f.* one gazed at with scorn
Gēar, *f.* accoutrements; furniture; stuff; traces
Gēck, *f.* a bubble easily imposed upon
Gēck, *v. a.* to cheat, to impose on
Gēese, *f. pl.* of goose
Gēl'a-ble, *a.* may be congealed
Gēld, *v. a.* to cut out the stones of a male
Gēld'ér, *f.* one who gelds or castrates
Gēld'ing, *f.* a horse gelded
Gēl'id, *a.* extremely cold
Gē-lid'i-ty, **Gē-lid-nēss**, *f.* extreme cold
Gēl'ly, *f.* liquor of meat boiled to a consistence; viscosity
Gēlt, *f.* a castrated animal; tinsel
Gēlt, *pret. & part. pass.* of to geld
Gēm, *f.* a jewel; the first bud
Gēm, *v. a. & n.* to adorn as with jewels or buds; to put forth the first buds

Gēm-in-ā'tion, *f.* repetition, reduplication
Gēm'in-y, *f.* twins, a pair, a brace
Gēm'in-ōūs, *a.* double
Gēm'mār, *a.* pertaining to jewels [gems]
Gēm'me-ōūs, *a.* tending to or resembling
Gēn'dér, *f.* a sex; sort, kind: *v. a. & n.* to beget, to produce, to copulate
Gēn-e-a-lōg, i-cāl, *a.* pertaining to genealogy
Gē-ne-āl'o-g, i'st, *f.* who traces descents
Gēn-e-āl'o-g, y, *f.* history of family descents
Gēn'er-a-ble, *a.* may be produced
Gēn'ér-āl, *f.* a great military officer; the whole; the vulgar; the public: *a.* common, extensive, usual [chief
Gēn-ér-āl-i'st, i-mō, *f.* a commander in
Gēn-ér-āl'i-ty, *f.* the whole; totality
Gēn'ér-āl-ly, *ad.* in general, commonly
Gēn'ér-āl-nēss, *f.* wide extent; commonness [power
Gēn'ér-ānt, *f.* the begetting or productive
Gēn'ér-ate, *v. a.* to beget, produce, propagate
Gēn-ér-ā'tion, *f.* an age, progeny, family
Gēn'ér-a-tīve, *a.* able to produce
Gēn-ér-ā'tōr, *f.* who or what begets
Gē-nēr'ic-al, *a.* comprehending the genus
Gē-nēr'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* with regard to genus
Gēn-ér-ōs'i-ty, *f.* liberality, magnanimity
Gēn'ér-ōūs, *a.* open-hearted, liberal
Gēn'ér-ōūs-ly, *ad.* liberally, nobly
Gēn'ér-ōūs-nēss, *f.* quality of being generous
Gēn'e-sīs, *f.* the first book of Moses; generation
Gē-nē'va, *f.* spirit of juniper
Gē'nī-āl, *a.* contributing to mirth or propagation; native, natural

G₃ē'nī-āl-ly, *ad.* naturally, gaily [mind
G₃ē'nī-o, *f.* one of a particular turn of
G₃ēn'ī-tā's, *f.* parts of generation
G₃ēn'it-ing, *f.* an early apple gathered in
 June
G₃ēn'ī-tive, *a.* the 2d case in declension
Gē'nī-ūs, *f.* disposition, mental power
G₃ēn-tēel', *a.* elegant, graceful, polite, civil
G₃ēn-tēel'ly, *ad.* elegantly, politely
G₃ēn-tēel'nēss, *f.* gracefulness, politeness
G₃ēn'tile, *f.* a heathen; one who knows
 not God
G₃ēn'til-ism, *f.* heathenism, paganism
G₃ēn-til'ī-ty, *f.* politeness, dignity of birth
G₃ēn'tle, *a.* meek, peaceable; tame; well-
 born: *v. a.* to make gentle
G₃ēn'tle-mān, *f.* a term of complaisance;
 a man of birth
G₃ēn'tle-mān-like, **G₃ēn'tle-mān-ly**, *a.* be-
 coming a man of birth
G₃ēn'tle-nēss, *f.* softness of manners, good-
 ness of extraction; benevolence
G₃ēn'tle-wōm-ān, *f.* a woman of birth
G₃ēnt'ly, *ad.* with care, softly, inoffensively
G₃ēnt'ry, *f.* condition; civility; birth
G₃ēn-u-flēc'tion, *f.* adoration by kneeling
G₃ēn'u-īne, *a.* not counterfeit [originally
G₃ēn'u-īne-ly, *ad.* without adulteration;
G₃ēn'u-īne-nēss, *f.* freedom from counter-
 feit
G₃ē'nūs, *f.* [in science] a class of being
G₃e-ōg'rā-phēr, *f.* one who describes the
 earth
G₃e-o-grāph'ic-āl, *a.* relating to geography
G₃e-o-grāph'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* according to geo-
 graphy
G₃e-ōg'ra-phy, *f.* knowledge of the earth
G₃ē'o-mān-er, *f.* a fortune-teller

G₃e-o-mān'tic, *a.* pertaining to geomancy
G₃ē'o-mān-cy, *f.* act of fortelling by figures
G₃e-ōm'e-tēr, *f.* one skilled in geometry
G₃e-o-mēt'rī-cāl, *a.* pertaining to geometry
G₃e-ōm-e-trī'cian, *f.* versed in geometry
G₃e-ōm'e-try, *f.* the science of quantity,
 extension or magnitude abstractedly con-
 sidered
G₃eōrge', *f.* a figure of St George on horse-
 back, worn by the knights of the garter
G₃eōr'g,ic, *f.* a rural poem
G₃eōr'g,ic, *a.* relative to agriculture
G₃ēr'mān, *f.* a brother or relation: *a.* re-
 lated
G₃érme, *f.* a sprout or shoot
G₃ēr'mīn-ate, *v. n.* to bud, to sprout
G₃ēr-mīn ā'tion, *f.* act of sprouting; growth
G₃ēr'ünd, *f.* a kind of verbal noun
G₃ēs-tic'u-late, *v. a.* to play antic tricks;
 to shew postures
G₃ēs-tic-u-lā'tion, *f.* the various postures of
 the body
G₃ēs'ture, *f.* motion in speaking; action:
v. a. to accompany with action or po-
 sture
G₃ēt, *v. a.* to gain, learn, procure, win
G₃ēt'ting, *f.* act of getting; gain
G₃ēt'tér, *f.* who procures, or begets
G₃eŵ'gāw, *f.* a showy trifle; a bauble, a
 toy: *a.* trifling
Ghāst'ī-nēss, *f.* horror of countenance,
 paleness
Ghāst'ly, *a.* like a ghost, pale, horrible
Ghāst'nēss, *f.* resemblance of a ghost
G₃hēr'kīn, *f.* a pickled cucumber
Ghōst, *f.* the soul of a man; a spirit;
v. a. & n. to haunt with apparitions of
 departed men; to yield up the ghost

Ghōst'li-něs, *f.* horror of countenance ;
paleness

Ghōst'ly, *a.* relating to the soul ; spiritual

G,ī'ānt, *f.* one unnaturally tall and large

G,ī'ānt-ěs, *f.* a she-giant

G,ī'ānt-like, **G,ī'ānt-ly**, *a.* very tall

G,ī'ānt-shīp, *f.* the quality or character of
a giant

G,ībbe, *f.* any old worn-out animal

G,īb'bér, *v. n.* to speak inarticulately

G,īb'bér-īsh, *f.* cant, nonsense

G,īb'bět, *f.* a gallows ; any traverse beam :
v. a. to hang on a gibbet

G,īb'bī-ér, *f.* wild fowl, game

G,īb-bōf'ī-ty, *f.* convexity, prominence,
protuberance

G,īb'bōus, *a.* crook-backed, protuberant

G,īb'bōuf-něs, *f.* convexity, prominence

G,ībe, *f.* a scoff, sneer, taunt : *v. a.* to sneer,
to reproach with contempt

G,īb'-cāt, *f.* an old worn-out cat

G,īb'ér, *f.* a scoffer, a sneerer, a scorner

G,īb'īng-ly, *ad.* with contempt, scornfully

G,īb'lěts, *f.* parts of a goose cut off before
it be roasted

G,īd'dī-ly, *ad.* carelessly

G,īd'dī-něs, *f.* a swimming in the head ;
carelessness

G,īd'dy, *a.* heedless, thoughtless ; vertigi-
nous

G,īd'dy-brāin-ěd, **G,īd'dy-hěad-ěd**, *a.* care-
less, without thought or caution

G,īd'dy-pāç-ěd, *a.* moving irregularly

G,īft, *f.* a thing given ; a bribe ; power,
faculty

G,īft'ěd, *a.* endowed with extraordinary
favours ; given, bestowed

G,īg, *f.* any thing that whirls round

G,ī-gān'tic, *a.* like a giant, bulky, big

G,īg'gle, *v. a.* to laugh idly, to titter or grin

G,īg'glér, *f.* a foolish laughter, titterer

G,īg'lět, *f.* a wanton lascivious girl

G,īld, *v. a.* to wash over with gold

G,īld'ér, *f.* one who gilds ; the name of a
coin

G,īld'īng, *f.* gold laid on for ornament

G,īll, *f.* the apertures at each side of a fish's
head [of a pint

G,īll, *f.* a liquid measure of one-fourth

G,īl'ly-flōw-ér, *f.* the July flower

G,īlt, *pret. & part. pass.* of to gild

G,īni, *a.* neat, spruce, well-dressed

G,īm'crāck, *f.* a little pretty play-thing

G,īm'blět, *f.* an instrument to bore holes

G,īmp, *f.* a kind of silk twist or lace

G,īn, *f.* a trap ; pump ; geneva [kind

G,īn'g,ér, *f.* a spicy root of the tuberous

G,īn'g,ér-brěad, *f.* a farinaceous sweet-
meat, made of flower, ginger, and treacle

G,īn'g,ér-ly, *ad.* cautiously, softly, tenderly

G,īn'g,ér-něs, *f.* niceness, tenderness

G,īn'gle, *f.* a shrill resounding noise ; af-
fection in the sound of periods : *v. a. & n.*
to make a sharp noise ; to utter a sharp
noise

G,īp'sy, *f.* a kind of fortune-teller, a vaga-
bond

G,īr'd, *f.* a pang, a twitch : *v. a.* to bind
round ; dress ; reproach ; inclose

G,īrd'ér, *f.* the largest piece of timber in
a floor

G,īr'dle, *f.* a thing tied round the waste ;
the equator : *v. a.* to bind, inclose, shut
in

G,īr'dle-bělt, *f.* a belt round the waste

G,īrl, *f.* (*pron.* Gārl) a female child

Girl'ish, *a.* acting like a girl; childish
Girl'ish-ly, *ad.* in a girlish manner
Girt, **G**irth, *f.* a bandage for a saddle
Girt, *v. a.* to gird; *part. pass.* of *to gird*
Girth, *f.* the compass used by a string; a band [to yield
Give, *v. a.* to bestow, to deliver, to pay,
Giv'er, *f.* who gives, a donor [fowl
Giz'zard, *f.* the muscular stomach of a
Glad, *a.* cheerful, gay, pleasing
Glad, **G**lad'den, *v. a.* to make glad, to de-
 light, to exhilarate, to cheer
Glad'dér, *f.* one who makes glad
Glade, *f.* an opening in a wood
Glad'fûl-něs, *f.* joy, gladness, exultation
Glad-î-â'tôr, *f.* a sword-player
Glad'ly, *ad.* cheerfully, joyfully, with
 gaiety
Glad'něs, *f.* cheerfulness, joy, exultation
Glad'sôme, *a.* causing joy; gay
Glad'sôme-ly, *ad.* with gaiety and delight
Glad'sôme-něs, *f.* gaiety, delight, showiness
Glaire, *f.* white of an egg, a kind of hal-
 bert
Glance, *f.* a quick view; a dart of a beam
 of light: *v. a. & n.* to view obliquely;
 to emit rays of splendour; to censure by
 oblique hints
Glanç'ing-ly, *ad.* obliquely, transiently
Gland, *f.* a part of the human body
Gland'ér, *f.* a running in a horse's nose
Glan-dî'ér-ous, *a.* bearing acorns, or mast
Glan-du-lôf'î-ty, *f.* a collection of glands
Glan-du-lous, *a.* pertaining to the glands
Glare, *f.* over-powering brightness: *v. n.*
 to shine so as to dazzle the eyes
Gla're-ous, *a.* consisting of viscous trans-
 parent matter

Glar'ing, *a.* shining bright; barefaced
Glass, *f.* an artificial transparent substance
Glass, *a.* made of glass, vitreous
Glass'gāz-ing, *a.* finical, foppish
Glass'grind-ér, *f.* one who polishes glass
Glass'hôûse, *f.* a place where glass is made
Glass'mān, *f.* one who deals in glass
Glass'mēt'al, *f.* glass in fusion
Glass'wôrk, *f.* a manufactory of glass
Glas'sy, *a.* resembling glass, brittle, smooth
Glave, *f.* a broad sword, a falchion
Glaze, *v. a.* to furnish or cover with glass
Glaz'iér, *f.* one who makes glass windows
Glead, *f.* a buzzard hawk
Gleam, *f.* a sudden shoot of light, bright-
 ness
Gleam, *v. n.* to shine with sudden flash
Gleam'y, *a.* flashing, darting
Glean, *f.* a collection made by degrees
Glean, *v. a.* to gather the remains
Glean'ér, *f.* who gathers after the reaper
Glean'ing, *f.* act of gleaning, thing gleaned
Glebe, *f.* a church-estate; turf, soil
Glē'boûs, **G**lē'by, *a.* turfy
Glede, *f.* a kite
Glee, *f.* joy, merriment, gaiety
Gleed, *f.* a hot glowing coal
Glē'e'fûl, *a.* gay, merry, cheerful, brisk
Gleck, *f.* music; a musician; a sneer:
v. a. to sneer, to gibe, to droll upon
Gleen, *v. n.* to shine with heat or polish
Gleet, *f.* a venereal complaint: *v. n.* to
 ooze with a thin sanious liquor
Gleet'y, *a.* thinly sanious, ichory
Glen, *f.* a valley, a dale
Glib, *a.* slippery, smooth, voluble
Glib, *v. a.* to geld, to castrate
Glib'ly, *ad.* smoothly, volubly

Glīb'něs, *f.* smoothness
 Glīde, *f.* lapse; act or manner of passing smoothly
 Glīde, *v. n.* to flow gently, and swiftly
 Glīke, or Glēek, *f.* a scoff, a sneer
 Glīm'mér, *v. n.* to shine faintly
 Glīm'mér, *f.* faint splendour; a kind of fossil
 Glīmpse, *f.* a weak faint light; a short view
 Glīs'ten, } *v. n.* to shine, to sparkle with
 Glīst'ér, } light, to be bright
 Glīt'tér, *f.* a brightness, lustre, splendour
 Glīt'tér, *v. n.* to shine brightly, to gleam
 Glīt'tér-ing-ly, *ad.* with shining lustre
 Glōar, *v. n.* to look earnestly, to squint
 Glōat, *v. n.* to look wantonly or askint
 Glōb'at-éd, *a.* formed in shape of a globe
 Glōbe, *f.* a sphere, a ball; the universe
 Glo-bōse', Glō'boūs, *a.* round, spherical
 Glo-bōs'i-ty, *f.* roundness, sphericity
 Glōb'u-lār, *a.* like a small sphere, round
 Glōb'ule, *f.* a small globe; a drop
 Glōb'u-lōūs, *a.* globular, round
 Glōm'ér-ate, *v. a.* to gather or form into a ball
 Glōom, *f.* heaviness of mind, cloudiness
 Glōom'i-ly, *ad.* darkly, dimly, sullenly
 Glōom'i-něs, *f.* want of light; cloudiness of look
 Glōom'y, *a.* cloudy, melancholy
 Glō'rī-éd, *a.* honourable, illustrious
 Glo-rī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of giving glory
 Glō'rī-fy, *v. a.* to extol, honour, worship
 Glō'rī-ōūs, *a.* excellent, illustrious; proud
 Glō'rī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* nobly, illustriously
 Glō'ry, *f.* fame, honour, lustre, renown
 Glō'ry, *v. n.* to be proud of; to boast

Glōs's, *f.* superficial lustre; comment, scholium: *v. a.* to adorn, explain, palliate
 Glōs'sa-ry, *f.* a dictionary of obscure words
 Glōs-sā'tor, Glōs's'ér, *f.* a commentator, polisher
 Glōs'sī-něs, *f.* superficial lustre
 Glōs'sy, *a.* smoothly polished, shining
 Glōve, *f.* a cover for the hands
 Glōve, *v. a.* to cover as with a glove
 Glōv'ér, *f.* one who makes or sells gloves
 Glōūt, *v. n.* to look sullen, to pout
 Glōw, *f.* a great heat; brightness; passion: *v. n.* to burn, to be heated, to be hot
 Glōze, *f.* flattery, insinuation, specious show
 Glōze, *v. n.* to flatter; to comment
 Glūe, *f.* a cement to join wood
 Glūe, *v. a.* to join together with glue, to unite
 Glūm, *a.* stubbornly grave, sullen
 Glūt, *f.* great plenty, more than enough
 Glūt, *v. a.* to cloy; devour; overload
 Glū'tīn-ōūs, *a.* ropy, sticky, viscous, tenacious
 Glū'tīn-ōūs-něs, *f.* viscosity, tenacity
 Glūt'ton, *f.* one who eats to excess
 Glūt'ton-ōūs, *a.* given to excessive feeding
 Glūt'ton-ōūs-ly, *ad.* with the voracity of a glutton
 Glūt'ton-y, *f.* excess of eating
 Glū'y, *a.* viscous, glutinous
 Gnār'éd, *a.* knotty, rough
 Gnāsh, *v. a. & n.* to clash: to grind the teeth in a rage
 Gnāt, *f.* a small winged stinging insect

Gnâw', *v. a. & n.* to tear with the teeth, to bite in agony or rage; to fret; to waste, to corrode; to exercise the teeth

Gnâw'ér, *f.* one who gnaws

Gnô'môn, *f.* the hand or index of a dial

Gno'môn'ics, *f.* the art of dialing

Gō, *v. n.* to move, proceed, walk; suffer; die

Gō'bȳ, *f.* an artifice, delusion [walk

Gō'cārt, *f.* a machine to teach children to

Gōad, *f.* a sharp instrument to drive oxen: *v. a.* to prick with a goad; to vex

Gōal, *f.* a starting-post; final end or purpose

Gōat, *f.* an animal between deer and sheep

Gōat'hērd, *f.* one who tends goats

Gōat'īsh, *a.* rank or lustful as a goat; lustful

Gōb', **Gōb'bēt**, *f.* a mouthful, a small quantity

Gōb'bēt, *v. a.* to swallow at once [noise

Gōb'ble, *v. a.* to swallow hastily and with

Gōbb'lér, *f.* one who devours in haste

Gō'be-twēen, *f.* who transacts for two par-

Gōb'lēt, *f.* a bowl or cup [ties

Gōb'līn, *f.* an evil spirit, a frightful phantom

Gōd', *f.* the Supreme Being: an idol

Gōd'chīld, *f.* a term of spiritual relation

Gōd'dāugh'tér, *f.* a girl for whom one was sponsor in baptism [woman

Gōd'dēfs, *f.* a female deity; a charming

Gōd'dēfs-līke, *a.* beautiful

Gōd'fa-ther, *f.* a male sponsor in baptism

Gōd'hēad, *f.* divine nature, Deity

Gōd'lēfs, *a.* irreligious, wicked, atheistical

Gōd'līke, *a.* very good, divine [god

Gōd'līng, *f.* a little divinity, a diminutive

Gōd'lī-nēfs, *f.* piety to God, religiousness

Gōd'ly, *a.* pious towards God, religious

Gōd'ly, *ad.* piously, religiously [tism

Gōd'mōth-ér, *f.* a woman sponsor in bap-

Gōd'shīp, *f.* the character of God; divinity

Gōd'sōn, *f.* a boy for whom one was sponsor in baptism

Gō'ér, *f.* a runner, a walker

Gōg'gle, *v. n.* to look askint

Gō'īng, *f.* the act of walking; departure; pregnancy [money

Gōld, **Gōld**, *f.* the heaviest of all metals;

Gōld'bēat-ér, *f.* who beats out gold

Gōld'bōūnd, *part. a.* surrounded with gold

Gōld'en, *a.* made of gold, valuable

Gōld'en-ly, *ad.* delightfully, splendidly

Gōld'smīth, *f.* one who works in gold; a banker

Gōme, *f.* the black and oily grease of a cart-wheel

Gōn'do-la, *f.* a boat used at Venice

Gōn-do-līer', *f.* a boatman who rows a gondola

Gōne', *part. pass.* of the verb *to go*

Gōn-ōr-rhē'a, *f.* venereal disease

Gōod, *a.* having desirable qualities: *ad.* well

Gōod'nōw, *interj.* denoting wonder

Gōod'lī-nēfs, *f.* beauty, elegance, grace

Gōod'ly, *a.* desirable, fine, graceful

Gōod'nēfs, *f.* desirable qualities

Gōods, *f. pl.* furniture, merchandise, wares

Gōod'y, *f.* a low term of civility

Gōose, *f.* a large water-fowl; a taylor's iron

Gōose'bēr-ry, *f.* a bush and fruit

Gōr'bēl-lī-ēd, *a.* big-bellied; fat

Gōrd'īān-knōt', *f.* an inextricable difficulty

Gōre, *f.* clotted or congealed blood; blood:

v. a. to wound with horns, to stab

Görge', *f.* the throat; what is swallowed:
v. n. to fill up to the throat; to glut
 Gör'geous, *a.* fine, glittering, showy
 Gör'geous-ly, *ad.* finely, richly, splendidly
 Gör'geous-nēss, *f.* splendour, magnificence
 Gör'g,ēt, *f.* the piece of armour that de-
 fends the throat [monster
 Gör'gön, *f.* any thing ugly and horrid; a
 Gör'mānd, *f.* a ravenous luxurious feeder
 Gör'mān-dize, *v. n.* to feed ravenously
 Gör'mān-dīz-ér, *f.* a voracious eater
 Görse, *f.* furze, a thick prickly shrub
 Gōf'hāwk', *f.* a hawk of a large kind
 Gōr'y, *a.* covered with clotted blood
 Gōf'ling, *f.* a young goose; a cat's tail on
 nut trees, &c.
 Gōf'pēl, *f.* God's word through Christ;
 theology
 Gōf'pēl, *v. n.* to give sentiments of reli-
 gion
 Gōf'pēl-lér, *f.* a follower of Wickliff
 Gōf'sip, *f.* a sponser; tatler; tipler: *v. n.*
 to spend the time idly; to chat, to prate,
 to be merry, to be a pot-companion
 Gōt', *pret. of to get* [course
 Gō-tō, *intj.* come, come; take the right
 Gov'érn, *v. a.* to regulate, restrain, rule
 Gōv'érn-a-ble, *a.* under authority, man-
 ageable
 Gōv'érn-ānce, *f.* management, rule
 Gōv'érn-ānte', *f.* she who tutors young girls
 Gōv'érn-ēss, *f.* a tutorefs
 Gōv'érn-mēnt, *f.* executive power; man-
 agement
 Gōv'ér-noūr, *f.* one who has high authority,
 a tutor
 Gōūge, *f.* a chisel
 Gōurd, *f.* a plant; a bottle

Gōūt, *f.* the arthritis, a most painful dis-
 temper
 Gōūt, *f.* a taste
 Gōūt'y, *a.* afflicted with, or relating to the
 gout
 Gōwñ, *f.* a long upper garment
 Gōwñ'ēd, *a.* dressed in a gown
 Gōwñ'mān, *f.* a man devoted to the arts of
 peace
 Grāb'ble, *v. n.* to grope
 Grāce, *f.* a craving a blessing upon our
 meat; beauty; favour; ornament; pri-
 vilege; virtue; favourable influence of
 God on the human mind
 Grāce, *v. a.* to adorn, to dignify, to favour
 Grāce'cūp, *f.* the cup or health after grace
 Grā'cēd, *a.* beautiful, chaste, dignified
 Grāce'fūl, *a.* beautiful with dignity, comely
 Grāce'fūl-ly, *ad.* in a graceful manner
 Grāce'fūl-nēss, *f.* dignity with beauty
 Grāce'lēss, *a.* without grace, abandoned
 Grā'cious, *a.* graceful, kind, merciful
 Grā'cious-ly, *ad.* kindly, in a pleasing man-
 ner
 Grā'cious-nēss, *f.* kind condescension
 Gra-dā'tion, *f.* a regular progress, order
 Grā'dī-ēnt, *a.* walking
 Grād'u-āl, *f.* a set order or flight of
 steps: *a.* step by step, proceeding by de-
 grees
 Grād-u-āl'ī-ty, *f.* regular progression
 Grād'u-āl-ly, *ad.* by degrees
 Grād'u-ate, *f.* one admitted to academical
 degrees
 Grād'u-ate, *v. a.* to honour with degrees
 Grād-u-ā'tion, *f.* regular progression
 Grāff, Grāft, *f.* a young cion; a moat:
v. a. to insert a cion or branch

Grăft'ér, *f.* who propagates fruit by graft-
ing

Grăin, *f.* a single seed of corn; small par-
[ticie

Grăin'ed, *a.* rough, made less smooth

Grăins, *f. pl.* the remains of malt in brew-

Grăin-y, *a.* full of corn or grain [ing

Grăm'már, *f.* the science of writing cor-
rectly

Grăm-mă'rî-ăn, *f.* who teaches grammar

Grăm-măt'î-căl, *a.* belonging to grammar

Grăm-măt'î-căl-ly, *ad.* according to gram-
mar

Grăm-măt-î-căl'tér, *f.* a low grammarian

Grăm'pūs, *f.* a young whale [corn

Grăn'a-ry, *f.* a store-house for threshed

Grăn'ate, Grăn'ite, *f.* a kind of marble

Grând, *a.* sublime; lofty; noble, splendid

Grăn'dăm, *f.* an old withered woman

Grând'child, *f.* my child's son or daughter

Grând'dăugh-tér, *f.* my child's daughter

Grăn-dee, *f.* one of great rank or power

Grăn'deur, *f.* magnificence, splendid state

Grând/fa-thér, *f.* my father's or mother's
father

Grând'môth-ér, *f.* my father's or mother's
mother

Grând'sîre, *f.* a grandfather; any ancestor

Grând'sôn, *f.* the son of a son or daughter

Grănge, *f.* a farm

Grăn'năm, *f.* grandmother

Grânt, *f.* a thing granted, a gift, concession:
v. a. to admit, allow, bestow

Grânt'a-ble, *a.* which may be granted

Grântee, *f.* one to whom a grant is made

Grânt'ôr, *f.* one by whom a grant is made

Grăn'u-la-ry, *a.* resembling grains

Grăn'u-late, *v. n.* to form into small
grains

Grăn'ule, *f.* a small compact particle

Grăn'u-lous, *a.* full of little grains

Grăpe, *f.* the fruit of the vine

Grăph'ic-ăl, *a.* well delineated, laid down

Grăp'ple, *v. a.* to lay fast hold of; fight
close

Grăss'hôp-pér, *f.* an insect

Grăsp, *f.* the gripe or seizure of the hand;
hold: *v. a.* to hold in the hand, to seize

Grăsp'ér, *f.* one who grasps

Grăss, *f.* food for cattle

Grăss, *v. n.* to breed grass

Grăss'î-něss, *f.* state of abounding in grass

Gră'sy, *a.* covered or abounding with
grass

Grăte, *f.* a partition made of bars, a fire-
place: *v. a.* to rub small, to offend

Grăte'fûl, *a.* having a due sense of benefits;
acceptable, pleasing, delightful

Grăte'fûl-ly, *ad.* with gratitude, pleasingly

Grăte'fûl-něss, *f.* gratitude, pleasantness

Grăt'ér, *f.* a rough instrument to grate
with

Grăt-îf-î-că'tion, *f.* pleasure; reward

Grăt'î-fy, *v. a.* to delight, to indulge

Grăt'îng-ly, *ad.* harshly; offensively

Grăt'is, *ad.* for nothing, without a recom-
pense

Grăt'î-tude, *f.* duty to benefactors

Gra-tû'î-tous, *a.* voluntary; not proved

Gra-tû'î-tous-ly, *ad.* voluntarily, without
proof

Gra-tû'î-ty, *f.* a present, recompense

Grăt'u-late, *v. a.* to wish joy

Grăt-u-lă'tion, *f.* the act of rejoicing with
another

Grăt'u-la-to-ry, *a.* expressing congratula-
tion

Grāve, *f.* this accent ('); place for the dead: *a.* not sharp; serious, not showy: *v. a.* to carve or insculp [sand
Grāv'ēl, *f.* very small pebble stones, hard
Grāv'ēl, *v. a.* to cover with gravel; to puzzle
Grāve'lēss, *a.* without a grave, unburied
Grāv'ēl-ly, *ad.* abounding with gravel
Grāve'ly, *ad.* seriously, solemnly, soberly
Grāve'nēss, *f.* solemnity and sobriety
Grāv'ēr, *f.* the tool and man that engraves
Grāve'stōne, *f.* a stone laid over the dead
Grāv'ing, *f.* engraven work
Grāv'i-tate, *v. n.* to tend to the centre of attraction
Grāv-ī-tā'tion, *f.* a tending to the centre
Grāv'ī-ty, *f.* seriousness; weight; tendency to the centre
Grā'vy, *f.* juice of boiled or roasted meat
Grāy, *a.* white mixed with black; hoary
Grāy'bēard, *f.* an old man in contempt
Grāy'nēss, *f.* the quality of being gray
Grāze, *v. a.* to eat grass, to touch slightly
Grāz'ier, *f.* a feeder of cattle
Grēase, *f.* the soft part of fat, a disease in horses
Grēase, *v. a.* to smear with fat, to bribe
Grēa'sī-nēss, *f.* fatness, oiliness
Grēa'sy, *a.* smeared with grease, fat, oily
Grēat, *f.* the whole, the gross: *a.* important, large, noble, pregnant
Grēat'bēl-lī-ēd, *a.* having a large belly; pregnant
Grēat'en, *v. a.* to make great, to enlarge
Grēat'hēart'ēd, *a.* high-spirited, bold
Grēat'ly, *ad.* in a great degree, generously
Grēat'nēss, *f.* dignity, grandeur, largeness
Grēaves, *f.* armour for the legs

Grē'cian, *a.* of or belonging to Greece
Grē'cism, *f.* a Greek idiom
Grēece, *f.* a country; a flight of steps. See Greeze
Grēed'i-ly, *ad.* eagerly, voraciously
Grēed'i-nēss, *f.* eagerness, ravenousness, hunger
Grēed'y, *a.* covetous, eager, voracious
Grēen, *f.* a grassy plain; a colour; leaves, &c.: *a.* not dry; fresh; unripe, young
Grēen-clōth', *f.* a board for justice
Grēen'ey-ed, *a.* having eyes coloured with
Grēen'finch, *f.* a bird; a fish [green
Grēen'hōuse, *f.* a house for tender plants
Grēen'ish, *a.* inclining to green [ly
Grēen'ly, *ad.* with a greenish colour; wan-
Grēer'nēss, *f.* green colour; newness, un-ripeness
Grēen'sick'nēss, *f.* the disease of maids
Grēen'swārd, *f.* turf, ford [mer
Grēen'wōod, *f.* wood as it appears in sum-
Grēet, *v. a.* to address, to congratulate
Grēet'ēr, *f.* he who greets
Grēet'ing, *f.* salutation at meeting: *part.* *a.* addressing, saluting
Grēeze, *f.* a flight of steps
Grē-gā'ri-ous, *a.* going in flocks or herds
Grēn-ādē, Grēn-ā'do, *f.* a fire-ball
Grēy'hōund, *f.* a tall swift hunting dog
Grice, *f.* a little pig; a step [red
Grīd'el-in, *a.* a colour mixed of white and
Grīd'i-ron, *f.* a grate to broil meat upon
Grīef, *f.* harm, sorrow, trouble, pain, disease
Grīev'ānce, *f.* state or cause of trouble
Grīevē, *v. a. & n.* to afflict, hurt; to mourn
Grīev'ing-ly, *ad.* with grief, sorrowfully
Grīev'ous, *a.* hard to be borne, afflictive
Grīev'ous-ly, *ad.* miserably, painfully

Grîev'ous-ness, *f.* pain, sorrow, calamity
 Grîf'fîn, *f.* a fabled animal
 Grîg, *f.* a small eel; a merry fellow
 Grîll, *v. a.* to broil on a grate or gridiron
 Grîm, *a.* ill-looking, horrible [mouth
 Grîm-âce', *f.* an air of affectation; a wry
 Grîm-âl'kîn, *f.* an old cat; a gray little
 Grîme, *f.* dirt deeply insinuated [woman
 Grîme, *v. a.* to daub, dirt, sully deeply
 Grîm'ly, *ad.* hideously, sourly, sullenly
 Grîm'ness, *f.* frightfulness of visage
 Grîn, *f.* an affected laugh; a snare: *v. n.*
 to set the teeth together
 Grînd, *v. a.* to oppress, rub, sharpen
 Grînd'ér, *f.* who or what grinds; a back
 tooth
 Grînd'stône, *f.* a stone for grinding on
 Grîn'pér, *f.* who grins
 Grîn'nîng-ly, *ad.* in a grinning manner;
 with a grinning laugh
 Grîpe, *f.* a grasp, hold; oppression: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to hold fast, press close, squeeze; to
 pinch the belly
 Grîp'ér, *f.* oppressor, usurer
 Grîp'îng-ly, *ad.* with pain in the guts
 Grîpes, *f. pl.* the belly-ache; the colic
 Grîf'kîn, *f.* the vertebræ of a hog broiled
 Grîf'ly, *ad.* dreadful, horrible, hideous
 Grîst, *f.* corn to be ground; provision
 Grîst'le, *f.* a bony substance; a cartilage
 Grîst'ly, *a.* cartilaginous, full of gristle
 Grît, *f.* the coarse part of meal; sand
 Grît'tî-ness, *f.* sandiness
 Grît'ty, *a.* full of hard particles [black
 Grîz'zle, *a.* gray, a mixture of white and
 Grîz'zled, Grîz'zly, *a.* mixed with gray;
 somewhat gray
 Grôan, *f.* a hoarse dead sound; breath ex-
 pired with noise

Grôan, *v. n.* to mourn with a hoarse noise
 Grôat', *f.* a piece valued at four pence
 Grôats', *f. pl.* oats that have the hulls ta-
 ken off
 Grô'cer, *f.* a dealer in teas, sugars, &c.
 Grô'ce-ry, *f.* grocer's wares or goods
 Grôg'râm, *f.* a kind of stuff
 Grôîn, *f.* the part next the thigh
 Grôom, *f.* one who tends and cleans horses
 Grôove, *f.* a hollow cut with a tool: *v. a.*
 to cut hollow with a chisel
 Grôpe, *v. n.* to search by feeling in the dark
 Grôp'ér, *f.* one who searches in the dark
 Grôss, *f.* the whole, the bulk; dozen: *a.*
 bulky, stupid, thick, unseemly
 Grôss'ly, *ad.* bulkily; without art
 Grôss'ness, *f.* want of delicacy; thickness;
 coarseness
 Grôt', *f.* a cave
 Grô-tê'sque', *a.* comical, ridiculous; unna-
 Grôt'to, *f.* a cavern or cave [tural
 Grôve, *f.* a walk shaded by trees
 Grôv'el, *v. n.* to creep on the ground; to
 be mean
 Grôund, *f.* the earth; cause; country; floor:
v. a. to lay on the earth; to instruct:
pret. & part. of to grind
 Grôund-î'vy, *f.* an herb [ing stands
 Grôund'plot, *f.* the ground on which a build-
 Grôund'rent, *f.* rent paid for building-
 ground
 Grôund'ed-ly, *ad.* upon firm principles
 Grôund'less, *a.* void of reason or truth
 Grôund'less-ly, *ad.* frivolously [reason
 Grôund'less-ness, *f.* want of just cause or
 Grôund'ling, *f.* a fish; one of the vulgar
 Grôund'ly, *ad.* solidly, not superficially
 Grôund'sêl, *f.* the timber next the ground
 Grôup, *f.* a cluster, a crowd, a huddle

Grôup, *v. a.* to crowd, to huddle together
 Grôûse, *f.* a kind of fowl; a heath-cock
 Grôût, *f.* coarse meal; dregs
 Grôw, *v. n.* to shoot up; increase; improve
 Grôw'ér, *f.* an increaser
 Grôwl, *v. a.* to grumble; snarl [growth
 Grôwn, *part. pass.* of *to grow*, advanced in
 Grôwth, *f.* improvement, product, vegeta-
 Grüb, *f.* a small worm; a dwarf [tion
 Grüb, *v. a.* to dig up, destroy by digging
 Grüb'ble, *v. n.* to feel in the dark
 Grudge, *f.* an old quarrel; envy, ill-will:
v. a. & n. to give unwillingly; to envy
 Grudge'ing-ly, *ad.* unwillingly, reluctantly
 Grû'el, *f.* oat-meal boiled in water
 Gruff, *a.* sour of aspect; harsh of manners
 Gruff'ly, *ad.* harshly, sourly, ruggedly
 Gruff'nëss, *f.* ruggedness of mien
 Grüm, *a.* sour, surly, severe
 Grüm'ble, *v. n.* to murmur, growl, snarl
 Grüm'blér, *f.* who grumbles; a murmurer
 Grüm'bling, *f.* a complaint, discontent
 Grûme, *f.* thickness of fluid, clotted blood
 Grüm'ly, *ad.* sullenly, morosely
 Grû'môus, *a.* clotted, thick, congealed
 Grûn'sël, *f.* the lower part of the building
 Grünt, *f.* the noise of a hog [a hog
 Grünt, Grûn'tle, *v. n.* to make a noise like
 Grünt'ér, *f.* one who grunts; a fish
 Guär-änt-ëe', *f.* one who sees covenants
 performed
 Guär'an-ty, *v. a.* to persevere by caution
 Guärd, *f.* a caution, defence, watch; part
 of the hilt of a sword: *v. a.* to defend,
 protect
 Guärd'age, *f.* state of wardship
 Guärd'ér, *f.* one who guards [ther
 Guärd'i-än, *f.* one who has the care of ano-

Guärd'i-än-shîp, *f.* the office of a guardian
 Guärd'lëss, *a.* without defence or care
 Guärd'shîp, *a.* a ship to guard a harbour;
 care [ment
 Gu-ber-nä'tion, *f.* government, manage-
 Gûd'geôn, *f.* a small fish; a man deceived
 G,üëss, *f.* a conjecture: *v. n.* to find out,
 conjecture
 G,üëss'ér, *f.* one who judges without cer-
 tain knowledge
 G,üëss'ing-ly, *ad.* uncertainly, conjectu-
 G,üëst, *f.* one who is entertained [rally
 G,üëst'chäm-bér, *f.* a room of entertain-
 ment
 G,üid'änce, *f.* direction, government
 G,üide, *f.* one who directs or superintends:
v. a. to direct, regulate [tendant
 G,üide'lëss, *a.* without a guide or superin-
 G,üid'ér, *f.* a director, guide, governor
 G,üild, *f.* a corporation, fraternity, society
 G,üile, *f.* cunning, deceit, harm
 G,üile'fûl, *ad.* artful, deceitful, treacherous
 G,üile'fûl-ly, *ad.* deceitfully, treacherously
 G,üile'fûl-nëss, *f.* secret treachery
 G,üile'lëss, *a.* without guile
 G,üil'ér, *f.* one who betrays treacherously
 G,üilt, *f.* a crime, an offence; state of be-
 ing guilty
 G,üilt'i-ly, *ad.* in a guilty manner
 G,üilt'i-nëss, *f.* state of being guilty;
 wickedness
 G,üilt'lëss, *a.* innocent, free from crime
 G,üilt'lëss-ly, *ad.* without guilt
 G,üilt'lëss-nëss, *f.* innocence [wicked
 G,üilt'y, *a.* having done a crime or fault:
 G,üin'ea, *f.* 21 shillings; a gold coin
 G,üin'ea-drôp-pér, *f.* one who cheats by
 dropping guineas

G_urse, *f.* dress, habit, manners, practice
 G_ui-tar', *f.* a stringed musical instrument
 G_ules, *a.* red, in heraldry
 G_ulf, *f.* a large bay, whirlpool, abyss
 G_ulf'y, *a.* full of gulfs or whirlpools
 G_ull, *f.* a sea-bird; one easily cheated, a cheat: *v. a.* to cheat, defraud
 G_ull/catch-ér, G_ull'ér, *f.* a cheat, a man
 G_ull'e-ry, *f.* cheat, imposture [of trick
 G_ull'et, *f.* the meat-pipe
 G_ull'y-höle, *f.* place where gutters empty themselves
 G_ulp, *f.* as much as is swallowed at once
 G_ulp, *v. a.* to swallow eagerly
 G_um, *f.* the viscous juice of trees: *v. a.* to close with gum, to smear with gum
 G_um'mi-nëss, G_um-möf'i-ty, *f.* the state of being gummy [the teeth
 G_ums, *f. pl.* the fleshy covering that invests
 G_um'my, *a.* consisting of gum; clammy
 G_un, *f.* a canon, a musket, &c.
 G_un'nél, G_un'wale, *f.* part of a ship
 G_un'nér, *f.* who uses a gun; a cannonier
 G_un'ne-ry, *f.* the science of artillery
 G_un'pöw-dér, *f.* powder for guns, &c.
 G_un'shöt, *f.* the reach or range of a gun
 G_un'shöt, *a.* made by the shot of a gun
 G_un'smith, *f.* a man who makes guns
 G_un'stöck, *f.* wood for fixing a gun in
 G_un'stone, *f.* the shot of cannon
 G_urge, *f.* a whirlpool, a gulf
 G_ur'gle, *v. a.* to fall or gush with noise
 G_ush, *f.* a rushing out or emission of liquor: *v. a.* to rush out with violence
 G_us'sét, *f.* part of a shirt, &c. [love
 G_ust, *f.* sense of tasting; a blast of wind;
 G_ust/a-ble, *a.* may be tasted; agreeable
 G_ust a'tion, *f.* the act of tasting

G_ust'fül, *a.* well-tasted; tasteful
 G_us'to, *f.* the relish of a thing; liking,
 G_us'ty, *a.* stormy [taste
 G_ut, *f.* the inward passage of food
 G_ut, *v. a.* to take out the guts; to plunder
 G_ut'tér, *f.* a passage for water: *v. a. & n.* to cut in small hollows; to run in small holes
 G_ut'tle, *v. a. & n.* to swallow eagerly
 G_ut'tu-loüs, *a.* in the form of a small drop
 G_ut'tür-äl, *a.* belonging to the throat
 G_uz'zle, *v. n.* to eat or drink immoderately
 G_uz'zler, *f.* a great drinker or eater
 G_uybe, *f.* a sneer, a taunt: *v. n.* to sneer
 G_uym-näs'tic, G_uym'níc, *a.* relating to strong exercises
 G_uy-rä'tion, *f.* the act of turning round
 G_uyre, *f.* a circle, ring, trance
 G_uyve, *f.* fetters, chains for the legs
 G_uyve, *v. a.* to bind fast, to fetter, shackle

H.

H_A', *interj.* an expression of wonder
 H_a'be-äs cör'püs, *f.* a writ of liberty
 H_ab'ér-däsh-ér, *f.* a dealer in small wares
 H_ab'ér-dine, *f.* a dried salted cod
 H_a-bér'geon, *f.* armour for the neck and breast
 H_a-bíl'i-mént, *f.* clothes, dress, garment
 H_a-bíl'i-tate, *v. a.* to entitle, fit, qualify
 H_a-bíl'i-tä'tion, *f.* fitness, qualification
 H_ab'it, *f.* state of a thing; custom; dress
 H_ab'it, *v. a.* to dress, accoutre, array
 H_ab'i-ta-ble, *a.* fit to be inhabited
 H_ab-i-ta-ble-nëss, *f.* capacity of being dwelt in
 H_ab'i-tänt, *f.* one who lives in any place

Hăb-i-tă'tion, *f.* a place of abode ; a dwelling

Ha-bit'u-ăl, *a.* by habit, customary

Hăb'i-tude, *f.* familiarity, habit, relation

Hăck, *f.* any thing used in common [chop

Hăck, *v. a.* to cut irregularly, use often,

Hăc'kle, *f.* raw silk : *v. a.* to dress flax

Hăck'ney, *f.* a hireling, a prostitute : *v. a.* to practise one thing

Hăd'dôck, *f.* a sea-fish

Hăft, *f.* the handle : *v. a.* to set in a haft

Hăg, *f.* an ugly old woman ; a fury, a witch

Hăg'gărd, *f.* any thing wild ; a hawk

Hăg'gărd, Hăg'gărd-ly, *a.* deformed, lean, ugly

Hăg'g,ěs, *f.* a mass of meat, inclosed in a membrane

Hăg'g,ışh, *a.* like a hag ; frightful, horrid

Hăg'gle, *v. a. & n.* to mangle ; bargain tediously

Hăg'glér, *f.* one who cuts ; one who is tardy in bargaining

Hăil, *f.* drops of rain frozen in falling : *v. a. & n.* to salute ; to pour down hail :

interj. all health, health be to you

Hăil'shôt, *f.* small shot scattered like hail

Hăil-stône, *f.* a single ball of hail

Hăil'y, *a.* consisting of hail

Hăir, *f.* one of the coverings of the body

Hăir'brăin-ěd, *a.* giddy, thoughtless, wild

Hăir'brěadth', *f.* a very small distance

Hăir-cloth, *f.* a rough and prickly stuff

Hăir'i-něs, *f.* state of being covered with

Hăir'lěs, *a.* without hair, bald, bare [hair

Hăir'y, *a.* covered with or made of hair

Hăl'bėrd, *f.* a soldier's battle-axe

Hăl'cy-ôn, *f.* a bird that breeds in the sea

Hăl'cy-ôn, *a.* happy, quiet, still, placid

Hăle, *a.* healthy ; hearty, robust

Hăle, *v. a.* to drag by force, to call unto

Hălf, *f.* one part in two ; a moiety : *ad.* equally

Hălf'blôod-ěd, *a.* degenerate, mean

Hălf'făç-ěd, *a.* showing part of the face

Hălf'hėard, *part.* heard imperfectly

Hălf-pike, *f.* a small pike

Hălf-străin-ěd, *a.* half-bred, imperfect

Hălf-swôrd, *f.* close fight

Hălf-wăy, *f.* the middle : *ad.* in the middle

Hălf-wit, *f.* a foolish person, a blockhead

Hăll', *f.* a mansion-house, a large room, a court

Hăl-le-kŭ'jah, *f.* praise ye the Lord

Hăl-lôo, *v. a.* to encourage with shouts

Hăl-lôo, *v. n.* to cry as after the dogs

Hăl'lôw, *v. a.* to consecrate, to reverence

Hăl-lu-cĭ-nă'tion, *f.* a blunder, mistake, error

Hă'lo, *f.* a red circle round the sun or moon

Hă'fěr, *f.* a rope less than a cable

Hălt', *f.* a stop in a march, a limping : *a.* lame : *v. n.* to stop in a march ; to hesitate ; limp

Hăl'tér, *f.* a rope ; he who limps

Hăl'tér, *v. a.* to bind with a cord

Hăl'vė, *v. a.* to divide into two parts

Hăm, *f.* a leg of pork cured ; the thigh

Hăme, *f.* the collar by which a horse draws in the waggon

Hăm'lět, *f.* part of a parish, a small village

Hăm'mér, *f.* an instrument to drive a nail, &c. : *v. a. & n.* to beat with a hammer, to work : to work ; to be in agitation

Hăm'môck, *f.* a swinging bed

Hăm'pér, *f.* a large covered basket for carriage : *v. a.* to ensnare, to perplex
Hăm'tring, *f.* tendon of the ham : *v. a.* to lame by cutting the tendon
Händ, *f.* part of the body ; a price ; act ; care ; agent ; a workman ; advantage ; cards holden at a game : *v. a.* to deliver down ; to give ; to lead
Händ-bàf-kết, *f.* a small portable basket
Händ-bell, *f.* a bell rung by the hand
Händ'éd, *a.* using or joining hands
Händ'ér, *f.* one who hands down
Händ'fàst, *f.* hold, custody
Händ'fûl, *f.* as much as the hand will hold
Händ'găl'lop, *f.* a gentle easy gallop
Händ'i-cràft, *f.* a manual occupation
Händ'i-cràft-măn, *f.* a manufacturer
Händ'i-ly, *ad.* with skill or dexterity
Händ'i-něs, *f.* readiness, dexterity
Händ'i-wórk, *f.* work done by hand
Händ'kér-chief, *f.* a piece of linen, &c. used to wipe the nose, &c. [touch
Hăn'dle, *v. a.* to treat in discourses ; feel ;
Hăn'dle, *f.* that part of a thing holden
Händ'lěs, *a.* without a hand
Händ'măid, *f.* a maid constantly in waiting
Händ'mill, *f.* a small mill
Händ'făw, *f.* a saw manageable by the hand
Händ'fěl, *f.* the first act of sale
Händ'fěl, *v. a.* to use or do any thing the first time
Händ'fômé, *a.* elegant, generous, graceful
Händ'fômé-ly, *ad.* beautifully, elegantly
Händ'fômé-něs, *f.* beauty, elegance, grace
Händ'writ'ing, *f.* any one's writing
Händ'y, *a.* ready, skilful, convenient
Hăng, *v. a. & n.* to fix upon, adorn, choke : to be suspended, to rest ; to linger ; to float

Hăng'ér, *f.* a short broad sword ; that by which any thing hangs
Hăng'ér-ôn, *f.* who eats and drinks without payment
Hăng'ing, *f. pl.* ornaments hung against walls
Hăng'măn, *f.* the public executioner
Hăn'k, *f.* a skein of thread ; a tie ; check
Hăn'k'ér, *v. n.* to long for
Hăp, *f.* accident, chance, misfortune : *v. n.* to fall out, happen, come by accident
Hăp-hăz'árd, *f.* accident, chance
Hăp'lěs, *a.* unfortunate, unhappy, unlucky
Hăp'ly, *ad.* by chance, perhaps
Hăp'pen, *v. n.* to come to pass ; to light on
Hăp'pĩ-ly, *ad.* agreeably, gracefully, luckily
Hăp'pĩ-něs, *f.* good luck, blessedness
Hăp'py, *a.* in heaven, fortunate ; ready
Ha-ràng-ue', *f.* a speech, a popular oration
Ha-ràng'ue', *v. n.* to make a speech
Ha-ràng-uér, *f.* a public speaker, an orator
Hă'r'ăis, *f.* disturbance, waste : *v. a.* to vex, to weary, to fatigue with labour
Hăr'băn-g'ér, *f.* a fore-runner, a precursor
Hăr'boŭr, *f.* a lodging ; port ; asylum : *v. a. & n.* to entertain, to shelter : to receive entertainment ; to take shelter
Hăr'boŭr-age, *f.* entertainment, shelter
Hăr'boŭr-lěs, *a.* without a harbour
Hărd, *a.* difficult, firm, niggardly, sour, unkind : *ad.* close ; near ; nimbly ; vehemently ; diligently ; vexatiously
Hărd-bôund, *a.* costive, bound in the body
Hărd'en, *v. a.* to confirm in vice ; to make hard
Hărd'fă'voŭr-éd, *a.* coarse of feature
Hărd-hănd'éd, *a.* coarse ; mechanic
Hărd-hărt'éd, *a.* cruel, merciless

Hård-heart'ed-něs, *f.* want of tenderness, savageness
 Hård'i-head, Hård'i-měnt, Hård'i-něs, *f.* bravery, courage, stoutness, effrontery, confidence
 Hård-lā'boŭr-ěd, *a.* much studied [verely
 Hård'ly, *ad.* with difficulty, scarcely, fe-
 Hård-móuth'ed, *a.* disobedient to the rein
 Hård'něs, *f.* hard quality; ill nature
 Hård'ship, *f.* fatigue, injury, oppression
 Hård'ware, *f.* wares made of iron, steel, &c.
 Hård'ware-mān, *f.* a seller of hardware
 Hård'y, *a.* bold, strong, daring, confident
 Hāre, *f.* a small quadruped
 Hāre, *v. n.* to fright, to hurry with terroure
 Hāre'brāin-ěd, *a.* volatile, unsettled, wild
 Hār'ier, *f.* a dog for hunting hares
 Hār, *v. n.* to listen; (contracted from *hearken*): *interj.* hear, listen, list
 Hār'le-quīn, *f.* a buffoon in a play, a zany
 Hār'lót, *f.* a whore, a strumpet
 Hār'lót-ry, *f.* the trade of a harlot
 Hārm, *f.* injury, mischief, detriment
 Hārm, *v. a.* to hurt, injure, damage
 Hārm'fŭl, *a.* hurtful, mischievous
 Hārm'fŭl-ly, *ad.* noxiously, hurtfully
 Hārm'fŭl-něs, *f.* hurtfulness, mischievousness
 Hārm'lěs, *a.* innocent, unhurt, innoxious
 Hārm'lěs-ly, *ad.* without hurt, innocently
 Hārm'lěs-něs, *f.* freedom from hurt
 Hār-mōn'ic, Hār-mōn'ic-āl, *a.* musical
 Hār-mō'nī-ous, *a.* well agreed, musical
 Hār-mō'nī-ouſ-ly, *ad.* with just proportion
 Hār-mō'nī-ouſ-něs, *f.* proportion; musicalness
 Hār'mo-nize, *v. a.* to make musical, to adjust

Hār'mo-ny, *f.* just proportion of sound, agreement
 Hār'něs, *f.* traces for horses, armour
v. a. to put on armour or traces
 Hārp, *f.* an instrument strung with wire, a lyre [on
 Hārp, *v. n.* to play on the harp; to dwell up-
 Hārp'ér, *f.* a player on the harp
 Hār-pōon', *f.* a harping iron to strike whales
 Hārp'fī-chōrd, *f.* a musical instrument
 Hārp'y, *f.* a ravenous wretch; a kind of bird
 Hār'rī-dān, *f.* a decayed strumpet; a worn-out worthless horse
 Hār'row, *f.* an instrument in husbandry:
v. a. to break clods with the harrow
 Hār'row-ér, *f.* he who harrows; a hawk
 Hār'ry, *v. a.* to teaze, to ruffle; to plunder
 Hārsh, *a.* peevish, rigorous, rough, sour
 Hārsh'ly, *ad.* in a harsh manner
 Hārsh'něs, *f.* peevishness, roughness
 Hār'slēt, Hār'slēt, *f.* the in-meats of a hog
 Hār't, *f.* the male of a roe, a stag
 Hār't's'hōrn, *f.* a chymical spirit
 Hār'veſt, *f.* the season for reaping
 Hār'veſt-hōme, *f.* a song at the end of harvest
 Hāsh, *v. a.* to lress in small bits, to mince
 Hāsp, *f.* a clasp for a staple
 Hāsp, *v. a.* to hut with a hasp
 Hās'fōck, *f.* a thick mat to kneel on
 Hāste, *f.* hurry, passion, vehemence, speed
 Hāste, Hās'ter, *v. a.* to urge on, precipitate, hurry; to push forward
 Hāst'i-ly, *ad.* in a hurry, quickly, rashly
 Hāst'i-něs, *f.* speed, angry precipitation
 Hāst'ings, *f.* pease that come early
 Hāst'y, *a.* quick, speedy, passionate, rash

Hăst'y-pŭd'ding, *f.* milk and flour boiled
 Hăt, *f.* a cover for the head
 Hăt/bănd, *f.* a string round a hat
 Hăt-bŏx, Hăt-căse, *f.* a slight box for a hat
 Hătch, *f.* an opening in ships decks; a half door: *v. a.* to produce young; to contrive
 Hătch'el, *v. a.* to beat flax
 Hătch'el, *f.* the instrument with which flax is beaten
 Hătch'el-er, *f.* a beater of flax
 Hătch'et, *f.* a small axe
 Hătch'et-făce, *f.* an ugly face
 Hătch'ment, *f.* an escutcheon for the dead
 Hăte, *f.* detestation, malignity, abhorrence: *v. n.* to dislike greatly, abominate
 Hăte'fŭl, *a.* causing hatred, odious
 Hăte'fŭl-ly, *ad.* with great dislike, malign-
 Hăte'fŭl-ness, *f.* abominableness [nantly
 Hăt'er, *f.* one who hates, an abhorrer
 Hăt'réd, *f.* hate, ill-will, malignity
 Hăt'tér, *f.* a maker of hats
 Hăve, *v. a.* to contain, enjoy, possess, take
 Hă'ven, *f.* a harbour, a shelter for ships
 Hă'ven-ér, *f.* an overseer of a port
 Hăv'ér, *f.* one who possesses or holds
 Hăught, *a.* bold, lofty, proud, insolent
 Hăught'i-ly, *ad.* loftily, proudly, arrogantly
 Hăught'i-ness, *f.* arrogance, pride
 Hăught'y, *a.* lofty, proud, contemptuous
 Hăv'ing, *f.* an estate; behaviour; possession
 Hăul, *v. a.* to drag by violence, to pull
 Hăum, *f.* the straw of pease and beans
 Hăunch, *f.* the thigh, the hind part
 Hăunt, *f.* a place of resort: *v. a.* to frequent
 Hăunt'ér, *f.* a frequenter [quent
 Hăv'ock, *f.* ruin, waste, merciless destruction: *v. a.* to destroy, to lay waste

Hăut'boy, *f.* (*pron.* Hŏ'bŏy) a wind-instrument resembling a flute; a large strawberry
 Hăw', *f.* the berry and seed of the hawthorn: *v. n.* to speak slowly, with frequent intermissions and hesitations
 Hăwk', *f.* a bird of prey: *v. n.* to force up phlegm; to cry goods for sale. [about
 Hăwk'ed, *a.* like a hawk's bill; carried
 Hăwk'ér, *f.* a pedlar
 Hăw'thorn, *f.* the thorn that bears haws
 Hăy, *f.* grass dried to fodder cattle
 Hăz'ărd, *f.* chance, danger, a game at dice: *v. a. & n.* to expose to chance, to try the chance [chance
 Hăz'ărd-a-ble, *a.* venturesome, liable to
 Hăz'ărd-ér, *f.* one who hazards
 Hăz'ărd-ŏus, *a.* dangerous
 Hăz'ărd-ŏus-ly, *ad.* with danger or chance
 Hăze, *f.* a fog, a thick dense vapour
 Hăze, *v. a. & n.* to fright one; to be foggy
 Hă'zel, *f.* a nut-tree [or misty
 Hă'zel, Hă'zel-ly, *a.* light brown; of the colour of hazel
 Hă'zy, *a.* dark, misty
 Hē, *pro.* a man named before; a male
 Hēad, *f.* what contains the brain; a chief; the top: *v. a.* to lop trees; behead; lead
 Hēad'ăch, *f.* a pain in the head
 Hēad'bŏr-ŏugh, *f.* a subordinate constable
 Hēad'drēss, *f.* the dress of a woman's head
 Hēad'lănd, *f.* ground under hedges; a cape
 Hēad'lēss, *a.* without a chief or head; ob-
 Hēad'lŏng, *a.* thoughtless, sudden [stinate
 Hēad'lŏng, *ad.* without thought, rashly
 Hēad'pŏce, *f.* the understanding; armour
 Hēad'f'măn, *f.* an executioner [head
 Hēad'flăl, *f.* part of the bridle covering the

Hēad'stōne, *f.* chief stone
 Hēad'strōng, *a.* violent, unruly [workman
 Hēad'wōrk'mān, *f.* a foreman; the best
 Hēad'y, *a.* hasty, rash, strong, stubborn
 Hēal, *v. a. & n.* to cure a wound; to recon-
 cile
 Hēal'ing, *part. a.* gentle, mollifying
 Hēalth, *f.* freedom from sickness, purity
 Hēalth'fūl, *a.* free from sickness, whole-
 some
 Hēalth'fūl-ly, *ad.* in health, wholesomely
 Hēalth'fūl-nēss, *f.* state of being well,
 wholesomeness
 Hēalth'ī-ly, *ad.* without sickness
 Hēalth'ī-nēss, *f.* the state of health
 Hēalth'lēss, *a.* sickly, weak
 Hēalth'fōme, *a.* salutary, wholesome
 Hēalth'y, *a.* free from sickness; in health
 Hēap, *f.* a confused jumble, cluster, crowd,
 pile: *v. a.* to lay up, pile, throw toge-
 ther
 Hēap'y, *a.* lying in heaps
 Hēar, *v. a.* to perceive by the ear; attend
 Hēar'ēr, *f.* one who attends to a discourse
 Hēar'ing, *f.* the sense of receiving sounds
 Hēark'en, *v. a.* to attend unto [a trial
 Hēark'en-ēr, *f.* one who hearkens or listens
 Hēar'fay, *f.* report
 Hēarse, *f.* a wheel-carriage for the dead
 Hēart, *f.* the most noble part of the body
 Hēart'ac'h, *f.* grief, anguish of mind
 Hēart'brēak, Hēart'brēak-ing, *f.* very great
 sorrow, over-powering grief
 Hēart'būrn-ing, *f.* pain at the stomach,
 discontent
 Hēart'dēar, *a.* dearly beloved
 Hēart'ēase, *f.* quiet, tranquillity
 Hēart'ēas-ing, *a.* giving peace and quiet

Hēart'fēlt, *a.* felt in the conscience
 Hēart'fick, *a.* pained in mind, mortally ill
 Hēart'firing, *f.* the nerve that braces the
 heart
 Hēart'ftruck, *a.* driven to the heart
 Hēart'whōle, *a.* with the affectionous unfixed
 Hēart-wōund'ed, *a.* filled with love or grief
 Hēart'en, *v. a.* to stir up, encourage, manure
 Hēarth, *f.* the place on which a fire is made
 Hēart'ī-ly, *ad.* sincerely
 Hēart'ī-nēss, *f.* sincerity, diligence
 Hēart'lēss, *a.* without courage, spiritless
 Hēart'lēss-ly, *ad.* without courage, timidly
 Hēart'lēss-nēss, *f.* dejection of mind
 Hēart'y, *a.* durable, sincere, strong
 Hēat, *f.* the sensation caused by the ap-
 proach or touch of fire; a flush in the
 face, faction: *v. a.* to make hot, to put
 in a passion [that heats
 Hēat'ēr, *f.* an iron for a box-iron; any thing
 Hēath, *f.* common ground; a plant
 Hēath'cōck, *f.* a large fowl on heaths
 Hēa'thēn, *f.* a pagan
 Hēa'thēn, Hēa'thēn-īsh, *a.* gentile, savage
 Hēa'thēn-īsm, *f.* denial of the true God;
 paganism
 Hēath'y, *a.* full of heath
 Hēave, *f.* a lift, a struggle, effort to vomit:
v. a. & n. to lift; to throw; to vomit
 Hēav'en, *f.* the habitation of the blessed
 Hēav'en-bōrn, *a.* descended from heaven
 Hēav'en-brēd, *a.* produced in heaven
 Hēav'en-būilt, *a.* built by the gods
 Hēav'en-dī-rēct'ed, *a.* raised towards hea-
 ven; taught by the powers of heaven
 Hēav'en-ly, *a.* inhabiting heaven; charin-
 ing: *ad.* in a heavenly manner
 Hēav'en-wārd, *ad.* towards heaven

Hēav'ī-ly, *ad.* in a sorrowful manner
 Hēav'ī-nēss, *f.* affliction, oppression, weight
 Hēav'y, *a.* weighty, grievous, drowsy
 Hēb'dōm-ād, *f.* the space of seven days
 Hēb-dōm'a-dāl, Hēb-dōm'a-da-ry, *a.* week-ly, consisting of seven days
 Hē'bra-īsm, *f.* an Hebrew idiom
 Hē'bra-īst, *f.* one skilled in Hebrew
 Hēc'a-tōmb, *f.* a sacrifice of 100 cattle
 Hēc'tic, *f.* a fever: *a.* troubled with a morbid heat; continual; habitual
 Hēc'tōr, *f.* a bully, a noisy fellow
 Hēc'tōr, *v. a.* to bully, to threaten
 Hēdge, *f.* a fence made of bushes: *v. a. & n.* to make a hedge, inclose; to shift
 Hēdge'-bōrn, *a.* meanly born
 Hēdge'-hōg, *f.* a prickly animal; a plant
 Hēdge'-pīg, *f.* a young hedge-hog [bushes
 Hēdge'spār'row, *f.* a sparrow living in
 Hēdg'ēr, *f.* one who makes hedges
 Hēed, *f.* attention, care, caution, notice
 Hēed, *v. a.* to attend, to mind, to regard
 Hēed'fūl, *a.* attentive, cautious, watchful
 Hēed'fūl-ly, *ad.* attentively, carefully
 Hēed'fūl-nēss, *f.* caution, vigilance
 Hēed'ī-ly, *ad.* cautiously, vigilantly
 Hēed'ī-nēss, *f.* caution, vigilance
 Hēed'lēss, *a.* careless, inattentive, negligent
 Hēed'lēss-ly, *ad.* carelessly, negligently
 Hēed'lēss-nēss, *f.* carelessness, inattention
 Hēel, *f.* the hind part of the foot: *v. n.* to dance, to lean as ships, to follow hard
 Hēst, *f.* an effort, heaving, a handle
 Hēg, 'ī-ra, *f.* the epoch of the Turks
 Hēif'ēr, *f.* a young cow
 Hēigh'ho! *interj.* denotes uneasiness of mind
 Hēight, *f.* space upwards; utmost degree; top

Hēight'en, *v. a.* to aggravate, to improve, to raise
 Hēi'nōūs, *a.* atrocious; wicked in a high
 Hēi'nōūs-ly, *ad.* wickedly [degree
 Hēi'nōūs-nēss, *f.* atrociousness, wickedness
 Hēir, *f.* he who inherits by law after the present possessor: *v. a.* to inherit
 Hēir'ēs, *f.* she who inherits by law
 Hēir'ship, *f.* the state, character, or privilege
 Hēld, *pret.* of to hold [leges of an heir
 Hē'lic-āl, *a.* spiral
 Hēll, *f.* the place of the damned; the grave
 Hēll'-blāck, *a.* extremely black, black as hell
 Hēll'-dōm-ēd, *a.* consigned to hell
 Hēll'-hāt-ēd, *a.* hated like hell [hell
 Hēll'-hōūd, *f.* a dog of hell, an agent of
 Hēl'le-bore, *f.* the Christmas flower
 Hēll'ish, *a.* belonging to hell, wicked, detestable
 Hēll'ish-ly, *ad.* infernally, wickedly
 Hēll'ish-nēss, *f.* wickedness, abhorred quality
 Hēll'wārd, *ad.* towards hell [ties
 Hēlm, *f.* the rudder; station of government: *v. a.* to conduct, guide, steer
 Hēlm'ēd, *a.* furnished with a head-piece
 Hēl'mēt, *f.* a head-piece
 Hēlp, *f.* assistance, support, a remedy: *v. a.* to assist; avoid; to heal; support
 Hēlp'ēr, *f.* one who helps or assists
 Hēlp'fūl, *a.* useful, wholesome, salutary
 Hēlp'lēss, *a.* wanting power and assistance
 Hēlp'lēss-ly, *ad.* without succour, unsup-
 Hēlp-lēss-nēss, *f.* want of succour [plied
 Hēlt'ēr-skēlt'ēr, *ad.* confusedly
 Hēlve, *f.* the handle of an axe [sewed
 Hēm, *f.* the edge of a garment doubled and
 Hēm, *v. a. & n.* to inclose with a hem; shut in: to utter a noise with the breath

Hēm'īf-phēre, *f.* half the globe
 Hēm-īf-phēr'ic, Hēm-īf-phēr'ic-āl, *a.* half
 Hēm'īf-tic, *f.* half a verse [round
 Hēm'lōck, *f.* an herb
 Hēm'ōr-rhage, *f.* a violent flux of blood
 Hēm'ōr-rhōids, *f.* the piles. See *Emeroids*
 Hēmp, *f.* a plant of which ropes are made
 Hēmp'en, *a.* made of hemp
 Hēn, *f.* the female of birds and fowls
 Hēnce, *ad. & interj.* from this place or thing
 Hēnce-fōrth', Hēnce-fōr'wārd, *ad.* from
 this time to all futurity
 Hēnd, *v. a.* to crowd; seize; surround
 Hēn'heart'ēd, *a.* cowardly, fearful
 Hēn'pēck-ēd, *a.* governed by the wife
 Hēn'rōst, *f.* a place where poultry rest
 Hēp'tā-gōn, *f.* a figure with seven sides
 Hēp-tāg'ōn-āl, *a.* having seven sides or an-
 gles
 Hēp'tār-c,hy, *f.* a seven-fold government
 Hēr, *pron.* belonging to a female
 Hēr'āld, *f.* a harbinger, an officer: *v. a.* to
 introduce as a herald
 Hēr'āld-ry, *f.* the art or office of a herald;
 blazonry
 Hērb, *f.* a plant [herbs
 Hēr-bā'ceous, *a.* belonging to or feeding on
 Hēr'bage, *f.* herbs in general; grass, pasture
 Hērb'āl, *f.* a book describing plants
 Hērb'āl-īst, Hērb'ār-īst, *f.* one skilled in
 herbs; one curious in herbs
 Hērb'īd, *a.* covered with herbs
 Hērb'y, *a.* having the nature of herbs
 Hērd, *f.* a flock of cattle; a company
 Hērd, *v. n.* to run in companies, to associate
 Hērd'mān, Hērd's'mān, *f.* one who tends
 Hēre, *ad.* in this place or state [sheep, &c.
 Hēre-a-bōûts', *ad.* about this place

Hēre-āf'tér, *f.* a future state: *ad.* in a fu-
 Hēre-āt', *ad.* at this [ture state
 Hēre-bý', *ad.* by this
 He-rēd'ī-ta-ble, *a.* that may be inherited
 He-rēd'ī-ta-ry, *a.* descending by inheritance
 He-rēd'ī-ta-rī-ly, *ad.* by inheritance
 Hēre-īn', *ad.* in this
 Hēre-ōf', *ad.* of or from this
 Hēre-ōn', *ad.* upon this
 Hēr-e-mīt'ic-āl, *a.* retired, solitary
 Hēr'e-sy, *f.* a fundamental error in religion
 Hēr'ē-tic, *f.* one who holds a fundamental
 error
 He-rēt'ic-āl, *a.* containing heresy
 Hēre-tō', *ad.* to this
 Hēre-tō-fōre', *ad.* anciently, formerly
 Hēre-ūn-tō', *ad.* to this
 Hēre-ūp-ōn', *ad.* upon this
 Hēre-wīth', *ad.* with this
 Hēr'ī-tage, *f.* inheritance; the people of God
 Hēr-māph'ro-dīte, *f.* two sexes in one per-
 son [sexes
 Hēr-māph-rō-dīt'ic-āl, *a.* partaking of both
 Hēr-mēt'ic, *a.* chymical
 Hēr-mēt'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* according to the chy-
 mic art
 Hēr'mīt, *f.* a solitary person
 Hēr'mīt-age, *f.* an hermit's cell
 Hēr-mīt-ēss, *f.* a woman retired to devotion
 Hērō, *f.* a man eminent for bravery
 Hērō-ēss, Hērō-īne, *f.* a female hero
 He-rō'ic-āl, *a.* brave, suitable to a hero
 He-rō'ic-āl-ly, He-rō'ic-ly, *ad.* suitable to
 a hero
 Hērō-īsm, *f.* the qualities of a hero
 Hēr'ōn, *f.* a bird that destroys fish
 Hēr'rīng, *f.* a small sea-fish
 Hēr's, *pro. possess.* of the feminine gender.

Hérse, *f.* a carriage for corpses; a temporary monument; *v. a.* to put in a herse
Hér-sělf', *pro.* the female personal pronoun
Hérse'like, *a.* suitable to funerals
Hěs'ī-tān-cy, *f.* dubiousness, uncertainty, suspense
Hěs'ī-tate, *v. n.* to doubt, pause, delay
Hěs-ī-tā'tion, *f.* a stop in speech, doubt, difficulty
Hěst, *f.* a command, injunction
Hět'e-ro-clīte, *f.* an irregular noun
Hět-e-rō-clīt'ic-āl, *a.* irregular
Hět'e-ro-dōx, *f.* differing from the true church
Hět-e-ro-g, ē'ne-āl, } *a.* unlike in nature;
Hět-e-ro-g, ē'ne-ōūs, } opposite
Hět-e-ro-g, ē-ne'ī-ty, *f.* opposition of nature
Hew, *v. a.* to cut with an axe
Hew'ér, *f.* one who hews wood or stone
Hěx'a-gōn, *f.* a figure of six sides or angles
Hěx-āg'ōn-āl, *a.* having six sides or angles
Hěx-ām'e-tér, *f.* a verse of six feet
Hěy! *interj.* word of joy or exultation
Hěy'dāy, *f.* a frolic, wildness: *intj.* word of frolic
Hi-ā'tion, *f.* act of gaping
Hi-ā'tūs, *f.* an aperture; a breach; the opening of the mouth by the succession of an initial to a final vowel
Hi-bér'nāl, *a.* belonging to winter
Hīck'ūp, *f.* a convulsion of the stomach
Hīck'ūp, *v. n.* to sob with a convulsive stomach
Hīd, *pret.* of *to hide*
Hīd'den, *part. pass.* of *to hide*
Hīde, *f.* the skin of an animal: *v. a. & n.* to conceal, to cover; to lie hidden
Hīd'e-ōūs, *a.* dreadful, horrible, shocking

Hīd'e-ōūf-ly, *ad.* dreadfully; in a shocking manner
Hīd'e-ōūf-něs, *f.* dreadfulnes, horribleness
Hīc, *v. n.* to hasten, to go in haste
Hī'e-rārc'h, *f.* the chief of a sacred order
Hī'e-rārc-hy, *f.* sacred government
Hī-e-ro-glŷph'ic, *f.* an emblem, a figure
Hī-e-ro-glŷph'ic-āl, *a.* emblematical
Hīg'gle, *v. n.* to bargain hard, to chaffer
Hīg'g'lér, *f.* one who sells provisions by sale
Hīgh, *f.* high place; elevation
Hīgh, *a.* dear, great, loud, proud, violent
Hīgh-blěst, *a.* quite happy
Hīgh-blōwn, *a.* swelled with wind
Hīgh'bōrn, *a.* of noble extraction
Hīgh-flī'ér, *f.* one extravagant in opinion
Hīgh-flōwn, *a.* affected, elevated, proud
Hīgh-hēap'ed, *a.* covered with high piles
Hīgh-mēt'tled, *a.* proud or ardent in spirit
Hīgh-mīnd'ed, *a.* haughty, proud, arrogant
Hīgh-sēā'son-ēd, *a.* hot to the taste
Hīgh-spīr'it-ēd, *a.* daring, insolent, bold
Hīgh-stōm'āc'h-ēd, *a.* obstinate; lofty
Hīgh-tāst'ed, *a.* gustful, piquant
Hīgh-vīc'ed, *a.* very wicked
Hīgh-wrōught, *a.* neatly finished, accurately finished
Hīgh'lānd, *f.* a mountainous region
Hīgh'lānd-ér, *f.* an inhabitant of mountains
Hīgh'ly, *ad.* with esteem; proudly; in a great degree
Hīgh'mōst, *a.* highest, topmost
Hīgh'něs, *f.* dignity of nature; a title; elevation of the earth
Hīght, *a.* was called, was named, named
Hīgh'wā'tér, *f.* the utmost flow of the tide
Hīgh-wāy, *f.* a great road; a public path

Hīgh'wāy-mān, *f.* a robber on the great road

Hī-ār'ī-ty, *f.* gaiety or mirth

Hīl'a-ry, *f.* a term which begins in January

Hīld'ing, *f.* a paltry cowardly person

Hīll, *f.* an elevation of ground less than a mountain

Hīll'ock, *f.* a little hill

Hīll'y, *a.* full of hills; unequal in the surface

Hīlt, *f.* the handle of a sword, &c.

Hīm, *pro.* the objective case of *he*

Hīm-sēlf, *pro.* used emphatically

Hīnd, *f.* the *she* to a stag; a boor, servant

Hīnd, or Hīnd, *a.* backward

Hīn'dér, *v. a.* to prevent, stop, impede

Hīn'dér-ānce, *f.* an impediment; a stop

Hīn'dér-ér, *f.* who or what obstructs

Hīnd'ér-most, Hīnd'most, *a.* the last

Hīnge, *f.* joints on which a door turns: *v. a.* to bend as a hinge; to rest upon

Hīnt, *f.* a remote suggestion: *v. a.* to touch upon slightly; to allude

Hīp, *f.* the joint of the thigh; fruit of the brier: *intj.* an exclamation or calling to one: *v. a. & n.* to sprain the hip; to be out of spirits

Hīp'po-grīff, *f.* a winged horse

Hīre, *f.* just due; wages paid for service

Hīre, *v. a.* to engage for pay; to bribe

Hīre'ling, *f.* a mercenary, a prostitute; one serving for hire: *a.* serving for hire; mercenary

Hīs, *pro. pass.* belonging to him

Hīfs, *f.* the cry of a serpent; a censure: *v. a. & n.* to explode or condemn by hisses: to cry like a serpent

Hīst, *intj.* exclamation commanding silence

Hīf-tō'rī-ān, *f.* writer of facts and events

Hīf-tōr'ic-āl, *a.* pertaining to history

Hīf-tōr'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* by way of narration

Hīf-to-rī-ōg'ra-phér, *f.* an historian

Hīf'to-ry, *f.* a narration of facts, relation

Hīf-trī-ōn'ic, *a.* befitting a stage; sui-

Hīf-trī-ōn'ic-āl, *f.* table to a player

Hīt, *f.* a lucky chance; a stroke: *v. a. & n.* to strike, fall upon: to clash, succeed

Hītch, *v. a.* to move by jerks; to catch

Hītch'el, *f.* a tool for combing hemp or flax: *v. a.* to beat or comb hemp

Hīthe, *f.* a landing-place for goods

Hīth'ér, *ad.* to this place from some other

Hīth'ér, *a.* nearer; towards this part

Hīth'ér-most, *a.* nearest this way

Hīth'ér-tō, *ad.* to this time; yet; any time till now

Hīth'ér-wārd, *ad.* towards this place

Hīve, *f.* a place for bees; a company: *v. a. & n.* to put into a hive; to take shelter

Hōar, *a.* gray with age; white with frost

Hōar-frōst, *f.* frozen dew

Hōard, *f.* a hidden stock, a treasure

Hōard, *v. a.* to lay up privately

Hōard'ér, *f.* one who lays up in secret

Hōar'ī-nēss, *f.* the state of being whitish

Hōarse, *a.* having a rough voice as with a cold

Hōarse'ly, *ad.* with a harsh voice

Hōarse'nēss, *f.* roughness of voice

Hōar'y, *a.* gray with age; whitish

Hōb'ble, *f.* an awkward halting walk

Hōb'ble, *v. n.* to walk lamely, to hitch

Hōb'blīng-ly, *ad.* clumsily, awkwardly

- Höb'by, *f.* a little horse; a stick to ride on; a stupid fellow
Höb-göb'lín, *f.* a fairy, a sprite, an elf
Höb'nāil, *f.* a nail for shoeing horses
Höb-nāil-ēd, *a.* set with hobnails
Höck', *f.* the joint between the knee and fetlock; a sort of wine
Hö'cūs-pō'cūs, *f.* a cheat, a juggle
Höd', *f.* a bricklayer's trough
Hödge'pödge, *f.* a confused mixture, a medley
Höe, *f.* a garden-tool to cut up the earth: *v. a.* to cut or dig with a hoe
Hög', *f.* the general name of swine; a castrated boar
Hög'cöte, *f.* a house for hogs
Hög'g,ér-ēl, *f.* a two-year old ewe
Hög'hērd, *f.* a keeper of hogs
Hög'g,īsh, *a.* brutish, clownish, greedy
Hög'g,īsh-ly, *ad.* greedily, selfishly
Hög'g,īsh-nēss, *f.* brutality, greediness, selfishness
Hög'ītý, *f.* the place in which swine are kept
Högl'hēad, *f.* a measure of 63 gallons
Hög'wāsh, *f.* victuals given to swine
Höid'en, *f.* an awkward country fellow
Höid'en, *v. a.* to romp indecently
Höist, *v. a.* to raise up on high
Höld, *f.* catch; custody; power; support: *v. a. & n.* to keep, detain, retain; celebrate: to stand, last, continue, remain in union: *intj.* stop! forbear! be still!
Höld'ér, *f.* who holds any thing; a tenant
Höld'ér-förth, *f.* one who speaks in public
Höld'fāt, *f.* an iron hook; a catch, &c.
Höld'ing, *f.* a farm; a tenure; a song
Höle, *f.* a mean habitation; a hollow place
Hö'li-dām, *f.* blessed lady
Hö'li-ly, *ad.* justly, piously, religiously, with sanctity
Hö'li-nēss, *f.* piety, sanctity; the Pope's title
Höl'lâ, *v. a.* to cry out loudly: *intj.* calling to
Höl'länd, *f.* a kind of fine linen
Höl'lōw, *f.* a hollow place; an opening: *a.* low within; empty, deceitful: *v. a. & n.* to make hollow, to excavate; to hoot
Höl'lōw-ly, *ad.* with hollows, deceitfully
Höl'lōw-nēss, *f.* the state of being hollow
Höl'ly, *f.* a tree bearing red berries
Höl'ly-höck, *f.* rose-mallow, a plant
Hölme, *f.* the ever-green oak; the ilex
Höl'o-cāust, *f.* a burnt sacrifice
Hölp'en, *part. pass.* of to help
Höl'tér, *f.* a case for a horseman's pistol
Hö'ly, *a.* pure, religious, sacred, immaculate
Höl'y-dāy, *f.* anniversary feast; day of joy
Höm'age, *f.* service to a lord, obeisance
Höm'a-g,ér, *f.* one who holds by homage
Höme, *f.* one's own house or country
Höme, *ad.* to the point designed, closely
Höme'börn, Höme'brēd, *a.* artless, native, plain; not polished by travel
Höme'fēlt, *a.* felt inwardly, private
Höme'li-ly, *ad.* rudely, inelegantly
Höme'li-nēss, *f.* coarseness, plainness
Höme'ly, *a.* not elegant, coarse, rude
Höme'ly, *ad.* coarsely, plainly, rudely
Höme'māde, *a.* not manufactured abroad
Höme'spün, *f.* a rude rustic person: *a.* made at home, coarse, inelegant
Höme'wārd, *ad.* towards home
Höm'ī-cīde, *f.* murder, a murderer, a man-slayer
Höm-ī-cīd'āl, *a.* murderous, bloody

Höm-ĩ-lět'ĩ-cāl, *a.* conversible, sociable
 Hōm'ĩ-ly, *f.* a discourse read in churches
 Hō-mo-g,ē'ne-āl, Hō-mo-g,ē'ne-oūs, *a.* of the same nature
 Hō-mo-g,ē'ne-āl-něs } *f.* similitude of
 Hō-mo-g,ē'ne-ĩ-ty, } kind
 Hō-mo-g,ē'ne-oūs-něs, }
 Hōm'o-g,ē-ny, *f.* joint nature
 Hō-mōl'o-g,oūs, *a.* proportional, similar
 Hō-mōn'y-mōūs, *a.* equivocal, uncertain
 Hō-mōn'y-my, *f.* equivocation, ambiguity
 Hō-mōt'on-oūs, *a.* equable, uniform
 Hōne, *f.* a stone to whet razors upon
 Hōn'ěst, *a.* chaste, just, upright, sincere
 Hōn'ěst-ly, *ad.* faithfully, justly, uprightly
 Hōn'ěst-ty, *f.* justice, truth, virtue, purity
 Hōn'ey, *f.* the sweet substance of bees; a darling : *v. n.* to talk fondly [bees
 Hōn'ey-bāg, *f.* a little bag in the stomach of
 Hōn'ey-cōmb, *f.* a cell of wax for honey
 Hōn'ey-cōmb-ēd, *a.* full of little cavities
 Hōn'ey-mōn', *f.* the first month after marriage
 Hōn'ey-fūc-kle, *f.* woodbine
 Hōn'ey-lěss, *a.* without honey
 Hōn'ĩ-ēd, *a.* covered with honey, sweet
 Hōn'oūr, *f.* dignity, reputation, virtue, glory : *v. a.* to dignify, regard with veneration [ous
 Hōn'oūr-a-ble, *a.* generous, honest, illustri-
 Hōn'oūr-a-ble-něs, *f.* eminence, generosity
 Hōn'oūr-a-bly, *ad.* nobly, generously
 Hōn'oūr-a-ry, *a.* done in honour
 Hōn'oūr-ěr, *f.* one who honours another
 Hōod, *f.* a covering for the head
 Hōod, *v. a.* to dress in a hood, to cover
 Hōod'wĩnk, *v. a.* to blind, to deceive, to hide

Hōof, *f.* the horny substance of a horse, &c.
 Hōok, *f.* a bent piece of iron, wood, &c.
 Hōok, *v. a.* to catch, ensnare, fasten
 Hōok'ēd, *part. a.* bent, crooked, curvated
 Hōok'ēd-něs, *f.* state of being bent
 Hōok'nōf-ēd, *a.* having the nose high in the middle
 Hōop, *f.* any thing circular
 Hōop, *v. a.* to bind with hoops; encircle
 Hōop', *v. a. & n.* to drive with, or call by a shout : to shout
 Hōop'ěr, *f.* a cooper, one who hoops tubs
 Hōop'ĩng-cōugh', *f.* a convulsive cough
 Hōot, *f.* a shout of contempt; clamour
 Hōot, *v. n.* to shout in contempt, to cry as an owl
 Hōot, *v. a.* to drive with shouts
 Hōp', *f.* a mad dance, a jump, a plant
 Hōp', *v. a. & n.* to impregnate with hops : to leap on one leg, to walk lame, to move
 Hōpe, *f.* expectation of good; confidence; the object of hope : *v. a. & n.* to expect with desire; to live in expectation of some good
 Hōpe'fūl, *a.* full of expectation, promising
 Hōpe'fūl-ly, *ad.* in a hopeful promising way
 Hōpe'fūl-něs, *f.* expectation of good
 Hōpe'lěss, *a.* without hope
 Hōp'ěr, *f.* one who has pleasing expectations
 Hōp'ĩng-ly, *ad.* with hope
 Hōp'ěr, *f.* part of a mill; a basket; a jumper
 Hō'rāl, *a.* relating to the hour
 Hōrde, *f.* a clan; a migratory crew of people [fight
 Hō-rĩ'zón, *f.* the line that terminates the
 Hōr-ĩ zón'tāl, *a.* level
 Hōr-ĩ-zón'tāl-ly, *ad.* in a horizontal direction

Hörn', *f.* the hard pointed bodies which grow on the heads of oxen, rams, &c.
 Hörn'bòok, *f.* the first book of children
 Hörn'ed, *a.* furnished with horns
 Hörn'ér, *f.* one who works or deals in horn
 Hörn'et, *f.* a large stinging fly
 Hörn'pipe, *f.* a single dance
 Hörn'y, *a.* made of horns, callous
 Hor-róm'ě-try, *f.* the art of measuring hours
 Hör'rī-ble, *a.* dreadful, hideous, enormous
 Hör'rī-ble-něs, *f.* dreadfulneſs
 Hör'rī-bly, *ad.* dreadfully, shockingly
 Hör'rīd, *a.* dreadful, offensive, rough
 Hör'rīd-ly, *ad.* hideously, terribly
 Hör'rīd-něs, *f.* enormity, hideousneſs
 Hör-rīf'ic, *a.* causing horreur
 Hör'rou, *f.* drearineſs, gloomineſs, terrou
 Hörse', *f.* a quadruped animal; a wooden machine
 Hörse', *v. a.* to carry, to cover, to mount upon a horſe
 Hörse'bäck, *f.* the ſeat or ſtate of riding
 Hörse'böy, *f.* a boy who drefſes horſes, &c.
 Hörse'breāk-ér, *f.* one who tames horſes
 Hörse'cōurf-ér, *f.* one who runs or deals in horſes
 Hörse'fly, *f.* a fly that ſtings horſes
 Hörse'hāir, *f.* the hair of horſes
 Hörse'lāugh, *f.* a loud violent laugh
 Hörse'lēech, *f.* a leech that bites horſes; a farrier
 Hörse-līt-tér, *f.* carriage hung upon poles between two horſes
 Hörse'mān, *f.* one ſkilled in riding
 Hörse'mān-ſhīp, *f.* the art of riding or managing a horſe
 Hörse'mēat, *f.* meat for horſes, ſtrong food
 Horſe'plāy, *f.* rough, coarſe, rugged play

Hörse'pönd, *f.* a pond to water horſes at
 Hörse'rāce, *f.* a match of horſes in running
 Hörse'rād'īſh, *f.* a hot biting root
 Hörse'ſhōe, *f.* a ſhoe for horſes, an herb
 Hörse'ſteāl-ér, *f.* a thief who takes away
 Hörse'wāy, *f.* a broad open way { horſes
 Hör-tā'tion, Hör'ta-tīve, *f.* an advice, exhorting, adviſing to any thing
 Hör'tu-lān, *a.* belonging to a garden
 Hō-ſān'na, *f.* praiſe to God [the legs
 Hōſe, *f.* breeches, ſtockings, coverings for
 Hōſ'īér, *f.* one who ſells ſtockings
 Hōſ'pī-ta-ble, *a.* kind to ſtrangers
 Hōſ'pī-ta-bly, *ad.* in a hofpitable manner
 Hōſ'pī-tāl, *f.* a reception for the ſick, or ſupport of the poor [gers
 Hōſ-pī-tāl'ī-ty, *f.* entertainment of ſtran-
 Hōſt, *f.* an army, a landlord, a number: *v. n.* to keep up entertainment; to engage
 Hōſt'age, *f.* a pledge for performance of conditions
 Hōſt'ěs, *f.* a landlady [enemy
 Hōſ'tīle, *a.* adverſe, oppoſite; ſuitable to an
 Hōſ-tīl'ī-ty, *f.* open war
 Hōſ'lér, *f.* one who drefſes horſes
 Hōſt'ry, *f.* the place for the horſes of hoſts
 Hōt', *a.* having heat, furious; luſtful
 Hōt'bēd, *f.* a bed of dung for melons, &c.
 Hōt'cōck'leſ, *f.* a play among children
 Hōt'hēad'ēd, *a.* paſſionate [a brothel
 Hōt-hōuſe, *f.* a place to ſweat and cup in;
 Hōt'ly, *ad.* luſtfully, violently, not coldly
 Hōt'mōūth-ēd, *a.* headſtrong, ungovernable
 Hōt'něs, *f.* heat; violence, fury
 Hōtch'pōtch, *f.* a mingled haſh [man
 Hōt'ſpūr, *f.* a heady, paſſionate, precipitate
 Hōt'ſpūr-rēd, *a.* headſtrong, raſh

Hōve, *pret.* of *to heave*, raised, swelled
 Hōv'ē!, *f.* a mean cottage or habitation;
 a shed: *v. a.* to shelter in a hovel
 Hōv'en, *pass. part.* of *to heave*, raised, swelled
 Hōv'ér, *v. n.* to hang over-head; to wander
 Hōugh', *f.* the lower part of the thigh
 Hōugh', *v. a.* to cut up, to hamstring
 Hough', *f.* an adz: *v. a.* to cut up with a hoe
 Hōünd, *f.* a dog for chase
 Hōûr, *f.* the twenty-fourth part of a day
 Hōûr'glâs, *f.* a glass of sand for measuring
 time
 Hōûr'ly, *a.* done every hour
 Hōûr'ly, *ad.* every hour, frequently
 Hōûse, *f.* place of human abode; table;
 body of the parliament; family of an-
 cestors [shelter
 Hōûse, *v. a. & n.* to harbour: to take
 Hōûse'brēak-ér, *f.* one who robs houses
 Hōûse'brēak-ing, *f.* burglary
 Hōûse'hōld, *f.* a family life, a family
 Hōûse'hōld-ér, *f.* the master of a family
 Hōûse'hōld-stuff, *f.* furniture of a house
 Hōûse'kēep-ér, *f.* who has the care of a
 family
 Hōûse'kēep-ing, *f.* a keeping house, plenty:
a. domestic, useful to a family
 Hōûse'lēs, *a.* without abode [clean
 Hōûse-māid, *f.* she who keeps the house
 Hōûse'rōom, *f.* a place in a house [house
 Hōûse'wārm-ing, *f.* a feast on entering a
 Hōûse'wīfe, *f.* the mistress of a house
 Hōûse'wīfe-ry, *f.* female œconomy
 Hōûs'ing, *f.* the act of putting into a house;
 a horse-cloth
 Hōw, *ad.* in what manner or degree [ing
 Hōw-bē'it, *ad.* nevertheless, notwithstanding
 Hōw-ēv'ér, *ad.* at least, nevertheless, yet

Hōwl, *f.* the cry of a wolf or dog: *v. n.*
 to cry as a dog, to utter cries in distress
 Hōw'fo-ēv'ér, *ad.* in what manner soever
 Hōx', *v. a.* to hamstring, to hough
 Hōy, *f.* a coasting vessel, a large boat
 Hüb'büb, *f.* a great noise, a riot, tumult
 Hück'a-bäck, *f.* a kind of linen on which
 the figures are raised
 Hück'kle-bōne', *f.* the hip-bone
 Hück'stér, *f.* a pedlar, a trickish mean fel-
 Hück'stér, *v. n.* to deal in trifles [low
 Hüd'dle, *f.* confusion; crowd: *v. a. & n.*
 to do in a hurry; to crowd together
 Hūe, *f.* clamour; colour, die; great noise
 Hūff, *f.* a swell of sudden anger or arro-
 gance: *v. a.* to treat with insolence, to
 bluster
 Hūf'fér, *f.* a bully
 Hūf'fīsh, *a.* arrogant, hectoring, insolent
 Hūf'fīsh-ly, *ad.* with arrogant petulance
 Hūf'fīsh-ness, *f.* petulance, arrogance
 Hūg, *f.* a close embrace
 Hūg, *v. a.* to press close in one's arms;
 to fondle
 Hūge, *a.* great even to deformity, immense
 Hūge'ly, *ad.* greatly, immensely
 Hūge'nēs, *f.* enormous bulk, greatness
 Hūg'gér-nūg-gér, *f.* secrecy [bulky
 Hūlk, *f.* the body of a ship; any thing
 Hūll, *f.* the husk of any thing: *v. n.* to
 drive to and fro; to float on the water
 Hūl'ly, *a.* abounding with husks
 Hūm, *f.* the noise of insects; deception:
v. n. to make the noise of bees; to de-
 ceive: *intj.* denoting doubt and deliber-
 ation
 * Hū'măn, *a.* (*pron. as if began with a y*;)
 belonging to man

- * Hu-māne', *a.* kind
- * Hu-māne'ly, *ad.* with good-nature
- * Hū'nān-ī', *f.* a philologer, grammarian
- * Hu-mān'ī-ty, *f.* the nature of man; benevolence [soften
- * Hū'mān-īze, *v. a.* to make tender, to
- * Hū'mān-kūnd', *f.* the race of man, man-
- * Hū'mān-ly, *ad.* kindly [kind
- † Hūm'ble, *or* Hūm'ble, *a.* not proud, modest: *v. a.* to make submissive; to crush
- † Hūm'ble-bēe, *f.* a buzzing wild bee
- Hūm'ble-nēss, *f.* humility, absence of pride
- Hūm'blér, *f.* who subdues himself for others
- † Hūm'ble-mōūth-ēd, *a.* meek
- Hūm'bles, *f.* the entrails of a deer
- † Hūm'bly, *ad.* without pride
- Hūm'drūm, *f.* a stupid dronish person
- Hūm'drūm, *a.* dull, stupid, dronish
- * Hu-mēct', Hu-mēc'tate, *v. a.* to moisten
- * Hu-mēc-tā'tion, *f.* the act of moistening
- * Hū'nīd, *a.* moist, watery, wet [ting
- * Hu-mīd'ī-ty, *f.* moisture, power of wet-
- * Hu-mīl-ī-ā'tion, *f.* act of humility, mortification
- * Hu-mīl'ī-ty, *f.* modesty
- Hūm'mér, *f.* one who applauds or praises
- * Hū'mōr-īst, *f.* who gratifies his humours
- * Hū'mōr-ōūs, *a.* jocular, whimsical
- * Hū'mōr-ōūs-ly, *ad.* jocosely, merrily
- * Hū'mōr-ōūs-nēss, *f.* capricious levity
- * Hū'mōr-sōme, *a.* humorous, peevish
- * Hū'mōr-sōme-ly, *ad.* peevishly, petulantly
- * Hū'mōr, *f.* moisture; jocularity; whim; peevishness, grotesque imagery: *v. a.* to comply with, to qualify
- Hūmp, Hūmp-bäck, *f.* high shoulders
- Hūmp'bäck'ēd, *a.* having a crooked back
- Hūnch, *v. a.* to crook the back

- Hūnch'bäck'ēd, *a.* having a crooked back
- Hūn'drēd, *f.* a division of a country: *a.* the number ten multiplied by ten
- Hūn'drēdth, *a.* the ordinal of a hundred
- Hūng, *pret. & part. pass. of to hang*
- Hūng'ér, *f.* a desire of food; the pain felt by fasting: *v. n.* to feel the pain of hunger
- Hūng'ér-bīt-ten, *a.* pained by hunger
- Hūng'ér-ly, *a.* in want of food, hungry
- Hūng'ér-ly, *ad.* with keen appetite
- Hūng'ér-stārv-ēd, *a.* pinched by want of food
- Hūn'g,ér-ēd, *a.* pinched by want of food
- Hūng'rī-ly, *ad.* with keen appetite
- Hūng'ry, *a.* feeling pain for want of food
- Hūnks, *f.* a sordid wretch, a miser
- Hūnt, *f.* a chase; a pack of hounds: *v. a.* to search for; to chase, pursue
- Hūnt'ér, *f.* who chases animals; a dog
- Hūnt'īng-hörn, *f.* a bugle
- Hūnt'rēss, *f.* she who follows the chase
- Hūnt's'mān, *f.* one who manages the chase
- Hūr'dle, *f.* sticks woven together; a grate
- Hūrds, *f.* the refuse of hemp or flax
- Hūrl, *f.* a riot, tumult, commotion
- Hūrl, *v. a.* to throw with violence
- Hūrl'ér, *f.* one who plays at hurling
- Hūrl'bāt, *f.* a whirl-bat
- Hūrl'wīnd, *f.* a violent wind [tion
- Hūr'ly-būr'ly, *f.* a bustle, tumult, commo-
- Hūr'rī-cane, *f.* a violent storm
- Hūr'ry, *f.* haste, precipitation, tumult: *v. a. & n.* to hasten: to move with haste
- Hūr'st, *f.* a grove or thicket of trees
- Hūrt, *f.* a bruise, harm, mischief, wound
- Hūrt, *v. a.* to harm, to injure, to wound
- Hūrt'ér, *f.* one who does harm

Hürt'fûl, *a.* mischievous, pernicious
 Hürt'fûl-ly, *ad.* mischievously, perniciously
 Hürt'fûl-něs, *f.* mischievousness
 Hürt'le, *v. a. & n.* to move violently: to skirmish
 Hürt'ěs, *a.* harmless, innoxious
 Hũf'bānd, *f.* a married man; a farmer
 Hũf'bānd, *v. a.* to manage with frugality
 Hũf'bānd-lěs, *a.* without a husband
 Hũf'bānd-ly, *a.* frugal, with œconomy
 Hũf'bānd-mān, *f.* one who works in tillage
 Hũf'bānd-ry, *f.* frugality, tillage [silent
 Hũh, *v. a. & n.* to appease, to still: to be
 Hũh'mōn-ey, *f.* a bribe
 Hũsk, *f.* the integument of fruits: *v. a.* to strip off the outward integuments
 Hũsk'ěd, *a.* covered with a husk
 Hũsk'y, *a.* abounding in, or consisting of
 Hũf'sārš, *f.* a kind of soldiers [husks
 Hũf'sỹ, *f.* a sorry bad woman
 Hũt'ings, *f.* a court holden, a council
 Hũt'tle, *v. a.* to shake together
 Hũf'wīfe, *v. a.* to manage with frugality
 Hũf'wīfe, *f.* a bad manager; an œconomist
 Hũf'wīfe-ry, *f.* management good or bad
 Hũt, *f.* a poor cottage
 Hũz-zà', Hũz-zā', *intj.* a shout of joy: *v. n.* to utter or receive with acclamations
 Hỹ'a-cīnth, *f.* a flower
 Hỹ'a-cīnth'īne, *a.* made of hyacinths
 Hỹ'a-des, Hỹ'ādš, *f.* the seven stars
 Hỹ'a-līne, *a.* crystalline, glossy
 Hỹ'dra, *f.* a monster with many heads
 Hỹ-drāul'ic-āl, *a.* relating to hydraulics
 Hỹ-drāul'ics, *f.* the art of conveying water
 Hỹ-drom'ān-cy, *f.* prediction by water
 Hỹ-drōm'e-tér, *f.* an instrument to measure the extent of water

Hỹ-dro-phō'bĩ-a, *f.* a dread of water
 Hỹ-drōp'ic-āl, *a.* dropfical
 Hỹ-drōf-tāt'ic-āl, *a.* relating to hydrostatics
 Hỹ-drōf-tāt'ics, *f.* the science of weighing
 Hỹ-ě'na, *f.* an animal like a wolf [fluids
 Hỹm, *f.* a species of dog
 Hỹ'měn, *f.* the god of marriage, the virginal membrane
 Hỹ-mě'ne-āl, *f.* a marriage-song
 Hỹ-mě'ne-āl, *a.* pertaining to marriage
 Hỹmn, *f.* a divine song: *v. a. & n.* to praise in songs of adoration: to sing hymns
 Hỹm'níc, *a.* relating to hymns
 Hỹp, *v. a.* to make melancholy, dispirit
 Hỹ-pér'bo-la, *f.* a section of a cone
 Hỹ-pér'bo-le, *f.* a diminution; an exaggeration
 Hỹ-pér-bōl'ic, *a.* exaggeration [geration
 Hỹ-pér-crīt'ic, *f.* a critic exact beyond reason
 Hỹ-pér-crīt'ic-āl, *a.* critical beyond use
 Hỹ-pér'me-tér, *f.* what is above the stand-
 Hỹ'phěn, *f.* this mark (-) [ard
 Hỹp-nōt'ic, *f.* a medicine causing sleep
 Hỹ-po-cōn'drī-ác, Hỹ-po-cōn-drī'ác-āl, *a.* melancholy
 Hỹ-pōc'rĩ-fy, *f.* dissimulation, pretence
 Hỹp'o-crīte, *f.* a dissembler in religion, &c.
 Hỹp'o-crīt'ic-āl, *a.* dissembling, false
 Hỹp'o-crīt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* without sincerity
 Hỹ-pōf-tāt'ic-āl, *a.* constitutive, personal
 Hỹ-pōth'e-fīs, *f.* a system upon supposition
 Hỹ-po-thět'ic-āl, *a.* conditional, supposed
 Hỹ-po-thět'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* upon supposition
 Hỹ'rft, *f.* a wood
 Hỹf'fōp, *f.* a plant with long narrow leaves
 Hỹf-těr'ic, *a.* troubled with fits
 Hỹf-těr'ics, *f. pl.* fits peculiar to women

I.

I *pro. personal, myself*

I, *i-ām'біc*, *f.* verses composed of a long and short syllable alternately

ice, *f.* water frozen; sugar concreted: *v. a.*

to turn to ice, to cover with concreted

ic, *h-nōg'ra-phy*, *f.* the ground plot [sugar

ic, *h-thy-ōl'o-gy*, *f.* the doctrine of the nature of fish

ic, *cle*, *f.* dripping water frozen

ic, *nēfs*, *f.* state of generating ice

ic, *cy*, *a.* full of ice; backward; cold

I-*dē'a*, *f.* mental imagination, notion

I-*dē'āl*, *a.* conceived, intellectual, mental

I-*dē'āl-ly*, *ad.* intellectually, mentally

I-*dēn'tic*, **I**-*dēn'tic-āl*, *a.* the same

I-*dēn'ti-ty*, *f.* sameness, not diversity

ide, *f.* a term of time among the Romans

id, *i-óm*, *f.* a peculiar kind of speech

id, *i-o-māt'ic-āl*, *a.* peculiar to a tongue

id, *i-ōt*, *f.* a changeling, a fool [folly

id, *i-ōt-ism*, *f.* peculiarity of expression,

idle, *a.* lazy, unemployed, worthless

i-*dle*, *v. n.* to spend time in laziness, to trifle

i-*dle*, *hēd'ēd*, *a.* foolish, unreasonable

i-*dle*, *nēfs*, *f.* laziness, sloth, unreasonableness

id, *lér*, *f.* a lazy person, a sluggard

id, *ly*, *ad.* carelessly, foolishly, lazily

i-*dōl*, *f.* an image worshipped as God

I-*dōl'a-tēr*, *f.* a worshipper of idols

I-*dōl'a-trīze*, *v. n.* to worship idols

I-*dōl'a-trōūs*, *a.* tending to idolatry

I-*dōl'a-trōūf-ly*, *ad.* in an idolatrous manner

I-*dōl'a-try*, *f.* the worship of images

i-*dōl-ist*, *f.* a worshipper of images [adore

i-*dōl-īze*, *v. a.* to worship as a deity, to

i-*dyl*, *f.* a small short poem

if, *conj.* suppose that, allowing that

ig, *'ne-ōūs*, *a.* containing fire, emitting fire

ig, *nīp'o-tēnt*, *a.* residing over fire

ig, *nīf-fāt'u-ūs*, *f.* Will-with-the-wisp

ig, *nō'ble*, *a.* mean of birth, worthless

ig, *nō'bly*, *ad.* disgracefully, meanly

ig, *no-mīn'ī-ōūs*, *a.* disgraceful, shameful

ig, *no-mīn'ī-ōūf-ly*, *ad.* reproachfully

ig, *'no-mīn-y*, *f.* disgrace, reproach, infamy

ig, *no-rā'mūs*, *f.* a foolish fellow

ig, *'no-rānce*, *f.* want of knowledge

ig, *'no-rānt*, *a.* wanting knowledge, un-

taught: *f.* one untaught or unskilled

ig, *'no-rānt-ly*, *ad.* without knowledge, un-

skilfully

ile, *f.* a walk in a church; an ear of corn

il, *'ī-āc*, *a.* belonging to the lower bowels

ill, *f.* misery, misfortune, wickedness

ill, *a.* not in health, bad, disordered, sick

ill, *ad.* not rightly, not easily, amiss

il, *lāpse'*, *f.* gradual entrance; sudden attack

il, *lā'tion*, *f.* a conclusion, an inference

il, *lā-tīve*, *a.* that may be inferred from

il, *lāud'a-ble*, *a.* unworthy of praise

il, *lāud'a-bly*, *a.* without deserving praise

il, *lē'gāl*, *a.* contrary to law, unjust

il, *lē'gāl'ī-ty*, *f.* contrariety to law, injustice

il, *lē'gāl-ly*, *ad.* in an illegal manner

il, *lēg'ī-ble*, *a.* that cannot be read

il, *le-g, it'ī-ma-cy*, *f.* a state of bastardy

il, *le-g, it'ī-mate*, *a.* unlawfully begotten

il, *le-g, it'ī-mate-ly*, *ad.* not in wedlock

il, *lēv'ī-a-ble*, *a.* that cannot be levied

ill, *fā'vour-ēd*, *a.* of a bad countenance

ill, *fā'vour-ēd-nēfs*, *f.* deformity, ugliness

il, *lib'ér-āl*, *a.* disingenuous, mean, sparing

il, *lib-ér-āl'ī-ty*, *f.* niggardliness, parsimony

ĭl-lĭb'ér-āl-ly, *ad.* disingenuously, meanly
 ĭl-lĭç'ĭt, *a.* improper, unlawful
 ĭl-lĭght'en, *v. n.* to enlighten, illuminate
 ĭl-lĭm'ĭt-a-ble, *a.* cannot be bounded
 ĭl-lĭm'ĭt-a-bly, *a.* without susceptibility of
 ĭl-lĭm'ĭt-ĕd, *a.* interminable [bounds
 ĭl-lĭm'ĭt-ĕd-nĕss, *f.* exemption from bounds
 ĭl-lĭt'ér-ate, *a.* ignorant, untaught
 ĭl-lĭt'ér-ate-nĕss, ĭl-lĭt'ér-a-ture, *f.* want
 of learning; ignorance [manity
 ĭll-nā'ture, *f.* peevishness; want of hu-
 ĭll-nā'tur-ĕd, *a.* habitually malevolent
 ĭll-nā'tur-ĕd-ly, *ad.* in a peevish manner
 ĭll-nā'tur-ĕd-nĕss, *f.* want of kindly dis-
 position
 ĭll'nĕss, *f.* disorder, sickness, wickedness
 ĭl-lōg, ĭ-cāl, *a.* contrary to logic
 ĭl-lōg, ĭ-cāl-ly, *ad.* in an illogical manner
 ĭl-lūde', *v. a.* to deceive, mock, impose on
 ĭl-lūme, ĭl-lu'mĭne, ĭl-lū'mĭn-ate, *v. a.* to
 adorn, decorate; enlighten, supply with
 light; to brighten
 ĭl-lu-mĭ-nā'tion, *f.* a giving light; bright-
 ness; knowledge of grace
 ĭl-lū'mĭ-na-tĭve, *a.* able to give light
 ĭl-lu-mĭ-nā'tōr, *f.* one who gives light
 ĭl-lū'fĭon, *f.* false show, error, mockery
 ĭl-lū'fĭve, *a.* deceived by false show
 ĭl-lū'fo-ry, *a.* deceiving, fraudulent
 ĭl-lūs'trate, *v. a.* to explain; brighten with
 light
 ĭl-lūs-trā'tion, *f.* an exposition
 ĭl-lūs'tra-tĭve, *a.* able to elucidate [tion
 ĭl-lūs'tra-tĭve-ly, *ad.* by way of explana-
 ĭl-lūs'trĭ-ōus, *a.* conspicuous, eminent
 ĭl-lūs'trĭ-ōūs-ly, *ad.* conspicuously, nobly
 ĭl-lūs'trĭ-ōūs-nĕss, *f.* eminence, grandeur
 ĭm'age, *f.* idea; idol; likeness; a picture;
 a statue: *v. a.* to conceive in thought

ĭm'a-gĕ-ry, *f.* sensible representations
 ĭm-āg, ĭn-a-ble, *a.* possible to be conceived
 ĭm-āg, ĭn-ānt, *a.* forming ideas, imagining
 ĭm-āg, ĭn-a-ry, *a.* only in the imagination
 ĭm-āg, ĭn-ā'tion, *f.* contrivance, fancy, idea
 ĭm-āg, ĭn-a-tĭve, *a.* fantastic
 ĭm-āg, ĭne, *v. a.* to contrive, fancy, scheme
 ĭm-āg, ĭn-ér, *f.* one who forms ideas
 ĭm-be-cĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* feebleness of mind or body
 ĭm-bĭbe', *v. a.* to admit into, to drink in
 ĭm-bĭb'ér, *f.* who or what drinks or sucks
 ĭm-bĭt'tĕr, *v. a.* to make bitter; exasperate
 ĭm-bōd'y, *v. a.* to form into a body
 ĭm-bōld'en, *v. a.* to create confidence, en-
 courage
 ĭm-bō'fōm, *v. a.* to hold in the bosom; to
 love
 ĭm-bōūnd', *v. a.* to shut in; to inclose
 ĭm-bōw', *v. a.* to arch, to vault
 ĭm-bōw'ér, *v. a.* to shelter with trees
 ĭm-brōw'n', *v. a.* to make brown; to darken
 ĭm-brūe', *v. a.* to wet much, soak, steep
 ĭm-brūte', *v. a.* to degrade to brutality
 ĭm-būrse, *v. a.* to stock with money
 ĭm-ĭ-ta-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* the quality of being
 imitable [imitated
 ĭm'ĭ-ta-ble, *a.* worthy or possible to be
 ĭm'ĭ-tate, *v. a.* to copy; to counterfeit
 ĭm-ĭ-tā'tion, *f.* an attempt to resemble
 ĭm'ĭ-ta-tĭve, *a.* inclined to copy
 ĭm-ĭ-tā'tōr, *f.* one who copies or imitates
 ĭm-māc'u-late, *a.* spotless, undefiled, pure
 ĭm-mān'a-cle, *v. a.* to confine, to fetter
 ĭm'ma-nĕnt, *a.* inherent, intrinsic, internal
 ĭm-mān'ĭ-ty, *f.* barbarity, savageness
 ĭm-mār'tial, *a.* not warlike, weak
 ĭm-māsk', *v. a.* to cover, to disguise
 ĭm-ma-tĕ'ri-āl, *a.* void of matter; unim-
 portant

ĭm-ma-te-rĭ-ăl'ĭ-ty, *f.* distinctness from matter; without body, without relation
 ĭm-ma-tē'rĭ-ăl-iz-ĕd, ĭm-ma-tē'rĭ-ate, *a.* distinct from matter; without weight
 ĭm-ma-tūre', *a.* not ripe, not perfect, hasty
 ĭm-ma-tūre'ly, *ad.* too soon, too early
 ĭm-ma-tūre'ness, ĭm-ma-tū'rĭ-ty, *f.* incompleteness, unripeness
 ĭm-mēas'ur-a-ble, *a.* not to be measured
 ĭm-mēas'ur-a-bly, *ad.* immensely
 ĭm-mē'dĭ-a-cy, *f.* personal greatness
 ĭm-mē'dĭ-ate, *a.* acting by itself; instant
 ĭm-mē'dĭ-ate-ly, *ad.* without delay, instantly [to time
 ĭm-mē'dĭ-ate-ness, *f.* presence with regard
 ĭm-mēd'ĭ-ca-ble, *a.* incurable
 ĭm-mēm'o-ra-ble, *a.* not worth remembering
 ĭm-me-mō'rĭ-ă', *a.* past time of memory
 ĭm-mēnse', *a.* huge, infinite, unlimited
 ĭm-mēnse'ly, *ad.* without measure
 ĭm-mōn'fĭ-ty, *f.* unbounded greatness; infinity
 ĭm-mēn-su-ra-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* impossibility to be measured
 ĭm-mēn'su-ra-ble, *a.* not measurable
 ĭm-mēрге', *v. a.* to put under water
 ĭm-mēрге', *a.* sunk deep; buried, covered
 ĭm-mēрге', *v. a.* to sink or put under water
 ĭm-mēr'sion, *f.* a dipping under water
 ĭm-me-thōd'ĭ-căl, *a.* without method
 ĭm-me-thōd'ĭ-căl-ly, *ad.* without method
 ĭm'mĭn-ĕnce, *f.* immediate ill or danger
 ĭm-mĭn-ĕnt, *a.* impending, threatening
 ĭm-mĭs'sion, *f.* the act of sending in
 ĭm-mĭt', *v. a.* to send in
 ĭm-mĭx', *v. a.* to mingle
 ĭm-mĭx'a-ble, *a.* impossibility to be mixed
 ĭm-mo-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* unmoveableness

ĭm-mōd'ér-ate, *a.* excessive
 ĭm-mōd'ér-ate-ly, *ad.* in an excessive degree
 ĭm-mōd'ér-ā'tion, *f.* excess
 ĭm-mōd'ĕst, *a.* obscene, shameless; arrogant
 ĭm-mōd'ĕs-ty, *f.* want of modesty
 ĭm'mo-late, *v. a.* to kill in sacrifice
 ĭm-mo-lā'tion, *f.* act of sacrificing; a sacrifice offered
 ĭm-mō'mĕnt, *n.* of little value
 ĭm-mōr'ăl, *a.* irreligious; dishonest
 ĭm-mo-răl'ĭ-ty, *f.* a want of virtue; dishonesty
 ĭm-mōr'tăl, *a.* never to die; perpetual
 ĭm-mōr-tăl'ĭ-ty, *f.* exemption from death
 ĭm-mōr'tăl'ize, *v. a. & n.* to make immortal: to become immortal
 ĭm-mōr'tăl-ly, *ad.* without end
 ĭm-mōve'a-ble, *a.* firm, unshaken
 ĭm-mōve'a-bly, *ad.* in a state not to be shaken
 ĭm-mū'nĭ-ty, *f.* an exemption, privilege
 ĭm-mūre', *f.* an inclosure, a wall
 ĭm-mūre', *a.* to shut in; inclose, imprison
 ĭm-mū'fĭc-ăl, *a.* unmusical
 ĭm-mu-ta-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* invariableness, unchangeableness
 ĭm-mū'ta-ble, *a.* invariable; unalterable
 ĭm-mū'ta-bly, *ad.* unalterably, invariably
 ĭmp, *f.* an offspring, a son; a puny devil
 ĭm-păct', *v. a.* to drive close or hard
 ĭm-păzr', *v. a.* to make worse; lessen
 ĭm-păl'pa-ble, *a.* not perceptible by the touch
 ĭm-păr'ĭ-ty, *f.* disproportion, inequality
 ĭm-părk', *v. a.* to inclose with a park
 ĭm-părt', *v. a.* to grant unto; to communicate
 ĭm-păr'tial, *a.* equal, equitable

ĭm-pàr'ĩ-ăl'ĩ-ty, *f.* equitableness, justness
 ĭm-pàr'tial-ly, *ad.* equitably, honestly
 ĭm-pàrt'ĩ-ble, *a.* may be communiated
 ĭm-pàs'fa-ble, *a.* cannot be passed [ing
 ĭm-pàs-sĩ/bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* exemption from suffer-
 ĭm-pàs'fĩ-ble, *a.* incapable of suffering
 ĭm-pàs'fĩ-ble-něs, *f.* an exemption from
 ĭm-pàs'sion-ěd, *a.* seized with passion [pain
 ĭm-pàs'fĩve, *a.* incapable of suffering
 ĭm-pàs'těd, *a.* covered as with paste
 ĭm-pà'tience, *f.* uneasiness under suffering ;
 eagerness [hot
 ĭm-pà'tient, *a.* not able to endure ; eager,
 ĭm-pà'tient-ly, *ad.* eagerly, passionately
 ĭm-pàwn', *v. a.* to pledge, impignorate
 ĭm-pěach', *v. a.* to accuse by public authori-
 ĭm-pěach'a-ble, *a.* accusable [ty
 ĭm-pěach'ěr, *f.* one who accuses [ment
 ĭm-pěach'měnt, *f.* an accusation, an impedi-
 ĭm-pěarl', *v. a.* to form like pearls
 ĭm-pěc-ca-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* exemption from offence
 ĭm-pěc'ca-ble, *a.* exempt from possibility of
 ĭm-pěde', *v. a.* to hinder, let [sin
 ĭm-pěd'ĩ-měnt, *f.* hindrance, opposition
 ĭm-pěl', *v. a.* to urge forwards ; to press on
 ĭm-pěl'lěnt, *a.* power to drive forward
 ĭm-pěnd', *v. n.* to hang over ; be at hand
 ĭm-pěnd'ěnce, *f.* state of hanging over
 ĭm-pěnd'ěnt, *a.* hanging over [lity
 ĭm-pěn-e-tra-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* impenetrable qua-
 ĭm-pěn'e-tra-ble, *a.* not to be pierced or
 found out [hardness
 ĭm-pěn'e-tra-bly, *ad.* with impenetrable
 ĭm-pěn'ĩ-těnce, ĭm-pěn'ĩ-těn-cy, *f.* want
 of remorse or repentance ; disregard
 ĭm-pěn'ĩ-těnt, *a.* obdurate
 ĭm-pěn'ĩ-těnt-ly, *ad.* without repentance
 ĭm-pěr'a-tĩve, *a.* expressive of command

ĭm-pěr-cěp'tĩ-ble, *a.* not to be perceived
 ĭm-pěr-cěp'tĩ-bly, *ad.* in an imperceptible
 manner
 ĭm-pěr'fěct, *a.* not complete ; frail
 ĭm-pěr'fěc'tion, *a.* defect, failure, fault
 ĭm-pěr'fěct-ly, *ad.* not completely
 ĭm-pěr'ĩ-ăl-ĩst, *f.* one belonging to an em-
 perour
 ĭm-pěr'ĩ-ăl, *a.* belonging to an emperour
 ĭm-pěr'ĩ-oũs, *a.* arrogant, haughty
 ĭm-pěr'ĩ-oũs-ly, *ad.* arrogantly, insolently
 ĭm-pěr'ĩ-oũs-něs, *f.* arrogance of command
 ĭm-pěr'ĩsh-a-ble, *a.* not to be destroyed
 ĭm-pěr'so-nāl, *a.* not varied according to
 the persons
 ĭm-pěr'sũā'fĩ-ble, *a.* not to be persuaded
 ĭm-pěr'tĩ-něnce, *f.* folly, intrusion, trifle
 ĭm-pěr'tĩ-něnt, *f.* a meddler, trifier
 ĭm-pěr'tĩ-něnt, *a.* foolish, intrusive, med-
 ĭm-pěr'tĩ-něnt-ly, *ad.* officiously [dling
 ĭm-pěr'vĩ-oũs, *a.* inaccessible, unpassable
 ĭm-pěr'vĩ-oũs-něs, *f.* state of not admit-
 ting any passage
 ĭm'pe-tra-ble, *a.* possible to be obtained
 ĭm-pět-u-ŏs'ĩ-ty, *f.* fury, violence, force
 ĭm-pět'u-oũs, *a.* fierce, hot, vehement
 ĭm-pět'u-oũs-ly, *ad.* vehemently, violently
 ĭm-pět'u-oũs-něs, *f.* vehemence, fury
 ĭm'pe-tũs, *f.* a violent effort
 ĭm-pĩ'e-ty, *f.* irreverence, wickedness
 ĭm-pĩgn'o-rate, *v. a.* to pawn, to pledge
 ĭm-pĩnge', *v. n.* to dash against ; to clash
 ĭm'pĩ-oũs, *a.* irreligious, prophane [with
 ĭm'pĩ-oũs-ly, *ad.* prophanely, wickedly
 ĭm-plăc-a-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* inexorable state ; deep
 malice
 ĭm-plăc'a-ble, *a.* not to be appeased
 ĭm-plăc'a-bly, *ad.* with constant enmity

ĩm-plānt', *v. a.* to ingraft, infix, insert
 ĩm-plāu'fĩ-ble, *a.* not specious; absurd
 ĩm'ple-mēnt, *f.* an instrument, tool, vessel
 ĩm-plē'tion, *f.* act of filling; state of being
 ĩm-plēx', *a.* entangled, intricate [full
 ĩm'plĩ-cate, *v. a.* to entangle, embarrass
 ĩm-plĩ-cā'tion, *f.* a tacit inference; an in-
 volution [ed
 ĩm-plĩç'it, *a.* resting upon another; involv-
 ĩm-plĩç'it-ly, *ad.* by inference, dependently
 ĩm-plōre', *v. a.* to ask, beseech
 ĩm-plōr'ér, *f.* one who implores or solicits
 ĩm-ply', *v. a.* to comprise, cover, infold
 ĩm-pōi'son, *v. a.* to kill by poison
 ĩm-pōi'ĩ-tic, ĩm-po-lĩt'ic, *a.* imprudent
 ĩm-po-lĩt'ĩ-cāl-ly, *ad.* without forecast
 ĩm-pō'rous, *a.* free from pores; compact
 ĩm'port, *f.* importance, meaning; things
 imported
 ĩm-pōrt', *v. a.* to bring from abroad; to
 imply
 ĩm-pōrt'ānce, *f.* matter, moment, subject
 ĩm-pōrt'ānt, *a.* of consequence
 ĩm-pōr-tā'tion, *f.* a bringing from abroad
 ĩm-pōrt'ér, *f.* one who brings from abroad
 ĩm-pōrt'less, *a.* of no consequence
 ĩm-pōr'tu-nate, *a.* incessant in solicitations
 ĩm-pōr'tu-nate-ly, *ad.* with incessant solici-
 tations [tion
 ĩm-pōr'tu-nate-nēss, *f.* incessant solici-
 ĩm-pōr-tūne', *v. a.* to tease with solici-
 tations: *a.* troublesome; unseasonable
 ĩm-pōr-tūne'ly, *ad.* incessantly, unseason-
 ably
 ĩm-pō-tū'nĩ-ty, *f.* incessant solicitation
 ĩm-pōse', *f.* command, injunction: *v. a.* to
 injoin as a duty; to deceive
 ĩm-pōse'a-ble, *a.* what may be imposed

ĩm-pōs'ér, *f.* one who enjoins
 ĩm-po-sĩ'tion, *f.* a cheat; injunction; op-
 pression
 ĩm-pōs'fĩ-ble, *a.* impracticable
 ĩm-pōs-fĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* impossible state
 ĩm'post, *f.* a custom to be paid; a toll
 ĩm-pōst'hume, *f.* matter gathered in an ab-
 scess
 ĩm-pōs'tōr, *f.* one who cheats by a feigned
 character
 ĩm-pōs'ture, *f.* a cheat, a fraud
 ĩm'po-tēnce, *f.* want of power, incapacity
 ĩm'po-tēnt, *a.* disabled by nature or disease
 ĩm'po-tēnt-ly, *ad.* without power, weakly
 ĩm-pōũnd', *v. a.* to shut up in a pinfold
 ĩm-prāc'tĩ-ca-ble, *a.* impossible, unattainable
 ĩm-prāc'tĩ-ca-ble-nēss, *f.* impossibility
 ĩm'pre-cate, *v. a.* to call for, invoke evil
 ĩm-pre-cā'tion, *f.* an invocation of evil; a
 curse
 ĩm-prēgn', *v. a.* to fill with young; to fill
 with any matter or quality
 ĩm-prēg'na-ble, *a.* not to be taken
 ĩm-prēg'nate, *v. a.* to fill with young, to
 make prolific, to saturate
 ĩm-prēg-nā'tion, *f.* act of making fruitful
 ĩm-prēp-ār-ā'tion, *f.* want of preparation
 ĩm-prēss', *v. a.* to force, stamp; fix deep
 ĩm-prēss'ion, *f.* an edition; influence, mark
 ĩm-prēss'fĩ-ble, *a.* may be impressed
 ĩm-prēss'ure, *f.* the mark made by the
 pressure
 ĩm-prĩ'mis, *ad.* in the first place
 ĩm-prĩnt', *v. a.* to fix in the mind, to print
 ĩm-prĩs'on, *v. a.* to shut up in a prison
 ĩm-prĩs'on-mēnt, *f.* confinement in prison;
 clauſure
 ĩm-prōb-a-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* unlikelihood

ĩm-pröb'a-ble, *a.* incredible, unlikely
 ĩm-pröb'a-bly, *ad.* without likelihood
 ĩm-prö'bate, *v. a.* not to approve
 ĩm-pro-bä'tion, *f.* the act of disallowing
 ĩm-pröb'ĩ-ty, *f.* baseness, dishonesty
 ĩm-pro-lĩf'ĩ-cate, *v. a.* to make fruitful
 ĩm-pröp'ér, *a.* not just, unfit, unqualified
 ĩm-pröp'ér-ly, *ad.* not exactly, unfitly
 ĩm-pro-prĩ'e-ty, *f.* inaccuracy, unfitness
 ĩm-pröve'a-ble, *a.* may be improved
 ĩm-pröve'a-ble-něs, *f.* capableness of being made better
 ĩm-pröve', *v. a.* to raise from good to better
 ĩm-pröve'měnt, *f.* an advancement; education
 ĩm-pröv'ér, *f.* who or what makes better
 ĩm-pröv'ĩ-děnce, *f.* want of forethought
 ĩm-pröv'ĩ-děnt, *a.* wanting thought
 ĩm-pröv'ĩ-děnt-ly, *ad.* without care
 ĩm-pro-vĩf'ĩón, *f.* want of care
 ĩm-prũ'děnce, *f.* want of prudence, indiscretion
 ĩm-prũ'děnt, *a.* wanting prudence
 ĩm-prũ'děnt-ly, *ad.* indiscreetly
 ĩm'pu-děnce, *f.* immodesty, shamelessness
 ĩm'pu-děnt, *a.* wanting modesty, shameless
 ĩm'pu-děnt-ly, *ad.* shamelessly
 ĩm-pũgn', *v. a.* to attack, assault, invade
 ĩm-pũgn'ér, *f.* who attacks or invades
 ĩm-pu-ĩf'fānce, *f.* inability, impotence
 ĩm'pũlse, *f.* communicated force; idea; motive
 ĩm-pũl'fion, *f.* an influence on the mind or body
 ĩm-pũl'fĩve, *a.* moving [ment
 ĩm-pũ'nĩ-ty, *f.* an exemption from punish-
 ĩm-pũre', *a.* drossy, unchaste, unholy
 ĩm-pũre'ly, *ad.* with impurity

ĩm-pũ'rĩ-ty, *f.* want of holiness or cleanness
 ĩm-pũr'ple, *v. a.* to colour with purple
 ĩm-pũ'ta-ble, *a.* accusable
 ĩm-pũ'ta-ble-něs, *f.* the quality of being imputable
 ĩm-pu-tā'tion, *f.* a charge; censure
 ĩm-pũ'ta-tĩve, *a.* that which may impute
 ĩm-pũte', *v. a.* to attribute good or ill
 ĩm-pũt'ér, *f.* he who imputes
 ĩn, *prep.* within some place: *ad.* at home
 ĩn-a-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* want of power
 ĩn-āb'fĩn-ěnce, *f.* want of power to abstain; intemperance [reached
 ĩn-āc-cěf'fĩ-ble, *a.* not to be approached or
 ĩn-āc'cu-ra-cy, *f.* a want of exactness
 ĩn-āc'cu-rate, *a.* not accurate, not exact
 ĩn-āc'tion, *f.* cessation from labour
 ĩn-āc'tĩve, *a.* at rest, idle, indolent, sluggish
 ĩn-āc'tĩve-ly, *ad.* idly, without labour
 ĩn-āc'tĩv'ĩ-ty, *f.* idleness, rest, sluggishness
 ĩn-ād'e-quāte, *a.* not equal, defective
 ĩn-ād'e-quāte-ly, *ad.* defectively
 ĩn-ād-vért'ěnce, ĩn-ād-vért'ěnc-y, *f.* inatten-
 tion, negligence, carelessness
 ĩn-ād-vért'ěnt, *a.* careless, heedless
 ĩn-ād-vért'ěnt-ly, *ad.* carelessly, negligently
 ĩn-āl'ĩ-ěn-a-ble, *a.* cannot be alienated
 ĩn-ām-o-rā'tō, *f.* a lover, one in love
 ĩn-āne', *a.* void, empty
 ĩn-an'ĩ-mate, *a.* void of life, without anima-
 tion
 ĩn-āp'plĩ-ca-ble, *a.* not to be applied
 ĩn-āp'plĩ-cā'tion, *f.* indolence, negligence
 ĩn-ār'a-ble, *a.* not capable of tillage
 ĩn-ār-tĩc'u-late, *a.* not uttered distinctly
 ĩn-ār-tĩc'u-late-ly, *ad.* confusedly, indistinct-
 ly
 ĩn-ār-tĩc'u-late-něs, *f.* confusion of sounds

ĭn-àr-tĩ-fĩ'cial, *a.* contrary to art
 ĭn-àr-tĩ-fĩ'cial-ly, *ad.* without art
 ĭn-àt-těn'tion, *f.* disregard, negligence, neglect
 ĭn-àt-těn'tive, *a.* careless
 ĭn-âu'dĩ-ble, *a.* not to be heard, void of sound
 ĭn-âuf-pĩ'cious, *a.* unfortunate, unlucky
 ĭn/be-ing, *f.* inherence, inseparableness
 ĭn/börn, *a.* implanted by nature, innate
 ĭn-brēat,h'ēd, *a.* infused by inspiration
 ĭn/brēd, *a.* bred or generated within
 ĭn-cāge', *v. a.* to coop up, to shut up
 ĭn-cān-tā'tion, *f.* enchantment, sorcery
 ĭn-cān'tōn, *v. a.* to join to a separate community
 ĭn-ca-pa-bĩl'ĩ-ty, ĭn-cā'pa-ble-nēs, *f.* a disqualification, inability natural
 ĭn-ca-pa-ble, *a.* disqualified, unable
 ĭn-ca-pā'cious, *f.* narrow [space
 ĭn-ca-pā'cious-nēs, *f.* want of containing
 ĭn-ca-pāç'ĩ-tate, *v. a.* to disable, disqualify
 ĭn-ca-pāç'ĩ-ty, *f.* inability
 ĭn-cār'ce-rate, *v. a.* to confine, imprison
 ĭn-cār-ce-rā'tion, *f.* imprisonment [flesh
 ĭn-cār'n', *v. a. & n.* to cover with or breed
 ĭn-cār'nate, *a.* clothed with flesh : *v. a.* to clothe in, or embody with flesh
 ĭn-cār-nā'tion, *f.* act of assuming a body
 ĭn-cāse', *v. a.* to inclose, to inwrap
 ĭn-cāu'tious, *a.* careless, heedless, unwary
 ĭn-cāu'tious-ly, *ad.* heedlessly, unwarily
 ĭn-cēn'dĩ-a-ry, *f.* one who sets houses on fire; one who inflames factions, or promotes quarrels
 ĭn'cēnse, *f.* a perfume
 ĭn'cēnse', *v. a.* to enrage, to provoke
 ĭn-cēnse'mēnt, *f.* fury, heat, rage, passion

ĭn-cēn'sion, *f.* act of kindling or burning
 ĭn-cēn'sór, *f.* who provokes or inflames
 ĭn-cēn'so-ry, *f.* a vessel for incense
 ĭn-cēn'tive, *f.* an incitement, spur, motive,
 ĭn-cēn'tive, *a.* encouraging, inciting
 ĭn-cēp'tion, *f.* a beginning, commencement
 ĭn-cēp'tive, *a.* noting beginning
 ĭn-cēp'tór, *f.* a beginner, one in his rudiments
 ĭn-cér'tĩ-tude, *f.* doubtfulness, uncertainty
 ĭn-cēs'sānt, *a.* continual, uninterrupted
 ĭn-cēs'sānt-ly, *ad.* without intermission
 ĭn'cēst, *f.* a conjunction of parties prohibited
 ĭn-cēst'u-ous, *a.* guilty of incest
 ĭn-cēst'u-ous-ly, *ad.* with unnatural love
 ĭnch, *f.* the twelfth part of a foot; a small quantity; a nice point of time : *v. a. & n.* to drive, or deal out by inches : to advance or retire a little at a time
 ĭnch'ēd, *a.* having inches in length or breadth
 ĭnch'ĩ-pĩn, *f.* some of the inside of a deer
 ĭnch'mēal, *f.* a piece an inch long
 ĭn'cĩ-dēnce, ĭn'cĩ-dēnt, *f.* an accident; casualty
 ĭn'cĩ-dēnt, ĭn-cĩ-dēnt'āl, *a.* casual, fortuitous, happening beside expectation
 ĭn-cĩ-dēnt'āl-ly, ĭn'cĩ-dēnt'ly, *ad.* occasionally
 ĭn-cĩp'ĩ-ēnt, *a.* beginning, commencing
 ĭn-cĩr-cũm-spēc'tion, *f.* want of caution
 ĭn-cĩs'ēd, *a.* made by cutting
 ĭn-cĩ'sion, *f.* a wound made by a sharp instrument
 ĭn-cĩs'ure, *f.* an aperture [pulse
 ĭn-cĩ-tā'tion, *f.* an incentive; motion, impulse
 ĭn-cĩte', *v. a.* to stir up, animate, spur
 ĭn-cĩte'mēnt, *f.* incentive; motive, impulse

ĩn-cĩv'ĩl, *a.* unpolished, unpolite
 ĩn-cĩ-vĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* want of civility, rudeness
 ĩn-clēm'ēn-cy, *f.* cruelty, harshness
 ĩn-clēm'ēnt, *a.* harsh, rough, unmerciful
 ĩn-clĩn'a-ble, *a.* favourably disposed
 ĩn-clĩ-nā'tion, *f.* a tendency to a point, af-
 fection
 ĩn-clĩ'na-to-ry, *a.* inclining to one side
 ĩn-clĩne, *v. a. & n.* to bend, lean: be dis-
 ĩn-clĩp', *v. a.* to inclose, to grasp [posed
 ĩn-clōûd', *v. a.* to darken, obscure; perplex
 ĩn-clūde', *v. a.* to comprehend, inclose
 ĩn-clū'sĩve, *a.* comprehending [count
 ĩn-clū'sĩve-ly, *ad.* reckoned into the ac-
 ĩn-co-ēx-ĩst'ēnce, *f.* the not existing toge-
 ĩn-cōg', *ad.* in private, unknown [ther
 ĩn-cōg', ĩ-tān-cy, *f.* want of thought
 ĩn-cōg', ĩ-ta-tĩve, *a.* wanting in thought
 ĩn-cōg'nĩ-to, *ad.* in a state of concealment
 ĩn-co-hē'rēnce, ĩn-co-hē'rēn-cy, *f.* want of
 connection, looseness of material parts
 ĩn-co-hē'rent, *a.* inconsistent, loose
 ĩn-co-hē'rent-ly, *ad.* inconsistently [fir
 ĩn-cōm-bũst-ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* power of resisting
 ĩn-cōm-bũst'ĩ-ble, *a.* not to be consumed by
 fire
 ĩn'cōme, *f.* revenue
 ĩn-cōm-mēn'fũ-ra-ble, *a.* not to be measured
 ĩn-cōm-mēn'fũ-rate, *a.* not measurable
 ĩn-cōm-mōde', *v. a.* to embarrass, to hinder
 ĩn-cōm-mō'dĩ-ōũs, *a.* inconvenient
 ĩn-cōm-mō'dĩ-ōũs-ly, *ad.* inconveniently
 ĩn-cōm-mō'dĩ-ōũs-nēss, ĩn-cōm-mōd'ĩ-ty, *f.*
 inconvenience, trouble, vexation
 ĩn-cōm-mũ'nĩ-ca-ble, *a.* not to be commu-
 nicated
 ĩn-cōm-mũ'nĩ-ca-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* the quality of
 not being impartible

ĩn-cōm-pāct', *a.* not joined
 ĩn-cōm'pa-ra-ble, *a.* above compare
 ĩn-cōm'pa-ra-bly, *ad.* beyond comparison
 ĩn-cōm-pā'sĩon-ate, *a.* void of pity
 ĩn-cōm-pāt-ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* inconsistency, in-
 congruity
 ĩn-cōm-pāt'ĩ-ble, *a.* inconsistent
 ĩn-cōm-pāt'ĩ-bly, *ad.* inconsistently
 ĩn-cōm'pē-tēn-cy, *f.* inability, insufficiency
 ĩn-cōm'pē-tēnt, *a.* not adequate, unsuit-
 able
 ĩn-cōm'pē-tēnt-ly, *ad.* unsuitably, unduly
 ĩn-cōm-plēte', *a.* not finished, not perfect
 ĩn-cōm-plēte'nēss, *f.* unfinished state
 ĩn-cōm-plĩ'ānce, *f.* disobedience, untract-
 ĩn-cōm-pō'sēd, *a.* discomposed [ablēness
 ĩn-cōm-pre-hēn'fĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* inconceivable-
 ness
 ĩn-cōm-pre-hēn'fĩ-ble, *a.* not to be conceived
 ĩn-cōm-pre-hēn'fĩ-ble-nēss, *f.* inconceivable-
 ness
 ĩn-cōm-pre-hēn'fĩ-bly, *ad.* inconceivably
 ĩn-cōn-cēal'a-ble, *a.* not to be kept secret
 ĩn-cōn-cēiv'a-ble, *a.* incomprehensible
 ĩn-cōn-cēiv'a-bly, *ad.* beyond comprehen-
 sion
 ĩn-cōn-cēp'tĩ-ble, *a.* not to be conceived
 ĩn-cōn-clū'dēnt, *a.* inferring no consequence
 ĩn-cōn-clū'sĩve, *a.* not convincing
 ĩn-cōn-clū'sĩve-nēss, *f.* want of rational con-
 viction [unripened
 ĩn-cōn-cōct', ĩn-cōn-cōct'ēd, *a.* indigested,
 ĩn-cōn-cōct'ion, *f.* indigested state
 ĩn-cōn-cũr'rĩng, *a.* not agreeing or uniting
 ĩn-cōn-dĩ'tion-āl, *a.* unlimited, unrestrained
 ĩn-cōn-grũ'ĩ-ty, ĩn-cōn'grũ-ōũs, *f.* disagree-
 ment, inconsistency
 ĩn-cōn'grũ-ōũs, *a.* not fitting, inconsistent

ĭn-cōn'gru-ōŭs-ly, *ad.* improperly [trifling
 ĭn-cōn-fīd'ēr-a-ble, *a.* unworthy of notice,
 ĭn-cōn-fīd'ēr-a-ble-nēss, *f.* trifling value
 ĭn-cōn-fīd'ēr-ate, *a.* careless, inattentive
 ĭn-cōn-fīd'ēr-ate-ly, *ad.* thoughtlessly
 ĭn-cōn-fīd'ēr-ate-nēss, *f.* want of thought
 ĭn-cōn-fīd'ēr-ā'tion, *f.* want of prudence
 ĭn-cōn-fīf'tēn-cy, *f.* incongruity
 ĭn-cōn-fīf'tēnt, *a.* incompatible, absurd
 ĭn-cōn-fīf'tēnt-ly, *ad.* absurdly, contradic-
 torily
 ĭn-cōn-fīf'tīng, *a.* incompatible with
 ĭn-cōn-sō'la-ble, *a.* not to be comforted
 ĭn-cōn-spīc'u-ōŭs, *a.* not discernible
 ĭn-cōn'stān-cy, *f.* fickleness, unsteadiness
 ĭn-cōn'stānt, *a.* not firm, variable
 ĭn-cōn-sūm'a-ble, ĭn-cōn-sūmp'tī-ble, *a.* not
 to be spent, not be brought to an
 end
 ĭn-cōn-tēst'a-ble, *a.* incontrovertible
 ĭn-cōn-tēst'a-bly, *ad.* indisputably
 ĭn-cōn'tī-nēnce, ĭn-cōn'tī-nēn-cy, *f.* intem-
 perance, unchastity
 ĭn-cōn'tī-nēnt, *a.* unchaste
 ĭn-cōn'tī-nēnt-ly, *ad.* unchastely
 ĭn-cōn-tro-vért'ī-bly, *ad.* certainly, indis-
 putably
 ĭn-cōn-vē'nī-ēnce, ĭn-cōn-vē'nī-ēn-cy, *f.* dis-
 advantage, unfitness; difficulty
 ĭn-cōn-vē'nī-ēnt, *a.* incommodious, unfit
 ĭn-cōn-vē'nī-ēnt-ly, *ad.* incommodiously
 ĭn-cōn-vér'sa-ble, *a.* unsocial, incommuni-
 cative
 ĭn-cōn-vért'ī-ble, *a.* not to be changed
 ĭn-cōn-vīn'cī-ble, *a.* not to be convinced
 ĭn-cōn-yīn'cī-bly, *ad.* without admitting
 conviction
 ĭn-cōr-po-rāl, *a.* distinct from matter

ĭn-cōr-po-rāl'ī-ty, *f.* immateriality
 ĭn-cōr'po-rāl-ly, *ad.* without matter
 ĭn-cōr'po-rāte, *a.* immaterial, unbodied
v. a. to form into one body; to mix
 ĭn-cōr-po-rā'tion, *f.* an union of divers in-
 gredients; association [body
 ĭn-cōr-pō're-āl, *a.* incorporate, distinct from
 ĭn-cōr-pō're-āl-ly, *ad.* immaterially
 ĭn-cōr-po-rē'ī-ty, *f.* distinctness from body
 ĭn-cōr'pse', *v. a.* to incorporate
 ĭn-cōr'rēct', *a.* not accurate
 ĭn-cōr'rēct'ly, *ad.* inaccurately [curacy
 ĭn-cōr'rēct'nēss, *f.* want of exactness, inae-
 ĭn-cōr-rī-g,ī-ble, *a.* bad beyond amendment
 ĭn-cōr-rī-g,ī-ble-nēss, *f.* hopeless depravity
 ĭn-cōr-rī-g,ī-bly, *ad.* beyond hopes of a-
 mendment
 ĭn-cōr-rūpt', ĭn-cōr-rūpt'ēd, *a.* free from
 depravation, pure of manners, good
 ĭn-cōr-rūpt-ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* incapacity of de-
 cay
 ĭn-cōr-rūpt'ī-ble, *a.* not admitting decay
 ĭn-cōr-rūpt'ion, *f.* incapacity of corruption
 ĭn-cōr-rūpt'nēss, *f.* purity of conduct
 ĭn-crāf'sate, *v. a.* to thicken [ing
 ĭn-crāf'fā'tion, *f.* the act or state of thicken-
 ĭn-crēase, *f.* an augmentation, produce
 ĭn-crēase', *v. a. & n.* to make greater: to
 grow greater
 ĭn-crēas'er, *f.* he who increases
 ĭn-crēd-ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of surpassing
 belief
 ĭn-crēd'ī-ble, *a.* not to be believed
 ĭn-crēd'ī-ble-nēss, *f.* quality of being not
 credible [lieved
 ĭn-crēd'ī-bly, *ad.* in a manner not to be be-
 ĭn-crē-dū'lī-ty, *f.* hardness of belief
 ĭn-crēd'u-lōŭs, *a.* refusing credit

ĩn-crĕd'/u-louſ-nĕſs, *f.* incredulity [ter
 ĩn-crŭſt', *v. a.* to cover with additional mat-
 ĩn-crŭſ-tā'tion, *f.* something superinduced
 ĩn'cu-bate, *v. n.* to sit upon eggs
 ĩn-cu-bā'tion, *f.* the act of sitting upon eggs
 ĩn'cu-bŭs, *f.* the night-mare
 ĩn-cŭl'cate, *v. a.* to impress by frequent ad-
 monition, to instruct
 ĩn-cŭl-cā'tion, *f.* admonitory repetition; in-
 struction
 ĩn-cŭl'pa-ble, *a.* just; unblameable, not re-
 prehensible
 ĩn-cŭl'pa-bly, *ad.* unblameably [tillage
 ĩn-cŭlt', *a.* uncultivated, not improved by
 ĩn-cŭl'pa-ble, *a.* unblameable
 ĩn-cŭl'pa-bly, *ad.* unblameably
 ĩn-cŭm'bĕn-cy, *f.* the state of keeping a
 benefice: the act of lying upon another
 ĩn-cŭm'bĕnt, *a.* imposed as a duty, resting
 upon: *f.* one who possesses a benefice
 ĩn-cŭm'bĕr, *v. a.* to embarrass
 ĩn-cŭt', *v. n.* to become liable, to occur
 ĩn-cŭ'ra-ble, *a.* not to be cured, hopeless
 ĩn-cŭ'ra-ble-nĕſs, *f.* utter insusceptibility of
 ĩn-cŭ'ra-bly, *ad.* without remedy [remedy
 ĩn-cŭ'rĭ-ouſ, *a.* heedless, inattentive
 ĩn-cŭr'ſion, *f.* an attack, invasion, inroad
 ĩn-cŭr'vate, *v. a.* to bend, to bow
 ĩn-cŭr-vā'tion, *f.* act of bowing or bending
 ĩn-cŭr'vĭ-ty, *f.* crookedness
 ĩn-dārt', *v. a.* to strike in
 ĩn-dĕbt', *v. a.* to put into debt; to oblige
 ĩn-dĕbt'ĕd, *a.* obliged to or by, bound to
 restitution
 ĩn-dĕ'cĕn-cy, *f.* any thing unbecoming
 ĩn-dĕ'cĕnt, *a.* unbecoming [decency
 ĩn-dĕ'cĕnt-ly, *ad.* in a manner contrary to
 ĩn-dĕ'clĭn'a-ble, *a.* not varied by terminations

ĩn-de-cō'rŭm, *f.* indecency
 ĩn-dĕed, *ad.* in truth, in reality
 ĩn-de-fāt'ĭ-ga-ble, *a.* unwearied with labour
 ĩn-de-fāt'ĭ-ga-bly, *a.* without weariness
 ĩn-de-fĕa'ĭ-ble, *a.* irrevocable, not to be
 cut off
 ĩn-de-fĕn'ſĭ-ble, *a.* not to be defended
 ĩn-def'ĭn-ĭte, *a.* indeterminate, unlimited
 ĩn-dĕf'ĭn-ĭte-ly, *ad.* in an unlimited manner
 ĩn-dĕ-fĭn'ĭ-tŭde, *f.* unlimited quantity
 ĩn-de-lĭb'ĕr-ate, ĩn-de-lĭb'ĕr-at-ĕd, *a.* done
 without consideration
 ĩn-dĕ'lĭ-ble, *a.* not to be blotted out
 ĩn-dĕl'ĭ-ĕa-cy, *f.* want of delicacy
 ĩn-dĕl'ĭ-ĕate, *a.* wanting delicacy [loss
 ĩn-dĕm-nĭ-fĭ-cā'tion, *f.* reimbursement of
 ĩn-dĕm'nĭ-fŷ, *v. a.* to maintain unhurt;
 to secure against loss or penalty
 ĩn-dĕm'nĭ-ty, *f.* an exemption from pun-
 ishment
 ĩn-dĕnt', *f.* inequality, indentation
 ĩn-dĕnt', *v. a. & n.* to mark with inequali-
 ties: to bargain, to contract
 ĩn-dĕnt-ā'tion, ĩn-dĕnt'ure, *f.* a covenant
 or deed
 ĩn-de-pĕnd'ĕnce, ĩn-de-pĕnd'ĕn-cy, *f.* an
 exemption from control
 ĩn-de-pĕnd'ĕnt, *a.* not controllable, free
 ĩn-de-pĕnd'ĕnts, *f.* a sect of dissenters
 ĩn-de-pĕnd'ĕnt-ly, *ad.* without reference to
 other things
 ĩn-dĕ'fĕrt', *f.* want of merit
 ĩn-de-ſtruc'tĭ-ble, *a.* not to be destroyed
 ĩn-de-tĕr'mĭ-na-ble, *a.* not to be fixed
 ĩn-de-tĕr'mĭn-ate, *a.* indefinite [ner
 ĩn-de-tĕr'mĭn-ate-ly, *a.* in an unsettled man-
 ĩn-de-tĕr'mĭn-ĕd, *a.* unfixed, unsettled

ĭn-de-tér-mĭn-ā'tion, *f.* want of determination
ĭn-de-vō'tion, *f.* irreligion [ation
ĭn-de-vōūt', *a.* not devout; irreligious
ĭn'dēx, *f.* a pointer out, a table of contents
ĭn-dēx-tēr'ī-ty, *f.* awkwardness
ĭn/dī-cate, *v. a.* to point out, to show
ĭn-dī-cā'tion, *f.* a mark, sign, symptom
ĭn-dīc'a-tīve, *a.* affirming, shewing
ĭn-dīc'a-tīve-ly, *ad.* in an indicative manner
ĭn-dīct', *v. a.* to accuse, to charge; to com-
 pose
ĭn-dīc'tion, *f.* a declaration; a proclama-
 tion; fifteen years
ĭn-dīf'fēr-ēnce, *ĭn-dīf'fēr-ēn-cy*, *f.* negli-
 gence, unconcernedness, neutrality
ĭn-dīf'fēr-ēnt, *a.* impartial, regardless, to-
 lerable; neutral
ĭn-dīf'fēr-ēnt-ly, *ad.* impartially, tolerably
ĭn/dī-g,ēnce, *f.* poverty, want, penury
ĭn/dī-g,ēnt, *a.* in want, empty, poor
ĭn-dī-g,ēst'ēd, *a.* not formed, not digested
ĭn-dī-g,ēst'ī-ble, *a.* not to be digested
ĭn-dī-g,ēst'ion, *f.* state of meats unconcocted
ĭn-dīgn', *a.* bringing indignity, unworthy
ĭn-dīg'nānt, *a.* angry, enraged [tempt
ĭn-dīg-nā'tion, *f.* anger mixed with con-
ĭn-dīg'nī-ty, *f.* an insult, contemptuous
 injury
ĭn/dī-go, *f.* a plant for dying blue; *anil*
ĭn-dī-rēct', *a.* not straight; not honest [ness
ĭn-dī-rēc'tion, *f.* dishonest practice, unfair-
ĭn-dī-rēc't'ly, *ad.* obliquely; not in express
 terms; unfairly
ĭn-dī-rēc't'nēs, *f.* obliquity, unfairness
ĭn-dīf-cérn'ī-ble, *a.* not perceptible
ĭn-dīf-cérn'ī-bly, *ad.* in a manner not to be
 perceived [cautious
ĭn-dīf-crēt', *a.* impudent, injudicious, in-

ĭn-dīf-crēt'ly, *ad.* foolishly
ĭn-dīf-crē'tion, *f.* imprudence, inconsider-
 ation, rashness
ĭn-dīf-crīm'ĭn-ate, *a.* undistinguishable
ĭn-dīf-crīm'ĭn-ate-ly, *ad.* without distinc-
 tion [cessary
ĭn-dīf-pēn'sa-ble, *a.* not to be spared; ne-
ĭn-dīf-pēn'sa-ble-nēs, *f.* necessity
ĭn-dīf-pēn'sa-bly, *ad.* necessarily
ĭn-dīf-pōſe', *v. a.* to make unfit for, to
 disorder; to disqualify
ĭn-dīf-pōſ'ēd-nēs, *f.* illness, sickness, de-
 praved state
ĭn-dīf-pōſ'ī'tion, *f.* disorder of health
ĭn-dīf-pū'ta-ble, *a.* not to be disputed
ĭn-dīf-pū'ta-ble-nēs, *a.* state of being indi-
 putable
ĭn-dīf-pū'ta-bly, *ad.* without controversy
ĭn-dīf-ſōl'va-ble, *a.* not separable as to its
ĭn-dīf-ſō-lu-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* stableness [parts
ĭn-dīf'ſō-lu-ble, *a.* binding for ever; firm
ĭn-dīf'ſō-lu-ble-nēs, *f.* firmness, stableness
ĭn-dīf'ſō-lu-bly, *ad.* in a manner resisting all
 separation; for ever obligatorily
ĭn-dīf-tīnēt', *a.* confused
ĭn-dīf-tīnēc'tion, *f.* confusion, uncertainty
ĭn-dīf-tīnēc't'ly, *ad.* confusedly, uncertainly
ĭn-dīf-tīnēc't-nēs, *f.* obscurity, indistinction
ĭn-dīte', *v. a.* to compose a letter, &c.
ĭn-dī-vīd'u-āl, *f.* every single person: *a.*
 not to be divided; single
ĭn-dī-vīd'u-āl'ī-ty, *f.* distinct or separate ex-
 istence
ĭn-dī-vīd'u-āl-ly, *ad.* with separate exist-
 ence; numerically [vision
ĭn-dī-vī-ſī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* impossibility of di-
ĭn-dī-vīl'ī-ble, not to be divided
ĭn-dī-vīſ'ī-bly, *ad.* so as not to be divided

ĩn-dō'cĭ-ble, *a.* unsusceptible of instruction
 ĩn-dō'cile, *a.* incapable of instruction; untractable
 ĩn-do-cĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* unteachableness
 ĩn'do-lēnce, *f.* inattention, laziness
 ĩn'do-lēnt, *a.* careless, inattentive, lazy
 ĩn'do-lēnt-ly, *ad.* carelessly, lazily, listlessly
 ĩn-dōw', *v. a.* to portion, to enrich with gifts
 ĩn-drēnch', *v. a.* to drown, to soak
 ĩn-dū'bĭ-ous, ĩn-dū'bĭ-ta-ble, *a.* certain, undoubted; not questionable
 ĩn-dū'bĭ-ta-bly, *ad.* certainly
 ĩn-dūce', *v. a.* to prevail with; to introduce
 ĩn-dūce'mēnt, *f.* motive; incitement
 ĩn-dūc'ér, *f.* who persuades or influences
 ĩn-dūct', *v. a.* to put in possession, to bring in
 ĩn-dūc'tion, *f.* the taking possession, entrance
 ĩn-dūc'tīve, *a.* persuasive, leading to
 ĩn-dūe', *v. a.* to invest
 ĩn-dūlge', *v. a.* to favour, gratify, humour
 ĩn-dūl'g,ēnce, *f.* fondness, forbearance
 ĩn-dūl'g,ēnt, *a.* favouring, kind, gratifying
 ĩn-dūl'g,ēnt-ly, *ad.* favourably
 ĩn-dūrate, *v. a. & n.* to harden: to grow hard
 ĩn-du-rā'tion, *f.* the act or state of hardening; obduracy
 ĩn-dūl'trĭ-ous, *a.* laborious, assiduous; designed
 ĩn'dūl'trĭ-ous-ly, *ad.* diligently; designedly
 ĩn'dūf-try, *f.* diligence, endeavour, assiduity
 ĩn-ē'brĭ-ate, *v. a. & n.* to make or become drunk
 ĩn-e-brĭ-ā'tion, *f.* drunkenness, intoxication
 ĩn-ēf-fa-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* unspeakableness
 ĩn-ēf'fa-ble, *a.* unspeakable
 ĩn-ēf-fa-bly, *ad.* in a manner not to be expressed

ĩn-ēf-fēc'tīve, *a.* producing no effect
 ĩn-ēf-fēc't/tu-āl, *a.* without effect; weak
 ĩn-ēf-fēc'tu-āl-ly, *ad.* without effect
 ĩn-ēf-fēc'tu-āl-nēss, *f.* want of power; weakness [effects
 ĩn-ēf-fĭ-cā'cious, *a.* weak, unable to produce
 ĩn-ēf-fĭ-ca-cy, *f.* want of power or effect
 ĩn-ēl'e-gānt, *a.* contemptible, mean, not becoming
 ĩn-ēl'o-qūēnt, *a.* not persuasive [coming
 ĩn-ēpt', *a.* foolish, unfit, useless, trifling
 ĩn-ēpt'ly, *ad.* foolishly, unfitly, triflingly
 ĩn-e-qūāl'ĭ-ty, *f.* unevenness; disproportion
 ĩn-ért', *a.* dull, motionless, inactive
 ĩn-ért'ly, *ad.* sluggishly, lazily, slowly
 ĩn-ēf'tĭm-a-ble, *a.* too valuable to be rated
 ĩn-ēv'ĭ-dēnt, *a.* not plain, obscure
 ĩn-ēv'ĭ-ta-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* certainty
 ĩn-ēv'ĭ-ta-ble, *a.* unavoidable
 ĩn-ēv'ĭ-ta-bly, *ad.* without possibility of escape
 ĩn-ēx-cūf'a-ble, *a.* not to be excused
 ĩn-ēx-cūf'a-ble-nēss, *f.* an inexcusable fault
 ĩn-ēx-cūf'a-bly, *ad.* to a degree of folly beyond excuse
 ĩn-ēx-hā'la-ble, *a.* not to be evaporated
 ĩn-ēx-hāuſt'ēd, *a.* not to be emptied; unemptied [all away
 ĩn-ēx-hāuſt'ĭ-ble, *a.* not to be spent or drawn
 ĩn-ēx-ĭſt'ēnt, *a.* not existing [treaty
 ĩn-ēx'o-ra-ble, *a.* not to be moved by entreaty
 ĩn-ēx-pē'dĭ-ēnce, *f.* want of fitness
 ĩn-ēx-pē'dĭ-ēnt, *a.* improper, unfit, inconvenient
 ĩn-ēx-pē'rĭ-ēnce, *f.* want of experimental knowledge
 ĩn-ēx-pē'rĭ-ēnç-ēd, *a.* not experienced
 ĩn-ēx-pērt', *a.* unskilful, unskilled
 ĩn-ēx'pĭ-a-ble, *a.* not to be mollified by atonement

ĩn-ěx'pĩ-a-bly, *ad.* to a degree beyond atone-
 ment
 ĩn-ěx'plĩ-ca-ble, *a.* incapable of being ex-
 plained [plained
 ĩn-ěx'plĩ-ca-bly, *ad.* incapable of being ex-
 ĩn-ěx-prěs'fĩ-ble, *a.* unutterable
 ĩn-ěx-prěs'fĩ-bly, *ad.* in an unutterable man-
 ner [fault
 ĩn-ěx-pũg'na-ble, *a.* not to be taken by as-
 ĩn-ěx-tĩn'gũĩsh-a-ble, *a.* unquenchable
 ĩn-ěx'trĩ-ca-ble, *a.* not to be disentangled
 ĩn-fāl-lĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* exemption from error
 ĩn-fāl'lĩ-ble, *a.* incapable of mistake
 ĩn-fāl'lĩ-bly, *ad.* without error
 ĩn-fa-moũs, *a.* base, scandalous, shameless
 ĩn-fa-moũs-ly, *ad.* scandalously, shamefully
 ĩn'fa-my, *f.* notoriety of bad character
 ĩn'fān-cy, *f.* the first part of life; begin-
 ning
 ĩn'fānt, *f.* a child under 7 years; (*in law*)
 a person to the age of 21: *a.* early
 ĩn-fān'ta, *f.* a Spanish princess
 ĩn'fān-tile, *a.* pertaining to an infant
 ĩn'fānt-ry, *f.* the foot soldiers of an army
 ĩn-fāt'u-ate, *v. a.* to strike with folly; to
 deprive of understanding
 ĩn-fāt-u-ā'tion, *f.* a deprivation of reason
 ĩn-fěa's'ĩ-ble, *a.* impracticable
 ĩn-fěc't', *v. a.* to communicate bad qualities
 ĩn-fěc'tion, *f.* contagion
 ĩn-fěc'tious, *a.* contagious, influencing
 ĩn-fěc'tious-ly, *ad.* contagiously, pestilen-
 tially
 ĩn-fěc'tious-něs, *f.* contagiousness
 ĩn-fe-cũnd', *a.* barren, sterile
 ĩn-fe-cũnd'ĩ-ty, *f.* want of fertility, barren-
 ness
 ĩn-fe-lĩç'ĩ-ty, *f.* unhappiness, misery

ĩn-fět', *v. a.* to conclude from, to induce
 ĩn'fěr-ěnce, *f.* a conclusion from premise
 ĩn-fěr'ĩ-ble, *a.* may be deduced
 ĩn-fě'rĩ-oũr, *f.* a person of lower rank than
 another: *a.* lower in place, &c.
 ĩn-fe-rĩ-ór'ĩ-ty, *f.* lower state of dignity
 ĩn-fěr'nāl, *a.* very bad, hellish, Tartarean
 ĩn-fěr'tile, *a.* barren, unfruitful
 ĩn-fěr-tĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* barrenness, unfruitfulness
 ĩn-fěst', *v. a.* to disturb, harass, plague
 ĩn-fěs'tĩv'ĩ-ty, *f.* want of cheerfulness
 ĩn'fĩ-děł, *f.* an unbeliever
 ĩn-fĩ-děł'ĩ-ty, *f.* want of faith; disbelief in
 Christ
 ĩn'fĩ-nĩte, *a.* endless, unbounded, great,
 large
 ĩn'fĩ-nĩte-ly, *ad.* without limits
 ĩn'fĩ-nĩte-něs, *f.* boundlessness, immensity
 ĩn-fĩn'ĩ-tĩve, *a.* a mode in grammar
 ĩn-fĩn'ĩ-tude, ĩn-fĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* endless number;
 immensity; boundlessness
 ĩn-fĩrm', *a.* feeble, irresolute, weak of mind
 ĩn-fĩrm'a-ry, *f.* a residence for the sick
 ĩn-fĩrm'ĩ-ty, *f.* a disease, fault, weakness
 ĩn-fĩrm'něs, *f.* feebleness, malady
 ĩn-flāme', *v. a.* to set on fire, to exaggerate,
 to irritate, to kindle desire
 ĩn-flām'ěr, *f.* who or what inflames
 ĩn-flām'ma-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* quality of catching fire
 ĩn-flām'ma-ble, *a.* easily set on fire
 ĩn-flām'ma-ble-něs, *f.* the quality of easily
 catching fire
 ĩn-flām'mā'tion, *f.* the state of being in a
 flame; heat of blood
 ĩnflām'ma-to-ry, *a.* having the power of in-
 flaming
 ĩn-flāte', *v. a.* to puff up; swell with wind
 ĩn-flā'tion, *f.* flatulence, windiness

ĩn-flĕct', *v. a.* to bend; to vary; to turn
 ĩn-flĕc'tion, *f.* act of bending or varying
 ĩn-flĕct'ive, *a.* having power to bend or vary
 ĩn-flĕx-ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* obstinacy, stiffness
 ĩn-flĕx'ĩ-ble, *a.* not to be bent, immove-
 ĩn-flĕx'ĩ-bly, *ad.* invariably [able
 ĩn-flĩct', *v. a.* to impose as a punishment
 ĩn-flĩct'ĕr, *f.* he who punishes
 ĩn-flĩc'tion, *f.* punishment
 ĩn-flĩc'tive, *a.* laid on as a punishment
 ĩn-flu-ĕnce, *f.* ascendant power; power of directing: *v. a.* to have power over, to cause, to modify
 ĩn-fōld', *v. a.* to involve; to inwrap
 ĩn-fō'llĩ-ate, *v. a.* to cover with leaves
 ĩn-fōrm', *v. a. & n.* to accuse, acquaint, animate, instruct: to give information
 ĩn-fōrm'āl, *a.* accusing
 ĩn-fōrm'ānt, *f.* one who gives intelligence
 ĩn-fōr-mā'tion, *f.* intelligence given; instruction; a charge
 ĩn-fōrm'ĕr, *f.* one who gives information
 ĩn-fōrm'ĩ-da-ble, *a.* not to be feared
 ĩn-fōrm'ĩ-ty, *f.* shapelessness
 ĩn-fōr'tu-nate, *a.* miserable, unhappy
 ĩn-frāct', *v. a.* to break, to part in two
 ĩn-frac'tion, *f.* act of breaking; violation
 ĩn-fran'g,ĩ-ble, *a.* not to be broken
 ĩn-frĕ'quĕncy, *f.* rarity, uncommonness
 ĩn-frĕ'quĕnt, *a.* rare, uncommon
 ĩn-frĩnge', *v. a.* to violate, destroy, hinder
 ĩn-frĩnge'mĕnt, *f.* a breach, violation
 ĩn-frĩng,ĕr, *f.* a violator
 ĩn-fũ'rĩ-ate, *a.* enraged [to tincture
 ĩn-fũse', *v. a.* to pour in, to inspire with,
 ĩn-fũ'ĩ-ble, *a.* that may be infused, not dissolvable

ĩn-fũ'sive, *a.* having the power of infusion
 ĩn-fũ'sion, *f.* the act of pouring or steeping in
 ĩn-gĕn'ĕr-a-ble, *a.* not to be brought into being
 ĩn-gĕn'ĕr-at-ĕd, *a.* inborn, unbegotten
 ĩn-gĕ'nĩ-ous, *a.* possessed of genius; witty
 ĩn-gĕ-nĩ-ous-ly, *ad.* in an ingenious manner
 ĩn-gĕ'nĩ-ous-nĕss, *f.* contrivance, invention
 ĩn-gĕn'ite, *a.* inborn, native
 ĩn-gĕ-nũ'ĩ-ty, *f.* acuteness, candour, openness, wit
 ĩn-gĕn'u-ous, *a.* candid, free-born, noble
 ĩn-gĕn'u-ous-ly, *ad.* candidly, fairly
 ĩn-gĕn'u-ous-nĕss, *f.* openness, candour
 ĩn-glō'rĩ-ous, *a.* void of honour; mean, without glory [nominy
 ĩn-glō'rĩ-ous-ly, *ad.* with disgrace, with ignominy
 ĩn'gōt, *f.* a mass of metal [cision
 ĩn-grāft', *v. a.* to propagate trees by in-
 ĩn-grāft'mĕnt, *f.* the sprig ingrafted; act of ingrafting
 ĩn-grāte', } *a.* ungrateful, unpleasant,
 ĩn-grāte'fũl, } unpleasing to the sense
 ĩn-grā'tĩ-ate, *v. a.* to put in favour
 ĩn-grāt'ĩ-tude, *f.* retribution of evil for good, unthankfulness
 ĩn-grĕ'dĩ-ĕnt, *f.* a component part of a body
 ĩn-grĕss, *f.* entrance; power of entrance
 ĩn-grĕs'sion, *f.* the act of entrance
 ĩn-gũlf', *v. a.* to swallow up in a vast profundity
 ĩn-hāb'it, *v. a.* to dwell in, to live
 ĩn-hāb'it-a-ble, *a.* not habitable
 ĩn-hāb'it-ānce, *f.* residence of dwellers
 ĩn-hāb'it-ānt, *f.* who resides in a place

ĭn-hăb-ĭ-tă'tion, *f.* place of dwelling, habitation
 ĭn-hăb'it-ér, *f.* a dweller [spire
 ĭn-hăle', *v. a.* to draw in with air, to in-
 ĭn-băr-mō'nĭ-ous, *a.* unmusical
 ĭn-hēr'rĕnt, *a.* existing in something else;
 ĭn-hēr'it, *v. a.* to possess [innate
 ĭn-hēr'it-a-ble, *a.* obtainable by possession
 ĭn-hēr'it-ance, *f.* hereditary possession; a
 ĭn-hēr'it-ór, *f.* an heir [patrimony
 ĭn-hēr'it-rĕss, ĭn-hēr'it-rĭx, *f.* an heiress
 ĭn-hĕrse', *v. a.* to inclose in a funeral mon-
 ĭn-hĭb'it, *v. a.* to prohibit [ument
 ĭn-hĭ-bĭ'tion, *f.* an embargo, prohibition
 ĭn-hōs'pĭ-ta-ble, *a.* unkind to strangers
 ĭn-hōs'pĭ-ta-bly, *ad.* unkindly to strangers
 ĭn-hōs-pĭ-tăl'ĭ-ty, *f.* want of hospitality
 † ĭn-hū'măn, *a.* void of compassion
 † ĭn-hu-măn'ĭ-ty, *f.* barbarity. (See *Hu-*
manity)
 † ĭn-hū'măn-ly, *ad.* barbarously, cruelly
 † ĭn-hūme', *v. a.* to bury, to inter
 ĭn-jĕct', *v. a.* to throw or dart in
 ĭn-jĕc'tion, *f.* the act of injecting; what is
 injected
 ĭn-ĭm-ĭ-ta-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* inimitable quality
 ĭn-ĭm'ĭ-ta-ble, *a.* not to be copied or im-
 itated
 ĭn-ĭm'ĭ-ta-bly, *ad.* to a degree of excel-
 lence above imitation
 ĭn-jōĭn', *v. a.* to command, enforce
 ĭn-ĭq'ŭĭ-toŭs, *a.* unjust, wicked
 ĭn-ĭq'ŭĭ-ty, *f.* crime, injustice, wickedness.
 ĭn-ĭ'tial, *a.* placed at the beginning, in-
 cipient
 ĭn-ĭ'tĭ-ate, *a.* unpractised: *v. a.* to ad-
 mit; to instruct in the first principles
 of an art

ĭn-ĭ-tĭ-ā'tion, *f.* an admission to any de-
 gree, &c. [law
 ĭn-ju-dĭ'cial, *a.* not according to form of
 ĭn-ju-dĭ'cious, *a.* void of judgment
 ĭn-ju-dĭ'ciouſ-ly, *ad.* without judgment
 ĭn-jūnc'tion, *f.* command, prohibition
 ĭn/jure, *v. a.* to hurt unjustly, to annoy
 ĭn/jur-ér, *f.* who hurts another unjustly
 ĭn-jū'rĭ-ous, *a.* mischievous, reproachful,
 ĭn-jū'rĭ-ouſ-ly, *ad.* wrongfully [unjust
 ĭn-jū'rĭ-ouſ-nĕss, *f.* the quality of being
 injurious
 ĭn/ju-ry, *f.* mischief, reproach
 ĭn-jūſ'tice, *a.* injury, iniquity, wrong
 ĭnk, *f.* a black liquor with which men
 write: *v. a.* to black or daub with ink
 ĭnk-hörn, *f.* a portable case of writing in-
 ĭn'kle, *f.* a sort of tape [struments
 ĭnk/lĭng, *f.* a hint, intimation, whisper
 ĭnk'y, *a.* daubed with, or resembling ink
 ĭn'lănd, *f.* parts remote from the sea:
a. remote from the sea; interior
 ĭn-lănd-ér, *f.* one who lives remote from
 the sea
 ĭn-lăp'ĭ-date, *v. a.* to turn to stone
 ĭn'lăy, *f.* wood, &c. formed to inlay; mat-
 ter inlaid [different bodies
 ĭn-lăy', *v. a.* to variegate steel, &c. with
 ĭn'lĕt, *f.* passage, entrance
 ĭn'ly, *a.* internal, secret: *ad.* internally,
 secretly, in the heart
 ĭn'măte, *f.* a lodger or boarder [face
 ĭn'mōſt, *a.* deepest, remotest from the sur-
 ĭnn, *f.* a house of entertainment for tra-
 vellers [inn
 ĭnn, *v. a. & n.* to house: to put up at an
 ĭn-năte', *a.* inborn, natural [ing
 ĭn-năv'ĭ-gă-ble, *a.* not to be passed by sail-

ĩn'nér, *a.* more inward, interior
 ĩnn'hôld'ér, *f.* one who keeps an inn
 ĩn'nĭngs, *f.* lands recovered from the sea
 ĩnn'kēep'ér, *f.* an inn-holder
 ĩn'no-cēnce, } *f.* harmlessness, integrity, pu-
 ĩn'no-cēn-cy, } rity, innoxiousness
 ĩn'no-cēnt, *f.* an idiot, a natural
 ĩn-no-cēnt, *a.* free from guilt
 ĩn'no-cēnt-ly, *ad.* without guilt, harmlessly
 ĩn'no-vate, *v. a.* to change by introducing
 novelties
 ĩn-no-vā'tion, *f.* the introduction of novelty
 ĩn-no-vā'tór, *f.* who introduces novelties
 ĩn-nôx'ŷous, *a.* free from mischievous effects
 ĩn-nôx'ŷouŷ-ly, *ad.* harmlessly
 In-nu-ēn'do, *f.* an oblique hint
 ĩn-nū'me-ra-ble, } *a.* not to be numbered
 ĩn-nū'me-roŷs, }
 ĩn-ôc'u-late, *v. a.* to propagate by insertion
 ĩn-ôc-u-lā'tion, *f.* the act of inoculating
 ĩn-ôc-u-lā'tór, *f.* one who inoculates
 ĩn-ô'dôr-ous, *a.* wanting smell
 ĩn-of-fēn'ŷive, *a.* giving no scandal, harmless
 ĩn-of-fēn'ŷive-ly, *ad.* without harm
 ĩn-of-fēn'ŷive-ness, *f.* harmlessness
 ĩn-of-fŷious, *a.* not civil
 ĩn-ôp-pôr-tūne', *a.* unseasonable, inconveni-
 ent
 ĩn-ôr'dĭ-na-cy, *f.* irregularity, disorder
 ĩn-ôr'dĭ-nate, *a.* deviating from right, irre-
 gular
 ĩn-ôr'dĭ-nate-ly, *ad.* irregularly, not rightly
 ĩn-ôr'dĭ-nate-ness, ĩn-ôr'dĭ-nā'tion, *f.* irregu-
 larity, disorder
 ĩn-ôr-gān'ic-āl, *a.* void of organs or instru-
 ments
 ĩn'quēŷt, *f.* a judicial enquiry
 ĩn-quĭ-e-tude, *f.* disturbed ŷate, want of peace

ĩn-quĭr'a-ble, *a.* of which inquest may be
 made
 ĩn-quĭre', *v. a. & n.* to ŷeek out, to aŷk: to
 exert curioŷity, make examination
 ĩn-quĭr'ér, *f.* one who inquires, an exami-
 ner
 ĩn-quĭ'ry, *f.* an examination, interrogation
 ĩn-quĭ-ŷŷ'tion, *f.* a judicial enquiry, diŷcuŷ-
 ŷion
 ĩn-quĭŷ'ŷ-tĭve, *a.* curious, diligent, prying
 ĩn-quĭŷ'ŷ-tĭve-ly, *ad.* with curioŷity, with
 narrow ŷcrutiny
 ĩn-quĭŷ'ŷ-tĭve-ness, *f.* buŷy curioŷity
 ĩn-quĭŷ'ŷ-tór, *f.* an officer of the inquisition
 ĩn'rôad, *f.* a ŷudden invaŷion, an incur-
 ŷion
 ĩn-fāne', *a.* out of one's mind, mad
 ĩn-fā'tĭ-a-ble, *a.* not to be ŷatiŷfied
 ĩn-fā'tĭ-a-ble-ness, *f.* greedineŷs, not to be
 appeaŷed
 ĩn-fā'tĭ-a-bly, *ad.* with inŷatiabŷe greed-
 ineŷs
 ĩn-fā'tĭ-ate, *a.* greedy, ŷo as not to be ŷatiŷ-
 fied
 ĩn-fāt-ŷŷ-fāc'ion, *f.* diŷŷatiŷfied ŷtate, want
 ĩn-fāt/u-ra-ble, *a.* not to be glutted or ŷil-
 led
 ĩn-ŷcribe', *v. a.* to write in or upon, to dedi-
 cate
 ĩn-ŷcrip'tion, *f.* any thing written, an epi-
 taph
 ĩn-ŷcrŷ'ŷa-ble, *a.* unŷearchable
 ĩn-ŷcŷlp', *v. a.* to cut, to engrave
 ĩn-ŷcŷlp'ture, *f.* any thing engraved
 ĩn-fēam', *v. a.* to mark by a ŷeam or ŷcar
 ĩn'ŷēct, *f.* a ŷmall animal
 ĩn-ŷēct'ŷle, *a.* having the nature of inŷects
 ĩn-ŷēc'tion, *f.* a cutting into

in-fēct-ōl'o-g,ér, *f.* one who describes insects, &c.

in-se-cūre', *a.* not safe, not secure

in-se-cū'rī-ty, *f.* want of safety; danger

in-sēn-sī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* dulness, stupidity

in-sēn'sī-ble, *a.* void of sense, emotion, or feeling; imperceptible

in-sēn'sī-ble-nēss, *f.* absence of perception

in-sēn'sī-bly, *ad.* by slow degrees, imperceptibly

in-sēp'a-ra-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* inseparable quality

in-sēp'a-ra-ble, *a.* not to be disjoined

in-sēp'a-ra-ble-nēss, *f.* inseparability

in-sēp'a-ra-bly, *ad.* with indissoluble union

in-sért', *v. a.* to place amongst other things

in-sér'tion, *f.* the act of inserting; thing inserted

in-shēll', *v. a.* to hide in a shell

in-shīp', *v. a.* to stow in a ship, embark

in-shrīne', *v. a.* to put into a shrine or precious case

in'sīde, *f.* the inward part, part within

in-sīd'ī-ōūs, *a.* deceitful, circumventive, treacherous, sly

in-sīd'ī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* in a sly and treacherous manner

in'sīght, *f.* a deep view, an inspection

in-sīg-nīf'ī-cānce, } *f.* want of meaning,

in-sīg-nīf'ī-can-cy, } unimportance

in-sīg-nīf'ī-cānt, *a.* wanting meaning, worthless

in-sīg-nīf'ī-cānt-ly, *ad.* without meaning or importance

in-sīn-cēre', *a.* not hearty, dissembling

in-sīn-cēr'ī-ty, *f.* dissimulation, want of truth

in-sīn'ew, *v. a.* to confirm, strengthen

in-sīn'u-ānt, *a.* able to gain favour

in-sīn'u-ate, *v. a. & n.* to hint artfully, to instil; to wheedle

in-sīn-u-ā'tion, *f.* the act of getting into favour

in-sīn'u-a-tīve, *a.* stealing on the affections

in-sīn'u-ā'tór, *f.* he who insinuates

in-sīp'īd, *a.* without taste or spirit; dull

in-sīp'īd'ī-ty, in-sīp'īd-nēss, *f.* want of taste or spirit

in-sīp'īd-ly, *ad.* without taste; dully

in-sīst', *v. n.* to dwell or stand upon; persist in

in-sīst'ēnt, *a.* standing or resting upon

in-sī'tion, *f.* a graft, a young cion

in-snāre', *v. a.* to entangle, entrap, invigle

in-snār'ér, *f.* he who ensnares

in-so-brī'e-ty, *f.* drunkenness

in-sō'cia-ble, *a.* averse to conversation

in'sō-lēnce, *f.* haughtiness, petulant contempt

in'sō-lēnt, *a.* haughty, contemptuous

in'sō-lēnt-ly, *ad.* haughtily, rudely

in-sōl'va-ble, *a.* not to be solved or cleared

in-sōl'u-ble, *a.* not to be dissolved, solved, or cleared

in-sōl-vēnt, *a.* unable to pay

in-sōl'vēn-cy, *f.* inability to pay just debts

in-so-mūch', *conj.* so that

in-spēct', *v. a.* to look into by way of examination [ence

in-spēc'tion, *f.* a close survey, superintend-

in-spēc'tór, *f.* a superintendent

in-spér'sion, *f.* a sprinkling

in-sphēre', *v. a.* to place in a sphere

in-spīr'a-ble, *a.* may be drawn in with the breath

in-spī-rā'tion, *f.* a drawing breath; divine wisdom

in-spīre', *v. a.* to breathe into, to infuse into the mind, to animate by supernatural infusion

ĩn-spĭr'ér, *f.* he who inspires
 ĩn-spĭr'it, *v. a.* to animate, enliven, invigorate
 ĩn-sta-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* sickliness, inconstancy
 ĩn-stā'ble, *a.* not firm, inconstant, changing
 ĩn-stāl', *v. a.* to put into possession
 ĩn-stāl-lā'tion, *f.* a putting into possession
 ĩn-stāl'mĕnt, *f.* the act of installing
 ĩn'stānce, *f.* an example; motive; occasion; solicitation: *v. n.* to offer an example
 ĩn'stānt, *f.* the present moment or month: *a.* immediate, quick, urgent
 ĩn-stān-tā'ne-oŭs, *a.* done in an instant
 ĩn-stān-tā'ne-oŭs-ly, } *ad.* immediately
 ĩn-stānt-ly, }
 ĩn-stāte', *v. a.* to place in a certain rank
 ĩn-stāu-rā'tion, *f.* a renewal, a restoration
 ĩn-stĕad', *prep.* in the room or place of,
 ĩn-stĕep', *v. a.* to soak [equal to
 ĩn'stĕp, *f.* the upper part of the foot
 ĩn'stĭ-gate, *v. a.* to urge to do evil
 ĩn-stĭ-gā'tion, *f.* an incitement to a crime
 ĩn-stĭ-gāt'ór, *f.* one who incites to do ill
 ĩn-stĭl', *v. a.* to infuse by drops, to insinuate
 ĩn-stĭl-lā'tion, *f.* act of dropping; thing infused
 ĩn'stĭnĕt, *f.* a desire or aversion acting in the mind without the intervention of reason
 ĩn'stĭnĕt, } *a.* animated, impressed as
 ĩn'stĭnĕt-ĕd, } an animating power
 ĩn-sĭnĕt'ĭve, *a.* without the choice of reason
 ĩn-sĭnĕt'ĭve-ly, *ad.* by the call of nature
 ĩn'stĭ-tute, *f.* an established law, a maxim, a principle: *v. a.* to establish, to instruct

ĩn-stĭ-tŭ'tion, *f.* an establishment; education
 ĩn-stĭ-tŭ'tion-a-ry, *a.* elemental
 ĩn'stĭ-tu-tór, *f.* one who settles or instructs
 ĩn'stĭ-tu-tĭst, *f.* a writer of institutes
 ĩn-stōp', *v. a.* to close up, to stop
 ĩn-strŭĕt', *v. a.* to form, model, teach
 ĩn-strŭĕt'ér, *f.* a teacher, an instituter
 ĩn-strŭĕ'tion, *f.* act of teaching; direction
 ĩn-strŭĕt'ĭve, *a.* conveying knowledge
 ĩn'stru-mĕnt, *f.* a deed of contract; a tool; mean
 ĩn-stru-mĕnt'āl, *a.* conducive to some end
 ĩn-stru-mĕnt-āl'ĭ-ty, } *f.* a mean to an end
 ĩn-stru-mĕnt'āl-nĕss, }
 ĩn-stru-mĕnt'āl-ly, *ad.* in the nature of an instrument; as means to an end
 ĩn-sŭf'fĕr-a-ble, *a.* not to be borne, contemptible
 ĩn-sŭf'fĕr-a-bly, *ad.* in an insufferable manner
 ĩn-sŭf-fĭ'cien-cy, *f.* inadequateness
 ĩn-sŭf-fĭ'cient, *a.* wanting ability, inadequate
 ĩn'su-lār, *a.* belonging to an island
 ĩn'sŭlt, *f.* an affront, contempt, insolence
 ĩn-sŭlt', *v. a.* to treat with insolence, to affront
 ĩn-sŭlt'ér, *f.* who insults another
 ĩn-sŭlt'ĭng-ly, *ad.* with haughty triumph
 ĩn-su-pe-ra-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* the quality of being invincible
 ĩn-sŭ'pe-ra-ble, *a.* not to be surmounted
 ĩn-sŭ'pe-ra-ble-nĕss, *f.* invincibleness
 ĩn-sŭ'pe-ra-bly, *ad.* in an insuperable manner
 ĩn-sŭp-pōrt'a-ble, *a.* not to be supported

ĭn-fŭp-pōrt'a-ble-nĕs, *f.* insufferable state
 ĭn-fŭp-pōrt'a-bly, *ad.* beyond bearing
 ĭn-sŭr-mōūnt'a-ble, *a.* not to be overcome
 ĭn-sŭr-mōūnt'a-bly, *ad.* invincibly
 ĭn-sŭr-rĕc'tion, *f.* a rebellion, sedition
 ĭn-tāgl'ī-o, *f.* that has figures engraved upon it [thing]
 ĭn'te-gĕr, ĭn'te-grāl, *f.* the whole of any
 ĭn'te-grāl, *a.* complete, unbroken, whole
 ĭn-tĕg'rī-ty, *f.* honesty, uncorruptness
 ĭn-tĕg'u-mĕnt, *f.* what covers another
 ĭn-tel-lĕct, *f.* understanding, perception
 ĭn-tĕl-lĕct'ive, *a.* able to understand
 ĭn-tĕl-lĕct'u-al, *a.* mental; ideal
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gĕnce, *f.* commerce of information, notice; skill, understanding
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gĕncĕr, *f.* one who bring news
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gĕnt, *a.* knowing, skilful
 ĭn-tĕl-lī-gĕn'tial, *a.* intellectual, mental
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gĕ-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* possibility to be understood
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gī-ble, *a.* may be conceived by the understanding
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gī-ble-nĕs, *f.* intelligibility
 ĭn-tĕl'lī-gī-bly, *ad.* clearly, plainly
 ĭn-tĕm'pĕr-a-mĕnt, *f.* bad constitution
 ĭn-tĕm'pĕr-ānce, *f.* excess in meat
 ĭn-tĕm'pĕr-ate, *a.* immoderate; passionate
 ĭn-tĕm'pĕr-ate-ly, *ad.* immoderately
 ĭn-tĕm'pĕr-ate-nĕs, *f.* intemperance
 ĭn-tĕm'pĕr-a-ture, *f.* excess of some quality
 ĭn-tĕnd', *v. a.* to design, enforce; mean
 ĭn-tĕnd'ānt, *f.* an officer of a high rank
 ĭn-tĕn'ī-ble, *a.* that cannot hold
 ĭn-tĕnse', *a.* raised to a high degree, vehement
 ĭn-tĕnse'ly, *ad.* to a great degree

ĭn-tĕnse'nĕs, *f.* force; a being affected greatly
 ĭn-tĕnt', *f.* a design, drift: *a.* using close application, diligent
 ĭn-tĕn'tion, *f.* eagerness of desire; purpose
 ĭn-tĕn'tion-āl, *a.* done by design
 ĭn-tĕn'tion-āl-ly, *ad.* by prior design; in will
 ĭn-tĕnt'nĕs, *f.* an anxious application
 ĭn-tĕr', *v. a.* to bury
 ĭn-tĕr'cāl-ār, ĭn-tĕr'cāl-a-ry, *a.* inserted in; put between
 ĭn-tĕr'cāl-ate, *v. a.* to insert an extraordinary day
 ĭn-tĕr-cāl-ā'tion, *f.* insertion of days out of the ordinary reckoning
 ĭn-tĕr-cĕde', *v. n.* to treat in behalf of
 ĭn-tĕr-cĕd'ĕr, *f.* a mediator, who intercedes
 ĭn-tĕr-cĕpt', *v. a.* to obstruct, seize, stop
 ĭn-tĕr-cĕp'tion, *f.* hinderance; stoppage in course
 ĭn-tĕr-cĕs'sion, *f.* mediation
 ĭn-tĕr-cĕs'sōūr, *f.* an agent, a mediator
 ĭn-tĕr-chāin', *v. a.* to link together
 ĭn-tĕr-chānge', *v. a.* to barter
 ĭn-tĕr-chānge, *f.* an exchange; commerce
 ĭn-tĕr-chānge'a-ble, *a.* given and taken mutually
 ĭn-tĕr-chānge'a-bly, *ad.* alternately
 ĭn-tĕr-chānge'mĕnt, *f.* exchange
 ĭn'tĕr-cōurse, *f.* commerce; communication
 ĭn-tĕr-cŭr'rence, *f.* a passage between
 ĭn-tĕr-cŭr'rĕnt, *a.* running between
 ĭn-tĕr-dīct', *v. a.* to excommunicate; forbid
 ĭn-tĕr-dīct, ĭn-tĕr-dīc'tion, *f.* a curse; prohibition; prohibiting decree
 ĭn-tĕr-dīc'to-ry, *a.* relating to an interdiction

in-tér-ěst, *f.* an advantage; concern; share, usury [move

in-tér-ěst, *v. a. & n.* to affect, concern: to

in-tér-fěre', *v. a.* to clash, intermeddle

in-tér-flū-ěnt, *a.* flowing between

in-tér-fūl'g-ěnt, *a.* shining between [tween

in-tér-fūš'ed, *a.* poured or scattered be-

in-tér-jā'cěnt, *a.* lying between

in-tér-jēc'tion, *f.* a part of speech; an intervention

in-tér-īm, *f.* intervening time [marry

in-tér-jōin', *v. a.* to join together: to inter-

ip-tē'rī-ōūr, *a.* internal, inner

in-tér-knōw'lědge, *f.* mutual knowledge

in-tér-lāpse, *f.* time between two events

in-tér-lārd', *v. a.* to mix meat with fat

in-tér-lēave', *v. a.* to insert blank leaves

in-tér-līne', *v. a.* to write between the lines

in-tér-līn-e-ā'tion, *f.* correction made by writing between the lines

in-tér-lo-cū'tion, *f.* a dialogue

in-tér-lōc'u-tór, *f.* one who talks with another; [*in Scotland*] judgment on a lawsuit

in-tér-lōc'u-to-ry, *a.* consisting of dialogue

in-tér-lōpe', *v. a.* to intercept, prevent [ly

in-tér-lōp'ér, *f.* one who interferes wrongfully

in-ter-lude, *f.* a farce

in-tér-lū'nār, *a.* betwixt old and new moon

in-tér-mār'rīage, *f.* marriage of one and giving another

in-tér-mār'ry, *v. a.* to marry one and give another [ously

in-tér-méd'dle, *v. a.* to interpose officiously

in-tér-měd'dlér, *f.* an officious person

in-tér-mě'dī-a-cy, *f.* interposition

in-tér-mě'dī-al, in-tér-mě'dī-ate, *a.* lying between; intervening

in-tér'měnt, *f.* burial, sepulchre [ed

in-tér'mīn-a-ble, in-tér'mīn-ate, *a.* unbound-

in-tér-mī-nā'tion, *f.* a menace

in-tér-mīn-gle, *v. a.* to incorporate

in-tér-mīš'ion, *f.* a cessation for a time; a pause

in-tér-mīš'sīve, *a.* coming by fits

in-tér-mīt', *v. n.* to grow mild between the fits or paroxysms [missive

in-tér-mīt-těnt, *a.* coming by fits; inter-

in-tér-mīx', *v. a. & n.* to mingle: to be mingled together [ling bodies

in-tér-mīx'ture, *f.* a mass formed by ming-

in-tér-mūn'dane, *a.* subsisting between worlds, or between orb and orb

in-tér-mū'rāl, *a.* lying between walls

in-térn', in-térn'al, *a.* not foreign; inward, real, intrinsic, not external

in-tér-nāl-ly, *ad.* intellectually, inwardly

in-tér-nūn'ci-o, *f.* a messenger between two parties

in-tér-po-late, *v. a.* to insert words, &c. improperly [nal matter

in-tér-po-lā'tion, *f.* addition to the origi-

in-tér-po-lā'tór, *f.* one who foists in counterfeit passages

in-tér-poš'āl, *f.* agency between two parties; interposition

in-tér-pōše, *v. a. & n.* to thrust in as an obstruction: to mediate [mediator

in-tér-pōš'ér, *f.* one who comes between, a

in-tér-pōš'ī-tion, *f.* intervenient agency

in-tér/prět, *v. a.* to decipher, explain

in-tér/pre-ta-ble, *a.* capable of interpretation

in-tér-pre-tā'tion, *f.* an explanation

in-tér-pre-ta-tīve, *a.* collected by interpretation

ĭn-tér'pre-tér, *f.* an expounder
 ĭn-tér-rēg'nūm, *f.* time a throne is vacant
 between the death of a prince and acces-
 sion of another
 ĭn-tér'ro-gate, *v. a.* to examine, question
 ĭn-tēr-ro-gā'tion, *f.* question, the note (?)
 ĭntér-rōg'a-tīves, *f.* the pronouns *who* ;
 which ; *what* : *a.* denoting a question
 ĭn-tēr-rōg'a-tīve-ly, *ad.* in form of a ques-
 tion
 ĭn-tér-rōg'a-tōr, *f.* who asks questions
 ĭn-tér-rōg'a-to-ry, *f.* a question : *a.* contain-
 ing a question [rate
 ĭn-tér-rūpt', *v. a.* to hinder, divide, sepa-
 ĭn-tér-rūpt'ēd-ly, *ad.* not without stoppages
 ĭn-tér-rūpt'ēr, *f.* who interrupts
 ĭn-tér-rūp'tion, *f.* a hinderance, stop
 ĭn-tér-sēct', *v. a.* to cut across each other :
 to divide [each other
 ĭn-tér-sēct'ion, *f.* point where lines cross
 ĭn-tér-sért', *v. a.* to put in between
 ĭn-tér-sért'ion, *f.* an inserting ; the thing
 inserted
 ĭn-tér-spérse', *v. a.* to scatter
 ĭn-tér-spér'sion, *f.* a scattering
 ĭn-tér-stēl'lār, *a.* placed between the stars
 ĭn-tér'stīce, *f.* space between two things
 ĭn-tér-twīne', ĭn-tér-twīst', *v. a.* to unite
 by twisting one in another
 ĭn-tér-vāl, *f.* space between places ; va-
 cuity ; remission of a delirium or distem-
 per
 ĭn-tér-vēne', *v. n.* to come between
 ĭn-tér-vē'nī-ēnt, *a.* coming between
 ĭn-tér-vēn'tion, *f.* agency, interposition
 ĭn'tér-vīēw, *f.* sight of each other ; a formal
 meeting of conference
 ĭn-tér-vōlve', *v. a.* to wrap one within an-
 other

ĭn-tér-wēave', *v. a.* to mix one with another
 ĭn-tér-wīsh', *v. a.* to wish mutually
 ĭn-tēs'tate, *a.* dying without a will
 ĭn-tēs'tīn-āl, *a.* belonging to the guts
 ĭn-tēs'tīne, *a.* domestic, internal, inward
 ĭn-tēi'tīnes, *f. pl.* the guts, the bowels
 ĭn-thrāl', *v. a.* to enslave, to shackle
 ĭn-thrāl'mēnt, *f.* embarrassment ; slavery
 ĭn-thrōne', *v. a.* to raise to royalty
 ĭn'tī-ma-cy, *f.* close familiarity
 ĭn'tī-mate, *f.* a familiar friend ; one trusted
 with our secrets : *a.* familiar ; inmost,
 near, inward : *v. a.* to point out indirect-
 ly ; to hint
 ĭn-tī'mate-ly, *ad.* closely, familiarly
 ĭn-tī-mā'tion, *f.* an indirect declaration
 ĭn-tīm'ī-date, *v. a.* to make fearful
 ĭn-tīre', *a.* whole, unbroken, undiminished
 ĭn-tīre'nēss, *f.* wholeness [place
 ĭn'tō, *prep.* noting entrance with regard to
 ĭn-tōl'ēr-a-ble, *a.* insufferable
 ĭn-tōl'ēr-a-ble-nēss, *f.* insufferableness
 ĭn-tōl'ēr-a-bly, *ad.* in a degree past bearing
 ĭn-tōmb', *v. a.* to inclose in a funeral mo-
 nument
 ĭn'to-nate, *v. a.* to thunder
 ĭn-to-nā'tion, *f.* the act of thundering [noise
 ĭn-tōne', *v. n.* to make a slow protracted
 ĭn-tōrt', *v. a.* to twist, wreath
 ĭn-tōx'ī-cate, *v. a.* to make drunk
 ĭn-tōx'ī-cā'tion, *f.* drunkenness, ebriety
 ĭn-trāct'a-ble, *a.* ungovernable, stubborn
 ĭn-trāct'a-ble-nēss, *f.* obstinacy, perverse-
 ness
 ĭn-trān-quīl'lī-ty, *f.* want of ease or quiet
 ĭn-trān'sī-tīve, *a.* not passing to another
 ĭn-trāns-mū'ta-ble, *a.* not to be altered
 ĭn-treā'sure, *v. a.* to lay up as in a treasu-
 ry

ĭn-trĕnch', *v. n.* to fortify with a trench
 ĭn-trĕnch'ant, *a.* not to be divided; indivisible [trench
 ĭn-trĕnch'mĕnt, *f.* a fortification with a
 ĭn-trĕp'id, *a.* brave, daring, fearless, bold
 ĭn-tre-pĭd'ĭ-ty, *f.* boldness, bravery, courage
 ĭn-trĕp'id-ly, *ad.* fearlessly, daringly
 ĭn'trĭ-ca-cy, *f.* difficulty, involution
 ĭn'trĭ-cate, *a.* entangled, perplexed, obscure
 ĭn'trĭ-cate-ly, *ad.* obscurely
 ĭn'trĭ-cate-nĕfs, *f.* involution, perplexity
 ĭn-trĭgue', *f.* a secret correspondence; a plot:
v. n. to carry on private designs
 ĭn-trĭgu'ér, *f.* who intrigues; a plotter
 ĭn-trĭgu'ing-ly, *ad.* with secret plotting
 ĭn-trĭn'se-cate, *a.* perplexed
 ĭn-trĭn-sĭc, *a.* internal, inward, real
 ĭn-trĭn-sĭ-cāl, *a.* internal, solid, natural
 ĭn-trĭn'sĭ-cāl-ly, *ad.* internally, really
 ĭn-tro-dūce', *v. a.* to bring or lead in
 ĭn-tro-dūc'ér, *f.* one who introduces
 ĭn-tro-dūc'tion, *f.* a bringing in; a preface
 ĭn-tro-dūc'tive, ĭn-tro-dūc'to-ry, *a.* paving the way; previous
 ĭn-tro-grĕs'sion, *f.* entrance; act of entering
 ĭn-tro-mĭs'sion, *f.* the act of sending in
 ĭn-tro-mĭt', *v. a.* to send or let in
 ĭn-tro-spĕc'tion, *f.* a view of the inside
 ĭn-trūde', *v. a. & n.* to force without right: to come uninvited, to encroach
 ĭn-trūd'ér, *f.* an interloper
 ĭn-trū'sion, *f.* the act of intruding, encroachment
 ĭn-trūst', *v. a.* to trust with a secret, &c.
 ĭn-tu-ĭ'tion, *f.* immediate knowledge
 ĭn-tū'ĭ-tive, *a.* seen by the mind immediately, not barely believing; seeing

ĭn-tū'ĭ-tive-ly, *ad.* without deduction of reason; by immediate perception
 ĭn-twĭne', *v. a.* to wreath together
 ĭn-vāde', *v. a.* to enter in a hostile manner
 ĭn-vād'ér, *f.* an encroacher
 ĭn-va-lĕf'cĕnce, *f.* health, strength
 ĭn-vāl'id, *a.* of no weight or cogency, weak
 ĭn-va-lĭd', *f.* one disabled by sickness
 ĭn-vāl'ĭ-date, *v. a.* to lessen its force
 ĭn-vā-lĭd'ĭ-ty, *f.* want of cogency
 ĭn-vāl'u-a-ble, *a.* precious above estimation
 ĭn-vā'rĭ-a-ble, *a.* constant, unchangeable
 ĭn-vā'rĭ-a-ble-nĕfs, *f.* immutability
 ĭn-vā'rĭ-a-bly, *ad.* unchangeably, constantly
 ĭn-vā'sion, *f.* a hostile entrance, an attack
 ĭn-vā'sive, *a.* entering in a hostile manner
 ĭn-vĕc'tive, *f.* a censure in speech or writing: *a.* abusive, satirical, reproachful
 ĭn-vĕc'tive-ly, *ad.* abusively, satirically
 ĭn-vĕigh', *v. a.* to exclaim against one, to censure
 ĭn-vĕigh'ér, *f.* a violent railer
 ĭn-vĕĭgle, *v. a.* to allure, wheedle, entice
 ĭn vĕig'lér, *f.* an allurer, seducer
 ĭn-vĕnt', *v. a.* to contrive, feign, forge
 ĭn-vĕnt'ér, ĭn-vĕnt'ór, *f.* a finder out of something new, a framer
 ĭn-vĕn'tion, *f.* a discovery, forgery, fiction
 ĭn-vĕn'tive, *a.* quick at contrivance, ready
 ĭn-vĕn-tō'rĭ-āl-ly, *ad.* in manner of an inventory
 ĭn'vĕn-to-ry, *f.* an account or catalogue of goods: *v. a.* to register, to place in a catalogue
 ĭn-vĕnt'rĕfs, *f.* a female who invents

ĩn-vérse', *a.* inverted, reciprocal, opposed to
direct

ĩn-vér'sion, *f.* a change of time, place, &c.

ĩn-vért', *v. a.* to turn upside down

ĩn-vért'éd-ly, *ad.* in an inverted manner

ĩn-vest', *v. a.* to adorn, confer, dress, in-
close

ĩn-vest'ĩ-ěnt, *a.* clothing, covering

ĩn-vest'tĩ-ga-ble, *a.* may be searched out

ĩn-vest'tĩ-gate, *v. a.* to search out

ĩn-vest'tĩ-gā'tion, *f.* a searching out, an ex-
amination [it

ĩn-vest'měnt, *f.* clothes, dress, garment, hab-

ĩn-vet'ér-a-cy, *f.* long continuance of any
thing bad

ĩn-vet'ér-ate, *a.* obstinate, old: *v. a.* to be-
come obstinate by continuance

ĩn-vet'ér-ate-něs, ĩn-vet'ér-ā'tion, *f.* obsti-
nacy confirmed by time

ĩn-vĩd'ĩ-ous, *a.* envious, malignant

ĩn-vĩd'ĩ-ous-ly, *ad.* enviously, malignantly

ĩn-vĩg'ór-ate, *v. a.* to animate, strengthen

ĩn-vĩg'ór-ā'tion, *f.* act of invigorating

ĩn-vĩn'cĩ-ble, *a.* not to be subdued

ĩn-vĩn'cĩ-ble-něs, *f.* unconquerableness

ĩn-vĩn'cĩ-bly, *ad.* unconquerably, insuper-
ably [famed

ĩn-vĩ'o-la-ble, *a.* not to be broken or pro-

ĩn-vĩ'o-la-bly, *ad.* without breach

ĩn-vĩ'o-late, *a.* unbroken, unhurt, uninjured

ĩn-vĩf'ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* invisible state

ĩn-vĩf'ĩ-ble, *a.* not to be seen

ĩn-vĩf'ĩ-bly, *ad.* in an invisible manner

ĩn-vĩf'cate, *v. a.* to lime

ĩn-vĩ-tā'tion, *f.* an inviting; a bidding or
calling

ĩn-vĩte', *v. a.* to allure, ask, bid, persuade

ĩn-vĩt'ér, *f.* one who invites

ĩn-vĩt'ing-ly, *ad.* in an enticing manner

ĩn-ũn-dā'tion, *f.* an overflow of waters

ĩn'vo-cate, *v. a.* to call upon, pray to

ĩn-vo-cā'tion, *f.* a calling upon in prayer

ĩn'võice, *f.* a catalogue of a ship's freight,
or of the articles and prices of goods
bought or sold

ĩn-võke', *v. a.* to call upon

ĩn-võlve', *v. a.* to entangle, imply, to join

ĩn-võl'ũn-ta-rĩ-ly, *ad.* unwillingly

ĩn-võl'ũn-ta-ry, *a.* done unwillingly

ĩn-vo-lũt'ion, *f.* a complication, act of in-
volving

ĩn-ũre', *v. a.* to accustom

ĩn-ũre'měnt, *f.* custom, practice, use

ĩn-ũrn', *v. a.* to bury, to entomb

ĩn-ũ'tĩle, *a.* unprofitable, useless

ĩn-u-tĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* unprofitableness, uselessness

ĩn-vũl'nér-a-ble, *a.* not to be wounded

ĩn'wārd, *a.* internal, reflecting

ĩn'wārd, ĩn'wārdš, *ad.* within, towards the
internal parts

ĩn'wārd-ly, *ad.* in the heart, privately

ĩn'wārd-něs, *f.* familiarity, intimacy

ĩn-wēave', *v. a.* to entwine, to complicate

ĩn-wrāp', *v. a.* to cover, to involve, to
puzzle; to ravish or transport

ĩn-wrēathe', *v. a.* to surround with a wreath

ĩn-wrõught', *part.* adorned with work

ĩp-e-ca-cu-ān'ha, *f.* an emetic root

I-rāscĩ-ble, *a.* apt to be angry

ĩre, *f.* passionate hatred, anger, rage

ĩre'fũl, *a.* angry, raging, furious

ĩre'fũl-ly, *ad.* in an angry manner

ĩ'rĩs, *f.* the rainbow; flower-de-luce; circle

ĩrk, *v.* it irks me; I am weary of it

ĩrk'fõme, *a.* tedious, troublesome, wearisome

ĩrk-fõme-ly, *ad.* wearisomely, tediously

irk'fóme-něfs, *f.* wearisomenefs, tedious-
nefs

ī'ron, *f.* [*pron.* ī'ron] a metal: *a.* made of
iron; hard, rigid, severe: *v. a.* to smoothe
with an iron; to shackle with irons

ī-rōn'ī-cāl, *a.* spoken by way of irony

ī-rōn'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* in an ironical manner

ī'ron-mōn-g'ēr, *f.* a dealer in iron

ī'rōn-y, *f.* a meaning contrary to words

īr-rā'dī-ānce, īr-rā'dī-ān-cy, *f.* beams of
light emitted

īr-rā'dī-ate, *v. a.* to adorn with rays of

īr-rād'ī-ā'tion, *f.* illumination [light

īr-rā'tiōn-āl, *a.* void of reason, absurd

īr-rā'tion-āl'ī-ty, *f.* want of reason

īr-rā'tion-āl-ly, *ad.* without reason, absurdly

īr-re-clāim'a-ble, *a.* not to be reclaimed

īr-rēc-ōn-cīl'a-ble, *a.* not to be reconciled

īr-rēc-ōn-cīl'a-ble-něfs, *f.* impossibility to
be reconciled

īr-rēc-ōn-cīl'a-bly, *ad.* in a manner not ad-
mitting reconciliation

īr-rēc-ōn-cīl'ēd, *part.* not reconciled

īr-re-cōv'ēr-a-ble, *a.* not to be regained

īr-re-cōv'ēr-a-bly, *ad.* beyond recovery

īr-re-dū'cī-ble, *a.* not to be reduced

īr-re-frāg-a-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* strength of argu-
ment not to be refuted [futed

īr-re-frāg'a-ble, *a.* not to be denied or con-

īr-re-frāg'a-bly, *ad.* with force above con-
futation [argument

īr-re-fūt'a-ble, *a.* not to be overthrown by

īr-rēg'u-lār, *a.* immethodical

īr-rēg-u-lār'ī-ty, *f.* a deviation from rule

īr-rēg'u-lār-ly, *ad.* in an irregular manner

īr-rēl'a-tīve, *a.* having no reference to any

īr-re-līg'īōn, *f.* impiety [thing

īr-re-līg'īōūs, *a.* ungodly, wicked, impious

īr-re-līg'īōūs-ly, *ad.* without godliness

īr-rēm'e-a-ble, *a.* admitting no return

īr-re-mēd'ī-a-ble, *a.* not to be remedied

īr-re-mēd'ī-a-bly, *ad.* without cure

īr-re-mīff'ī-ble, *a.* not to be pardoned

īr-re-mōv'e-a-ble, *a.* not to be moved

īr-rēp'ār-a-ble, *a.* not to be repaired or re-
covered

īr-rēp'ār-a-bly, *ad.* without recovery

īr-re-plēv'ī-a-ble, *a.* not to be redeemed

īr-rēp-rē-hēn'fī-ble, *a.* exempt from blame

īr-rēp-rē-hēn'fī-bly, *ad.* without blame

īr-rēp-rē-sēnt'a-ble, *a.* not to be represent-
ed

īr-re-prōach'a-ble, *a.* free from reproach

īr-re-prōach'a-bly, *ad.* without blame

īr-re-prōv'e-a-ble, *a.* irreproachable

īr-re-fīst'ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* irresistible power

īr-re-fīst'ī-ble, *a.* superiour to opposition

īr-re-fīst'ī-bly, *ad.* in an irresistible manner

īr-rēs'o-lute, *a.* not steady

īr-rēs'o-lute-ly, *ad.* without firmness of
mind

īr-rēs'o-lū'tion, *f.* want of firmness of mind

īr-re-trīev'a-ble, *a.* irrecoverable [ably

īr-re-trīev'a-bly, *ad.* irrecoverably, irrepar-

īr-rēv'ēr-ēnce, *f.* want of respect

īr-rēv'ēr-ēnt, *a.* not paying due reverence

īr-rēv'ēr-ēnt-ly, *ad.* without due respect

īr-re-vēr'fī-ble, *a.* not to be recalled

īr-re-vēr'fī-bly, *ad.* without change

īr-rēv'o-ca-ble, *a.* not to be recalled

īr-rēv'o-ca-bly, *ad.* without recal

īr'rī-gate, *v. a.* to moisten, to wet [ing

īr-rī-gā'tion, *f.* act of watering or moisten-

ī-rīg'u-ōūs, *a.* dewy, moist, wet

īr'rī-tate, *v. a.* to exasperate, provoke;
tease

ĭr-rĭ-tā'tion, *f.* provocation, stimulation
 ĭr-rŭp'tion, *f.* an inroad, an invasion
 ĭs, the third *per. sing.* of *to be*: I am, thou art, he *is*; sometimes expressed by 's
 ĭ'fĭn-glā's, *f.* a transparent tough jelly
 ĭ'slānd, *f.* land surrounded by water
 ĭ'slānd-ēr, *f.* the inhabitant of an island
 ĭ'sle, *f.* a country surrounded by water
 ĭ-fŏç'e-lēs, *a.* having two equal sides
 ĭf'sue, *f.* a discharge; end; event; offspring; evacuation; conclusion: *v. a. & n.* to send out judicially, to send forth: *v. n.* to come out, to proceed as an offspring
 ĭf'sue-lēs, *a.* without offspring
 ĭsth'mŭs, *f.* a neck of land joining the peninsula to the continent
 ĭt, *pronoun*, neuter gender
 ĭtch', *f.* a teasing desire; a disease
 ĭtch', *v. n.* to desire to scratch; to long
 ĭtch'y, *a.* having the itch [much
 ĭ'tēm, *f.* a new article, a hint: *ad.* also
 [used when something new is made]
 ĭt'ér-ate, *v. a.* to do over again, to repeat
 ĭt'ér-ānt, *a.* repeating
 ĭt-ér-ā'tion, *f.* a recital over again, a repetition
 ĭ-tĭn'ér-ānt, *a.* not settled, wandering
 ĭ-tĭn'ér-a-ry, *f.* a book of travels: *a.* travelling, done on a journey
 ĭt-sĕlf', *neut. pron.* applied to things
 ĭ'vo-ry, *f.* elephant's teeth, hard white substance
 ĭ'vy, *f.* a plant [stance

J.

Jāb'bér, *v. n.* to talk idly, to chatter
 Jāb'bér-ēr, *f.* one who talks unintelligibly
 Jā'cĕnt, *a.* lying at length [bly

Jā'cĭnth, *f.* a gem, the hyacinth [fish
 Jāck, *f.* John; a leathern can; an engine; a
 Jāck-āĭ, *f.* a beast that starts the lion's prey
 Jāck-a-lĕnt', *f.* a simple sleepish fellow
 Jāck'ān-āpes, *f.* a coxcomb; a monkey
 Jāck-bōots, *f.* boots serving for armour
 Jāck'dāw, *f.* a chattering bird, a cock-daw
 Jāck'ĕt, *f.* a short coat, a waistcoat
 Jāck-pŭd'dĭng, *f.* a merry-Andrew
 Jāck'o-bite, *f.* a partizan of James II.
 Jāc-ti-tā'tion, *f.* a tossing motion; restlessness
 Jāc-u-lā'tion, *f.* act of throwing
 Jāde, *f.* a bad woman; a worthless mare
 Jāde, *v. a.* to ride down; tire, weary
 Jā'dĭsh, *a.* vicious, unchaste, unruly
 Jāgg, *f.* a denticulation, unevenness: *v. a.* to notch, to cut out into indentures
 Jāg'g,y, *a.* notched, denticulated
 Jāg'g,ĕd-nĕss, *f.* the state of being denticulated
 Jāil, *f.* a prison
 Jāil'bĭrd, *f.* one who has been in jail
 Jāil'ēr, *f.* the keeper of a prison
 Jākes, *f.* the house of office, a boghouse
 Jām, *f.* a conserve of fruit; a child's frock
 Jāmb, *f.* the upright post of a door
 Jān'gle, *v. n.* to be out of tune, to wrangle
 Jāng'lér, *f.* a chattering noisy fellow
 Jān'ĭ-za-ry, *f.* a Turkish soldier
 Jān'ty, *a.* fluttering, showy
 Jān'u-a-ry, *f.* the first month of the year
 Jā-pān', *f.* varnish to work in colours
 Jā-pān', *v. a.* to black shoes; to varnish
 Jā-pān'nér, *f.* one who japans; a shoe-black
 Jār, *f.* an earthen vessel; harsh sound; discord: *v. n.* to clash, to disagree
 Jār'gŏn, *f.* gabble, gibberish, nonsense

Jāf'mīne, f. a flower. See *Jessamine*
Jāf'pér, f. a precious green stone
Jāv'el-in, f. a spear or half pike
Jāun'dice, f. a distemper from obstructions
 of the glands of the liver
Jāun'diç-ēd, a. infected with the jaundice
Jāunt, f. an excursion, ramble, flight: *v. n.*
 to travel or walk about; to bustle
Jāunt'i-nēss, f. airiness, flutter
Jāw', f. a bone inclosing the teeth; the
 mouth
Jāy, f. a bird [lour
Jā'zel, f. a precious stone of an azure co-
Jēal'ous, a. suspicious; full of competition
Jēal'ous-ly, ad. suspiciously; emulously
Jēal'ous-nēss, f. state of being jealous
Jēal'ous-y, f. suspicion in love, suspicious fear
Jēer, f. a jest, scoff, taunt, flout, gibe
Jēer, v. n. to treat with scoffs
Jēer'ér, f. a scoffer, scorner, mocker
Jēer'ing-ly, ad. with haughtiness, scorn-
 fully
Jēg'g,ēt, f. a kind of sausage
Je-hō'vab, f. Hebrew for God
Je-jūne', a. empty, hungry, dry, unaffected
Je-jūne'nēss, f. want of matter, poverty
Jēl'lī-ēd, a. brought to a jelly, glutinous
Jēl'ly, f. a transparent fizy broth; a sweet-
Jēn'nēt, f. a Spanish horse [meat
Jēn'nēt-ing, f. a kind of early apple
Jēop'ard, v. a. to put in danger, hazard
Jēop'ard-ous, a. hazardous, dangerous
Jēop'ar-dy, f. danger, hazard, peril
Jérk, f. a quick smart lash; a quick jolt
Jérk, v. a. to give a quick smart blow
Jér'sey, f. fine yarn of wool
Jēst, v. n. to be merry in words, to divert:
f. any thing ludicrous; a laughing-stock

Jēst'ér, f. one given to merriment, a buf-
 foon
Jēt, f. a black fossil; a spout of water
Jēt, v. n. to shoot forward; to strut
Jēt'sām, Jēt'són, f. goods from a ship-
 wreck
Jēt'ty, a. black as jet, made of jet
Je-w'el, f. a precious stone; a name of fond-
 ness
Je-w'el-hōûse, f. house for the king's jewels
Je-w's-hàrp, f. a small musical instrument
Je-w'el-lér, f. a dealer in precious stones
Jīg, f. a light kind of dance or tune
Jīg, v. n. to dance nimbly or carelessly
Jīg'māk-ér, f. one who dances or plays
 merrily
Jilt, f. a woman who gives her lover hopes,
 and deceives him: *v. a.* to deceive
Jin'gle, f. a sounding; a rattle
Jin'gle, v. n. to sound correspondently, to
 clink
Jōb', f. a piece of chance-work: *v. a. & n.*
 to strike: to play the stockjobber
Jōb'bér, f. one who does chance work
Jōck'ey, f. who rides, or deals in horses;
 a cheat: *v. a.* to cheat, jostle, trick
Jo-cōse', a. given to jest, merry, waggish
Jo-cōse'ly, ad. in jest, waggishly, in game
Jo-cōse'nēss, Jo-cōs'i-ty, f. merriment,
 waggery
Jōc'u-lār, a. jocose, used in jest
Jōc-u-lār'i-ty, f. disposition to jest, merri-
 ment
Jōc'und, a. merry, gay, airy, lively
Jōc'und-ly, ad. gaily, merrily, briskly
Jōg', f. a push, a slight shake: *v. a.* to push,
 to shake by a sudden impulse
Jōg'g,ér, f. who moves slowly or heavily

Jög'gle, *v. n.* to shake
 Jöin, *v. a. & n.* to add, clasp, associate, encounter, unite; to grow to, adhere; to close, clasp
 Jöin'dér, *f.* conjunction, a joining
 Jöin'ér, *f.* who joins wood, a carpenter
 Jöin'e-ry, *f.* the art of joining wood
 Jöint, *f.* point where bones, &c. meet; a hinge: *a.* amongst many, combined: *v. a.* to cut, divide a joint, join [ther
 Jöint'éd, *part.* full of joints, joined together
 Jöint'ly, *ad.* together in a body
 Jöint'rěs, *f.* one who has a jointure
 Jöint'ure, *f.* an estate settled on a wife
 Jöist, *f.* a small beam in the flooring
 Jöke, *f.* a jest, something not serious
 Jöke, *v. n.* to be merry; to jest
 Jök'ér, *f.* a merry fellow, a jester
 Jöle, *f.* the head of a fish, the cheek
 Jöll, *v. a.* to beat the head against any thing
 Jöll'ly, *ad.* in a merry manner
 Jöll'ly-něs, Jöll'ly-ty, *f.* gaiety, merriment, in a disposition to noisy mirth
 Jöll'y, *a.* in good health, gay, plump
 Jölt, *f.* a violent shock: *v. a. & n.* to shake one as a carriage does; to shake as a carriage on rough ground
 Jölt'hěd, *f.* a blockhead; a great head
 Jön-quille', *f.* a species of daffodil
 Jör'dén, *f.* a pot [juttle
 Jöf'tle, *v. a.* to push or run against, to
 Jöt', *f.* a point, title, the least quantity assignable
 Jö'vĩ-ăl, *a.* merry, gay
 Jö'vĩ-ăl-ly, *ad.* merrily, gaily, lively
 Jö'vĩ-ăl-něs, *f.* gaiety, merriment, mirth
 Jöür'näl, *f.* a newspaper published daily, a diary: *a.* daily, quotidian

Jöür'näl-ist, *f.* a writer of journals
 Jöür'ney, *f.* travel by land or sea: *v. n.* to travel, to pass from place to place
 Jöür'ney-män, *f.* a hired mechanic
 Jöür'ney-wörk, *f.* work done by a journey-
 Jöüst, *f.* a mock fight, tilt [man
 Jöüst, *v. n.* to run in the tilt
 Jöý, *f.* gladness, happiness: *v. a. & n.* to make glad, to congratulate, to rejoice
 Jöý'fűl, *a.* full of joy, exulting
 Jöý'fűl-ly, *ad.* with joy, gladly, merrily
 Jöý'fűl-něs, *f.* joy, festivity, exultation
 Jöý'less, *a.* without joy or pleasure, insipid
 Jöý'ous, *a.* gay, glad, merry, giving joy
 Jü'bĩ-lánt, *a.* uttering songs of triumph
 Jü'bĩ-lee, *f.* a public periodical festivity
 Ju-cűn'dĩ-ty, *f.* agreeableness, pleasantness
 Jü'da-ism, *f.* the practice of the Jews
 Jüdge, *f.* one who presides in a court of judicature: *v. a. & n.* to pass sentence upon: *v. n.* to pass sentence, to determine
 Jüdg'ér, *f.* who forms judgment, or passes sentence
 Jüdg'měnt, *f.* decision, opinion, sentence
 Jü'dĩ-ca-to-ry, *f.* a court of justice
 Jü'dĩ-ca-ture, *f.* a power to distribute justice
 Ju-dĩ'cial, *a.* belonging to a trial, &c.
 Ju-dĩ'cial-ly, *ad.* in the forms of legal justice
 Ju-dĩ'cia-ry, *a.* passing judgment upon any thing
 Ju-dĩ'cions, *a.* prudent, wise
 Ju-dĩ'ciouf-ly, *ad.* skilfully, wisely
 Jüg, *f.* a large drinking vessel
 Jüg'gle, *v. n.* to play a trick by flight of hand: *f.* a deception, an imposture
 Jüg'glér, *f.* one who juggles, a cheat

Jūgg'ling-ly, *ad.* in a deceptive manner
 Jūice, *f.* sap in vegetables, fluid in animals
 Jūice'less, *a.* without moisture or juice
 Jūic'ī-nēss, *f.* plenty of juice or moisture
 Jūic'y, *a.* full of juice, moist
 Ju-lŷ, *f.* the seventh month of the year
 Jū'mārt, *f.* the mixture of bull and mare
 Jūm'ble, *v. a. & n.* to mix violently and confusedly; to be agitated together: *f.* violent and confused agitation; confused mixture
 Jū'mēnt, *f.* a beast of burden
 Jūmp, *f.* a kind of stays; a leap, a skip; *v. n.* to agree; to leap, to skip; to tally: *ad.* exactly, nicely
 Jūn'cate, *f.* a cheese-cake, any delicacy
 Jūn'coūs, *a.* abounding with bulrushes
 Jūnc'tion, *f.* a coalition, an union
 Jūnc'ture, *f.* a critical time, point, union
 Jūne, *f.* the sixth month of the year
 Jū'nī-ōr, *a.* one younger than another
 Jū'nī-pér, *f.* a shrub from which geneva is made
 Jūnk, *f.* a Chinese ship; an old rope
 Jūnk'ēt, *f.* a private entertainment
 Jūnk'ēt, *v. n.* to feast privately, to feast
 Jūn'to, *f.* a cabal
 Jū'rāt, *f.* a magistrate in some corporations
 Jū'ra-to-ry, *a.* giving oath
 Ju-rīd'ī-cāl, *a.* used in courts of justice
 Ju-rīd'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* with legal authority
 † Jū'rīf-cōn'sult, *f.* one who gives his opinion in law
 † Ju-rīf-dīc'tion, or Ju-rīf-dīc'tion, *f.* legal authority, a district
 † Ju-rīf-prū'dēnce, *f.* the science of law
 Jū'rīst, *f.* a civil lawyer, a civilian

Jū'rōr, *f.* one who serves on the jury
 Jū'ry, *f.* persons sworn to deliver truth on such evidence as shall be given before them
 Jū'ry-mān, *f.* a juror
 Jūst, *f.* a mock-fight on horse-back
 Jūst, *ad.* exactly, merely, nearly, barely
 Jūst, *v. n.* to engage in a mock-fight
 Jūs'tice, *f.* equity; punishment; right
 Jūs'tice-shīp, *f.* rank or office of justice
 Jūs-tīc'ī-a-ble, *a.* cognizable in a court of justice
 Jūs-tī-fī'a-ble, *a.* defensible by law or reason
 Jūs-tī-fī'a-ble-nēss, *f.* the possibility of defending
 Jūs-tī-fī'a-bly, *ad.* in a justifiable manner
 Jūs'tīf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* defence, vindication; deliverance by pardon for sins past
 Jūs'tīf-ī-cā'tōr, *f.* who supports, defends, vindicates, or justifies
 Jūs'tī-fi-ēr, *f.* who justifies or defends
 Jūs'tī-fŷ, *v. a.* to clear from guilt, defend
 Jūs'tle, *v. a. & n.* to push, drive; to encounter, clash, run against each other
 Jūst'ly, *ad.* exactly, honestly [ness
 Jūst'nēss, *f.* equity; exactness; reasonable-
 Jūt, *v. n.* to come out beyond the line
 Jūt'ty, *v. n.* to push out into prominences
 Jū've-nīle, *a.* gay, young, youthful
 Ju-ve-nīl'ī-ty, *f.* gaiety, youthfulness

K.

Kāl'ēn-dār, *f.* See *Calendar*; an account of time
 Kā'lī, *f.* a sec-weed, of the ashes of which glass was made
 Kām, *a.* crooked

D d

Kâw', *f.* the cry of a raven or crow: *v. n.*
to cry as a raven or crow [ate
Kēck, *v. n.* to heave the stomach, to nause-
Kēc'kle, *v. a.* to tie rope round a cable
Kēcks, *f.* dry stalks and sticks
Kēck'y, *a.* resembling kecks
Kēd'g,ér, *f.* a small anchor used in a river
Kēel, *f.* the lowest timber of a ship: *v. a.*
to cool
Kēel'hāle, *v. a.* to punish by dragging un-
der the keel
Kēen, *a.* eager, severe, sharp
Kēen, *v. a.* to sharpen, to make sharp
Kēen'ly, *ad.* eagerly, sharply, severely
Kēen'nēss, *f.* eagerness, sharpness, severity
Kēep, *f.* custody, guardianship, restraint:
v. a. to conceal, detain, hold, retain
Kēep'ér, *f.* who keeps any thing
Kēep'ér-shīp, *f.* the office of a keeper
Kēg, *f.* a small barrel used for fish, &c.
Kēll, *f.* what covers the guts; pottage
Kēlp, *f.* salt from calcined sea-weed
Kēn, *f.* the reach of sight, view: *v. a.* to
discover at a distance, to see
Kēn'nēl, *f.* a cot for dogs; water course;
fox's hole: *v. n.* to dwell, to lie
Kēpt, *pret. & part. pass.* of to keep
Kér'chief, *f.* a head-dress
Kér'chief-ēd, *a.* dressed, hooded
Kérn, *f.* an Irish foot-soldier; a hand-mill
Kérn'ēl, *f.* the substance within a shell
Kérn'ēl, *v. n.* to ripen to kernels
Kér'sey, *f.* a coarse stuff
Kētch, *f.* a large ship; an executioner
Kēt'tle, *f.* a vessel to boil liquor in
Kēt'tle-drūm, *f.* a drum made of brass
Kēy, *f.* an instrument to open a lock; term
in music; place for landing goods

Kēy'age, *f.* money paid for lying at the key
Kēy-hōle, *f.* hole to put a key in
Kēy-stōne, *f.* the middle stone of an arch
Kībe, *f.* a chap in the heel, a chilblain
Kīb'ēd, *a.* troubled with kibes
Kīck, *f.* a blow with the foot: *v. a. & n.*
to strike with the foot; to beat the foot
in anger or contempt
Kīck'ér, *f.* one who strikes with his foot
Kīck'fhâw, *f.* fantastical dish of meat, &c.
Kīck'sey-wīck'sey, *f.* a word of disdain to
a wife
Kīd, *f.* a young goat, a child
Kīd'dér, *f.* an engrosser of corn
Kīd'nāp, *v. a.* to steal human beings
Kīd'nāp-pér, *f.* one who steals children, &c.
Kīd'ney, *f.* a part of an animal; kind; race
Kīd'ney-bēan, *f.* a garden-herb
Kīl'dér-kīn, *f.* a small barrel
Kīll, *v. a.* to deprive of life, to destroy
Kīll'ér, *f.* one who kills, a murderer
Kīl'low, *f.* a blackish kind of earth
Kīln, *f.* a stove for drying or burning
things
Kīln'dr̄y, *v. a.* to dry in a kiln
Kīm'bo, *a.* arched, bent, crooked
Kīn, *f.* relation by blood or marriage
Kīnd, *f.* a race; nature; sort; manner;
way: *a.* benevolent, obliging
Kīn'dle, *v. a. & n.* to set on fire, to heat;
to provoke; to catch fire; to bring forth
as rabbits.
Kīnd'lér, *f.* who lights or inflames
Kīnd'ly, *a.* mild; promising; homogeneous:
ad. with good-will, obligingly
Kīnd'nēss, *f.* benevolence, good-will, fa-
vour
Kīn'drēd, *f.* affinity, relation, relatives

Kīn'drēd, *a.* congenial, related, cognate
 Kīne, *f. pl.* of cow; one or more cows
 Kīng, *f.* a supreme governour; a card:
v. a. to supply with, or make a king
 Kīng'dóm, *f.* the dominion of a king, a re-
 gion, a tract
 Kīng'f'īsh-ēr, *f.* a bird
 Kīng'ly, *a.* belonging to a king, royal: *ad.*
 with an air of royalty [glands
 Kīng's'ē'vīl, *f.* a scrofulous disorder of the
 Kīng'shīp, *f.* monarchy, royalty
 Kīn'f'ō'k, *f.* relations
 Kīn'f'mān, *f.* a male-relation
 Kīn'f'wōm-ān, *f.* a female relation
 Kīrk, *f.* the church of Scotland; a church
 Kīr'tle, *f.* an upper garment; a gown
 Kīss, *f.* a salute given by joining lips: *v. a.*
 to salute with the lips
 Kīss'ēr, *f.* one who kisses [touch
 Kīss'īng-crūst, *f.* the crust where two loaves
 Kīt, *f.* a small fish tub; a small fiddle
 Kītch'en, *f.* a room for cookery
 Kītch'en-gārd-ēn, *f.* a garden for roots
 Kītch'en-stūff, *f.* fat skummed off, &c.
 Kītch'en-māid, *f.* she who cleans the kitchen
 Kīte, *f.* a paper bird or flying figure; a
 bird of prey
 Kīt'ten, *f.* a young cat
 Kīt'ten, *v. n.* to bring forth young cats
 Klīck, *v. n.* to make a small sharp noise
 Knāb, *v. a.* to bite [a little toy
 Knāck, *f.* a nice trick; a lucky dexterity;
 Knāck'ēr, *f.* a maker of knacks; a rope-
 Knāg, *f.* a hard knot in wood [maker
 Knāg'g'y, *a.* knotty, full of knots
 Knāp, *f.* a swelling prominence upon cloth
 Knāp, Knāp'ple, *v. a.* to break short; to bite
 Knāp'fäck, *f.* a soldier's bag

Knāre, *f.* a hard knot
 Knāve, *f.* a petty rascal; a scoundrel
 Knāv'e-ry, *f.* petty villany; dishonesty
 Knāv'īsh, *a.* dishonest, waggish
 Knāv'īsh-ly, *ad.* dishonestly, mischievously
 Knēad, *v. a.* to work dough with the fist
 Knēe, *f.* the joint between the leg and
 thigh: *v. a.* to entreat by kneeling
 Knē-dēep, *a.* rising or sunk to the knees
 Knēel, *v. n.* to bend the knee
 Knēe'trīb-ute, *f.* obeisance by kneeling
 Knēll, *f.* the sound of a bell rung at a funeral
 Knew, *pret.* of to know
 Knīfe, *f.* a steel utensil to cut with
 Knīght, *f.* the title of honour, Sir
 Knīght, *v. a.* to create a knight
 Knīght'hòod, *f.* the dignity of a knight
 Knīght'ly, *ad.* becoming a knight
 Knīt, *v. n.* to make stocking-work; to
 close, tie, unite
 Knīt, *f.* knit-work
 Knīt'tér, *f.* one who knits or weaves
 Knīt'tīng-nēe-dle, *f.* wire used in knitting
 Knōb', *f.* a protuberance of any kind
 Knōb'bēd, Knōb'by, *a.* full of knobs; hard;
 having protuberances
 Knōb'bī-nēss, *f.* quality of having knobs
 Knōck', *f.* a sudden loud stroke: *v. a. & n.*
 to strike upon; to clash
 Knōck'ér, *f.* who knocks; hammer of a door
 Knōll', *f.* a little hill: *v. a. & n.* to ring the
 bell, to sound as a bell
 Knōp', *f.* any tufted top. (See *Knap.*)
 Knōt', *f.* a part which is tied; hard place
 in wood: *v. a. & n.* to make knots, to
 intangle; to form buds
 Knōt'tēd, *a.* full of knots
 Knōt'tī-nēss, *f.* fulness of knots; hardness

Knōt'ty, *a.* full of knots; difficult, hard
 Knōw, *v. a.* to understand
 Knōw'a-ble, *a.* may be known, cognoscible
 Knōw'ér, *f.* who has knowledge
 Knōw'ing, *f.* knowledge; illumination of the mind
 Knōw'ing, *a.* conscious, skilful, intelligent
 Knōw'ing-ly, *ad.* with knowledge; wilfully
 Knōwl'edge, Knōw'l'edge, *f.* learning, skill, understanding
 Knūb'ble, *v. a.* to beat, to punish with blows
 Knūc'kle, *v. n.* to yield, to submit
 Knūck'l'ed, *a.* jointed
 Knūc'kleš, *f.* the joints of the fingers
 Knūr, Knūrle, *f.* a hard substance

L.

L Ā! *interj.* behold, see [thing
 Lā'bēl, *f.* a short direction upon any
 Lā'bēnt, *a.* gliding, sliding, slipping
 Lā'bī-āl, *a.* uttered by the lips
 La-bī-dēnt'āl, *a.* pronounced by the lips and teeth
 Lāb'o-ra-to-ry, *f.* a chemist's work-shop
 La-bō'rī-ōūs, *a.* diligent in work; difficult
 La-bō'rī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* with labour or toil
 La-bō'rī-ōūf-nēš, *f.* great labour, difficulty
 Lā'boūr, *f.* child-birth; pains; toil: *v. a.* & *n.* to do work; to be in travail
 Lā'boūr-ér, *f.* who labours or takes pains
 Lā'boūr-sōme, *a.* made with great labour
 Lā'bra, *f.* a lip
 Lāb'y-rīnth, *f.* a place full of inextricable windings
 Lāc, *f.* a kind of gum

Lāce, *f.* a cord; ornamental trimming of gold, silver or thread curiously woven: *v. a.* to fasten with a string; to beat, trim
 Lāce'mān, *f.* one who deals in lace
 Lāç'ēd-mūt'ton, *f.* a whore
 Lāç'ér-a-ble, *a.* that may be torn
 Lāç'ér-ate, *v. a.* to tear in pieces; to rend
 Lāç-ér-ā'tion, *f.* the act of tearing
 Lāç'ér-a-tīve, *a.* having power to tear, tearing
 Lāc,h'rŷ-māl, *a.* generating tears
 Lāc,h'rŷ-ma-ry, *a.* containing tears
 Lāc,h-rŷ-mā'tion, *f.* the act of weeping
 Lāck, *f.* need, want, failure
 Lāck, *v. a. & n.* to want; to be in want
 Lāck'brāin, *f.* one who wants wit; a fool
 Lāck'ér, *f.* a yellow varnish used in brass work: *v. a.* to cover with lacker
 Lāck'ey, *f.* a foot-boy: *v. n.* to act as foot-boy
 Lāck'līn-en, *a.* wanting linen
 Lāck'lūf-tre, *a.* wanting brightness; dull
 La-cōn'ic, *a.* brief, concise, short
 La-cōn'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* briefly, concisely
 Lāc'ōn-īsm, *f.* a concise style
 Lāc'ta-ry, *f.* a dairy-house: *a.* milky
 Lāc'te-āl, *f.* the vessel that conveys chyle
 Lāc'te-al, Lāc'te-ōūs, *a.* conveying chyle
 Lāc-tēs'cēnce, *f.* a tendency to milk; milky
 Lāc-tēs'cēt, *a.* producing milk
 Lāc-tīf'ér-ōūs, *a.* conveying or bringing milk
 Lād, *f.* a boy; a stripling
 Lād'dér, *f.* a frame with steps; gradual rise
 Lāde, *f.* the mouth of a river
 Lāde, *v. a.* to freight, load, burden
 Lād'ing, *f.* a burden, a freight, weight

Lā'dle, *f.* a large spoon
 Lā'dy, *f.* a female title of honour
 Lā'dy-bīrd, Lā'dy-cōw, *f.* a red insect
 Lā'dy-dāy, *f.* the annunciation of the B. V. Mary
 Lā'dy-like, *a.* delicate, elegant, soft
 Lā'dy-shīp, *f.* the title of a lady
 Lāg, *f.* the lowest class; fag end; one last;
a. coming behind; last; sluggish: *v. n.*
 to stay behind; to loiter, move slowly
 Lāg'g,ér, *f.* a loiterer, an idler
 Lāid, *pret. & pass. part. of to lay*
 Lāin, *pass. part. of to lie*
 Lā'ic-āl, *a.* belonging to the laity
 Lāir, *f.* the bed of a boar or wild beast
 Lāird, *f.* a Scotch lord of a manor
 Lā'i-ty, *f.* a people distinct from the clergy
 Lāke, *f.* a large inland water
 Lāmb, *f.* a young sheep; typically of our
 Saviour
 Lām'bēnt, *a.* playing about; gliding over
 Lām'b'kīn, *f.* a little lamb
 Lām'b's-wōol, *f.* ale and roasted apples
 Lāme, *a.* crippled, hobbling, imperfect
 Lāme, *v. a.* to make lame, to cripple
 Lām'ēl-lāt-ēd, *a.* covered with plates
 Lāme'ly, *ad.* like a cripple; imperfectly
 Lāme'nēss, *f.* the state of a cripple; imper-
 fection
 La-mēnt', *v. a. & n.* to bewail, to mourn:
 to grieve: *f.* expression of sorrows
 Lām'ēnt-a-ble, *a.* miserable, mournful
 Lām'ēnt-a-bly, *ad.* with sorrow, pitifully
 Lām-ēn-tā'tion, *f.* expression of sorrow
 Lā-mēnt'ér, *f.* one who mourns or la-
 ments
 Lām'ī-na, *f.* thin plate; one coat laid over
 another

Lām'ī-nat-ēd, *a.* plated
 Lāmm, *v. a.* to beat soundly
 Lām'mās, *f.* the 1st of August
 Lāmp, *f.* a light made of oil or spirits
 Lāmp-blāck, *f.* substance made by holding
 a torch under the bottom of a basom,
 and as it is furred, strike it with a fea-
 ther into some shell
 Lām-pōn', *f.* a personal satire, abuse,
 censure: *v. a.* to abuse with personal sa-
 tire
 Lām-pōn'ér, *f.* a writer of personal satire
 Lām'prey, *f.* a kind of eel
 Lānce, *f.* a long spear: *v. a.* to pierce,
 open chirurgically
 Lān'cēt, *f.* a surgical instrument to let
 blood
 Lānch, *v. a.* to cast as a lance, to dart
 Lānd, *f.* a country, earth, ground: *v. a. & n.*
 to set on shore; to come on shore
 Lānd'ēd, *a.* having an estate in land
 Lānd'fōr-cēs, *f.* soldiers who serve on land
 Lānd'grāve, *f.* a German title
 Lānd'hōld-ér, *f.* one who possesses land
 Lānd'jōb-bér, *f.* who buys and sells land
 Lānd'īng, *f.* top of stairs; place to land at
 Lānd'la-dy, *f.* the mistress of an inn
 Lānd'lēss, *a.* without property or fortune
 Lānd'lōck-ēd, *a.* shut in by land
 Lānd'lōrd, *f.* the master of an inn; one
 who owns land or houses
 Lānd'mārk, *f.* a mark of boundaries
 Lānd'scape, *f.* a prospect of a country; a
 picture representing an extent of place
 with the various objects in it
 Lānd-tāx, *f.* tax upon land and houses
 Lānd'wāit-ér, *f.* who watches the landing
 of goods

Länd'wärd, *ad.* towards the land
 Lāne, *f.* a narrow street or passage
 Lān'gūage, *f.* human speech; style; tongue;
 manner of expression
 Lān'gūag, -ēd, *a.* knowing various languages
 Lān'gūage-māf-tér, *f.* one who professes to
 teach languages
 Lān'gūēt, *f.* a weaver's lead tongue
 Lān'gūid, *a.* faint, heartless, infirm
 Lān'gūid-ly, *ad.* feebly, infirmly
 Lān'gūid-nēs, *f.* feebleness, weakness
 Lān'gūish, *v. n.* to lose strength, to pine :
f. soft appearance
 Lān'gūish-ing-ly, *ad.* faintly, dully
 Lān'gūish-mēnt, *f.* softness of mien; state
 of pining
 Lān'gūōr, *f.* heaviness of spirit
 Lānk, *a.* faint, languid, slender
 Lānk'nēs, *f.* want of flesh, slenderness
 Lāns-quen'ēt, *f.* a game at cards; a com-
 mon soldier
 Lān'térn, *f.* a case for a candle, a light-house
 Lān'térn-jaws, *f.* a thin visage
 Lāp, *f.* a seat on the thighs; a fold or plait :
v. a. to wrap round, to lick up
 Lāp'dōg, *f.* a little dog for the lap
 Lāp'fūl, *f.* as much as the lap can hold
 Lāp'ī-da-ry, *f.* one who deals in stones or
 La-pīd'e-ōūs, *a.* stony [gems
 Lāp-ī-dēs'cēnce, *f.* a stony concretion
 La-pīd-ī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of forming
 Lāp-ī-dīf'ic, *a.* forming stones [stones
 Lāp'īd-īst, *f.* a lapidary
 Lāp'pér, *f.* one who wraps up or laps
 Lāp'pēt, *f.* part of a head-dress
 Lāpse, *f.* a small error; a fall, flow,
 glide : *v. n.* to lose the proper time,
 to fall, to glide

Lāp'wīng, *f.* a noisy bird
 Lāp'wōrk, *f.* one thing wrapped in another
 Lār'bōard, *f.* the left-hand side of a ship
 Lār'ce-ny, *f.* a petty theft
 Lārd, *f.* grease of swine, bacon
 Lārd, *v. a.* to stuff with bacon, to fatten
 Lārd'ér, *f.* a place where meat is kept
 Lārgē, *a.* big, bulky, copious, plentiful
 Lārgē'ly, *ad.* abundantly, extensively
 Lārgē'nēs, *f.* bulk, greatness, wideness
 Lār'g, ēs, *f.* a bounty, a gift, a present
 Lār'k, *f.* a small singing bird
 Lār'k'spūr, *f.* a common garden flower
 Lā'rūm, *f.* a machine that strikes loud; a-
 Lās-cīv'ī-ōūs, *a.* lewd, wanton [larm
 Lās-cīv'ī-ōūs-nēs, *f.* looseness, wantonness
 Lās-cīv'ī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* lewdly, wantonly
 Lāsh, *f.* a stroke with a whip, a sarcasm :
v. a. & n. to satirize, to scourge; to ply
 the whip
 Lāsh'ér, *f.* who whips or lashes
 Lās, *f.* a young girl, a maid
 Lās'fī-tude, *f.* fatigue, languor, weakness
 Lās'lōrn, *a.* forsaken by his mistress
 Lāst, *f.* the mould on which shoes are
 formed; a measure : *a.* hindmost, latest,
 next before the present : *v. n.* to conti-
 nue, preserve
 Lāst, } *ad.* in the last time or place;
 Lāst'ly, } in the conclusion; at last
 Lāst'age, *f.* custom of freightage; ballast of
 a ship
 Lāst'ing, *part. a.* continuing
 Lāst'ing-ly, *ad.* perpetually
 Lāst'ing-nēs, *f.* durability, continuance
 Lāch, *f.* a catch of a door moved by a
 string or a handle : *v. a.* to fasten with a
 catch

Lătch'ět, *f.* a shoe-string
 Lăte, *a.* out of time, advanced, deceased,
 slow : *ad.* far in the day or night, unsea-
 Lăt'əd, *a.* benighted [sonably
 Lăte'ly, *ad.* not long ago
 Lăte'něs, *f.* time far advanced
 Lă'těnt, *a.* concealed, hidden, secret
 Lăt'ér-ăl, *a.* on or near the side, parallel
 Lăt-ér-ăl'ĩ-ty, *f.* the quality of having di-
 stinct sides
 Lăt'ér-ăl-ly, *ad.* sidewise
 Lăte'wărd, *ad.* somewhat late
 Lăth, *f.* a thin piece of wood to support
 tiles : *v. a.* to fit up with laths
 Lăthe, *f.* a turner's machine
 Lăth'ér, *f.* foam or froth of soap or water :
v. n. to form a froth with soap
 Lăt'ĩn, *f.* the ancient Roman language
 Lăt'ĩn-ĩsm, *f.* a mode of speech peculiar to
 the Latin
 Lăt'ĩn-ĩst, *f.* one skilled in Latin
 La-tĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* the Latin tongue
 Lăt'ĩn-ize, *v. n.* to use phrases borrowed
 from the Latin
 Lăt'ĩsh, *a.* somewhat late
 Lăt'ĩ-tude, *f.* breadth, extent, width ; a
 particular degree reckoned from the e-
 quator
 Lăt-ĩ-tu-dĩ-nă'rĩ-ăn, *f.* one who departs
 from orthodoxy : *a.* unconfined, unli-
 mited
 Lă'trĩ-a, *f.* the highest kind of worship
 Lăt'těn, *f.* brass
 Lăt'tér, *a.* the last of two, modern
 Lăt'tér-ly, *ad.* lately, of late
 Lăt'tíce, *f.* a window of grate-work
 Lăud', *f.* praise, honour paid, celebration :
v. a. to extol, praise, celebrate

Lăud'a-ble, *a.* praise-worthy, commendable
 Lăud'a-bly, *ad.* in a manner deserving praise
 Lăud'a-ble-něs, *f.* praise-worthiness
 Lăud'a-nũm, *f.* a soporific tincture
 Lăve, *v. a. & n.* to wash ; to draw out ;
 to bathe himself
 Lăv'én-dér, *f.* a plant
 Lă'vér, *f.* a washing vessel
 Lăugh, *f.* the convulsion caused by merri-
 ment : *v. a. & n.* to scorn ; to make that
 noise which mirth excites
 Lăugh'a-ble, *a.* exciting laughter
 Lăugh'ér, *f.* one who laughs much
 Lăugh'ĩng-ly, *ad.* in a merry way, merrily
 Lăugh'ĩng-stöck, *f.* an object of ridicule
 Lăugh'tér, *f.* a convulsive merry noise
 Lăv'ĩsh, *a.* indiscreet, prodigal, wasteful
 Lăv'ĩsh, *v. n.* to scatter profusely, to waste
 Lăv'ĩsh-ér, *f.* a prodigal
 Lăv'ĩsh-ly, *ad.* in an extravagant manner
 Lăv'ĩsh-něs, *f.* prodigality, profusion
 Lăunch, *v. a. & n.* to put to sea ; to cast
 forward [woods
 Lăun', *f.* a plain extended between two
 Lăun'drěs, *f.* a woman who washes and
 irons clothes
 Lăun'dry, *f.* a room to wash, &c. clothes in
 Lău're-ate, *a.* decked with laurel, chief
 Lău'rěl, *f.* an ever-green tree
 Lău'rěl-lěd, *a.* crowned or decorated with
 laurel
 Lăw', *f.* a rule of conduct ; a judicial pro-
 cess
 Lăw'fũl, *a.* conformable to law
 Lăw'fũl-ly, *ad.* in a lawful manner
 Lăw'fũl-něs, *f.* allowance of law, legality
 Lăw'gĩv-ér, *f.* one who makes laws
 Lăw'gĩv-ĩng, *a.* making laws, legislative

- Lâw'lēss**, *a.* contrary or not subject to law
Lâw'lēss-ly, *ad.* in a lawless manner
Lâw'māk-ēr, *f.* a legislator
Lâwn', *f.* an open space between two woods; linen
Lâw'sūit, *f.* a process in law
Lâw'yēr, *f.* who practises law, a pleader
Lăx, *f.* a looseness, a diarrhoea: *a.* slack, loose in body; vague
Lăx'a-tīve, *a.* purging, relieving costiveness
Lăx'a-tīve-nēss, *f.* power of easing costiveness
Lăx'ī-ty, *f.* looseness, openness, slackness, contrariety to tension
Lăx'nēss, *f.* or costiveness
Lāy, *f.* grassy ground; a row, a stratum; a wager: *a.* laical, not clerical: *v. a. & n.* to place along, to wager, to still, to impute, to contrive, to bring forth eggs
Lāy'ēr, *f.* the sprig of a plant, a stratum
Lāy'mān, *f.* one of the laity; an image
Lăz'ār, *f.* one infected with filthy diseases
Lăz'ēr-hōūse, *f.* a house to receive lazars
Lā'zī-ly, *ad.* idly, slothfully, heavily
Lā'zī-nēss, *f.* idleness, sluggishness
Lā'zy, *a.* not willing to work, idle, slow
Lēa, *f.* ground inclosed; a pasture
Lēad, *f.* the heaviest metal except gold: *v. a.* to fit with lead in any manner
Lēad, *f.* guidance; first place: *v. a. & n.* to conduct, to guide: to go first
Lēad'en, *a.* made of lead, heavy, dull
Lēad'ēr, *f.* a captain, conductor
Lēad'īng, *a.* principal, chief
Lēad'īng-strīngs, *f.* strings to hold children by

- Lēaf**, *f.* the green deciduous parts of plants, trees and flowers; a part of a book; part of a table, &c.
Lēaf, *v. n.* to bear leaves, to bring leaves
Lēaf'lēss, *a.* having no leaves
Lēaf'y, *a.* abounding with leaves
Lēague, *f.* a measure of 3 miles; a confederacy: *v. n.* to join or conspire together
Lēagu'ēd, *a.* confederated
Lēagu'ēr, *f.* siege; investment of a town
Lēak, *f.* a hole which lets in or out water
Lēak, *v. n.* to let water in or out: to drop through a breach
Lēak'age, *f.* allowance for loss by leaks
Lēak'y, *a.* letting in or out water; talkative
Lēan, *f.* meat without fat: *a.* poor, thin, meagre, not fat, hungry
Lēan'ly, *ad.* meagerly
Lēan'nēss, *f.* want of flesh or bulk
Lēap, *f.* an embrace of animals; a jump
Lēap, *v. a. & n.* to compress as beats; to
Lēap'frōg, *f.* a childish play [jump
Lēap-yēar, *f.* every fourth year
Lēarn, *v. a.* to gain knowledge
Lēarn'ēd, *a.* having learning, skilled
Lēarn'ēd-ly, *ad.* with knowledge or skill
Lēarn'ēr, *f.* one who is yet in his rudiments
Lēarn'īng, *f.* skill, literature
Lēase, *f.* a temporary contract for lands, &c.
Lēase, *v. a.* to let by a lease
Lēase, *v. n.* to glean, to gather what the harvest men leave
Lēas'ēr, *f.* one who glean, a gleaner
Lēath, *f.* a leather thong, a rope; a tierce
Lēath, *v. a.* to hold in a string, to bind
Lēas'īng, *f.* falsehood, lies

Lēast, *ad.* in the lowest degree
Lēast, *a.* smallest [degree
At Lēast, *ad.* to say no more; at the lowest
Lēath'ér, *f.* the hide of an animal dressed
Lēath'ér-cōat, *f.* a rough apple
Lēath'ér-drēss-ér, *f.* who dresses leather
Lēath'ér-sēll-ér, *f.* who deals in leather
Lēath'ér-y, *a.* resembling leather
Lēave, *f.* a farewell; permission: *v. a. & n.*
to quit, bequeath; to desist
Lēav'éd, *a.* furnished with foliage
Lēav'en, *f.* ferment mixed with any body to
make it light: *v. a.* to ferment; attaint;
imbue
Lēav'ér, *f.* one who deserts or forsakes
Lēaves, *f. pl.* of leaf; which *see*
Lēav'ings, *f. pl.* offals; remnants, relics
Lēch'ér, *f.* a whoremaster: *v. n.* to whore,
to corrupt with regard to chastity
Lēch, *v. a.* to like over
Lēch'ér-oūs, *a.* lewd, lustful
Lēch'ér-oūs-ly, *ad.* lewdfully, lustfully
Lēch'ér-oūs-nēss, **Lēch'ér-y**, *f.* lewdness,
Lēc'tion, *f.* a reading in copies [lust
Lēc'ture, *f.* a discourse; a reprimand: *v. a.*
to read lectures; to reprimand
Lēc'ture-shīp, *f.* the office of a lecturer
Lēc'tur-ér, *f.* a teacher by way of lectures
Lēd, *pret. pass.* of to lead
Lēdge, *f.* small moulding on the edge
Lēdg'ér, **Lēg'ér**, *f.* a book of accompts
Lēe, *f.* the side opposite to the wind
Lēech, *f.* a small water blood-sucker
Lēech'craft, *f.* the art of healing
Lēek, *f.* a plant [of countenance
Lēer, *f.* an oblique view, a laboured cast
Lēer, *v. n.* to look obliquely or archly
Lēes, *f.* dregs, sediment

Lēet, *f.* a law-day, a court
Lēe'wārd, *ad.* against the wine
Lēft, *pret. & pass. part.* of to leave
Lēft, *a.* opposite to the right, unlucky
Lēft-hānd'éd, *a.* using the left hand
Lēg, *f.* the limb between the knee and foot
Lēg'a-cy, *f.* a bequest in a will
Lē'gāl, *a.* done according to law, lawful
Lē-gāl'ī-ty, *f.* lawfulness [thorise
Lē'gāl-ize, *v. a.* to make lawful, to au-
Lē'gāl-ly, *ad.* lawfully, allowance of law
Lēg'a-to-ry, *f.* one who has a legacy left
Lēg'ate, *f.* an ambassadour from the pope
Lēg-a-tēe', *f.* a legatory
Lēg'a-tīne, *a.* belonging to a legate
Le-gā'tion, *f.* a commission, embassy, mis-
sion
Le-gā'tōr, *f.* one who leaves legacies
Lē'g,ēnd, *f.* an incredible story; an in-
scription; a chronicle of the lives of
saints
Lēg,ér-de-māin', *f.* flight of hand, juggle
Le-g,ēr'ī-ty, *f.* lightness, activity
Lēg,g,ēd, *a.* furnished with legs
Lēg,ī-ble, *a.* may be read, apparent
Lēg,ī-bly, *ad.* in such a manner as may be
read [ber
Lē'g,ion, *f.* a body of soldiers; a vast num-
Lē'g,ion-a-ry, *a.* relating to a legion
Lēg,īf-lā'tion, *f.* the act of giving laws
Lēg,īf-lā'tīve, *a.* law-giving, giving laws
Lēg,īf-lā'tōr, *f.* one who makes laws for
any community
Lēg,īf-lā'ture, *f.* the power that makes laws
Le-g,īt'ī-ma-cy, *f.* lawful birth, genuine-
ness
Le-g,īt'ī-mate, *a.* born in marriage
Le-g,īt'ī-mate, *v. a.* to make lawful

Le-g,ĩt'ĩ-mate-ly, *ad.* genuinely, lawfully
 Le-g,ĩt-ĩ-mā'tion, *f.* lawful birth
 Le-gũ'mĩn-oũs, *a.* belonging to pulse
 Lēĩ'sur-a-ble, *a.* done at, or having leisure
 Lēĩ'sur-a-bly, *ad.* without hurry, at leisure
 Lēĩ'sure, *f.* freedom from business, convenience
 Lēĩ'sure-ly, *a.* deliberate, slow, not hasty
 Lēĩ'sure-ly, *ad.* slowly
 Lēm'ma, *f.* a proposition previously assumed
 Lēm'ón, *f.* the fruit of the lemon tree
 Lēm-ón-āde', *f.* a mixture of water, sugar and lemon
 Lēnd, *v. a.* to grant the use of any thing
 Lēnd'ér, *f.* one who lends any thing
 Lēngth, *f.* extent from end to end; extent of duration
 Lēngth'en, *v. a. & n.* to make long; to grow longer
 Lēngth'wíse, *ad.* according to the length
 Lē'nĩ-ēnt, *f.* an emollient, or assuasive application: *a.* softening, mitigating
 Lēn'ĩ-f ŷ, *v. a.* to assuage, to mitigate
 Lēn'ĩ-tĩve, *f.* what eases pain; a palliative
 Lēn'ĩ-tĩve, *a.* assuasive, emollient
 Lēn'ĩ-ty, *f.* mercy, mildness, tenderness
 Lēns, *f.* a glass superficially convex on both
 Lēnt, *pret. & pass. part. of lend* [sides
 Lēnt, *f.* the quadragesimal fast
 Lēnt'en, *a.* used in Lent, sparing
 Lēn-tĩc'u-lār, *a.* double convex
 Lēn'tĩ-fōrm, *a.* having the form of a lens
 Lēn'tĩ-tude, *f.* slowness, sluggishness
 Lēn'tór, *f.* delay, slowness; tenacity, viscosity
 Lēn'toũs, *a.* tenacious, viscous [sity
 Lē'o-nĩne, *a.* of the nature or colour of a lion
 Lēop'árd, *f.* a spotted beast of prey

Lēp'ér, *f.* one infected with the leprosy
 Lēp'ér-oũs, *a.* causing leprosy, infected with leprosy
 Lēp'o-rine, *a.* belonging to a hare
 Le-prōĩ'ĩ-ty, Lēp'ro-sy, *f.* a loathsome distemper which covers the body with a kind of white scales
 Lēp'roũs, *a.* infected with a leprosy
 Lēss, *f.* not so much, opposed to *more*: *a. comparative of little*; opposed to *greater*: *ad.* in a smaller or lower degree
 Lēś-fēe', *f.* he to whom a lease is given
 Lēś'sen, *v. a. & n.* to degrade, diminish; to grow less [cept
 Lēś'son, *f.* a task to learn or read; a pre-
 Lēś'son, *v. a.* to instruct, to teach
 Lēś'sór, *f.* he who grants a lease to another
 Lēśs, *a.* a negative or privative termination. Joined to a substantive, it implies the absence or privation of a thing, as, a *careless* man
 Lēst, *conj.* that not
 Lēt, *f.* hinderance, impediment, obstacle: *v. a.* to hire out; to suffer, admit
 Le-thār'g,ĩc, *a.* sleepy, beyond the natural power of sleep
 Le-thār'g,ĩc-nēss, *f.* drowsiness, sleepiness
 Lēth'ār-g,ĩ-ēd, *a.* laid asleep, entranced
 Lēth'ār-g,ĩy, *f.* a morbid drowsiness
 Lē'the, *f.* forgetfulness; the fabled river of oblivion
 Lēt'tér, *f.* one who lets; a written message; plain meaning; foundation of the alphabet: *v. a.* to stamp with letters
 Lēt'térş, *f.* learning, erudition
 Lēt'tér-ēd, *a.* marked with letters; learned
 Lēt'tuce, *f.* a salad plant
 Le-vānt', *f.* the east, the eastern coasts

- Lěv'ee, *f.* a crowd of attendants; time of rising
- Lěv'ěl, *f.* an instrument in building; a plane: *a.* even with any thing else; smooth: *v. a. & n.* to make flat: to take aim
- Lěv'ěl-lér, *f.* one who destroys subordination; one who makes any thing even
- Lěv'ěl-něs, *f.* equality of surface; evenness
- Lěv'en, *f.* ferment to work bread
- Lěv'en, *v. a.* to ferment with yeast, &c.
- Lě'vér, *f.* a mechanical power
- Lěv'ér-ět, *f.* a young hare
- Lěv'í-a-ble, *a.* that may be levied
- Le-ví'a-thán, *f.* the largest of all sea monsters
- Lě'vite, *f.* one of the tribe of Levi; a priest
- Le-vít'í-cal, *a.* judicial, priestly
- Lěv'í-ty, *f.* inconstancy, lightness, vanity
- Lěv'y, *v. a.* to make war, collect, raise: *f.* act of raising money or men; war raised
- Lev'd, *a.* wicked, lustful
- Lev'd'ly, *ad.* lustfully, wickedly, obscenely
- Lev'd'něs, *f.* lustfulness, obscenity
- Lev'd'stér, *f.* a lecherous person [ries
- Lěx-í-cög'ra-phér, *f.* a writer of dictionary
- Lěx'í-cón, *f.* a dictionary
- Lí'a-ble, *a.* subject to; obnoxious
- Lí'ár, *f.* one who tells falsehoods
- Li-bā'tion, *f.* an offering of wine
- Līb'bārd, *f.* a leopard [law
- Lí'běl, *f.* a defamatory satire; a progression;
- Lí'běl, *v. a.* to defame, lampoon, satirize
- Lí'běl-lér, *f.* a defamatory writer
- Lí'běl-loūs, *a.* abusive, defamatory
- Līb'ér-āl, *a.* bountiful, generous [science
- Līb'ér-āl'í-ty, *f.* bounty, generosity, munificence
- Līb'ér-āl-ly, *ad.* bounteously, largely
- Līb'ér-tíne, *f.* a dissolute liver; a freed man
- Līb'ér-tíne, *a.* irreligious, licentious
- Līb'ér-tín-ísm, *f.* licentiousness of life; irreligion
- Līb'ér-ty, *f.* freedom, leave, privilege
- Lí-bíd'ín-oūs, *a.* lewd, lustful
- Lí-bíd'ín-oūs-ly, *ad.* lewdly, lustfully
- Li-brā'rí-ān, *f.* one who has the care of a library
- Lí'bra-ry, *f.* a collection of books
- Li-brā'tion, *f.* the state of being balanced
- Líce, *f.* the plural of louse
- Lí'cěnse, *f.* exorbitant liberty; permission
- Lí'cěnse, *v. a.* to set at liberty; to permit
- Lí'cěnf-ér, *f.* one who grants permission
- Li-cěn'tí-ate, *f.* a degree in Spanish universities: *v. a.* to encourage by licence
- Li-cěn'tious, *a.* presumptuous, unrestrained
- Li-cěn'tious-ly, *ad.* with too much liberty
- Li-cěn'tious-něs, *f.* a contempt of just restraints
- Líck, *f.* rough usage; a blow [strait
- Líck, *v. a.* to touch with the tongue; to beat; lap, devour [eager
- Líck'ér-ísh, Líck'ér-oūs, *a.* delicate, greedy,
- Líck'ér-ísh-něs, *f.* niceness of palate
- Líc'o-ríce, *f.* a sweet root good for a cough
- Líc'tór, *f.* a beadle
- Líd, *f.* a cover for a pan, box, &c.
- Líe, *f.* a criminal falsehood; fiction
- Líe, *f.* any thing impregnated with some other body, as soap or salt
- Líe, *v. n.* to tell a lie; to lie long, to rest
- Líef, *ad.* willingly: *a.* dear beloved
- Líege, *f.* a sovereign; superiour lord
- Líeg'ér, *f.* a resident ambassadour
- Lí'ér, *f.* one who lies down, or rests
- Líeū, *f.* place, room, stead

Lieū-tēn-ān-cy, *f.* the office of a lieutenant
Lieū-tēn'ānt, *f.* the second in rank
Lieū-tēn'ānt-shīp, *f.* the rank of lieutenant
Līeve, *ad.* willingly
Līfe, *f.* the state of a living creature ; spirit
Līfe-blōod, *f.* blood necessary to life
Līfe-guard, *f.* a prince's body-guard
Līfe'lēss, *a.* without spirit, dead, inactive
Līfe'lēss-ly, *ad.* without vigour ; frigidly
Līfe'like, *a.* like a living person [life
Līfe'strīng, *f.* strings imagined to convey
Līfe'tīme, *f.* continuance or duration of life
Līfe'wēa-ry, *a.* tired of living ; wretched
Līft, *f.* the act of lifting ; a struggle
Līft, *v. a. & n.* to raise up ; to exalt, rob, strive
Līft'ēr, *f.* one who lifts
Līg, *v. n.* to lie
Līg'a-mēnt, *f.* a band to tie parts together ; bond, chain
Li-gā'tion, *f.* act of binding ; state of being
Līg'a-ture, *f.* a bandage [bound
Līght, *f.* that quality or action of the medium of sight by which we see ; illumination of mind : *a.* not heavy ; airy, bright, trifling : *v. a. & n.* to guide by a light ; ease of a burthen ; kindle : to rest upon, happen, come down
Līght'en, *v. a. & n.* to cheer ; to illuminate ; to flash with lightning ; to fall, or light
Līght'ēr, *f.* a boat for unloading ships
Līght'fōot, *a.* nimble, swift, active
Līght'hēad'ēd, *a.* delirious, thoughtless
Līght'hēart'ēd, *a.* cheerful, gay, merry
Līght'ly, *ad.* easily, gaily, nimbly
Līght'nēss, *f.* want of weight, levity
Līght'nīng, *f.* the flash that precedes thunder ; mitigation

Līghts, *f.* the lungs
Līght'sōme, *a.* giving light ; airy, gay
Līght'sōme-nēss, *f.* luminousness, cheerfulness
Līg'ne-ōūs, *a.* made of or like wood
Līke, *f.* something like ; near approach : *a.* equal, resembling ; probable : *ad.* in the same manner ; probably : *v. a. & n.* to approve, chuse ; to be pleased with
Līke'li-hōod, *f.* appearance, probability
Līke'ly, *a.* well-favoured ; probable, credible : *ad.* probably
Līk'en, *v. a.* to make like ; to compare
Līke'nēss, *f.* appearance, form, resemblance
Līke'wīse, *ad.* in like manner, also, too
Līk'īng, *f.* good state ; inclination, plumpness
Līl'ī-ēd, *a.* embellished with lilies
Līl'y, *f.* a sweet flower of various species
Līl'y-līv-ēr-ēd, *a.* white-livered ; cowardly
Līm, *f.* a border ; bough, member
Līm, *v. a.* to tear asunder, to dismember
Līm'bēc, *f.* a still. See *Alembic*
Līm'b'ēd, *a.* formed with regard to limbs
Līm'b'ēr, *a.* easily bent, flexible
Līm'b'ēr-nēss, *f.* flexibility, pliancy
Līm'bo, *f.* place of restraint ; borders of hell
Līme, *f.* a stone ; fruit ; tree ; viscous substance : *v. a.* to entangle, manure, smear
Līme'kīln, *f.* a kiln for burning stone
Līme'stone, *f.* the stone of which lime is made
Līm'īt, *f.* a border ; utmost reach : *v. a.* to confine within bounds, to restrain
Līm'ī-ta-ry, *a.* placed at the boundaries
Līm-ī-tā'tion, *f.* circumspection, a restriction

Līmⁿ, *v. n.* to paint or draw a face
 Līm'nér, *f.* a face-painter; a picture-maker
 Līm'ous, *a.* muddy; slimy, viscous, glutinous
 Līmp, *v. n.* to walk lamely, to halt
 Līm'pīd, *a.* clear, pure, transparent
 Līm'pīd-něs, *f.* clearness, transparency
 Līmp'ing-ly, *ad.* in a lame halting manner
 Līm'y, *a.* viscous, containing lime
 Līnch'pīn, *f.* an iron-pin of an axle-tree
 Līnc'tūs, *f.* a medicine to be licked
 Līn'děn, *f.* the lime tree
 Līne, *f.* extension in length; a string;
 verse; trench; angler's line; equator;
 progeny; 12th of an inch: *v. a.* to guard
 within; cover; impregnate
 Līn'e-age, *f.* a descent, family, progeny
 Līn'e-āl, *a.* descending in a right line
 Līn'e-āl-ly, *ad.* in a direct line
 Līn'e-a-měnt, *f.* a discriminating mark, a
 feature
 Līn'e-ār, *a.* composed of lines
 Līn'e-ā'tion, *f.* a draught of a line or lines
 Līn'en, *f.* cloth made of hemp or flax
 Līn'en, *a.* made of linen
 Līn'en-drā-pér, *f.* one who deals in linen
 Līng, *f.* a sea-fish; a heath [pine
 Līng'ér, *v. n.* to remain long; to hesitate;
 Līng'ér-ér, *f.* one who lingers
 Līng'ér-ing-ly, *ad.* with delay; tediously
 Līng'ět, *f.* a small mass of metal
 Līn'go, *f.* a language, tongue
 Līn'gūīst, *f.* one skilled in languages
 Līn'ī-měnt, *f.* balsam, ointment
 Līn'ing, *f.* that which is within any thing
 Līnk, *f.* part of a chain; a torch of pitch
 Līnk, *v. a.* to combine, connect, unite
 Līnk'bōy, *f.* a boy who carries a link
 Līn'nět, *f.* a small singing bird

Līn'sēed, *f.* seed of flax
 Līn'sey-wòol'sey, *a.* made of linen and wool;
 mean
 Līn'stōck, *f.* a staff with a match at the end
 Līnt, *f.* the soft substance commonly called
 flax; linen scraped to lay on sores
 Līn'těl, *f.* the upper part of a door frame
 Lī'ón, *f.* the king of beasts
 Lī'ón-ěs, *f.* a she-lion
 Līp, *f.* front of the mouth; edge of a cup,
 Līp'pēd, *a.* having lips [6c.
 Līp'pī-tude, *f.* blearedness of eyes
 Līp'wīf-dóm, *f.* lip-labour
 Līq-ûe-fāc'tion, *f.* the act of melting
 Līq-ûe-fī'a-ble, *a.* may be melted
 Līq'ûe-fy, *v. a. & n.* to melt; to grow clear
 Līq'ûīd, *f.* a liquid substance, liquor: *a.*
 dissolved, fluid, melted, soft [debts
 Līq'ûī-date, *v. a.* to clear away, to lessen
 Lī-qûīd'ī-ty, Līq'ûīd-něs, *f.* a liquid state,
 subtilty, quality of being liquid
 Līq'wór, *v. a.* to drench or moisten
 Līq'wór, *f.* any liquid, strong drink
 Līsp, *f.* the act of lisping
 Līsp, *v. n.* to clip words in pronunciation
 Līsp'ér, *f.* one who lisps
 Līst, *f.* a place for fighting; strip of cloth;
 a roll; desire, willingness, choice: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to enlist soldiers, to sew: to listen,
 to choose
 Līst'ēd, *a.* parti-coloured, stripped
 Līst'en, *v. a. & n.* to attend; to hearken
 Līst'en-ér, *f.* one who listens
 Līst'lěs, *a.* careless, heedless, indifferent
 Līst'lěs-ly, *ad.* without thought
 Līst'lěs-něs, *f.* inattention, indifference
 Līt, *pret. of to light*
 Līt'a-ny, *f.* a form of supplicatory prayer

Lit'ér-ăl, *a.* according to the primitive meaning

Lit'ér-ăl'ĩ-ty, *f.* literal meaning

Lit'ér-ăl-ly, *ad.* with close adherence to

Lit-e-ĩ-ĩ, *f.* the learned [words

Lit'e-ra-ture, *f.* learning, skill in letters

Lĩthe, *a.* limber, flexible, easily bent

Lĩthe'něs, *f.* flexibility, limberness

Lĩth'ér, *a.* pliant, soft

Lĩthe'fóme, *a.* flexible, pliant, limber

Li-thög'ra-phy, *f.* the art of stone-graving

Li-thóm'an-cy, *f.* prediction by stones

Li-thót'o-mĩst, *f.* he who cuts for the stone

Lit'ĩ-gánt, *f.* one engaged in a suit at law:
a. engaged in a law-suit

Lit'ĩ-gate, *v. a.* to debate, to contest in law

Lit'ĩ-gá'tion, *f.* a law-suit, a contest

Lĩ-tĩg, 'iouis, *a.* inclined to law-suits

Lĩ-tĩg, 'iouis-ly, *ad.* in a quarrelsome manner

Lĩ-tĩg, 'iouis-něs, *f.* a wrangling disposition

Lit'tér, *f.* things lying disorderly; brood of pigs; a kind of sedan; straw; birth of animals: *v. a.* to bring forth, to scatter about

Lit'tle, *f.* a small space or part, a trifle

Lit'tle, *a.* diminutive, small, not much

Lit'tle, *ad.* in a small degree or quantity

Lit'tle-něs, *f.* meanness, smallness of bulk

Lit'tór-ăl, *a.* belonging to the shore

Lit'ũr-gy, *f.* the form of common prayer

Lĩve, *a.* active, merry, quick, not dead

Lĩve, *v. n.* to be in the state of life [ance

Lĩve'ĩ-hòod, *f.* means of living, mainten-

Lĩve'ĩ-něs, *f.* sprightliness, vivacity

Lĩve'lóng, *a.* lasting, tedious, whole

Lĩve'ly, *a.* brisk, gay, strong, vigorous

Lĩve'ĩ-ly, Lĩve'ly, *ad.* with strong resemblance of life, briskly, vigorously

Lĩv'ér, *f.* one of the entrails; who lives

Lĩv'ér-cól-our, *a.* dark red

Lĩv'e-ry, *f.* the act of giving or taking possession; clothes given to servants; particular dress

Lĩv'e-ry-măn, *f.* one who wears a livery; [in London] a freeman of a company

Lĩves, *f. pl.* of life

Lĩv'ĩd, *a.* discoloured as with a blow

Lĩv'ĩng, *f.* livelihood, support, power of continuing life

Lĩv'ĩng, *a.* alive

Lĩvre, *f.* a French shilling

Lĩx-ĩv'ĩ-ũm, *f.* lie made of ashes and water

Lĩz'árd, *f.* a creeping small animal

Lō, *interj.* see! look! behold!

Lōad, *f.* a vein in a mine; burden, freight

Lōad, *v. a.* to burden, to charge, to freight

Lōad'stōne, *f.* stone with attracting power

Lōaf, *f.* a mass of bread, &c.

Lōam, *f.* a sort of fat tenacious earth; marl: *v. a.* to cover with loam, marl, or

Lōam'y, *a.* consisting of marl [clay

Lōan, *f.* any thing lent

Lōath, *a.* backward, unwilling

Lōathe, *v. a.* to see food with dislike, to hate

Lōath'ér, *f.* one who loaths

Lōath'fũl, *a.* abhorred, hateful, hated

Lōath'něs, *f.* unwillingness, dislike

Lōath'fóme, *a.* causing dislike

Lōath'fóme-něs, *f.* quality of raising dislike

Lōaves, *f. pl.* of loaf

Lōb', *f.* a heavy fellow, a worm, a prison

Lōb', *v. a.* to let fall in a lazy manner

Lōb'by, *f.* an opening before a room

Lōbe, *f.* a part of the lungs; a division

Lōb'stér, *f.* a crustaceous fish

Lō'cāl, *a.* relating to place

Lo-căl'ŷ-ty, *f.* existence in a place
 Lō'cāl-ly, *ad.* with respect to place
 Lo-că'tion, *f.* the act of placing; the state of being placed
 Lōc'h', *f.* a lake
 Lōck', *f.* an instrument composed of springs and bolts to fasten doors, &c.; a hug, a grapple; a tuft: *v. a. & n.* to fasten with a lock; to grapple
 Lōck'ér, *f.* a cupboard, a drawer, &c.
 Lōck'ët, *f.* an ornamental lock worn at the neck
 Lōck'rām, *f.* a sort of coarse linen
 Lō'cūst, *f.* a devouring insect
 Lōdge', *f.* a small house in a park; a porter's room: *v. a. & n.* to harbour, place, settle; to reside
 Lōdge'mënt, *f.* possession of the enemy's works; a placing
 Lōdg'ér, *f.* one who hires a room
 Lōdg'ing, *f.* rooms hired, a covert
 Lōft', *f.* the highest floor
 Lōft'ŷ-ly, *ad.* on high, proudly, sublimely
 Lōft'ŷ-něss, *f.* pride, sublimity, elevation of
 Lōft'y, *a.* haughty, high [sentiment
 Lōg', *f.* a piece of wood; Hebrew measure
 Lōg'ār-ŷthms, *f.* a series of artificial numbers
 Lōg'gāts, *f.* a play or game [bers
 Lōg'g,ér-hēad, *f.* a blockhead, a dolt
 Lōg'g,ér-hēad-ēd, *a.* dull, stupid, doltish
 Lōg'ic, *f.* the art of reasoning
 Lōg'ic-āl, *a.* of or belonging to logic
 Lōg'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* by the rules of logic
 Lo-g,ŷ'cian, *f.* one versed in logic
 Lōg'mān, *f.* one who carries logs
 Lōg'wōd, *f.* wood brought from *Campeachy*
 Lōin, *f.* the back of an animal, the reins
 Lōi'tér, *v. n.* to idle away time, to linger

Lōi'tér-ér, *f.* an idle lazy body, a lingerer
 Lōll', *v. a. & n.* to lean on; to hang out the tongue
 Lōne, *a.* without company, single
 Lōne'ŷ-něss, *f.* want of company, solitude
 Lōne'ly, *a.* solitary, addicted to solitude
 Lōne'něss, *f.* solitude, want of company
 Lōne'fōme, *a.* lonely, solitary, dismal
 Lōng', *a.* not short, dilatory, not soon, protracted: *v. n.* to desire earnestly: *ad.* in time, place, &c.; by the fault
 Lōn-g,ā-nŷm'ŷ-ty, *f.* forbearance, patience
 Lōng'bōat, *f.* the largest boat of a ship
 Lōn-g,ēv'ŷ-ty, *f.* length of life
 Lōn-g,ŷm'e-try, *f.* art of measuring distances
 Lōng'ing, *f.* earnest desire, continual wish
 Lōng'ing-ly, *ad.* with incessant wishes
 Lōn'g,ŷ-tude, *f.* distance from east to west; length
 Lōn-g,ŷ-tū'dŷ-nāl, *a.* measured by, or running in length
 Lōng'fōme, *a.* tedious, wearisome
 Lōng'fūf-fér-ing, *f.* clemency, patience of offence; patient
 Lōng'wīnd'ēd, *a.* long-breathed, tedious
 Lōng'wise, *ad.* in length, in the longitudinal
 Lōo, *f.* a game at cards [direction
 Lōo'bŷ-ly, *a.* awkward, clumsy, unhandy
 Lōo'by, *f.* an awkward person, a lubber
 Lōof, *f.* a particular part of a ship
 Lōof, *v. a.* to bring up close to the wind
 Lōof'ēd, *a.* steered off, gone to a distance
 Lōok, *f.* air of the face; appearance: *v. a. & n.* to seek for; to appear, to behold: *interj.* behold! lo! see!
 Lōok'ér-on, *f.* a spectator, not an agent
 Lōok'ing-glāss, *f.* a mirror
 Lōom, *f.* a weaver's frame for work

Lôon, *v. n.* to appear at sea
Lôon, *f.* a mean fellow; a bird
Lôop, *f.* a noose to contain a rope, string, &c.
Lôop'éd, *a.* full of holes
Lôop'hôle, *f.* a hole for a string; aperture; a shift
Lôose, *a.* lax, unbound, wanton [set sail
Lôose, *v. a. & n.* to set free, to unbind; to
Lôose'ly, *ad.* in a loose manner
Lôos'en, *v. a.* to relax any thing; to part
Lôose'něs, *f.* laxativeness; depravity
Lôp', *v. a.* to cut short, to cut the branches of trees: *f.* a branch cut off; a flea
Lo-quâ'cious, *a.* full of talk, blabbing
Lo-quâç'i-ty, *f.* too much talk
Lôrd', *f.* a title of honour; master; a baron: *v. a.* to rule haughtily, to domineer
Lôrd'ling, *f.* a little or diminutive lord
Lôrd'li-něs, *f.* haughtiness, pride
Lôrd'ly, *a.* haughty, insolent, proud: *ad.* despotically, haughtily
Lôrd'ship, *f.* title given to lords; a manor
Lôre, *f.* doctrine, instruction, learning
Lôr'i-cate, *v. a.* to plate over
Lôr'i-mér, Lôr'i-nér, *f.* a bridle-cutter; bit-maker
Lôrn', *a.* forsaken, lost
Lôse, *v. a. & n.* to suffer loss; to destroy,
Lôse'a-ble, *a.* that may be lost [to fail
Lôf'ér, *f.* one who has suffered loss
Lôfs', *f.* damage, fault, forfeiture, prejudice
Lôst', *part.* no longer perceptible
Lôt', *f.* chance, fortune, quota, portion
Lô'tion, *f.* a medicinal wash
Lôt'te-ry, *f.* a distribution of prizes by
Lôûd, *a.* clamorous, noisy [chance
Lôûd'ly, *ad.* clamorously, turbulently
Lôûd'něs, *f.* noise, turbulence, clamour
Lôve, *f.* a passion; friendship, kindness

Lôve, *v. a.* to regard with affection
Lôve'lět-tér, *f.* a letter of courtship
Lôve'li-ly, *ad.* amiably
Lôve'li-něs, *f.* amiableness
Lôve'lôrn, *a.* forsaken of one's love
Lôve'ly, *a.* exciting love; amiable
Lôve'môn-gér, *f.* one who deals in affairs of love
Lôv'ér, *f.* who is in love, or likes a thing
Lôve'se-crét, *f.* secret between lovers
Lôve'sŭck, *a.* languishing through love
Lôve'sông, *f.* a song expressing love
Lôve'sŭit, *f.* courtship
Lôve'tâle, *f.* a tale or narrative about love
Lôve'thought, *f.* amorous fancy
Lôve'tôŷ, *f.* small presents sent by lovers
Lôugh', *f.* a lake, a large inland standing
Lôv'ing, *a.* affectionate, kind [water
Lôv'ing-kind'něs, *f.* mercy, tenderness
Lôv'ing-ly, *ad.* with affection or kindness
Lôu-îs-d'ôr', *f.* a French gold coin
Lôûnge, *v. n.* to idle or live lazily, to loiter
Lôûng'ér, *f.* an idler
Lôûse, *f.* a small body animal
Lôûse, *v. a.* to clear from lice
Lôûs'i-ly, *ad.* in a mean dirty manner
Lôû'i-něs, *f.* an abounding with lice
Lôûs'y, *a.* swarming with lice
Lôût, *f.* an awkward fellow: *v. n.* to bow awkwardly; to pay obeisance
Lôût'ish, *a.* clownish, bumpkinly
Lôût'ish-ly, *ad.* in a clownish manner
Lôw, *a.* reduced; in poor circumstances; depth in expression, height, manners, station, spirit, thought or voice: *v. a.* to sink, to make low: *ad.* with a low voice
Lôw, *v. n.* to bellow as a cow
Lôw'ér, *f.* cloudiness, gloominess of aspect: *v. n.* to appear gloomy, to frown

Lōw'ér, *v. a. & n.* to bring low, lessen, reduce; to fall; grow less; sink
 Lōw'ér-ing-ly, *ad.* gloomily
 Lōw'ér-most, *a.* under all, deepest, lowest
 Lōw'lānds, *f.* the marsh
 Lōw'ī-nēss, *f.* want of dignity, humility
 Lōw'ly, *a.* humble, mean, meek
 Lōw'ly, *ad.* not highly, humbly, meanly
 Lōwn, *f.* a rascal, a scoundrel
 Lōw'nēss, *f.* meanness, depression of spirits; absence of height, submissiveness
 Lōwt, *v. a.* to overpower, to oppress
 Lōw-thōught'ed, *a.* having mean thoughts
 Lōw-spīr'it-ed, *a.* cast down [love
 Lōy'al, *a.* true to a sovereign, faithful in
 Lōy'al-ist, *f.* one who is faithful to his king
 Lōy'al-ly, *ad.* with fidelity
 Lōy'al-ty, *f.* authority, fidelity to a prince, submission
 Lōz ēnge, *f.* a medicine made in small pieces
 Lūb'bārd, *f.* a lazy sturdy fellow
 Lūb'bér, *f.* a sturdy drone, a booby
 Lūb'bér-ly, *ad.* lazy and bulky, awkward
 Lūb'bér-ly, *ad.* awkwardly
 Lūbrīc, *a.* lewd, slippery, unsteady, wanton
 Lūce, *f.* a pike full grown
 Lūcēnt, *a.* bright, shining, splendid
 Lūcīd, *a.* clear in thought; glittering
 Lu-cīf'ér-ōūs, Lu-cīf'ic, *a.* giving light
 Lūck, *f.* accident, chance, fortune
 Lūck'ī-ly, *ad.* by good hap, fortunately
 Lūck'ī-nēss, *f.* good fortune, good hap
 Lūck'lēss, *a.* unfortunate, unhappy
 Lūck'y, *a.* fortunate, happy by chance
 Lūcra-tīve, *a.* bringing gain, profitable
 Lūcre, *f.* (*pron.* Lū'kér) gain, profit
 Lu-crīf'ér-ōūs, Lu-crīf'ic, *a.* profitable
 Lūc'u-brate, *v. n.* to study by night

Lu-cu-brā'tion, *f.* nocturnal study, strict inquiry
 Lu-cu'bra-to-ry, *a.* composed by candle-light
 Lū'cu-lēnt, *a.* bright, certain, clear
 Lū'dī-croūs, *a.* merry, ridiculous, sportive
 Lū'dī-croūf-ly, *ad.* sportively, in burlesque
 Lū'dī-croūf-nēss, *f.* burlesque
 Lūff, *v. n.* to keep close to the wind
 Lūg, *f.* a pole or perch; a fish; [*in Scotland*] the ear: *v. a. & n.* to drag: to pull with enraged violence
 Lūg'gage, *f.* any cumbrous thing
 Lu-gū'brī-ōūs, *a.* mournful, sorrowful
 Lūke'wārm, *a.* indifferent, moderately warm
 Lūke'wārm-ly, *ad.* with indifference
 Lūke'wārm-nēss, *f.* want of zeal, indifference
 Lūll, *v. a.* to put to rest, to compose
 Lūl'la-bī, *f.* the nurses song to quiet infants
 Lūm'ber, *f.* any useless furniture, &c.: *v. a. & n.* to heap up carelessly; to move heavily [light
 Lū'mī-na-ry, *f.* any body that gives or casts
 Lū'mī-nōūs, *a.* bright, enlightened
 Lūmp, *f.* a whole piece, the gross, a shapeless mass: *v. a.* to take in the gross
 Lūmp'ing, *a.* great, heavy, large
 Lūmp'ish, *a.* dull, gross, heavy, inactive
 Lūmp'ish-ly, *ad.* with heaviness or stupidity
 Lūmp'ish-nēss, *f.* heaviness, stupidity
 Lūmp'y, *a.* full of lumps
 Lū'na-cy, *f.* a kind of madness influenced by the moon
 Lū'nār, Lū'na-ry, *a.* relating to the moon

Lū'nat-ěd, *a.* formed like the moon
Lū'na-tíc, *f.* a madman
Lū'na-tíc, *a.* influenced by the moon; mad
Lu-nā'tion, *f.* the revolution of the moon
Lūnch, **Lūn'cheón**, *f.* a handful of food
Lūne, *f.* any thing like a moon; mad freaks
Lu-nětte', *f.* a small half moon
Lūng'ěd, *a.* having lungs
Lūngs, *f.* the lights, parts for breathing
Lū'pīne, *f.* a kind of pulse, a flower
Lūrch, *f.* forlorn state or condition: *v. a.*
& *n.* to cheat, to defeat, to devour: to
play tricks, to pilfer, to lurk
Lūrch'ér, *f.* a hunting dog; a poacher, a
thief
Lūre, *f.* an enticement to any thing: *v. a.*
to call hawks, to entice, to ensnare
Lū'ríd, *a.* dismal, gloomy
Lūrķ, *v. n.* to lie in wait as a dog, to lie
close
Lūrķ'ér, *f.* a thief who watches for prey
Lūrķ'īng-plāce, *f.* a secret place, a den
Lūf'cious, *a.* sweet, pleasing; immodest
Lūf'ciouf-ly, *ad.* sweet to a great degree
Lūf'ciouf-něfs, *f.* immoderate sweetness
Lūsh, *a.* of a dark, deep, full colour
Lu-sō'rī-ōūs, **Lū'so-ry**, *a.* used in play,
sportive
Lūst, *f.* carnal desire, irregular desire:
v. n. to like vehemently, to desire car-
nally
Lūst'fūl, *a.* having irregular desires
Lūst'fūl-ly, *ad.* with sensual concupiscence
Lūst'fūl-něfs, *f.* libidinousness
Lūst'ī-hěd, **Lūst'ī-hòod**, *f.* bodily strength,
sprightliness, corporal ability
Lūst'ī-ly, *ad.* with courage, stoutly
Lūst'ī-něfs, *f.* stoutness, sturdiness

Lūf'tre, *f.* brightness; renown; a sconce
with light; space of five years
Lūf'trīng, *f.* a sort of shining silk
Lūf'trōūs, *a.* bright, shining, luminous
Lūf'ty, *a.* health, stout, able of body
Lūt'ān-īst, *f.* one who plays on the lute
Lūte, *f.* a musical instrument; a composi-
tion like clay, with which chemists make
up their vessels: *v. a.* to close up with
chemists clay
Lū'tu-lěnt, *a.* foul, muddy, turbid
Lūx, **Lūx'ate**, *v. a.* to put out of joint, to
disjoint [jointed
Lūx-ā'tion, *f.* act of disjoining, thing dis-
Lūxe, *f.* luxury, voluptuousness
Lūx-ū'rī-ānce, **Lūx-ū'rī-ān-cy**, *f.* excess of
plenty
Lūx-ū'rī-ānt, *a.* superfluously, plenteous
Lūx-ū'rī-ate, *v. n.* to grow to excess
Lūx-ū'rī-ōūs, *a.* voluptuous [ly
Lūx-ū'rī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* voluptuously, delicious-
Lūx'-u-ry, *f.* excess in eating, dress, &c.
voluptuousness, lust; delicious fare
Lū-cān'thro-py, *f.* a species of madness
Lū'īng, *present part. of to lie*
Lūmph, *f.* pure transparent liquor, water
Lūnx, *f.* a sharp-sighted spotted beast
Lūre, *f.* a musical instrument; a harp
Lūr'īc, *f.* a poet who writes songs to the
harp
Lūr'īc, *a.* pertaining to an harp
Lūr'īst, *f.* one who plays on the harp

M.

Māc, *f.* a son in *Irish*
Māc-a-rō'nī, *f.* a fop, a modern cox-
comb

Măc-a-rôon', *f.* a rude fellow; a sweet cake
 Măc-âw', *f.* a bird in the West Indies
 Măce, *f.* a kind of spice; a club of metal; ensign of authority
 Măce'beâr-ér, *f.* one who carries the mace
 Măç'ér-ate, *v. a.* to wear away, make lean, mortify, steep
 Măç'ér-â'tion, *f.* corporal punishment, act of wasting, an infusion
 Măch'în-âl, *a.* relating to machines
 Măch'în-ate, *v. a.* to contrive, to plan, concert [scheme
 Măch'în-â'tion, *f.* contrivance, malicious
 Ma-chîne', *f.* an engine; [*in poems*] supernatural agency [manship
 Ma-chîn'e-ry, *f.* enginery, complicated work-
 Măch'în-îst, *f.* a constructor of engines
 Măç'î-lên-cy, *f.* leanness, want of bulk
 Măç'î-lënt, *a.* lean, wanting flesh, thin
 Măck'ér-ël, *f.* a sea-fish
 Măck'ér-ël-găle, *f.* a strong breeze
 Măc'ro-côsm, *f.* the whole world, or visible system [the skin
 Măc'u-la, *f.* a spot; [*in physic*] spots upon
 Măc'u-late, *v. a.* to stain, spot
 Măc-u-lă'tion, *f.* a stain, spot, or taint
 Măd, *a.* enraged, furious, disordered in the mind: *v. a. & n.* to make mad; to be mad, to be furious: *f.* an earthworm
 Măd'brăin, Măd'brăin-éd, *a.* hot-headed, disordered in the mind
 Măd'căp, *f.* a wild hot-brained fellow
 Măd'den, *v. a. & n.* to make mad; to become mad
 Măd'dér, *f.* a plant
 Măde, *pret. of to make*
 Mădge'hôw'let, *f.* an owl

Măd-hôûse, *f.* a house where madmen are cured or confined [ing
 Măd'măn, *f.* one deprived of his understand-
 Măd'ly, *ad.* after a mad manner
 Măd'něs, *f.* loss of understanding, wildness, [rage
 Măd'rî-găl, *f.* a pastoral song
 Măf'fle, *v. n.* to stammer
 Măf'flér, *f.* a stammerer
 Mag-a-zîne', *f.* a store-house; miscellane-
 Măge, *f.* a magician [ous pamphlet
 Măg'gôt, *f.* a small grub which turns into a fly; a whim
 Măg'gôt-î-něs, *f.* a state of abounding with maggots
 Măg'gôt-ty, *a.* full of maggots, capricious
 Măg'ic, *f.* the art of putting in action, the power of spirits: *a.* necromantic, incantating
 Măg'ic-ăl, *a.* acting by secret powers
 Măg'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* according to the rites of
 Ma-g,î'cian, *f.* an enchanter [magic
 Măg,îs-tě'rî-ăl, *a.* arrogant, despotic
 Măg,îs-tě'rî-ăl-ly, *ad.* insolently
 Măg,îs-tě'rî-ăl-něs, *f.* haughtiness, airs of a master [gistrate
 Măg,îs-tra-cy, *f.* office or dignity of a ma-
 Măg,îs-trăl-ly, *ad.* authoritatively
 Măg,îs-trate, *f.* one invested with public authority
 Măg-na-nîm'î-ty, *f.* greatness of mind
 Măg-nan'îm-ous, *a.* brave [mind
 Măg-nan'îm-ous-ly, *ad.* with greatness of
 Măg'nět, *f.* the loadstone
 Măg-nět'ic, Măg-nět'ic-ăl, *a.* attractive, relating to the magnet
 Măg'nět-îsm, *f.* power of the loadstone
 Mă-nî-fî'a-ble, *a.* to be praised, unusual
 Măg-nîf'ic, *a.* grand, illustrious

Māg-nīfī-cēnce, *f.* grandeur of appearance
Māg-nīfī-cēnt, *a.* grand in appearance
Māg-nīfī-cēnt-ly, *ad.* splendidly, pompously
Māg-nīfī-co, *f.* a grandee of Venice
Māg-nī-fī-ér, *f.* an encomiast, extoller; a glass which enlarges the size of an object
Māg-nī-fy, *v. a.* to amplify
Māg-nī-tude, *f.* grandeur, greatness
Māg-pīe, *f.* a bird; a loquacious person
Māid, **Māid'en**, *f.* an unmarried woman, a virgin; a woman servant; a fish
Māid'en, *a.* fresh, unpolluted
Māid'en-hāir, *f.* a plant
Māid'en-hēad, *f.* virgin purity, freedom from contamination
Māid'en-ly, *a.* modest; like a maid; gentle
Māid'hōd, *f.* virginity, first use
Māid'pāle, *a.* pale like a sick virgin
Māid'sér-vānt, *f.* a female servant
Ma-jēs'tic, **Ma-jēs'tic-āl**, *a.* august, grand, imperial, sublime, elevated, lofty
Ma-jēs'tic-āl-ly, *ad.* with dignity
Māj'ēs-ty, *f.* sovereignty, title of kings, &c.
Māil, *f.* a postman's bundle of letters; armour: *v. a.* to cover with armour
Māim, *v. a.* to hurt, wound, cripple: *f.* injury, mischief, privation
Māin, *a.* principal, violent, vast, forcible
Māin, *f.* the gross, the whole; the ocean; a hamper
Māin'land, *f.* continent
Māin'ly, *ad.* chiefly, powerfully
Māin'māst, *f.* the chief or middle mast
Māin'pērn-a-ble, *a.*ailable, may be bailed
Māin'pērn-ōr, *f.* surety, bail
Māin'prīse, *f.* bail, security for appearance

Māin'prīse, *v. a.* to bail, to give security
Māin'sāil, **Māin'lhēet**, *f.* the sail of the main mast
Māin'yārd, *f.* the yard of the main mast
Main-tāin', *v. a. & n.* to keep, defend, vindicate, support; to assert as a tenet
Main-tāin'a-ble, *a.* justifiable, defensible
Main-tāin'ér, *f.* a supporter, cherisher
Māin'te-nānce, *f.* supplies of the necessities of life
Māin'tōp, *f.* top of the main mast
Mā'jōr, *a.* greater in dignity, number, or extent: *f.* the officer above the captain; head of a town; term in logic
Mā'jōr-general, *f.* the general officer of the second rank
Mā'jōr-domo, *f.* a substitute for the master of the house
Ma-jōr-ā-tion, *f.* increase
Ma-jōr'ī-ty, *f.* greater number; full age; office of a major
Māize, *f.* Indian wheat
Māke, *v. a. & n.* to compose, form, do, force; to tend; travel; contribute; appear
Māke'bāte, *f.* a breeder of quarrels
Māke'pēnce, *f.* a reconciler
Māk'ér, *f.* the Creator; one who makes any thing
Māke'wēight, *f.* a thing to make up weight
Māl'a-dy, *f.* sickness, disorder of body
Māl'a-pért, *a.* quick with impudence, saucy
Māl'a-pért-ly, *ad.* saucily, impertinently
Māl'a-pért-nēss, *f.* sauciness
Māle, *a.* of the sex which begets young: *f.* the *he* of any species
Male, or **Mal**, [*in composition*] signifies *ill*, *bad*

Măle-ăd-mîn-îf-tră'tion, *f.* bad management
 Măle-côn-těnt', Măle-côn-těnt-ěd, *a.* dissatisfied
 Măle-côn-těnt', *f.* a rebel, a discontented person
 Măle-côn-těnt'ěd-ly, *ad.* with discontent
 Măle-côn-těnt'ěd-něs, *f.* want of affection to government, discontentedness
 Măl-e-dîct-ěd, *a.* accursed
 Măl-e-dîc'tion, *f.* execration, curse
 Măl-e-făc'tion, *f.* an offence, a crime
 Măl-e-făc'tôr, *f.* a criminal, an offender against law
 Ma-lěf'ic, *a.* hurtful, mischievous
 Măle-prăc'tice, *f.* practice contrary to rules
 Mă-lěv'o-lěnce, *f.* ill-will, malignity
 Ma-lěv'o-lěnt, *a.* ill-disposed towards others
 Ma-lěv'o-lěnt-ly, *ad.* malignantly
 Măl'ice, *f.* deliberate mischief, evil intention
 Ma-lî'cious, *a.* spiteful, ill-disposed
 Ma-lî'cious-ly, *ad.* with malignity
 Ma-lî'cious-něs, *f.* ill-design, malice
 Ma-lîgn', *a.* malicious, unfavourable, infectious
 Ma-lîgn', *v. a.* to hurt, slander
 Ma-lîg'năn-cy, *f.* malevolence, ill-will, unfavourableness, destructive tendency
 Ma-lîg'nănt, *a.* envious, unpropitious
 Ma-lîg'nănt, Ma-lîgn'ér, *f.* one of ill intention
 Ma-lîg'nănt-ly, *ad.* mischievously
 Ma-lîg'nî-ty, *f.* destructive tendency, malice
 Ma-lîgn'ly, *ad.* enviously, with ill-will
 Măl'kîn, *f.* a dirty wench
 Măll', *v. a.* to strike with a mall, to beat
 Măll, *f.* a stroke or blow

Măll, *f.* a kind of hammer; a public walk
 Măl'lărd, *f.* the drake of a wild duke
 Măl-le-a-bîl'î-ty, Măl'le-a-ble-něs, *f.* quality of enduring the hammer
 Măl'le-a-ble, *a.* capable of being spread by beating
 Măl'le-ate, *v. a.* to hammer
 Măl'lět, *f.* a wooden hammer
 Măl'lôwş, *f.* a plant
 Mălm'şey, *f.* a kind of wine, a sort of grape
 Mălt', *f.* barley steeped in water and dried
 Mălt, *v. n.* to make malt
 Mălt'dűft, *f.* the dust of malt
 Mălt-flôor, *f.* a floor to dry malt
 Mălt-hôrse, *f.* a dull doit, a stupid fellow
 Mălt'măn, Mălt'şter, *f.* he who makes malt
 Măl-vér-fă'tion, *f.* mean artifices
 Măm, Măm-mă', *f.* the fond word for mother
 Măm'mět, *f.* a puppet
 Măm-mî-fôrm, *a.* having the shape of paps or dugs
 Măm-mîll'a-ry, *a.* belonging to the paps
 Măm'môck, *f.* a large shapeless piece
 Măm'môck, *v. a.* to tear; to pull to pieces
 Măm'môn, *f.* riches
 Măn, *f.* the human being; male: *v. a.* to furnish with men
 Măn of war, *f.* a ship of war
 Măn'a-cleş, *f.* chains for the hands
 Măn'a-cle, *v. a.* to shackle, to chain the hands
 Măn'age, *v. a. & n.* to conduct, govern, use frugally; to superintend affairs
 Măn'age, *f.* conduct, use, administration
 Măn'age-a-ble, *a.* tractable, governable
 Măn'age-a-ble-něs, *f.* tractableness
 Măn'age-měnt, *f.* dealing, conduct, administration

Măn'ag-ér, *f.* he who manages; a man of frugality

Man'ag-er-ry, *f.* direction; manner of using

Măn-ā'tion, *f.* the act of issuing from

Măn'chét, *f.* a small loaf of fine bread

Măn'cī-pate, *v. a.* to enslave, tie or bind

Măn-cī-pā'tion, *f.* slavery

Măn'cī-ple, *f.* a steward, a purveyor

Măn-dā'mūs, *f.* a writ in the king's bench

Măn-da-rîn', *f.* a Chinese magistrate

Măn'date, *f.* charge, commission, command

Măn-dā'tór, *f.* a director

Măn'dā-to-ry, *a.* directory, preceptive, commanding

Măn'dī-ble, *f.* the instrument of manducation

Măn-dīb'u-lār, *a.* belonging to the jaw

Măn'drēl, *f.* a smith's tool

Măn'drāke, *f.* a plant

Māne, *f.* the hair on the neck of a horse

Măn'ēat-ér, *f.* a cannibal; an anthropophagite

Măn'ēd, *a.* having a mane

Mā'neş, *f.* ghost, shade

Măn'fûl, *a.* daring, bold, stout, strong

Măn'fûl-ly, *ad.* stoutly, boldly, daringly

Măn'fûl-něs, *f.* stoutness, boldness

Măng'cörn, *f.* corn of several kinds mixed

Mānge, *f.* the scab or itch in cattle

Măng'ér, *f.* the vessel in which animals are

Măng'ī-něs, *f.* scabbiness [fed

Măn'gle, *v. a.* to lacerate, cut in pieces, butcher

Măng'lér, *f.* a hacker; one who mangles

Măn'gō, *f.* a fruit and pickle

Măng'y, *a.* infected with the scab

Măn'hāt'ér, *f.* a misanthrope; one who hates mankind

Măn'hôod, *f.* virility, courage, human nature

Mā'nī-ăc, Ma-nī'a-căl, *a.* raging with madness

Măn'ī-fěst, Măn'ī-fěf'to, *f.* public declaration

Măn'ī-fěst, *a.* plain, open, detected: *v. a.* to make appear, discover

Măn-ī-fěst-ā'tion, *f.* publication, discovery

Măn-ī-fěst'ī-ble, *a.* may be made evident

Măn'ī-fěst-ly, *ad.* evidently

Măn'ī-fěst-něs, *f.* perspicuity, clear evidence

Man'ī-fold, *a.* of different kinds [tions

Man'ī-fold-ēd, *a.* having many complications

Man'ī-fold-ly, *ad.* in a manifold manner

Măn'ī-kîn, Măn'nī-kîn, *f.* a dwarf

Măn'ī-ple, *f.* a handful; a small band of soldiers

Măn'īp'u-lār, *a.* relating to a handful

Măn'kill-ér, *f.* a murderer

Măn-kīnd', *f.* species of human beings

Măn'līke, *a.* becoming a man; stout

Măn'lěs, *a.* not manned; without men

Măn'lī-něs, *f.* stoutness, dignity, bravery

Măn'ly, *a.* undoubted, firm, undismayed

Măn'na, *f.* a physical drug

Măn'nér, *f.* form, custom, sort, way, fashion

Măn'nér-lī-něs, *f.* civility, ceremonious complaisance

Măn'nér-ly, *a.* complaisant

Măn'nér-ly, *ad.* without rudeness, civilly

Măn'nīsh, *a.* like a man; bold, masculine

Măn'ór, *f.* a lord's jurisdiction

Mănse, *f.* a parsonage house [dence

Măn'sion, *f.* a great house; place of resi-

Măn'flāugh'tér, *f.* murder without malice

Măn'flāy'ér, *f.* a murderer

Măn'tel, *f.* work raised before a chimney
 Măn-těl-ět', *f.* a small cloak worn by women; a term in fortification
 Măn'tī'g,ér, *f.* a large monkey or baboon
 Măn'tle, *f.* a cloak
 Măn'tle, *v. a. & n.* to cloak, cover, disguise: to joy, revel, foment
 Măn'tua, *f.* a woman's gown
 Măn'tua-māk-ér, *f.* one who makes women's gowns
 Man'u-āl, *a.* performed by the hand
 Măn-u-dūc'tion, *f.* guidance by the hand
 Măn-u-făc-ture, *f.* any thing made by art; practice of making any piece of workmanship: *v. a.* to make by art and labour
 Măn-u-făc'tur-ér, *f.* a workman
 Măn-u-mīf'sion, *f.* act of releasing slaves
 Măn-u-mīt', *v. a.* to release from slavery
 Ma-nūr'a-ble, *a.* capable of cultivation
 Ma-nūre, *f.* soil to be laid on lands
 Ma-nūre', *v. a.* to dung, to cultivate
 Ma-nūr'ér, *f.* he who cultivates; a husbandman
 Măn'u-scrīpt, *f.* a book written, not printed
 Man'y, *a.* numerous, several
 Man'y-cól'our-éd, *a.* having many colours
 Man'y-cór'nér-éd, *a.* having many corners; polygonal
 Man'y-hēad'éd, *a.* having many heads
 Man'y-pēo'pled, *a.* very populous
 Man'y-tīmes, *ad.* very often
 Măp, *f.* a delineation of lands and seas on a picture: *v. a.* to delineate lands, &c.
 Mă'ple, *f.* a tree frequent in hedge-rows
 Măp'pe-ry, *f.* the art of planning or designing
 Măr, *v. a.* to damage, hurt, spoil
 Ma-răf'mūs, *f.* a deep consumption

Măr'ble, *f.* a stone; a little ball of stone
 Măr'ble, *a.* made of marble
 Măr'ble, *v. a.* to vein or variegate like marble
 Măr'ble-heart'éd, *a.* cruel, hard-hearted
 Măr-ca-fīt'e', *f.* a hard bright solid fossil
 Măr'ch, *f.* the third month; military movement; a grave and solemn walk; a procession: *v. a. & n.* to move in military form: to bring in regular procession
 Măr'ch'ér, *f.* a resident of the borders or marches
 Măr'ch'ēs, *f. pl.* borders, confines
 Măr'ch-ī-ō'nēs, *f.* the wife of a marquis
 Măr'ch'pāne, *f.* a kind of sweet-bread or biscuit
 Măr'cīd, *a.* lean, pining, withered
 Măr'cōūr, *f.* leanness; waste of flesh
 Māre, *f.* the female of a horse; the night hag
 Māre'schāl, *f.* chief commander of an army
 Mār'ga-rīte, *f.* a pearl
 Mārg,ē, Mār'g,ēnt, Mār'g,īn, *f.* the edge
 Mār'g,īn-āl, *a.* placed in the margin
 Mār'g,īn-at-éd, *a.* having a margin
 Mār'grave, *f.* a German title of sovereignty
 Mār'ī-gold, *f.* a yellow pot-flower
 Mār'īn-ate, *v. a.* to preserve fish in oil
 Ma-rīne', *a.* belonging to the sea
 Ma-rīne', *f.* a soldier for sea-service; sea affairs
 Mār'ī-nér, *f.* a seaman, a sailor
 Mār'jo-rūm, *f.* fragrant plant
 Mār'īsh, *f.* a bog, fen, swamp, watery ground: *a.* swampy, boggy, moorish
 Mār-īt'īm-āl, Mār'ī-tīme, *a.* relating to or bordering on the sea; naval

Màrk, *f.* a token, notice; sum of 13 s. 4 d.
an object to shoot at; a character, impression: *v. a. & n.* to impress, note; take notice

Màrk'ér, *f.* who notes

Màrk'èt, *f.* a public time of buying and selling: *v. n.* to deal at a market; to buy or sell

Màrk'èt-bell, *f.* to give notice to market

Màrk'èt-cross, *f.* cross set up where the market is holden

Màrk'èt-folks, *f.* people who come to market

Màrk'èt-măn, *f.* who goes to market

Màrk'èt-plăce, *f.* where a market is holden

Màrk'èt-prīce, **Màrk'èt-rāte**, *f.* current price

Màrk'èt-tōwn, *f.* a town which holds a

Màrk'èt-a-ble, *a.* fit for sale [market

Màrk'măn, **Màrkf'măn**, *f.* a man skilful to hit a mark

Màrl, *f.* a kind of fat clay

Màrl, *v. n.* to manure with marl; to fasten the sails with marline [pitch

Màrl'line, *f.* wreaths of hemp dipped in

Màrl'pīt, *f.* pit out of which marl is digged

Màrl'y, *a.* abounding with marl

Màr'măl-ade, **Màr'mal-ët**, *f.* the pulp of quinces boiled into a consistence with sugar

Màr'mo-fět, *f.* a small monkey

Màr-mőt', } *f.* an alpine mouse as big as

Màr-mőt'to, } a rabbit

Màr'qũis, *f.* a title next in rank to a duke

Màr'qũis-ate, *f.* the seignior of a marquis

Màr'rér, *f.* one who spoils or hurts

Măr'rīage, *f.* act of uniting man and woman

Măr'rīage-a-ble, *a.* fit for wedlock

Măr'rī-ēd, *a.* joined in marriage, conjugal

Măr'rōw, *f.* an oleaginous substance in bones; quintessence

Măr'rōw-bōne, *f.* bone containing marrow; the knee

Măr'rōw-făt, *f.* a kind of pea

Măr'rōw-lěss, *a.* without marrow

Măr'ry, *v. a. & n.* to marry, to be married

Mărsh, *f.* a fen, a bog, a swamp

Mărsh-măl'lōw, *f.* a plant

Măr'shăl, *f.* chief officer of arms; he who regulates rank or order at a feast: *v. a.* to arrange or rank in order

Măr'shăl-lér, *f.* one who ranks in order

Măr'shăl-sēa, *f.* a prison belonging to the king's marshal

Măr'shăl-shīp, *f.* the office of a marshal

Mărsh'y, *a.* boggy; produced in marshes

Màrt, *f.* place of public traffic; bargain

Màrt, *v. a.* to traffic; to buy or sell

Màr'těn, } *f.* kind of swallow; species

Màr'térn, } of the weasel

Màr'tial, *a.* warlike, belonging to war

Màr'tial-īst, *f.* a warrior, a fighter

Màr'tīn-găl, *f.* a broad strap for a horse

Màr'tīn-măs, *f.* feast of St Martin; the 11th of November

Màr'tīn-ët, } *f.* a kind of swallow

Màrt'lět, } *f.* a kind of swallow

Màr'ty'r, *f.* one who dies for the truth; *v. a.* to put to death for virtue

Màr'ty'r-dóm, *f.* death of a martyr

Màr'ty'r-öl'o-gy, *f.* a register of martyrs

Màr'věl, *f.* any thing astonishing; a wonder

Màr'věl, *v. n.* to wonder; to be astonished

Màr'věl-lōūs, *a.* wonderful, astonishing

Màr'věl-lōūs-ly, *ad.* wonderfully

Mār'vēl-loŭf-něs, *f.* strangeness, wonderfulness

Mās'cu-līne, *a.* male; resembling a man

Mās'cu-līne-ly, *ad.* like a man

Mās'cu-līne-něs, *f.* masculine behaviour

Māsh, *f.* a mixture; space between the threads of a net: *v. a.* to mix malt and water together, &c.

Māsk, *f.* a disguise, visor; pretence; entertainment: *v. a. & n.* to disguise with a mask, to cover; to revel; to be disguised

Māsk'ér, *f.* a person in a mask; a mummer

Mā'son, *f.* a builder with stone

Mā'son-ry, *f.* craft or performance of a mason

Mās-quér-āde', *f.* a masked assembly; disguise: *v. n.* to go in a disguise

Mās-quér-ā'dér, *f.* a person in a mask

Māss, *f.* a body, a lump; service of the Romish church: *v. n.* to celebrate mass

Mās'sa-cre, *f.* butchery; indiscriminate destruction: *v. a.* to kill indiscriminately

Mās'sī-něs, } *f.* ponderousness, weight

Mās'sīve-něs, }

Mās'sīve, Mās'sy, *a.* weighty, bulky

Māst, *f.* part of a ship; fruit of the oak and beech

Māst'ěd, *a.* having a mast

Mās'tér, *f.* chief of any place or thing; a young gentleman: *v. a.* to overpower, rule, execute with skill

Mās'tér-dóm, *f.* dominion, rule

Mās'tér-hānd', *f.* one very skilful

Mās'tér-jěst', *f.* principal jest

Mās'tér-kěy', *f.* key which opens many locks

Mās'tér-strīng', *f.* principal string

Mās'tér-strōke', *f.* capital performance

Mās'tér-lěs, *a.* without a master or owner

Mās'tér-lī-něs, *f.* eminent skill

Mās'tér-ly, *a.* artful, skilful, imperious: *ad.* with the skill of a master

Mās'tér-pīce, *f.* capital performance

Mās'tér-shīp, *f.* dominion, pre-eminence; skill

Mās'tér-těeth, *f.* the principal teeth

Mās'tér-y, *f.* superiority, skill, rule

Māst'fūl, *a.* abounding in mast, or fruit of the oak

Mās-tī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of chewing

Mās'tīc, *f.* a kind of cement; a gum

Mās'tīff, *f.* a dog of the largest size

Māst'lěs, *a.* bearing no mast

Māst'līn, *f.* mixed corn; as wheat and rye

Māt, *f.* a texture of sedge, flags, or rushes

Māt, *v. a.* to cover with mats; to twist

Māt'a-dore, *f.* a hand of cards

Māch, *f.* a marriage, contest; equal or suitable to another; what catches fire: *v. a. & n.* to suit, oppose, marry; to be married

Māch'a-ble, *a.* suitable; fit to be joined

Māch'lěs, *a.* without an equal

Māch'lěss-ly, *ad.* in a manner not to be equalled

Māch'lěss-něs, *f.* state of being without an equal

Māch'māk-ér, *f.* one who contrives marriages, or who makes matches to burn

Māte, *f.* a husband or wife, a companion; second in command: *v. a.* to match, to marry, to equal

Ma-tě'rī-āl, *a.* corporeal; important

Ma-tě'rī-āl's, *f.* substance of which any thing is made

Ma-tē'ri-āl-īst, *f.* he who denies spiritual substance
 Ma-tē-ri-āl'ī-ty, *f.* corporeity, not spirituality
 Ma-tē'ri-āl-ly, *ad.* in the state of matter; importantly
 Ma-tē'ri-āl-nēss, *f.* state of being material
 Ma-te-ri-ā'tion, *f.* act of forming matter
 Ma-tér'nāl, *a.* motherly
 Ma-tér'nī-ty, *f.* character or relation of a mother
 Māth-e-māt'ic-āl, *a.* considered according to the doctrine of the mathematics
 Māth-e-māt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a mathematical manner
 Māth-e-ma-tī'cian, *f.* one skilled in mathematics
 Māth-e-māt'ics, *f.* science of number and measure
 Ma-thē'sīs, *f.* the doctrine of mathematics
 Māt'īn, *a.* morning, used in the morning
 Māt'īns, *f.* morning worship
 Māt'rāss, *f.* a chemical glass vessel
 Mā'trice, *f.* the womb; a mould
 Mā'trī-cide, *f.* slaughter of a mother, a mother-killer
 Ma-trīc'u-late, *v. a.* to enter or admit a member of the universities of England or Scotland
 Ma-trīb-u-lā'tion, *f.* act of matriculating
 Māt-rī-mō'nī-āl, *a.* pertaining to marriage
 Māt-rī-mō'nī-āl-ly, *ad.* according to the laws, &c. of marriage
 Māt'rī-mo-ny, *f.* marriage, the nuptial state
 Mā'trīx, *f.* the womb
 Mā'trīon, *f.* an elderly lady, an old woman
 Mā'trōn-āl, *a.* suitable to a matron
 Mā'trōn-ly, *a.* elderly, ancient

Ma-trōss', *f.* a soldier in the artillery
 Māt'tér, *f.* body; materials; affair, import; cause of disturbance; object; purulent running: *v. a. & n.* to regard; to be of importance, to import, to generate by suppuration
 Māt'te-ry, *a.* purulent, generating matter
 Māt'tōck, *f.* a pick-axe
 Māt'trēss, *f.* a kind of quilt to lie upon
 Māt'u-ra-tīve, *a.* conducive to ripeness
 Ma-tūre', *a.* ripe, perfected by time: *v. a.* to ripen, to advance to ripeness
 Ma-tūre'ly, *ad.* ripely; with counsel, well digested
 Ma-tū'rī-ty, *f.* ripeness, completion
 Māud'līn, *a.* drunk, fuddled: *f.* a plant
 Māu'gre, *a.* [*pron.* Māu'g'ér,] in spite of
 Māul', *v. a.* to beat, to bruise in a cruel manner: *f.* a heavy hammer
 Māund', *f.* a hand-basket
 Māun'dér, *v. n.* to grumble, to mutter
 Māun'dér-ér, *f.* a murmurer, a grumbler
 Māun'dy-Thurs-day, *f.* Thursday before Good-Friday
 Māu-sō'le-ūm, *f.* a pompous funeral monument
 Māw', *f.* stomach of animals, craw of birds
 Māwk'īsh, *a.* apt to give satiety
 Māwk'īsh-nēss, *f.* aptness to cause loathing
 Māwm', *f.* a foolish person
 Māw'mēt, *f.* a puppet, anciently an idol
 Māwm'īsh, *a.* foolish, idle, nauseous
 Māw'-wōrm, *f.* gut-worms [ple
 Māx'īm, *f.* a leading truth, general principle
 Māy, *auxiliary verb; pret.* might
 Māy-be, *ad.* perhaps
 Māy, *f.* the fifth month; the early or gay part of life

Māy, *v. n.* to gather flowers on May morn-
 Māy-būg, *f.* a chafer [ing
 Māy-dāy, *f.* the first day of May
 Māy-pōle, *f.* a pole to be danced round in
 May
 Māyor, *f.* chief magistrate of a corporation
 Māyor'āl-ty, *f.* the office of a mayor
 Māyor'ěs, *f.* the wife of a mayor
 Māze, *f.* a labyrinth; confusion of thought:
v. a. to confuse, bewilder, perplex
 Mā'zy, *a.* perplexed, confused
 Mē, *pron.* the objective case of I
 Mēa'cōck, *f.* an uxorious or effeminate man
 Mēa'cōck, *a.* cowardly, tame, timorous
 Mēad, *f.* wine made of water and honey
 Mēad, Mēad'ōw, *f.* ground somewhat wa-
 tery, not plowed
 Mēa'g,ér, *a.* lean, poor, hungry, starved
 Mēa'g,ér, *v. a.* to make lean
 Mēa'g,ér-něs, *f.* leanness, scantness, bar-
 renness
 Mēak, *f.* a hook with a long handle
 Mēal, *f.* a repast; the flour part of corn
 Mēal'mān, *f.* who deals in meal
 Mēal'y, *a.* besprinkled with meal
 Mēal'y-mōūth-ěd, *a.* bashful
 Mēal'y-mōūth-ěd-něs, *f.* restraint of speech
 Mēan, *a.* contemptible, base, middle, of low
 rank, &c.: *v. n.* to intend, to have in
 mind
 Me-ān'dér, *f.* maze, serpentine winding
 Me-ān'drōus, *a.* flexuous, winding
 Mēan'ing, *f.* purpose, intention, the sense
 Mēan'ly, *ad.* poorly
 Mēan'něs, *f.* low rank, niggardliness, want
 of dignity
 Mēant, *pret. & part. pass.* of to mean
 Mēase, *f.* 500 herrings

Mēa'fles, *f.* a fever attended with a critical
 eruption
 Mēa'f'led, *a.* infected with the measles
 Mēa'f'ly, *a.* scabbed with the measles
 Mēa'f'ur-a-ble, *a.* capable of being measur-
 ed; moderate
 Mēa'f'ur-a-ble-něs, *f.* quality of admitting
 to be measured
 Mēa'f'ur-a-bly, *ad.* moderately
 Mēa'f'ure, *f.* proportion, quantity settled:
v. a. to compute, adjust, proportion
 Mēa'f'ure-lěs, *a.* immeasurable, immense
 Mēa'f'ure-měnt, *f.* mensuration, act of mea-
 suring
 Mēa'f'ur-ér, *f.* one who measures
 Mēat, *f.* flesh to be eaten, food in general
 Mēat'ěd, *a.* foddered, fed
 Mēat'he, *f.* drink
 Me-c,hān'ic, Me-c,hān'ic-āl, *a.* mean, ser-
 vile; constructed by the laws of me-
 chanics
 Me-c,hān'ic, *f.* a manufacturer
 Me-c,hān'ics, *f.* the geometry of motion
 Me-c,hān'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* according to the laws
 of mechanism
 Me-c,hān'ic-āl-něs, *f.* agreeableness to the
 laws of mechanism
 Mē-c,hān-ī'cian, *f.* a professor of mechanics
 Mēc,h'ān-ism, *f.* action according to me-
 chanic laws
 Mēd'āl, *f.* an ancient coin, a stamped piece
 of metal
 Me-dāl'ic, *a.* pertaining to medals
 Me-dāl'ion, *f.* a large antique stamp or
 medal
 Me-dāl'ist, *f.* a connoisseur in medals
 Mēd'dle, *v. n.* to interpose, to have to do
 Mēd'dle, *v. a.* to mix, to mingle

Měd'dlér, *f.* an interposer ; a busy body
 Měd'dle-fóme, *a.* interposing
 Mě'dĩ-ate, *v. a. & n.* to form by mediation ;
 to limit ; to interpose as a friend
 Mě'dĩ-ate, *a.* intervening ; middle
 Mě'dĩ-ate-ly, *ad.* by secondary cause
 Me-dĩ-ā'tion, *f.* interposition, agency
 Me-dĩ-ā'tór, *f.* an intercessor ; one of the
 characters of our Blessed Saviour
 Me-dĩ-a-tō'rĩ-āl, Mě'dĩ-a-to-ry, *a.* belong-
 ing to a mediator
 Me-dĩ-ā'tór-shĩp, *f.* office of a mediator
 Me-dĩ-ā'trĩx, *f.* a female mediator
 Měd'ĩc-āl, *a.* physical
 Měd'ĩc-āl-ly, *ad.* physically, medicinally
 Měd'ĩc-a-měnt, *f.* any thing used in healing
 Měd'ĩc-a-měn'tāl, *a.* relating to medicine,
 internal or topical
 Měd'ĩ-cate, *v. a.* to tincture with any thing
 medicinal
 Měd-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* act of impregnating with
 medicinal ingredients
 Me-dĩç'ĩn-a-ble, *a.* having the power of
 physic [ing
 Me-dĩç'ĩn-āl, *a.* having the power of heal-
 Me-dĩç'ĩn-āl-ly, *ad.* physically
 Měd'ĩ-cĩne, *f.* physic : *v. a.* to operate as
 physic
 Me-dĩ-ōc'rĩ-ty, *f.* small degree ; middle rate
 or state ; moderation, temperance
 Měd'ĩ-tate, *v. a. & n.* to plan, contrive,
 scheme ; to muse, contemplate, think
 Měd-ĩ-tā'tion, *f.* deep thought, contem-
 plation
 Měd'ĩ-ta-tĩve, *a.* addicted to meditation
 Měd-ĩ-tér-rā'ně-ān, Měd-ĩ-tér-rā'ně-ōūs,
a. encircled with land ; inland
 Mě'dĩ-ūm, *f.* any thing intervening ; middle
 place

Měd'lār, *f.* a tree and fruit
 Měd'ley, *f.* a mixture ; a miscellany
 Mēed, *f.* reward, present, recompense
 Mēek, *a.* gentle, soft, not proud, not
 rough
 Mēek'en, *v. a.* to soften, to make gentle
 Mēek'ly, *ad.* mildly, gently
 Mēek'něs, *f.* softness of temper, gentleness
 Mēer, *a.* simple, unmixed ; *f.* a lake ; a
 boundary
 Mēer'ed, *a.* relating to a boundary
 Mēet, *a.* fit, proper, qualified
 Mēet, *v. a. & n.* to face ; assail, encounter
 Mēet'ér, *f.* one who accosts another
 Mēet'ing, *f.* an assembly ; conflux
 Mēet'ing-hōûse, *f.* where dissenters meet to
 worship
 Mēet'ly, *ad.* properly
 Mēet'něs, *f.* fitness, propriety
 Mē'grĩm, *f.* a painful disorder in the head
 Mēine, *v. a.* to mingle
 Mēin'y, *f.* domestic servants ; a retinue
 Měl-ān-c, hōl'ĩc, *a.* gloomy, fanciful
 Měl-ān-c, hōl-y, *f.* a kind of madness ;
 gloominess : *a.* dismal, habitually de-
 jected
 Měl'ĩ-o-rate, *v. a.* to better, to improve
 Měl-ĩ-o-rā'tion, *f.* improvement
 Měl-ĩ-ōr'ĩ-ty, *f.* state of being better
 Měll, *v. n.* to mix ; to meddle
 Měl-lĩf'ér-ōūs, *a.* productive of honey
 Měl-lĩf-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* act of making honey
 Měl-lĩf'lu-ěnt, Měl-lĩf'lu-ōūs, *a.* flowing
 with honey
 Měl'low, *a.* full ripe, soft, drunk
 Měl'low, *v. a. & n.* to mature ; to be ma-
 tured
 Měl'low-něs, *f.* maturity, ripeness

Me-lō'dī-ōūs, *a.* harmonious, musical
 Me-lō'dī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* harmoniously, musically
 Me-lō'dī-ōūf-nēss, *f.* harmoniousness, musicalness
 Mē/o-dy, *f.* harmony of sound
 Mēl'ōn, *f.* a delicious fruit
 Mēlt, *v. a. & n.* to make liquid, to soften : to become liquid
 Mēlt'ér, *f.* one who melts metals
 Mēlt'ing-ly, *ad.* with feeling and tenderness
 Mēm'hér, *f.* a limb ; part, one of a community
 Mēm'brane, *f.* a web of many sorts of fibres
 Mēm-brā'ne-ōūs, } *a.* consisting of mem-
 Mēm-brā'noūs, } branes
 Me-mēn'to, *f.* a hint to awaken the memory
 Mēm-ōir', *f.* an account of any thing
 Mēm'o-ra-ble, *a.* worthy of remembrance
 Mēm'o-ra-bly, *ad.* in a memorable manner
 Mēm-o-rān'dūm, *f.* a note to help memory
 Me-mō'rī-āl, *f.* something to preserve memory : *a.* preserving remembrance
 Me-mō'rī-āl-īst, *f.* who presents memorials
 Mēm'o-ry, *f.* remembrance, memorial
 Mēn, *f. pl. of man* [men
 Mēn'-plēaf-ér, *f.* one too fond of pleasing
 Mēn'ace, *v. a.* to threaten, to terrify
 Mēn'ace, *f.* a threat, denunciation of ill
 Mēn'a-cēr, *f.* one who threatens
 Mē-nāge', *f.* a collection of brute animals
 Mēnd, *v. a. & n.* to repair, to improve ; to grow better
 Mēnd'a-ble, *a.* that may be mended
 Mēn-dāç'ī-ty, *f.* falsehood, lying
 Mēnd'ér, *f.* one who mends
 Mēn'dī-cānt, *f.* a begging friar : *a.* begging

Mēn'dī-cate, *v. a.* to ask alms
 Mēn-dīç'ī-ty, *f.* great want ; beggary
 Mē'nī-āl, *a.* domestic, belonging to the retinue
 Mē'nī-āl, *f.* a domestic servant
 Me-nōl'o-gy, *f.* a register of months
 Mēn'ow, *f.* a fish
 Mēn'sāl, *a.* belonging to the table
 Mēn'stru-āl, *a.* once a-month ; monthly
 Mēn'stru-ōūs, *a.* having the catamenia
 Mēn'stru-ūm, *f.* liquor used in infusions
 Mēn-su-ra-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* capacity of being measured
 Mēn'su-ra-ble, *a.* measurable
 Mēn'su-rāl, *a.* relating to measure
 Mēn'su-rate, *v. a.* to measure
 Mēn-su-rā'tion, *f.* the act of measuring
 Mēn'tāl, *a.* intellectual, existing in the mind
 Mēn'tāl-ly, *ad.* intellectually
 Mēn'tion, *f.* reciting any thing
 Mēn'tion, *v. a.* to express in words or writing
 Mēr'cān-tānt, *f.* a foreign trader
 Mēr'cān-tīle, *a.* trading, commercial
 Mēr'cāt, *f.* market, trade
 Mēr'ce-na-rī-nēss, *f.* venality
 Mēr'ce-na-ry, *a.* mean, sordid, selfish
 Mēr'cēr, *f.* one who deals in, or sells silks
 Mēr'ce-ry, *f.* dealing in silks
 Mēr'chānd, *v. n.* to trade, to traffic
 Mēr'chān-diçe, *f.* traffic, commerce, wares : *v. n.* to exercise commerce
 Mēr'chānt, *f.* one who traffics to remote countries [chant
 Mēr'chānt-like, Mēr'chānt-ly, *a.* like a merchant
 Mēr'chānt-mān, *f.* a ship of trade
 Mēr'chānt-a-ble, *a.* fit to be bought or sold

Mér'cī-fûl, *a.* compassionate, tender, kind
 Mér'cī-fûl-ly, *ad.* tenderly, with pity
 Mér'cī-fûl-něs, *f.* compassion
 Mér'cī-lěs, *a.* without mercy, hard-hearted
 Mér'cī-lěs-ly, *ad.* in a manner void of pity
 Mér'cī-lěs-něs, *f.* want of compassion
 Mér-cū'rī-āl, *a.* consisting of quicksilver;
 sprightly [mercury]
 Mér-cu-rī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* a mixture with
 Mér-cu-ry, *f.* quicksilver; sprightliness
 Mér'cy, *f.* tenderness; pardon; discretion
 Mér'cy-fēat, *f.* the covering of the ark of
 the covenant, in which the tables of the
 law were deposited
 Mēre, *a.* this or that only: *f.* a pool or lake,
 a boundary
 Mēre'ly, *ad.* simply; only
 Me-rīd'ī-ān, *f.* noon, mid-day, line divid-
 ing the world: *a.* highest, at the point of
 Me-rīd'ī-on-āl, *a.* southern [noon]
 Me-rīd'ī-ōn-āl'ī-ty, *f.* position in the earth
 Me-rīd'ī-ōn-āl-ly, *ad.* with a southern as-
 pect
 Mēr'it, *f.* desert; right; claim; reward
 deserved: *v. a.* to deserve, to earn
 Mēr-ī-tō'rī-ōūs, *a.* deserving of reward
 Mēr-ī-tō'rī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* in a deserving man-
 ner [ing well]
 Mēr-ī-tō'rī-ōūs-něs, *f.* the state of deserv-
 Mēr'māid, *f.* a sea-woman
 Mēr'rī-ly, *ad.* cheerfully, with mirth
 Mēr'rī-māke, *v. n.* to feast, to be jovial
 Mēr'rī-měnt, *f.* mirth, cheerfulness
 Mēr'rī-něs, *f.* gaiety, merry disposition
 Mēr'ry, *a.* laughing loud, cheerful
 Mēr'ry-ān'dreŵ, *f.* a buffoon
 Mēr'ry-thōught, *f.* a forked bone in the bo-
 dy of fowls

Mér'sion, *f.* the act of sinking
 Me-sēems, *imperf. verb*; I think, it ap-
 pears to me
 Měsh, *f.* the space between the threads of
 a net: *v. a.* to ensnare, catch in a net
 Měsh'y, *a.* reticulated, of net work
 Měš'līn, *f.* mixed corn, as *wheat* and *rye*
 Měs, *f.* a portion of food, a feeding toge-
 ther: *v. a.* to eat, to feed together
 Měs'sage, *f.* an errand
 Měs'sēn-gēr, *f.* one who carries an errand
 Měs-sī'ab, *f.* the Anointed, the Christ
 Měs-sieurs', *f. pl.* [Fr.] sirs, gentlemen
 Měš'māte, *f.* one who eats at the same ta-
 ble
 Měs'suage, *f.* a house, a tenement
 Mět, *pret. & part. pass.* of *to meet*
 Mět'āl, *f.* gold, silver, copper, tin, iron,
 and lead; courage, spirit
 Mě-tāl'lic, *a.* consisting of metal
 Mět-al-līf'ér-ōūs, *a.* producing metals
 Mět'āl-līne, *a.* impregnated with metal
 Mět-āl-līst, *f.* one skilled in metals
 Mět-āl'lūr-g,īst, *f.* a worker in metals
 Mět-āl'lūr-g,y, *f.* act of working metals
 Mět-a-mōr'phōse, *f.* transformation, change
 of shape: *v. a.* to change the form of any
 thing [figurative]
 Mět'a-phōr, *f.* a change from natural to
 Mět-a-phōr'ic, Mět-a-phōr'ic-āl, *a.* not li-
 teral, figurative
 Mět'a-phraſe, *f.* a verbal translation
 Mět'a-phrāst, *f.* a literal translation
 Mět'a-phyſ'ic, Mět-a-phyſ'ic-āl, *a.* relating
 to metaphysics
 Mět-a-phyſ'ics, *f.* ontology; the doctrine
 of the general affections of substances ex-
 isting

Mēte, *v. a.* to measure
 Mē'tewānd, Mēte'yārd, *f.* staff to measure with
 Mē'te-ór, *f.* a preternatural appearance in the sky
 Me-te-o-rō-l'ō-g'ic-āl, *a.* relating to meteors
 Me-te-o-rōl'o-g'ist, *f.* one skilled in meteors
 Me-te-o-rōl'o-g'y, *f.* the doctrine of meteors
 Mē'tér, *f.* a measurer, as a coal-meter
 Me-thēg'līn, *f.* drink made of honey and water
 Me-thinks', *v. imp.* it seems to me
 Mēth'ód, *f.* convenient order, a mode or manner
 Me-thōd'ī-cāl, *a.* ranged in due order
 Me-thōd'ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* according to due order
 Mēth'ód-ise, *v. a.* to regulate, to dispose in order
 Mēth'ód-ist, *f.* an observer of method; a kind of puritan
 Me-thōught', the *preterite* of *methinks*
 Me-tón'y-my, *f.* a putting one word for another
 Mē'tre, *f.* measure of verses, cadence
 Mēt'rī-cāl, *a.* pertaining to metre
 Me-trōp'o-līs, *f.* the chief city of a country
 Me-tro-pōl'ī-tān, *f.* an archbishop: *a.* belonging to a metropolis
 Mēt'tle, *f.* spirit, vivacity, sprightliness
 Mēt'tled, *a.* sprightly, courageous, full of fire
 Mēt'tle-sōme, *a.* lively, brisk, airy
 Mēt'tle-sōme-ly, *ad.* with sprightliness
 Mew, *f.* a cage; an inclosure; a sea-fowl: *v. a.* to confine; to moult; to cry as a cat
 Mewl, *v. n.* to squall as a child
 Mēz-zo-tīa'to, *f.* a kind of engraving on copper

Mice, *f.* the plural of *mouse*
 Mīc'h'ael-mās, *f.* the feast of St Michael
 Mi-cro-cōsm', *f.* the little world [jects
 Mi-cro-g'ra-phy, *f.* description of minute objects
 Mi-crōm'e-tér, *f.* an instrument to measure small spaces [strument
 Mī'crōs-cope, *f.* a magnifying optical instrument
 Mi-crōs-cōp'ic, Mi-crōs-cōp'ic-āl, *a.* like a microscope; magnifying
 Mīd, *a.* between two, equally distant
 Mīd-cōurse, *f.* middle of the way
 Mīd-dāy, *f.* noon, meridian
 Mīd'dle, *f.* middle part, way or time
 Mīd'dle-ā'g'ed, *a.* about the middle of life
 Mīd'dle-most, *a.* being in the middle
 Mīd-dlīng, *a.* of a middle rank, moderate
 Mīd'lānd, *a.* in the midst of the land
 Mīdge, *f.* a gnat
 Mīdd-hēav'en, *f.* the middle of the sky
 Mīd-lēg, *f.* the middle of the leg
 Mīd'most, *a.* being in the middle
 Mīd'nīght, *f.* the depth of night, twelve at night
 Mīd'rīff, *f.* the diaphragm
 Mīd-sēa, *f.* middle of the sea
 Mīd'shīp-mān, *f.* an officer on board a man
 Mīdst, *f.* middle part [of war
 Mīdst, *a.* midmost, being in the middle
 Mīd-stream, *f.* middle of the stream
 Mīd'sūm-mér, *f.* the summer solstice
 Mīd-wāy, *f.* the middle of the way: *a.* middle between two places: *ad.* in the middle of the passage
 Mīd'wīfe, *f.* one who delivers women with child
 Mīd'wīfe-ry, *f.* the art of delivering women
 Mīd-wīn'tér, *f.* the winter solstice
 Mīen, *f.* air, look, manner

Might, *pret. of may*: *f.* power, strength
 Might'ily, *ad.* powerfully, vigourously
 Might'iness, *f.* power, height of dignity
 Might'y, *a.* powerful, strong, excellent
 Might'y, *ad.* in a great degree
 Mi-gra'tion, *f.* act of changing place
 Milch, *a.* giving milk
 Mild, *a.* kind, gentle; mellow; sweet; merciful
 Mil'dew, *v. a.* to taint with mildew: *f.* disease in plants, silk, cloth, and paper
 Mild'ly, *ad.* tenderly, gently
 Mild'ness, *f.* tenderness, clemency, sweetness
 Mile, *f.* a land measure of 1760 yards
 Mile'stone, *f.* a stone set to mark the miles
 Mil'ice, *f.* standing force
 Mil'i-tant, *a.* fighting, engaged in warfare
 Mil'i-ta-ry, *a.* warlike, suiting a soldier
 Mil-l'ia, *f.* train-bands, national force
 Milk, *f.* liquor from the paps of females: *v. a.* to draw milk from a cow, to suck
 Milk'en, *a.* consisting of milk
 Milk'ér, *f.* who milks cows, a cow giving milk
 Milk'i-ness, *f.* softness like that of milk
 Milk'liv-ér-éd, *a.* cowardly, timorous
 Milk'maid, *f.* a woman employed in the dairy
 Milk'man, *f.* he who sells milk
 Milk'pôt-tage, *f.* milk and oat-meal boiled
 Milk'score, *f.* accompt of milk owed for
 Milk'sop, *f.* an effeminate fribbling man
 Milk'white, *a.* white as milk
 Milk'wôm-ân, *f.* a woman who sells milk
 Milk'y, *a.* made of or like unto milk
 Milk'y-wâ'y, *f.* the galaxy; a broad white tract compassing the whole heavens

Mill, *f.* an engine to cut or grind: *v. a.* to grind, comminute, beat up; to coin
 Mill-côg, *f.* tooth of a wheel
 Mill-dâm, *f.* mound to keep and raise water
 Mill-hôrse, *f.* a horse that turns a mill
 Mil-lên-â'rî-ân, *f.* one who expects a millennium
 Mil'lên-a-ry, *a.* consisting of a thousand
 Mil'lên-ist, *f.* who holds the millennium
 Mil-lên'ni-um, *f.* Christ's reign of 1000 years
 Mil-lên'ni-al, *a.* pertaining to the millennium
 Mille'pèdeş, *f.* woodlice
 Mil'lér, *f.* one who attends a mill; a fly
 Mil'lér's-thumb, *f.* a fish, the *bulhead*
 Mil-lêf'i-mâl, *a.* thousandth
 Mil'lîn-ér, *f.* one who makes up women's caps
 Mill'ion, *f.* the number of 1,000,000
 Mill'ionth, *a.* the ten hundred thousandth
 Mill-stône, *f.* a stone to grind corn, &c.
 Milt, *f.* the sperm of a male fish, the spleen: *v. a.* to impregnate the roe or spawn of the female fish
 Milt'ér, *f.* the *he* of any fish
 Mime, *f.* a mimic, a buffoon, a merry-andrew: *v. n.* to play the mimic
 Mim'ér, *f.* a buffoon, a mimic
 Mim'ic, *f.* one who ludicrously mimics another
 Mim'ic, *a.* imitative: *v. a.* to imitate as a buffoon, to ridicule by a burlesque imitation
 Mim'ic-âl, *a.* imitative, acting the mimic
 Mim'ic-âl-ly, *ad.* in a mimical manner
 Mim'ic-ry, *f.* burlesque imitation
 Mim-ôg'râ-phér, *f.* a writer of farces

Mĩnce, *v. a. & n.* to cut into very small parts; to mention any thing scrupulously; to palliate: to walk nicely by short steps; to affect nicety; to act with scrupulousness
 Mĩnc'ing-ly, *ad.* in small parts, not fully
 Mĩnd, *f.* intelligent power, opinion, memory: *v. a. & n.* to mark, remind: to be disposed
 Mĩnd'ed, *a.* disposed, inclined, affected
 Mĩnd'fũl, *a.* attentive, having memory
 Mĩnd'fũl-ly, *ad.* attentively
 Mĩnd'fũl-ness, *f.* attention, regard
 Mĩnd'lẽss, *a.* inattentive
 Mĩnd'-strĩck-en, *a.* moved, affected in the mind
 Mĩne, *f.* a place where minerals are dug: *v. a. & n.* to sap, to ruin by mines: to dig mines or burrows: *pro. poss.* belonging to me
 Mĩn'ér, *f.* one who digs mines
 Mĩn'ér-ál, *f.* matter dug out of mines
 Mĩn'ér-ál, *a.* consisting of fossil bodies
 Mĩn'ér-ál-ĩst, *f.* one skilled in minerals
 Mĩn-ér-ál'o-g-y, *f.* the doctrine of minerals
 Mĩn'gle, *v. a. & n.* to compound; to be mixed: *f.* mixture, confused mass, medley
 Mĩng'lér, *f.* he who mingles [compass
 Mĩn'ĩ-a-ture, *f.* representation in a small
 Mĩn'ĩ-kĩn, *f.* a small sort of pins
 Mĩn'ĩ-kĩn, *a.* small, diminutive
 Mĩn'ĩm, *f.* a dwarf; a small fish
 Mĩn'ĩm-ũs, *f.* a being of the least size
 Mĩn'ĩon, *f.* a favourite, a low dependant
 Mĩn'ĩsh, *v. a.* to lessen, lop, impair
 Mĩn'ĩst-ér, *f.* an agent, a servant to the state and church, a delegate, an agent from a foreign power

Mĩn'ĩst-ér, *v. a. & n.* to give; to attend on the service of God
 Mĩn'ĩst-ér'ĩ-ál, *a.* acting under authority, sacerdotal
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-y, *f.* office, service, agency
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-ál, *a.* pertaining to a minister
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-ánt, *a.* attending, acting at command
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-ánt-ion, *f.* agency, function
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-y, *f.* office, service, agency of the state
 Mĩn'ĩ-ũm, *f.* calx of lead, red lead
 Mĩn'now, *f.* a very small fish; a pink
 Mĩ'nór, *f.* one under age; the second proposition: *a.* petty, inconsiderable, less
 Mĩ-nór'ĩ-ty, *f.* the state of being under age, less number
 Mĩ'no-taur, *f.* a monster, half man and half bull
 Mĩn'ĩst-ér, *f.* a cathedral church
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-ál, *f.* a musician
 Mĩn'ĩst-er-ál-sey, *f.* music, a company of musicians
 Mĩnt, *f.* a sweet plant; a place for coinage: *v. a.* to coin, invent, forge, stamp money
 Mĩnt'áge, *f.* duty paid for coining: what is coined
 Mĩnt'ér, *f.* a coiner
 Mĩnt'mán, *f.* one skilled in coinage
 Mĩnt'máf-tér, *f.* one who presides over the coinage
 Mĩn'ũ-et, *f.* a stately regular dance
 Mĩn'ũm, *f.* a small type; a note of slow time
 Mĩn'ute, *f.* sixtieth part of an hour; short abstract, the first draught of any agreement in writing: *v. a.* to set down in short hints

Mĩn'ute-bòok, *f.* book of short hints
 Mĩn'ute-glàss, *f.* glass of which the sand
 measures a minute
 Mi-nũte', *a.* small, little, slender
 Mi-nũte'ly, *ad.* exactly, to a small point
 Mi-nũte'něss, *f.* smallness, inconsiderableness
 Mĩn'ute-wàtch, *f.* a watch that beats se-
 conds
 Mĩnx, *f.* a young, pert, wanton girl
 Mĩr'a-cle, *f.* some act above human power
 Mĩ-ràc'u-lòus, *a.* done by miracle, strange
 Mĩ-ràc'u-lòus-ly, *ad.* by power above that
 of nature
 Mĩ-ràc'u-lòus-něss, *f.* superiority to natural
 power
 Mĩr-a-dòr', *f.* a balcony
 Mĩre, *f.* mud, dirt; an ant, a pismire:
v. a. to overwhelm in the mud
 Mĩr'ĩ-něss, *f.* dirtiness, fulness of mire
 Mĩr'rór, *f.* a looking glass; pattern
 Mĩr'rór-stòne, *f.* a kind of transparent stone
 Mĩrth, *f.* merriment, jollity, gaiety
 Mĩrth'fũl, *a.* merry, gay, cheerful, lively
 Mĩrth'lěss, *a.* joyless, cheerless, without
 mirth
 Mĩ'ry, *a.* deep in mud, muddy
 Mĩs, an inseparable particle used in com-
 position to mark an ill sense, or dep-
 ravation of the meaning [sense
 Mĩs-àc-cěp-tà'tion, *f.* taken in a wrong
 Mĩs-àd-věn'ture, *f.* mischance, manlaughter
 Mĩs-àd-věn'tur-ěd, *a.* unfortunate
 Mĩs-àd-vĩ'ěd, *a.* ill-directed
 Mĩs'àn-thròpe, Mĩs-àn'thro-pòs, *f.* a hater
 of mankind
 Mĩs-àn'thro-py, *f.* hatred of mankind
 Mĩs-àp-plĩ-cà'tion, *f.* applying to a wrong
 purpose [poses
 Mĩs-àp-ply', *v. a.* to apply to wrong pur-

Mĩs-àp-pre-hěnd', *v. a.* not to understand
 rightly [ment
 Mĩs-àp-pre-hěn-sion, *f.* a mistake in judg-
 Mĩs-às-crĩbe', *v. a.* to ascribe falsely
 Mĩs-às-sĩgn', *v. a.* to assign erroneously
 Mĩs-be-cóme', *v. a. & n.* not to become,
 not to suit: to be unseemly
 Mĩs-be-gòt'ten, *a.* unlawfully begotten
 Mĩs-be-hàve', *v. n.* to act improperly or ill
 Mĩs-be-hà'vĩ-oũr, *f.* ill conduct
 Mĩs-be-lĩef', *f.* a wrong belief
 Mĩs-be-lĩev'ér, *f.* one who holds a false
 religion
 Mĩs-càl', *v. a.* to name improperly
 Mĩs-càl'cu-late, *v. a.* to reckon wrong
 Mĩs-càr-'rĩage, *f.* failure, abortion, ill con-
 duct
 Mĩs-càr'ry, *v. n.* to fail, have an abortion
 Mĩs-càst', *v. a.* to take a wrong accompt
 Mĩs-cěl-làne', *f.* mixed corn [kinds
 Mĩs-cěl-là'ne-oũs, *a.* composed of various
 Mĩs-cěl-là-ny, *f.* a collection of various
 kinds: *a.* mixed of various kinds
 Mĩs-chànce', *f.* ill luck, mishap
 Mĩs'chĩef, *f.* disturbance, harm, ill conse-
 quence: *v. a.* to injure, to hurt
 Mĩs-chĩef-màk-ér, *f.* who makes mischief
 Mĩs-chĩev'oũs, *a.* spiteful, harmful
 Mĩs-chĩev'oũs-ly, *ad.* hurtfully, noxiously
 Mĩs-chĩev'oũs-něss, *f.* perniciousness, wick-
 edness
 Mĩs-cĩ-ble, *a.* may be mixed
 Mĩs-ci-tà'tion, *f.* false or unfair quotation
 Mĩs-cĩte', *v. a.* to quote wrong
 Mĩs-clàim', *f.* a mistaken claim
 Mĩs-cón-cězi', Mĩs-con-cěp'tion, *f.* false
 opinion, wrong notion [haviour
 Mĩs-cón-dũct', *f.* ill-management or be-
 Mĩs-cón-dũct', *v. a.* to manage amiss

Mĩf-côn-strũc'tion, *f.* wrong interpretation
 Mĩf-côn'strue, *v. a.* to interpret wrong
 Mĩf-côn-tĩn'u-ãnce, *f.* cessation
 Mĩf'cre-ãnt, *f.* a vile wretch, an unbeliever
 Mĩf-cre-ãte', Mĩf-cre-ãt'ed, *a.* formed un-
 naturally
 Mĩf-dēed', *f.* an evil action
 Mĩf-dēm', *v. a.* to judge ill of, to mistake
 Mĩf-de-mēan', *v. a.* to behave ill
 Mĩf-de-mēan'or, *f.* offence, ill-behaviour
 Mĩf-dô', *v. a. & n.* to do wrong; to com-
 Mĩf-dô'ér, *f.* an offender [mit faults
 Mĩf-dôũbt', *f.* suspicion, irresolution, he-
 sitation: *v. a.* to suspect of deceit or
 danger [poses
 Mĩf-ēm-plöy', *v. a.* to use to wrong pur-
 Mĩf-ēm-plöy'mēnt, *f.* improper application
 Mĩf'ér, *f.* one covetous to excess; a wretch
 Mĩf'ér-a-ble, *a.* unhappy, wretched, stingy
 Mĩf'ér-a-ble-nēs, *f.* state of misery
 Mĩf'ér-a-bly, *ad.* unhappily, meanly,
 wretchedly [vetousness
 Mĩf'e-ry, *f.* wretchedness, calamity, co-
 Mĩf-fãsh'ion, *v. a.* to form wrong
 Mĩf-förm', *v. a.* to put in an ill form
 Mĩf-för'tune, *f.* ill luck, calamity
 Mĩf-g,ĩve', *v. a.* to fill with doubt
 Mĩf-góv'érn-mēnt, *f.* ill administration of
 public affairs, ill management, irregularity
 Mĩf-guĩd'ãnce, *f.* false direction
 Mĩf-guĩde', *v. a.* to direct ill, to lead the
 wrong way
 Mĩf-hãp', *f.* ill luck, calamity
 Mĩf-ĩn-fér', *v. a.* to infer wrong [counts
 Mĩf-ĩn-förm', *v. a.* to deceive by false ac-
 Mĩf-ĩn-för-mã'tion, *f.* false intelligence
 Mĩf-ĩn-tér'prēt, *v. a.* to explain wrong
 Mĩf-jöin', *v. a.* to join improperly

Mĩf-jũdge', *v. a.* to form false opinions,
 to judge ill
 Mĩf-lãy', *v. a.* to lay in a wrong place
 Mĩf-lãy'ér, *f.* who puts in a wrong place
 Mĩf-lēad', *v. a.* to guide a wrong way, to
 Mĩf-lēad'ér, *f.* one who leads ill [deceive
 Mĩf-lĩke', *f.* disapprobation; distaste
 Mĩf-lĩke, *v. a.* to dislike, to disapprove
 Mĩf-lĩk'ér, *f.* one who disapproves
 Mĩf-mãn'age, *v. a.* to manage ill [conduct
 Mĩf-mãn'age-mēnt, *f.* ill management, ill
 Mĩf-mãtch', *v. a.* to match unsuitably
 Mĩf-nãme', *v. a.* to call wrong [name
 Mĩf-nō'mér, *f.* indictment under a wrong
 Mĩf-öb-sérve', *v. a.* not to observe accur-
 Mĩf-ög'am-ĩñ, *f.* a marriage hater [ately
 Mĩf-ög'y-ny, *f.* hatred of women
 Mĩf-ör'dér, *v. a.* to conduct ill or irregularly
 Mĩf-ör'dér-ly, *ad.* irregular
 Mĩf-pēnd', *v. a.* to waste, to spend ill
 Mĩf-pēnd'ér, *f.* a prodigal, a spendthrift
 Mĩf-pér-sũã'sion, *f.* a wrong notion
 Mĩf-plãce', *v. a.* to put in a wrong place
 Mĩf-prĩse', *v. a.* to mistake; despise: slight
 Mĩf-prĩs'ion, *f.* mistake; contempt; over-
 sight [due proportion
 Mĩf-pro-pör'tion, *v. a.* to join without
 Mĩf-pröũd', *a.* vitiously proud
 Mĩf-quöte', *v. a.* to quote falsely
 Mĩf-re-cĩte', *v. n.* to recite not according
 to the truth
 Mĩf-rēck'on, *v. a.* to reckon wrong
 Mĩf-re-lãte', *v. a.* to relate inaccurately or
 Mĩf-re-lã'tion, *f.* false account [falsely
 Mĩf-re-mēm'bér, *v. a.* to err by memory
 Mĩf-re-pört', *f.* false and malicious rep-
 resentation: *v. a.* to give a false ac-
 count of

Mĩf-rěp-re-fěnt', *v. a.* to represent not as it is
 Mĩf-rěp-re-fěn-tā'tion, *f.* an account maliciously false
 Mĩf-rũle', *f.* tumult, revel
 Mĩfs, *f.* the term of honour to a young girl; a strumpet; loss, want, mistake, error: *v. a. & n.* not to hit; to escape; to fail, to be wanting
 Mĩf'sāl, *f.* the mass-book
 Mĩf-sāy', *v. n.* to say ill or wrong
 Mĩf'sěem', *v. n.* to make false appearance
 Mĩf-sěerve', *v. a.* to serve unfaithfully
 Mĩf-shāpe', *v. a.* to deform, to shape ill
 Mĩf'sĩle, *a.* thrown with the hand
 Mĩf'sion, *f.* commission, sending, legation
 Mĩf'sion-a-ry, Mĩf'sion-ěr, *f.* one sent to propagate religion
 Mĩf'sĩve, *f.* a messenger; a letter sent: *a.* such as may be sent: flying, shot
 Mĩf-spěak, *v. a.* to speak wrong
 Mĩst, *f.* a low thin cloud: dimness; small thin rain: *v. a.* to cloud; to cover with dust
 Mĩf-tāke', *f.* misconception, error: *v. a. & n.* to conceive wrong: to err in judgment
 Mĩf-tāk'en, *part. pass.* of *to mistake*
To be Mĩf-tāk'en, *v. n.* to err
 Mĩf-tāk'ĩng-ly, *ad.* erroneously, falsely
 Mĩf-stāte', *v. a.* to state wrongly
 Mĩf-těach', *v. a.* to teach wrongly
 Mĩf-těm'pěr, *v. a.* to temper ill
 Mĩf-těrm', *v. a.* to term erroneously
 Mĩf-thĩnk', *v. a.* to think ill or wrong
 Mĩf-tĩme', *v. a.* not to time right
 Mĩst'ĩ-něs, *f.* state of being overcast; cloudiness
 Mĩf'tle-toe, *f.* a plant that grows on the oak or ash

Mĩst'ĩke, *a.* resembling a mist
 Mĩst-ōld', *pret. & part. pass.* of *to mistel*
 Mĩst-tōok', *pret.* of *to mistake*
 Mĩf'trěs, *f.* a woman who governs; a concubine
 Mĩf-trust', *f.* diffidence, suspicion; want of confidence: *v. a.* to suspect, doubt
 Mĩf-trũst'fũl, *a.* doubting, suspicious
 Mĩf-trũst'fũl-něs, *f.* diffidence, doubt
 Mĩf-trũst'fũl-ly, *ad.* with mistrust
 Mĩf-trũst'lěs, *a.* confident, unsuspecting
 Mĩst'y, *a.* clouded, obscure, dark, not plain
 Mĩf-ũn-děr-stand', *v. a.* to misconceive
 Mĩf-ũn-der-stand'ĩng, *f.* disagreement, error
 Mĩf-ũ'sage, *f.* ill treatment; abuse [rour
 Mĩf-ũ'se', *f.* bad use, bad treatment
 Mĩf-ũ'se', *v. a.* to use improperly; to abuse
 Mĩte, *f.* a small insect; a small particle
 Mĩt'ĩ-gānt, *a.* lenient, lenitive [suage
 Mĩt'ĩ-gate, *v. a.* to mollify, alleviate, abate
 Mĩt'ĩ-gā'tion, *f.* abatement of some punishment
 Mĩ'tre, *f.* a bishop's cap [ment
 Mĩ'trěd, *a.* adorned with a mitre
 Mĩt'tenſ, *f.* coarse gloves for the winter
 Mĩt'těnt, *a.* sending forth; emitting
 Mĩt'tĩ-mũs, *f.* a warrant of commitment
 Mĩx, *v. a.* to mingle, join, unite, form
 Mĩx'en, *f.* a dunghill; a laystall
 Mĩx-tĩ-ōn, *f.* a mixture
 Mĩxt'ly, *ad.* with coalition of different parts into one
 Mĩx'ture, *f.* mass formed by mingled ingredients
 Mĩz'māze, *f.* a labyrinth [gredients
 Mĩz'zen, *f.* a mast in the stern or back of a ship
 Mĩz'zy, *f.* a quagmire [ship
 Mōan, *f.* lamentation; audible sorrow: *v. a. & n.* to lament: to grieve
 Mōat, *f.* a canal round a house or castle
 Mōat, *v. a.* to surround with a moat

Möb', *f.* a tumultuous rout; a female head-dress: *v. a.* to harass, scold

Möb'bīsh, *a.* mean; in the manner of the mob

Möb'ble, *v. a.* to dress awkwardly

Möb'īle, *f.* the mob; cause of motion

Mo-bīl'ī-tv, *f.* activity; populace

Mō'c,ho-stōne, *f.* a stone of the agate kind

Möck', *f.* mimicry, ridicule, imitation: *a.* false, counterfeit; not real: *v. a. & n.* to fool: to make contemptuous sport

Möck'a-ble, *a.* exposed to derision

Möck'ér, *f.* a scorner [show

Möck'e-ry, *f.* derision, ridicule, sport, vain

Möck'īng-ly, *ad.* in contempt, petulantly

Möck'īng-stöck, *f.* a butt for merriment

Mō'däl, *a.* relating to the form or mode

Mōde, *f.* form, state, appearance, fashion

Möd'él, *f.* a copy; a minute representation: *v. a.* to plan, mould, form

Möd'él-lér, *f.* a schemer, a planner

Möd'e-rate, *a.* temperate, not excessive: *v. a.* to regulate, restrain, quiet [gree

Möd'e-rate-ly, *ad.* mildly; in a middle de-

Möd'e-rate-nēss, *f.* state of being moderate

Möd-e-rā'tion, *f.* forbearance of extremity

Möd-e-rā'tór, *f.* who or what restrains

Möd'érn, *a.* recent, vulgar, mean

Möd'érn, *f. pl.* people of late times

Möd'érn-īsm, *f.* deviation from the ancient and classical manner [modern

Möd'érn-īse, *v. a.* to reduce ancient to

Möd'érn-nēss, *f.* novelty, newness

Möd'ēst, *a.* diffident, chaste, humble

Möd'ēst-ly, *ad.* with modesty, chastely

Möd'ēst-ty, *f.* chastity, humility, moderation

öd'ēst-ty-pīce, *f.* a narrow lace on the upper part of stays

Möd'ī-cūm, *f.* a small portion; a pittance

Möd-ī-fī'a-ble, *a.* may be modified

Möd'ī-fī-ca-bly, *a.* diversifiable by various modes

Möd-ī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* the art of modifying

Möd'ī-fy, *v. a.* to change the form; to shape

Mo-dīl'lōn, *f.* a term in architecture

Möd'īsh, *a.* fashionable, new

Möd'īsh-ly, *ad.* fashionably

Möd'īsh-nēss, *f.* affectation of the fashion

Möd'u-late, *v. a.* to form found to a certain key or note [portion

Möd'u-lā'tion, *f.* agreeable harmony; pro-

Möd'ule, *f.* an empty representation

Mō'dūs, *f.* an equivalent in lieu of tithes

Mō'hāir, *f.* thread or stuff made of camel's or other hair [cans

Mō'höck, *f.* the name of some cruel Ameri-

Mōī'dōre, *f.* a Portugal coin, value 1 l. 7 s.

Mōī'e-ty, *f.* half [to drudge

Mōīl, *v. a. & n.* to weary, daub with dirt:

Mōīst, *a.* wet, succulent, juicy

Mōīst, Mōīst'en, *v. a.* to make damp; to make wet to a small degree

Mōīst'en-ér, *f.* who or what moistens

Mōīst'nēss, *f.* dampness, trifling wetness

Mōīst'ure, *f.* small quantity of water or

Mōkes, *f.* the meshes of a net [liquid

Mōle, *f.* a natural spot; a mound; dyke; a little beast that works under ground

Mōle'cāch-ér, *f.* who catches moles

Mōle-hīll, *f.* a small hillock made by a mole

Mo-lēst', *v. a.* to trouble, disturb, vex

Mōl-ēst-tā'tion, *f.* interruption, disturbance

Mo-lēst'ér, *f.* one who molests another

Mōle'trāck, *f.* course of a mole under ground

Mōl'lī-ēnt, *a.* softening, mitigating

Mōl-lī-fī'a-ble, *a.* may be softened

Möl-lif-Y-cā'tion, *f.* act of softening; mitigation [gates
 Möl'lī-fī-ér, *f.* one who softens or mitigates
 Möl'lī-fy, *v. a.* to soften, appease, assuage
 Mölt'en, *part. pass.* of to melt [sugar
 Mo-löff'ēs, Mo-lāff'ēs, *f.* treacle, dregs of
 Mōme, *f.* a dull stupid person; a post
 Mō'mēnt, *f.* an indivisible particle of time; consequence; value; weight
 Mo-mēnt'āl-ly, *ad.* for a moment
 Mo-mēn-tā'ne-ōūs, Mō'mēn-ta-ry, *a.* lasting for a moment
 Mo-mēnt'ōūs, *a.* important, weighty
 Mōm'me-ry, *f.* a farcical entertainment
 Mōn'ārc'h, *f.* a king, sovereign; a president
 Mo-nārc'h'āl, *a.* regal, princely, imperial
 Mo-nārc'h'ic-āl, *a.* vested in a single ruler
 Mōn'ār-c'hīse, *v. n.* to play the king
 Mōn'ār-c'hy, *f.* government by one; king-
 Mōn'ās-tēr-y, *f.* a convent [dom
 Mo-nās'tic, *a.* religiously recluse
 Mo-nās'tic-āl-ly, *ad.* in the manner of a monk
 Mōn'day, *f.* the second day of the week
 Mōn'ey, *f.* metal coined for public use
 Mōn'ey-bāg, *f.* a large purse
 Mōn'ey-chāng-ér, *f.* a broker in money
 Mōn'ey-ēd, *a.* rich in money [money
 Mōn'ey-ér, *f.* a coiner of, or dealer in
 Mōn'ey-lēss, *a.* penniless [creditor
 Mōn'ey-māt-tēr, *f.* account of debtor and
 Mōn'ey-scriv-en-ér, *f.* a raiser of money
 Mōng'cōrn, *f.* mixed corn [for others
 Mōng'ér, *f.* a dealer, a seller
 Mōng'rēl, *a.* of a mixed breed
 Mōn'ī-tōr, *f.* one who warns of faults, informs of duty, or gives useful hints
 Mōn'ī-to-ry, *f.* admonition, warning: *a.* giving admonition or instruction

Mōnk, *f.* one who lives in a monastery
 Mōn'key, *f.* an ape; a word of contempt
 Mōnk'hōd, *f.* the character of a monk
 Mōn'o-c'hōrd, *f.* an instrument of one string
 Mo-nōc'u-lār, *a.* one-eyed
 Mōn'o-dy, *f.* a poem sung by one person
 Mōn'o-lōgue, *f.* a soliloquy
 Mo-nōp'o-līst, *f.* who ingrosses a trade all to himself, so as to have sole power or privilege to sell [sell
 Mo-nōp'o-līze, *v. a.* to have sole power to
 Mo-nōp'o-ly, *f.* sole privilege of selling
 Mōn-o-sy'l-la-ble, *f.* a word of one syllable
 Mo-nōt'o-ny, *f.* uniformity of sound in speech
 Mōn-sōon', *f.* a shifting trade-wind
 Mōn'stēr, *f.* something unnatural or horrible: *v. a.* to put out of the common order of things
 Mōn-strōf'ī-ty, Mōn-stru-ōf'ī-ty, *f.* the state of being monstrous
 Mōn'strōūs, *a.* strange, wonderful, shocking
 Mōn'strōūs-ly, *ad.* horribly, hatefully
 Mōn'strōūs-ness, *f.* enormity, uncommonness
 Mōn'tānt, *f.* a term in fencing
 Mōn-tēth', *f.* a vessel to wash glasses in
 Mōnth, *f.* space of time, four weeks
 Mōnth'ly, *a.* happening every month
 Mōnth'ly, *ad.* once in a month
 Mōn'u-mēnt, *f.* any thing to perpetuate memory
 Mōn'u-mēnt-āl, *a.* preserving memory
 Mōod, *f.* temper of mind, term in grammar
 Mōod'y, *a.* intellectual; out of humour
 Mōon, *f.* the great luminary of the night
 Mōon-bēam, *f.* a ray of lunar light
 Mōon-cālf, *f.* a monster, a dolt
 Mōon-ēy-ēd, *a.* purblind, dim-eyed
 Mōon'lēss, *a.* not enlightened by the moon

Mōon'light, *f.* light afforded by the moon
 Mōon'light, *a.* illuminated by the moon
 Mōon'shine, *f.* the lustre of the moon
 Mōon'strück, *a.* lunatic, affected by the
 Mōon'y, *a.* lunated [moon
 Mōor, *f.* a negro; a marsh
 Mōor, *v. a. & n.* to fasten by anchors: to
 be fixed
 Mōor'cōck, *f.* the male of the moor-hen
 Mōor'hēn, *f.* a fool that feeds in the fens
 Mōor'ish, *a.* fenny, watery, marshy
 Mōor-lānd, *f.* marsh, fen, watery ground
 Mōose, *f.* a large American deer
 Mōot, *v. a.* to plead a mock cause
 Mōot-case, *f.* a disputable point
 Mōot'ér, *f.* a disputer of moot points
 Mōp', *f.* an instrument to clean houses:
v. a. & n. to rub with a mop: to make
 wry mouths in contempt [stupid
 Mōpe, *v. a. & n.* to make spiritless: to be
 Mōpe-ēy-ēd, *a.* blind of one eye
 Mōp'pēt, Mōp'sy, *f.* a name for a girl; a
 Mō'pūs, *f.* a drone, a dreamer [puppet
 Mōr'āl, *f.* instruction of a fable; morality:
a. regarding vice or virtue, popular:
v. n. to make moral reflections
 Mōr'āl-īst, *f.* one who teaches the duties
 of life [of life
 Mo-rāl'ī-ty, *f.* the doctrine of the duties
 Mōr'āl-īze, *v. a. & n.* to apply to moral
 purposes: to speak or write on moral sub-
 Mōr'āl-īz-ér, *f.* he who moralizes [jects
 Mōr'āl-ly, *ad.* according to the rules of
 virtue [tice of the duties of life
 Mōr'ālš, *f.* natural principles, the prac-
 Mo-rāšs', *f.* a fen, a moor, a bog
 Mōr'bīd, *a.* diseased, corrupt, infectious
 Mōr'bīd-nēss, *f.* state of being diseased

Mōr-bīf'īc, *a.* causing diseases
 Mōr-bōse', *a.* proceeding from disease
 Mōr-bōf'ī-ty, *f.* diseased state
 Mōr-dā'cious, *a.* biting, sharp, apt to bite
 Mōr-dāç'ī-ty, *f.* a biting quality
 Mōr'dī-cānt, *a.* biting, acrid
 Mōr-dī-cā'tion, *f.* act of biting or corroding
 Mōre, *f.* a greater quantity: a greater de-
 gree: *a.* greater in degree or number:
ad. to a greater degree; again
 Mo-rēl', *f.* a kind of cherry; a plant
 Mōre'lānd, *f.* a mountainous hilly country
 Mōre-ō'vér, *ad.* more than yet mentioned
 Mo-rīf'co, *f.* a dancer of the *morris*, or
moorish dance
 Mōr'kīn, *f.* a wild beast dead through sick-
 ness or mischance
 Mōr'līng, Mōrt'līng, *f.* wool plucked from
 dead sheep
 Mōrn', *f.* the first part of the day
 Mōrn'īng, *f.* the first appearance of light
 Mōrn'īng-gōwn, *f.* a loose gown for the
 morning [in the morning
 Mōrn'īng-stār, *f.* the planet *Venus* shining
 Mo-rōse', *a.* peevish, fullen
 Mo-rōse'ly, *ad.* sourly, peevishly, fullenly
 Mo-rōse'ness, *f.* sourness, irascibility
 Mo-rōf'ī-ty, *f.* moroseness, fulleness, sour-
 ness
 Mōr'rīs-dānce, *f.* a moorish dance
 Mōr'row, *f.* day after the present day
 Mōrse', *f.* a sea-horse
 Mōr'sēl', *f.* a mouthful; a small quantity
 Mōrt', *f.* a tune at the death of game
 Mōr'tāl, *a.* subject to death: destructive,
 violent: *f.* a man; human kind
 Mōr-tāl'ī-ty, *f.* death; power of destruc-
 tion; human nature

Mör'täl-ly, *ad.* irrecoverably, extremely
 Mör'tär, *f.* a cement for building; a vessel
 to pound in; a short wide cannon
 Mört'gage, *f.* a dead pledge; a security:
v. a. to put to pledge; to pledge
 Mört'ga-g, ēē', *f.* one who takes a mortgage
 Mört'ga-g, ēr, *f.* he who gives a mortgage
 Mört'f-i-cā'tion, *f.* a gangrene; humilia-
 tion
 Mört'f-y, *v. a. & n.* to destroy vital qua-
 lities: to be subdued
 Mört'se, *f.* a hole cut into wood to let in
 another piece: *v. a.* to cut with a mor-
 tise; to join with a mortise
 Mört'māzn, *f.* unalienable state
 Mört'pāy, *f.* dead pay; payment not made
 Mört'u-a-ry, *f.* a gift left to the church
 Mo-fā'ic, *a.* a kind of painting in pebbles
 and shells
 Möl-c, hē'to, *f.* a stinging *West-Indian* gnat
 Mōl'que', *f.* a Mahometan temple
 Möss', *f.* a substance growing on trees; a
 plant: *v. a.* to cover with moss [moss
 Möss'f-i-nēss, *f.* state of being covered with
 Möss'y, *a.* overgrown with moss
 Mōst, *a.* greatest in quantity, number, &c.:
ad. greatest quantity, number, &c.
 Möst'ick, *f.* a painter's staff
 Mōst'ly, *ad.* for the greatest part
 Mōte, *f.* a small particle of matter
 Möth', *f.* a small winged insect
 Mōth'ér, *f.* a woman who has born a child,
 &c.: the lees of liquors concremented: *a.*
 had at the birth; native: *v. n.* to mould;
 to gather concretion [mother
 Mōth'ér-hōd, *f.* office or character of a
 Mōth'ér-lēss, *a.* destitute of a mother
 Mōth'ér-ly, *a.* fond, kind; like a mother

Mōth'ér-ly, *ad.* lovingly, affectionately
 Mōth'ér-y, *a.* concreted, dreggy, feculent
 Möth'y, *a.* full of moths
 Mō'tion, *f.* act of moving; action, proposal:
v. a. to propose
 Mō'tion-lēss, *a.* being without motion
 Mō'tive, *f.* the reason for an action; what
 determines the choice; mover: *a.* caus-
 ing motion: having moment
 Mōt'ley, *a.* mixed; mingled of various col-
 Mō'tór, *f.* a mover [ours
 Mōt'to, *f.* a sentence prefixed or added
 Mōve, *v. a. & n.* to change place: to pro-
 pose; to walk [moved
 Mōve'a-ble, *a.* changeable; that may be
 Mōve'a-blēss, *f.* furniture, goods
 Mōve'a-ble-nēss, *f.* mobility; possibility to
 be moved
 Mōve'a-bly, *ad.* so as it may be moved
 Mōve'lēss, *a.* unmoved, fixed
 Mōve'mēnt, *f.* manner of moving; motion
 Mōv'ēnt, *f.* that which moves another
 Mōv'ēnt, *a.* moving; giving motion
 Mōv'ér, *f.* one who moves, proposes, &c.
 Mōv'ing, *part. a.* pathetic, affecting
 Mōv'ing-ly, *ad.* pathetically, affectingly
 Mōuld, *f.* mouldiness, earth, cast, form
 Mōuld, *v. a. & n.* to model, form, knead:
 to contract concreted matter, to gather
 mould
 Mōuld'a-ble, *a.* may be moulded
 Mōuld'ér, *f.* he who moulds: *v. a. & n.* to
 turn to dust: to perish in dust
 Mōuld'i-nēss, *f.* the state of being mouldy
 Mōuld'ing, *f.* ornamental cavities in wood
 or stone
 Mōuld'wārp, *f.* a mole
 Mōuld'y, *a.* overgrown with concretions

Mōult, *v. n.* to shed or change the feathers
 Mōunch, Māunch, *v. a.* to eat
 Mōünd, *f.* a fence raised to fortify or defend: *v. a.* to fortify with a mound
 Mōünt, *f.* a mountain, a hill, a bank: *v. a. & n.* to ascend, climb, get on horseback: to rise on high, to tower
 Mōünt'ain, *f.* a large hill
 Mōünt-ain-ēer', *f.* a savage, a rustic, a freebooter
 Mōünt'ain'ous, *a.* hilly, huge, bulky
 Mōünt'ain'ous-nēss, *f.* mountainous state
 Mōünt'ant, *a.* rising on high
 Mōünt'e-bānk, *f.* a quack, a stage doctor: *v. a.* to impose upon, to cheat
 Mōünt'ér, *f.* one who mounts
 Mōurn, *v. a. & n.* to grieve for, lament: to be sorrowful
 Mōurne, *f.* that part of a lance to which the steel part is fixed
 Mōurn'ér, *f.* one who mourns, one who follows a corps
 Mōurn'fūl, *a.* causing sorrow; sorrowful
 Mōurn'fūl-ly, *ad.* sorrowfully
 Mōurn'fūl-nēss, *f.* sorrow, grief
 Mōurn'ing, *f.* lamentation, dress of sorrow
 Mōurn'ing-ly, *ad.* with the appearance of sorrow
 Mōûse, *f.* a small quadruped
 Mōûse, *v. n.* to catch mice
 Mōûse-hūnt, *f.* one who hunts mice
 Mōûse-hōle, *f.* a small hole at which mice may run in
 Mōûs'ér, *f.* one who catches mice
 Mōûse'trāp, *f.* a trap to catch mice with
 Mōûth, *f.* aperture in the head where food is received; cry, entrance, wry face

Mōûth, *v. a. & n.* to chew: to speak big; to vociferate
 Mōûth'ēd, *a.* furnished with a mouth
 Mōûth'friēd, *f.* a pretended friend
 Mōûth'fūl, *f.* what the mouth contains at once
 Mōûth'hōn-our, *f.* civility outwardly expressed without sincerity
 Mōûth'lēss, *a.* without a mouth
 Mōw, *f.* a heap of hay or corn, a repository for corn: *v. n.* to lay up in a mow
 Mōw, *v. a. & n.* to cut with a scythe; to gather the harvest
 Mōw'ér, *f.* who cuts with a scythe
 Mōyle, *f.* a mule
 Mūch, *a.* large, long, many in number: *ad.* often, nearly, in a great degree: *f.* a great deal, a thing strange or uncommon [gard, to fondle
 To make Mūch of, *v. a.* to treat with re-
 Mū'cīd, *a.* slimy, musty [sliminess
 Mū'cīd'ī-ty, Mū'cīd-nēss, *f.* mustiness;
 Mū'cī-lage, *f.* a slimy or viscous body
 Mū'cī-lāg, 'īn-ous, *a.* viscous, slimy; soft
 Mū'cī-lāg, 'īn-ous-nēss, *f.* viscosity
 Mūck, *f.* dung for manure, any filthy thing: *v. a.* to manure with muck
 Mūck'ér, *v. n.* to scramble for money, to
 Mūck'hīll, *f.* a dung-hill [hoard up
 Mūck'ī-nēss, *f.* nastiness, filth, dirtiness
 Mūck-swēat, *f.* a profuse sweat
 Mūck'wōrm, *f.* a worm living in dung, a
 Mūck'y, *a.* filthy, nasty [miser
 Mū'cous, *a.* slimy, viscous, glutinous
 Mū'cous-nēss, *f.* slime, viscosity, tenacity
 Mū'cu-lent, *a.* viscous, slimy, adhesive
 Mū'cūs, *f.* a slimy liquor or moisture

Mūd, *f.* wet dirt, street-dirt, slime : *v. a.*
to bury in the mud, to make dirty
Mūd'dī-ly, *ad.* with foul mixture
Mū'dī-nēls, *f.* turbidness [pify
Mūd'dle, *v. a.* to make half drunk, to stu-
Mūd'dy, *a.* thick, impure, cloudy : *v. a.*
to make maddy, to cloud, to disturb
Mūd-wāll, *f.* a wall built with mud
Mūe, *v. a.* to moult, to change feathers
Mūff, *f.* a warm cover of skin for the hands
Mūf'fīn, *f.* a sort of light cake
Mūf'fle, *v. a.* to warp up, blindfold, conceal
Mūi'fēr, *f.* a cover for the face
Mūf'tī, *f.* a Mahometan high-priest
Mūg, *f.* a cup to drink in
Mūg-hōūse, *f.* a petty ale-house
Mū-lāt'to, *f.* one begotten between a black
and a white
Mūl'bēr-ry, *f.* a tree and fruit
Mūlēt, *f.* a fine, a penalty : *v. a.* to punish
with fine or forfeiture
Mūle, *f.* an animal between an ass and a
mare
Mū-lēt-ēar', *f.* a mule-driver
Mū-lī-ēb'rī-ty, *f.* womanhood
Mūll, *v. a.* to warm or sweeten wine or ale
Mūl'lār, *f.* a grinding stone or stick
Mūl'lī-grūbs, *f.* a twisting of the guts
Mūl'lōck, *f.* rubbish [honey
Mūlse, *f.* wine boiled and mingled with
Mūlt-ān'gu-lār, *a.* having many corners
Mūlt-ān'gu-lār-ly, *ad.* polygonally
Mūlt-ān'gu-lār-nēls, *f.* state of being po-
lygonal [cells
Mūl-tē-cāp'fū-lār, *a.* divided into many
Mūl-tī-cāv'oūs, *a.* full of holes
Mūl'tī-fōrm, *a.* having various shapes or
appearances

Mūl-tī-fōrm'ī-ty, *f.* diversity of shapes
Mūl-tī-lāt'ér-āl, *a.* having many sides
Mūl-tī-nōm'īn-āl, *a.* having many names
Mūl-tīp'a-roūs, *a.* bringing many at a birth
Mūl'tī-ple, *a.* containing several times
Mūl-tī-plī'a-ble, *a.* may be multiplied
Mūl-tī-plī-cānd', *f.* number to be multi-
plied
Mūl-tī-plī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of multiplying
Mūl-tī-plī-cā'tōr, *f.* the number by which
another is multiplied
Mūl-tī-plīc'ī-ty, *f.* state of being many
Mūl-tī-plīc'īoūs, *a.* manifold
Mūl-tī-plī-ér, *f.* who multiplies ; multipli-
cator
Mūl-tīp'o-tēt, *a.* having manifold power
Mūl'tī-plī, *v. a. & n.* to increase in num-
ber : to grow in number
Mūl-tī-prēl'ēnce, *f.* the power of being
present in more places than one
Mūl'tī-tude, *f.* a crowd, the vulgar
Mūl-tī-tū'dīn-oūs, *a.* manifold [ways
Mūl-tīv'ī-oūs, *a.* manifold, having many
Mūlt-ōc'u-lār, *a.* having more eyes than two
Mūm, *interj.* hush ! silence
Mūm, *f.* ale brewed with wheat
Mūm'ble, *v. a. & n.* to mouth gently, to
suppress : to speak inwardly, to grum-
ble, to mutter
Mūm'blér, *f.* a mutterer [ance
Mūm'blīng-ly, *ad.* with inarticulate utter-
Mūmm, *v. a.* to mask, to frolic in disguise
Mūm'mér, *f.* a masker
Mūm'mé-ry, *f.* foolery, frolic in masks
Mūm'my, *f.* an Egyptian embalmed corpse ;
a sort of wax
Mūmp, *v. a. & n.* to nibble ; to talk low
and quick : to go a begging

Mũmp-ér, *f.* a beggar
 Mũmps, *f.* fullness; a quinsy
 Mũnch, *v. a.* to chew eagerly by great mouthfuls
 Mũnch-ér, *f.* who munches
 Mũn'dane, *a.* belonging to the world
 Mũn'dic, *f.* a hard stony substance
 Mũn-dũn'gũs, *f.* stinking tobacco
 Mũn'grël, *a.* generated between different kinds
 Mu-nĩç'i-pål, *a.* belonging to a corporation
 Mu-nĩf'i-cence, *f.* generosity, liberality
 Mu-nĩf'i-cent, *a.* liberal, generous, beneficial
 Mu-nĩf'i-cent-ly, *ad.* generously [cent
 Mu-nĩ'tion, *f.* ammunition; strong hold
 Mũ'rål, *a.* pertaining to a wall
 Mũr'dér, *f.* the act of killing unlawfully; destruction: *v. a.* to kill unlawfully
 Mũr'dér-ér, *f.* one who kills unlawfully
 Mũr'dér-ěs, *f.* she who commits murder
 Mũr'dér-ous, *a.* bloody, guilty of murder
 Mũrk, *f.* darkness; husks of fruit
 Mũrk'y, *a.* dark, cloudy [bling
 Mũr'mũr, *f.* a private complaint, grumble
 Mũr'mũr, *v. n.* to grumble, to utter secret discontent
 Mũr'mũr-ér, *f.* a repiner
 Mũr'rain, *f.* a plague amongst cattle
 Mũf'cå-děl, Mũf'cå-dine, *f.* sweet grapes, sweet wine, a kind of sweet pear
 Mũf'çle, *f.* fleshy fibres; a shell-fish
 Mũf'cu-lår, *a.* performed by muscles
 Mũf-cu-lår'i-ty, *f.* state of having muscles
 Mũf'cu-lous, *a.* full of muscles, brawny
 Mũse, *f.* the power of poetry; deep thought: *v. n.* to ponder, to think close, to wonder
 Mũse'fũl, *a.* meditative
 Mũs-ér, *f.* one who muses

Mũs'ěs, *f.* goddesses of poetry
 Mu-fě'ũm, *f.* repository of curiosities; a library
 Mũsh'rõm, *f.* a spongy plant; an upstart
 Mũsh'rõm-stõne, *f.* a kind of fossil
 Mũ'sic, *f.* science of harmonical sounds; vocal or instrumental harmony
 Mũ'sic-ål, *a.* harmonious, belonging to music
 Mũ'sic-ål-ly, *ad.* harmoniously [sic
 Mũ'sic-ål-něs, *a.* harmony; musical concord
 Mu-f'i'cian, *f.* one skilled in music
 Mũsk, *f.* a perfume; a flower
 Mũsk'cåt, *f.* the animal from which musk is gotten
 Mũs'kět, *f.* a soldier's hand gun; a male hawk
 Mũs-kět-ěer, *f.* a soldier armed with a musket
 Mũs-kět-õn, *f.* a blunderbuss [ket
 Mũsk'i-něs, *f.* the scent of musk
 Mũsk'rõs, *f.* a very fragrant rose
 Mũsk'y, *a.* sweet scented, fragrant
 Mũs'lin, *f.* a fine stuff made of cotton
 Mũs'rõl, *f.* the nose-band of a horse's bridle
 Mũs, *f.* a scramble
 Mũs'ul-mån, *f.* a Mahometan believer
 Mũst, *verb imperfect*; to be obliged
 Mũst, *f.* new wine; new wort
 Mũst, *v. a. & n.* to mould, to grow mouldy
 Mũs-tå'chěs, *f. pl.* whiskers
 Mũs'tård, *f.* a plant, seed and flower
 Mũs'tér, *f.* a review and register of forces: *v. a. & n.* to review forces; to assemble
 Mũs'tér-bõok, *f.* a book in which the forces are registered
 Mũs'tér-mål-tér, *f.* one who superintends the muster
 Mũs'tér-rõll, *f.* a register of forces
 Mũst'i-ly, *ad.* mouldily

Mũst'ĩ-něs, *f.* mould, damp, foulness
 Mũst'y, *f.* spoiled with damp, stale, dull
 Mu-ta-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* changeableness
 Mũ'ta-ble, *a.* changeable, inconstant, unsettled
 Mũ'ta-ble-něs, *f.* uncertainty, unchangeableness
 Mu-tā'tion, *f.* change
 Mũte', *f.* one who has not the power of speech; a letter without sound: *a.* silent, not vocal, not speaking: *v. n.* to dung as birds
 Mũte'ly, *ad.* silently, not vocally
 Mũ'tĩl-ate, *v. a.* to deprive of some essential part
 Mu-tĩl-ā'tion, *f.* deprivation of a limb, &c.
 Mũ'tĩne, *f.* a mutineer
 Mu-tĩn-ēer', *f.* a mover of sedition
 Mũ'tĩ-noũs, *a.* busy in insurrection
 Mũ'tĩ-noũ-ly, *ad.* seditiously, turbulently
 Mũ'tĩ-noũf-něs, *f.* turbulence, seditiousness
 Mũ'tĩ-ny, *f.* an insurrection: *v. a.* to rise against authority, to move sedition
 Mũt'tér, *f.* murmur, obscure utterance: *v. a. & n.* to utter confusedly, to grumble
 Mũt'tér-ér, *f.* a grumbler
 Mũt'tér-ĩng-ly, *ad.* with a low voice
 Mũt'ton, *f.* flesh of sheep dressed for food; a sheep
 Mũt'ton-fĩst, *f.* a large red hand
 Mũ'tu-āl, *a.* reciprocal
 Mũ'tu-āl-ly, *ad.* reciprocally, in return
 Mu-tu-āl'ĩ-ty, *f.* reciprocation, alternation
 Mũz'zle, *f.* the mouth of any thing: *v. a.* to bind the mouth, to cap a bell
 Mȳ, My, *pro. poss.* belonging to me
 Mȳ'o-py, *f.* shortness of sight
 Mȳr'ĩ-ād, *f.* the number of ten thousand

Mȳr'mĩ-dón, *f.* any rude ruffian
 My'rreh, *f.* a strong aromatic gum
 My'r'rhine, *a.* made of myrrhine stone
 My'r'tle, *f.* a fragrant tree
 My-sělf', *f.* I myself, not another
 Mȳf'ta-gōgue, *f.* an interpreter of riddles, &c.
 Mȳf-tē'rĩ-oũs, *a.* above the understanding, dark
 Mȳf-tē'rĩ-oũf-ly, *ad.* obscurely
 Mȳf-tē'rĩ-oũf-něs, *f.* obscurity
 Mȳf'te-rize, *v. a.* to explain as enigmas
 Mȳf'te-ry, *f.* a secret or concealed thing
 Mȳf'tic, Mȳf'tĩ-cāl, *a.* obscure, secret
 Mȳf'tĩ-cāl-ly, *ad.* by some secret meaning
 Mȳf'tĩ-cāl-něs, *f.* involution of some secret meaning
 Mȳ-tho-lōg,ĩ-cāl-ly, *ad.* suitable to the system of fables
 Mȳ-tho-lōg,ĩ-cāl, *a.* relating to fables
 Mȳ-thōl'o-g,ĩst, *f.* an interpreter of fables
 Mȳ-thōl'o-g,ize, *v. n.* to interpret fables
 Mȳ-thōl'o-g,y, *f.* a system of fables

N.

NĀB, *v. a.* to catch by surprise [mith
 Nā'dir, *f.* point opposite to the Ze-
 Nāg, *f.* a small horse, a horse
 Nāil, *f.* horn on fingers and toes; an iron pin; the sixteenth part of a yard; a stud: *v. n.* to fasten or stud with nails
 Nāil'ér, *f.* a nail-maker
 Nā'kēd, *a.* uncovered, unarmed; evident
 Nā'kēd-ly, *ad.* simply, evidently, barely
 Nā'kēd-něs, *f.* nudity; evidence
 Nāme, *f.* appellation; reputation; renown: *v. a.* to mention by name

Nāme'less, *a.* without a name, not famous
 Nāme'ly, *ad.* particularly, especially
 Nām'er, *f.* one who names any thing
 Nāme'fāke, *f.* one who has the same name
 Nāp, *f.* a short sleep; *down* on cloth: *v. n.*
 to sleep, to be drowsy
 Nāpe, *f.* the joint of the neck behind
 Nāp'e-ry, *f.* table linen
 Nāp'kin, *f.* linen used at meals to wipe
 hands
 Nāp'less, *a.* wanting nap, thread-bare
 Nāp'py, *a.* frothy, spongy
 Nār-cis'sūs, *f.* a daffodil
 Nār-cōt'ic, *a.* stupifying, causing sleep
 Nārd, *f.* an odorous shrub; a spikenard
 Nāre, *f.* a nostril
 Nār-rā'tion, *f.* account, relation, history
 Nār'ra-tive, *f.* a relation, an account, a
 story: *a.* story-telling, relating
 Nār'ra-tive-ly, *ad.* by way of relation
 Nār-rā'tōr, *f.* a relater of history
 Nār'rī-fy, *v. a.* to relate, give account of
 Nār'row, *a.* not broad or wide; covetous:
 v. a. to contract, limit, diminish
 Nār'row-ly, *ad.* closely; sparingly; con-
 tractedly
 Nār'row-ness, *f.* want of breadth; mean-
 ness
 Nā'fāl, *a.* belonging to the nose
 Nā'tī-ly, *ad.* dirtily, filthily, obscenely
 Nā'tī-ness, *f.* obscenity, dirtiness, filth
 Nā'ty, *a.* obscene, lewd, nauseous, dirty
 Nā'tāl, *a.* relating to nativity, native
 Nāth'less, *ad.* nevertheless
 Nā'tion, *f.* a distinct people, a country
 Nā'tion-āl, *ad.* public, favouring our own
 people, general, not private
 Nā'tion-āl-ly, *ad.* with regard to the nation

Nā'tion-āl-ness, *f.* reference to the people
 in general
 Nā'tive, *f.* one born in any place, original
 inhabitant: *a.* natural, produced by na-
 ture
 Nā'tive-ness, *f.* state of being produced by
 nature
 Na-tiv'ī-ty, *f.* birth
 Nāt'ur-āl, *f.* an idiot, nature, quality: *a.*
 produced by nature, illegitimate, easy
 Nāt'ur-āl-ist, *f.* a student in physics
 Nāt-ur-āl-ī-zā'tion, *f.* admission to native
 privileges
 Nāt'ur-āl-ize, *v. a.* to admit to native privi-
 leges
 Nāt'ur-āl-ly, *ad.* without affectation, spon-
 taneously
 Nāt'ur-āl-ness, *f.* natural state, conformity
 to truth and reality
 Nā'ture, *f.* native state of any thing, con-
 stitution, disposition, regular course, the
 state of the world, natural affection, spe-
 cies
 Na-tū'vī-ty, *f.* the state of being produced
 by nature
 Nā'vāl, *a.* belonging to ships
 Nāve, *f.* middle part of a wheel in which
 the axle moves; middle part of the church
 Nāv'el, *f.* the point in the middle of the
 belly; the interior part [ed
 Nāught', *f.* nothing: *a.* bad, corrupt, wick-
 Nāught'ī-ly, *ad.* wickedly, corruptly
 Nāught'ī-ness, *f.* badness, wickedness
 Nāught'y, *a.* bad, wicked, corrupt
 Nāv'ī-ga-ble, *a.* passable for ships
 Nāv'ī-ga-ble-ness, *f.* capacity to be passed in
 vessels
 Nāv'ī-gate, *v. a.* to sail, to pilot

Nāv-ī-gā'tion, *f.* act of passing by water
Nāv-ī-gā'tōr, *f.* who governs or pilots a
Nāu'māc'h-y, *f.* a mock sea-fight [ship
Nāu'se-ate, *v. a. & n.* to loathe; to grow
 squeamish
Nāu'seous, *a.* loathsome, disgusting
Nāu'seouf-ly, *ad.* loathsomely, disgustfully
Nāu'seouf-nēss, *f.* loathsomeness
Nāu'tic, **Nāu'tic-āl**, *a.* pertaining to sailors
Nāu'tī-lūs, *f.* a shell fish having oars and
 sails
Nā'vy, *f.* an assembly of ships, a fleet
Nāy, *ad.* no, not only so but more
Nāy'wōrd, *f.* the saying *nay*, a bye-word
Nēaf, *f.* a fist
Nēal, *v. a. & n.* to temper by heat; to be
 tempered in fire
Nēap, *a.* low; used only of the *tide*
Nēar, *prep.* nigh, close to: *a.* close, inti-
 mate, parsimonious, touching
Nēar, **Nēar'ly**, *ad.* at hand, closely, sparing-
 ly, almost
Nēar'nēss, *f.* closeness; niggardliness
Nēat, *f.* black cattle, ox, cow, bull: *a.* e-
 legant, cleanly, pure, unmingled
Nēat-hērd, *f.* a cow-keeper
Nēat'ly, *ad.* elegantly, cleanly, artfully
Nēat'nēss, *f.* elegance, cleanliness
Nēb, *f.* mouth, bill of a bird, beak, nose
Nēb'u-lōus, *a.* misty, cloudy
Nēc'ēs-sa-rīēs, *f.* what are needful for life
Nēc'ēs-sa-rī-ly, *ad.* unavoidably
Nēc'ēs-sa-rī-nēss, *f.* state of being necessary
Nēc'ēs-sa-ry, *a.* needful, fatal, conclusive
Nēc'ēs'sī-tate, *v. a.* to make necessary, to
 compel
Ne-cēs'sī-tā'tion, *f.* the act of making ne-
 cessary, compulsion

Ne-cēs'sī-tat-ēd, *a.* in a state of want
Ne-cēs'sī-toūs, *a.* pressed with poverty
Ne-cēs'sī-toūf-nēss, *f.* poverty, want, need
Ne-cēs'sī-tude, *f.* want, need, friendship
Ne-cēs'sī-ty, *f.* poverty, want; cogency
Nēck, *f.* a part of the body; a long nar-
 row part
Nēck-bēef, *f.* the coarse flesh of the neck
Nēck'clōth, *f.* what men wear on their neck
Nēck'lace, *f.* a woman's ornament
Nēc'ro-mān-cēr, *f.* a magician, a conjurer
Nēc'ro-mān-cy, *f.* enchantment, conjuration
Nēc'tār, *f.* the drink of the gods
Nēc'tār-ēd, *a.* tinged with nectar
Nēc-tā're-ōus, **Nēc'tār-īne**, *a.* resembling
 nectar, sweet as nectar
Nēc'tār-īne, *f.* a fruit of the plum kind
Nēed, *f.* exigency, necessity, want: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to want, lack: to be wanted
Nēed'ēr, *f.* who wants any thing
Nēed'fūl, *a.* necessary, indispensably re-
 quisite
Nēed'fūl-ly, *ad.* necessarily
Nēed'fūl-nēss, *f.* necessity, fatality
Nēed'ī-ly, *ad.* in poverty, poorly, in distress
Nēed'ī-nēss, *f.* want, poverty, penury
Nēe'dle, *f.* an instrument for sewing; the
 small steel bar in a mariner's compass
Nēe'dle-fūl, *f.* as much thread, &c. as is
 commonly put in a needle at one time
Nēe'dlēr, *f.* one who makes needles
Nēe'dle-wōrk, *f.* work done with a needle
Nēed'lēss-ly, *ad.* unnecessarily, without need
Nēed'lēss-nēss, *f.* unnecessariness
Nēed'lēss, *a.* not requisite, unnecessary
Nēeds, *ad.* necessarily, by compulsion
Nēed'y, *a.* poor, necessitous; distressed by
 poverty

Nē'er, [for *never*] *ad.* at no time
 Nēese, *v. a.* to sneeze
 Ne-fā'rī-ōūs, *a.* abominable, wicked
 Ne-gā'tion, *f.* description by negative; denial
 Nēg'a-tīve, *f.* proposition that denies: *a.* denying; contrary to affirmative
 Nēg'a-tīve-ly, *ad.* with denial
 Nēg-lēct', *v. a.* to omit, disregard, slight: *f.* instance of inattention; negligence
 Nēg-lēct'ér, *f.* one who neglects
 Nēg-lēct'fūl, *a.* heedless, careless, inattentive
 Nēg-lēct'fūl-ly, *ad.* with heedless inattention
 Nēg-lēc'tion, *f.* state of being negligent
 Nēg-lēc'tīve, *a.* regardless of
 Nēg'lī-g,ēnce, *f.* habit of acting carelessly
 Nēg'lī-g,ēnt, *a.* careless, scornfully regard-
 Neg'lī-g,ēnt-ly, *ad.* heedlessly [less
 Ne-gō'tī-ate, *v. a.* to traffic, to treat
 Ne-go-tī-ā'tion, *f.* treaty of business
 Ne-go-tī-ā'tór, *f.* one employed to treat
 Ne-gō'tī-at-īng, *a.* employed in negotiation
 Nē'gro, *f.* a black-moor
 Nēif, *f.* [Scotch] the fist
 Nēigh, *f.* the voice of a horse
 Nēigh, *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse
 Nēigh'boūr, *f.* one who lives near another: *v. a.* to adjoin to; to border upon
 Nēigh'boūr-hòod, *f.* people and place ad-
 Nēigh'boūr-ly, *a.* civil [joining
 Nēigh'boūr-ly, *ad.* with social civility
 Nēi'thēr, *conj.* not either: *pron.* nor one
 Nēp, *f.* an herb [nor other
 Nēph'eŵ, *f.* a son of a brother or sister
 Nēph-rīt'ic, *a.* good against the stone; troubled with the stone
 Nē'po-tīsm, *f.* fondness for nephews

Nerve, *f.* a sinew, a tendon
 Nerves, *f.* the organs of sensation
 Nerve'lēss, *a.* without strength
 Nérv'ōūs, *a.* vigorous; relating to the nerves
 Nérv'y, *a.* strong; pertaining to the nerves
 Nēs'ciēce, *f.* ignorance
 Nēsh, *a.* soft; easily hurt
 Nēs, *f.* a termination added to an adjective, to change it into a substantive, denoting *state* or *quality*, as, *good, goodness*. It is also the termination of many names of places, where there is a headland or promontory, as *Inverness*
 Nēst, *f.* of birds; of drawers; an abode
 Nēst, *v. n.* to build nests
 Nēst'egg, *f.* an egg left in the nest
 Nēs'tle, *v. a. & n.* to cherish, harbour, set-
 Nēst'līng, *f.* a bird just hatched [tle
 Nēt, *f.* a texture woven with interstices for fishing
 Nēth'ér, *a.* lower
 Nēth'ér-most, *a.* lowermost, infernal
 Nēt'tle, *f.* a stinging herb: *v. a.* to irritate, provoke, sting [nets
 Nēt'wórk, *f.* work made in the manner of
 Nēv'ér, *ad.* at no time
 Nēv'ér-the-lēss', *ad.* notwithstanding that
 Neū'tér, *f.* one indifferent and unengaged
 Neū'tér, *a.* indifferent; of neither party
 Neū'trāl, *f.* one who does not act or engage on either side: *a.* indifferent
 Neu-trāl'ī-ty, *f.* a state of indifference
 Neū'trāl-ly, *ad.* indifferently; on neither
 Nēw, *a.* fresh, modern [part
 Nēw-fāng'lēd, *a.* fond of novelty; vain
 Nēw-fāng'lēd-nēs, Nēw-fān'gle-nēs, *f.* foolish love of novelty
 Nēw'ēl, *f.* the upright in a stair-case

New'ing, *f.* yeast; foam of beer in fermentation
New'ly, *ad.* freshly, lately [tation
New'nēss, *f.* freshness; lateness; reformation
New's, *f.* fresh accounts of transactions
New's-mōn-g'ēr, *f.* a dealer in news
Newt, *f.* an eel
New-year's-g'ift, *f.* a present on new-year's day
Nēxt, *a.* nearest in place or gradation
Nēxt, *ad.* in the next place
Nī'ās, *a.* simple, silly, foolish
Nīb, *f.* the point of a pen; beak of a bird
Nīb'bēd, *a.* having a nib
Nīb'ble, *v. a. & n.* to bite at, to carp at; to bite by little at a time
Nīb'blér, *f.* who bites a little at a time
Nīce, *a.* accurate, squeamish, refined
Nīce'ly, *ad.* accurately, minutely, delicately
Nīce'nēss, *f.* accuracy, superfluous delicacy
Nīce-ty, *f.* minute accuracy, dainty, subtilty, punctilious discrimination
Nīche, *f.* a hollow for a statue to stand in
Nīck, *f.* exact point; a notch; *Nicholas*: *v. a.* to hit; cut in nicks; defeat; fit
Nīck'nāme, *f.* a bye-name
Nīck'nāme, *v. a.* to call by a bye-name
Nīde, *f.* a brood; as, a *nide* of pheasants
Nīce, *f.* the daughter of a brother or sister
Nīg'gārd, *f.* a miser
Nīg'gārd, *a.* sordid, avaricious, parsimonious: *v. a.* to stint
Nīg'gārd-īsh, *a.* having some disposition to avarice
Nīg'gārd-lī-nēss, *f.* avarice
Nīg'gārd-ly, *a.* avaricious, sordidly parsimonious
Nīg'gārd-ly, *ad.* parsimoniously

Nīgh, *prep.* at no great distance from: *ad.* not at a great distance; to a place near:
a. near; not remote; allied by blood
Nīgh'ly, *ad.* nearly, within a little
Nīgh'nēss, *f.* nearness, proximity
Nīght, *f.* the time of darkness
To-Nīght, *adverbially*, in or at this night
Nīght'brāwl-ēr, *f.* one who quarrels by night
Nīght'cāp, *f.* a cap worn in bed
Nīght-de'w, *f.* dew that falls by night
Nīght'drēss, *f.* the dress worn at night
Nīght'ēd, *a.* clouded, darkened, black
Nīght'fār-īng, *a.* travelling in the night
Nīght'fīre, *f.* ignis fatuus; Will-a-Wisp
Nīght'fly, *f.* moth that flies in the night
Nīght'fōūnd-ēr-ēd, *a.* lost in the night
Nīght'gō'wn, *f.* an undress; a gown
Nīght'hāg, *f.* a witch that wanders by night
Nīght'īn-gale, *f.* a bird that sings sweetly in the night
Nīght'ly, *ad.* by night
Nīght'ly, *a.* done or acting in the night
Nīght'mān, *f.* one who carries away ordure in the night
Nīght'māre, *f.* a morbid oppression of the breast
Nīght'pīce, *f.* a peculiar kind of picture
Nīght'rā'il, *f.* a linen cover for the shoulders
Nīght'rā'ven, *f.* an ill-omened bird
Nīght'rūle, *f.* disturbance in the night
Nīght'wā'k-ēr, *f.* one who roves in the night
Nīght'wār-blīng, *a.* singing in the night
Nīght'wārd, *a.* approaching towards night
Nīght'wā'tch, *f.* three hours
Nī-hīl'ī-ty, *f.* nothingness
Nīll, *f.* the shining sparks of brass in trying the ore

Nīm, *v. a.* to steal; to take away [ous
 Nīm'ble, *a.* quick, active, lively, expediti-
 Nīm'ble-něs, *f.* activity, quickness, speed
 Nimb'ly, *ad.* quickly, speedily, actively
 Nīm'mér, *f.* a thief; a pillager, a pilferer
 Nīn'cōm-pōp, *f.* a fool, a trifler
 Nīne, *f.* one more than eight
 Nīne'fōld, *a.* nine times [bowl
 Nīne'pīnš, *f.* a play with nine pins and a
 Nīne'scōre, *a.* nine times twenty
 Nīne'tēen, *a.* nine and ten; one less than
 twenty
 Nīne'tēenth, *a.* the ordinal of nineteen
 Nīne'tī-ěth, *a.* the tenth nine times told
 Nīne'ty, *a.* nine times ten
 Nīnth, *a.* that which precedes the tenth
 Nīn'ny, *f.* a fool, a simpleton
 Nīn'ny-hām-mér, *f.* a simpleton, a fool
 Nīp, *f.* a pinch; a taunt; a blast
 Nīp, *v. a.* to pinch; vex, ridicule; blast
 Nīp'pér, *f.* a satirist, a lampooner
 Nīp'pérš, *f.* small pincers
 Nīp'pīng-ly, *a.* with bitter sarcasm
 Nīp'ple, *f.* a teat, a dug
 Nī-fī-prī'ūs, *f.* a law term; a judicial writ
 Nīt, *f.* the egg of a louse
 Nī'tre, *f.* (*pron.* Nī'tér) a salt
 Nī'trōūs, Nī'try, *a.* impregnated with nitre
 Nīt'tī-ly, *ad.* lousily; in a nitty manner
 Nīz'y, *f.* a dunce, a simpleton, a blockhead
 Nīt'ty, *a.* abounding with nits
 Nō, *ad.* a word of denial or refusal
 Nō, *a.* not any; none; no one
 No-bīl'ī-tate, *v. a.* to make noble
 No-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* persons of high rank; dignity
 Nō'ble, *f.* one of high rank; a coin rated at
 6 s. 8 d.: *a.* great, illustrious, stately,
 generous

Nō'ble-mān, *f.* a man ennobled
 Nō'ble-něs, *f.* magnanimity, dignity
 No-blěs', *f.* nobility, body of nobles
 Nō'bly, *a.* grandly, illustriously, greatly
 Nōb'ōd-y, *f.* not one, not any one
 Nō'cěnt, *f.* guilty, hurtful, mischievous
 Nōck', *f.* a slit, a notch; the fundament
 Nōc'tu-a-ry, *f.* an account of night affairs
 Nōc'tūrn, *f.* devotion performed by night
 Nōc-tūrn'āl, *f.* an astronomical instrument:
a. nightly, in the night
 Nōd', *f.* a quick declination of the head:
v. a. to be drowsy, to bend the head
 Nōd'dér, *f.* one who makes nods
 Nōd'dle, *f.* the head, by way of contempt
 Nōd'dy, *f.* a simpleton, an idiot
 Nō'dōūs, *a.* knotty, full of knots
 Nōg'g'ěn, *a.* hard, rough, harsh
 Nōg'g'īn, *f.* a small mug
 Nōi'ānce, *f.* inconvenience, mischief
 Nōi'se, *f.* any kind of sound or outcry: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to spread a report; to sound loud
 Nōi'se'fūl, *a.* clamorous
 Nōi'se'lěs, *a.* without noise or sound, silent
 Nōi'ī-něs, *f.* loudness of sound
 Nōi'sōme, *a.* noxious, mischievous, stinking
 Nōi'sōme-ly, *ad.* with a stench
 Nōi'sōme-něs, *f.* offensiveness [some
 Nōi's-y, *a.* clamorous, turbulent, trouble-
 Nōll', *f.* a head, a noddle
 No-lī'tion, *f.* unwillingness
 Nóm'bleš, *f.* the entrails of a deer
 No-měn-clā'tór, *f.* one who names persons
 or things rightly
 No-měn-clā'ture, *f.* a vocabulary, a dic-
 tionary
 Nōm'īn-āl, *a.* only in name, not real
 Nōm'īn-āl-ly, *ad.* by name, titularly

Nöm'ín-ate, *v. a.* to appoint, name
 Nöm-ín-ā'tion, *f.* power of appointing; naming
 Nöm'ín-a-tíve, *f.* the first case in grammar
 Nön, (*Latin*) not. It is never used separately, but sometimes prefixed to words with a negative power
 Nön-āge, *f.* minority in age
 Nön-cón-fórm'í-ty, *f.* refusal of compliance
 Nön-cón-fórm'íst, *f.* one who refuses to join in the established worship
 Nöne, Nöne, *a.* not one, not any
 Nön-én/tí-ty, *f.* non-existence
 Nön-ēx-íst'ēnce, *f.* want of existence
 Nön-jūr'ing, *a.* refusing to swear allegiance
 Nön-jū'rór, *f.* he who refuses to swear allegiance to the king
 Nön-pa-rēz'il', *f.* a kind of apple; a sort of printing letter [more
 Nön'plūs, *f.* a puzzle, inability to say or do
 Nön'plūs, *v. a.* to confound, to puzzle
 Nön-rēs'í-dēnce, *f.* absence from a charge
 Nön-rēs'í-dēnt, *f.* one who neglects to live at the proper place
 Nön-re-síst'ānce, *f.* passive obedience, submission [ly
 Nön'sēnsē, *f.* ungrammatical language; foolish
 Nön-sēns'ic-āl, *a.* foolish
 Nön-sēns'ic-āl-nēss, *f.* ungrammatical jargon
 Nön-spār'ing, *a.* cruel, merciless
 Nön'sūit, *v. a.* to squash a legal process
 Nōe'dle, *f.* a fool, a simpleton, an idiot
 Nōok, *f.* a corner
 Nōon, *f.* the middle hour of the day
 Nōon-dāy, *f.* mid-day: *a.* meridional
 Nōon'ing, *f.* repose at noon
 Nōon'tide, *f.* mid-day: *a.* meridional

Nōose, *f.* a running knot, a trap
 Nōose, *v. a.* to tie in a noose
 Nōpe, *f.* a kind of bird
 Nör', *conj.* negative particle
 Nōrth', *f.* the part of the earth opposite the [south
 Nōrth', *a.* northern
 Nōrth-ēast, *f.* the point between the north and east
 Nōrth'ér-ly, *a.* being toward the north
 Nōrth-érn, *a.* being in the north
 Nōrth-stār, *f.* the pole star
 Nōrth'wārd, *a.* being toward the north
 Nōrth'wārd, Nōrth'wārd's, *ad.* toward the north
 Nōrth'wēst', *f.* the point between the north and west
 Nōrth-wind, *f.* wind that blows from the north
 Nōse, *f.* part of the face; scent; sagacity: *v. a. & n.* to scent, to smell, to face; to look big
 Nōse'gāy, *f.* a posy
 Nōse'lēss, *a.* wanting a nose, without a nose
 Nōs'le, *f.* the extremity of a thing
 Nōs'trīl, *f.* the cavity of the nose
 Nōs'trūm, *f.* a medicine not made public
 Nōt', *ad.* the particle of negation
 Nōt'a-ble, *a.* memorable, bustling, careful
 Nōt'a-bly, *ad.* remarkably
 Nō'ta-ry, *f.* one who protests bills, draws contracts, &c. [nification
 No-tā'tion, *f.* act of noting; meaning, signification
 Nōteh', *f.* a nick
 Nōtch', *v. a.* to cut in small hollows
 Nōte, *f.* a mark; written paper; a sound in music; abbreviation; explanatory annotations: *v. a.* to observe, to attend to, to set down

Nōte'bōok, *f.* a book in which notes are set down
 Nōt'ēd, *a.* remarkable, eminent
 Nōth'ing, *f.* not any thing, non-entity
 Nōth'ing-nēss, *f.* nihility, thing of no value
 Nō'tice, *f.* remark, heed, observation
 No-tif-i-cā'tion, *f.* act of making known
 Nō'ti-fy, *v. a.* to declare, to make known
 Nō'tion, *f.* thought, sentiment, opinion
 Nō'tion-āl, *a.* imaginary
 No-tion-āl'i-ty, *f.* empty, ungrounded of opinion
 Nō'tion-āl-ly, *ad.* in idea, mentally
 No-to-rī'e-ty, *f.* public knowledge, public
 No-tō'rī-ōūs, *a.* apparent [exposure
 No-tō'rī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* publicly, evidently, openly
 No-tō'rī-ōūf-nēss, *f.* public fame
 Nōtt', *v. a.* to shear
 Nō'tūs, *f.* the south wind
 Nōt'wheat, *f.* unbearded wheat
 Nōt-with-stand'ing, *conj.* although, nevertheless
 Nōv'el, *f.* a small tale; a law annexed to the code: *a.* new, not ancient
 Nōv'el-ist, *f.* an innovator, writer of novels
 Nōv'el-ty, *f.* newness [year
 No-vēm'bér, *f.* the eleventh month of the
 Nōv'ice, *f.* one not acquainted with any thing
 No-vī'ti-ate, *f.* the state of a novice; the time in which the rudiments are learned
 Nōūn, *f.* the name of any thing in grammar
 Nōūr'ish, *v. a. & n.* to support, train; to gain nourishment
 Nōūr'ish-a-ble, *a.* susceptible of nourishment
 Nōūr'ish-ér, *f.* who or what nourishes
 Nōūr'ish-mēt, *f.* nutrition

Nōūr'ish-ture, Nūr'ture, *f.* education, institution
 Nōw, *f.* present moment: *ad.* at this time
 Nōw'a-days, *ad.* in the present age
 Nō'whēre, *ad.* not in any place
 Nō'wīse, *ad.* not in any manner or degree
 Nōx'ious, *a.* harmful, baneful, criminal
 Nōx'ious-ly, *ad.* hurtfully, perniciously
 Nōx'ious-nēss, *f.* hurtfulness, infalubrity
 Nōz'le, *f.* the nose, the snout, the end
 Nūb'ble, *v. a.* to bruise with handcuffs
 Nū'bile, *a.* marriageable, fit for marriage
 Nu-cif'ér-ōūs, *a.* nut-bearing
 Nū'cle-ūs, *f.* a kernel; any thing about which matter is gathered or conglobated
 Nu-dā'tion, *f.* the act of making bare or naked
 Nū'dī-ty, *f.* naked parts
 Nū'el, *f.* the upright in a staircase
 Nu-gāç'i-ty, *f.* trifling talk or behaviour, futility
 Nū'ga-to-ry, *a.* trifling, futile
 Nū'fānce, *f.* something noxious or offensive
 Null, *f.* something of no power or meaning: *a.* void, ineffectual, of no force: *v. a.* to annihilate, to deprive of efficacy
 Nūl'lī-fy, *v. a.* to annul, to make void
 Nūl'lī-ty, *f.* want of efficacy or existence
 Nūmb, *a.* torpid, chill, motionless: *v. a.* to make torpid, deaden, stupify
 Nūmb'ēd-nēss, *f.* interruption of sensation
 Nūm'bér, *f.* multitude that may be counted, many: *v. a.* to count
 Nūm'bér-lēss, *a.* more than can be reckoned
 Nūmb'nēss, *f.* torpor, deadness, stupefaction

Nū'me-ra-ble, *a.* capable to be numbered
 Nū'me-rāl, *a.* relating to number
 Nū'me-rāl-ly, *ad.* according to number
 Nu-me-rā'tion, *f.* the art of numbering
 Nū-me-rā'tór, *f.* the number which mea-
 sures others [number
 Nu-mēr'ic-āl, *a.* numeral, of the same
 Nu-mēr'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* by sameness in number
 Nū'me-roús, *a.* containing many; melodi-
 ous
 Nū'me-roús-něs, *f.* quality of being nume-
 rous; musicalness
 Nūm'skūll, *f.* a dunce, a blockhead
 Nūm'skūll-ēd, *a.* stupid, doltish
 Nūn, *f.* a religious recluse woman; a bird
 Nūn'cī-a-ture, *f.* the office of a nuncio
 Nūn'cī-o, *f.* a Pope's ambassadour
 Nūn'chíon, *f.* victuals between meals
 Nūn'ne-ry, *f.* the residence of nuns
 Nūp'tial, *a.* pertaining to marriage
 Nūp'tials, *f.* marriage
 Nūrse, *f.* a woman who takes care of a
 child or sick person
 Nūrse, *v. a.* to bring up a child, to feed
 Nūrs'ér, *f.* one who nurses, a promoter
 Nūr'se-ry, *f.* children at nurse, room in
 which they are kept, plantation of young
 trees
 Nūrs'līng, *f.* one nursed up, a fondling
 Nūr'ture, *f.* food, diet; education: *v. a.* to
 educate, to train, to bring up
 Nūf'tle, *v. a.* to fondle, to cherish
 Nūt, *f.* the fruit of certain trees
 Nūt'brōwn, *a.* brown like a nut
 Nūt'crăck-érš, *f.* an instrument to break nuts
 Nūt'găll, *f.* excrescence of an oak
 Nūt'hōok, *f.* a stick with a hook at the end
 Nūt'měg, *f.* a spice

Nūt'shěll, *f.* the hard substance which in-
 closes the kernel of the nut
 Nūt'trēe, *f.* the hazle
 Nū'trī-měnt, *f.* food, aliment, nourishment
 Nu-trī-měnt'āl, *a.* affording nourishment
 Nu-trī'tion, *f.* act or quality of nourishing
 Nu-trī'tious, Nū'trī-tive, *a.* nourishing
 Nū'trī-ture, *f.* the power of nourishing
 Nūz'zle, *v. a.* to nurse; to foster; to go
 with the nose down
 Nŷmph, *f.* a goddess of the woods; a lady

O

Ōaf, *f.* a changeling; a dolt, an idiot
 Ōaf'īsh, *a.* stupid, dull, doltish, fool-
 ish
 Ōaf'īsh-něs, *f.* stupidity, dulness
 Ōak, *f.* a tree and the wood of it
 Ōak'ăp-ple, *f.* a spongy excrescence on oaks
 Ōak'en, *a.* made of or gathered from the
 oak
 Ōak'ūm, *f.* old ropes untwisted
 Ōar, *f.* an instrument to row with
 Ōar, *v. a. & n.* to impel by rowing: to row
 Ōar'y, *a.* having the use of oars
 Ōat-căke, *f.* cake made of oat-meal
 Ōat'en, *a.* made of oats; bearing oats
 Ōath, *f.* a solemn appeal to heaven
 Ōath'brăk-īng, *f.* violation of an oath;
 perjury
 Ōat-mălt, *f.* malt made of oats
 Ōat'měal, *f.* flour of oats; an herb
 Ōats, *f.* a grain commonly given to horses
 Ōb-dū'ra-cy, *f.* impenitence, hardness of
 heart, inflexible wickedness
 Ōb-dū'rate, *a.* impenitent; hard-hearted
 Ōb-dū'rate-ly, *ad.* stubbornly, inflexibly

ōb-dū'rate-nēss, *f.* inflexibility; impenitence
 ōb-dūr'ēd, *a.* hardened, inflexible
 O-bē'dī-ēnce, *f.* dutifulness; submission to authority
 O-bē'dī-ēnt, *a.* submissive to authority; obsequious
 O-bē'dī-ēnt-ly, *ad.* with obedience [esy
 O-bē'fānce, *f.* the act of reverence; court-
 ōb'e-līk, *f.* a pyramid; this mark (†)
 O-tēy', *v. a.* to pay submission to; to comply with
 ōb-jēct, *f.* that on which we are employed
 ōb-jēct', *v. a.* to oppose
 ōb-jēc'tion, *f.* opposition; criminal charge
 ōb-jēct'ive, *a.* belonging to the object
 ōb-jēct'ive-ly, *ad.* in manner of an object
 ōb-jēct'or, *f.* one who offers objections
 ō'bīt, *f.* death; funeral rites or obsequies
 ōb-lāte', *a.* flatted at the poles
 ōb-lā-tion, *f.* an offering, a sacrifice
 ōb'li-gate, *v. a.* to bind by contract of duty
 ōb-li-gā'tion, *f.* engagement, favour, bond
 ōb'li-ga-to-ry, *a.* binding, compelling
 O-blīge', *v. a.* to bind, compel; please
 O-blī-gē'e', *f.* one bound by legal contract
 O-blīge'mēnt, *f.* obligation, duty
 O-blīg'ēr, *f.* he who binds by contract
 O-blīg'ing, *a.* civil, complaisant
 O-blīg'ing-ly, *ad.* civilly, complaisantly
 O-blīg'ing-nēss, *f.* civility, obligation, force
 ōb-li-quā'tion, ōb-līque'nēss, ōb-līq'ūi-ty, *f.* deviation from physical or moral rectitude: oblique state
 ōb-līque'ly, *ad.* not directly; not perpendicularly
 ōb-lit'ér-ate, *v. a.* to efface, destroy
 ōb-lit'ér-ā'tion, *f.* the act of blotting out
 ōb-līv'ī-ōn, *f.* forgetfulness, general pardon

ōb-līv'ī-ōūs, *a.* causing forgetfulness
 ōb'long, *f.* longer than broad
 ōb'lōng-ly, *ad.* in an oblong direction
 ōb'lōng-nēss, *f.* the state of being oblong
 ōb'lo-qūy, *f.* censorious speech; slander, blame
 ōb-nōx'īōūs, *a.* liable or subject to punishment
 ōb-nōx'īōūs-ly, *ad.* in a state of subjection
 ōb-nōx'īōūs-nēss, *f.* subjection, liability to punishment
 ō-bōle, *f.* [in pharmacy] twelve grains
 ōb-scēne', *a.* immodest, offensive, disgusting
 ōb-scēne'ly, *ad.* in an immodest manner
 ōb-scēne'nēss, ōb-scēn'ī-ty, *f.* lewdness, unchastity; impurity of thought, &c.
 ōb-scu-rā'tion, *f.* the act of darkening
 ōb-scūre', *a.* dark, abstruse, not known: *v. a.* to darken; make less intelligible
 ōb-scūre'ly, *ad.* not brightly; privately
 ōb-scūre'nēss, ōb-scū'rī-ty, *f.* darkness of meaning; privacy; unnoticed state; want of light
 ōb'sē'qūiēs, *f.* funeral solemnities
 ōb-sē'qūi-ōūs, *a.* obedient, compliant
 ōb-sē'qūi-ōūs-ly, *ad.* obediently
 ōb-sē'qūi-ōūs-nēss, *f.* obedience, compliance
 ōb-sérv'a-ble, *a.* remarkable, eminent
 ōb-sérv'a-bly, *ad.* in a manner worthy of note
 ōb-sérv'ānce, *f.* respect, attention
 ōb-sérv'ānt, *f.* a slavish attendant
 ōb-sérv'ānt, *a.* attentive, submissive
 ōb-sér-vā'tion, *f.* act of noting; remark, animadversion
 ōb-sér-vā'tor, *f.* a remarker
 ōb-sér'va-to-ry, *f.* a place for making astronomical observations [be attentive
 ōb-sérve', *v. a. & n.* to watch; to obey: to
 ōb-sérv'ér, *f.* one who looks on, or marks

ōb-férv'ing-ly, *ad.* attentively, carefully
 ōb'so-lete, *a.* disused, unfashionable
 ōb-so-lete-něs, *f.* unfashionableness
 ōb'sta-cle, *f.* hinderance, obstruction
 ōb-stět-rī-cā'tion, *f.* the office of a midwife
 ōb-stět'ric, *a.* doing a midwife's office
 ōb'stī-na-cy, *f.* stubbornness; contumacy, persistency
 ōb'stī-nate, *a.* stubborn
 ōb'stī-nate-ly, *ad.* stubbornly [ibleness
 ōb'stī-nate-něs, *f.* contumaciousness, inflex-
 ōb-strěp'ér-oūs, *a.* clamorous, loud, vocif-
 ōb-strěp'ér-oūs-ly, *ad.* clamorously [erous
 ōb-strěp'ér-oūs-něs, *f.* noise, clamour, loud-
 ōb-stric'tion, *f.* obligation, bond [ness
 ōb-strūct', *v. a.* to hinder, block up, delay
 ōb-strūct'ér, *f.* one who hinders or opposes
 ōb-strūc'tion, ōb-strūc'tive, *f.* hinderance, obstacle, opposition [ing up
 ōb-strūc'tive, *a.* hindering, stopping, block-
 ōb-stru-ěnt, *a.* hindering [vail
 ōb-tāin', *v. a. & n.* to gain, procure: pre-
 ōb-tāin'a-ble, *a.* may be procured
 ōb-tāin'ér, *f.* one who obtains any thing
 ōb-těnd', *v. a.* to oppose; to pretend
 ōb-těn'sion, *f.* the act of obtending
 ōb-těst', *v. a.* to beseech, supplicate
 ōb-těst-ā'tion, *f.* supplication, petition
 ōb-trūde', *v. a.* to thrust in by force
 ōb-trūd'ér, *f.* one who obtrudes
 ōb-trū'sion, *f.* a breaking in upon [trude
 ōb-trū'sive, *a.* disposed or inclined to ob-
 ōb-tūnd', *v. a.* to blunt, dull, deaden
 ōb-tūs-ān'gu-lār, *a.* having angles larger than right angles
 ōb-tūse', *a.* not pointed; dull obscure
 ōb-tūse'ly, *ad.* without a point; dully
 ōb-tūse-něs, *f.* dulness, bluntness

ōb'tū'sion, *f.* the act of blunting; dulness
 ōb-věrt', *v. a.* to turn toward [vent
 ōb'vī-ate, *v. a.* to meet in the way; to pre-
 ōb'vī-oūs, *a.* open, exposed, easily discov-
 ōb'vī-oūs-ly, *ad.* apparently [ered
 ōb'vī-oūs-něs, *f.* stated of being apparent
 Oc-cā'sion, *f.* occurrence, opportunity, inci-
 dental need: *v. a.* to cause; to influence
 Oc-cā'sion-āl, *a.* incidental, casual
 Oc-cā'sion-āl-ly, *ad.* according to circum-
 stances
 Oc-cā'sion-ér, *f.* who causes or prevents
 ōc'cī-děnt, *f.* the west
 ōc'cī-děnt'āl, ōc'cīd'u-oūs, *a.* western
 ōc'cī-pūt, *f.* the hinder part of the head
 ōc-cūlt', *a.* secret, hidden, unknown, undis-
 ōc-cūl-tā'tion, *f.* a hiding [coverable
 ōc-cūlt'něs, *f.* state of being hidden
 ōc-cu-pān-cy, *f.* act of taking possession
 ōc-cu-pānt, *f.* he who takes possession
 ōc-cu-pā'tion, *f.* business, employment [pies
 ōc'cu-pīér, *f.* a possessor; one who occu-
 ōc'cu-py, *v. a. & n.* to possess: to employ
 ōc-cūr', *v. n.* to be remembered; to ap-
 ōc-cūr-rěnce, *f.* incident [pear; to clash
 ōc-cūr'rěnt, *f.* any thing that happens
 ō'cean, *f.* the great and main sea [ocean
 ō'cean, Ō-ce-ān'ic, *a.* pertaining to the
 ō'c,hre, *f.* a kind of earth
 ō'c,hre-oūs, *a.* consisting of ochre
 ōc,hrey, *a.* partaking of ochre
 ōc'h'i-my, *f.* a mixed base metal
 ōc'tā-gón, *f.* a figure with eight sides and angles
 ōc-tāg'ón-āl, *a.* having eight sides and angles
 ōc-tān'gu-lār, *a.* having eight angles
 ōc-tān'gu-lār-něs, *f.* the quality of having eight angles

ōc'tānt, *f.* an instrument that contains 45 degrees
 ōc'tave, *f.* the eighth day; an eighth in music
 ōc-tā'vo, *f.* a sheet folded into 8 leaves
 ōc-tēn'nī-āl, *a.* happening every 8th year
 ōc-tō'bér, *f.* the tenth month of the year
 ōc'tu-ple, *a.* eight-fold
 ōc'u-lār, *a.* known by the eye, depending on the eye
 ōc'u-lār-ly, *ad.* by observation of the eye
 ōc'u-līst, *f.* who cures distempered eyes
 ōdd', *a.* not even, particular, strange, unlikely
 ōdd'ly, *ad.* strangely, uncouthly
 ōdd'nēss, *f.* strangeness, particularity
 ōdds', *f.* inequality, more than an even number or wager
 ōde, *f.* a lyric poem
 ō'dī-ōūs, *a.* hateful, detestable
 ō'dī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* hatefully, invidiously
 ō'dī-ōūf-nēss, *f.* hatefulness
 ō'dī-ūm, *f.* invidiousness, blame, hatred
 ō'do-rate, *a.* scented, having a strong scent
 O-do-rīf'ér-ōūs, *a.* fragrant, perfumed
 O-do-rīf'ér-ōūf-nēss, *f.* sweetness of scent
 ō'dór-ōūs, *a.* fragrant, perfumed
 ō'doūr, *f.* scent good or bad; fragrance
 Ce-co-nōm'ics, *f.* management of household affairs. *This word and its derivatives are better written Economics, Economy, &c. which see*
 Oe-cōn'o-mīst, *f.* one who manages well
 Oe-cōn'o-my, *f.* good husbandry
 Oe cu-mēn'ic-āl, *a.* general, universal
 Ōēil'aīd, *f.* glance, wink, token
 O'er, contracted from *over*
 Oe-fōph'ā-gūs, *f.* the gullet [mong
 Of', *prep.* concerning, relating to, out of, a-
 ōff', *intj.* away! at a distance! begone: *ad.* signifies distance; it is chiefly used to con-

join it with verbs, opposed to *on*; as, to put *on*, to take *off*
 ōf-fāl, *f.* waste meat, refuse, carrion
 Of-fēnce', *f.* crime, injury, disgust; attack
 Of-fēnce'fūl, *a.* injurious, disgusting
 Of-fēnce'lēss, *a.* unoffending, innocent
 Of-fēnd', *v. a.* to make angry; attack; transgress
 Of-fēnd'ér, *f.* he who offends
 Of-fēnd'rēss, *f.* she who offends [jurious
 Of-fēn'sīve, *a.* displeasing, disagreeable, in-
 Of-fēn'sīve-ly, *ad.* mischievously, injuriously
 Of-fēn'sīve-nēss, *f.* injuriousness, mischief
 ōf'fér, *v. a. & n.* to present, exhibit; to be at hand: *f.* an attempt; proposal; a price bidden
 ōf'fér-ér, *f.* who offers, or sacrifices
 ōf'fér-īng, *f.* sacrifice, oblation, immolation
 ōf'fér-to-ry, *f.* the thing offered; act of offering
 ōf'fīce, *f.* a public employment, business: *v. a.* to perform, to discharge
 ōf'fī-cér, *f.* one in office; a commander in the army
 ōf'fī-cér-ēd, *a.* commanded
 Of-fī'cial, *f.* an officer in the ecclesiastical court: *a.* conducive, relating to public charge
 Of-fī'cial-ty, *f.* the charge or post of an official
 Of-fī'cī-āte, *v. a. & n.* to give in consequence of an office: to discharge an office; to perform another's duty
 Of-fī'cīn-āl, *a.* used in shops
 Of-fī'cious, *a.* importunately forward
 Of-fī'ciouf-ly, *ad.* with unasked kindness
 Of-fī'ciouf-nēss, *f.* forwardness of civility
 ōff'īng, *f.* a sea term for the open sea
 ōff'fēt, *f.* a sprout from the root of a plant; a term used in surveying

ōf'f'pring, *f.* propagation, generation, children
 ōst', ōst'en, ōst'en-tīmes, ōst'tīmes, *ad.* frequently, many times

O-g, ēe', *f.* a particular moulding [fondness

ō'gle, *v. a.* to view with side glances as in

ō'glér, *f.* a fly gazer

ō'glī-o, *f.* a medley, a hotchpotch

ōh'! *intj.* denoting sorrow, pain, &c.

oil, *f.* juice of olives, &c.; unctuous matter

ōil, *v. a.* to smear with oil

ōil'i-nēss, *f.* greasiness, unctuousness

ōil'mān, *f.* a dealer in oils and pickles [fold

ōil'shōp, *f.* a shop where oils and pickles are

ōil'y, *a.* greasy, containing oil

ōint, *v. a.* to anoint, to smear

ōint'ment, *f.* a kind of salve, unguent

ō'kér, *f.* [See Ochre] a colour, a kind of paint [tised

ōld, *a.* ancient, not new, not young, long prac-

ōld'fāsh-iōn-ēd, *a.* obsolete, out of fashion

ōld'nēss, *f.* old age, antiquity, ancientness

O-le-āg, 'i-noūs, *a.* oily, unctuous

O-le-ag, 'i-noul-nēss, *f.* oiliness

ōl-fāc'to-ry, *a.* having the sense of smelling

ōl'īve, *f.* a tree and fruit; emblem of peace

ōm'brē, *f.* a game at cards [bet

O-mē'ga, *f.* the last letter of the Greek alpha-

ōm'e-let, *f.* a pancake made of eggs

ō'mēn, *f.* a good or bad sign, a prognostic

ō'mēn ed, *a.* containing prognostics

ōm'in-ate, *v. a.* to forbode, prognosticate

ōm'in-ā'tion, *f.* a prognostic [spicious

ōm'in-ōūs, *a.* foreshowing good or ill, inau-

ōm'in-ōūs-ly, *ad.* with good or bad omen

ōm'in-ōūs-nēss, *f.* the quality of being om-
 inous

O-mī'sion, *f.* neglect of duty

O-mīt', *v. a.* to leave out, to neglect, to prae-
 tise, not to mention

O-mīt'tānce, *f.* forbearance, neglect of any
 thing

ōm-nī-fā'rī-ōūs, *a.* of all kinds and sorts

ōm-nīf'ér-ōūs, *a.* all-bearing

ōm-nīf'ic, *a.* all-creating

ōm-nī-fōrm, *a.* having every shape or form

ōm-nīg, 'ēn-ōūs, *a.* consisting of all kinds

ōm-nīp'o-tēnce, ōm-nīp'o-tēn-cy, *f.* almighty
 power, unlimited power

ōm-nīp'o-tēnt, *a.* almighty

ōm-nī-prē's'ēnce, *f.* ubiquity, unbounded pre-
 sence

ōm-nī-prē's'ēnt, *a.* present in every place

ōm-nī's'cience, *f.* infinite wisdom

ōm-nī's'ciēn-cy, *f.* boundless knowledge

ōm-nī's'cient, ōm-nī's'cious, *a.* knowing all
 things, infinitely wise

ōm-nīv'ór-ōūs, *a.* all-devouring

ōn', *prep.* upon

Once, *ad.* (*pron.* wūnce) one time, formerly,
 at a former time

One, *f.* (*pron.* wōn, or wūn) a single per-
 son, &c. : *a.* less than two, single

† One'e'y-ēd, *a.* having only one eye

† One'nēss, *f.* unity, quality of being one

ōn'e-rate, *v. a.* to load, to burthen

ōn'e-rā'tion, *f.* the act of loading

ōn'e-roūs, *a.* burthensome, oppressive

ōn'īōn, *f.* a plant with a bulbous root

ōn'ly, *a.* this and no more, single, no other :
ad. simply, singly, merely

ōn'fēt, *f.* attack, storm, first brunt

ōnslāught, *f.* attack, storm, onset

ōn-tōl'o-g, 'īst, *f.* a metaphysician

ōn-tōl'o-g, y, *f.* metaphysics

ōn'wārd, *ad.* progressively, somewhat further

ō'nŷx, *f.* a clear valuable gem

ōoze, *f.* soft mud, slime; spring; soft flow : *v.*
n. to drop out slowly, run gently

ôoz'y, *a.* dirty, muddy, slimy
 O-păç'î-ty, *f.* cloudiness
 O-pă'cous, *a.* dark, obscure, not transparent
 ô'pâl, *f.* a whitish singular gem of various colours
 O-pâque', *a.* dark
 ôpe, ô'pen, *a.* unclosed, plain, evident, artless, clear, exposed to view
 ôpe, ô'pen, *v. a. & n.* to unlock, to divide, to explain, to uncloſe [ter
 ô'pen-ér, *f.* who or what opens, an interpreter
 ô'pen-eý-éd, *a.* vigilant, watchful
 ô'pen-hând'éd, *a.* generous, munificent
 ô'pen-heàrt'éd, *a.* generous, without deceit
 ô'pen-heàrt'éd-něs, *f.* liberality
 ô'pen-îng, *f.* breach; dawn; place opened
 ô'pen-ly, *ad.* publicly, evidently, plainly
 ô'pen-môûth'éd, *a.* talkative; ravenous
 ô'pen-něs, *f.* freedom from disguise
 ôp'e-ra, *f.* a muſical entertainment
 ôp'e-ra-ble, *a.* practicable
 ôp'e-rânt, *a.* active, able to produce an effect
 ôp'e-rate, *v. n.* to act, have agency
 ôp'e-râ'tion, *f.* agency, action, effect
 ôp'e-ra-tîve, *a.* having power of acting
 ôp'e-râ'tör, *f.* one who produces any effect
 ô'pî-ate, *f.* a medicine that cauſes ſleep: *a.* ſomniferous, narcotic, ſoporiferous
 ôp'î-fiçe, *f.* workmanſhip
 O-pîf'î-cér, *f.* an artiſt, workman, artiſicer
 O'pîn-â'tör, *f.* one who holds an opinion
 O-pîne', *v. n.* to think, to judge
 O-pîn'îa-tîve, *a.* ſtiff in a preconceived notion; imagined
 O-pîn-î-â'tör, *f.* an obſtinate ſtubborn perſon
 O-pîn-î-â'tre, *a.* obſtinate, ſtubborn

O-pîn-î-â'tre-ty, O-pîn-î-â'try, *f.* obſtinacy, ſtubbornneſs, inflexibility, contumacy
 O-pîn'îón, *f.* ſentiment, judgment, notion
 O-pîn'îón, *v. n.* to think [tions
 O-pîn'îón-a-tîve, *a.* fond of preconceived notions
 O-pîn'îón-a-tîve-ly, *ad.* ſtubbornly
 O-pîn'îón-a-tîve-něs, *f.* obſtinacy
 O-pîn'îón-îſt, *f.* one fond of his own notions
 ô'pî-ûm, *f.* the juice of Turkiſh poppies
 ôp-pô'něnt, *f.* antagoniſt, adverſary, rival: *a.* oppoſite, adverſe
 ôp-pór-tûne', *a.* ſeaſonable, convenient, proper
 ôp-pór-tûne'ly, *ad.* ſeaſonably
 ôp-pór-tû'nî-ty, *f.* fit place, time, convenience
 ôp-pôſe', *v. a. & n.* to act againſt; to reſiſt: to object in a diſpute
 ôp-pôſe'lěs, *a.* not to be oppoſed, irreſiſtible
 ôp-pôſ'ér, *f.* who oppoſes, an antagoniſt
 ôp'po-ſ'îte, *f.* an opponent, adverſary
 ôp'po-ſ'îte, *a.* placed in front, facing, adverſe
 ôp'po-ſ'îte-ly, *ad.* adverſely
 ôp'po-ſ'îte-něs, *f.* ſtate of being oppoſite
 ôp-po-ſ'î'tion, *f.* facing or oppoſing another
 Op-prěſs', *v. a.* to cruſh by hardſhips, ſubdue
 Op-prěſ'ſion, *f.* miſery, hardſhip
 Op-prěſ'ſive, *a.* cruel, overwhelming
 Op-prěſ'ſör, *f.* who oppreſſes others
 ôp-pro'brî-ouſ, *a.* reproachful [ouſly
 ôp-prô'brî-ouſ-ly, *ad.* reproachfully, ſcurrilous
 ôp-prô'brî-ouſ-něs, *f.* reproachfulneſs
 op-pûgn', *v. a.* to oppoſe; to attack; to reſiſt
 ôp-pûg'nân-cy, *f.* oppoſition [fiſt
 ôp-pugn'ér, *f.* who oppoſes or attacks
 ôp'ta-ble, *a.* deſirable, to be wiſhed
 ôp-tâ'tîve, *a.* expreſſive of wiſh or deſire

ōp'tic, *f.* an instrument and organ of sight
 p'tic, *a.* visual
 ōp'tic-āl, *a.* relating to the science of optics
 ōp-tī'cian, *f.* one skilled in optics
 ōp'tics, *f.* science of the nature and laws of
 ōp'tion, *f.* choice, election [vision
 ōp'u-lence, ōp'u-len-cy, *f.* wealth, riches, af-
 fluence
 ōp'u-lent, *a.* rich, wealthy, affluent
 ōp'u-lent-ly, *ad.* with splendour, richly, mag-
 nificently
 ōr, *f.* gold (in heraldry)
 ōr', *conj.* either
 ōr'a-cle, *f.* something delivered by super-
 natural wisdom; a sage
 ōr'a-cle, *v. n.* to utter oracles
 O-rāc'u-lār, O-rāc'u-lōūs, *a.* uttering oracles,
 resembling oracles
 O-rāc'u-lōūs-ly, *ad.* in manner of an oracle
 ōr'āi-fōn, *f.* prayer, verbal supplication
 ō'rāl, *a.* delivered by mouth, not written
 ō'rāl-ly, *ad.* by mouth, without writing
 ōr'ange, *f.* a fruit
 ōr'an-g-e-ry, *f.* plantation of oranges
 ōr'ange-wīfe, *f.* a woman who sells oran-
 ges
 O-rā'tion, *f.* a rhetorical speech, a decla-
 mation
 ōr'a-tōr, ōr'a-tōūr, *f.* a public speaker
 ōr-a-tōr'ic-āl, *a.* rhetorical [prayer
 ōr'a-to-ry, *f.* science of rhetoric; place for
 ōrb', *f.* sphere, celestial body, wheel, circle
 ōrb'ed, *a.* round, circular
 ōr-bīc'u-lār, *a.* spherical, circular
 ōr-bīc'u-lār-ly, *ad.* spherically, circularly
 ōr-bīc'u-lār-nēss, *f.* state of being orbicu-
 lar
 ōr-bīc'u-lat-ēd, *a.* moulded into an arch
 ōrb'it, *f.* the line in which a planet moves

ōrc', *f.* a sort of sea-fish [is made
 ōr'c'hāl, *f.* a stone from which a blue colour
 ōrch'ard, *f.* a garden of fruit-trees [lery
 ōr'c'hēf-tre, ōr-c'hēf-tre, *f.* a musical gal-
 ōr-dāin', *v. a.* to appoint, decree, establish
 ōr-dāin'ér, *f.* one who ordains
 ōr'dér, *f.* method, command, rule, rank
 ōr'dér, *v. a.* to regulate, direct, procure
 ōr'dér-ér, *f.* one who orders or regulates
 ōr'dér-lēss, *a.* disorderly, out of rule
 ōr'dér-lī-nēss, *f.* methodicalness, regula-
 rity
 ōr'dér-ly, *a.* methodical, regular, according
 to rule: *ad.* methodically, regularly
 ōr'dērs, *f.* submission to priesthood, &c.
 ōr'dī-na-ble, *a.* may be appointed
 ōr'dī nāl, *f.* a book containing orders: *a.*
 noting order; as *first*, *second*, &c.
 ōr'dī-nānce, *f.* law, rule, appointment
 ōr'dī-na-rī-ly, *ad.* according to rule, usual-
 ly
 ōr'dī-na-ry, *f.* ecclesiastical judge; eating-
 house; settled establishment; price of
 a meal: *a.* common; mean; ugly; regu-
 lar
 ōr'dī-nate, *v. a.* to appoint: *a.* regular, me-
 thodical
 ōr-dī-nā'tion, *f.* the act of ordaining; esta-
 blished order
 ōrd'nānce, *f.* cannon, great guns
 ōr-dōn'nānce, *f.* disposition of figures in a pic-
 ōr'dure, *f.* dung, filth [ture
 ōre, *f.* metal in its mineral state, metal un-
 ōr'gāl, *f.* lees of wine [refined
 ōr'gān, *f.* a natural or musical instru-
 ment
 ōr-gān'ic, ōr-gān'ic-āl, *a.* instrumental
 ōr-gān'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* by means of instru-
 ments

ōr-găn/īc-āl-nēs, *f.* state of being organical
 ōr-găn-īsm, *f.* organical structure
 ōr-găn-īst, *f.* who plays on the organ
 ōr-găn-ī-zā'tion, *f.* due distribution of parts
 ōr-găn-ize, *v. a.* to construct so as that one
 part operates with another
 ōr-găn-lōst, *f.* the lost where the organ stands
 ōr-găn-pīpe, *f.* pipe of a musical organ
 ōr-g, īl/lōus, *a.* proud, haughty
 ōr-g, īes, *f.* mad rites of Bacchus, frantic re-
 vels
 ō'rī-ēnt, *f.* the east: *a.* rising as the sun,
 eastern, bright, sparkling
 O-rī-ēnt/āl, *a.* placed in the east
 O-rī-ēnt/āl-īsm, *f.* an eastern mode of speech
 O-rī-ēnt-āl/ī-ty, *f.* eastern situation
 ōr/ī-fīce, *f.* any opening or perforation
 ōr/ī-g, īn, O-rīg, īn-āl, *f.* beginning, source,
 descent, first copy, derivation
 O-rīg, īn-āl, *a.* primitive, pristine
 O-rīg, īn-āl-ly, *ad.* at first, primarily
 O-rīg, īn-āl-nēs, *f.* state of being original
 O-rīg, īn-a-ry, *a.* productive, primitive
 O-rīg, īn-ate, *v. a.* to bring into existence
 ōr/ī-fōn, *f.* a prayer, a supplication
 ōr'na-mēnt, *f.* embellishment, decoration; ho-
 nour
 ōr'na-mēnt'āl, *a.* decorating
 ōr'na-mēnt'āl-ly, *ad.* in such a manner as
 may confer beauty or embellishment
 ōr'na-mēnt'ēd, *a.* embellished, bedecked
 ōr'nate, *a.* bedecked, decorated, fine
 ōr'na-ture, *f.* decoration, ornament
 ōr-nī-thōl'o-g, y, *f.* a discourse on birds
 ōr'phān, *f.* a child who has lost its father or
 mother, or both: *a.* bereft of parents
 ōr'phān-age, ōr'phān-īsm, *f.* state of an or-
 phan

ōr're-ry, *f.* a solar instrument
 ōr'tho-dōx, *a.* sound in doctrine
 ōr'tho-dōx-ly, *ad.* with soundness of opinion
 ōr'tho-dōx-y, *f.* soundness in doctrine
 ōr-thōg'ra-phēr, *f.* one who spells according
 to the rules of grammar
 ōr-tho-grāph/ī-cāl, *a.* rightly spelled, relat-
 ing to spelling
 ōr-tho-graph/ī-cāl-ly, *ad.* according to the
 rules of spelling
 ōr-thōg'ra-phy, *f.* right spelling or writing;
 the elevation of a building delineated
 ōrts', *f.* refuse, things left
 ōf-cīl-lā'tion, *f.* the act of moving backwards
 and forwards like a pendulum.
 ōf-cīl-la-to-ry, *a.* moving like a pendulum
 ōf'cī-tān-cy, *f.* act of yawning, careles-
 ness
 ōf'cī-tānt, *a.* yawning, unusually sleepy,
 sluggish
 ōf-cī-tā'tion, *f.* the act of yawning
 ōf'īér, *f.* a tree of the willow kind growing
 by the water
 ōf'prāy, *f.* the sea-eagle
 ōf'fī-clē, *f.* a small bone
 ōf'fī-fīc, *a.* having the power of changing
 into bone
 ōf-fī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* change of cartilaginous
 into bony substance
 ōf'fī-frage, *f.* the sea-eagle. (See *Ospray*)
 ōf'fī-fy, *v. a.* to change into bone
 ōst, ōust, *f.* a vessel to dry hops or malt on
 ōf-tēn'fīve, *a.* shewing, betokening
 ōf'tēnt', *f.* appearance, show, prodigy
 ōf-tēn-tā'tion, *f.* vain show, boasting
 ōf-tēn-tā'tious, *a.* full of show, vain
 ōf-tēn-tā'tious-ly, *ad.* vainly, boastfully
 ōf-tēn-tā'tious-nēs, *f.* vanity, boastfulness

ōf-tēn-tā'tōūr, *f.* a boaster
 ōst'ler, *f.* one who takes care of horses
 ōst'lér-y, *f.* the place belonging to the ostler
 ōf'trích, *f.* a bird
 óth'ér, *a.* not the same, different, next
 óth'ér-gates, *ad.* in another manner
 óth'ér-guise, *a.* of another kind
 óth'ér-whère, *ad.* in other places
 óth'ér-whíle, *ad.* at other times
 óth'ér-wíse, *ad.* in a different manner
 ōt'tér, *f.* an amphibious animal
 ōt'to-mán, *a.* belonging to the Turks
 ō'vāl, *f.* a figure shaped like an egg
 ō'vāl, *a.* oblong like an egg
 O-vā'rī-ous, *a.* consisting of eggs
 ō'va-ry, *f.* the seat of eggs, or impregnation
 O-vā'tion, *f.* triumph for victory
 ōuch, *f.* an ornament of gold or jewels
 ōv'en, *f.* a place for baking
 ōv'ér, *prep. & ad.* above, across, completely, on the surface, more
 ō'vér-a-bōund', *v. n.* to abound more than enough
 ō'vér-āct', *v. a.* to do more than enough
 ō'vér-ārch', *v. a.* to cover with an arch
 ō'vér-āwe', *v. a.* to keep in awe by superiour influence
 ō'vér-bāl'ānce, *v. a.* to weigh down, to preponderate
 ō'vér-bāl-ance, *f.* something more than equivalent
 ō'vér-beār', *v. a.* to repress, to keep in awe, to bear down
 ō'vér-bíd', *v. a.* to bid more than value
 ō'vér-blōw', *v. a. & n.* to drive away as clouds before the wind: to be past its violence
 ō'vér-board, *ad.* off or out of the ship
 ō'vér-bulk', *v. a.* to oppress by bulk

ō'vér-būrd'ēn, *v. a.* to load with too great weight
 ō'vér-buŷ', *v. a.* to buy too dear
 ō'vér-car'ry, *v. a.* to carry too far
 ō'vér-cāst', *v. a.* to darken with clouds, to cover, to rate too high in composition
 ō'vér-chārgē', *v. a.* to rate too high, to fill too full
 ō'vér-clōūd', *v. a.* to cover with clouds
 ō'vér-cóme', *v. a.* to subdue, conquer
 ō'vér-cōūnt', *v. a.* to rate too high
 ō'vér-dō', *v. a.* to do more than enough
 ō'vér-drēss', *v. a.* to adorn lavishly
 ō'vér-drīve, *v. a.* to drive too hard
 ō'vér-eye', *v. a.* to superintend, to observe
 ō'vér-flōat', *v. n.* to swim, to float
 ō'vér-flōw, *f.* an inundation, exuberance
 ō'vér-flōw', *v. a. & n.* to deluge, to overrun: to be fuller than the brim can hold
 ō'vér-flōw'īng, *f.* copiousness, exuberance
 ō'vér-flŷ', *v. a.* to cross by flight
 ō'vér-fōr'wārd-ness, *f.* too great readiness
 ō'vér-frēight', *v. a.* to load too heavily
 ō'vérglānce', *v. a.* to look hastily over
 ō'vér-gōrge', *v. a.* to gorge too much
 ō'vér-grōw', *v. a. & n.* to rise above: to rise beyond a natural size
 ō'vér-grōwth', *f.* improper or uncommon size
 ō'vér-hāle', *v. a.* to examine over again, to spread over
 ō'vér-hāng', *v. a. & n.* to jut over: to impend over
 ō'vér-hārd'en, *v. a.* to make too hard
 ō'vér-hēad, *ad.* aloft, in the zenith, above
 ō'vér-hēar', *v. a.* to hear secretly
 ō'vér-jōŷ, *f.* transport, ecstasy

ō'vér-jöy', *v. a.* to transport, to ravish
 ō'vér-rī'pen, *v. a.* to make too ripe
 ō'vér-lā'bour, *v. a.* to take too much pains
 ō'vér-lāde', *v. a.* to overburden
 ō'vér-lāge', *a.* too great or large
 ō'vér-lāy', *v. a.* to impress by weight, to smother by covering
 ō'vér-lēp', *v. a.* to pass by a jump
 ō'vér-lēath-ér, *f.* the upper leather
 ō'vér-līve, *v. a.* to outlive: to live too long
 ō'vér-līv'ér, *f.* one who lives longest
 ō'vér-lōnd', *v. a.* to burden too much
 ō'vér-lōng', *a.* too long
 ō'vér-lōok', *v. a.* to neglect; peruse; review; superintend; pass by indulgently
 ō'vér-lōok'ér, *f.* one who overlooks
 ō'vér-māš'tér, *v. a.* to subdue, to govern
 ō'vér-māch', *f.* one of a superior strength
 ō'vér-māch', *v. n.* to be too powerful
 ō'vér-mōst, *a.* highest, over the rest
 ō'vér-mūch', *a.* too much: *ad.* in too great a degree
 ō'vér-nīght, *f.* night before, bed-time
 ō'vér-nāme', *v. a.* to name in a series
 ō'vér-ōf'fīce, *v. a.* to behave haughtily
 ō'vér-ōf-fī'cious, *a.* too busy
 ō'vér-pāš', *v. a.* to overlook, to omit, to cross
 ō'vér-pāy', *v. a.* to reward beyond the price
 ō'vér-pérch', *v. a.* to fly over
 ō'vér-plūs, *f.* what is more than sufficient
 ō'vér-plý', *v. a.* to employ too laboriously
 ō'vér-pōiſe', *v. a.* to outweigh
 ō'vér-pōiſe, *f.* preponderant weight
 ō'vér-pōw'ér, *v. a.* to oppress by power
 ō'vér-prēšs', *v. n.* to crush, overwhelm
 ō'vér-prīze', *v. a.* to value at too high a price

ō'vér-rānk', *a.* too rank
 ō'vér-rāte, *v. a.* to rate too much
 ō'vér-rēach, *v. a.* to rise above; deceive; go
 ō'vér-rēach'ér, *f.* a cheat [beyond
 ō'vér-rēad', *v. a.* to peruse, to read again
 ō'vér-rōast', *v. a.* to roast too much
 ō'vér-rūle, *v. a.* to superintend; to dissuade; to supersede
 ō'vér-rūn', *v. a. & n.* to outrun; ravage; to overflow
 ō'vér-sēe', *v. a.* to overlook; to omit
 ō'vér-sēen, *part.* mistaken, deceived
 ō'vér-sē'ér, *f.* a superintendant; a parish-officer
 ō'vér-sēt', *v. a. & n.* to overturn: to fall off the basis
 ō'vér-shāde', *v. a.* to cover with darkness
 ō'vér-shād'ow, *v. a.* to shelter, protect, cover [too far
 ō'vér-shōot', *v. n.* to go beyond; to venture
 ō'vér-sīght, *f.* mistake, error; superintendence [plaster over
 ō'vér-sīze', *v. a.* to surpass in bulk; to
 ō'vér-skīp', *v. a.* to pass by, or over; to escape
 ō'vér-slēep', *v. a.* to sleep too long
 ō'vér-snōw', *v. a.* to cover with snow
 ō'vér-sōld', *part.* sold at too high a price
 ō'vér-sōon, *ad.* too soon
 ō'vér-spēnt', *part.* wearied, harassed
 ō'vér-sprēad', *v. a.* to cover over, to scatter over [terms
 ō'vér-stānd', *v. n.* to stand too much on
 ō'vér-stōck', *v. n.* to fill too full, to crowd
 ō'vér-stōre, *v. a.* to store with too much
 ō'vér-strāin', *v. a. & n.* to stretch too far: to make too violent efforts [down
 ō'vér-swāy', *v. a.* to over-rule, to bear

ô'vér-swěll, *v. a.* to rise above
 ô'vért, *a.* open, public, apparent
 ô'vért-ly, *ad.* openly, not securely, without disguise [pursuit
 ô'vér-tāke, *v. a.* to come up with in a
 ô'vér-tāsk', *v. a.* to give too great a task
 ô'vér-thrōw', *v. a.* to throw down; defeat; destroy
 ô'vér-thrōw, *f.* ruin; defeat
 ô'vér-thrōw'ér, *f.* who overthrows
 ô'vér-tōok', *pret.* of *to overtake*
 ô'vér-tōp', *v. a.* to rise above, to excel; to obscure
 ô'vér-trīp', *v. a.* to walk lightly over
 ô'vér-ture, *f.* proposal, opening, discovery
 ô'vér-tūrn', *v. a.* to throw down, conquer,
 ô'vér-tūrn'ér, *f.* a subverter [ruin
 ô'vér-vāl'ūe, *v. a.* to rate at too high a price
 ô'vér-vēl', *v. a.* to cover
 ô'vér-wāch', *v. n.* to want sleep too long; to weary out
 ô'vér-wēak', *a.* too weak
 ô'vér-wēath'ér, *v. a.* to batter by violence of weather
 ô'vér-wēen', *v. n.* to think too highly, to be proud [rogance
 ô'vér-wēen'ing-ly, *ad.* with too much ar-
 ô'vér-wēigh', *v. a.* to preponderate
 ô'vér-wēigh', *f.* preponderance
 ô'vér-whēim', *v. a.* to crush underneath something violent and weighty
 ô'vér-whēim'ing-ly, *ad.* in a destructive manner [worked all over
 ô'vér-wrōught', *part.* laboured too much;
 ô'vér-wōrn', *part.* worn out, spoiled by
 ô'vér-zēal'ous, *a.* too zealous [time
 ōught', *f.* any thing: *pres. & pret.* of *owe*;
 owed, obliged, to be fit

ô'vī-fōrm, *a.* like an egg
 O-vīp'ār-cūs, *a.* bringing forth eggs, not viviparous
 ôunce, *f.* a weight; the lynx; a panther
 ôuphe, *f.* a fairy, a goblin
 ôuph'en, *a.* elfish, devilish
 ôûr, *pron. poss.* pertaining or belonging to us
 ôûr-sēlves', *pron. reciprocal*; we, not o-
 ōuse, *f.* tanners bark [thers, us
 ôus'el, *f.* a black bird
 ôust, *v. a.* to vacate, to take away
 ôût, *ad.* abroad, not at home: *v. a.* to ex-
 pel, to deprive: *interj.* away!
 ôût-āct', *v. a.* to do beyond [ponderate
 ôût-bāl'ānce, *v. a.* to overweigh, to pre-
 ôût-bīd', *v. a.* to bid more than another
 ôût-bīd'dér, *f.* one who out-bids
 ôût'lōûnd, *a.* going a distant voyage
 ôût-brāve', *v. a.* to bear down and dis-
 grace; to dare [dence
 ôût-brā'zen, *v. a.* to bear down with impu-
 ôût'brēak, *f.* an eruption
 ôût-brēath'e', *v. a.* to weary by having bet-
 ter breath
 ôût-cāst', *a.* banished, expelled, cast out
 ôût'cāst, *f.* one expelled or rejected, an exile
 ôût-crāst', *v. a.* to excel in cunning
 ôût'cry, *f.* public clamour; cry of distress
 ôût-dāre, *v. a.* to venture beyond
 ôût-dāte', *v. a.* to antique
 ôût-dō', *v. a.* to excel, surpass
 ôût-dwēl', *v. a.* to stay beyond
 ôût'ér, *a.* that which is without
 ôût'ér-ly, *ad.* towards the outside
 ôût'ér-most, *a.* remotest from the middle
 ôût-fāce', *v. a.* to brave; to bear or stare
 down
 ôût-fāwn', *v. a.* to excel in fawning

ōût-flȳ', *v. a.* to leave behind in flight
 ōût-frōwn', *v. a.* to frown down
 ōût-g, ȳve', *v. a.* to surpass in giving
 ōût-gō', *v. a.* to surpass, excel; over-
 reach
 ōût-grōw', *v. a.* to surpass in growth
 ōût'guārd, *f.* the advanced guard
 ōût-jēst', *v. a.* to overpower by jesting
 ōût-knāve', *v. a.* to surpass in knavery
 ōût-lānd'īsh, *a.* foreign, not native
 ōût-lāst', *v. a.* to surpass in duration
 ōût'lāw, *f.* one excluded the benefit of law
 ōût'lāw', *v. a.* to deprive of the benefits and
 protection of the law
 ōût'lāw-ry, *f.* a decree by which one is ex-
 cluded the community, and deprived of
 the protection of law
 ōût-lēap', *v. a.* to surpass by leaping
 ōût'lēt, *f.* a passage or discharge outwards
 ōût'līne, *f.* the first line of a device or figure,
 contour, extremity
 ōût-līve', *v. a.* to survive; to live beyond
 ōût-līv'ér, *f.* a survivor
 ōût-lōok', *v. a.* to face down; to brow-
 beat
 ōût-lūf'tre, *v. a.* to exceed in brightness
 ōût'lȳ-ing, *part.* not paid; out of order
 ōût-mēas'ure, *v. a.* to exceed in measure
 ōût-nūm'bér, *v. a.* to exceed in number
 ōût-mārch', *v. a.* to march quicker
 ōût'mōst, *a.* remotest from the middle
 ōût-pāce', *v. a.* to outgo; to leave behind
 ōût-pār'īsh, *f.* a parish without the walls
 ōût-pārt, *f.* part near or on the outside
 ōût-pōur', *v. a.* to send forth in a stream; to
 emit
 ōût-prīze', *v. a.* to value too highly
 ōût'rage, *f.* violence, tumultuous mis-

chief: *v. a.* to injure greatly, to insult
 grossly
 ōût-rā'geous, *a.* violent, enormous, furious
 ōût-rā'geous-ly, *ad.* violently, tumultuously
 ōût-rā'geous-nēss, *f.* fury, violence
 ōût-rēach', *v. a.* to go beyond
 ōût-rīde', *v. a.* to ride fastest
 ōût-rīght', *ad.* immediately; completely
 ōût-rōar', *v. a.* to exceed in roaring
 ōût-rūn', *v. a.* to leave behind in running
 ōût-sāil', *v. a.* to leave behind in sailing
 ōût-scōrn', *v. a.* to bear down or confront by
 contempt
 ōût-sēl', *v. a.* to sell for a higher price
 ōût-shīne', *v. a.* to excel in lustre
 ōût-shōot', *v. a.* to excel in shooting
 ōût-sīde', *f.* appearance; outward part
 ōût-sīt', *v. a.* to sit beyond the time of any
 thing
 ōût-slēep', *v. n.* to sleep beyond
 ōût-spēak', *v. n.* to out-talk; to speak longer
 ōût-spōrt', *v. a.* to sport beyond
 ōût-sprēad', *v. a.* to extend; to diffuse
 ōût-stānd', *v. a. & n.* to support, resist: to
 protuberate from the main body
 ōât-stāre', *v. a.* to put out of countenance;
 to face down
 ōût-strēch', *v. a.* to extend; to spread out
 ōût-strīp', *v. a.* to outgo; to leave behind
 ōût-swēet'en, *v. a.* to excel in sweetness
 ōût-swēār', *v. a.* to overpower by swearing
 ōût-tālk', *v. a.* to overpower by talk
 ōût-tōngue', *v. a.* to bear down by noise
 ōût-vāl'ūe, *v. a.* to transcend in price
 ōût-vēn'ōm, *v. a.* to exceed in poison
 ōût-vīe', *v. a.* to exceed; to surpass
 ōût-vīl'lāin, *v. a.* to exceed in villainy
 ōût-vōīce', *v. a.* to outroar

ōût-vōte', *v. a.* to conquer by plurality of suffrage

ōût-wâlk', *v. a.* to leave one in walking

ōût'wâl, *f.* the outward part of a building

ōût'wârd, *f.* outward, or external form

ōût'wârd, *a.* external, foreign, apparent

ōût'wârd, *ad.* to foreign parts [parently

ōût'wârd-ly, *ad.* in an outward manner; ap-

ōût'wârdſ, *ad.* towards the out parts

ōût-weār', *v. a. & n.* to pass tediously: to last longer

ōût wēed', *v. a.* to extirpate as a weed

ōût-wēigh', *v. a.* to exceed in weight or value [tagem

ōût-wīt', *v. a.* to cheat; to overcome by stra-

ōût'wōrk, *f.* the parts of fortification next the enemy

ōût-wōrn', *a.* consumed or destroyed by use or age

ōût-wrēst', *v. a.* to extort by violence

ōût-wrōught', *part.* outdone; exceeded in efficacy [possess

ōwe, *v. a.* to be indebted, to be obliged; to

ōwl, ōwl'ēt, *f.* a bird that flies by night

ōwl'ér, *f.* one who carries contraband goods

ōwn, *f. as,* my own, our own, their own

ōwn, *v. a.* to acknowledge, claim, confess

ōwn'ér, *f.* one to whom a thing belongs

ōx, ōx'en, *f. pl.* a castrated bull

ōx'fly, *f.* a fly of a particular kind

ōx'lip, *f.* the cowslip; a vernal flower

ōx'ī-crate, *f.* a mixture of vinegar and water

ōx'ŷ-mēl, *f.* vinegar and honey mixed

o'yér, *f.* a law word [proclamation

O-yes, *f.* [oyez, hear ye, Fr.] hear ye; a

ōŷ'tér, *f.* a kind of shell-fish

ōŷ'tér-wēnch, ōŷ'tér-wōm-àn, *f.* a woman whose business it is to sell oysters

O-zæ'na, *f.* an ulcer in the inside of the nostrils, that gives an ill stench

P.

Pāce, *f.* step, gait; measure of five feet: *v. a. & n.* to measure by steps: to move on slowly

Pā'céd, *a.* having a particular gait

Pā'cér, *f.* who or what paces

Pa-cīf'ic, *a.* mild, gentle, peaceable

Pa-cīf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* act of making peace

Pa-cīf-ī cā'tór, *f.* a peace-maker

Păç'ī-f ī-ér, *f.* one who pacifies

Păç'ī-fŷ, *v. a.* to appease; to still anger

Păck, *f.* a large bundle of any thing; 52 cards; number of hounds; load; bad set of people: *v. a. & n.* to bind up for carriage; to remove in haste

Păck'clōth, *f.* a cloth for packing

Păck'ér, *f.* one who binds up packs

Păck'ēt, *f.* a small pack; a mail of letters: *v. a.* to bind up in parcels

Păck'hōrſe, *f.* a horse employed in carrying goods

Păckſ'ād-dle, *f.* a saddle on which burdens are laid

Păck'thrēad, *f.* thread for packing

Păck'wăx, *f.* the aponeuroses on the sides of the neck

Păct, Păc'tion, *f.* a bargain, covenant

Păc-tī'tious, *a.* settled by covenant

Păd, *f.* the road; an easy paced horse; a saddle: *v. n.* to travel gently; to rob on foot; to bear away smooth

Păd'dér, *f.* a foot highway man

Păd'dle, *f.* an oar used by a single rower

Păd'dle, *v. n.* to play in water; to row
 Păd'dlér, *f.* one who paddles in water
 Păd'dock, *f.* a frog; a small inclosure for deer
 Păd'löck, *f.* a lock on a staple
 Păd'löck, *v. a.* to fasten with a padlock
 Pæ'an, *f.* a song of triumph
 Pæ'do-băp'tism, *f.* infant-baptism
 Pă'găn, *f.* a heathen; one not a Christian
 Pă'găn, *a.* heathenish
 Pă'găn-ism, *f.* heathenism
 Păge, *f.* a young boy attending on a great person; one side of the leaf of a book: *v. a.* to mark the pages of a book; to serve
 Pă'g, eănt, *f.* a spectacle of entertainment; a show; a statue in a show: *a.* showy, pompous, ostentatious: *v. a.* to show, to exhibit, to represent
 Pă'g, eănt-ry, *f.* pomp, shew, vanity
 Pă'g, in-ăl, *a.* consisting of pages
 Pă'göd, *f.* an Indian idol and temple
 Păid, *pret. & part. pass. of to pay*
 Păi'gles, *f.* flowers; also called *cowslips*
 Păil, *f.* a wooden vessel for water, milk, &c.
 Păil'fûl, *f.* the quantity a pail will hold
 Păil-mail, *a.* [*pron.* Pél-mél] violent
 Păin, *f.* sensation of uneasiness; penalty: *v. a.* to afflict, torment, make uneasy
 Păin'fûl, *a.* full of pain, laborious
 Păin'fûl-ly, *ad.* with pain; industriously
 Păin'fûl-něs, *f.* affliction, sorrow; industry
 Păi'nim, *f.* a pagan, an infidel
 Păi'nim, *a.* pagan, infidel
 Păin'lěs, *a.* without pain, without trouble
 Păin'f'āk-ér, *f.* a laborious person
 Păin'f'āk-ing, *a.* laborious, industrious
 Păint, *f.* colours for painting: *v. a. & n.* to

colour, represent: to lay colours on the face
 Păint'ér, *f.* one who professes painting
 Păint'ing, *f.* the art of laying on colours
 Păint'ure, *f.* the art of painting
 Păir, *f.* two things suiting one another; a couple; man and wife: *v. a. & n.* to join in couples: to be joined in pairs
 Păl'ace, *f.* a noble or royal house
 Păl'a-ta-ble, *a.* pleasing to the taste
 Păl'ăte, *f.* the instrument of taste
 Păle, *a.* whitish, wan, not fresh coloured: *f.* inclosure, narrow pieces of wood joined together to inclose ground; jurisdiction: *v. a.* to inclose with pales, to make pale
 Păle'-eý-ěd, *a.* having eyes dimmed
 Păle'-fă-cěd, *a.* wan, sickly-looking
 Păle'ly, *ad.* wanly, not freshly, not ruddily
 Păle'něs, *f.* wanness, want of colour
 Pă'le-ous, *a.* husky, chaffy
 Păl'ette, *f.* a painter's board on which he puts his colours
 Păl'fey, *f.* a small horse fit for a lady
 Păl'fey-ěd, *a.* riding on a palfrey
 Păl'in-drome, *f.* a word or sentence which is the same read backward or forward; as *madam*
 Păl-îf-ăde', Păl-îf-ă'do, *f.* pales for inclosure
 Păl-îf-ăde', *v. a.* to inclose with palisades
 Păl'ish, *a.* somewhat pale
 Păll, *f.* a cloak of state, covering of the head: *v. a. & n.* to cloy, impair: to grow vapid
 Păl'lét, *f.* a small mean bed; a small measure
 Păll-măll', *f.* a game at ball
 Păl'lî-a-měnt, *f.* a dress; a robe
 Păl'lî-ate, *v. a.* to cover with excuse, to ex-tenuate

Pāl-lī-ā'tion, *f.* extenuation; imperfect cure
Pāl'lī-a-tīve, *f.* something mitigating : *a.* mitigating
Pāl'līd, *a.* pale
Pālm, *f.* a tree; victory; 3 inches; part of the hand : *v. a.* to cheat, to handle, to conceal in the palm of the hand, as jugglers
Pālm'ér, *f.* a pilgrim; a deer's crown
Pālm'ér-wórm, *f.* a worm covered with hair
Pālm-ēt'to, *f.* a species of the palm-tree
Pālm'ī-pēde, *a.* web-footed
Pālm'īf-tér, *f.* one who deals in palmistry
Pālm'īf-try, *f.* telling fortunes by the hands
Pālm'y, *a.* bearing palms
Pāl-pā-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of being perceived by the touch
Pāl'pa-ble, *a.* may be felt; gross, plain
Pāl'pa-ble-nēss, *f.* quality of being palpable; plainness; grossness
Pāl'pa-bly, *ad.* grossly, plainly [ter
Pāl'pī-tate, *v. a.* to beat at the heart, to flutter
Pāl-pī-tā'tion, *f.* a beating or panting at the heart
Pāl's'grave, *f.* a German title
Pāl's'ic-āl, *a.* afflicted with a palsy
Pāl's'ī-ēd, *a.* diseased with a palsy
Pāl's'y, *f.* a privation of motion or sense of feeling, or both
Pāl'tér, *v. a. & n.* to squander : to shift, to dodge
Pāl'tér-ér, *f.* an unsincere dealer; a shifter
Pāl'tri-nēss, *f.* the state of being paltry
Pāl'try, *a.* sorry, despicable, worthless, mean
Pāl'y, *a.* pale, faint of lustre
Pām, *f.* the knave of clubs
Pām'pér, *v. a.* to feed delicately or luxuriously

Pām'phlēt, *f.* a small unbound book : *v. n.* to write pamphlets
Pām-phlēt-ēer, *f.* a writer of pamphlets or small books
Pān, *f.* a kitchen vessel; any thing hollow
Pān'cāke, *f.* a thin pudding fried in a pan
Pa-nā'do, *f.* boiled bread and water
Pān'cre-ās, *f.* the sweet bread, a gland
Pān'cy, **Pān'sy**, *f.* a kind of violet
Pān'dēct, *f.* a complete treatise of any science
Pān'dér, *f.* a pimp, a male bawd : *v. a.* to pimp, to be subservient to lust or passion
Pān'dér-ly, *a.* pimping
Pāne, *f.* a square of glass
Pān-e-g, ŷr'īc, *f.* an elogy, an encomastic piece
Pān-e-g, ŷr'īft, *f.* he who writes panegyrics
Pān'ēl, *f.* a board in wainscot, &c.; a jury roll
Pāng, *f.* extreme pain
Pāng, *v. a.* to torment cruelly
Pān'īc, *f.* a violent fright without cause : *a.* violent without cause, groundless
Pān'nēl, *f.* a sort of rustic saddle
Pān'nīc, **Pān'nī-cle**, *f.* a plant
Pānn'īér, *f.* a basket carried on horses
Pān'o-ply, *f.* complete armour
Pānt, *f.* a beating of the heart, palpitation
Pānt, *v. n.* to beat as the heart, to long for
Pānt-a-lōon, *f.* a man's garment comprising breeches and stockings
Pān-thē'ón, *f.* the temple of all the gods
Pān'thér, *f.* a spotted wild beast, a lynx, a leopard
Pān'tīle, *f.* a gutter tile
Pānt'ing-ly, *ad.* with palpitation [bread
Pānt'lér, *f.* he who in a great family keeps the

Păn'tò-flē, *f.* a slipper [shoon
Păn'to-mīme, *f.* mimicry, dumb shew, a buf-
Păn'try, *f.* the room in which provisions
are put [meat
Păp, *f.* the nipple; pulp of fruit; infants
Păp-ă', *f.* a fond name for father
Pă'pa-cy, *f.* the popedom; office and digni-
ty of the bishops of Rome
Pă'păl, *a.* belonging to the Pope
Pa-păv'e-rōūs, *a.* resembling poppies
Pă'pér, *f.* a substance made of rags on
which men write, &c.: *a.* slight, thin
like paper: *v. a.* to hang a place with
paper, to register
Pă'pér māk-ér, *f.* one who makes paper
Pă'pér-mīll, *f.* a mill in which rags are
ground for paper
Pă'pér-flāzn-ér, *f.* one who colours paper
Pa-pīl'ī-o, *f.* a butterfly
Pa-pīl'la-ry, Pa-pīl'loūs, *a.* having emul-
gent vessels, or resemblances of paps
Pă'pīst, *f.* one who adheres to popery
Pa-pīst'īc-ă', *a.* popish
Pă'pīst-ry, *f.* popery, the doctrine of the
Romish church
Păp'pōūs, *a.* having soft light down
Păp'py, *a.* soft, easily divided, juicy
Păr, *f.* state of equality; equal value;
equivalence
Păr-ăb'o-la, *f.* a conic section [speech
Păr'a-ble, *f.* a similitude, a figurative
Păr-a-bōl'īc, Păr-a-bōl'īc-ăl, *a.* expressed in
parables
Păr-a-bōl'īc-ăl-ly, *ad.* by way of parable
Păr-ăb'o-īlīm, *f.* a term in algebra
Păr-ăb'o-lōīd, *f.* a curve in geometry
Păr-a-cēn'tric, } *a.* deviating from cir-
Păr-a-cēn'tric-ăl, } cularity

Păr-ăc'h'ro-nīsm, *f.* an error in chronology
Pa-răde', *f.* shew; military order; guard
Păr'a-dīgm, *f.* example [licity
Păr'a-dīe, *f.* garden of Eden; place of fe-
Păr-a-dīf'ī'a-căl, *a.* heavenly
Păr'a-dōx, *f.* an assertion contrary to ap-
pearance
Păr-a-dōx'īc-ăl, *a.* inclined to contrarieties
Păr-a-dōx'īc-ăl-ly, *ad.* in a paradoxical man-
ner [doxical
Păr-a-dōx'īc-ăl-nēss, *f.* state of being para-
Păr'a-gōn, *f.* a model; something supreme-
ly excellent: *v. a.* to compare, equal
Păr'a-grăph, *f.* a distinct part of a discourse
Păr-a-grăph'īc-ăl-ly, *ad.* by paragraphs
Păr-ăl-lăc'tīc, Păr-ăl-lăc'tīc-ăl, *a.* pertain-
ing to a parallax
Păr-ăl-lăx, *f.* the distance between the true
and apparent place of any star
Păr-ăl-lēl, *f.* resemblance; line of latitude,
&c. a line at the same distance from ano-
ther line; *a.* extended in the same direc-
tion; equal: *v. a.* to preserve the same
direction; to equal; to compare
Păr-ăl-lēl-īīm, *f.* state of being parallel
Păr-ăl-lēl'o-grām, *f.* a right lined quadri-
lateral figure
Păr-ăl'o-g'īsm, *f.* a false argument
Păr-ăl'o-g'y, *f.* false reasoning
Păr-ă'y'-fīs, *f.* a palsy
Păr-a-lýt'īc, Păr-a-lýt'īc-ăl, *a.* inclined to
palsy; palsied
Păr'a-mōūnt, *f.* a chief: *a.* superiour, chief,
eminent; of the highest order
Păr'a-mōūr, *f.* a lover, a wooer, a mistress
Păr'a-pēt, *f.* a wall breast-high
Păr-a-phér-nā'ī-a, *f.* goods in the wife's
disposal

- Pār'a-phrāse, *f.* a loose interpretation; an explanation in many words: *v. a.* to interpret with laxity of expression
 Pār'a-phrāst, *f.* one who explains in many words
 Pār-a-phrāst'ic, Pār-a-phrāst'ic-āl, *a.* not literal; verbose
 Pār'a-fāng, *f.* a Persian measure of length
 Pār'a-fite, *f.* a flatterer of great men
 Pār-a-fit'ic, Pār-a-fit'ic-āl, *a.* flatterring, wheedling
 Pār'a-fōl, *f.* a small canopy or umbrella
 Pār-a-syn-āx'is, *f.* a conventicle, a meeting
 Pār'bōil, *v. a.* to half-boil; to boil in part
 Pār'cēl, *f.* a small bundle; mean company
 Pār'ch, *v. a. & n.* to divide into portions or parts
 Pār'ch'mēnt, *f.* skins dressed for writing
 Pār'd, } *f.* the leopard: *in poetry*, any
 Pār'd'ale, } of the spotted beasts
 Pār'don, *f.* forgiveness, remission of penalty
 Pār'don, *v. a.* to forgive, excuse, remit
 Pār'don-a-ble, *a.* venial, excusable
 Pār'don-a-ble-nēss, *f.* pardonable state; venialness
 Pār'don-a-bly, *ad.* venially, excusably
 Pār'don-ēr, *f.* one who forgives another
 Pāre, *v. a.* to cut off the surface; to diminish
 Pār-e-gōr'ic, *a.* having power to soften
 Pār'rēnt, *f.* a father or mother
 Pār'rēnt-age, *f.* extraction, birth
 Pār'rēnt'āl, *a.* becoming parents
 Pār'rēn'the-sīs, *f.* a sentence inclosed thus ()
 Pār-rēn-thēt'ic-āl, *a.* pertaining to a parenthesis

- Pār'ēr, *f.* an instrument to pare with
 Pār'gēt, *f.* a plaster made of horse dung
 Pār'gēt, *v. a.* to cover with plaster
 Pār'hē'li-ōn, *f.* a mock sun
 Pār'ing, *f.* what is pared off any thing; the rhind
 Pār'ish, *f.* a particular division of land under a minister, having the care of souls:
a. belonging to the parish; maintained by the parish; having the care of the parish
 Pār'ish'ion-ēr, *f.* one who lives in a parish
 Pār-i-fy-lāb'ic-āl, *a.* having equal syllables
 Pār'i-tōr, *f.* a summoner of the court of civil law
 Pār'i-ty, *f.* equality, resemblance
 Pār'k, *f.* an inclosed ground for beasts of chase: *v. a.* to inclose; to make a park
 Pār'ley, *f.* conference, talk, oral treaty:
v. n. to treat by word of mouth; to talk
 Pār'liā mēnt, *f.* an assembly of the king and the three estates of the realm
 Pār'liā-mēnt'a-ry, *a.* pertaining to parliament
 Pār'loūv, *f.* lower room for entertainment
 Pār'lous, *a.* keen, spightly, waggish
 Pār'loūv-nēss, *f.* quickness, keenness of temper
 Pār-rō'c'hī-āl, *a.* belonging to a parish
 Pār'o-dy, *f.* a change of another's words, &c.: *v. a.* to copy by way of parody
 Pār-rōle', *f.* words given as an assurance
 Pār-o-quēt', *f.* a small species of parrot
 Pār-ō'tīd, *a.* salivary; near the ears
 Pār'ōx-ysm, *f.* a fit
 Pār'rī-cide, *f.* the murder of a father; the murderer

Pär-rī-cīd'ī-ōūs, *a.* relating to parricide
 Pär'rót, *f.* a well-known bird
 Pär-ry, *v. n.* to put by trust; to fence
 Pärse, *v. a.* to resolve by grammar rules
 Pär-sī-mō'nī-ōūs, *a.* covetous, sparing, frugal
 Pär-sī-mō'nī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* frugally, sparingly
 Pär-sī-mō'nī-ōūf-nēfs, *f.* a disposition to spare
 Pär'sī-mo-ny, *f.* frugality, niggardliness
 Pärf'ley, *f.* a plant
 Pärf'nep, *f.* a plant
 Pär'son, *f.* a clergyman possessed of great tithes
 Pär'son-age, *f.* the parson's house or benefice
 Pärt, *f.* a portion, member, share, party
 Pärt, *ad.* partly, in some measure
 Pärt, *v. a. & n.* to divide, share: to take farewell
 Pärt'a-ble, *a.* that may be parted or divided
 Pärt'age, *f.* division; act of parting
 Pär-tāke', *v. a. & n.* to participate: to share with
 Pär-tāk'ér, *f.* an accomplice, an associate
 Pärt'ér, *f.* one who parts or separates
 Pär-térre', *f.* a level division of ground
 Pär'tial, *a.* inclined to favour; unjust
 Pär-tī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* unequal judgment; injustice
 Pär'tial-ize, *v. a.* to make partial
 Pär'tial-ly, *ad.* in part; with injustice
 Pär-tī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of admitting separation
 Pär'tī-ble, *a.* divisible, separable
 Pär-tīç'ī-pānt, *a.* sharing, having a share
 Pär-tīç'ī-pate, *v. a. & n.* to partake of: to share
 Pär-tīç'ī-pā'tion, *f.* a partaking of something

Pär-tī-cīp'ī-āl, *a.* having the nature of a participle
 Pär'tī-cīp-le, *f.* a word partaking of a noun and verb
 Pär'tī-cle, *f.* any small word or part; an atom
 Pär-tīc'u-lār, *f.* point, circumstance, detail
 Pär-tīc'u-lār, *a.* singular, odd, individual
 Pär-tīc-u-lār'ī-ty, *f.* something peculiar
 Pär-tīc'u-lār-ize, *v. a.* to mention distinctly
 Pär-tīc'u-lār-ly, *ad.* distinctly, singly
 Pär-tīc'u-late, *v. a.* to mention singly
 Pär'tī-şān, *f.* a party-man; head of a party; staff
 Pär-tī'tion, *f.* that which divides; a division
 Pärt'lēt, *f.* a name given to a hen; a ruff
 Pärt'ly, *ad.* in some degree, in part
 Pärt'nér, *f.* a sharer; a dancing mate: *v. a.* to join; to associate with a person
 Pärt'nér-shīp, *f.* union in trade; joint interest
 Pär-tòok', *pret. of to partake*
 Pär'trīdge, *f.* a bird of game
 Pärts, *f.* qualities, faculties, regions, districts
 Pär-tū'rī-ēnt, *a.* about to bring forth
 Pär-tu-rī'tion, *f.* the state of being about to bring forth
 Pärt'y, *f.* select assembly; side; a detachment
 Pärt'y-cól-ōūr-ēd, *a.* having different colours
 Pärt'y-mān, *f.* a factious person
 Pärt'y-wāll, *f.* a wall between buildings
 Pär'vīs, *f.* a church or church-porch
 Pär'vī-tude, Pär'vī-ty, *f.* littleness, minuteness
 Pās, *f.* right of precedence
 Pās'c'hāl, *a.* relating to the passover
 Pāsh, *f.* a kiss: *v. a.* to strike, crush

Pās'quāil, Pās'quāin, Pās'quāin-āde', *f.* a lampoon

Pās, *f.* narrow entrance; licence, push, con-

Pās, *v. a. & n.* to go through, to strain, omit, excel, exact a law: to make way; to proceed

Pās'a-ble, *a.* may be passed; tolerable

Pās-fā'do, *f.* a push, a thrust [tation

Pās'sage, *f.* a journey by water; road; quo-

Pās-ēd, *pret. & part. pass.* of *to pass*

Pās'sēn-gēr, *f.* one who hires a place in a carriage; a way-farer

Pās'sēr, *f.* one who passes

Pās-sī-bīl'i-ty, Pās'sī-ble-nēss, *f.* quality of receiving impressions from external agents

Pās'sī-ble, *a.* may suffer or be impressed

Pās'sing, *part.* supreme, exceeding eminent

Pās'sing-bēll, *f.* the death-bell

Pās'sion, *f.* anger, love, zeal, lust, suffering

Pās'sion-flōw-ēr, *f.* a plant

Pās'sion-wēek, *f.* the week before Easter

Pās'sion-ate, *a.* moved by passion; soon angry

Pās'sion-ate-ly, *ad.* angrily; fondly

Pās'sion-ate-nēss, *f.* aptness to be in a passion

Pās'sive, *a.* submissive, suffering

Pās'sive-ly, *ad.* with a passive nature

Pās'siven-ēss, Pās'siv'i-ty, *f.* power of suffering; submission

Pās'sō-vēr, *f.* a Jewish festival, sacrifice, killed

Pās'spōrt, *f.* permission of egress

Pās't, *a.* gone through; not present; under-gone

Pās'te, *f.* a thick mixture of solid and fluid: *v. a.* to fasten or stick with paste

Pās'te-bōard, *f.* a thick strong paper

Pās'tērn, *f.* knee of a horse; the leg

Pās'tīl, *f.* a roll of paste

Pās'tīme, *f.* sport, amusement

Pās'tōr, *f.* a shepherd; a minister of a congregation

Pās'tōr-āl, *f.* a kind of poem; an idyl: *a.* rural, relating to the cure of souls

Pās'try, *f.* pies or baked paste; act of making pies

Pās'try-cōok, *f.* one who makes pies, &c.

Pās'tur-a-ble, *a.* fit for pasture

Pās'tur-age, *f.* lands grazed by cattle; use of pasture

Pās'ture, *f.* land for grazing; food; education: *v. a.* to graze, to place in a pasture

Pās'ty, *f.* a pye of crust raised without a dish

Pāt, *a.* fit, convenient, exact, suitable

Pāt, *f.* a slight touch; a quick light blow

Pāt, *v. a.* to strike lightly; to tap

Pāt-a-cōon', *f.* a Spanish coin, value 4 s. 8 d.

Pātch, *f.* a piece to cover a hole; a small piece of black silk used on the face; a parcel of land: *v. a.* to piece, to put on patches

Pātch/ēr, *f.* one who patches; a botcher

Pātch/e-ry, *f.* botchery; forgery

Pātch/wōrk, *f.* pieces of divers colours sewed interchangeably together in form

Pāte, *f.* the head; used in *ridicule*

Pāt'ēd, *a.* having a head

Pāt'en, *f.* a plate used for bread at the altar

Pāt'ēnt, *f.* a grant of an exclusive right; charter: *a.* public, open to the perusal of

Pāt-en-tēe', *f.* who has a patent

Pāt'ēr-nōl'tēr, *f.* the Lord's prayer

Pa-tēr'nāl, *a.* fatherly, hereditary, affectionate

Pa-tēr'nī-ty, *f.* fathership

Pàth, *f.* way; foot-road, track
 Pa-thết/íc, Pa-thết/íc-ăl, *a.* affecting the passions; passionate, moving
 Pa-thết/íc-ăl-ly, *ad.* in a moving manner
 Pa-thết/íc-ăl-něs, *f.* quality of moving the passions
 Pàth'less, *a.* untrodden; not marked with paths
 Pàth'wāy, *f.* a foot-way, a narrow road
 Păt'ĩ-ble, *a.* sufferable, tolerable
 Pa-tĩb'u-la-ry, *a.* belonging to the gallows
 Pā'tience, *f.* the power of suffering endurance
 Pā'tient, *f.* a sick or diseased person: *a.* not easily moved or provoked
 Pā'tient-ly, *ad.* without murmuring
 Păt'ly, *ad.* commodiously, fitly
 Pā'trĩ-àrc'h, *f.* head of a family, superior bishop
 Pā'trĩ-àrc'h-ăl, *a.* belonging to patriarchs
 Pā'trĩ-àrc'h-ĩp, *f.* dignity of a patriarch
 Pā'trĩ-àrc'h-y, *f.* jurisdiction of patriarchs
 Pa-trĩ'cian, *f.* a nobleman
 Pā-trĩ'cian, *a.* senatorial, noble, not plebeian
 Păt-rĩ-mō'nĩ-ăl, *a.* derived by inheritance
 Păt'rĩ-mo-ny, *f.* an estate by inheritance
 Pā'trĩ-õt, *f.* a lover of his country
 Pā'trĩ-õt-ĩsm, *f.* love and zeal for one's country
 Pa-trōl', *f.* a guard to walk the rounds
 Pa-trōl', *v. n.* to go the rounds appointed
 Pā'trôn, or Păt'rôn, *f.* an advocate, defender, benefactor, guardian, saint
 Păt'rôn-age, *f.* support, protection, right of giving. *v. a.* to protect, to countenance
 Păt'rôn-ăl, *a.* protecting, supporting

Păt'rôn-ěs, *f.* a female patron
 Păt'rôn-ise *v. a.* to protect, support, countenance [iron
 Păt'těn, *f.* base of a pillar; clog shod with
 Păt'těn-māk-ér, *f.* one who makes patters
 Păt'tér, *v. a.* to make a noise like hail or the quick steps of many feet
 Păt'térn, *f.* a specimen, example, figure: *v. a.* to make an imitation, to copy
 Pāv'en, Pāv'ĩn, *f.* a kind of dance
 Pāu-cĩl'o-qũy, *f.* sparing and rare speech
 Pāu'cĩ-ty, *f.* fewness, smallness of number
 Pāve, *v. a.* to floor with stone; to make easy
 Pāve'měnt, *f.* stone laid on the ground
 Pāv'ér, Pāv'ĩér, *f.* one who lays stones
 Pa-vĩl'ĩón, *f.* a tent: *v. a.* to furnish with tents
 Pàunch or Pāunch', *f.* the inclosure of the guts
 Pàunch, *v. a.* to take out the paunch
 Pāu'pér, *f.* one who receives alms
 Pāu'fě, *f.* a stop, break in discourse, suspense: *v. n.* to wait, stop, deliberate
 Pāu'f'ér, *f.* one who pauses or deliberates
 Pāw', *f.* foot of a beast, the hand [in contempt]; *v. a. & n.* to handle roughly: to fawn, to draw the fore foot along the ground
 Pāw'ěd, *a.* having paws, broad-footed
 Pāwn', *f.* a pledge for security, a chessman: *v. a.* to pledge, to leave a security
 Pāwn'brōk-ér, *f.* one who takes in pawns
 Pāy, *f.* wages, hire money for services: *v. a.* to discharge a debt, to atone; to
 Pāy'a-ble, *a.* to be paid, due [beat
 Pāy'dāy, *f.* day for paying wages, &c.

Pāy'mās-tér, *f.* one who is to pay
Pāy'mēnt, *f.* the act of paying; reward, chastisement
Pēa, *f.* a well-known kind of pulse; *pl.* pease
Pēace, *f.* respite from war; quiet, rest, content: *interj.* commanding silence
Pēace'ōf-fēr-ing, *f.* a sacrifice for atonement
Pēace'a-ble, *a.* free from war, quiet
Pēace'a-ble-nēss, *f.* quietness, tranquillity
Pēace'a-bly, *ad.* without noise or disturbance
Pēace'fūl, *a.* quiet, mild
Pēace'fūl-ly, *ad.* quietly, mildly, gently
Pēace'fūl-nēss, *f.* freedom from disturbance
Pēace'māk-ér, *f.* who makes peace
Pēace'pārt-ēd, *f.* sent from the world in peace
Pēch, *f.* a roundish fleshy fruit
Pēach, *v. n.* to accuse of a crime. See *Impeach* [peach
Pēach'cōl-ōūr-ēd, *a.* having the colour of a
Pēa'chīck, *f.* a chicken of a peacock
Pēa'cōck, *f.* a fowl beautiful in feathers
Pēa'hēn, *f.* the female of a peacock
Pēak, *f.* top of a hill, fore part of a head-dress; *v. n.* to look sickly, to make a mean figure
Pēal, *f.* succession of loud sounds as of bells
Pēal, *v. a. & n.* to assail with noise: to play solemnly and loud
Pēār, *f.* a fruit
Pēarl, *f.* a gem in shell-fish; a film on the
Pēarl'ēd, *a.* adorned with pearls [eye
Pēarl'eŷ-ēd, *a.* having a speck in the eye
Pēarl'y, *a.* abounding with pearls
Pēār-māin', *f.* an apple
Pēār'trēe, *f.* a tree which bears pears
Pēas'ānt, *f.* one who lives by rural labour
Pēas'ānt-ry, *f.* country people [a hind
Pēase'cōd, **Pēa'shēll**, *f.* the husk that contains pease

Pēase-pūd'dīng, *f.* a pudding made of pease
Pēat, *f.* species of turf used for fire
Pēb'ble, **Pēb'ble-stōne**, *f.* a sort of stone
Pēb'blēd, *a.* sprinkled with pebbles
Pēb'bly, *a.* abounding with pebbles
Pēc-ca-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* the state of being subject to sin
Pēc'ca-ble, *a.* incident to sin
Pēc-ca-dīl'lo, *f.* a petty fault, slight crime
Pēc'cān-cy, *f.* bad quality [posed
Pēc'cānt, *a.* criminal, corrupt, bad, ill-dis-
Pēck, *f.* the fourth part of a bushel
Pēck, *v. a.* to eat and strike as a bird
Pēck'ér, *f.* one who pecks, a kind of bird
Pēc'to-rāl, *f.* a medicine; a breast-plate:
a. belonging to the breast, stomachic
Pēc-u-lā'tion, *f.* theft of public money
Pēc-u-lā'tōr, *f.* a robber of the public
Pe-cū'lī-ār, *f.* property, something exempt:
a. appropriated, particular, single
Pe-cu-lī-ār'ī-ty, *f.* particularity, singularity
Pe-cū'lī-ār-ly, *ad.* particularly, singly
Pe-cū'nī-a-ry, *a.* relating to money
Pēd, *f.* a small pack-saddle; a hamper
Pēd-a-gōg'ī-cāl, *a.* suiting a schoolmaster
Pēd'a-gōgue, *f.* a schoolmaster, a pedant:
v. a. to teach superciliously
Pēd'a-gōg-y, *f.* office of a pedagogue; discipline
Pē'dāl, *a.* belonging to a foot
Pē'dāls, *f.* the large pipes of an organ
Pēd'ānt, *f.* a schoolmaster; a man vain of low knowledge
Pe-dān'tīc, **Pe-dān'tīc-āl**, *a.* like a pedant, awkwardly ostentations of learning
Pe-dān'tīc-āl-ly, *ad.* with boasting and awkward ostentation of literature
Pēd'ānt-ry, *f.* ostentation of needless learning

Pěd'dle, *v. n.* to be busy about trifles
 Pěd'ěst-ál, *f.* the basis of a statue
 Pěd'ĩ-grēe, *f.* genealogy, lineage, descent
 Pěd'ĩ-měnt, *f.* a term in *architecture*
 Pěd'lér, *f.* one who travels the country
 dealing in small commodities
 Pěd'lér-y, *f.* wares sold by pedlers
 Pěd'dlǐng, *a.* petty dealing, such as pedlers
 have
 Pe-do-bǎp'tǐsm, *f.* infant baptism
 Pe-do-bǎp'tǐst, *f.* who practises infant bap-
 tism
 Pēel, *f.* rind, shell; board used by bakers
 Pēel, *v. a.* to flay, to scale off; to plunder
 Pēel'ér, *f.* one who strips or flays, a rob-
 ber
 Pēep, *f.* a fly look; first appearance
 Pēep, *v. n.* to make the first appearance
 Pēep'hōle, Pēep'ǐng-hōle, *f.* a hole to peep
 through without being discovered
 Pēer, *f.* an equal, a nobleman
 Pēer, *v. n.* to come just in sight, to peep
 Pēer'age, Pēer'dom, *f.* dignity of peers;
 body of peers
 Pēer'ěs, *f.* a woman ennobled, a peer's lady
 Pēer'lěs, *a.* having no equal, unequalled
 Pēer'lěš-něs, *f.* universal superiority
 Pēev'ǐsh, *a.* petulant, waspish, hard to please
 Pēev'ǐshly, *ad.* angrily, morosely
 Pēev'ǐsh-něs, *f.* fretfulness, perverseness
 Pēg, *f.* a nickname of *Margaret*; a wooden
 pin
 Pēg, *v. a.* to fasten with a peg
 Pělf, *f.* money, riches, food
 Pěi'ĩ-cǎn, *f.* a bird very fond of its young
 Pěl'lět, *f.* a little iron ball or bullet, a ball
 Pěl'lět-ěd, *a.* consisting of pellets
 Pěl'ĩ-cle, *f.* a thin skin

Pěl'ĩ-to-ry, *f.* an herb
 Pěll-měll', *ad.* confusedly, without order
 Pěllš, *f.* an officer in the *exchequer*
 Pěl-lū'cǐd, *a.* clear, transparent, not opaque
 Pěl-lu-cǐd'ĩ-ty, Pěl-lū'cǐd-něs, *f.* clearness,
 transparency
 Pělt, *f.* skin, hide; the quarry of a hawk
 all torn: *v. a.* to throw at, to cast
 Pělt'ǐng, *a.* pitiful; paltry; casting
 Pělt'món-g,ér, *f.* a dealer in raw hides
 Pěl'vǐs, *f.* the lower part of the belly
 Pěn, *f.* an instrument to write with; a
 coop: *v. a.* to coop, imprison; to write
 Pě'nǎl, *a.* inflicting punishment, vindictive
 Pěn'ǎl-ty, Pěn-ǎl'ĩ-ty, *f.* punishment, ju-
 dicial infliction, forfeiture upon non-per-
 formance
 Pěn'ǎnce, *f.* act of atonement
 Pěnce, *f. pl.* of *penny*
 Pěn'cǐl, *f.* a tool for drawing, painting or
 writing
 Pěn'cǐl, *v. n.* to paint, to delineate
 Pěnd'ǎnt, *f.* an ear-ring; small flag in a
 ship
 Pěnd'ěnce, *f.* slopeness, inclination
 Pěnd'ěn-cy, *f.* suspense, delay of decision
 Pěnd'ěnt, *a.* hanging, jutting over
 Pěnd'ǐng, *a.* depending, undecided
 Pěnd-u-lǒl'ĩ-ty, Pěnd'u-lǒš-něs, *f.* state
 of hanging [slow
 Pěnd'u-lǒš, *a.* hanging, not supported be-
 Pěnd'u-lǔm, *f.* the vibrating instrument of
 a clock [flood
 Pěn'e-tra-ble, *a.* may be pierced or under-
 Pěn-e-tra-bǐl'ĩ-ty, *f.* susceptibility of im-
 pression [ing
 Pěn'e-trǎn-cy, *f.* power of entering or pierc-

Pěn'e-trānt, *a.* having power to pierce, sharp

Pěn'e-trate, *v. a. & n.* to pierce: to enter, to make way

Pěn-e-trā'tion, *f.* acuteness, sagacity, act of entering any body, mental entrance

Pěn'e-tra-tive, *a.* piercing, subtil, acute, sagacious

Pěn'qūn, *f.* a bird; fruit

Pěn-in'su-la, *f.* land almost surrounded by water

Pěn-in'su-lat-ēd, *a.* almost surrounded by water

Pěn'ī-tēnce, *f.* sorrow for sin

Pěn'ī-tēnt, *a.* sorrowful for an offence: *f.* one sorrowful for sin

Pěn'ī-tēn'tial, *f.* book directing the degrees of penance

Pěn'ī-tēn'tial, *a.* expressing repentance

Pěn'ī-tēn'tia-ry, *f.* who does penance; a confessor

Pěn'ī-tēnt-ly, *ad.* with sorrow for sin

Pěn'knīfe, *f.* a knife to make pens

Pěn'mān, *f.* one who teacheth the art of writing, a good writer; an author

Pěn'nānt, *f.* a tackle for hoisting things on board; a small flag, ensign, or colours

Pěn'nat-ēd, *a.* winged

Pěn'nī-lēss, *a.* wanting money, poor, moneyless

Pěn'nón, *f.* a small flag or colour

Pěn'ny, *f.* the twelfth part of a shilling

Pěn'ny-rōy'āl, *f.* an herb

Pěn'ny-wēight, *f.* 24 grains Troy weight

Pěn'ny-wīse, *a.* hazarding much to save little

Pěn'ny-wórt, *f.* enough for a penny

Pěn'sile, *a.* hanging; supported above the ground

Pěn'sion, *f.* a settled allowance

Pěn'sion, *v. a.* to support by allowance

Pěn'sion-a-ry, *f.* a chief magistrate in Dutch cities: *a.* maintained by pensions

Pěn'sion-ér, *f.* one who receives a pension

Pěn'sive, *a.* sorrowful, serious, thoughtful

Pěn'sive-ly, *ad.* sorrowfully, with melancholy

Pěn'sive-nēss, *f.* melancholy

Pēnt, *part. pass.* of *to pen*; shut up

Pēnt'a-c'hōrd, *f.* a five stringed instrument

Pēnt'ā-gōn, *f.* a figure with five angles

Pēnt'āg'ōn-āl, *a.* having five angles

Pēn-tām'e-tér, *f.* a Latin verse of five feet

Pēnt-ān'gu-lār, *a.* five cornered

Pēnt-āst'ic, *f.* a composition of five verses

Pēn'ta-teūch, *f.* the five books of Moses

Pēn'te-cōst, *f.* Whitsuntide, Jewish feast

Pēn'te-cōst'āl, *a.* belonging to Whitsuntide

Pēnt'hōūse, *f.* a shed sloping from a wall

Pēnt'ice, *f.* a sloping roof

Pēn'tile, *f.* a tile for the roofs of houses

Pe-nūl'tī-ma, *f.* the last syllable but one

Pe-nūm'bra, *f.* an imperfect shadow

Pe-nū'rī-ōūs, *a.* niggardly, scant, sparing

Pe-nū'rī-ōūf-ly, *ad.* sparingly

Pe-nū'rī-ōūf-nēss, *f.* niggardliness, parsimony

Pēn'u-ry, *f.* poverty, indigence, want

Pē'o-ny, *f.* a flower

Pēo'ple, *f.* a nation, the vulgar, persons in general

Pēo'ple, *v. a.* to stock with inhabitants

Pēp'pér, *f.* a sort of spice: *v. a.* to sprinkle with pepper, to beat; to mangle with shot or blows

Pēp'pér-bōx, *f.* a box for holding pepper

Pēp'pér-cōrn, *f.* any thing of little value

Pēp'pér-mīnt, *f.* very hot mint

Pēp'pér-wórt, *f.* a plant

Pēr-ād-vēn'ture, *ad.* perhaps, by chance

Pér-ām'bu-late, *v. a.* to walk through, to survey [tual survey
Pér-ām-bu-lā'tion, *f.* a passing through; ac-
Pér-cāse', *ad.* perchance, perhaps
Pér-cē've', *v. a.* to discover, to know, to ob-
serve
Pér-cēiv'a-ble, *a.* that may be perceived
Pér-cēive'a-bly, *ad.* perceptibly [ceiving
Pér-cēp'tī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* the power of per-
Pér-cēp'tī-ble, *a.* may be observed [ceived
Pér-cēp'tī-bly, *ad.* in a manner to be per-
Pér-cēp'tion, *f.* knowledge, idea [ceiving
Pér-cēp'tive, *a.* having the power of per-
Pérch, *f.* a fish; 5 i-half yards; a bird's
roost: *v. a. & n.* to light as a bird; to
roost
Pér-chānce', *ad.* peradventure, perhaps
Pér-cīp'ī-ēnt, *a.* having the power of per-
Pér-co-late, *v. a.* to strain [ception
Pér-co-lā'tion, *f.* purification by straining
Pér-cūs', *v. a.* to strike, to act upon by a
blow
Pér-cūs'sion, *f.* a striking, a stroke
Pér-cū'tient, *a.* striking
Pér-dī'tion, *f.* destruction, loss, death, ruin
Pér'due, *ad.* close, in ambush [eign lands
Pér-e-grī-nā'tion, *f.* travel, abode in for-
Pér'e-grīne, *a.* of a strange country
Pér-ēmp'to-rī-ly, *ad.* absolutely, positively
Pér-ēmp'to-rī-nēss, *f.* positiveness
Pér-ēmp'to-ry, *a.* absolute, without expof-
tulation
Pér-ēn'nī-āl, *a.* lasting a year
Pér-ēn'nī-ty, *f.* eternal duration
Pér'fēct, *a.* complete, blameless, pure, safe
Pér'fēct, *v. a.* to finish, to complete
Pér-fēc'tion, *f.* state of being perfect
Pér-fēc'tion-ate, *v. a.* to make perfect

Pér-fēc'tive, *a.* conducive to bring to per-
fection
Pér-fēc'tive-ly, *ad.* in a perfecting manner
Pér-fēct-ly, *ad.* completely, totally, exact-
ly
Pér'fēct-nēss, *f.* completeness, goodness, skill
Pér-fīd'ī-ōūs, *a.* treacherous
Pér-fīd'ī-ōūs-ly, *ad.* by breach of faith
Pér-fīd'ī-ōūs-nēss, *f.* quality of being perf-
Pér'fī-dy, *f.* treachery [dious
Pér'fo-rate, *v. a.* to pierce through
Pér-fo-rā'tion, *f.* act of boring; place bor-
ed
Pér-fo-rā'tór, *f.* a surgical instrument
Pér-fōrce', *ad.* by constraint; violently
Pér-fōrm', *v. a. & n.* to do, to execute, to ac-
complish: to succeed in any attempt
Pér-fōrm'a-ble, *a.* practicable
Pér-fōrm'ānē, *f.* the act of performing;
work done
Pér-fōrm'ér, *f.* one who performs any
thing
Pér-fū'ma-to-ry, *a.* that which perfumes
Pér-fūme', *f.* sweet odour, fragrance: *v. a.*
to impregnate with sweet scent
Pér-fūm'ér, *f.* one who deals in perfumes
Pér-hāps', *ad.* it may be
Pér-ī-cārd'ī-ūm, *f.* membrane round the
heart
Pér-ī-crān'ī-ūm, *f.* membrane covering the
skull
Pér-īc'u-loūs, *a.* dangerous
Pér-ī-hē'lī-ūm, *f.* place of a planet nearest
the sun [pardy
Pér'īl, *f.* danger denounced; hazard, jeo-
Pér'īl-ōūs, *a.* dangerous, hazardous
Pér'īl-ōūs-ly, *ad.* dangerously; with hazard
Pér'īl-ōūs-nēss, *f.* dangerousness

Pěr-im'e-tér, *f.* circumference or compass of a figure
 Pě-rĩ-ód, *f.* circuit, epocha, end, full point
 Pe-rĩ-ód'íc, Pě-rĩ-ód'íc-ál, *a.* circular, at stated times; regular, making a circuit
 Pe-rĩ-ód'íc-ál-ly, *ad.* at stated periods
 Pe-rĩph'e-ry, *f.* circumference; space inclosed in a circle [many
 Pěr'ĩ-phrāse, *v. a.* to express one word by
 Pěr'ĩph'ra-f'is, *f.* circumlocution
 Pěr'ĩ-phrāf'tíc-ál, *a.* circumlocutory
 Pěr'ish, *v. a. & n.* to destroy: to die, to be
 Pěr'ish-a-ble, *a.* liable to perish [lost
 Pěr'ish-a-ble-něs, *f.* liableness to decay
 Pěr'if-týle', *f.* round range of pillars
 Pěr'jure, *f.* a forsworn person: *v. a.* to forswear, to taint with perjury
 Pěr'jur-ér, *f.* one who swears falsely
 Pěr'jur-y, *f.* a false oath
 Pěr'ĩ-wíg, *f.* a man's hairy covering for his head
 Pěr'ĩ-wíg, *v. a.* to dress with false hair
 Pěr'ĩ-wĩn-kle, *f.* a sea-snail; a plant
 Pérk, *a.* brisk, airy, pert
 Pérk, *v. a. & n.* to dress, prank, hold up the head affectedly
 Pér'man-ěnce, Pér'man-ěn-cy, *f.* continuance, duration
 Pér'man-ěnt, *a.* lasting, durable, unchanged
 Pér'man-ěnt-ly, *ad.* durably, lastingly
 Pér'me-a-ble, *a.* that may be passed through
 Pér'me-ánt, *a.* passing through
 Pér'me-ate, *v. a.* to pass through
 Pér'me-ā'tion, *f.* the act of passing through
 Pér-mĩf'cĩ-ble, *a.* that may be mingled
 Pér-mĩf'fĩ-ble, *a.* that may be permitted
 Pér-mĩf'sion, *f.* grant of liberty, allowance
 Pér-mĩf'sive, *a.* granting leave, allowed

Pér-mĩf'sive-ly, *ad.* by permission
 Pér-mĩf'tĩ-ón, *f.* the act of mixing
 Pér-mĩt', *f.* warrant for removing brandy, &c.
 Pér-mĩt', *v. a.* to suffer to be done, to allow
 Pér-mĩt'tance, *f.* allowance, permission
 Pér-mĩx'tĩ-ón, *f.* the act of mingling
 Pér-mu-tā'tion, *f.* exchange of one for another
 Pér-mũte', *v. a.* to exchange
 Pér-mũt'ér, *f.* an exchanger; he who permutes
 Pér-nĩ'cious, *a.* destructive, mischievous
 Pér-nĩ'cious-ly, *ad.* ruinously, destructively
 Pér-nĩ'cious-něs, *f.* quality of being pernicious
 Pér-nĩč'ĩ-ty, *f.* swiftmess, celerity
 Pěr-o-rā'tion, *f.* the conclusion of an oration
 Pér-pěnd', *v. a.* to weigh in the mind
 Pér-pěnd'ĩ-cle, *f.* any thing hanging down by a straight line
 Pér-pěn-dĩc'u-lár, *f.* a line crossing the horizon at right angles: *a.* in a straight line downwards: crossing any other line at right angles
 Pér-pěn-dĩc'u-lár-ly, *ad.* in a perpendicular manner
 Pér-pěn-dĩc'u-lár'ĩ-ty, *f.* state of being perpendicular
 Pér-pěn'sion, *f.* serious consideration
 Pér'pe-trate, *v. a.* to commit; to act (in an ill sense)
 Pér-pe-trā'tion, *f.* commission of a crime
 Pér-pět'u-ál, *f.* continual, never ceasing
 Pér-pět'u-ál-ly, *ad.* constantly, incessantly
 Pér-pět'u-ate, *v. a.* to eternize, make perpetual
 Pér-pět-u-ā'tion, *f.* act of making perpetual

Pér-pe-tū'ī-ty, *f.* a duration to all futurity
Pér-plēx', *v. a.* to distract, vex; disturb with doubts
Pér-plēx'ēd, *a.* intricate, difficult
Pér-plēx'ēd-ly, *ad.* with involution; intricately
Pér-plēx'ēd-nēs, *f.* embarrassment, intricacy
Pér-plēx'ī-ty, *f.* distraction of mind; intricacy
Pér'quī-fīte, *f.* something gained by a place or office over and above the settled wages
Pér-quī-fī-tion, *f.* a thorough search
Pēr-ry, *f.* cider made of pears
Pér'se-cute, *v. a.* to pursue with malignity; to harass
Pér-se-cū'tion, *f.* the act of persecuting
Pér-se-cū'tor, *f.* one who persecutes
Pér-se-vēr'ānce, *f.* steadiness in pursuits
Pér-se-vēr'ānt, *a.* constant, persisting
Pér-se-vēre', *v. a.* to persist in an attempt
Pér-se-vēr'ing-ly, *ad.* with perseverance
Pér-fīst', *v. n.* to persevere; continue firm
Pér-fīst'ēnce, *Pér-fīst'ēn-cy*, *f.* constancy, obstinacy, steadiness, perseverance
Pér-fīst'ive, *a.* not receding from a purpose
Pér'son, *f.* a man or woman; shape of a body
Pér'son-a-ble, *a.* graceful, handsome
Pér'son-age, *f.* a considerable person; stature
Pér'son-āl, *a.* proper to him or her
Pér'son-āl'ī-ty, *f.* the individuality of any one
Pér'son-āl-ly, *ad.* in person, in presence
Pér'son-ate, *v. a.* to represent; counterfeit
Pér-sōn-īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* change of things to persons

Pér-sōn'ī-fȳ, *v. a.* to change things to persons
Pér-spēc'tīve, *f.* spying-glass; view, vista: *a.* relating to vision; optical
Pér-spī-cā'cious, *a.* quick-sighted; sharp-sighted
Pér-spī-cā'ciouf-nēs, } *f.* quickness of
Pér-spī-cāç'ī-ty, } sight
Pér-spī-cū'ī-ty, *f.* clearness, transparency
Pér-spīc'u-ōūs', *a.* clear, easily seen, plain
Pér-spīc'u-ōūs-ly, *ad.* clearly, not obscurely
Pér-spīc'u-ōūs-nēs, *f.* clearness, perspicuity
Pér-spīr'a-ble, *a.* emitted by the pores
Pér-spī-rā'tion, *f.* excretion by the cuticular pores
Pér-spī-rā-tīve, *a.* causing sweat
Pér-spīre', *v. n.* to sweat; to be excreted by the skin
Pér-sûād'a-ble, *a.* such as may be persuaded
Pér-sûāde', *v. a.* to bring to an opinion
Pér-sûād'ér, *f.* an importunate adviser
Pér-sûā'fī-ble, *a.* that may be persuaded
Pér-sûā'fion, *f.* the act of persuading, opinion
Pér-sûā'fīve, *a.* able to persuade
Pér-sûā'fīve-ly, *ad.* so as to persuade
Pér-sûā'fīve-nēs, *f.* influence on the passions
Pér-sûā'fo-ry, *a.* able to persuade
Pért, *a.* lively, saucy, petulant, smart
Pér-tāin', *v. n.* to belong; to relate unto
Pér-tī-nā'cious, *a.* obstinate, resolute, steady
Pér-tī-nā'ciouf-ly, *ad.* obstinately
Pér-tī-nā'ciouf-nēs, } *f.* obstinacy, con-
Pér-tī-nāç'ī-ty, } stancy, stubborn-
Pér'tī-na-cy, } ness, resolution
Pér'tī-nēnce, *Pér'tī-nēn-cy*, *f.* propriety to the purpose; appositeness, fitness

Pér'ti-něnt, *a.* just to the purpose
 Pér'ti-něnt-ly, *ad.* to the purpose
 Pér-ti-něnt-něs, *f.* appositeness, suitability
 Pěrt'ly, *a.* briskly, saucily, petulantly
 Pěrt'něs, *f.* brisk folly; sauciness
 Pér-turb', Pér-turb'ate, *v. a.* to disquiet, disturb, deprive of tranquillity
 Pér-tür-bā'tion, *f.* disquiet of mind, disorder
 Pér-tür-bā'tór, *f.* a raiser of commotions
 Pér-tűf'ěd, *a.* punched, pierced with holes
 Pér-tűf'ion, *f.* the act of piercing; a hole made
 Pér-vāde, *v. a.* to pass through
 Pér-vāf'ion, *f.* the act of passing through
 Pér-věrs'e', *a.* obstinate, petulant, stubborn
 Pér-věrs'e'ly, *ad.* vexatiously, spitefully, crossly
 Pér-věrs'e'něs, *f.* spiteful crossness
 Pér-věrf'ion, *f.* change for worse; act of perverting
 Pér-věrf'f'ity, *f.* perverseness
 Pér-věrt', *v. a.* to turn from the right; to corrupt
 Pér-věrt'ér, *f.* a corrupter; changing to evil
 Pér-věrt'f'ible, *a.* that may be easily perverted
 Pér-vf-cā-cious, *a.* spitefully obstinate
 Pér-vf-cā'ciouf-ly, *ad.* with spiteful obstinacy
 Pér-vf-cā'ciouf-něs, } *f.* spiteful obstinacy; peevish contumacy
 Pér-vf-cā'f'ity, }
 Pér-vf-ca-cy, }
 Pér-vf-oűs, *a.* may be permeated
 Pér-vf-oűf-něs, *f.* quality of admitting passage
 Pěr'űke, *f.* a hair-covering for the head

Pěr'űkemāk-ér, *f.* a wig-maker
 Pe-rűf'āl, *f.* the act of reading over
 Pe-rűse', *v. a.* to read, examine, observe
 Pe-rűf'ér, *f.* a reader, an examiner
 Pe-fāde', *f.* a motion of a horse
 Pěst, *f.* plague; any thing mischievous or destructive
 Pěst'ér, *v. a.* to disturb, encumber, harass
 Pěst'ér-ér, *f.* one who pesters or disturbs
 Pěst'é-roűs, *a.* encumbering, cumbersome
 Pěst'hōűse, *f.* a hospital for infected persons
 Pěst'tűf'ér-oűs, *a.* destructive, malignant
 Pěst'tű-lěnce, *f.* plague, contagious distemper
 Pěst'tű-lěnt, *a.* producing plagues, malignant
 Pěst'tű-lěnt'ial, *a.* destructive
 Pěst'tű-lěnt-ly, *ad.* destructively, mischievously
 Pěst'tű-lā'tion, *f.* act of pounding in a mortar
 Pěst'tle, *f.* a tool to beat in a mortar
 Pět, *f.* a slight passion, anger; a young lamb
 Pět'āls, *f.* the fine coloured leaves of flowers of all plants
 Pe-tār', Pe-tārd', *f.* an engine to blow up
 Pět'it, *f.* small, inconsiderable [places
 Pe-tű'tion, *f.* request, prayer, entreaty: *v. a.* to solicit, supplicate
 Pe-tű'tion-a-rűly, *ad.* by way of begging the question
 Pě-tű'tion-a-ry, *a.* supplicatory, petitioning
 Pě-tű'tion-ér, *f.* one who offers a petition
 Pě'tre, *f.* nitre, salpetre
 Pe-trěf'cěnt, *a.* becoming or growing stone
 Pět-rű-fāc'tion, *f.* act of becoming or turning to stone; that which is made a stone

Pēt-rī-fác'tive, *a.* having the power to form stone
Pēt-rī-fī-cā'tion, *f.* a body formed by changing other matter to stone
Pe-trīf'ic, *a.* able to turn to stone
Pēt'rī fȳ, *v. a. & n.* to change to stone : to become stone [woman
Pēt'tī-cōt, *f.* an under garment for a
Pēt'tī-fōg-gér, *f.* a small-rate lawyer
Pēt'tī-něs, *f.* smallness, inconsiderableness
Pēt'tīsh, *a.* fretful, peevish, ill-natured
Pēt'tīsh-něs, *f.* peevishness, fretfulness
Pēt'tī-tōeš, *f.* the feet of a sucking pig
Pēt'tō, *f.* breast ; (*figuratively*) privacy
Pēt'ty, *a.* small, inconsiderable, inferiour
Pēt'u-lānce, **Pēt'u-lān-cy**, *f.* sauciness, peevishness, wantonness, fretfulness
Pēt'u-lānt, *a.* saucy, perverse, wanton
Pēt'u-lānt-ly, *ad.* with saucy pertness
Pew, *f.* a close seat in a church
Pew'ēt, *f.* a species of the lapwing
Pew'tér, *f.* a compound metal
Pew'ér-ér, *f.* one who works in pewter
Phāl'ānx, *f.* a troop of men closely embodied [nation
Phān'tāsm, **Phān-tāś'ma**, *f.* vain imagination
Phān'tóm, *f.* a spectre ; a fancied vision
Phār-ī-fā'ic-āl, *a.* externally religious
Phār-ma-geūt'ic, **Phar-ma-geūt'ic-āl**, *a.* relating to the art or knowledge of pharmacy
Phār-ma-cōl'o-g,ist, *f.* one who writes upon drugs
Phār-ma-cōl'o-g,y, *f.* the knowledge of drugs
Phār'ma-co-pē'ia, *f.* a dispensatory
Phār-ma-cōp'o-līst, *f.* one who sells medicines

Phār'ma-cy, *f.* the trade of an apothecary ; the art of preparing medicines
Phā'rōs, **Phāre**, *f.* a light-house
Phā'sis, *f.* appearances of the moon, &c.
Phāsm, *f.* fancied apparition ; phantom
Phēaš'ānt, *f.* a kind of wild cock or hen
Phēer, *f.* a companion
Phēese, *v. a.* to comb, fleece, curry
Phē'nix, *f.* a kind of bird
Phe-nom'e-nōn, *f.* a wonderful appearance
Phī'āl, *f.* a small bottle [nature
Phī-lān'thro-py, *f.* love of mankind ; good
Phīl-īp'pic, *f.* an invective declamation
Phī-lōl'o-g,ér, *f.* a grammarian ; a critic ; one whose chief study is language
Phī-lo-lōg,ic-āl, *a.* critical, grammatical
Phī-lōl'o-g,ist, *f.* a critic, a grammarian
Phī-lōl'o-g,y, *f.* grammatical learning
Phīl'o-mēl, **Phīl-o-mē'la**, *f.* the nightingale
Phīl'o-mōt, *a.* coloured like a dead leaf
Phī-lōl'o-phēme, *f.* principle of reasoning, theorem
Phī-lōl'o-phér, *f.* a man deep in knowledge, either moral or natural
Phī-lōl'o-phér's stone, *f.* stone to turn metals into gold
Phī-lo-sōph'ic, **Phī-lo-sōph'ic-āl**, *a.* belonging to philosophy
Phī-lo-sōph'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* rationally, wisely
Phī-lōl'o-phize, *v. a.* to reason like a philosopher
Phī-lōl'o-phy, *f.* moral or natural knowledge
Phīl'tér, *f.* something to cause love : *v. a.* to charm to love
Phīz, *f.* the face ; contracted from *physiognomy*

- Phle-bōt'óm-íst, *f.* a blood-letter, he who opens veins
 Phle-bōt'óm-ize, *v. n.* to let blood
 Phle-bōt'óm-y, *f.* blood-letting
 Phlēgm, *f.* a watery humour of the body
 Phlēgm'a-gōgues, *f.* medicines to clear phlegm
 Phlēg-māt'ic, *a.* abounding in phlegm
 Phlēme, *f.* a farrier's instrument to bleed with
 Phōn'ics, *f.* the doctrine of sounds
 Phōf'phōr, Phōf'phōr-ūs, *f.* the morning star; a chemical substance, which, exposed to the air, takes fire
 Phrāse, *v. a.* to style, call, term
 Phrāse, *f.* an idiom; mode of speech, style
 Phrā-se-ōl'o-gy, *f.* style, diction, a phrase-book
 Phrēn-īt'is, *f.* madness
 Phrēn-ēt'ic, Phrēn'tic, *a.* mad, enraged
 Phrēn'fy, *f.* madness, frantiness
 Phthīf'ic-āl, *a.* wasting; short-breathed
 Phthīf'ic, *f.* a consumption; shortness of breath
 Phy-lāc'te-ry, *f.* a scroll inscribed with a sentence
 Phŷf'ic-āl, *a.* relative to nature, or to natural philosophy; medicinal
 Phŷ-fī'cian, *f.* one who professes the art of healing
 Phŷf'ic, *f.* the science of healing; medicine:
v. a. to purge, to treat with physic
 Phŷf'ics, *f.* natural philosophy
 Phŷf-ī-ōgn'o-mér, } *f.* one who judges of
 Phŷf-ī-ōgn'o-mīst, } the temper or future fortune by the face
 Phŷf-ī-ōgn'o-my, *f.* the face, the art of judging by faces

- Phŷf-ī-o-log, ŷic-āl, *a.* relating to physiology
 Phŷf-ī-ōl'o-g, ŷíst, *f.* the doctrine of the constitution of the works of nature
 Pī'ān-et, *f.* the magpie, the small woodpecker
 Pī-āz'za, *f.* a walk under arches
 Pī'ca, *f.* a particular size of printing letter
 Pīc-a-rōn, *f.* a plunderer
 Pīc'cage, *f.* money paid at fairs for breaking ground for booths
 Pīck, *v. a. & n.* to chuse, to gather, to clear, to strike, to open: to eat slowly or little: *f.* a sharp pointed iron tool
 Pīck-a-pāck, *ad.* in manner of a pack
 Pīck'āxe, *f.* an axe with a sharp point
 Pīck'bāck, *a.* on the back
 Pīck'ēd, *a.* sharp-sighted, sharp, smart
 Pīck-ēer, *v. a.* to pirate, to make a flying skirmish
 Pīck'ér, *f.* who picks; a pickaxe
 Pīc'kle, *f.* salt liquor; thing pickled; state:
v. a. to preserve in pickle
 Pīc'kle-hēr-rīng, *f.* a jack-pudding, a merry-andrew
 Pīck'lōck-ēt, *f.* who, or what picks locks
 Pīck'pōck-ēt, *f.* who steals out of a pocket
 Pīck'tōoth, *f.* an instrument to clean teeth
 Pīck'thank, *f.* an officious person
 Pīct, *f.* a painted person
 Pīc-tō'rī-āl, *a.* produced by a painter
 Pīc'ture, *f.* resemblance of persons or things in colours: *v. a.* to paint, to represent
 Pīd'dle, *v. n.* to feed squeamishly: to trifle
 Pīd'dler, *f.* one who eats little or squeamishly

Pie, *f.* a crust baked with something in it, a magpie
Pie'bâld, *a.* of various colours
Piece, *f.* a patch; part; coin; gun: *v. a.* & *n.* to enlarge, to join: to be compacted
Piec'ér, *f.* one who pieces
Piece'lěs, *a.* whole, not made of pieces
Piece'měal, *ad.* in small pieces, singly
Piece'měal, *a.* single, separate, divided
Pi'ěd, *a.* variegated, particoloured
Pi'ěd-něs, *f.* diversity of colour
Pier, *f.* the column on which the arch of a bridge is raised [to move
Pierce, *v. a.* & *n.* to penetrate, to strike;
Pierce, *f.* who or what pierceth
Pierč'ing-ly, *ad.* sharply, keenly
Pierč'ing-něs, *f.* the power of piercing
Pi'e-ty, *f.* discharge of duty to God
Pig, *f.* a young sow, an oblong mass of lead, &c.: *v. a.* to farrow, to bring forth pigs
Pig'ěon, *f.* a dove
Pig'ěon-liv-ér-ěd, *a.* mild, soft, gentle
Pig'g, in, *f.* a small wooden vessel
Pight, *a.* pitched, placed; determined
Pig'měnt, *f.* colours for painting, paint
Pig'my, *f.* a very little person
Pig'rūt, *f.* an earth-nut
Pig-wid'g,ěon, *f.* any thing pretty or small
Pike, *f.* a fish; a lance used by soldiers
Pik'ěd, *a.* ending in a point, sharp
Pike'măn, *f.* a soldier armed with a pike
Pike-lătš, *f.* the wooden handle of a pike
Pi-lăt'tér, *f.* a square column [fish
Pil'chér, *f.* any thing lined with fur; a
Pile, *f.* a heap, edifice, piece of wood, nap: *v. a.* to heap upon, to fill with something
Pil'fér, *v. a.* to steal small matters

Pil'fér-ér, *f.* one who steals petty things
Pil'fér-ing-ly, *ad.* filchingly
Pil'grim, *f.* one who visits shrines of saints, a wanderer
Pil'grim, *v. n.* to wander, to ramble
Pil'grim-age, *f.* a journey to visit shrines
Pill, *f.* a small ball of physic [travel
Pill, *v. a.* & *n.* to rob, to peel; to be stript away
Pill'lage, *f.* plunder
Pill'lage, *v. a.* to plunder, to spoil
Pil'la-g,ér, *f.* a plunderer, a spoiler, a thief
Pil'lár, *f.* a column; supporter; maintainer
Pil'lár-ěd, *a.* supported by pillars
Pill'ion, *f.* a woman's saddle
Pill'o-ry, *f.* an instrument of punishment: *v. a.* to punish with the pillory
Pil'low, *f.* a bag of feathers to lay the head on [low
Pil'low, *v. a.* to rest any thing on a pil-
Pil'low-bier, *Pil'low-căse*, *f.* the cover of a pillow
Pil-š'ě-ty, *f.* hairiness
Pil'łot, *f.* one who steers a ship
Pil'łot, *v. a.* to conduct or steer right
Pil'łot-age, *f.* the pay of a pilot; pilot's skill
Pil'fér, *f.* the fly or moth that runs into a candle flame
Pi-měn'ta, *f.* all-pice, Jamaica pepper
Pimp, *f.* a pander, he-bawd, procurer
Pimp, *v. a.* to provide gratifications for the lust of others, to pander, to procure
Pimp'ing, *f.* little, sorry, mean
Pim'ple, *f.* a small red pustule
Pimp'łed, *a.* full, or abounding with pimples
Pin, *f.* a pointed short wire, a peg

Pīn, *v. a.* to fasten, to join, to close with
Pīn'cāse, *f.* a case for holding pins [pins
Pīn'céřs, *f.* an instrument to draw nails;
 a claw
Pīnch, *f.* a painful squeeze; difficulty:
v. a. & n. to squeeze with the fingers;
 to gall, to fret; to be frugal; to be
 pinching
Pīnch'fīst, **Pīnch'pěnny**, *f.* a miser
Pīn'cūsh-ion, *f.* a thing to stick pins in
Pīn'dūst, *f.* dust from cutting pins
Pīne, *f.* a tree: *v. a. & n.* to wear out,
 to grieve for; to languish with desire
Pīne'āp-ple, *f.* a plant
Pīn'fēath-ēr-ēd, *a.* unfledged
Pīn'fōld, *f.* confinement for strayed cattle
Pīn'gle, *f.* a small inclosure
Pīn'mōn-ey, *f.* allowance for a wife's pocket
Pīn'hōle, *f.* a small hole
Pīn'īon, *f.* wing, teeth of a wheel, fetters:
v. a. to bind the wing, to shackle
Pīnk, *f.* a flower, colour, small eye-let:
v. a. & n. to stamp with small holes; to
 wink
Pīn'māk-ēr, *f.* one who makes pins
Pīn'nace, *f.* a man of war's boat
Pīn'na-cle, *f.* a turret, a high spiring point
Pīn'nér, *f.* a head-dress, a pinmaker
Pīn'nóck, *f.* the tom-tit
Pīnt, *f.* half a quart
Pi-o-nēer, *f.* a military man to clear ways
Pī'o-ny, *f.* [See *Peony*] a large flower
Pī'ous, *a.* doing the duties of religion,
Pī'ouf-ly, *ad.* religiously [godly
Pīp, *f.* a disease among fowls; a spot on
 cards: *v. n.* to chirp like a bird
Pīpe, *f.* a tube; a musical instrument; 2
 hogheads: *v. n.* to play on a pipe, to cry

Pīp'ér, *f.* one who plays on a pipe; a mean
 person
Pīpe'trēe, *f.* the lilac-tree
Pīp'īng, *a.* hot, boiling; weak, sickly, feeble
Pīp'kīn, *f.* a small earthen boiler
Pīp'pīn, *f.* a sharp apple
Pīqu'ān-cy, *f.* sharpness, tartness
Pīqu'ānt, *a.* pricking, piercing, stimulating
Pīqu'ānt-ly, *ad.* sharply, tartly
Pīque, *f.* an ill-will; offence taken; point;
 nicety
Pīque, *v. a.* to offend; to envy; to provoke
Pīqu-ēer'ér, *f.* a robber, a plunderer
Pī-quēt', *f.* a game at cards
Pī'ra-cy, *f.* the act or practice of robbing at
 sea
Pī'rate, *f.* a sea-robber: *v. n.* to rob by
 sea, to take another's right
Pi-rāt'ic-āl, *a.* predatory, plundering
Pīf-cā'tion, *f.* the act or practice of fishing
Pīf-ca-ry, *f.* a privilege of fishing
Pīf-ca-to-ry, *a.* relating to fishes
Pīsh, *interj.* a note of contempt
Pīsh, *v. n.* to express contempt or ridicule
Pīf'mīre, *f.* an ant, an emmet
Pīfs, *f.* animal water, urine
Pīfs, *v. n.* to make water
Pīff'a-bēd, *f.* a yellow flower growing in
 the grass
Pīff'būrnt, *a.* stained with urine
Pīf-tāch'ī-o, *f.* a nut brought from Syria
Pīste, *f.* the track a horseman makes
Pīf-tīl-lā'tion, *f.* act of pounding in a mor-
 tar
Pīf'tól, *f.* the smallest of fire-arms
Pīf'tól, *v. a.* to shoot with a pistol
Pīf-tōle', *f.* a foreign coin, value 17 s.
Pīf'tól-ēt', *f.* a little pistol

Pĩ'stõn, *f.* part of a pump and syringe, an *embolus*

Pĩt, *f.* a hole, grave, dent, hollow part: *v. a.* to sink in hollows, to dent

Pĩt'a-pāt, *f.* a light quick step, palpitation

Pĩtch, *f.* size; height; a kind of rosin; rate: *v. a. & n.* to fix, to smear with pitch: to light

Pĩtch'ér, *f.* an earthen vessel, a water-pot

Pĩtch'fõrk, *f.* a fork to load dung, &c.

Pĩtch'ĩ-něs, *f.* blackness, darkness

Pĩtch'y, *a.* smeared with pitch, black, dismal

Pĩt-cõal, *f.* a fossil coal

Pĩt'mān, *f.* one who works in pits; a sawyer

Pĩt-sāw, *f.* large saw used by two men

Pĩt'e-ous, *a.* sorrowful, tender, paltry

Pĩt'e-ous-ly, *ad.* in a piteous manner

Pĩt'e-ous-něs, *f.* sorrowfulness, tenderneis

Pĩ'fāl, *f.* a pit dug and covered

Pĩth, *f.* marrow of a plant; strength; weight

Pĩth'ĩ-ly, *ad.* with strength or cogency

Pĩth'ĩ-něs, *f.* energy, strength

Pĩth'lěs, *a.* wanting pith, wanting force

Pĩth'y, *a.* consisting of pith, energetic

Pĩt'ĩ-a-ble, *a.* deserving pity

Pĩt'ĩ-fũl, *a.* tender; melancholy; paltry, despicable

Pĩt'ĩ-fũl-ly, *ad.* in a pitiful manner

Pĩt'ĩ-fũl-něs, *f.* tenderneis, despicableness

Pĩt'ĩ-lěs, *a.* merciless

Pĩt'ĩ-lěs-ly, *ad.* without mercy

Pĩt'ĩ-lěs-něs, *f.* unmercifulneis

Pĩt'tance, *f.* a small portion; allowance

Pĩt'u-ĩte, *f.* phlegm

Pĩ-tũ'ĩt-ous, *a.* consisting of phlegm

Pĩt'y, *f.* compassion, sympathy with misery

Pĩt'y, *v. a. & n.* to compassionate misery: to be compassionate

Pĩv'õt, *f.* a pin on which a thing turns

Pĩx, *f.* a consecrated box containing the Host

Plāc'a-ble, *a.* may be appeased

Plāc'a-ble-něs, Plāc-a-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* willingness to be appeased

Pla-cārd', Pla-cārt', *f.* an edict, proclamation, declaration, manifesto

Plāce, *f.* locality; residence; rank; office; state of being; space in general; way; ground; room: *v. a.* to fix; rank; establish

Plāc'ĩd, *a.* gentle, kind, soft, quiet, mild

Plāc'ĩd-ly, *ad.* mildly, gently, not violently

Plāc'ĩt, *f.* decree, determination

Plāck'ět, *f.* a petticoat [&c.]

Plā'g,ĩ-a-rĩsm, *f.* theft, especially in books,

Plā'g,ĩ-a-ry, *f.* one guilty of plagiarism

Plāgue, *f.* pestilence; trouble; vexation

Plāgue, *v. a.* to teaze, trouble, afflict

Plā'g,uĩ-ly, *ad.* vexatiously, horribly

Plā'g,uỹ, *a.* vexatious, troublesome

Plāice, *f.* a flat fish

Plāid, *f.* variegated stuff, Scotch dress

Plāin, *f.* level ground; field of battle: *a.* smooth flat, simple, evident: *ad.* distinctly, articulately: *v. a. & n.* to make even: to lament

Plāin'dēal'ĩng, *f.* management without art: acting without art, sincere

Plāin'ly, *ad.* sincerely, fairly, flatly

Plāin'něs, *f.* flatness, simplicity, openness

Plāint, *f.* complaint, lamentation

Plāint'fūl, *a.* complaining, audibly sorrowful
 Plāint'īff, *f.* one who commences a suit
 Plānt'īve, *a.* expressive of sorrow, lamenting
 Plāin'wōrk, *f.* needle-work
 Plāit, *f.* a fold, a double
 Plāit, *v. a.* to fold, to weave, to intangle
 Plāit'ér, *f.* he or she who plaits
 Plān, *f.* a scheme, a form, a model
 Plān, *v. a.* to scheme, to form in design
 Plānch'éd, *a.* made of boards
 Plānch'ér, *f.* a board
 Plānch'ing, *f.* the laying of floors in a building
 Plāne, *f.* a joiner's tool; a level surface
 Plāne, *v. a.* to level, to smooth with a plane
 Plāne'trēe, *f.* a kind of tree
 Plān'ēt, *f.* a wandering star
 Plān'ēt-a-ry, } *a.* belonging to planets
 Plān-ēt'ic-āl, }
 Plān'ēt-strück, *a.* blasted
 Plā-nīm'e-try, *f.* the measurement of plane surfaces
 Plān'īsh, *v. a.* to polish [plane
 Plān'īf-phēre, *f.* a sphere projected on a
 Plānk, *f.* a thick strong board
 Plānk, *v. a.* to cover or lay with planks
 Plān-o-cōn'ic-āl, *a.* flat and conical on different sides
 Plān-o-cōn'vex, *a.* flat and convex on different sides
 Plānt, *f.* any vegetable production: *v. a.* to set, to cultivate, to settle
 Plānt'aīn, *f.* an herb, a tree
 Plānt'āl, *a.* belonging to plants
 Plānt-ā'tion, *f.* colony, place planted
 Plānt'éd, *part.* filled, settled, established
 Plānt'ér, *f.* one who sows or cultivates a colony

Plāsh, *f.* a small puddle of water
 Plāsh, *v. a.* to throw or kick up water
 Plāsh'y, *a.* filled with puddles, watery
 Plāsm, *f.* a mould, a matrix
 Plāst'ér, *f.* lime prepared to cover walls:
v. a. to cover or daub with plaster
 Plāst'ér-ér, *f.* one who covers walls with plaster
 Plāst'īc, *a.* having power to give form
 Plāst'rōn, *f.* a piece of stuffed leather used in fencing
 Plāt, *v. a.* to weave
 Plāt, or Plōt', *f.* a small piece of ground
 Plāt'āne, *f.* the plane-tree
 Plāte, *f.* wrought silver, a dish to eat on:
v. a. to cover with, or beat into plates
 Plāt'en, *f.* part of a printing press
 Plāt'fōrm, *f.* a horizontal plan, a level
 Plāt-ōon', *f.* a square body of musqueteers
 Plāt'tér, *f.* a large earthen or wooden dish
 Plāu'dīt, Plāu'dīte, *f.* applause
 Plāu-fī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* appearance of right
 Plāu'fī-ble, *a.* superficially, pleasing, specious
 Plāu'fī-ble-nēss, *f.* speciousness, show of right
 Plāu'fī-bly, *ad.* speciously
 Plāu'fīve, *a.* applauding, plausible
 Plāy, *f.* action, sport, drama, game
 Plāy, *v. a. & n.* to act, perform: to sport, toy
 Plāy'bōok, *f.* a book of plays
 Plāy'dāy, *f.* a day exempt from tasks
 Plāy'dēbt, *f.* a debt contracted by gaming
 Plāy'ér, *f.* who plays, mimics or performs
 Plāy'fēl-low, *f.* companion in amusement
 Plāy'fūl, *a.* full of levity, sportive, lively
 Plāy'gāme, *f.* play for children

- Plāy'hōûse, *f.* a house for acting plays.
 Plāy'plēas-ure, *f.* idle amusement.
 Plāy'fōme, *a.* full of levity, wanton.
 Plāy'fōme-nēss, *f.* wantonness, levity.
 Plāy'thīng, *f.* a thing to play with, a toy.
 Plāy-wrīght, *f.* a maker of plays.
 Plēa, *f.* form of pleading, excuse, allegation.
 Plēach, *v. a.* to bend, to interweave.
 Plēad, *v. a.* to defend, to discuss, to allege in pleading.
 Plēad'a-ble, *a.* that can be alleged in plea.
 Plēad'ér, *f.* one who pleads, a counsellor.
 Plēad'īng, *f.* the act or form of pleading.
 Plēas'ānce, *f.* gaiety, pleasantry.
 Plēas'ānt, *a.* delightful, gay, cheerful.
 Plēase, *v. a. & n.* to delight, satisfy: to give pleasure.
 Plēas'ér, *f.* who courts favour.
 Plēas'īng-ly, *ad.* so as to please or delight.
 Plēas'īng-nēss, *f.* quality of giving delight.
 Plēase'mān, *f.* an officious fellow.
 Plēas'ur-a-ble, *a.* full of pleasure.
 Plēas'ure, *f.* gratification, choice, delight.
 Plēas'ure, *v. a.* to please, to gratify.
 Plēas'ure-fūl, *a.* pleasant.
 Ple-bē'zān, *f.* one of the lower people.
 Ple-bē'zān, *a.* popular, vulgar, common.
 Plēdge, *f.* a pawn, surety, gage, bail.
 Plēdge, *v. a.* to pawn; to invite to drink.
 Plēd'g,ēt, *f.* a small mass of lint.
 Plēz'āds, Plēz'a-dēs, *f.* a northern constellation.
 Plēn'a-rī-ly, *ad.* fully, completely.
 Plēn'a-rī-nēss, *f.* fulness, completeness.
 Plēn'a-ry, *f.* decisive procedure: *a.* full.
 Plēn-ī-lū'na-ry, *a.* relating to the full moon.
 Plēn-īp'o-tēnce, *f.* fulness of power.
 Plēn-īp'o-tēnt, *a.* invested with full power.
 Plēn-īp-o-tēn'tia-ry, *f.* one invested with full power.
 Plēn'ī-tude, *f.* fulness, repletion, completeness.
 Plēn'te-oūs, *a.* copious, abounding, fertile.
 Plēn'te-oūf-ly, *ad.* copiously, abundantly.
 Plēn'te-oūf-nēss, *f.* abundance, fertility.
 Plēn'tī-fūl, *a.* abundant, fruitful, copious.
 Plēn'tī-fūl-ly, *ad.* abundantly, copiously.
 Plēn'tī-fūl-nēss, *f.* fertility, abundance.
 Plēn'ty, *f.* abundance, fruitfulness.
 Plē'o-nāsm, *f.* redundancy of words.
 Plēth'o-ra, *f.* fulness of humours.
 Ple-tho-rēt'ic, Ple-thōr'ic, *a.* having a full habit.
 Plēth'o-ry, *f.* fulness of habit.
 Plēv'īn, *f.* a warrant or assurance. See *Replevin*.
 Pleu'rī-sy, *f.* an inflammation of the pleura.
 Pleu-rīt'ic, Pleu-rīt'ic-āl, *a.* diseased with a pleurisy.
 Plī'a-ble, *a.* easy to be bent, flexible.
 Plī'a-ble-nēss, *f.* flexibility, easiness to be bent.
 Plī'ān-cy, *f.* easiness to be bent.
 Plī'ānt, *a.* bending, limber, flexible, lithe.
 Plī'ānt-nēss, *f.* flexibility, toughness.
 Plī'érs, *f.* small pincers.
 Plīght, *f.* condition, good case, pledge.
 Plīght, *v. a.* to pledge, to weave, to braid.
 Plīnth, *f.* the basis of a pillar.
 Plōd', *v. n.* to toil; to study closely and dully.
 Plōd'dér, *f.* a dull, heavy, laborious man.

- Plöt'**, *f.* stratagem, conspiracy; plan: *v. a. & n.* to plan, to contrive: to form mischief
- Plöt'tér**, *f.* a contriver, conspirator
- Plō'vér**, **Plōv'ér**, *f.* a bird
- Plōûgh**, *f.* an instrument in husbandry or joinery
- Plōûgh**, *v. a. & n.* to turn up with the plough, to divide: to practise aration
- Plōûgh'bōy**, *f.* an ignorant clownish boy
- Plōûgh'ér**, *f.* who ploughs or cultivates ground
- Plōûgh'länd**, *f.* land for corn
- Plōûgh'män**, *f.* who attends the plough
- Plōûgh-món'däy**, *f.* Monday after twelfth day
- Plōûgh-shäre**, *f.* the iron of a plough
- Plück**, *f.* a pull; heart, liver and lights: *v. a.* to snatch, to draw, to strip feathers
- Plüg**, *f.* a stopple; any thing driven hard in to another body
- Plüg**, *v. a.* to stop with a plug
- Plüm**, *f.* a fruit, raisin; sum of 100,000 l.
- Plū'mage**, *f.* feathers, suit of feathers
- Plümb**, *f.* a leaden weight on a line, plummet: *v. a.* to sound the depth, to regulate: *ad.* perpendicularly
- Plümb'ér**, *f.* one who works upon lead
- Plümb'ér-y**, *f.* works or manufactures of lead
- Plüm-cäke**, *f.* a cake made with raisins
- Plūme**, *f.* feather; pride; token of honour: *v. a.* to adjust feathers; strip: adorn
- Plüm'mēt**, *f.* a leaden weight
- Plu-mōf'i-ty**, *f.* state of having feathers
- Plū'mōus**, *f.* resembling feathers, feathery
- Plümp**, *f.* a knot, a tuft, a cluster: *a.* fat-tish, comely, sleek, fat: *v. a. & n.* to fatten, to swell: to fall like stone; to be swollen: *ad.* with a sudden fall
- Plümp'ér**, *f.* something worn in the mouth to swell out the cheeks; a sudden and violent stroke
- Plümp'nēss**, *f.* fulness, comeliness
- Plüm'pör'ridge**, *f.* porridge with plums
- Plüm'püd'ding**, *f.* pudding made with plums
- Plümp'y**, *a.* fat, plump
- Plū'my**, *a.* feathered, covered with feathers
- Plün'dér**, *f.* spoil gotten in war
- Plün'dér**, *v. a.* to rob like an enemy, to pillage
- Plün'dér-ér**, *f.* a hostile pillager
- Plünge**, *f.* the act of sinking under water; distress, difficulty, strait: *v. a. & n.* to force in suddenly, to sink suddenly into water: to dive
- Plün'kēt**, *f.* a kind of blue colour
- Plū'räl**, *a.* implying more than one
- Plū'räl-ist**, *f.* he who holds more livings than one
- Plu-räl'i-ty**, *f.* number more than one, majority
- Plū'räl-ly**, *ad.* in a sense implying more than one
- Plüsh**, *f.* a sort of cloth, shag
- Plū'vī-äl**, **Plū'vī-ōus**, *a.* rainy
- Plȳ**, *v. a. & n.* to set on work: to offer service
- Plȳ**, *f.* bent, turn, plait, fold, cast, bias
- Pneu-mät'ic**, **Pneu-mät'ic-äl**, *a.* moved by or consisting of wind
- Pneu-mät'ics**, *f.* doctrine of the air
- Pneu-mät-öl'o-g,y**, *f.* doctrine of spiritual existence
- Pōach**, *v. a. & n.* to boil slightly: to steal game
- Pōach'ér**, *f.* one who steals game
- Pöck'**, *f.* a pustule raised by the small-pox

Pöck'ët, *f.* a small bag inserted into clothes:
v. a. to put in the pocket; to steal
Pöck'ët-bòok, *f.* a paper-book for the pocket
Pöck'ët-glàss, *f.* a portable looking-glass
Pöck'höle, *f.* a mark made by the small pox
Pöck'i-nëss, *f.* state of being pocky
Pöck'y, *f.* infected with the pox
Pöd', *f.* the capsule of legumes
Po-däg'ric-äl, *a.* gouty, relating to the gout
Pöd'dér, *f.* a gatherer of pease-cods
Pödge', *f.* a puddle, a plash
Pö'ëm, *f.* a metrical composition, work of a poet
Pö'e-sy, *f.* the art of writing poems; poetry; a short conceit engraved on a ring or other thing
Pö'ët, *f.* a writer of poems; an author of fiction
Pö'ët-äst'éér, *f.* a vile petty poet
Pö'ët-ëss, **Pö'ët-rëss**, *f.* a female poet
Po-ët'ic, **Po-ët'ic-äl**, *a.* expressed in poetry, pertaining to poetry
Po-ët'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* in a poetical manner
Pö'ët-ize, *v. n.* to write like a poet
Pö'ët-ry, *f.* metrical composition; poems
Pö'ign'än-cy, *f.* power of stimulating the palate, asperity, sharpness
Pö'ign'änt, *a.* sharp, severe, satirical
Pö'ınt, *f.* sharp end; indivisible part of time or space; nicety; critical moment; stop in writing: *v. a. & n.* to sharpen, to level; to shew, to direct
Pö'ınt'éd, *a.* sharp; divided by points
Pö'ınt'éd-ly, *ad.* in a pointed manner
Pö'ınt'éd-nëss, *f.* sharpness; smartness
Pö'ınt'éér, *f.* the thing that points; a dog for game
Pö'ınt'ing-stöck, *f.* an object of ridicule

Pö'ınt'lëss, *a.* blunt, not sharp, obtuse
Pöi'son, *f.* what destroys or injures life:
v. a. to infect or kill with poison
Pöi'son-ér, *f.* who poisons, a corrupter
Pöi'son-öüs, *a.* venomous
Pöi'son-öüs-ly, *ad.* with poisonous quality
Pöi'son-öüs-nëss, *f.* venomousness
Pöize, *f.* regulating power; balance; weight: *v. a.* to balance, weigh, oppress
Pöke, *f.* a small bag, a pocket
Pök'éér, *f.* an iron bar to stir a fire
Pö'lär, *a.* near to, or issuing from the pole
Po-lär'i-ty, *f.* tendency to the pole
Pö'lär-y, *a.* having a direction towards the pole
Pöle, *f.* extremity of the earth; staff; 5 1-half yards; a person of or from Poland:
v. a. to furnish or strike with poles
Pöle'äxe, *f.* an axe fixed to a long pole
Pöle'cät, *f.* the fitchew
Po-lëm'ic, **Po-lëm'ic-äl**, *a.* controversial, disputative
Pöle'stär, *f.* a star near the pole; a guide
Pöl'ice, *f.* the regulation and government of a place, &c.
Pöl'ic-éd, *a.* regulated, governed
Pöl'i-cy, *f.* art of government; prudence; cunning
Pöl'ish, *f.* an artificial gloss; elegance:
v. a. & n. to smooth; to gloss; receive a gloss
Pöl'ish-a-ble, *a.* capable of being polished
Pöl'ish-ér, *f.* who gives a gloss
Po-lite', *a.* elegant of manners; glossy, smooth
Po-lite'ly, *ad.* with elegance of manners
Po-lite'nëss, *f.* gentility, good breeding
Po-lit'ic-äl, *a.* relating to politics; cunning

Po-lit'ic-ā-ly, *ad.* with policy; artfully

Po-lit'ic-āst-ēr, *f.* an ignorant pretender to politics

Pōl-i-ti'cian, *f.* one versed in politics

Pōl'i-tic, *a.* prudent, artful, cunning; civil

Pōl'i-tic-ly, *ad.* artfully, cunningly

Pōl'i-tics, *f.* science of government

Pōl'i-ture, *f.* the gloss given by polishing

Pōl'i-ty, *f.* civil constitution

Pōll, *f.* the head; register of heads or votes; *v. a.* to lop the tops of trees; to take a list of voters; to shear, to cut off hair

Pōl'lārd, *f.* a tree lopped; fine sort of bran; the chub fish

Pōl'lēn, *f.* a fine powder

Pōll'ēr, *f.* he who votes or polls; a robber

Pōl-lūt', *v. a.* to defile, taint, corrupt

Pōl-lūt'ed-nēss, *f.* defilement, state of being polluted

Pōl-lūt'ēr, *f.* a defiler

Pōl-lūt'ion, *f.* the act of defiling; defilement

Pōl'trōn, *f.* a coward, a scoundrel

Po-lŷ-ān'thōs, *f.* a plant bearing numerous flowers on one stalk

Po-lŷg'ām-ist, *f.* one who has many wives

Po-lŷg'ām-y, *f.* plurality of wives

Pōl'y-glōt, *a.* having many languages

Pōl'y-gōn, *f.* a figure of many angles

Po-lŷg'ōn-āl, *a.* having many angles

Pōl'y-grām, *f.* a figure of many lines

Po-lŷg'ra-phy, *f.* the art of writing with cyphers

Po-lŷ'o-gy, *f.* talkativeness

Po-lŷm'a-thy, *f.* the knowledge of many arts and sciences

Pōl-y-pēt'āl-ōūs, *a.* having many petals

Po-lŷph'ōn-ism, *f.* multiplicity of sound

Pōl'y-scope, *f.* a multiplying glass

Pōl-y-fŷl-lāb'ic-āl, *a.* having many syllables

Pōl-y-fŷl-lā-ble, *f.* a word of many syllables

Po-lŷth'e-ism, *f.* plurality of gods

Po-lŷth'e-ist, *f.* one who holds a plurality of gods

Pōm'ace, *f.* the dross of cyder pressings

Pōm-ā'ceous, *a.* consisting of apples

Pōm-ādē, *f.* a fragrant ointment

Pōm'ān-dēr, *f.* a sweet or perfumed ball

Pōm-ā'tūm, *f.* an ointment

Pōm-e-itrōn, *f.* a citron apple

Pōm-e'grān'ate, *f.* a tree and fruit

Pōm-e'rōŷ, Pōm'rōŷ-āl, *f.* a sort of apple

Pōm-ŷf'ēr-ōūs, *a.* having a rind

Pōm'mēl, *f.* a knob on a sword or saddle; *v. a.* to bruise, to beat, to punch

* Pōmp', or Pōmp', *f.* splendour, ostentation, show

Pōm'pī-ōn, *f.* a pumpkin

* Pōmp'ōūs, *f.* splendid, magnificent

* Pōmp'ōūf-ly, *ad.* magnificently, splend'dly

* Pōmp'ōūf-nēss, *f.* ostentatiousness

Pōnd', *f.* a standing water, a pool

Pōnd'ēr, *v. a. & n.* to consider, to weigh mentally, to think

Pōnd'ēr-a-ble, *a.* that may be weighed

Pōnd'ēr-āl, *a.* estimated by weight

Pōnd'ēr-ā'tion, *f.* the act of weighing

Pōnd'ēr-ēr, *f.* he who ponders

Pōnd-ēr-ōf'ī-ty, *f.* weight, gravity

Pōnd'ēr-ōūs, *a.* important, heavy, forcible

Pōnd'ēr-ōūf-ly, *ad.* with great weight

Pōnd'ēr-ōūf-nēss, *f.* heaviness, gravity

Pō'nēnt, *a.* western
Pōn'īard, *f.* a dagger, a short stabbing weapon : *v. a.* to stab with a poniard
Pōnk, *f.* a nocturnal spirit : a hag
Pōnt'age, *f.* bridge-duty for repairs
Pōn'tiff, *f.* a high priest ; a priest ; the pope
Pōn-tif'ic-āl, *a.* belonging to a bishop ; splendid ; popish
Pōn-tif'ic-āl, *f.* a book of episcopal rites and ceremonies
Pōn-tif'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a pontifical manner
Pōn-tif'ic-ate, *f.* papacy, popedom
Pōnt'ī-fice, *f.* bridge-works, edifice of a bridge
Pōnt'ōn, *f.* a floating bridge [bridge
Pō'ny, *f.* a little horse
Pōol, *f.* a standing water ; a term at cards
Pōop, *f.* the hindmost part of a ship
Pōor, *a.* indigent, mean, paltry, unhappy
Pōoi'ly, *ad.* without spirit ; indifferently ; meanly ; with little success ; without wealth
Pōor'nēss, *f.* poverty ; meanness ; barrenness
Pōor'spīr'it-ed, *a.* mean, cowardly
Pōor'spīr'it-ed-nēss, *f.* cowardice, meanness
Pōp', *f.* a small smart sound from a gun
Pōp, *v. a. & n.* to shift : to come or enter quickly or flyly
Pōpe, *f.* the bishop of Rome ; a fish
Pōpe'dōm, *f.* jurisdiction and dignity of the pope
Pōp'e-ry, *f.* the religion of the church of Rome
Pōpe's'eē, *f.* a part of the thigh
Pōp'gūn, *f.* a gun with which children play
Pōp'in-jāy, *f.* a parrot ; a wood-pecker ; a fop
Pōp'īsh, *a.* taught by the pope ; Romish
Pōp'īsh-ly, *ad.* in a popish manner
Pōp'lār, *f.* a tree
Pōp'py, *f.* a plant

Pōp'u-lace, *f.* the vulgar, the multitude
Pōp'u-la-cy, *f.* the common people
Pōp'u-lār, *a.* pleasing to the people ; vulgar
Pōp-u-lār'ī-ty, *f.* the favour of the people
Pōp'u-lār-ly, *ad.* in a popular or vulgar manner
Pōp'u-late, *v. n.* to breed people
Pōp-u-lā'tion, *f.* the number of the people
Pōp-u-lōs'ī-ty, *f.* populousness
Pōp'u-lōus, *a.* full of people ; well inhabited
Pōp'u-lōus-ly, *ad.* with much people
Pōp'ū-lōus-nēss, *f.* state of abounding with people
Pōr'cēl-aīn, *f.* China-ware, an herb
Pōrch, *f.* an entrance with a roof ; a portico
Pōr'cu-pīne, *f.* a quadruped animal
Pōre, *f.* a passage of perspiration
Pōre, *v. n.* to look with great intenceness and care
Pōre'blīnd, *a.* near-sighted, short-sighted
Pō'rī-nēss, *f.* fulness of pores
Pōrk, *f.* swines flesh unsalted
Pōrk'ēr, *f.* a hog, a pig
Pōrk'eat-ēr, *f.* one who feeds on, or is fond of pork
Pōrk'ēt, **Pōrk'līng**, *f.* a young pig or hog
Pō-rōs'ī-ty, *f.* quality of having pores
Pō'rou, *a.* having small spiracles or passages
Pō'rou-nēss, *f.* quality of having pores
Pōr'phyre, **Pōr'phry-ry**, *f.* a kind of fine marble
Pōr'pōise, **Pōr'pūs**, *f.* the sea-hog ; a very fat man
Pōr'rīdge, *f.* broth [boiled
Pōr'rīdge-pōt, *f.* a pot in which meat is
Pōr'rīn-g,ér, *f.* a vessel for spoon-meat
Pōrt, *f.* harbour, opening, air, mien, gate

Pōrt, *v. a.* to carry in form
Pōrt'a-ble, *a.* may be carried; supportable
Pōrt'a-ble-nēss, *f.* quality of being portable
Pōrt'age, *f.* the price of carriage; port-hole
Pōrt'āl, *f.* a gate
Pōrt'clū'e, **Pōrt'cūl'īs**, *f.* a draw-bridge
Pōrt'cūl'īs, *v. a.* to bar; to shut up
Pōrte, *f.* court of the Turkish emperor
Pōr-tēnd', *v. a.* to shew by omens
Pōr-tēn'sion, *f.* the act of foretelling
Pōr-tēnt', *f.* omen of ill
Pōr-tēnt'ous, *a.* monstrous, foreboding ill
Pōrt'ér, *f.* one who has charge of a gate; a carrier; a kind of strong beer
Pōrt'ér-age, *f.* money paid to a porter
Pōr-tēss'e', *f.* a breviary; a prayer-book
Pōrt'i-cō, *f.* a covered walk; a piazza
Pōrt'ion, *f.* part, fortune, dividend: *v. a.* to divide, parcel, endow with a fortune
Pōrt'ion-ér, *f.* one who divides
Pōrt'li-nē's, *f.* dignity of mien
Pōrt'ly, *ad.* grand of mien; bulky, swelling
Pōrt-mān'teau, *f.* (*pron.* Pōrt-mān'to) a chest or bag in which clothes are carried
Pōr'trait, **Pōr'trai-ture**, *f.* a picture drawn after life
Pōr'tray, *v. a.* to paint, describe by picture, to adorn with pictures
Pōrt'rēss, *f.* a female guardian of a gate
Pōr'wig-le, *f.* a tadpole or young frog
Pō'ry, *a.* full of pores [stand
Pōse, *v. a.* to puzzle, examine; to put to a
Pōs'ér, *f.* one who asks questions; an ex-
Pōs'it-ēd *a.* placed, situated [aminer
Pōs'ition, *f.* situation, principle laid down
Pōs'ition āl, *a.* respecting position
Pōs'i-tive, *a.* absolute, certain, obstinate

Pōs'i-tive-ly, *ad.* absolutely, certainly
Pōs'i-tive-nēss, *f.* actualness, peremptoriness
Pōs'se, *f.* an armed power; a large body
Pōs'sē's', *v. a.* to get or give possession
Pōs'sē'sion, *f.* property; a having in one's power [session
Pōs'sē's'i-ve, **Pōs'sē'ss-ry**, *a.* having pos-
Pōs'sē'ss-our, *f.* proprietor, master [etc.
Pōs'sēt, *f.* milk mixed with beer or wine
Pōs'si-bil'i-ty, *f.* the state of being possible
Pōs'si-ble, *a.* having the power to be
Pōs'si-bly, *ad.* by any power; perhaps
Pōst, *f.* a messenger; office; pece of timber: *v. a. & n.* to place, fix; travel with speed
Pōst'age, *f.* money paid for letters
Pōst'bōy, *f.* a boy who carries letters
Pōst'date, *v. a.* to date later than the time
Pōst-dī-lū'vī-an, *f.* one that lived after the flood: *a.* living after the flood
Pōst'ér, *f.* who travels hastily; a courier
Pōs-tē'rī-ōr, *a.* following; backward
Pōs-tē'rī-ōr's, *f.* the hinder parts
Pōs-te-rī-ōr'i-ty, *f.* the state of being after
Pōs-tēr'i-ty, *f.* succeeding generation
Pōst'érn, *f.* a small gate; a little door
Pōst-ēx-ist'ēnce, *f.* future existence
Pōst-hāck'ney, *f.* hired post-horses
Pōst'hāste, *f.* haste like that of a courier
Pōst'hōrse, *f.* a horse to ride post
Pōst'hōuse, *f.* house to take in letters, &c.
Pōst'bu-mōus, *a.* published after one's death
Pōs'tic, *a.* backward
Pōs'til, *v. a.* to illustrate with marginal notes; to gloss

Pōf'īl, *f.* gloss, marginal notes
 Pōst-īl'īōn, *f.* he who rides the first coach-horse
 Pōn'māf-tēr, *f.* one who conveys post letters
 Pōst'māf-tēr-gēn'ér-āl, *f.* head post-master
 Pō-mē-rīd'ī-ān, *a.* being in the afternoon
 Pōt'ōf-fīce, *f.* the post-house
 Pōst-pōnē', *v. a.* to put off, delay, to set in value below something else
 Pōst'īc'īpt, *f.* a writing added to the end of a letter [proof
 Pōi'tu-late, *f.* something assumed without
 Pōf-tu-lā'tion, *f.* the act of assuming
 Pōf'tu-la-to-ry, *a.* assuming without proof
 Pōf'tu-lā-tūm, position without proof
 Pōf'ture, *f.* place, situation, disposition;
v. a. to put in a particular place or form
 Pōf'turē-māf-tēr, *f.* one who teaches or practises artificial contortions of the body
 Pō'fy, *f.* a motto on a ring; a nose-gay
 Pōt', *f.* a vessel for boiling or holding liquids: *v. a.* to season meat; to preserve in pots
 Pō'ta-ble, *a.* that may be drunk
 Pōt'a-g'ēr, *f.* a porringer
 Pōt'āsh, *f.* ashes made from vegetables
 Po-tā'tion, *f.* drinking-bout; draught
 Po-tā'to, *f.* an esculent root
 Pōt'bēl-lī-ēd, *a.* having a big paunch
 Pōt'bēl-ly, *f.* a large belly
 Pōtch', *v. a.* to thrust, push; to boil slightly
 Pōt-cōm-pān'īōn, *f.* a fellow-drinker
 Pō'tēn-cy, *f.* power, efficacy, influence
 Pō'tēnt, *a.* powerful, forcible, efficacious
 Pō'tēn-tate, *f.* monarch, prince

Po-tēn'tial, *a.* existing in possibility; powerful
 Po-tēn-tī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* possibility, not actuality
 Po-tēn'tial-ly, *ad.* in possibility
 Pō'tēnt-ly, *ad.* powerfully, efficaciously
 Pō'tēnt-nēss, *f.* powerfulness, might, force
 Pōt'hāng-ēr, *f.* a hook to hang a pot on
 Pōth'ēr, *f.* tumult, bustle, suffocating cloud: *v. n.* to make a blustering ineffectual effort
 Pōt'hērb, *f.* an herb fit for the pot
 Pōt'hōok, *f.* a hook to hang a pot on; bad writing
 Pō'tion, *f.* a draught, especially in physic
 Pōt'līd, *f.* the cover of a pot
 Pōt'hērd, *f.* a piece of an earthen pot
 Pōt'tage, *f.* porridge-broth
 Pōt'tēr, *f.* one who makes earthen vessels
 Pōt'tīng, *f.* drinking
 Pōt'tle, *f.* a liquid measure containing four pints
 Pōt'u-lēnt, *a.* pretty much in drink, fit to drink
 Pōt-vāl'iant, *a.* made courageous with drink
 Pōūch, *f.* a small bag; a pocket; the paunch: *v. a.* to pocket, to swallow, to pout or hang down the lip
 Pōūch'mōūth-ēd, *a.* blubber-tipped
 Pōv'ēr-ty, *f.* indigence, necessity, meanness
 Pōult, *f.* a young chicken [picked
 Pōult'ér-ér, *f.* one who sells fowls ready
 Pōū'tice, *f.* a soft mollifying application: *v. a.* to apply a poultice
 Pōū'try, *f.* domestic fowls
 Pōūnce, *f.* claw of a bird; gum sandarach powder
 Pōūnce, *v. a.* to sprinkle with pounce; to
 Pōūnc'ēd, *a.* furnished with claws

Pöünd, *f.* a weight; 20 s.; a pinfold, an inclosure: *v. a.* to beat with a pestle; to shut up

Pöünd'age, *f.* a sum deducted from a pound

Pöünd'ér, *f.* a cannon of a certain bore, a pestle

Pöu'píct's, *f.* veal stakes, and slices of bacon

Pöur, *v. a. & n.* to emit, send forth: to

Pöur'ér, *f.* one who pours [stream, flow

Pöút, *f.* a sort of fish; a kind of bird:

v. n. to look sullen by thrusting out the lips

Pöw'dér, *f.* dust; dust of starch; gun-powder: *v. a.* to reduce to dust, to salt; pound small

Pöw'dér-box, *f.* box for hair-powder

Pöw'dér-hörn, *f.* a horn for gun-powder

Pöw'dér-míll, *f.* a mill to grind gun-powder

Pöw'dér-rôom, *f.* a room where powder is kept [meat

Pöw'dér-íng-tüb, *f.* a vessel for salting

Pöw'dér-y, *a.* dusty, friable

Pöw'ér, *f.* command, strength, ability, government, potentate, influence, reach

Pöw'ér-fül, *a.* potent, mighty, efficacious

Pöw'ér-fül-ly, *ad.* forcibly, mightily, potently

Pöw'ér-fül-něs's, *f.* efficacy, might, power

Pöw'ér-lěs's, *a.* impotent, without power

Pöx', the venereal disease; pustules

Pöy, *f.* a rope dancer's pole,

Prac'tic-a-ble, *a.* performable, feasible, assailable

Prac'tic-a-bly, *ad.* in such a manner as may be performed

Prac'tic, Prac'tic-ál, *a.* relating to performance; not merely speculative

Prac'tic-ál-ly, *ad.* by practice; in real fact

Prac'tic-ál-něs's, *f.* quality of being practical

Prac'tice, *f.* habit, use, method, art

Prac'tic, *a.* not merely theoretical; fly

Prac'tise, *v. a. & n.* to do habitually, to do, to use, to exercise: to use medical methods

Prac'tis-ánt, *f.* an agent

Prac'tis-ér, *f.* one who practises any thing

Prac'tition-ér, *f.* one engaged in any art or business; who does any thing habitually

Præ-cög'ní-ta, *f.* things previously known in order to understand any thing else

Præg-măt'ic, Præg-măt'ic-ál, *a.* meddling impertinently

Præg-măt'ic-ál-ly, *ad.* impertinently

Præg-măt'ic-ál-něs's, *f.* meddling without right

Prāise, *f.* renown, commendation, honour; *v. a.* to applaud, commend, worship

Prāise'fúl, *a.* commendable, laudable

Prāis'ér, *f.* one who praises; a commender

Prāise'wór'thy, *a.* commendable

Prāme, *f.* a flat-bottomed boat

Prānce, *v. n.* to spring and move in high mettle

Prānk, *f.* frolic, wicked deed; a wild flight: *v. a.* to decorate, dress, adorn

Prāte, *f.* talk, talkativeness, unmeaning loquacity: *v. n.* to talk idly, to tattle

Prāt'ér, *f.* an idle talker

Prāt'ing-ly, *ad.* with talkativeness

Prāt'tle, *f.* childish or trifling talk

Prāt'tle, *v. n.* to chatter like an infant

Prāt'tlér, *f.* a chatterer, a trifling talker

Prāv'í-ty, *f.* corruption, malignity, badness

- Prâwn', *f.* a shell-fish, like a shrimp
 Prây, *v. n.* to offer up petitions to heaven
 Prâyer, *f.* petition, intreaty, importunity
 Prâyer-book, *f.* a book of prayer
 Prêach, *f.* a discourse; a religious oration
 Prêach, *v. n.* to deliver a public discourse
 Prêach'ér, *f.* he who preaches publicly
 Prêach'mént, *f.* a sermon mentioned in con-
 Prê'am-ble, *f.* introduction [tempt
 Prê'ap-pre-hen'sion, *f.* opinion formed before
 examination
 Prêase, *f.* press, crowd, the vulgar, the popu-
 Prêas'ing, *a.* crowding [place
 Prêb'end, *f.* a stipend in cathedrals
 Prêb'end-a-ry, *f.* stipendiary in cathedrals
 Pre-câ'rî-ous, *a.* dependent, uncertain
 Pre-câ'rî-ous-ly, *ad.* uncertainly
 Pre-câ'rî-ous-nêss, *f.* uncertainty; depen-
 dence
 Pre-câu'tion, *f.* preventive measures
 Pre-câu'tion, *v. a.* to warn beforehand
 Pre-cêde', *v. a.* to go before in rank or
 time
 Pre-cê'dênce, Pre-cê'dên-cy, *f.* foremost place,
 priority
 Prêç'e-dênt, *f.* foregoing act, example
 Prê-cê'dênt, *a.* going before, former
 Pre-cê'dênt-ly, *a.* beforehand
 Pre-cên'tôr, *f.* one who leads the choir
 Prê'cept, *f.* an authoritative rule, com-
 mand
 Pre-cêp'tial, *a.* consisting of precepts
 Pre-cêp'tive, *a.* giving or containing pre-
 cepts
 Pre-cêp'tôr, *f.* a teacher, a tutor
 Pre-cêl'sion, *f.* the act of going before
 Prê'cinct, *f.* boundary, outward limit
 Prêç'ious, *a.* of great price, valuable
 Prêç'ious-ly, *ad.* very valuable
 Prêç'ious-nêss, *f.* valuableness, worth, price
 Prêç'i-pice, *f.* a perpendicular fall
 Pre-cîp'i-tânce, Pre-cîp'i-tân-cy, *f.* rash
 haste, violent fury
 Pre-cîp'i-tânt, *a.* hasty, rash [ner
 Pre-cîp'i-tânt-ly, *ad.* in a tumultuous man-
 Pre-cîp'i-tate, *f.* a corrosive mercurial me-
 dicine: *a.* headlong, hasty, violent: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to throw headlong, to hurry: to fall
 headlong, to fall to the bottom as a sedi-
 ment
 Pre-cîp'i-tate-ly, *ad.* in blind hurry
 Pre-cîp-i-tâ'tion, *f.* blind haste
 Pre-cîp'i-tous, *a.* headlong, hasty, rash, steep
 Pre-cîse', Pre-cîse, *a.* exact, strict, formal
 * Pre-cîse-ly, *ad.* exactly, formally
 * Pre-cîse'nêss, *f.* rigid nicety, exactness
 Pre-cîs-ian, *f.* one who limits or restrains
 Pre-cîs-ion, *f.* exact limitation
 Pre-cîs-ive, *a.* exactly limiting
 Pre-clûde', *v. a.* to shut out or hinder by
 some anticipation
 Pre-cô'cious, *a.* ripe before the time
 Pre-côç'i-ty, *f.* early ripeness
 Prê-côç'i-tate, *v. a.* to consider or scheme
 beforehand
 Prê-côg-nî'tion, *f.* fore-know'edge; prior
 examination
 Prê-côn-cêit', *f.* an opinion formed before-
 hand [beforehand
 Prê-côn-cêive', *v. a.* to form an opinion
 Prê-côn-cêp'tion, *f.* opinion previously for-
 med [ther
 Prê-côn'tract, *f.* a contract previous to ano-
 Prê-côn'tract', *v. n.* to contract beforehand
 Pre-cûrse', *f.* forerunning
 Pre-cûrtôr, *f.* a forerunner, a harbinger

Prěd'a-to-ry, *a.* plundering, rapacious, hungry

Prě-de-cēaf'ěd, *a.* dead before

Prě-de-cēs'fōr, *f.* he who was in any place before another, an ancestor

Prě-dēs-tī-nā'rī-ān, *f.* one who holds predestination

Prě-dēs'tī-nate, *v. a.* to decree irresistibly

Prě-dēs'tī-nā'tion, *f.* pre-ordination

Prě-dēs-tī-nā'tór, *f.* one who holds predestination

Prě-dēs'tīne, *v. a.* to decree beforehand

Prě-de-tér'mī-nā'tion, *f.* previous resolution [decree

Prě-de-tér'mīne, *v. a.* to doom by previous

Prěd'ic-a-ble, *a.* what may be affirmed of something

Prěd'ic-a-ble, *f.* a logical term

Pre-dīc'a-mēnt, *f.* arrangement, class, kind

Pre-dīc'a-mēnt'āl, *a.* relating to predicaments

Prěd'ic-ānt, *f.* one who affirms any thing

Prěd'ic-ate, *f.* what is affirmed of a subject; as, *Mary is cook*; where *cook* is the predicate: *v. a.* to affirm any thing of another thing: *v. n.* to affirm or speak [any thing

Prěd'ic-ā'tion, *f.* affirmation concerning

Prě-dīct', *v. a.* to foretel, to prophesy

Prě-dīc'tion, *f.* a prophecy

Prě-dīc'tór, *f.* one who foretels

Prě-dī-g,ēst'ion, *f.* digestion performed too soon

Prě-dīs-pōse', *v. a.* to adapt previously to any certain purpose

Prě-dīs-po-šī'tion, *f.* previous adaptation

Pre-dōm'īn-ānce, Pre-dōm'īn-ān-cy, *f.* ascendancy, prevalence, superiour influence

Pre-dōm'īn-ānt, *a.* prevalent

Pre-dōm'īn-ate, *v. n.* to prevail, to be ascendent

Prě-e-lēct', *v. a.* to chuse by previous decree

Prě-ēm'īn-ēnce, *f.* precedence, superiority

Prě-ēm'īn-ēnt, *a.* excellent above others

Prě-ēmp'tion, *f.* right of buying before another

Prě-ēn-gāge', *v. a.* to engage beforehand

Prě-ēn-gāge'mēnt, *f.* precedent obligation

Prě-ēs-tāb'līsh, *v. a.* to settle beforehand

Prě-ēs-tāb'līsh-mēnt, *f.* settlement beforehand

Prě-ēx-īst', *v. a.* to exist beforehand

Prě-ēx-īst'ēnce, *f.* existence beforehand

Prě-ēx-īst'ēnt, *a.* existent before, preceding in existence

Prěf'ace, *f.* introduction, proem

Prěf'ace, *v. a.* to introduce a treatise, to cover

Prěf'āc-ēr, *f.* the writer of a preface

Prěf'a-to-ry, *a.* introductory

Prěf'ēct, *f.* governour, mayor, commander

Prěf'ēct-ure, *f.* the office of government

Pre-fér', *v. a.* to regard more; to exalt, to promote

Prěf'ér-a-ble, *a.* eligible before another

Prěf'ér-a-ble-nēss, *f.* state of being preferred

Prěf'ér-a-bly, *ad.* in preference [able

Prěf'ér-ēnce, *f.* estimation above another, act of preferring

Pre fér'ér, *f.* one who prefers

Pre-fér'mēnt, *f.* place of honour, advancement

Prě-fīg'ur-ate, *v. a.* to shew by an antecedent representation [tion

Prě-fīg-ur-ā'tion, *f.* foregoing representation

Pre-fīg'ure, *v. a.* to represent beforehand

- Pre-fīx', *v. a.* to place before; to settle, to appoint: *f.* a particle before a word to vary its signification
 Pre-fōrm', *v. a.* to form beforehand
 Prēg'nān-cy, *f.* state of being with young; fruitfulness
 Prēg'nānt, *a.* breeding young, fertile
 Prēg'nānt-ly, *ad.* fruitfully, fully, clearly
 Pre-jūdge', *v. a.* to judge beforehand
 Pre-jū'dī-cate, *a.* formed by prejudice: *v. a.* to determine without evidence
 Prē-ju-dī-cā'tion, *f.* act of judging beforehand
 Prēj'u-dīce, *f.* injury; prepossession: *v. a.* to fill with prejudice, to injure
 Prēj-u-dī'cial, *a.* contrary; hurtful
 Prēj-u-dī'cial-nēss, *f.* mischievousness
 Prēl'a-cy, *f.* order of bishops, post of a prelate
 Prēl'ate, *f.* an ecclesiastic of the highest order
 Pre-lāt'ic-āl, *a.* relating to a prelate
 Pre-lā'tion, *f.* preference
 Prēl'a-ture, Prēl'a-ture-shīp, *f.* state or dignity of a prelate or bishop
 Prē-lēc'tion, *f.* lecture, reading, discourse
 Prē-līm'ī-na-ry, *f.* something previous
 Prē-līm'ī-na-ry, *a.* introductory, previous
 Prēl'ude, *f.* something introductory
 Pre-lūde', *v. a.* to serve as an introduction
 Pre-lūf'ive, *a.* previous, introductory
 Prē-ma-tūre', *a.* ripe too soon; too hasty
 Prē-ma-tūre'ly, *ad.* too early, too soon
 Prē-ma-tūre'nēss, Prē-ma-tū'rī-ty, *f.* unreasonable earliness
 Prē-mēd'ī-tate, *v. n.* to think beforehand; to contrive
 Prē-mēd-ī-tā'tion, *f.* meditating beforehand
 Prēm'ī-ces, *f.* first fruits
 Prēm'ī-ér, *a.* first, chief
 Pre-mīse', *v. n.* to lay down premises, to explain previously
 Prē-m'īf-es, *f.* antecedent matter; houses, &c.
 Prē'mī-ūm, *f.* an advance to a bargain; a reward
 Pre-mōn'īsh, *v. a.* to admonish beforehand
 Pre-mōn'īsh-mēnt, Pre-mo-nī'tion, *f.* previous notice
 Pre-mōn'ī-to-ry, *a.* previously advising
 Pre-mōn'strate, *v. a.* to shew beforehand
 Pre-mu-nīre', *f.* a writ; penalty; difficulty
 Pre-nōm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to forename
 Prē-nōm-īn-ā'tion, *f.* a naming first
 Prē-nō'tion, *f.* fore-knowledge, prescience
 Prēn'tīce, *f.* one bound to a master for instruction
 Prēn'tīce-shīp, *f.* the servitude of an apprentice
 Pre-ōc'cu-pān-cy, *f.* the first possession
 Pre-ōc'cu-pate, *v. a.* to anticipate, to prepossess
 Prē-ōc'cu-pā'tion, *f.* prepossession, anticipation
 Pre-ōc'cu-py, *v. a.* to prepossess, to occupy by anticipation, &c.
 Prē-ōm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to prognosticate
 Prē-ōr-dāin', *v. a.* to ordain beforehand
 Pre-ōr'dīn-ānce, *f.* antecedent determination
 Prē-ōr-dīn-ā'tion, *f.* the act of preordaining
 Prēp-a-rā'tion, *f.* a making ready for some purpose
 Pre-pār'a-tīve, *f.* something to pave the way: *a.* having the power of preparing
 Pre-pār'a-tīve-ly, *ad.* previously
 Pre-pār'a-to-ry, *a.* introductory
 Pre-pāre', *v. a.* to make fit, to qualify, to form

- Pre-pār'ēd-ly, *ad.* by proper precedent measures
- Pre-pār'ēd-nēs, *f.* state of being prepared
- Pre-pār'ēr, *f.* one who prepares
- Pre-pēnsē', Pre-pēns'ēd, *a.* preconceived, contrived beforehand
- Pre-pōnd'ēr, *v. a.* to outweigh
- Pre-pōnd'ēr-ānce, Pre-pōnd'ēr-ān-cy, *f.* superiority of weight
- Pre-pōnd'ēr-ate, *v. a. & n.* to outweigh: to exceed in weight
- Prē-pōnd-ēr-ā-tion, *f.* greater weight
- Pre-pōsē', *v. a.* to put before
- Prēp-o-s'ī-tion, *f.* a particle governing a case
- Pre-pōs'ī-tōr, *f.* a scholar appointed to overlook the rest
- Pre-pōs-sēs', *v. a.* to prejudice, to fill with an opinion unexamined
- Pre-pōs-sēs-sion, *f.* first possession, prejudice
- Pre-pōs'tér-ōūs, *a.* wrong, absurd, perverted
- Pre-pōs'tér-ōūs-ly, *ad.* absurdly, in a wrong situation
- Pre-pōs'tér-ōūs-nēs, *f.* absurdity
- Pre-pūce', *f.* what covers the glands, the foreskin
- Prē-rēq'uī-sīte, *a.* previously necessary
- Pre-rōg'a-tīve, *f.* a peculiar privilege
- Prē-rōg'a-tīv-ēd, *a.* having a peculiar privilege
- Pre-sāge', *f.* a prognostic
- Pre-sāge', *v. n.* to forebode, to foretoken
- Prēsby-tēr, *f.* a priest, a presbyterian
- Prēs-by-tē'rī-ān, *f.* a follower of Calvin: *a.* according to Calvin's discipline
- Prēs'cience, *f.* foreknowledge
- Prēs'cient, *a.* foreknowing, prophetic
- Pre-scīnd', *v. a.* to cut off, abstract
- Pre-scribe', *v. a.* to direct medically, to order
- Prēs'cript, *f.* direction, precept: *a.* directed, ordered
- Pre-scrip'tion, *f.* medical receipt; a right by continued long possession
- Prēs'ēnce, *f.* a being present, mien; readiness
- Prēs'ēnce-chāmb-ēr, Prēs'ēnce-rōom, *f.* a room to receive company
- Prēsēnt, *f.* a gift; a royal mandate: *a.* at hand, face to face, now ready
- Pre-sēnt', *v. a.* to exhibit, give, offer openly
- At Prēs'ēnt, *ad.* at the present time
- Pre-sēnt'a-ble, *a.* may be presented
- Prēs-ēn-tā-ne-ōūs, *a.* ready, quick, immediate
- Prēs-ēn-tā-tion, *f.* gift of beneficence; act of presenting; exhibition
- Pre-sēnt'a-tīve, *a.* such as that presentations may be made of it
- Prēs-ēn-tēe', *f.* one presented to a benefice
- Pre-sēnt'ēr, *f.* one who presents
- Prēsēnt-ly, *ad.* at present, immediately
- Pre-sēnt'mēt, *f.* the act of presenting; representation
- Prēs-ēr-vā-tion, *f.* the act of preserving
- Pre-sērv'a-tīve, *a.* what has power to preserve
- Pre-sērvē', *v. a.* to save, defend; to keep fruits, &c.: *f.* fruit preserved in sugar
- Pre-sērv'ēr, *f.* who preserves
- Pre-sīde', *v. n.* to be set over; to have authority over
- Prēs'i-dēn-cy, *f.* superintendence
- Prēs'i-dēt, *f.* one at the head of a society
- Prēs'i-dēt-shīp, *f.* the place of a president

Prěs, *f.* instrument for pressing; case of clothes; crowd; tumult; act of forcing men into service; machine for printing: *v.* *a. & n.* to squeeze: urge; hug: to distress, to close: to make invasion; to crowd
 Prěš'běd, *f.* a bed shut up in a case
 Prěš'ér, *f.* one who presses
 Prěš'gāng, *f.* a crew who go about to press men
 Prěš'ing-ly, *ad.* with force, urgently, closely
 Prěš'ion, *f.* the act of pressing
 Prěš'mān, *f.* a printer who works at the press
 Prěš'mōn-ey, *f.* money for press'd soldiers
 Prěš'fure, *f.* force; impression; affliction
 Prěšt, *a.* ready; neat, tight, not dilatory
 Prěš'to, *ad.* quick, at once, without delay
 Pre-šūm'a-bly, *ad.* without examination
 Pre-šūme, *v. n.* to suppose, to venture
 Pre-šūm'ér, *f.* an arrogant person, who pre-supposes
 Pre-šūmp'tion, *f.* arrogance, confidence
 Pre-šūmp'tive, *a.* supposed next in inheritance
 Pre-šūmp'tu-ous, *a.* arrogant, irreverent
 Pre-šūmp'tu-ous-ly, *ad.* arrogantly
 Pre-šūmp'tu-ous-něs, *f.* confidence, irreverence
 Prě-šūp-pōš'āl, *f.* supposal previously formed
 Prě-šūp-pōše', *v. a.* to suppose as previous
 Prě-šūp-po-š'it'ion, *f.* supposition previously formed
 Prě-šūr-mīše', *f.* surmise previously formed
 Pre-těnce', *f.* shewing what is not real; claim
 Pre-těnd', *v. a. & n.* to hold out, to play the hypocrite, to allege falsely: to profess presumptuously

Pre-těnd'ér, *f.* one who lays claim
 Pre-těnd'ing-ly, *ad.* presumptuously
 Pre-těn'sion, *f.* fictitious appearance, claim
 Prě-tér-īm-pér'fěct, *a.* the tense not perfectly past
 Prét'ér-īt, Prět'ér-īte, *a.* past
 Prě-tér-mīš'ion, *f.* the act of omitting
 Pre-tér-mīt', *v. a.* to pass by or over
 Prě-tér-nāt'ur-āl, *a.* not natural, irregular
 Prě-tér-nāt'ur-āl-ly, *ad.* out of natural order
 Prě-tér-nāt'ur-āl-něs, *f.* manner different from the order of nature
 Prě-tér-pér'fěct, *a.* time absolutely past
 Prě-tér-plū-pér'fěct, *a.* past before some other past time
 Pre-těxt', *f.* false allegation, pretence
 Prě'tór, *f.* a Roman judge, a mayor
 Pre-to'rī-ān, *f.* judicial
 Prět'tī-ly, *ad.* neatly, elegantly, pleasingly
 Prět'tī-něs, *f.* beauty without dignity
 Prět'ty, *a.* beautiful without grandeur, neat
ad. in some degree
 Pre-vāil', *v. n.* to be in force, to overcome
 Pre-vāil'ing, *a.* having influence
 Pre-vāil'měnt, Prěv'a-lěnce, Prěv'a-lěn-cy, *f.* superiority, influence, predominancy
 Prěv'a-lěnt, *a.* predominant, victorious
 Prěv'a-lěnt-ly, *ad.* powerfully [shuffle
 Pre-vār'ī-cate, *v. n.* to cavil, quibble, to
 Pre-vār-ī-cā'tion, *f.* a shuffle, cavil
 Prě-vār-ī-cā'tór, *f.* a caviller, a shuffler
 Pre-vē'nī-ěnt, *a.* going before; preventive
 Pre-vēne', *v. n.* to hinder [hinder
 Pre-věnt', *v. a.* to guide; to pre-engage; to
 Pre-věnt'ér, *f.* who goes before; a hinderer
 Pre-věn'tion, *f.* the act of going before; hinderance; prejudice; anticipation

Pre-vēn'tion-āl, *a.* tending to prevention
 Pre-vēnt'ive, *a.* preservative, hindering ill :
f. an antidote, a preservative
 Pre-vēnt'ive-ly, *ad.* in a preventive manner
 Prē'vī-ous, *a.* antecedent, prior
 Prē'vī-ous-ly, *ad.* beforehand, antecedently
 Prē'vī-ous-nēss, *f.* antecedence
 Prēy, *f.* something to be devoured ; plunder
 Prēy, *v. n.* to corrode, waste ; rob
 Prēy'ér, *f.* a robber, devourer, plunderer
 Prī'ap-ism, *f.* a preternatural erection of the
 penis
 Prīce, *f.* value ; esteem ; rate ; reward
 Prīce, *v. a.* to pay for
 Prīck, *f.* a puncture ; point ; remorse of con-
 science
 Prīck, *v. a.* to pierce ; to spur, to incite ; to
 affect with remorse ; to make acid ; to
 mark a tune
 Prīck'ér, *f.* a sharp pointed instrument ; a
 light horseman
 Prīck'ēt, *f.* a buck in his second year
 Prī'ckle, *f.* a small sharp point ; a thorn
 Prīck'lī-nēss, *f.* fulness of sharp points
 Prīck'lōûse, *f.* a nickname for a taylor
 Prīck'ly, *ad.* full of sharp points
 Prīck'pūch, *f.* a piece of tempered steel
 Prīde, *f.* inordinate self-esteem, insolence
 Prīde, *v. a.* to make proud, to rate high
 Prī'ér, *f.* one who inquires too narrowly
 Prīest, *f.* one who officiates at the altar
 Prīest'craft, *f.* religious frauds
 Peīest'ēss, *f.* a woman who officiates in heath-
 en rites
 Prīest'hōdd, *f.* the office of a priest
 Prīest'lī-nēss, *f.* the appearance of a priest
 Prīest'ly, *a.* becoming a priest, sacerdotal
 Prīest'rīd-den, *a.* managed by priests.

Prīg, *f.* a pert, conceited, saucy fellow
 Prīm, *a.* formal, precise, affectedly nice
 Prīm, *v. a.* to form an affected nicety
 Prī'ma-cy, *f.* a chief ecclesiastical station
 Prīm'age, *f.* the freight of a ship
 Prī'ma-rī-ly, *ad.* in the first place, in the first
 intention, originally
 Prī'ma'ry, *a.* first in station, original, chief
 Prī'mate, *f.* a chief bishop
 Prī'mate-ship, *f.* the office and dignity of a
 primate
 Prīme, *f.* dawn of day ; best part ; spring ;
 height of perfection ; first canonical hour :
v. a. to put powder in the pan of a gun ;
 to lay the first colours on in painting
 Prīme-ly, *ad.* originally, excellently
 Prīme-nēss, *f.* excellence ; state of being first
 Prīm'ér, *f.* an elementary book for children
 Pri-mē'ro, *f.* a game at cards
 Pri-mē'vāl, Pri-mē'vous, *a.* such as was at
 first, original
 Prīm'ī-tive, *a.* affectedly solemn, ancient
 Prīm'ī-tive-ly, *ad.* originally, at first
 Prīm'ī-tive-nēss, *f.* affected formality, anti-
 quity
 Prī-mo-g,ē'nī-āl, *a.* first born, original, consti-
 tuent
 Prī-mo-g,ēn'ī-ture, *f.* seniority, eldership
 Pri-mōr'dī-āl, *a.* existing from the beginning : *f.*
 origin, first principle
 Pri-mōr'dī-ate, *a.* original, existing from the
 first
 Prīm'rōse, *f.* a flower
 Prīnce, *f.* a king's son, a sovereign, a chief
 Prīnce'dōm, *f.* rank, estate, or power of a
 prince
 Prīnce'like, *a.* becoming a prince
 Prīnce'lī-nēss, *f.* state or dignity of a prince

Prince'ly, *a.* royal, grand, august
 Prin'cess, *f.* daughter of a king; wife of a prince
 Prin'cip-äl, *f.* a head or chief; capital sum:
a. chief, capital, essential
 Prin-ci-päl'i-ty, *f.* a prince's domain; so-
 vereignty
 Prin'ci-päl-ly, *ad.* chiefly
 Prin'ci-ple, *f.* fundamental truth; original
 cause; motive, ground for action: *v. a.*
 to instruct, to fix in a tenet
 Prin'cōck, Prin'cōx, *f.* a coxcomb, a con-
 ceited person; a pert young rogue
 Print, *f.* mark made by impression; picture
 Print, *v. a.* to mark by impression; to publish
 Print'ér, *f.* he who prints books or stains
 linen
 Print'lēss, *a.* leaving no impression
 Pri'ór, *f.* a religious title amongst monks:
a. going before, former, antecedent
 Pri'ór-ēss, *f.* a governess amongst nuns
 Pri-ör'i-ty, *f.* a being first, precedence
 Pri'ór-shīp, *f.* the office of a prior
 Pri'ór-y, *f.* an inferiour convent
 Prism, *f.* a kind of mathematical glass
 Prī-māt'ic, *a.* formed as a prism
 Prī-māt'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* in form of a prism
 Prī-mōid', *f.* a body like a prism
 Prī'son, *f.* a place of confinement, a goal
 Prī'son, *v. a.* to shut up in hold, to enchain
 Prī'son-bāse, *f.* a play called *prisoners*
 Prī'son-ér, *f.* one under arrest, a captive
 Prī'son-hōûse, *f.* a goal
 Prī'stīne, *a.* ancient, original, first
 Prīth'ee, *abbreviation for* I pray thee
 Prīv'a-cy, *f.* secrecy, privacy, retreat
 Prīv'ate, *f.* a secret message. *a.* secret, a-
 lone, not open

Pri-va-tēer', *f.* a ship of war: *v. a.* to fit
 out ships against enemies at the charge
 of private persons
 Prīvate-ly, *ad.* clandestinely, secretly
 Prīvate-nēss, *f.* secrecy, obscurity
 Pri-vā'tion, *f.* loss or destruction of any thing
 Prīva-tīve, *a.* causing privation
 Prīva-tīve-ly *ad.* negatively, [tage
 Prīv'i-lēge, *f.* public right, peculiar advan-
 Prīv'i-lege, *v. a.* to grant a privilege, to
 exempt
 Prīv'i-ly, *ad.* secretly, privately
 Prīv'i-ty, *f.* private communication, know-
 Prīv'y, *f.* a necessary house [ledge
 Prīv'y, *a.* admitted to secrets; private
 Prize, *f.* reward gained by merit; something
 taken from an enemy; he who values:
v. a. to value, to esteem to rate [ward
 Prize'fīght'ér, *f.* one who fights for a re-
 Pro, *prep.* (Lat.) for, in defence of
 Prōb-a-bīl'i-ty, *f.* likelihood, appearance of
 truth
 Prōb'a-ble, *a.* likely
 Prō'bā-bly, *ad.* in all likelihood, likely
 Prō'bāt, *f.* the proof of a will
 Pro-bā'tion, *f.* proof; trial, testimony
 Pro-bā'tion-a-ry, Prō'ba-to-ry, *a.* serving
 for trial
 Pro-bā'tion-ér, *f.* a novice, one upon trial
 Pro-bā'tion-ér-shīp, *f.* state of a probationer
 Pro-bā'tum-ēst, (Lat.) it is tried, proved
 Prōbe, *f.* a surgeon's instrument
 Prōbe, *v. a.* to search, to try with a probe
 Prōb'i-ty, *f.* honesty, sincerity, veracity
 Prōb'lēm, *f.* a question proposed
 Prōb'lēm-āt-ic-äl, *a.* uncertain, disputable

Pröb-lēm-ät'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* uncertainly
Pro-böf'cīs, *f.* the trunk of an elephant
Pro-cē'dure, *f.* manner of proceeding, pro-
Pro-cēd', *f.* the produce [gress
Pro-cēd'ēr, *f.* who goes forward; who
 makes a progress
Pro-cēd'ing, *f.* transaction, legal procedure
Pröç'ēs, *f.* method; tendency; course of
 law, regular progress
Pro-cēs'sion, *f.* a train marching in cere-
 monious solemnity
Pro-cēs'sion-äl, *a.* relating to procession
Pro-cēs'sion-ä-ry, *f.* consisting in procession
Pro-clāim', *v. a.* to publish solemnly
Prö-clāim'ēr, *f.* who proclaims
Pröc-la-mā'tion, *f.* a publication by author-
 ity; a public declaration of the king's
 will
Pro-cliv'ī-ty, *f.* tendency; readiness; steep-
 ness, propension
Pro-cliv'ūs, *a.* inclined, tending by nature
Pro-cön'sul, *f.* a Roman officer
Pro-cön'sul-shīp, *f.* office of a proconsul
Pro-crās-tī-nate, *v. a. & n.* to defer, to de-
 lay, to put off: to be dilatory
Prö-crās'tī-nā'tion, *f.* delay, dilatoriness
Prö-crās'tī-nā'tör, *f.* a dilatory person
Pröcre-änt, *a.* productive, pregnant
Pröcre-ate, *v. a.* to generate, to produce
Pröcre-ä'tion, *f.* generation, production
Pröcre-a-tive, *a.* generative, productive
Pröcre-ä'tive-nēss, *f.* power of generation
Procre-ä'tör, *f.* a generator, a begetter
Pröc'tör, *f.* attorney in the spiritual court;
 an officer in the university
Proc'tör-shīp, *f.* the office of a proctor
Pro-cüm'bent, *a.* lying down, prone

Pro-cū'ra-ble, *a.* obtainable, acquireable
Pröc'u-ra-cy, *f.* management of a thing
Pro-cu-rā'tion, *f.* the act of procuring
Pro-cu-rā'tör, *f.* an agent, a manager
Pro-cūre', *v. a. & n.* to manage, obtain, to
 bawd
Pro-cūre'ment *f.* act of procuring
Pro-cūr'ēr, *f.* a pimp; a pandor, an obtainer
Pro-cūr'ēs, *f.* a bawd
Pröd'ī-gäl, *f.* a spendthrift, a waster
Pröd'ī-gäl, *a.* profuse, expensive, wasteful
Pröd'ī-gäl'ī-ty, *f.* extravagance, profusion
Pröd'ī-gäl-ly, *ad.* extravagantly, profusely
Pro-dīg'ioūs, *a.* amazing, monstrous
Pro-dīg'ioūs-ly, *ad.* amazingly, enormously
Pröd'īg'ioūs-nēss, *f.* enormousness
Pröd'ī-g-y, *f.* a surprising thing, a monster
Pröd'uce, *f.* product; amount; profit
Pro-dūce', *v. a.* to bring into public; to
 generate
Pro-dū'cent, *f.* who exhibits or offers
Prodū'cēr, *f.* who generates or produces
Prodū'cī-ble, *a.* may be exhibited
Prödūct, *f.* something produced, effect, work
Pro-dūc'tile, *a.* may be produced
Pro-dūc'tion, *f.* act of producing, product
Pro-dūc'tive, *a.* generative, fertile, causing
Prö'em, *f.* preface, introduction
Pröf-a-nā'tion, *f.* violation of sacred things
Pro-fāne', *a.* irreverent, polluted: *v. a.* to
 pollute; violate, misapply
Pro-fāne'ly, *ad.* irreverently, with irreve-
 rence
Pro-fān'ēr, *f.* a polluter, a violator
Pro-fāne-nēss, *f.* irreverence of what is
 sacred
Pro-fēs', *v. n.* to declare openly

Pro-fess'ed-ly, *ad.* with an intention, openly
 Pro-fes'sion, *f.* calling, vocation, declaration
 Pro-fes'sion-āl, *a.* relating to a profession
 Pro-fes'sor, *f.* a public teacher of some art
 Pro-fes'sor ship, *f.* the station or office of a public teacher
 Prof'ér, *f.* an offer made, essay, attempt:
v. a. to propose, to attempt, to offer
 Prof'ér-ér, *f.* one who offers
 Pro-fĩ'cience, Pro-fĩ'cien-cy, *f.* improvement, profit
 Pro-fĩ-cient, *f.* who advances in study
 Pro-fĩle', Pro-fĩle', *f.* the side-face
 Prof'it, *f.* gain, advantage; proficiency:
v. a. & n. to benefit, improve: to gain advantage
 Prof'it-a-ble, *a.* lucrative; useful
 Prof'it-a-ble-něs, *f.* advantageousness
 Prof'it-a-bly, *ad.* gainfully, advantageously
 Prof'it-lěs, *a.* void of advantage
 Prof'li-gate, *f.* an abandoned wretch
 Prof'li-gate, *a.* lost to virtue, abandoned
 Prof'li-gate-ly, *ad.* shamelessly
 Prof'li-gate-něs, *f.* the being profligate
 Prof'lu-ence, *f.* progress, course
 Prof'lu-ent, *a.* flowing forward
 Pro-fou'nd', *f.* the sea, the abyss, the deep:
a. deep, learned, humble
 Pro-fou'nd'ly, *ad.* with deep concern and insight
 Pro-fou'nd'něs, *f.* depth of place and knowledge
 Pro-fu'nd'ĩ-ty, *f.* depth
 Pro-fu'se', *a.* prodigal, lavish, overabounding
 Pro-fu'se'ly, *ad.* prodigally
 Pró-fu'se-něs, *f.* lavishness, prodigality
 Pro-fu'sion, *f.* profuseness, exuberance

Prög', *f.* victual, provisions of any kind:
v. n. to steal, to shift for provisions
 Pro-g,ěn'ĩ-tór, *f.* an ancestor in a direct line
 Prög,e-ny, *f.* offspring, race
 Prög-nō's'tic, *f.* a prediction in diseases: *a.* fortelling, foreboding
 Prög-nō's'tic-a-ble, *a.* may be foretold
 Prög-nō's'tic-ate, *v. a.* to foretel
 Prög-nō's'tic-ā'tion, *f.* the act of foreshowing
 Prög-nō's'tic-ā'tór, *f.* a foreteller
 Prög'rěs, *f.* course; advancement; journey
 Pro-grěs'sion, *f.* regular and gradual advance
 Pro-grěs'sion-āl, *a.* advancing, increasing
 Pro-grěs'sive, *a.* going forward, advancing
 Pro-grěs-sive-ly, *ad.* by a regular method
 Pro-gres'sive-něs, *f.* state of advancing
 Pro-hĩb'it, *v. a.* to forbid, debar, hinder
 Pro-hĩb'it-ér, *f.* forbiddér, interdicter
 Pro-hĩ-bĩ'tion, *f.* forbiddance
 Pro-hĩb'ĩ-to-ry, *a.* implying prohibition
 Proj'ect, *f.* scheme, contrivance, design
 Pro-ject', *v. a. & n.* to contrive, throw out: jut out
 Pro-jec'tile, *f.* a body put in motion
 Pro-jec'tile, *a.* impelled forward
 Pro-jec'tion, *f.* a plan; act of shooting forward
 Pro-jec'tór, *f.* a designer
 Pro-jec'ture, *f.* jutting out
 Pro-lāte', *a.* flat, oblate [lay
 Pro-lā'tion, *f.* utterance, pronunciation; de-
 Pröl-e-gōm'e-na, *f.* previous discourse
 Pro-lěp's'is, *f.* anticipation of objections
 Pro-lěp'tic-āl, *a.* previous, antecedent
 Pro-lěp'tic-āl-ly, *ad.* by way of anticipation

Pro-lif'ic, Pro-lif'ic-äl, fruitful, generative, pregnant, productive
 Pro-lif'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* fruitfully, pregnantly
 Pro-lif'ic-ä'tion, *f.* generation of children
 Prol-ix', *a.* long, tedious, dilatory
 Pro-lix'i-ous, *a.* dilatory, tedious
 Pro-lix'i-ty, *f.* tediousness, tiresome length
 Pro-lix'ly, *ad.* at great length, tediously
 Pro-lix'něs, *f.* tediousness [tion
 Pro-lo-cū'tōr, *f.* the speaker of the convoca-
 Pro-lo-cū'tōr-shīp, *f.* office of prolocutor
 Pröl'ogue, *f.* introduction to a play, discourse or performance; preface: *v. a.* to introduce with a formal preface
 Pro-lōng', *v. a.* to lengthen out, to put off
 Prō-lōn-gā'tion, *f.* a delay to a longer time
 Pro-lū'fion, *f.* performance of diversion
 Prōm'in-ēnce, Prōm'in-ēn-cy, *f.* protuberance; a jutting out
 Prōm'in-ēnt, *a.* standing out beyond the near parts
 * Pro-mīf'cu-ous, *a.* mingled, confused
 Pro-mīf'cu-ous-ly, *ad.* confusedly, indiscriminately
 Prōm'iē, *f.* declaration of a benefit intended: *v. a. & n.* to declare: to give one's word
 Prōm'ise-brēach, *f.* violation of promise
 Prōm'is-ér, *f.* one who promises
 Prōm'is-so-ry, *a.* containing a promise
 Prōm'is-so-rī-ly, *ad.* by way of promise
 Prōm'ont, Prōm'ont-to-ry, *f.* head-land, cape, high land
 Pro-mōte, *v. a.* to forward, advance, prefer
 Pro-mōt'ér, *f.* an encourager, advancer
 Prō-mō'tion, *f.* advancement, preferment

Prōmpt', *a.* quick, ready, acute; told down
 Prōmpt', *v. a.* to assist, put in mind, incite
 Prōmpt'ér, *f.* who helps a public speaker
 Prōmpt'tī-tude, *f.* readiness, quickness
 Prōmpt'ly, *ad.* readily, expeditiously
 Prōmpt'něs, *f.* quickness, alacrity
 Prōmpt'ure, *f.* suggestion
 Pro-mūl'gate, *v. a.* to publish, to make known
 Prō-mūl-gā'tion, *f.* publication, open exhibition
 Prō-mūl-gāt'ōr, *f.* publisher, open teacher
 Pro-mūlge', *v. a.* to promulgate
 Pro-mūl'g-ér, *f.* a promulgator
 Prōne', *a.* bending downward; inclined
 Prōne'něs, *f.* inclination, declivity, descent
 Prōng', *f.* a branch of a fork
 Prō'nōūn, *f.* a word used instead of a noun
 Pro-nōūnce', *v. a. & n.* to speak, to utter rhetorically: to speak with confidence or authority
 Pro-nōūn'cér, *f.* who pronounces
 Pro-nūn-cī-ä'tion, *f.* act or mode of utterance
 Prōof, *f.* evidence, test, experiment, rough sheet of print
 Prōof, *a.* impenetrable; able to resist
 Prōof'lěs, *a.* wanting evidence, not proved
 Prōp', *f.* a support: that on which any thing rests: *v. a.* to support, sustain keep up
 Prōp'a-ga-ble, *a.* may be supported
 Prōp'a-gate, *v. a.* to generate; to spread abroad
 Prōp-a-gā'tion, *f.* generation, production
 Prōp-a-gā'tōr, *f.* a spreader, a producer
 Pro-pěl', *v. a.* to drive forward
 Pro-pēnd', *v. a.* to incline to any part

Pro-pēnse', *a.* inclined, disposed
 Pro-pēns'ī-ty, *f.* inclination, tendency
 Prōp'ér, *a.* peculiar, fit, one's own; just, tall
 Prōp'ér-ly, *ad.* fitly; in a strict sense
 Prōp'ér-nēss, *f.* a being proper; tallness
 Prōp'ér-ty, *f.* quality; right of possession:
v. a. to invest with qualities
 Prōph'e-cy, *f.* prediction
 Prōph'e-sī-ér, *f.* one who prophesies
 Prōph'e-sy, *v. a. & n.* to foretell: to utter predictions
 Prōph'ēt, *f.* he who foretells future events
 Prōph'ēt-ēss, *f.* a woman prophet
 Pro-phēt'ic, Pro-phēt'ic-āl, *a.* foretelling events
 Pro-phēt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in manner of prophecy
 Pro-pīn'quī-ty, *f.* nearness, proximity
 Pro-pī-tī-a-ble, *a.* may be made propitious
 Pro-pī-tī-ate, *v. a.* to induce, favour, to gain
 Pro-pī-tī-ā'tion, *f.* atonement
 Pro-pī-tī-ā'tór, *f.* who propitiates
 Pro-pī-tī-a-to-ry, *a.* able to atone: *f.* the mercy-seat in the temple
 Pro-pī'tious, *a.* favourable, merciful
 Pro-pī'tious-ly, *ad.* favourably, kindly
 Pro-pī'tious-nēss, *f.* favourableness, kindness
 Pro-pō'nēnt, *a.* one who makes a proposal
 Pro-pōr'tion, *f.* equal part; ratio, symmetry, size: *v. a.* to adjust the parts
 Pro-pōr'tion-a-ble, *a.* such as is fit
 Pro-pōr'tion-a-bly, *ad.* according to proportion
 Pro-pōr'tion-āl, *a.* having a due proportion
 Pro-por'tion-āl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of being proportional

Pro-pōr'tion-āl-ly, *ad.* in a stated degree
 Pro-pōr'tion-ate, *a.* adjusted to something else: *v. a.* to adjust in a certain manner
 Pro-pōr'tion-ate-nēss, *f.* state of being adjusted
 Pro-pōs'āl, *f.* offer to the mind
 Pro-pōs'e', *v. a.* to offer for consideration
 Pro-pō-s'ér, *f.* who offers for consideration
 Prōp-o-sī'tion, *f.* sentence to be considered
 Prōp-o-sī'tion-āl, *a.* considered as a proposition
 Pro-pōund', *v. a.* to propose, offer
 Pro-pōund'ér, *f.* who propounds, who offers
 Pro-prī'e-to-ry, *a.* belonging to a certain owner
 Pro-prī'e-ta-ry, Pro-prī'e-tór, *f.* possessor in his own right
 Prō-prī'ēt-rēss, *f.* a female possessor in her own right
 Pro-prī'e-ty, *f.* accuracy; exclusive right
 Prōpt', *a.* sustained by some prop
 Pro-pūgn', *v. a.* to defend, to vindicate
 Prōp-u-gā'tion, *f.* defence
 Pro-pūgn'ér, *f.* a defender
 Pro-pūl'sion, *f.* the act of driving forward
 Prōre, *f.* the prow; the fore part of a ship
 Pro-ro-gā'tion, *f.* prolongation; a putting off
 Pro-rōgue', *v. a.* to protract, put off
 Pro-sā'ic, *a.* belonging to prose
 Pro-scribe', *v. a.* to censure capitally; to outlaw
 Pro-scrib'ér, *f.* who dooms to destruction
 Pro-scrip'tion, *f.* confiscation; doom to death
 Prōse, *f.* language not restrained to numbers
 Prōs'e-cute, *v. a.* to pursue, continue, sue
 Prōs'e-cū'tion, *f.* criminal suit; pursuit
 Prōs'e-cū'tór, *f.* a pursuer of any purpose

Prōf'e-lŷte, *f.* a convert
 Prōf-ō'di-ān, *f.* one skilled in profody
 Prōf-o-dy, *f.* the art of metrical composition
 Prōf'pēct, *f.* object of view; view into futurity
 Pro-spēct'ive, *a.* viewing at a distance
 Prōf'pēr, *v. a. & n.* to make happy: to be successful
 Prōf-pēr'i-ty, *f.* success, good fortune
 Prōf'pēr-ōūs, *a.* successful, fortunate
 Prōf'pēr-ōūf-ly, *ad.* successfully, fortunately
 Prōf'pēr-ōūf-nēss, *f.* prosperity
 Prōf'ti-tate, *f.* a public strumpet; a hireling; *a.* vicious for hire; sold to vice; *v. a.* to expose upon wicked terms
 Prōf-ti-tū'tion, *f.* act and state of setting to sale
 Prōf'trate, *a.* lying at length
 Prōf'trate, *v. a.* to lay flat, throw down
 Prōf-trā'tion, *f.* the act of adoration; dejection
 Pro-tēct', *v. a.* to defend, shield
 Pro-tēc'tion, *f.* defence; shelter from harm
 Pro-tēct'ive, *a.* defensive, sheltering
 Pro-tēct'or, *f.* defender, support, regent
 Pro-tēct'ress, *f.* a woman who protects
 Pro-tēnd', *v. a.* to hold out; stretch forth
 Pro-tēst, *f.* solemn declaration against a thing: *v. a.* to prove, give evidence, shew
 Prōt'ef-tant, *f.* one who protests against Popery: *a.* belonging to protestants
 Prōt-ef-tā'tion, *f.* solemn declaration
 Pro-tēst'ēr, *f.* one who protests solemnly
 Pro-thōn'o-ta-ry, *f.* a head register
 Prō-to-cōl, *f.* original copy of a writing
 Pro-to-mār'ty'r, *f.* the first martyr

Prō'to-tŷpe, *f.* the original of a copy
 Pro-trāct', *f.* tedious continuance
 Pro-trāct', *v. a.* to draw out, delay, lengthen
 Pro-trāct'ēr, *f.* one who protracts; an instrument
 Pro-trāc'tion, *f.* a delay
 Pro-trāct'ive, *a.* dilatory, delaying, spinning out
 Pro-trūde', *v. a.* to thrust forward
 Pro-trū'sion, *f.* act of thrusting forward
 Pro-tū'be-rance, *f.* a swelling above the rest
 Pro-tū'be-rant, *a.* swelling, prominent
 Pro-tū'be-rate, *v. n.* to swell out
 Prōūd, *a.* elated, haughty, conceited, grand, lofty, exuberant, daring; eager for the male
 Prōūd'ly, *ad.* arrogantly
 Prōve, *v. a. & n.* to evince, experience; to make trial
 Prōve'a-ble, *a.* may be proved
 Prōv'ēn-dér, *f.* food for brute animals
 Prōv'érb, *f.* a common saying; a maxim
 Pro-vérb'i-āl, *a.* mentioned in a proverb
 Pro-vérb'i-āl-ly, *ad.* in a proverb
 Pro-vīde', *v. a.* to procure, prepare; stipulate
 Prōv'ī-dēnce, *f.* God's care; foresight
 Prōv'ī-dēnt, *a.* frugal, cautious, forecasting
 Prōv-ī-dēn'tial, *a.* effected by providence
 Prōv'ī-dēn-tial-ly, *ad.* by care of providence
 Prōv'ī-dēnt-ly, *ad.* with wise precaution
 Pro-vīd'ēr, *f.* who provides or procures
 Prōv'īnce, *f.* region; a tract; office
 Prō-vīn'cial, *f.* spiritual governour: *a.* relating to a province; unpolished

Pro-vĩ'sion, *f.* a providing beforehand; measures taken; stores laid up; victuals; stipulation

Pro-vĩ'sion-ål, *a.* for present use, temporary

Pro-vĩ'sion-ål-ly, *ad.* on condition

Pro-vĩ'so, *f.* stipulation, caution, provision

Pröv-o-cā'tion, *f.* cause of anger; an appeal

Pro-vö'ca-tive, *f.* what revives appetite

Pro-vöke', *v. a.* to rouse, enrage, challenge

Pro-vök'ér, *f.* one who stirs up or provokes

Pro-vök'ing-ly, *ad.* so as to raise anger

Pröv'öst, *f.* chief of any body; as, of a town

Pröv'öst-shíp, *f.* office of a provost

Pröw, *f.* the head or front of a ship

Pröw'ě's, *a.* military valour; bravery

Pröwl, *v. a. & n.* to rove over: to prey, plunder

Pröwl'ér, *f.* who seeks for prey

Pröx-ĩ-mate, *a.* near and immediate

Pröx-ĩm'ĩ-ty, *f.* nearness

Pröx'y, *f.* a substitute; deputy; the agency of another

Prüce, *f.* Prussian leather

Prüde, *f.* an over-affected scrupulous wo-

Prü'děnce, *f.* wisdom applied to practice

Prü'děnt, *a.* practically wise; cautious

Prü-děn'tial, *a.* on principles of prudence

Pru-děn'tials, *f.* maxims of prudence

Pru-děn'tial-ly, *ad.* discreetly, judiciously

Prü'de-ry, *f.* too much affectation

Prüd'ish, *a.* affectedly grave

Prüne, *f.* a dried plum

Prüne, *v. a. & n.* to lop: to clear from superfluities

Pru-něl'lo, *f.* a kind of silk stuff; a sort of

Prün'ér, *f.* one who lops trees [plum

Prün'ing-höök, *f.* a hook or knife to lop

Prün'ing-knife, *f.* trees

Prü'rĩ-ěnce, **Prü'rĩ-ěn-cy**, *f.* an itching or great desire

Prü'rĩ-ěnt, *a.* itching

Prȳ, *v. n.* to peep narrowly; to inspect

Přalm, *f.* a holy song [officially

Přalm'ĩst, *f.* a writer of psalms

Přalm'o-dy, *f.* act or practice of singing

Přal'tér, *f.* a psalm-book [psalms

Přal'te-ry, *f.* a kind of harp [terfeit

Přeũ'do, *f.* a prefix, signifying false or coun-

Přeũ-do-mār'ty'r, *f.* a false martyr

Přhâw', *interj.* expressing contempt

Přĩř'ân, *f.* a cooling drink

Pũ'bér-ty, *f.* ripe age in mankind

Pũ-běř'ěnce, *f.* the state of arriving at puberty

Pu-běř'ěnt, *a.* arriving at puberty

Pũb'lic, *f.* the body of a nation

Pũb'lic, *a.* open, notorious, general

Pũb'lic-ân, *f.* a toll-gatherer; a victualler

Pũb-lic-ā'tion, *f.* act of publishing; edition

Pũb'lic-ly, *ad.* in full view; openly

Pũb'lic-ně's, *f.* open state

Pũb'lic-spĩr'ĩt-ěd, *a.* regarding public good

Pũb'lish, *v. a.* to make known

Pũb'lish-ér, *f.* who publishes or puts out a book

Pũck'ér, *v. a.* to gather into corrugations

Pũd'dér, *f.* tumult, bustle: *v. a. & n.* to make a bustle or tumult: to perplex

Pũd'dĩng, *f.* a kind of food variously compounded

Pũd'dĩng-tĩme, *f.* dinner-time

Pũd'dle, *f.* a dirty plash

Pūd'dle, *v. a.* to make muddy; to pollute without
Pū'dēn-cy, *f.* modesty, shamefacedness
Pū'ér-īle, *a.* childish, boyish
Pū-ér-īl'ī-ty, *f.* childishness, boyishness
Pū'ēt, *f.* a kind of water-fowl; a plover
Pūff, *f.* a blast of wind; any thing porous; tool to powder hair; undeserved praise: *v. a. & n.* to praise too much; to blow; to swell with wind
Pūff'ér, *f.* one who puffs; a boaster, a deceiver
Pūff'ing-ly, *ad.* tumidly; with swell
Pūff'y, *a.* windy, flatulent, tumid
Pūg, *f.* a Dutch dog; a thing beloved
Pūgh, *interj.* word of contempt
Pūg-nā'ceous, *a.* inclinable to fight; quarrelsome
Pūg-nāc'ī-ty, *f.* quarrelsomeness
Pū'is-ne, *a.* puny, younger, petty
Pu-īf'fānce, *f.* power, strength, force
Pu-īf'fānt, *a.* powerful, strong, forcible
Pu-īf'fānt-ly, *ad.* powerfully, forcibly
Pūke, *f.* a vomit; medicine causing vomit
Pūke, *v. n.* to spew, to vomit
Pūle, *v. n.* to whine; to cry like a chicken
Pūll, *f.* the act of pulling; pluck
Pūll, *v. n.* to pluck, to draw violently
Pūl'let, *f.* a young hen
Pūl'ley, *f.* a small wheel for a cord
Pūlp, *f.* soft part of fruit; any soft mass
Pūlp'it, *f.* an exalted place to speak in
Pūlp'ous, **Pūlp'y**, *a.* soft, pappy
Pūl-sā'tion, *f.* the act of beating or moving with quick strokes against any thing opposing
Pūl-sā'tōr, *f.* a striker, a beater
Pūlse, *f.* motion of the blood; pease, &c. vibration: *v. n.* to beat as the pulse

Pūl-vér-a-ble, *a.* may be reduced to powder
Pūl-vér-ī-zā'tion, *f.* reduction to powder
Pūl'vér-īze, *v. n.* to reduce to powder
Pūm'ice, *f.* a spongy stone full of holes
Pūmp, *f.* a water engine; a kind of shoe: *v. a. & n.* to discover artfully; to work a pump
Pūmp'ér, *f.* a person or instrument that pumps
Pūn, *f.* ludicrous repartee, quibble
Pūn, *v. n.* to play upon words, to quibble
Pūnch, *f.* an instrument to make holes; a buffoon in a puppet-show; a liquor: *v. a.* to bore a hole with a punch
Pūnch'ēon, *f.* a large cask
Pūnc-tīl'ī-o, *f.* a nicety in behaviour: exactness
Pūnc-tīl'ī-ous, *a.* particular, ceremonious
Pūnc'tō, *f.* the point in fencing; ceremony
Pūnc'tu-āl, *a.* consisting in a point; exact
Pūnc'tu-āl'ī-ty, *f.* scrupulous exactness, nicety
Pūnc'tu-al-ly, *ad.* exactly
Pūnc'tu-āl-nēss, *f.* exactness, nicety
Pūnc'tu-ā'tion, *f.* act and method of pointing
Pūnc'ture, *f.* a small prick or hole
Pūn'g,ēn-cy, *f.* power of pricking, acridness
Pūn'g,ēnt, *a.* prickling, sharp, biting
Pū'nī-nēss, *f.* smallness, pettiness [ties
Pūn'īsh, *v. a.* to chastise, afflict with penal-
Pūn'īsh-a-ble, *a.* worthy of punishment
Pūn'īsh-ér, *f.* who inflicts punishment
Pūn'īsh-mēt, *f.* thing imposed for a crime
Pu-nī'tion, *f.* punishment
Pūnk, *f.* a whore, a common prostitute
Pūn'tér, *f.* one who puns, a quibbler
Pū'ny, *f.* an unexperienced wretch: *a.* young, petty, of an under rate

Pāp, *v. n.* to bring forth whelps
 Pū'pīl, *f.* apple of the eye; scholar; ward
 Pū'pīl-age, *f.* state of a scholar, wardship
 Pū'pīl-a-rv, *a.* pertaining to a pupil
 Pūp'pēt, *f.* a small doll, a wooden image
 Pūp'pēt-mān, *f.* master of a puppet-show
 Pūp'pēt-shōw, *f.* a mock play by images
 Pūp'py, *f.* a saucy fellow, a whelp
 Pūr'blind, *a.* near-sighted, short-sighted
 Pūr'blind-nēss, *f.* shortness of sight
 Pūr'chase, *f.* what is obtained for a price:
v. a. to buy for a price, to atone for
 Pūr'chaf-ér, *f.* who makes a purchase
 Pūre, *a.* unsullied, clear, chaste, uncorrupt
 Pāre'ly, *ad.* in a pure manner, merely
 Pūre'nēss, *f.* clearness, simplicity, innocence
 Pūr'fē, *v. a.* to decorate with a flowered
 border
 Pūr-gā'tion, *f.* act of cleansing
 Pūr'ga-tīve, *a.* cleansing downwards
 Pūr'ga-to-ry, *f.* a place of purgation after
 death
 Pūrge, *v. a. & n.* to cleanse, to clear from
 guilt; to discharge by stool; to clarify;
 to have frequent stools: *f.* a medicine
 causing stools
 Pūrg,ér, *f.* one who clears away; purge,
 cathartic
 Pu-rīf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* a making pure or clean
 Pū'rī-fī-ér, *f.* a cleanser, a refiner
 Pū'rī-fy, *v. a. & n.* to make pure; to
 grow pure
 Pū'rī-tān, *f.* a demure person; a sectary
 Pu-rī-tān'ic-āl, *a.* relating to puritans, de-
 mure
 Pū'rī-tān-īsm, *f.* the opinions of a puritan
 Pū'rī-ty, *f.* cleanness, chastity, innocence

Pūrl, *f.* a sort of lace; a bitter malt li-
 quor: *v. a. & n.* to adorn; to flow with
 a gentle noise
 Pūr'liēu, *f.* district, border; inclosure
 Pūr-lōin', *v. a.* to thief privately, to steal
 Pūr-lōin'ér, *f.* one who steals privately
 Pūr'ple, *a.* red tinged with blue; [*in*
poetry] red: *v. a.* to make red, to colour
 with purple
 Pūr'ples, *f.* the spots in a fever
 Pūr'plish, *a.* somewhat purple
 Pūr'pōrt, *f.* tendency, design of a discourse:
v. a. to intend, to tend to shew
 Pūr'pōse, *f.* intention, design, to effect:
v. a. to intend, to resolve, to design
 Pūr'pōse-ly, *ad.* by design
 Pūrr, *v. a.* to sing like a cat or leopard in
 pleasure
 Pūrse, *f.* a small bag for money
 Pūrse, *v. a.* to put into a purse
 Pūrse'nēt, *f.* a net that draws up like a
 purse
 Pūrse'prōūd, *a.* puffed with riches
 Pūrf'ér, *f.* the paymaster of a ship
 Pūr-sū'a-ble, *a.* may be pursued
 Pūr-sū'ānce, *f.* prosecution, process, conse-
 quence
 Pūr-sū'ānt, *a.* done in consequence
 Pūr-sū'e', *v. a.* to chase, to imitate, to go on
 Pūr-sū'ér, *f.* who follows in hostility
 Pūr'sūit', *f.* the act of following, chase
 Pūr'sūiv-ānt, *f.* an attendant on heralds
 Pūr'sy, *a.* short-breathed and fat
 Pūrt'ēn-ānce, *f.* the pluck of cattle
 Pūr-vēy', *v. a. & n.* to procure; to buy in
 provisions
 Pūr-vēy'ānce, *f.* procurement of provisions
 Pūr-vēy'ōr, *f.* one who provides victuals

Pū'ru-lēnce, Pū'ru-lēn-cy, *f.* generation of pus or matter

Pū'ru-lēnt, *a.* consisting of pus

Pūs, *f.* matter of a well-digested sore

Pūsh, *f.* a thrust, assault, trial, pimple :

v. a. & n. to thrust, press forward, urge, teaze ; to make a thrust or attack

Pūsh'ér, *f.* one who pushes forward

Pūsh'ing, *a.* enterprising, vigorous

Pūsh'pīn, *f.* a child's play

Pu-sīl-la-nīm'ī-ty, *f.* cowardice ; meanness of spirit

Pu-sīl-lān'īm-oūs, *a.* cowardly, mean-spirited

Pūfs, *f.* a cat, a hare

Pūf'tule, *f.* a pimple, a small swelling

Pūt, *f.* an action of distress ; a clown ; a shift ; a game at cards

Pūt, or Pūt, *v. a. & n.* to lay, to place ; to cause ; to propose ; to steer ; to shoot

Pū'tīd, *a.* mean, low, worthless

Pū'tīd-nēss, *f.* meanness, vileness, worthlessness

Pū-tre-fāc'tion, *f.* rottenness, corruption

Pū-tre-fāc'tīve, *a.* making rotten

Pū'tre-f ŷ, *v. a. & n.* to make rotten ; to rot

Pu-trēs'cēnce, *f.* the state of rotting

Pu-trēs'cēt, *a.* growing rotten

Pū'trīd, *a.* rotten, corrupt

Pū'trīd-nēss, *f.* rottenness

Pūt'ty, *f.* a kind of cement used by glaziers

Pūz'zle, *f.* embarrassment, perplexity

Pūz'zle, *v. a.* to perplex, confound, embarrass

Pūz'zlér, *f.* one who puzzles

Pŷg'me-ān, *a.* belonging to a dwarf

Pŷg'my, *f.* a dwarf, a fabled nation

Pŷ-lō'rūs, *f.* the lower orifice of the belly

Pŷr'a-mīd, *f.* a square pillar ending in a point

Pŷr-a-mīd'īc-āl, *a.* having the form of a pyramid

Pŷr-a-mīd'īc-āl-ly, *ad.* in form of a pyramid

Pŷre, *f.* a pile to be burnt [mid

Pŷ'rī-tēs, *f.* fire-stone

Pŷ'ro-mān-cy, *f.* divination by fire

Pŷ-ro-tēc'h'nīc-āl, *a.* skilled in fire-works

Pŷr'rho-nīsm, *f.* scepticism, universal doubt

Pŷx, *f.* the box wherein the Romans keep the Host

Q.

Qŷack, *f.* an ignorant pretender to physic, &c. : *v. a.* to cry like a duck ; to brag

Qŷack'e-ry, *f.* mean or bad acts in physic

Qŷā-dra-g,ēf'īm-āl, *a.* belonging to Lent

Qŷād'rān-gle, *f.* a square [gles

Qŷād-rān'gu-lār, *a.* having four right an-

Qŷād'rānt, *f.* a fourth part ; a marine instrument [cle

Qŷād-rānt'āl, *a.* in the fourth part of a cir-

Qŷād'rate, *a.* having equal sides

Qŷād'rate, *v. n.* to be accommodated, to suit

Qŷād-rāt'īc, *a.* relating to a square

Qŷād'ra-ture, *f.* act or state of being square

Qŷād-rēn'nī-āl, *a.* happening once in four years

Qŷād'rī-ble, *a.* may be squared

Qŷād-rī-lāt'ér-āl, *a.* having four sides

Qua-drille', *f.* a game at cards

Qŷād-rī-pār'tī-te, *a.* having 4 parts

Qŷād'ru-pēd, Qŷād-rū'pēd, *a.* having 4 parts

Qûād-rû'ple, *a.* four times told, fourfold
 Qûād-rû'plî-cate, *v. a.* to double twice, to make fourfold
 Qûād-ru-plî-cā'tion, *f.* the taking of a thing four times
 Qûād-rû'ply, *ad.* in a fourfold manner
 Qûæ're, *f.* a doubt; a question
 Qûæ're, *imp.* inquire, seek
 Qûāff, *v. a. & n.* to drink: to drink luxuriously
 Qûāff'ér, *f.* he who quaffs
 Qûāg'g, *y.* *a.* not solid, boggy, soft
 Qûāg'mîre, *f.* a shaking marsh, a bog
 Qûāil, *f.* a bird of game
 Qûāil'pîpe, *f.* a pipe to allure quails
 Qûāint, *a.* artful, exact, nice, pretty, subtil
 Qûāint'ly, *ad.* artfully, exactly
 Qûāint'něs, *f.* pretty elegance, nicety
 Qûāke, *f.* a tremulous agitation: *v. n.* to shake with cold or fear [city
 Qûāl-îf-î-cā'tion, *f.* accomplishment; capacity
 Qûāl'î-fy, *v. a.* to make fit for; to abate or soften
 Qûāl'î-ty, *f.* nature relatively considered; efficacy; disposition; property; rank; temper
 Qûālm, *f.* a sudden fit of sickness
 Qûālm'îsh, *a.* seized with a sickly languor
 Qûān'tî-ty, *f.* measure of time in pronouncing syllables; bulk; part, portion; weight
 Qûān'tûm, *f.* amount; quantity
 Qûār'ān-tîne, *f.* a forty days sequestration
 Qûār'rěl, *f.* a brawl, contest, scuffle: *v. a.* to find fault, to debate; to fight
 Qûār'rěl-ér, *f.* one who quarrels
 Qûār'rěl-ous, Qûār'rěl-sôme, *a.* inclined to quarrel

Qûār'rěl-sôme-ly, *ad.* petulantly [tion
 Qûār'rěl-sôme-něs, *f.* quarrelsome disposition
 Qûār'ry, *f.* a stone mine; a kind of arrow; game flown at by a hawk
 Qûār'ry, *v. a.* to prey upon
 Qûār'ry-mān, *f.* one who digs in a quarry
 Qûārt', *f.* the fourth part of a gallon
 Qûār'tān, *f.* a fourth day ague
 Qûār'tér, *f.* measure of eight bushels; fourth part; mercy; proper station: *v. a.* to divide into four parts; to bear as an appendage; to diet; to lodge
 Qûār'tér-age, *f.* quarterly allowance or payment [rents
 Qûār'tér-dāy', *f.* a day to pay and receive
 Qûār'tér-děck', *f.* the short upper deck
 Qûār'tér-ly, *ad.* every three months
 Qûār'tér-māst-ér, *f.* who regulates quarters for men
 Qûār'térn, *f.* the fourth part of a pint
 Qûār'tér-stāff', *f.* a staff of defence
 Qûār'to, *f.* size of a sheet twice folded
 Qûāsh, *v. a. & n.* to subdue suddenly; crush, annul, make void: to be shaken
 Qûā-tér-coûs'îng, *f.* friends
 Qûā'vér, *v. n.* to shake the voice, to vibrate
 Quay', *f.* a key for landing goods
 Qûēan, *f.* a worthless woman, a strumpet
 Qûēa'î-něs, *f.* sickness of stomach
 Qûēa'fy, *a.* fastidious, squeamish
 Qûēck, *v. n.* to shrink, to suffer pain
 Qûēen, *f.* the wife of a king
 Qûēer, *a.* odd, particular, strange, original
 Qûēer'ly, *ad.* oddly, particularly, strangely
 Qûēer'něs, *f.* oddness, particularity
 Qûēll, *v. a. & n.* to appease, crush; subdue
 Qûēll'ér, *f.* who crushes or subdues

Qûême, *v. n.* to please
 Qûênch, *v. a. & n.* to allay, to destroy, to
 extinguish; to cool
 Qûênch'a-ble, *a.* what may be quenched
 Qûênch'ér, *f.* an extinguisher, one who
 quenches
 Qûênch'lêss, *a.* unextinguishable
 Qûê'rîst, *f.* an asker of questions, an in-
 quirer
 Qûérn, *f.* a hand-mill
 Qûér'po, *f.* a dress close to the body, a
 waistcoat
 Qûér'u-lôus, *a.* habitually complaining
 Qûér'u-lôus-nêss, *f.* complaining mournfully
 Qûê'ry, *f.* a doubt to be cleared up, a ques-
 tion: *v. a.* to ask questions
 Qûêst, *f.* an impannelled jury; request,
 search
 Qûêst'ant, *f.* a pursuer, a seeker
 Qûêst'îon, *f.* dispute, interrogation, search;
v. a. & n. to debate, doubt: enquire
 Qûêst'îon-a-ble, *a.* disputable, doubtful
 Qûêst'îon-a-ry, *a.* asking questions
 Qûêst'îon-lêss, *a.* without doubt, certainly
 Qûêst'mân, *f.* a starter of law-suits
 Qûêst'u-a-ry, *a.* studious of profit
 Qûîb, *f.* a bitter taunt, a sarcasm
 Qûîb'ble, *f.* a pun: *v. n.* to play on the
 sound of words, to pun, equivocate
 Qûîb/blér, *f.* an equivocator, a punster
 Qûîck, *f.* sensible parts, living flesh
 Qûîck, *a.* active, living, ready, swift
 Qûîck, *ad.* nimbly, readily, speedily
 Qûîck'en, *v. a. & n.* to make alive; ac-
 celerate, hasten: to become alive; to
 move quickly
 Qûîck'en-ér, *f.* what quickens or hastens
 Qûîck'lîme, *f.* lime unquenched

Qûîck'ly, *ad.* immediately, nimbly
 Qûîck'nêss, *f.* briskness, pungency, speed
 Qûîck'lânds, *f.* sinking sands
 Qûîck'êt, *f.* a living plant set to grow
 Qûîck'lîgh'êd, *a.* having a sharp sight
 Qûîck'lîl-vér, *f.* called *mercury* by chemists
 Qûîck'lîl-vér-êd, *a.* overlaid with quick-
 silver
 Qûîd'dî-ty, *f.* a trifling nicety; essence
 Qûî-êf'cênce, *f.* repose, rest
 Qûî-êf'cênt, *a.* lying at repose, resting
 Qûî'êt, *f.* ease, repose, rest, tranquillity: *a.*
 smooth, still, unmolested: *v. a.* to put to
 rest, to calm, to pacify
 Qûî'êt-ér, *f.* who or what quiets
 Qûî'êt-îsm, *f.* opinion of the quietists;
 tranquillity
 Qûî'êt-ly, *ad.* calmly, peaceably
 Qûî'êt-nêss, *f.* coolness of temper, peace
 Qûî'e-tude, *f.* repose, rest
 Qûîll, *f.* the hard and strong feather of the
 wing
 Qûîll'et, *f.* nicety, subtilty
 Qûîlt, *f.* the cover of a bed
 Qûîlt, *v. a.* to sew two cloths together
 Qûînce, *f.* a tree and fruit
 Qûînch, *v. n.* to stir, to flounce as in re-
 sentment or pain
 Qûîn'cûnx, *f.* a sort of plantation
 Qûîn'quâ-g'êf'î-ma, *f.* Shrove Sunday
 Qûîn-quân'gu-lâr, *a.* having 5 corners
 Qûîn-quâr-tîc'u-lâr, *a.* consisting of 5 ar-
 ticles
 Qûîn-quên'nî-âl, *a.* lasting, or happening in
 5 years
 Qûîn'sy, *f.* a disease in the throat
 Qûînt, *f.* a set of five
 Qûîn'tain, *f.* a post with a turning top

Qûin'tâl, *f.* a hundred pounds weight
 Qûint-êf-sên'tial, *a.* consisting of quinteſ-
 ſence
 Qûint-êf'ſênce, *f.* the virtue of any thing
 extracted
 Qûin-tû'ple, *a.* five-fold
 Qûip, *f.* a ſharp jeſt, ſarcaſm, taunt: *v. a.*
 to throw out ſarcaſms, to rally
 Qûire, *f.* 24 ſheets, body of fingers
 Qûir'îſ-tér, *f.* one who ſings in concert
 Qûirk, *f.* nicety, pun, ſubtilty; *loose light*
tune [move
 Qûit, *v. a.* to give up, to diſcharge, to re-
 Qûite, *ad.* completely, perfectly
 Qûit'rênt, *f.* a ſmall rent reſerved
 Qûits, *ad.* even in bets
 Qûit'tânce, *f.* receipt for money, diſcharge
 Qûiv'ér, *f.* a caſe for arrows [ble
 Qûiv'ér, *v. n.* to ſhake, to ſhiver, to trem-
 Qûiv'ér-êd, *a.* ſheathed as in a quiver
 Qûôb', *v. n.* to move as the embryo in the
 womb
 Qûôd'îl-bêt, *f.* a nice point, a ſubtilty
 Qûôîf, Qûôî'ure, *f.* a head-dreſs, a cap
 Qûôîf, *v. n.* to dreſs with a head-dreſs, to
 Qûôîn, *f.* the corner [cap
 Qûôît, *f.* a horſe-ſhoe to pitch at a mark:
v. a. & n. to throw: to play at quoits
 Qûôn'dâm, *a.* having been formerly
 Quô'ta, *f.* a ſhare [of juſtices
 Quô'rûm, *f.* a ſpecial commiſſion; a bench
 Quo-tâ'tion, *f.* a paſſage quoted, citation
 Quôte, *v. a.* to cite or recite the words of
 another
 Quôt'ér, *f.* citer, who quotes
 Quôth, *v. imperf.* for ſay or ſaid
 Quo-tîd'î-ân, *a.* happening every day: *f. a*
fever which returns daily

Quô'tient, *f.* the number produced by di-
 viſion

R.

Răb'bêt, *f.* a joint in carpentry: *v. n.*
 to make a rabbit joint
 Răb'bi, *f.* a Jewish doctor; one learned in
 Hebrew
 Răb-bîn'îc-âl, *a.* relating to rabbies
 Răb'bît, *f.* a four-footed furry animal
 Răb'ble, *f.* an aſſembly of low people
 Răb'id, *a.* fierce, furious, mad
 Răce, *f.* particular breed; running match;
 family, generation; progreſs; train
 Răce'hôrſe, *f.* a horſe bred to run for prizes
 Ră'cér, *f.* a runner
 Răck, *f.* an engine for torture; extreme
 pain; a frame for hay or bottles; a di-
 ſtaff: *v. a.* to defeat, to haraſs, to ſcrew,
 to torture
 Răck-rênt, *f.* rent raiſed to the utmoſt
 value
 Răck'êt, *f.* an inſtrument to ſtrike a tennis
 ball; a noiſe
 Ră'cy, *a.* retaining flavour, ſtrong
 Ră'dî-ânce, Ră'dî-ân-cy, *f.* ſparkling luſtre
 Ră'dî-ânt, *a.* emitting rays, ſhining
 Ră'dî-ate, *v. n.* to emit rays, to ſhine
 Ră'dî-at-êd, *a.* adorned with rays
 Ră'dî-â'tion, *f.* an emission of rays
 Răd'îc-âl, *a.* implanted by nature, original
 Răd-îc-âl'î-ty, *f.* original ſtate
 Răd'îc-âl-ly, *ad.* by nature, originally
 Răd'î-cate, *v. a.* to plant deeply, to root
 Răd-î-câ'tion, *f.* the act of fixing deep
 Răd'îſh, *f.* an eſculent root well known
 Ră'dî-ûs, *f.* the ſemi-diameter of a circle

Răff, *v. a.* to huddle, to sweep, to take hastily without distinction
 Răf'fă, *f.* a lottery by casting dice
 Răf'fă, *v. n.* to cast dice for a prize
 Răft, *f.* a frame or float of wood
 Răft'ér, *f.* the roof timber of a house
 Răft'ér-éd, *a.* built with rafters
 Răg, *f.* a worn-out piece of cloth
 Răg'a-műf'f in, *f.* a paltry mean fellow
 Răge, *f.* violent anger, fury, passion
 Răge, *v. n.* to be in a fury; to ravage
 Răge' ũl, *a.* furious, violent
 Răg'g'éd, *a.* rent into tatters; dressed in rags; rugged
 Răg'g'éd-něls, *f.* ragged state
 Răg'ing-ly, *ad.* with vehement fury
 Ră'mă, *f.* a dealer in rags
 Răg'out', *f.* high-seasoned stewed meat
 Răg'ōne, *f.* a stone to smooth the edge of a tool
 Răil, *f.* a sort of wooden or iron fence; a bird
 Răil, *v. a. & n.* to inclose with rails; to insult
 Răil'ér, *f.* who insults with bad language
 Răil'ér-y, *f.* satirical mirth; slight satire
 Răiměnt, *f.* clothes, dress, vesture
 Răin, *f.* water from the clouds: *v. n.* to drop from the clouds; to fall as rain
 Răin'bōw, *f.* a various coloured arch in the clouds [deer
 Răin-dēer, *f.* a northern large serviceable
 Răin'ī-něls, *f.* state of being showery
 Răin'y, *a.* showery, wet
 Răise, *v. a.* to set up, collect, erect, levy, lift
 Răi'f in, *f.* a dried grape
 Răke, *f.* a tool with teeth; a loose man:
v. a. & n. to gather or clear with a rake;

to scour, to pass with violence; to search eagerly
 Răk'ér, *f.* who rakes; a scavenger
 Răke'hěll, *f.* a very debauched sorry fellow
 Răke'hěll-ly, *a.* dissolute, wild
 Răk'ish, *a.* debauched, lewd, loose
 Răl'ly, *v. a. & n.* to chide in a facetious manner; to reunite disordered troops; to come into order
 Răm, *f.* a male sheep; a tool to batter walls
 Răm, *v. a.* to drive with violence; to fill close
 Răm'ble, *f.* a wandering excursion
 Răm'ble, *v. a.* to rove loosely, to wander
 Răm'blér, *f.* one who rambles, a rover
 Răm'if-ī-că'tion, *f.* a branching out
 Răm'ī-fy, *v. a.* to part into branches
 Răm'mér, *f.* a stick with which the charge is forced into a gun
 Răm'mish, *a.* smelling strong
 Ră'moūs, *a.* consisting of branches
 Rămp, *f.* a brisk jumping girl; a leap:
v. n. to climb, to play
 Răm-păl'ī-ăn, *f.* a mean wretch
 Răm'păn-cy, *f.* prevalence, exuberance
 Rămp'ănt, *a.* ready to attack; frisky, wanton
 Rămp'ărt, *f.* a wall round fortified places
 Răn, *pret.* of to run
 Răn'cīd, *a.* strong-scented
 Răn'cīd-něls, Răn'cīd'ī-ty, *f.* strong scent, as of old oil
 Răn'cōur, *f.* implacable malice
 Răn'cōr-oūs, *a.* most spiteful, malignant
 Rănd, *f.* the border or seam of a shoe
 Răn'dóm, *f.* the want of direction, chance:
a. done by chance, roving without direction

Răng, *pret.* of *to ring*
 Rănge, *f.* kitchen grate; excursion; rank; *v.*
a. & n. to place in order: to rove at large
 Răng, 'ér, *f.* one who ranges; a forest officer;
 a dog
 Rănk, *f.* a line of men; range of subordina-
 tion; degree; class; order; row; *v. a.*
& n. to place in a row, to range: to be
 ranged
 Răn'kle, *v. n.* to be inflamed; to fester
 Rănk'ly, *ad.* coarsely, grossly
 Rănk'něs, *f.* superfluous growth; exuberance
 Răn'săck, *v. a.* to search narrowly, to plun-
 der
 Răn'sôm, *f.* a price paid for liberty
 Răn'sôm, *v. a.* to redeem
 Răn'sôm-lěs, *n.* free from ransom
 Rănt, *f.* extravagant flight of words
 Rănt, *v. n.* to rave or talk violently; to roar
 Rănt'ér, *f.* who rants; a brawler
 Rănt'î-pôle, *f.* a wild, raving, talkative per-
 son
 Ra-nûn'cu-lûs, *f.* a flower
 Răp, *f.* a quick smart blow: *v. a.* to strike
 smartly, to batter; to enrapture
 Ra-pă'cious, *a.* seizing by violence
 Ra-pă'ciouf-ly, *ad.* by violent robbing
 Ra-pă'ciouf-něs, *f.* a being rapacious
 Ra-păç'î-ty, *f.* exercise of plunder [way
 Răpe, *f.* violent defloration; a snatching a-
 Răp'id, *a.* quick, swift
 Ra-pîd'î-ty, *f.* quick motion, swiftness
 Răp'id-ly, *ad.* with quick motion, swiftly
 Răp'id-něs, *f.* rapidity, celerity, velocity
 Răp'î-ér, *f.* a small sword
 Răp'îne, *f.* force, violence; act of plunder-
 ing
 Răp-pôrt, *f.* reference, relation

Răp'ture, *f.* ecstasy, haste, rapidity, trans-
 port
 Răp'tur-ěd, *a.* ravished, transported
 Răp'tur-ous, *a.* ecstatic, transporting
 Răre, *a.* excellent, raw, thin, uncommon
 Ră're-shōw, *f.* a show in a box
 Ră-re-făc'tion, *f.* extension of the parts
 Ră-re-fî'a-ble, *a.* admitting of rarefaction
 Ră're-fy, *v. a. & n.* to make thin; to become
 thin
 Răre'ly, *ad.* accurately, finely, nicely, seldom
 Răre'něs, *f.* scarcity, uncommonness
 Ră'rî-ty, *f.* subtilty, thinness
 Răf'cāl, *f.* a mean fellow
 Răf-cāl'î-ty, *f.* the low mean people; villany
 Răf-cāl'î-ôn, *f.* one of the lowest people
 Răf'cāl-ly, *a.* dishonest, mean, worthless
 Răse, *v. a.* to destroy, erase, skim
 Răsh, *f.* a breaking out; satin
 Răsh, *a.* hasty, precipitate, violent
 Răsh'ér, *f.* a thin slice
 Răsh'ly, *ad.* without thought; hastily
 Răsh'něs, *f.* foolish contempt of danger
 Răsp, *f.* a rough file for bread, wood; a berry
 Răsp, *v. a.* to rub with a rasp
 Răsp'běr-ry, *f.* a fruit
 Ră'sure, *f.* a scraping out of writing
 Răt, *f.* an animal of the mouse kind
 Răt'a-ble, *a.* set at a certain value
 Răt'a-bly, *ad.* proportionably
 Răt'a-fî'a, *f.* a cordial liquor
 Răt-ân', *f.* a small Indian cane
 Rătch, *f.* a sort of a wheel in a watch
 Răte, *f.* a quota assigned; parish, tax, price:
v. a. to chide hastily; to value
 Răth, *a.* early: *ad.* early: *f.* a hill
 Răth'ér, *ad.* more willingly; especially

Răt'îf-î-că'tîon, *f.* act of ratifying, confirmation
 Răt'î-fî-ér, *f.* one who ratifies
 Răt'î-fî-y, *v. a.* to confirm, to settle
 Ră'tî-ō, *f.* [*pron.* * Ră'îhî-ō,] proportion
 * Ră'tî-ō-cî-nate, *v. n.* to argue, to reason
 * Ră-tî-ō-cî-nă'tîon, *f.* a deducing consequences; reasoning
 Ră'tîon-ăl, *a.* agreeable to reason; having reason
 Ră'tîon'ăl-îst, *f.* he who acts wholly upon reason
 Ră'tîon-ăl'î-ty, *f.* the power of reasoning
 Ră'tîon-ăl-ly, *ad.* with reason; reasonably
 Ră'tîon-ăl-něs, *f.* state of being rational
 Răt'băne, *f.* poison for rats; arsenic
 Răt'tle, *f.* a child's play-thing; empty noise; quick noise; talkative person
 Răt'tle-hěad-ěd, *a.* not steady; talkative
 Răt'tle-snăke, *f.* a kind of serpent
 Răt'tôn', *f.* a West-Indian fox
 Răv age, *f.* plunder, ruin, spoil, waste
 Răv'a-g-ěr, *f.* a plunderer, a spoiler
 Răv, *v. n.* to be mad; to be very fond
 Răv'ěl, *v. a.* to entangle, entwist; unweave
 Răv'ěl-în, *f.* a half moon in fortification
 Ră'ven, *f.* a black carrion fowl
 Răv'en-ous, *a.* hungry so as to rage; voracious
 Răv'en-ouf-ly, *ad.* with raging voracity
 Răv'en-ouf-něs, *f.* furious voracity
 Răv'în, *f.* prey, stolen food, rapine
 Răv'îng-ly, *ad.* with frenzy; with distraction
 Răv'îsh, *v. a.* to violate chastity; to take by force; to transport with pleasure; to delight

Răv'îsh-ér, *f.* one who ravishes
 Răv'îsh-měnt, *f.* constupration; rapture, violation
 Răv', *a.* unsubdued by fire, chill, fore; untaught
 Răv'bôn-ěd, *a.* having strong bones
 Răv'hěad, *f.* a word of terroure to children
 Răv'ly, *ad.* in a raw manner; newly
 Răv'něs, *f.* a being raw; unskilfulness
 Răy, *f.* a beam of light; a fish, an herb
 Răy, *v. a.* to mark with long lines; to streak
 Răze, *v. a.* to destroy, efface, overthrow
 Răzór, *f.* a tool for shaving the beard
 Răzure, *f.* the act of erasing
 Rě-ăc-cěs', *f.* a visit renewed; re-admittance
 Rěach, *f.* ability, extent, fetch, power, scheme
 Rěach, *v. a. & n.* to extend unto, hold out, arrive at
 Rě-ăct', *v. a.* to return the impulse
 Rě-ăc'tîon, *f.* reciprocation of an impulse
 Rěad, *v. a.* to peruse, to know fully; to discover
 Rěad, *pret. & part. pass.* to read: *a.* skilful by reading
 Rěad'îng, *f.* variation of copies; lecture, study
 Rěad'ér, *f.* one who reads
 Rěad'ér-îhîp, *f.* office of reading prayers
 Rěad'î-ly, *ad.* without delay; easily
 Rěad'î-něs, *f.* a being ready; freedom from obstruction; preparation, willingness
 Rě-ăd-mîs'sîon, *f.* an admitting again
 Rě-ăd-mît', *v. a.* to admit or let in again
 Rě-ăd-örn', *v. a.* to adorn or deck anew
 Rěad'y, *a.* near, prepared, willing
 Rě-ăf-fîrm'ance', *f.* second confirmation
 Rě'ăl, *a.* genuine, immoveable, true

Re-äl'ī-ty, *f.* existence, truth
 Rē'äl-ize, *v. a.* to bring into being or act
 Rē'äl-ly, *ad.* with actual existence, truly
 Rēalm, *f.* kingly government, kingdom
 Rēam, *f.* twenty quires of paper
 Rē-än'īm-ate, *v. a.* to restore to life, to re-
 vive
 Rē-än-nēx', *v. n.* to annex again
 Rēap, *v. a.* to cut down corn; to obtain
 Reap'ér, *f.* one who reaps
 Rēap'īng-hòok, *f.* a hook to cut corn
 Rēar, *f.* hinder troop, last class
 Rēar, *a.* half roasted or sodden, early, raw
 Rēar, *v. a.* to raise or move up, to bring
 to maturity, to educate, to instruct, to
 rouse
 Rēar'wārd, *ad.* towards the end or tail
 Rē-āf-cēnd', *v. a.* to climb or mount up
 again
 Rēa'son, *f.* cause, principle, motive, moder-
 ation
 Rēa'son, *v. a. & n.* to examine or argue ra-
 tionally
 Rēa'son-a-ble, *a.* endued with reason, just
 Rēa'son-a-ble-nēss, *f.* faculty of reason
 Rēa'son-a-bly, *ad.* agreeable to reason
 Rēa'son-ér, *f.* one who reasons
 Rēa'son-īng, *f.* the act of reason, argument
 Rēa'son-lēss, *a.* void of reason
 Rē-āf-fem'ble, *v. a.* to collect again
 Rē-āf-fért', *v. a.* to affirm again
 Rē-āf-fūme', *v. a.* to take again, to resume
 Rē-āf-fūre', *v. a.* [*pron.* Rē-āf-shūre',] to re-
 new a promise, to free from fear
 Rēate, *f.* long small grass that grows in the
 water
 Rēave, *v. a.* to take by stealth or violence
 Rē-bāp-tīze', *v. a.* to baptise again

Rē-bāp-tīz-ā'tion, *f.* repetition of baptism
 Re-bāte', *v. a.* to deprive of keenness, to blunt
 Rē'bēck, *f.* a three-stringed fiddle
 Rēb'el, *f.* one who opposes lawful authority
 Re-bēl', *v. a.* to oppose lawful authority
 Re-bēl'lér, *f.* one who rebels
 Re-bēll'ión, *f.* opposition to lawful autho-
 rity
 Re-bēll'ious, *a.* opposing lawful authority
 Rē-bēl'lōw, *v. n.* to bellow in return
 Re-bōūnd', *v. n.* to spring back, to reverbe-
 rate: *f.* the act of flying back
 Re-būff', *f.* quick and sudden resistance, de-
 nial: *v. a.* to beat back, to discourage
 Re-buīld', *v. a.* to build again, to repair
 Re-būk'a-ble, *a.* deserving of rebuke
 Re-būke', *f.* friendly admonition, reproof:
v. a. to chide for a fault
 Re-būk'ér, *f.* one who rebukes
 Rē'būs, *f.* a kind of riddle; a ridiculous pic-
 ture
 Re-cāl', *f.* a calling over or back again
 Re-cāl', *v. a.* to call back again, to re-
 voke
 Re-cānt', *v. a.* to retract an opinion
 Re-cānt-ā'tion, *f.* a retraction in opinion
 Re-cānt'ér, *f.* one who recants
 Rē-ca-pīt'u-late, *v. a.* to repeat again di-
 stinctly
 Rē-ca-pīt-u-lā'tion, *f.* a distinct repetition
 Rē-ca-pīt'u-la-to-ry, *a.* repeating again
 Re-cār'ry, *v. a.* to carry back
 Re-cēde', *v. n.* to fall back
 Re-cēipt', *f.* acquaintance, admission, recep-
 tion
 Re-cēive'a-ble, *a.* capable of being receiv-
 ed
 Re-cēive', *v. a.* to entertain, admit, take

Re-cēiv'ed, *part.* generally accepted, allowed

Re-cēiv'ér, *f.* who receives, partaker with a thief

Rē-cēl'e-bratē, *v. a.* to celebrate again

Rē'cēn-cy, *f.* new state, newness

Rē'cēnt, *a.* not long passed, fresh, late, new

Rē'cēnt-ly, *ad.* freshly, lately, newly

Rē'cēnt-nēss, *f.* freshness, newness

Re-cēp'ta-clē, *f.* a place to receive things

Re-cēp'ta-ry, *f.* thing received

Re-cēp'tion, *f.* the act of receiving, treatment

Re-cēp'tive, *a.* capable of receiving

Re-cēp'to-ry, *a.* generally admitted

Re-cēs's, *f.* secret place, departure, retirement

Re-cēl'sion, *f.* the act of retreating

Re-chānge', *v. a.* to change again

Re-chārgē', *v. a.* to attack anew or in return

Rēc'ī-pe, *f.* a medical prescription

Re-cīp'ī-ēnt, *f.* the receiver

Re-cīp'ro-cāl, *a.* alternate, mutual

Re-cīp'-ro-cāl-ly, *ad.* interchangeably

Re-cīp'ro-cāl-nēss, *f.* mutual return

Re-cīp'ro-cate, *v. n.* to act interchangeably

Re-cīp-ro-cā'tion, *f.* an action interchanged

Re-cī'tāl, *f.* enumeration, repetition

Re-ci-tā'tion, *f.* recital, rehearsal

Rēc'ī-ta-tīve', Rēc'ī-ta-tī'vo, *f.* musical speaking

Re-cīte', *v. a.* to enumerate, to rehearse

Rēck, *v. a. & n.* to mind; to care; to be in care

Rēck'lēss, *a.* careless, heedless

Rēck'lēss-nēss, *f.* carelessness, negligence

Rēck'on, *v. a.* to compute, to calculate, to pay, to esteem, to number, to count

Rēck'on-ér, *f.* one who reckons

Rēck'on-ing, *f.* computation, estimation, shot

Re-clāim', *v. a.* to correct, recal, reform

Re-clīne', *v. n.* to lean back, to rest

Re-clīne', *a.* in a posture leaning backwards

Re-clōsē', *v. a.* to close again

Re-clūde', *v. a.* to open, to unlock

Re-clūse', *a.* shut up, religious, retired

Re-cōg'nī-fānce, *f.* a bond of record; a badge

Re-cōg'nīse, *v. a.* to acknowledge, to re-examine

Re-cōg-nī-fēe', *f.* he in whose favour the bond is drawn

Re-cōg'nī-fōr, *f.* he who gives the recognisance

Re-cōg-nī'tion, *f.* acknowledgement, review

Re-cōil', *v. n.* to rush or fall back, to shrink

Re-cōin', *v. a.* to coin over again

Re-cōin'age, *f.* act of coining over again

Re-cōl-lēct', *v. a.* to recover in memory

Re-cōl-lēc'tion, *f.* recovery of notion, memory

Rē-cōm'fōrt, *v. a.* to comfort again, to give new strength

Rēc-óm-mēnce', *v. a.* to begin anew

Rēc-óm-mēnd', *v. a.* to commend to another

Rēc-óm-mēnd'a-ble, *a.* worthy of recommendation

Rēc-óm-mēnd-ā'tion, *f.* the act of recommending

Rēc-óm-mēnd'a-to-ry, *a.* recommending to another

Rēc-óm-mēnd'ér, *f.* one who recommends

Rē-cóm-mīt', *v. a.* to commit anew, to send back

Rēc'óm-pēnse, *f.* equivalent compensation

Rěc'óm-pěnsē', *v. a.* to repay, to require, to redeem
 Rē-cóm-pīlēměnt, *f.* new compilation
 Rē-cóm-pōsē', *v. a.* to quiet anew
 Rěc'ón-cīlē', *v. a.* to make things agree
 Rěc'ón-cīlē'a-ble, *a.* capable of kindness
 Rěc'ón-cīlē'a-ble-něs, *f.* disposition to love
 Rěc'ón-cīlēměnt, *f.* reconciliation
 Rěc'ón-cīl'ér, *f.* who reconciles onement
 Rěc'ón-cīl-ī-ā'tion, *f.* renewal of love, at-
 Rē-cón-duct', *v. a.* to conduct back
 Rē-cón-jōin', *v. a.* to join anew [view
 Rěc'ón-nōi'trē, *v. a.* to find out, examine, re-
 Rē-cōn'quér, *v. a.* to conquer again
 Rěc'órd, *f.* an authentic inrolment
 Re-cōrd', *v. a.* to register solemnly, to cel-
 Rěc'ōr-dā'tion, *f.* remembrance [celebrate
 Re-cōrd'ér, *f.* who records, a law officer
 Re-cóv'ér, *v. a. & n.* to regain: to grow well again [gained
 Re-cóv'ér-a-ble, *a.* may be restored or re-
 Re-cóv'ér-y, *f.* a restoration from sickness
 Re-cōũnt', *v. a.* to relate distinctly
 Re-cōũnt'měnt, *f.* recital, relation
 Re-cōursē', *f.* application for help, access
 Rěc're-ānt, *a.* mean-spirited, cowardly
 Rěc're-ate, *v. a.* to amuse, delight, refresh, revive
 Rěc're-ā'tion, *f.* an amusement
 Rěc're-a-tīve, *a.* amusing, refreshing
 Rěc're-měnt, *f.* useless parts, dross
 Rěc re-měnt'āl, Rěc-re-měn-ti'tious, *a.* drossy
 Rē-crīm'īn-ate, *v. a.* to accuse in return
 Rē-crīm-īn-ā'tion, *f.* an accusation retorted
 Rē-crīm-īn-ā'tor, *f.* one who recriminates
 Re-crūt', *f.* a new enlisted soldier; new supply: *v. a.* to repair, replace, supply

Rěct-ān'gle, *f.* a figure with angles of 90 degrees
 Rěct-ān'gu-lár, *a.* having angles of 90 degrees
 Rěct-ān'gu-lár-ly, *ad.* with right angles
 Rěct-ī-fī'a-ble, *a.* capable to be set right
 Rěct-īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* a setting right
 Rěct'ī-fy, *v. a.* to make right, to improve
 Rěct ī-līn'e-ār, *a.* consisting of right lines
 Rěct'ī-tude, *f.* straitness, uprightness
 Rěc'tór, *f.* minister of a parish; president, ruler
 Rěc'tór-shīp, *f.* the office or rank of a rector
 Rěc'tór-y, *f.* an unimpropriated parish
 Re-cu-bā'tion, *f.* act of lying or leaning
 Re-cũm'běn-cy, *f.* the posture of lying down, repose
 Re-cũm'běnt, *a.* lying down, leaning
 Re-cũr', *v. a.* to have recourse to
 Re-cũrē', *v. a.* to recover from sickness or labour
 Re-cũrē', *f.* recovery, remedy
 Re-cũr'rence, Re-cũr'rěn-cy, Re-cũr'sion, *f.* return
 Re-cũr'rěnt, *a.* returning from time to time
 Rē-cũr-vā'tion, *f.* a bending backwards
 Re-cũr'voũs, *a.* bent backwards
 Re-cũ'sānt, *f.* one who refuses to communi-
 Rěd, *a.* of the colour of blood [cate
 Rěd'brěast, *f.* a small bird, a robin
 Rěd'cōat, *f.* name of contempt for a soldier
 Rěd'den, *v. a. & n.* to make or grow red
 Rěd'dīsh-něs, *f.* a tendency to redness
 Rěd-dī'tion, *f.* restitution, surrender
 Rěd'dī-tīve, *a.* answering to an interroga-
 Rěd'dle, *f.* a sort of mineral [tive
 Re-děem', *v. a.* to atone for, to ransom
 Re-děem'a-ble, *a.* that may be redeemed
 Re-děem'ér, *f.* who ransoms; our Saviour

Rē-de-līv'ér, *v. a.* to deliver back
 Rē-de-mānd', *v. a.* to demand back
 Re-dēmp'tion, *f.* a purchase of God's favour by the death of Christ; a ransom
 Re-dēmp'to-ry, *a.* paid for ransom
 Rēd-hōt, *a.* heated to redness
 Rēd-lēad, *f.* minium
 Rēd'nēss, *f.* the quality of being red
 Rēd'o-lēnce, *f.* a sweet scent [double
 Re-dōub'le, *v. a.* to repeat often, to make
 Re-dōubt', *f.* outwork of a fortification
 Re-dōubt'a-ble, *a.* terrible to the foes, formidable
 Re-dōūnd', *v. a.* to be sent back by re-action
 Re-drēs', *f.* relief, remedy, reformation
 Re-drēs', *v. a.* to set right, to amend, to relieve
 Re-drēs'sīve, *a.* succouring
 Rēd-itrēak, *f.* a sort of apple and cyder
 Re-dūce', *v. a.* to make less, to bring back, to subdue, to discharge
 Re-dūç'er, *f.* one who reduces
 Re-dū'cī-ble, *a.* possible to be reduced
 Re-dūc'tion, *f.* the act of reducing
 Re-dūc'tīve, *a.* having power to reduce
 Re-dūc'tīve-ly, *ad.* by consequence
 Re-dūn'dānce, Re-dūn'dān-cy, *f.* superfluity
 Re-dūn'dānt, *a.* superabundant, superfluous
 Re-dūn'dānt-ly, *ad.* superabundantly
 Re-dū'plī cate, *v. a.* to double over and over
 Rē-dū-plī cā'tion, *f.* the act of doubling
 Rē-dū-plī-ca-tīve, *a.* double
 Rēe, *v. a.* to riddle; to sift
 Rē-ēch'ō, *v. n.* to echo back
 Rēed, *f.* a small pipe; an arrow; a plant
 Rē-ēd'ī-fy, *v. a.* to rebuild, to build again
 Rēed'y, *a.* abounding with reeds

Rēek, *f.* smoke, steam; pile of hay or corn
 Rēek, *v. n.* to smoke, to steam
 Rēek'y, *a.* black, smoky, tanned
 Rēel, *f.* a frame on which yarn, &c. is wound [stagger
 Rēel, *v. a. & n.* to wind on the reel: to
 Rē-e-lēc'tion, *f.* a repeated election
 Rē-ēm-bàrk', *v. n.* to take shipping again
 Rē-ēn-āct', *v. a.* to enact again
 Rē-ēn-fōrcē', *v. a.* to send fresh forces
 Rē-ēn-fōrcē'mēnt, *f.* fresh assistance, recruit
 Rē-ēn-jōy', *v. a.* to enjoy again
 Rē-ēn'tér, *v. a.* to enter again
 Rē-ēn-thrōnē', *v. a.* to replace on a throne
 Rē-ēn'trānce, *f.* the act of entering again
 Rē-ēs-tāb'līsh, *v. a.* to establish again
 Rē-ēs-tāb'līsh-mēnt, *f.* restoration
 Rēeve, *f.* a bailiff, a steward
 Rē-ēx-ām'īne, *v. a.* to examine again
 Re-fēc'tion, *f.* refreshment [freshment
 Re-fēc'to-ry, *f.* eating-room, place of re-
 Re-fel', *v. a.* to refute, to repress
 Re-fér', *v. a. & n.* to yield to another's judgment: to respect [ferred
 Rēf'ér-ēe', *f.* one to whom any thing is re-
 Rēf'ér-ēnce, *f.* admission to judgment; relation
 Re-fér'rī-ble, *a.* that may be considered by reference
 Re-fīne', *v. a.* to clear from dross; purify; improve
 Re-fīn'ēd-ly, *ad.* with affected elegance
 Re-fīne'mēnt, *f.* act of purifying; improve-
 Re-fīn'ér, *f.* who refines [ment
 Re-fīt', *v. a.* to repair
 Re-flēct', *v. a. & n.* to cast back: to consider; to bring reproach
 Re flēct'ēnt, *a.* bending back, flying back

Re-flec'tion, *f.* censure; consideration
 Re-flec'tive, *a.* considering things past
 Re-flect'or, *f.* who reflects [ward
 Re-flex', *f.* a reflection: *a.* directed back-
 Re-flex-ib'il'i-ty, *f.* quality of being re-
 flexible
 Re-flex'i-ble, *a.* may be thrown back
 Re-flex'ive, *a.* respecting something past
 Re-flex'ive-ly, *ad.* in a backward direction
 Re-flōat', *f.* ebb, reflux
 Re-flōur'ish, *v. a.* to flourish anew
 Re-flōu', *v. n.* to flow back
 Re-flū'ent, *a.* running back
 Re-flūx', *f.* backward course of water, ebb
 of tide
 Re-fōrm', *v. a.* to make better
 Rēf-ōr-mā'tion, *f.* a change of morals and
 religion
 Re-fōrm'ér, *f.* one who makes a reformation
 Re-fract', *v. a.* to break the natural course
 of rays
 Re-frac'tion, *f.* a variation of a ray of light
 Re-frac'tive, *a.* having power of refraction
 Re-frac'to-rī-nēss, *f.* sullen obstinacy
 Re-frac'to-ry, *a.* contumacious, obstinate
 Re-frāin', *v. a. & n.* to keep from action:
 to forbear
 Re-frān-g,ib'il'i-ty, *f.* a disposition to be
 refracted
 Re-frān'g,ib-le, *a.* turned out of course
 Re-frēsh', *v. a.* to cool; feed; recreate;
 repair
 Re-frēsh'ér, *f.* who or what refreshes
 Re-frēsh'mēnt, *f.* food, relief, rest
 Re-frīg,ér-ant, *a.* cooling, refreshing
 Re-frīg,ér-ate, *v. a.* to make cool
 Re-frīg,ér-ā'tion, *f.* the act of cooling;
 cool state

Re-frīg,ér-ative, Re-frīg,ér-a-to-ry, *a.*
 having power to cool
 Re-frīg,ér-a-to-ry, *f.* any thing that cools
 Rēst, *part.* taken away, deprived
 Rēf'uge, *f.* a shelter from danger, pro-
 tection
 Rēf'uge, *v. a.* to protect, to shelter
 Rēf'u-g,ēe', *f.* one who flies for protection
 Re-fūl'g,ēnce, *f.* brightness, splendour
 Re-fūl'g,ēnt, *a.* bright
 Re-fūnd', *v. a.* to pour back, to repay, to
 restore
 Re-fū'sāl, *f.* right of choice; denial; option
 Re-fūse', *v. a. & n.* to reject; not to ac-
 cept
 Rēf'use, *f.* the worthless remains
 Rēf'use, *a.* left after the rest, worthless
 Re-fūs'ér, *f.* one who refuses
 Rēf-u-tā'tion, *f.* a refuting of an assertion
 Re-fūte', *v. a.* to prove false or erroneous
 Re-gāin', *v. a.* to get again, to recover
 Rē'gāl, *f.* a musical instrument
 Rē'gāl, *a.* kingly, royal
 Re-gāle', *v. a.* to entertain, to gratify, to
 refresh
 Re-gāle'mēnt, *f.* refreshment
 Re-gā'lī-a, *f.* the ensigns of royalty
 Re-gāl'i-ty, *f.* royalty, sovereignty
 Re-gārd', *f.* attention, look, note, respect
 Re-gārd', *v. a.* to esteem, observe, respect,
 value
 Re-gārd'a-ble, *a.* observable
 Re-gārd'fūl, *a.* taking notice of, attentive
 Re-gārd'fūl-ly, *ad.* attentively, carefully
 Re-gārd'lēss, *a.* heedless, negligent
 Re-gārd'lēss-ly, *ad.* without heed
 Re-gārd'lēss-nēss, *f.* heedlessness, negli-
 gence

Rē'g,ĕn-cy, *f.* vicarious government; authority
Re-g,ĕn'ĕr-ate, *a.* born anew by grace: *v. a.* to make to be born anew [birth
Rē-g,ĕn-ĕr-ā'tion, *f.* birth by grace, new
Re-g,ĕn'ĕr-ate-nĕss, *f.* state of being regenerate
Rē'g,ĕnt, *f.* a royal vicar, a governour
Rē'g,ĕnt, *a.* governing [power
Rē'g,ĕnt-shĭp, *f.* act of governing; deputed
Rē-g,ĕr-mĭ-nā'tion, *f.* a sprouting again
Rēg,ĭ-cĭde, *f.* the murder, and murderer of a king
Rēg,ĭ-mĕn, *f.* diet in time of sickness
Rēg,ĭ-mĕnt, *f.* a body of soldiers; polity
Reg,ĭ-mĕnt'āl, *a.* belonging to a regiment
Rē'g,ĭōn, *f.* a tract of land or space, a country [record
Rēg,ĭf-tĕr, *f.* a keeper of a register; list;
Rēg,ĭf-tĕr, *v. a.* to record
Rēg,ĭf-try, *f.* act of registering; facts re-
Rēg'nānt, *f.* reigning, prevalent [corded
Re-gōrge', *v. a.* to swallow eagerly, to vomit up
Re-grāft', *v. a.* to graft again
Re-grānt', *v. a.* to grant back
Re-grāte', *v. a.* to engross, to forestal
Re-grāt'ĕr, *f.* an engrosser, forestaller
Rē-grĕet', *v. a.* to resalute
Rē-grĕet', *f.* return of salutation
Rē-grĕss, *f.* the power of passing back; passage back
Re-grĕss', *v. n.* to go back
Rē-grĕs'sion, *f.* a returning or going back
Re-grĕt', *f.* vexation at something past, dislike: *v. a.* to grieve at, to repent
Rēg'u-lār, *f.* one who observes a rule of life: *a.* according to form or rule

Rēg'u-lār'ĭ-ty, *f.* a certain order, a method
Rēg'u-lār-ly, *ad.* methodically
Rēg'u-late, *v. a.* to adjust by rule, to direct
Rēg'u-lā'tion, *f.* form, method, rule
Rēg'u-lā'tor, *f.* who or what regulates
Rēg'u-lūs, *f.* the finest part of metals
Re-hĕar', *v. a.* to hear over again
Re-hĕar'ĭāl, *f.* previous recital, repetition
Re-hĕar'se', *v. a.* to recite previously, to re-
Re-jĕct', *v. a.* to cast off refuse [peat
Re-jĕct'a-ble, *a.* that may be rejected
Re-jĕc'tion, *f.* the act of casting off or aside
Rēign', *f.* the time of kingly government
Rēign, *v. a.* to rule as a king; to prevail
Rē-ĭm-bōd'y, *v. a.* to embody again
Rē-ĭm-būrse', *v. a.* to repair loss or expence, to repay
Rē-ĭm-būrse'mĕnt, *f.* reparation
Rē-ĭm-prĕg'nate, *v. a.* to impregnate anew
Rē-ĭm-prĕs'sion, *f.* repeated impression
Rēin, *f.* the act of governing; part of a bridle: *v. a.* to control, to govern
Rēins, *f.* lower back; kidneys
Rē-ĭn-sĕrt', *v. a.* to insert again
Rē-ĭn-spĭre', *v. a.* to inspire anew
Rē-ĭn-stāl', *v. a.* to put again in possession
Rē-ĭn-stāte', *v. a.* to replace in its former state
Rē-ĭn-vest', *v. a.* to invest again
Re-jōice', *v. a. & n.* to gladden: to be glad
Re-jōic'ĕr, *f.* one who rejoices
Re-jōin', *v. a. & n.* to join again: to reply; to answer
Re-jōin'dĕr, *f.* a reply to an answer
Re-ĭt'ĕr-ate, *v. a.* to repeat again and a-
Rēit, *f.* sedge or sea weed [gain
Rē-ĭt-ĕr-ā'tion, *f.* repetition
Re-jūdge', *v. a.* to re-examine, to review

Re-kîn'dle, *v. a.* to kindle or inflame again
 Re-lāpse', *f.* a fall into vice, sickness, &c.
v. n. to fall back into sickness, &c.
 Re-lāte', *v. a. & n.* to recite : to have refer-
 ence to
 Re-lāt'ér, *f.* a narrator
 Re-lā'tion, *f.* kindred, narration, reference
 Rēl'a tīve, *f.* what contains relation ; a re-
 lation : *a.* having relation to
 Rēl'a-tīve-ly, *ad.* as it respects something else
 Rēl'a-tīve-nēss, *f.* state of having relation
 Re-lāx', *v. a. & n.* to slacken, to remit, to
 open : to be remiss
 Rē-lāx-ā'tion, *f.* remission from study, cessation
 Re-lēase', *f.* dismissal from obligation or pain :
v. a. to set free from restraint [passion
 Re-lēnt', *v. a. & n.* to soften : to feel com-
 Re-lēnt'lēss, *a.* unmerciful
 Re-lī'ānce, *f.* confidence, dependence, trust
 Rēl'īcs, *f. pl.* the remains of bodies
 Rēl'īct, *f.* a widow [succour
 Re-līeve', *v. a.* to change a guard, to ease, to
 Re-līef, *f.* help, mitigation ; relieve
 Re-līev'a-ble, *a.* capable of relief
 Re-līev'ér, *f.* one who relieves [figure
 Re-līev'o, *f.* the prominence of a picture or
 Re-līght', *v. a.* to light anew [virtue
 Re-līg'ion, *f.* system of faith and worship ;
 Re-līg'ion-īst, *f.* a bigot to any religion
 Re-līg'ious, *a.* devout, bound by vows
 Re-līg'ious-ly, *ad.* reverently
 Re-līg'ious-nēss, *f.* state of being religious
 Re-līn'quīsh, *v. a.* to give up, quit, release
 Re-līn'quīsh-mēnt, *f.* the act of forsaking
 Rēl'īsh, *f.* delight, liking, taste : *v. a. & n.*
 to season ; to give or have a flavour
 Rēl'īsh-a-ble, *a.* having a taste
 Re-lū'cent, *a.* shining, transparent
 Re-lūc'tānce, *f.* unwillingness

Re-lūc'tānt, *a.* acting with repugnance
 Re-lūme', *v. a.* to light anew, to rekindle
 Re-lū'mīne, *v. a.* to light anew
 Re-lŷ', *v. n.* to put trust in, to rest on
 Re-māin', *v. n.* to be left, to continue, to
 endure [soul
 Re-māinš', *f. pl.* relics, the body left by the
 Re-māin'dér, *f.* what is left, balance
 Re-māke', *v. a.* to make anew
 Re-mānd', *v. a.* to send or call back
 Rēm'an-ent, *f.* the part remaining
 Re-mārk', *f.* note, notice, observation : *v. a.*
 to point out, note, observe
 Re-mārk'a-ble, *a.* worthy of notice [tion
 Re-mārk'a-ble-nēss, *f.* worthiness of observa-
 Re-mārk'a-bly, *ad.* observably
 Re-mārk'ér, *f.* one who remarks
 Re-mēd'ī-a-ble, *a.* that may be remedied
 Re-mēd'ī-ate, *a.* affording a remedy
 Rēm'ēd-ī-lēss, *a.* without remedy
 Rēm'e-dy, *f.* a cure, a medicine ; reparation
 Re-mēd'y, *v. a.* to remove a complaint, to
 cure
 Re-mēm'bér, *v. a.* to call to mind, to keep
 in mind
 Re-mēm'bér-ér, *f.* one who remembers
 Re-mēm'brānce, *f.* recollection ; account pre-
 served
 Re-mēm'brān-cér, *f.* who puts in mind
 Rē'mi-grate, *v. a.* to remove back again
 Rē'mi-grā'tion, *f.* a removal back again
 Re-mīnd', *v. a.* to put in mind
 Rēm-ī-nīscēnce, *f.* recovery of ideas, recol-
 lection
 Re-mīss', *a.* careless, slothful
 Re-mīss'ī-ble, *a.* admitting forgiveness
 Re-mīss'ion, *f.* abatement, pardon, release
 Re-mīss'ly, *ad.* carelessly, negligently
 Re-mīss'nēss, *f.* carelessness, negligence

Re-mīt', *v. a. & n.* to send money to a distant place; to give back; forgive; restore: to slacken [place
 Re-mīt'tānce, *f.* a sum remitted to a distant
 Re-mīt'tér, *f.* one who remits
 Rēm'nānt, *f.* that which is left, a residue
 Rēm'nānt, *a.* yet left, remaining
 Re-mōlt'en, *a.* melted again
 Re-mōn'strānce, *f.* discovery, representation
 Re-mōn'strate, *v. a.* to show strong reasons against
 Re-mōrse', *f.* sorrow for a fault, pity, tenderness
 Re-mōrse'fūl, *a.* compassionate, tender
 Re-mōrse'lēss, *a.* unmerciful, savage
 Re-mōte', *a.* abstracted, distant, foreign
 Re-mōte'ly, *ad.* at a distance [mote
 Re-mōte'nēss, *f.* distance, state of being re-
 Re-mō'tion, *f.* the act of removing
 Re-mōve', *v. a. & n.* to place at a distance: to change place, go from place to place: *f.* the act of moving, change of place
 Re-mōve'a-ble, *a.* may be moved again
 Re-mōv'āl, *f.* dismissal from a post or place
 Re-mōv'ēd, *part. a.* separate from others
 Re-mōv'ér, *f.* who removes
 Re-mōūt', *v. a. & n.* to recruit a troop: to mount again
 Re-mū'ne-ra-tīve, *a.* giving rewards, &c.
 Re-mūr'mūr, *v. n.* to utter back in murmurs
 Rēn'ārd, *f.* the name of a fox
 Re-nā'scēt, *a.* rising again into being
 Rēn-cōūt'ér, *f.* personal opposition, sudden combat, casual engagement
 Rēn-cōūt'ér, *v. n.* to skirmish with, to clash
 Rēnd, *v. a.* to tear with violence
 Rēnd'ér, *f.* one who rends asunder; render: *v. a.* to give, repay, translate

Rēn'dez-vōus, *f.* a place appointed for meeting [revolter
 Rēn'e-gāde', Rēn'e-gā'do, *f.* an apostate, a
 Re-nēw', *v. a.* to make new, begin again, repeat
 Re-nēw'a-ble, *a.* may be renewed
 Re-nēw'āl, *f.* act of renewing, renovation
 Rēn'o-vate, *v. a.* to restore to first state, to re-
 Rēn-o-yā'tion, *f.* renewal [new
 Re-nōūnce', *v. a.* to disavow, to disclaim
 Re-nōūnce'mēt, *f.* the act of renouncing
 Re-nōw'n', *f.* great praise, fame, merit
 Re-nōwn', *v. a.* to make famous
 Re-nōw'n'ēd, *a.* eminent, famed, famous
 Rēnt, *f.* money for house or land, yearly payment; place torn; revenue; slit: *v. a. & n.* to hold by paying rent; to tear: to bluster
 Rēnt'āl, *f.* account or schedule of rents
 Rēnt'ér, *f.* one who holds by paying rent
 Rē-nūn-ci-ā'tion, *f.* the act of renouncing
 Rē-ōr-dāin', *v. a.* to ordain again
 Rē-ōr-di-nā'tion, *f.* a being ordained again
 Rē-pāç'ī-fy, *v. a.* to pacify or appease again
 Re-pāid', *part. pass.* of to repay
 Re-pāir', *f.* supply of loss; abode; reparation: *v. a. & n.* to fill up anew, to mend: to go to
 Re-pāir'ér, *f.* one who amends or restores
 Rēp'a-ra-ble, *a.* may be amended
 Rēp'ār-ā'tion, *f.* act of repairing; amends
 Re-pār'a-tīve, *f.* what makes amends
 Rēp-ār-tēe, *f.* a smart witty reply: *v. n.* to make smart replies
 Re-pās', *v. a. & n.* to pass again, to pass back: to go back
 Re-pāst', *f.* the act of eating, a meal, food: *v. a.* to feast, to feed

- Re-pāy', *v. a.* to recompense, reimburse, re-
quite
Re-pāy'mēnt, *f.* act of repaying; thing repaid
Re-pēal', *f.* an abrogation
Re-pēal', *v. a.* to abrogate, recal, revoke
Re-pēat', *v. a.* to do or try again, to rehearse
Re-pēat'ēd-ly, *ad.* over and over
Re-pēat'ér, *f.* who repeats; a watch
Re-pěl', *v. a. & n.* to drive back: to act
with force
Re-pēnt', *v. n.* to think or express with sorrow
Re-pēnt'ānce, *f.* sorrow for sins
Re-pēnt'ānt, *a.* sorrowful for sin
Rē-pēo'ple, *v. a.* to stock with people anew
Rē-pér-cūs', *v. a.* to drive or beat back
Rē-pér-cūs'fion, *f.* the act of driving back,
rebound
Rē-pér-cūs'sive, *a.* driving back, rebounding
Re-pér'to-ry, *f.* a magazine, a treasury
Rēp-e-tī'tion, *f.* a recital, a rehearsing
Re-pīne', *v. n.* to be discontented, to fret
Re-pīn'ér, *f.* one who repines
Re-plāce', *v. a.* to put again in place, to supply
Re-plānt', *v. a.* to plant anew
Re-plēn'ish, *v. a. & n.* to fill, to finish, to
stock: to be stocked
Re-plēte', *a.* completely filled, full
Re-plē'tion, *f.* a being over full
Re-plēv'ī-a-ble, *a.* may be replevined
Re-plēv'īn, *v. a.* to release goods distrained
Rēp-lī-cā'tion, *f.* reply; rebound
Re-plŷ', *v. n.* to make a return to an an-
swer: *f.* a return for an answer, an answer
Re-plŷ'ér, *f.* one who replies
Re-pōl'ish, *v. a.* to polish again
Re-pōrt', *f.* account returned; loud noise,
rumour
Re-pōrt', *v. a.* to noise by rumour, to give
an account of, to rebound, to return
Re-pōrt'ér, *f.* one who reports
Re-pōrt'ing-ly, *ad.* by common fame
Re-pōs'āl, *f.* the act of reposing
Re-pōse', *v. a. & n.* to lay to rest, lay up:
confide in: *f.* cause of rest, quiet, sleep
Re-pōs'ēd-nēss, *f.* state of being at rest
Re-pōs'ite, *v. a.* to lodge as in a place of
safety
Re-pōs'ī-to-ry, *f.* where any thing is safely
laid up
Rē-pos'sēss', *v. a.* to possess again
Rēp-re-hēnd', *v. a.* to blame, chide, re-
prove
Rēp-re-hēnd'ér, *f.* a censurer, a blamer
Rēp-re-hēn'sī-ble, *a.* blameable, culpable
Rēp-re-hēn'sī-ble-nēss, *f.* blameableness
Rēp-re-hēn'sī-bly, *ad.* culpably
Rēp-re-hēn'sion, *f.* open blame, reproof
Rēp-re-hēn'sive, *a.* given to reproof
Rēp're-sēnt', *v. a.* to appear for another; to
exhibit, to show
Rēp're-sēnt'a-tion, *f.* the acting for another;
image
Rēp're-sēnt'a-tive, *f.* a substitute in power
Rēp're-sēnt'a-tive, *a.* in the place of an-
other
Rēp're-sēnt'ér, *f.* one who exhibits
Re-prēss', *v. a.* to put down, to subdue
Re-prēss', Re-prēss'ion, *f.* act of repressing
Re-prēss'ive, *a.* having power to repress
Re-prīeve', *f.* delay of sentence, a respite
Re-prīeve', *v. a.* to respite from punish-
ment
Rēp'rī-mānd', *f.* reprehension, reproof:
v. a. to check, chide, reprove

Rē-prīnt', *v. a.* to print a new edition
 Re-prī'sāl, Re-prī'se', *f.* seizure by way of recompense
 Re-prōach', *f.* censure, infamy, shame: *v. a.* to censure severely, to upbraid
 Re-prōach'a-ble, *a.* deserving reproach
 Re-prōach'fūl, *a.* infamous, scurrilous, vile
 Re-prōach'fūl-ly, *ad.* ignominiously
 Rēp'ro-bate, *f.* one abandoned to wickedness
 Rēp'ro-bate, *a.* lost to virtue, abandoned
 Rēp'ro-bate, *v. a.* to disallow, to reject
 Rēp'ro-bate-nēss, *f.* the state of being reprobate
 Rēp'ro-bā'tion, *f.* a being abandoned to destruction
 Rē-pro-dūce', *v. a.* to produce anew
 Rē-pro-dūc'tion, *f.* act of producing anew
 Re-prōof', *f.* reprehension
 Re-prōv'a-ble, *a.* deserving reproof
 Re-prōve', *v. a.* to blame, censure, chide, disprove
 Re-prōv'ér, *f.* who reproves
 Rē-prūne', *v. a.* to prune a second time
 Rēp'tile, *f.* a creeping thing; a mean person: *a.* creeping on many feet
 Re-pūb'līc, *f.* a commonwealth without a king
 Re-pūb'lī-cān, *f.* a commonwealth's man: *a.* placing government in the people
 Re-pū'dī-a-ble, *a.* fit to be put away
 Re-pū'dī-ate, *v. a.* to divorce, reject
 Re-pu dī-ā'tion, *f.* divorce, rejection
 Re pūg'nānce, Re-pūg'nān-cy, *f.* contrariety: unwillingness
 Re-pūg'nānt, *a.* contrary, disobedient
 Re-pūg'nānt-ly, *ad.* contradictorily
 Re-pūlse', *v. a.* to beat back; to drive off

Re-pūl'sion, *f.* a driving off from itself
 Re-pūl'sive, *a.* having power to beat back
 Rē-pūr'chase, *v. a.* to buy again
 Rēp'u-ta-ble, *a.* of good report; honourable
 Rēp'u-ta-bly, *ad.* with reputation
 Rēp-u-tā'tion, *f.* credit, merit, honour
 Re-pūte', *f.* good opinion; character, reputation: *v. a.* to account, think, hold
 Re-pūte'lēss, *a.* disgraceful, dishonourable
 Re-quēst', *f.* credit, demand, petition: *v. a.* to ask, entreat, solicit
 Re-quēst'ér, *f.* petitioner, soliciter
 Rē-quīck'en, *v. a.* to quicken again; to revive
 Rēq'ūī-ēm, *f.* a prayer for the dead; rest
 Re-quīr'a-ble, *a.* fit to be required
 Re-quīre', *v. a.* to make necessary; to demand
 Rēq'ūī-sīte, *f.* any thing necessary
 Rēq'ūī-sīte, *a.* necessary, needful
 Rēq'ūī-sīte-ly, *ad.* in a requisite manner
 Rēq'ūī-sīte-nēss, *f.* expediency; propriety
 Re-quī'tāl, *f.* recompense, retaliation
 Re-quīte', *v. a.* to recompense; to repay
 Rēre'wārd, *f.* the rear or last troop
 Rē-fa-lūte', *v. a.* to salute or greet anew
 Re-scīnd', *v. a.* to cut off; to abrogate a law
 Re-scī'sīōn, *f.* a cutting off; abrogation
 Re-scī'sīōry, *a.* having power to cut off
 Re-scībe', *v. a.* to write back or over again
 Rēl'crīpt, *f.* the edict of an emperor
 Rēf'cue, *f.* a deliverance from restraint, &c.: *v. a.* to deliver from restraint, &c.
 Rēf'cu-ér, *f.* one who rescues

- Re-séarch', *f.* diligent search ; inquiry
 Re-séarch', *v. a.* to examine over again
 Rē-séat', *v. a.* to seat again ; to replace
 Re-séiz'ér, *f.* one who seizes again
 Rē-séiz'ure, *f.* a repeated seizure
 Re-ſém'blance, *f.* likeness [like
 Re-ſém'ble, *v. a.* to have likeness to : to be
 Re-sént', *v. a.* to take as an affront
 Re-sént'fûl, *a.* easily provoked to anger
 Re-sént'ing-ly, *ad.* with resentment
 Re-sént'mént, *f.* a deep sense of injury
 Rĕſ-er-vā'tion, *f.* something kept back ; re-
 serve
 Re-sér'va-to-ry, *f.* a place where any thing
 is kept
 Re-sérve', *v. a.* to keep in store
 Re-sérve', *f.* store untouched ; exception ;
 modesty
 Re-sérv'éd, *a.* close ; excepted ; modest ; fullen
 Re-sérv'éd-ly, *ad.* with reserve ; coldly
 Re-sérv'éd-nĕſs, *f.* closeness ; coldness
 Rĕſ'ér-vôir', *f.* a large conservatory of wa-
 ter
 Rē-sĕt'tle, *v. a.* to settle again
 Rē-sĕt'tle-mĕnt, *f.* the act of settling again
 Re-ſĭde, *v. n.* to live in a place ; to sub-
 side
 Rĕſ'ĭ-dĕnce, *f.* a place of abode
 Rĕſ'ĭ-dĕnt, *f.* an agent or public minister :
a. dwelling in a place
 Rĕſ'ĭ-dĕn'tia-ry, *a.* holding or obliged to re-
 sidence
 Re-ſĭd'u-āl, Re-ſĭd'u-a-ry, *a.* relating to the
 residue or part remaining
 Re-ſĭdu-a-ry, *a.* entitled to the residue of an
 estate
 Rĕſ'ĭ-due, *f.* the remaining part
 Re-ſĭgn', *v. a.* to give or yield up ; to submit
 Rĕſ-ĭg-nā'tion, *f.* a resigning ; submission
 Re-ſĭgn'ér, *f.* one who resigns
 Re-ſĭgn'mĕnt, *f.* act of resigning ; submission
 Rĕſ'ĭn, *f.* a clammy drug
 Rĕſ'ĭn-ōŭs, *a.* containing resin
 Re-ſĭſt', *v. a.* to act against ; to oppose
 Re-ſĭſt'ānce, *f.* act of resisting ; opposition
 Re-ſĭſ'tĭ-bĭl'ĭ-ty, *f.* quality of resisting
 Re-ſĭſt'ĭ-ble, *a.* that may be resisted
 Re-ſĭſt'lĕſs, *a.* that cannot be resisted
 Re-ſōl'va-ble, *a.* that may be separated
 Re-ſōlve', *f.* a fixed determination : *v. a.* to
 solve ; dissolve ; inform ; melt
 Re-ſōlv'éd-ly, *ad.* with firmness and con-
 stancy
 Rĕ-ſōlv'éd-nĕſs, *f.* resolution
 Rĕ-ſōl'vĕnt, *a.* having power to cause solu-
 tion
 Rĕſ-'o'lute, *a.* determined, firm
 Rĕſ'o-lute-ly, *ad.* determinately, steadily
 Rĕſ'o-lute-nĕſs, *f.* determination
 Rĕſ'o-lū'tion, *f.* dissolution, resoluteness
 Rĕſ'o-nānce, *f.* echo, sound
 Rĕſ'o-nānt, *a.* resounding
 Rĕ-ſōrt', *v. n.* to have recourse : to repair unto
 Re-ſōrt', *f.* assembly, concourse, meeting
 Re-ſōund', *v. a.* to celebrate, echo, sound
 Re-ſōurce', *f.* an expedient ; resort
 Rĕ-ſōw', *v. a.* to sow again [gard
 Re-spĕct', *v. a.* to belong to ; to consider, re-
 Re-spĕct', *f.* motive ; regard, reverence
 Re-spĕct'fûl, *a.* full of outward civility
 Re-spĕct'fûl-ly, *ad.* with some degree of re-
 verence
 Re-spĕct'ĭve, *a.* relative, particular
 Re-spĕct'ĭve-ly, *ad.* relatively
 Rĕſ'pĭ-rā'tion, *f.* the act of breathing ; re-
 lief from toil

Rěs'pīre', *v. n.* to breath; to rest from toil

Rěs'pīte, *f.* interval, pause; reprove

Rěs'pīte, *v. a.* to delay, pause, suspend

Re-splend'ence, *f.* brightness, lustre

Re-splend'ent, *a.* bright, shining

Re-splend'ent-ly, *ad.* with lustre; splendidly

Re-spōnd', *v. n.* to answer, correspond, suit

Re-spōnd'ent, *f.* an answer in a suit

Re-spōnse', *f.* an alternate answer, a reply

Re-spōn'sī-ble, *a.* accountable; answerable

Re-spōn'sī-ble-něs, *f.* ability to perform

Re-spōn'sīve, *a.* answering, correspondent

Re-spōn'so-ry, *a.* containing answer

Rěst, *f.* quiet, repose, remainder, sleep:
v. a. & n. to lay to rest; to lean on; to be at ease, to be still, to remain; to die; to sleep

Rěs-tāu-rā'tion, *f.* recovering a former state

Re-stēm', *v. a.* to force against the current

Rěst'fūl, *a.* at rest, quiet

Rěs'tīff, *a.* unwilling to stir; stubborn

Rěs'tīf-něs, *f.* obstinate reluctance

Rěs'tī-tū'tion, *f.* act of restoring or recovering

Rěst'lěs, *a.* without sleep or peace; unsettled

Rest'less-ly, *ad.* in a restless manner

Rěst'less-něs, *f.* want of sleep; rest or quiet

Rěs-tō-ra-ble, *a.* what may be restored

Rěs-tō-rā'tion, *f.* a replacing; recovery

Rěs-tō-ra-tīve, *a.* able to recruit life

Re-stōre', *v. a.* to bring or give back; to retrieve

Re-stōr'ér, *f.* one who restores

Re-strāin', *v. a.* to keep in; suppress, withhold

Re-strāin'a-ble, *a.* may be restrained

Re-strāin'ed-ly, *ad.* with restraint

Re-strāin'ér, *f.* who restrains or with-holds

Re-strāint', *f.* an abridgment of liberty

Re-strīct', *v. a.* to confine, to limit

Re-strīc'tion, *f.* confinement, limitation

Re-strīct'īve, *f.* expressing limitation; astringent

Re-strīct'īve-ly, *ad.* with limitation

Re-strīn'g'ent, *a.* having power to bind

Rěs'ty, *a.* obstinate in standing still

Re-fūlt', *f.* a flying back; a consequence

Re-sūm'a-ble, *a.* may be taken back

Re-sūme, *v. a.* to begin again; to take back

Re-sūmp'tion, *f.* the act of resuming

Rěs-ūr-rēc'tion, *f.* a return from the grave

Rě-sūs'cī-tate, *v. a.* to stir up anew; to revive

Re-sūs-cī-tā'tion, *f.* a stirring up anew

Rě'tāle, **Rě'tāil**, *f.* a sale by small quantities: *v. a.* to sell in small parcels

* **Re-tāil'ér**, *f.* who retails; a publisher

Re-tāin', *v. a.* to hold in custody; to keep in pay; to hire, to see, to keep

Re-tāin'ér, *f.* a previous fee; a dependent, a servant

Rě-tāke', *v. a.* to take again

Re-tāl'ī-ate, *v. a.* to repay, to requite

Re-tāl'ī-ā'tion, *f.* a return of like for like

Re-tārd', *v. a. & v.* to delay, hinder: to stay back

Rě-tārd-ā'tion, *f.* hinderance

Re-tārd'ér, *f.* who obstructs or hinders

Rětch, *v. n.* to vomit from the stomach

Rětch'lěs, **Rěck'lěs**, *a.* careless; wicked

- Re-tēn'tion, *f.* act of retaining; custody; memory
 Re-tēn'tive, *a.* having power to retain
 Re-tēn'tive-nēss, *f.* having the quality of retention
 Re-tīc'u-lār, *a.* in form of a net
 Re-tīc'u-lat-ēd, *a.* made of or like net-work
 Rēt'i-nue, *f.* a train of attendants
 Re-tīre', *f.* retirement, retreat
 Re-tīre', *v. a. & n.* to withdraw: to retreat
 Re-tīr'ēd, *part.* private, secret, solitary
 Re-tīr'ēd-nēss, *f.* privacy, secrecy, solitude
 Re-tīre'mēt, *f.* a private abode or way of
 Re-tōld', *part.* related again [life
 Re-tōrt', *f.* a censure returned; a glass vessel: *v. a.* to return an argument; to throw back
 Re-tōrt'ēr, *f.* who retorts
 Re-tōrt'ion, *f.* act of retorting
 Re-tōss', *v. a.* to toss back
 Rē-toūch', *v. a.* to improve by new touches
 Re-trāce', *v. a.* to trace back
 Re-trāct', *v. a.* to recal, recant, resume
 Re-trāc-tā'tion, *f.* change of opinion
 Rē-trāc'tion, *f.* a withdrawing of a question
 Re-trēat', *f.* place of retirement; retiring
 Re-trēat', *v. n.* to go in private; to retire
 Re-trēnch', *v. a.* to cut off; confine, reduce
 Re-trēnch'mēt, *f.* a reduction of expence
 Rēt'rī-bute, *v. a.* to pay back
 Rēt'rī-bū'tion, *f.* a repayment, a restitution
 Re-trīb'u-tive, Re-trīb'u-to-ry, *a.* repaying; making repayment
 Re-trīeve'a-ble, *a.* that may be retrieved
 Re-trīeve', *v. a.* to recal, recover, repair
 Rēt-ro-cēs'sion, *f.* act of going back
 Rēt'ro-grade, *a.* going backwards; contrary
 Rēt'ro-grade, *v. a.* to go backwards
 Rēt-ro-grēs'sion, *f.* act of going backwards
 Rē'tro-spēct, *f.* a looking on things past
 Rē-tro-spēc'tion, *f.* a looking backwards
 Rē-tro-spēc'tive, *a.* looking backwards
 Re-tūrn', *f.* act of coming back; profit; relapse; repayment, restitution: *v. a. & n.* to send back; repay; retort; transmit: to come or go back; make answer
 Re-tūrn'a-ble, *a.* allowed to be returned back
 Re-tūrn'ēr, *f.* who repays or remits
 Rēve, *f.* a bailiff of a corporation or manor
 Re-vēal', *v. a.* to make known, disclose, shew
 Re-vēal'ēr, *f.* who reveals, a discoverer
 Rēv'ēl', *f.* a loose and noisy feast
 Rēv'ēl', *v. n.* to carouse
 Rēv-e-lā'tion, *f.* a communication of sacred truths
 Rēv'ēl-ēr, *f.* who feasts with noisy jollity
 Rēv'ēl-ry, *f.* a loose jollity; a festive mirth
 Re-vēnge', *f.* a severe return of injury: *v. a.* to return an injury; to avenge
 Re-vēnge'fūl, *a.* full of revenge; vindictive
 Re-vēnge'fūl-ly, *ad.* vindictively
 Re-vēng'ēr, *f.* one who avenges crimes
 Re-vēng'ing-ly, *ad.* with revenge
 Rēv'e-nue, *f.* an income; yearly profits
 Re-vērb', *v. a.* to rebound, reverberate
 Re-vērb'e-rānt, *a.* beating back, resounding
 Re-vērb'e-rate, *v. a.* to beat back, resound
 Re-vērb'e-rā'tion, *f.* a beating or driving back
 Re-vēre', *v. a.* to honour, venerate

Rěv'e-rěnce, *f.* act of obeisance; title of the clergy; bow, courtesy, respect: *v. a.* to regard with awful respect
Rěv'e-rěnc-ér, *f.* one who regards with reverence
Rěv'e-rěnd, *a.* deserving reverence
Rěv'e-rěnt, *a.* expressing veneration, humble
Rěv-e-rěn'tial, *a.* expressing reverence
Rěv-e-rěn'tial-ly, *ad.* with show of reverence
Rěv'e-rěnt-ly, *ad.* with awe; respectfully
Rěv'e-rěc', *f.* irregular thought; conceit, delirium
Re-věr'ér, *f.* one who revers
Re-věr'sál, *f.* a change of sentence
Re-věrse', *f.* opposite side, change, vicissitude: *v. a.* to contradict, overturn, repeal
Re-věr's'ěd, *part.* turned upside down; repealed
Re-věr's'ible, *a.* may be reversed
Re-věr'sion, *f.* a right of succession
Re-věr'sion-a-ry, *a.* to be enjoyed in succession
Re-vért', *f.* recurrence, return
Re-vért', *v. a.* to turn over, change, return
Re-vért'í-ble, *a.* returnable
Re-věst', *v. a.* to put again in possession
Re-viěw', *f.* a re-examination; a survey: *v. a.* to look again; examine; survey
Re-vīle', *v. n.* to reproach, vilify, to treat with contumely
Re-vīl'ér, *f.* one who reviles
Re-vīl'ing-ly, *ad.* in an opprobrious manner
Re-vīř'ál, *f.* re-examination, review

Re-vīře', *f.* a proof re-examined or reviewed
Re-vīře', *v. a.* to re-examine, overlook
Re-vīř'ér, *f.* an examiner, superintendent
Re-vīř'it, *v. a.* to visit again
Re-vīv'ál, *f.* a recal from a state of obscurity, &c.
Re-vīve', *v. a.* to return to life again; to renew
Re-vīv'ér, *f.* one who invigorates
Rě-vīv-īř-ī-cā'tion, *f.* the act of recalling to life
Rě-ū'nī-ón, *f.* a re-uniting
Rě-u-nīte', *v. a. & n.* to join again, to reconcile; to cohere again
Rěv'o-ca-ble, *a.* that may be recalled or repealed
Rěv'o-cate, *v. a.* to call back, to recal
Rěv'o-cā'tion, *f.* act and state of recalling
Re-vōke', *v. a.* to repeal, reverse, withdraw
Re-vōke'měnt, *f.* a revocation, recal, repeal
Re-vōlt', *f.* change of sides, desertion
Re-vōlt', *v. a.* to change, to desert
Re-vōlt'ěd, *part.* swerved from duty
Re-vōlt'ér, *f.* who changes sides, a deserter
Re-vōlve', *v. a. & n.* to consider; to perform a revolution
Rěv'o-lū'tion, *f.* returning motion, rotation
Re-vōm'it, *v. a.* to vomit again, to vomit
Re-wârd', *f.* a punishment, recompense
Re-wârd', *v. a.* to recompense, to repay
Re-wârd'a-ble, *a.* worthy of reward
Re-wârd'ér, *f.* one who rewards
Rbăp'so-dīst, *f.* a writer of rhapsodies
Rbăp'so-dy, *f.* an irregular, unconnected writing

Rhēt'o-ric, *f.* the art of speaking, oratory
Rhe-tōr'ic-āl, *a.* pertaining to rhetoric
Rhe-tōr'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* like an orator, figuratively
Rhe-tōr'ic-ate, *v. n.* to play the orator, to attack the passions
Rhē-t-o-rī'cian, *f.* one who teaches rhetoric: *a.* suiting a master of rhetoric
Rheūm, *f.* thin watery matter from the mouth [matism]
Rheu-māt'ie, *a.* troubled with the rheu-
Rheū'mat-ism, *f.* a painful distemper
Rheūm'y, *a.* full of sharp moisture
Rhi-nōç'e-rōs, *f.* a sort of unicorn
Rhōmb, *f.* a quadrangular figure
Rhōm'bōid, *f.* a figure approaching to a rhomb
Rhū'bārb, *f.* a medicinal purgative root
Rhyme, *f.* the consonance of verses, poetry: *v. n.* to make verses, to agree in sound
Rhym'ér, *f.* one who makes rhymes
Rhýth'mī-cāl, *a.* harmonical
Rib, *f.* bone in the body; piece of timber in ships
Rib'āid, *f.* a loose, mean wretch
Rib'āid-ry, *f.* mean, rude, brutal language
Rib'ānd, or **Rib'bōn**, *f.* a fillet of silk
Rib'bēd, *a.* made or furnished with ribs
Rice, *f.* an esculent grain
Rich, *a.* fruitful, valuable, wealthy
Rīch'ēs, *f. pl.* plenty of money or possessions
Rīch/ly, *ad.* abundantly, splendidly
Rīch'nēss, *f.* finery, fruitfulness, opulence
Rick, *f.* heap of corn or hay
Rick'ēts, *f.* a distemper of the joints in
Rick'ēt-y, *a.* weak [children]

Rīd, *v. a.* to drive away; set free; clear; destroy
Rīd'dānce, *f.* the act of clearing away, deliverance
Rīd'den, *part. pass.* of to ride
Rīd'dle, *f.* a puzzling question; an open sieve: *v. a. & n.* to put through a sieve, to solve: to speak obscurely
Rīd'dlīng-ly, *ad.* in an obscure manner
Rīde, *v. a. & n.* to travel on a horse: to be carried
Rīd'ér, *f.* one who rides
Ridge, *f.* the upper part of a ship; a steep protuberance: *v. a.* to form a ridge
Rīd'g'it, *f.* a ram half-castrated
Rīdg/y, *a.* rising in a ridge
Rīd'icule, *f.* wit that provokes laughter: *v. a.* to expose to laughter, to banter
Rī-dīc'u-loūs, *a.* worthy of laughter
Rī-dīc'u-loūs-ly, *ad.* in a contemptible manner
Rī-dīc'u-loūs-nēss, *f.* a being ridiculous
Rīd'īng, *f.* a county division or district
Rīd'īng-cōat, *f.* a coat to keep out weather
Rīd'īng-hōod, *f.* a woman's cloak to keep off rain
Rī-dōt'to, *f.* an assembly of music
Rīse, *a.* much about, prevalent, abounding
Rīse/ly, *ad.* abundantly, prevalently
Rīse'nēss, *f.* abundance, prevalence
Rī'se, *v. a.* to pillage, to plunder, to rob
Rī'sér, *f.* one who rifles, a robber
Rīst, *f.* a breach, cleft, opening
Rīst, *v. a.* to cleave, to burst; to belch
Rīg, *f.* the top of a hill
Rīg, *v. a.* to fit with rigging, to dress, to accoutre

Rīg'a-dōon', *f.* a dance
 Rīg'g'ér, *f.* one who rigs
 Rīg'g'ing, *f.* the sails and tackling of a ship
 Rīg'g'ish, *a.* wanton, whorish
 Rīg'gle, *v. a.* to move backward and forward
 Right, *a.* fit, happy, just, straight, true:
f. the side not *left*; just claim; justice;
 interest; prerogative, privilege, prop-
 erty; *ad.* in a great degree, in truth, exact-
 ly: *interj.* expressing approbation: *v. a.*
 to relieve from wrong
 Right'eōūs, *a.* equitable, just, virtuous
 Right'eōūs-ly, *ad.* honestly, virtuously
 Right'cōūs-nēss, *f.* honesty, justice, virtue
 Right'fūl, *a.* having the just claim
 Right'fūl-ly, *ad.* according to right and ju-
 Right'fūl-nēss, *f.* moral rectitude [justice
 Right'ly, *ad.* exactly, properly, uprightly
 Right'nēss, *f.* conformity to truth
 Rīg'id, *a.* inflexible, secure, stiff
 Rīg'id'ī-ty, *f.* rigidity, stiffness of appear-
 ance
 Rīg'id-ly, *ad.* inflexibly, severely, stiffly
 Rīg'id-nēss, *f.* inflexibility, severity
 Rīg'lēt, *f.* a flat thin square piece of wood
 Rīg'ōr-ōūs, *a.* making no allowance, severe
 Rīg'ōr-ōūs-ly, *ad.* without tenderness
 Rīg'ōūr, *f.* cold; rage; severity; strictness
 Rill, Rill'lēt, *f.* a small brook: *v. n.* to run
 in small streams
 Rīm, *f.* a border, edge, margin
 Rīme, *f.* hoar-frost, a hole or chink
 Rīme, *v. n.* to freeze with hoar-frost
 Rīm'ple, *v. a.* to pucker, to crumple
 Rīm'y, *a.* foggy, misty, steamy
 Rīnd, *f.* bark, husk
 Rīnd, *v. a.* to take off the bark, to husk

Rīng, *f.* any circle; number of bells; sound:
v. a. & n. to strike or sound like bells;
 to fit with rings; to tinkle: to be filled
 with a report
 Rīng'dōve, *f.* a kind of pigeon
 Rīng'ér, *f.* one who rings [chief
 Rīng'lēad'ér, *f.* the head of a mob or mis-
 Rīng'lēt, *f.* a small ring, circle, curl
 Rīng'strēak-ēd, *a.* circularly streaked
 Rīng'wōrm, *f.* a circular letter
 Rīnse, *v. a.* to wash, cleanse; to wash out
 soap
 Rīn'sér, *f.* one who rinses, a washer
 Rī'ōt, *f.* sedition, tumult, uproar
 Rī'ōt, *v. n.* to raise sedition or uproar, to
 Rī'ōt-ér, *f.* one who makes a riot [revel
 Rī'ōt-ōūs, *a.* licentious, luxurious, seditious
 Rī'ōt-ōūs-ly, *ad.* luxuriously, seditiously
 Rī'ōt-ōūs-nēss, *f.* state of being riotous
 Rīp, *v. a.* to cut asunder, tear up, disclose
 Rīpe, *a.* complete, finished, mature
 Rīpe, *v. a. & n.* to make ripe: to grow ripe
 Rīpe'ly, *ad.* the fit time, at full growth
 Rīp'en, *v. a. & n.* to make or grow ripe
 Rīpe'nēss, *f.* fitness, maturity, perfection
 Rīse, *f.* the act of rising; first appearance;
 ascent; beginning; increase: *v. n.* to be
 improved, to get up; to grow; to in-
 crease [stair
 Rīs'ér, *f.* who rises, upright of a wooden
 Rīs'ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* the quality of laughing
 Rīs'ī-ble, *a.* exciting laughter, ridiculous
 Rīsk, *f.* chance, danger, hazard: *v. a.* to
 put to chance, to endanger, to hazard
 Rīsk'ér, *f.* one who risks [servance
 Rīte, *f.* solemn act of religion; external ob-
 Rīt'u-āl, *f.* a book of religious ceremonies
 Rīt'u-āl, *a.* solemnly ceremonious

Rīt'u-āl-īst, *f.* one skilled in religious ceremonies
 Rīv'age, *f.* a bank, a coast
 Rī'vāl, *a.* making the same claim, emulous
 Rī'vāl, *f.* a competitor [itor
 Rī'vāl, *v. a. & n.* to emulate: to be competitor
 Rī'vāl-ry, *f.* competition, emulation
 Rī'vāl-shīp, *f.* state and character of a rival
 Rīve, *v. a. & n.* to split, to cleave asunder: to be split
 Rīv'el, *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles
 Rīv'en, *part. pass.* of *to rive*
 Rīv'ér, *f.* a large current of water bigger than a brook
 Rīv'ér-drāg'ōn, *f.* king of Egypt; crocodile
 Rīv'ér-gōd, *f.* a tutelary deity of a river
 Rīv'ēt, *f.* a fastening-pin clenched
 Rīv'ēt, *v. a.* to fasten with rivets, to fix
 Rīv'u-lēt, *f.* a small river, a brook
 Rīx-dōl'lār, *f.* a German coin, value 4s. 6d.
 Rōach, *f.* a fish
 Rōad, *f.* a way for travelling, path; incursion
 Rōam, *v. a. & n.* to wander over: to ramble, to rove
 Rōam'ér, *f.* a rover
 Rōan, *a.* sorrel or black-spotted, bay
 Rōar, *f.* a noise, outcry, sound
 Rōar, *v. n.* to make a loud noise
 Rōast, *v. a.* to dress meat; to banter severely
 Rōb', *f.* inspissated juices of fruit
 Rōb', *v. a.* to take by force, to plunder
 Rōb'bér, *f.* who takes by force, a thief
 Rōb'be-ry, *f.* theft, violent or private
 Rōbe, *f.* a long vest or gown, dress of dignity: *v. a.* to dress pompously; to invest
 Ro-būst', *a.* finewy, strong, vigorous
 Ro-būst-nēss, *f.* strength, vigour

Rōc'ām-bōle', *f.* a sort of garlick
 Rōche-āl'ūm, *f.* a purer sort of alum
 Rōck'ēt, *f.* a bishop's surplice; a fish
 Rōck, *f.* a vast stone; defence, protection; *v. a. & n.* to move a cradle, to shake, to quit: to reel
 Rōck'ēt, *f.* an artificial fire-work; a plant
 Rōck'lēss, *a.* being without rocks
 Rōck-fālt, *f.* mineral salt
 Rōck'wōrk, *f.* a building imitating rocks
 Rōck'y, *a.* full of rocks; hard
 Rōd', *f.* an instrument of correction; rood; twig
 Rōde, *pret.* of *to ride*
 Rōd'o-mōn-tāde', *f.* empty noise; bluster; a rant
 Rōe, *f.* the female of the hart; eggs of a
 Ro-gā'tion, *f.* litany, supplication
 Ro-gā'tion-wēek, *f.* week before Whitsun
 Rōgue, *f.* a knave; a wag; [day
 Rōgue, *v. n.* to play knavish tricks; to wander
 Rōgu'e-ry, *f.* knavish tricks; vaggery
 Rōgu'īsh, *a.* knavish, vagrant; wanton
 Rōgu'īsh-ly, *ad.* like a rogue
 Rōgu'īsh-nēss, *f.* the qualities of a rogue
 Rōgu'y, *a.* knavish, wanton
 Rōīst, *v. n.* to bluster: to act at discretion; to be at free quarter
 Rōīst'ér, *f.* a tumultuous blustering fellow
 Rōll, *f.* a thing rolling; mass made round; public register; a catalogue; chronicle; warrant: *v. a. & n.* to move in a circle; to enwrap; to float
 Rōll'ér, *f.* any thing turning on its own axis; a bandage, a fillet
 Rōll'īng-pīn, *f.* a round piece of wood
 Rōll'y-pōol-ly, *f.* a sort of childish game

Rôm'age, *f.* a bustle, a tumult: *v. a.* to search for any thing
 Ro-mănce', *f.* a fiction, a tale of wild adventures
 Ro-mănce', *v. n.* to forge, to lie
 Ro-măn'cér, *f.* a forger of tales, a liar
 Rô'măn-ize, *v. a.* to latinize
 Ro-măn'tic, *a.* false, improbable; wild
 Rôm'ish, *a.* belonging to Rome, popish
 Rômp', *f.* a rude awkward girl; rude play: *v. a.* to play rudely or boisterously
 Rôn'deau, *f.* a kind of ancient poetry
 Rônt, *f.* a dwarf animal
 Rôod, *f.* fourth of an acre in square measure; a pole of 16 feet and a half long measure; the cross [mouth
 Rôof, *f.* cover of a house; palate of the
 Rôof, *v. a.* to cover with a roof; to inclose
 Rôof'y, *a.* having roofs
 Rôok, *f.* a bird; a mean chessman; cheat
 Rôok, *v. a.* to cheat, to deceive, to rob
 Rôok'e-ry, *f.* a nursery of rooks
 Rôok'y, *a.* inhabited by rooks
 Rôom, *f.* place, stead, chamber
 Rôom'age, *f.* place, space
 Rôom'i-něs, *f.* quantity of extent
 Rôom'y, *a.* capacious, wide [resting
 Rôost, *f.* that on which birds rest; act of
 Rôost, *v. n.* to sleep as a bird, to lodge
 Rôot, *f.* the part from which vegetables spring; original or first cause; first ancestor; bottom: *v. a. & n.* to dig up, to destroy: to take root
 Rôot'éd, *a.* deep, fixed, radical
 Rôot'éd-ly, *ad.* deeply, strongly
 Rôpe, *f.* row of things depending, thick cord
 Rôpe, *v. n.* to form into filaments
 Rôpe'dăn-cér, *f.* one who dances on a rope

Rô'pĭ-něs, *f.* glutinousness, viscosity
 Rôpe'măk-ér, *f.* who makes ropes to sell
 Rô'pe-ry, *f.* a place where ropes are made
 Rôpe'trick, *f.* a trick deserving a halter, roguery
 Rô'py, *a.* glutinous, viscons
 Rôqu'e-laür, *f.* a man's cloak
 Ro-râtion, *f.* a falling of dew
 Rô'sa-ry, *f.* a set of beads, containing 15 paternosters, and 150 ave-maries
 Rôse, *f.* a flower: *pret. of to rise*
 Rô'se-ate, *a.* full of flowers, rosy
 Rôse'marry, *f.* a plant
 Rô's'in, *f.* an inspissated turpentine
 Rô's'in, *v. a.* to rub with rosin
 Rô's'trũm, *f.* beak of a bird and ship; a pulpit, any place to declaim in
 Rô's'y, *f.* red as a rose, like a rose; charming
 Rôt', *f.* distemper among sheep, putrefaction: *v. a. & n.* to bring to corruption: to putrefy [turn
 Ro-tă'tion, *f.* a whirling round; course or
 Ro-tă'tór, *f.* what gives a circular motion
 Rôte, *f.* words extempore; a harp: *v. a.* to fix in memory without informing the understanding
 Rôt'güt, *f.* bad small beer
 Rôt'ten, *a.* not firm, not sound, putrid
 Rôt'ten-něs, *f.* a being rotten, putrefaction
 Ro-tũnd', *a.* circular, round
 Ro-tũn'dĩ-ty, *f.* circularity, roundness
 Ro-tũn'do, *f.* a round building, the pantheon
 Rôve, *v. n.* to ramble, to range
 Rôv'ér, *f.* a fickle person; a pirate; a wanderer
 Rôuge, *f.* red paint
 Rôugh, *a.* harsh, rugged, severe, stormy

Rough'càst, *f.* a rude model
 Rough'càst, *v. a.* to form by way of essay
 Rough'dràught', *f.* a draught in its rudiments
 Rough'drâw', *v. a.* to trace coarsely
 Rough'en, *v. a.* to make rough
 Rough'ly, *ad.* boisterously, harshly, rudely
 Rough'něs, *f.* severity; unevenness
 Rough'wórk, *v. a.* to work coarsely over
 Róund, *f.* a circle, orb; district; rundle:
a. in form of a circle; brisk; large;
 plain; smooth: *v. a. & n.* to make round,
 to surround: to go round: *ad.* every
 way; in a circle: *prep.* on every side of,
 all over, about
 Róund'a-bóût, *a.* ample, extensive; indirect
 Róund'ěl, Róund'e-lây, *f.* a kind of ancient
 poetry
 Róund'ér, *f.* circumference, inclosure
 Róund'hěad, *f.* a puritan in Oliver's time
 Róund'hóûse, *f.* the constable's prison
 Róund'ish, *a.* somewhat round
 Róund'ly, *ad.* in a plain manner
 Róund'něs, *f.* circularity, openness, smoothness
 Róûse, *f.* a large dose of liquor: *v. a. & n.*
 to provoke: to awake from slumber
 Róûs'ér, *f.* one who rouses
 Róût, *f.* a clamorous multitude; an as-
 sembly for gaming; defeat of an army;
 squabble: *v. a. & n.* to defeat; to as-
 semble in crowds
 Róûte, *f.* march, road, way
 Rōw, *f.* a number of things ranged in a
 line
 Rōw, *v. a.* to impel with oars
 Rōw'ěl, *f.* the point of a spur; a seton
 Rōw'ěl, *v. a.* to keep open with a seton

Rōw'ér, *f.* one who manages the oar
 Rōy'ăl, *a.* becoming a king, regal
 Rōy'ăl-ist, *f.* an adherent to a king
 Rōy'ăl-ize, *v. a.* to make royal
 Rōy'ăl-ly, *ad.* in a royal manner
 Rōy'ăl-ty, *f.* kingship; emblems of royalty
 Rōyne, *v. a.* to gnaw, to bite
 Rōyn'ish, *a.* paltry, sorry, mean, rude
 Rüb, *f.* the act of rubbing; difficulty, im-
 pediment: *v. a. & n.* to polish, scour: to
 fret, to get through
 Rüb'stōne, *f.* a stone to clean or sharpen
 Rüb'bér, *f.* one who rubs; a large coarse
 file; a cloth to rub
 Rüb'bish, *f.* ruins of buildings; worthless
 things
 Rū'bī-cünd, *a.* red as a ruby
 Ru-bif'ic, *a.* making red
 Rū'bī-fy, *v. a.* to make red
 Rū'brick, *f.* directions in the common pray-
 er: *a.* red [red
 Rū'by, *f.* a precious red stone; a blotch: *a.*
 Rūc-tā'tion, *f.* belching
 Rūd'dér, *f.* a thing that steers the ship
 Rūd'dī-něs, *f.* an inclination to redness
 Rūd'dle, *f.* red earth
 Rūd'dy, *a.* approaching to redness
 Rūde, *a.* brutal, harsh, ignorant, uncivil
 Rūde'ly, *ad.* in a rude manner, violently
 Rūde'něs, *f.* incivility, violence, stormi-
 ness
 Rū'dī-měnt, *f.* the first principle
 Ru-dī-měnt'ăl, *a.* initial
 Rūe, *f.* an herb: *v. a.* to grieve for, to lament
 Rūe'fūl, *a.* mournful
 Rūe'fūl-ly, *ad.* mournfully, sorrowfully
 Rūe'fūl-něs, *f.* mournfulness
 Rū'elle, *f.* an assembly in private; a circle

Rũff, *f.* linen ornament ; new state ; a fish
 Rũff, *v. a.* to trump at cards
 Rũff'ĩăn, *f.* a brutal fellow, a murderer
 Rũff'ĩăn, *a.* brutal, savage
 Rũff'ĩăn, *v. n.* to behave brutally, to rage
 Rũf'fle, *f.* an ornament for the hands : *v. a.*
 & *n.* to disorder ; to plait : to flutter, to
 fret
 Rũg, *f.* a rough woollen cloth
 Rũg'g, ěd, *a.* rough, sour ; shagged ; stormy
 Rũg'g, ěd-ly, *ad.* in a rugged manner
 Rũg'g, ěd-něs, *f.* asperity, roughness
 Ru-gõfě', *a.* full of wrinkles
 Rũ'in, *f.* bane, destruction, fall, overthrow :
v. a. & n. to demolish, destroy : to run
 to ruin [vert
 Rũ'in-ate, *v. a.* to bring to poverty ; to sub-
 Ru-ĩn-ā'tion, *f.* demolition ; poverty
 Rũ'in-ous, *a.* fallen to ruin ; pernicious
 Rũ'in-ous-ly, *ad.* destructively ; mischievously
 Rũle, *f.* direction ; government
 Rũle, *v. a. & n.* to govern, manage, settle ;
 to have power [governour
 Rũl'ér, *f.* an instrument to rule lines with ; a
 Rũm, *f.* spirits distilled from sugar
 Rũm'ble, *v. n.* to make a hoarse low con-
 tinued noise
 Rũ'mĩ-nănt, *a.* having the property of chew-
 ing the cud
 Rũ'mĩ-nate, *v. a. & n.* to chew the cud : to
 muse on
 Ru-mĩ-nā'tion, *f.* meditation
 Rũm'mage, *f.* an active search for things
 Rũm'mage, *v. n.* to search places diligently
 Rũm'mér, *f.* a glass, a drinking cup
 Rũ'moũr, *f.* a flying report
 Rũ'moũr, *v. a.* to spread a report, to bruit
 Rũ'moũr-ér, *f.* a spreader of reports

Rũmp, *f.* the tail of a fowl, the buttocks
 Rũm'ple, *v. a.* to contract into inequalities : *f.*
 rough plait, pucker [process
 Rũn, *f.* long reception ; cadence ; course ;
 Rũn, *v. n.* to move swiftly ; to flow ; to
 smuggle
 Rũn'a-gate, *f.* a fugitive, rebel
 Rũn'a-wāy, *f.* a deserter, a fugitive
 Rũn'dle, *f.* the step of a ladder, a round
 Rũnd'lět, *f.* a small barrel
 Rũng, *pret. & part. pass.* of to ring
 Rũn'něl, *f.* a rivulet, a small brook
 Rũn'nér, *f.* one who runs ; a messenger
 Rũn'nět, *f.* liquor to coagulate milk
 Rũnn'ĩón, *f.* a paltry scurvy wretch
 Rũnt, *f.* a dwarf animal
 Rũp'tion, *f.* a breach, solution of continuity
 Rũp'ture, *f.* a breach of peace ; burstenness
 Rũp'ture, *v. a. & n.* to break : to burst
 Rũ'răl, *a.* resembling the country ; country
 Rũ'răl-něs, *f.* a being rural
 Rũse, *f.* artifice, cunning stratagem
 Rũsh, *f.* any worthless thing ; a plant ; vi-
 olent course : *v. n.* to enter or move with
 violence
 Rũsh'y, *a.* abounding with, or made of
 rushes [stores
 Rũsk, *f.* a kind of biscuit ; hard bread for
 Rũs'sět, *f.* country dress
 Rũs'sět, *a.* coarse, reddish, rustic
 Rũs'sět-ĩng, *f.* a kind of apple
 Rũst, *f.* crust grown over iron, &c. dulness
 Rũst, *v. a. & n.* to make rusty ; to gather rust
 Rũs'tíc, *f.* a clown
 Rũs'tíc, *a.* artless, plain ; rude ; rural
 Rũs'tíc-ăl, *a.* boisterous, savage, unpolite
 Rũs'tíc-ăl-ly, *ad.* inelegantly, rudely
 Rũs'tíc-ăl-něs, *f.* rudeness, savageness

Rŭf'tic-ate, *v. a. & n.* to reside in, or banish into the country : to expel from a college

Rŭf-tiç'i-ty, *f.* rural appearance ; rudeness

Rŭst'i-něs, *f.* state of being rusty

Rŭstle, *v. n.* to make a low continued rattle

Rŭst'y, *a.* covered with rust

Rŭt, *f.* the copulation of a deer ; tract of a wheel

Rŭt, *v. n.* to desire to copulate ; *used of deer*

Rŭth, *f.* mercy, sorrow, tenderness

Rŭth'fŭl, *a.* rueful, sorrowful, woful

Rŭth'fŭl-ly, *ad.* sadly, sorrowfully

Rŭth'lěs, *a.* pitiless, barbarous

Rŭth'lěs-něs, *f.* want of pity

Rŭth'lěs-ly, *ad.* without pity, cruelly

Rŭt'tiŭh, *a.* lecherous, lustful, wanton

Rŭe, *f.* a coarse black kind of bread-corn

Rŭe'grās, *f.* a kind of strong grass

S.

Săb'aŭth, *f.* armies

Săb'băth, *f.* time of rest, Sunday

Săb-băt'ic-ăl, *a.* belonging to the Sabbath

Să'ble, *f.* fur of a beast of that name : *a.* black

Să'bre, *f.* a short sword, a cimenter, faulchion

Săb'u-loŭs, *a.* gritty, sandy

Săc'c,hăr-ïne, *a.* like or compounded with sugar

Sa-cér-dŏ'tăl, *a.* belonging to a priest, priestly

Săch'ěl, *f.* a small leather bag

Săck, *f.* a bag of three bushels ; a woman's robe ; storm of a town ; Canary-wine ; plunder : *v. a.* to put in bags ; to take by

Săck'bŭt, *f.* a musical instrument [storm]

Săck'clŏth, *f.* a cloth for sacks or mourning

Săck'fŭl, *f.* top-full [&c.

Săck'pŏs'ŭt, *f.* a posset made of milk, sack,

Săc'ra-měnt, *f.* an oath ; Lord's supper ; baptism

Săc-ra-měnt'ăl, *a.* constituting a sacrament

Săc-ra-měnt'ăl-ly, *ad.* in manner of a sacrament

Să'crěd, *a.* dedicated, holy, inviolable

Să'crěd-ly, *ad.* inviolably, religiously

Să'crěd-něs, *f.* holiness, sanctity

Săc'rĭ-fice, *f.* [*pron.* *Săc'rĭ-fĭze,] any thing offered or destroyed [kill

*Săc'rĭ-fice, *v. a.* to offer up, to destroy, to

*Săc-rĭ-fĭ-cér, *f.* one who sacrifices

Săc-rĭ-fĭ'cial, *a.* pertaining to sacrifice

Săc'rĭ-lěge, *f.* robbery of the church, &c.

Săc-rĭ-lěg,iŭs, *a.* violating things sacred

Săc-rĭ-lěg,iŭs-ly, *f.* with sacrilege

Săc'rĭst, } *f.* one entrusted with the u-

Săc'rĭst-ăn, } tensils and care of a church

Săc'rĭst-y, *f.* the vestry-room

Săd, *a.* bad, gloomy, heavy, sorrowful

Săd'den, *v. a.* to make sad

Săd'dle, *v. a.* to put on a saddle, to load

Săd'dle, *f.* a seat on a horse's back

Săd'dlér, *f.* one who makes and sells saddles

Săd'ly, *ad.* miserably, sorrowfully

Săd'něs, *f.* melancholy, sorrowfulness

Săfe, *f.* a cool cupboard, buttery, pantry : *a.* free from danger

Săfe'cŏn'dŭct, *f.* convoy, guard, passport

Săfe'guărd, *f.* convoy, defence, passport

Săfe'guărd, *v. a.* to guard, to protect

Săfe-ly *ad.* in a safe manner

Săfe'něs, *f.* an exemption from danger

Săfe'ty, *f.* freedom from danger, custody

Săl'frón, *f.* a physical plant
 Săl'frón, *a.* like saffron, yellow
 Săg, *v. a. & n.* to load : to hang heavy
 Sa-gă'cious, *a.* quick of scent or thought, a-
 Sa-gă'ciouf-ly, *ad.* acutely [cute
 Sa-gă'ciouf-něs, *f.* quality of being sagacious
 Sa-găç'ĩ-ty, *f.* acuteness of discovery
 Săge, *f.* a man of wisdom ; a plant
 Săge, *a.* grave, prudent, wise
 Săge'něs, *f.* gravity, wisdom
 Săç'ĩt-ta-ry, *f.* a centaur, a constellation
 Să'gō, *f.* a sort of esculent grain
 Said, *pret. & pass.* of to say ; afore said
 Săil, *f.* a canvas sheet ; a ship ; *v. a. & n.* to
 pass by means of sails ; to fly through, to
 move with sails : to swim
 Săil'ōr, *f.* a seaman
 Săil'yărd, *f.* a pole to extend a sail
 Săim, *f.* hog's lard
 Săin'f ōin, *f.* a sort of grass called also tre-
 foil
 Săint, *f.* one eminent for piety, a puritan :
v. a. & n. to canonize : to appear pious
 Săint'ed, *a.* holy, sacred, virtuous
 Săint'ly, *ad.* like a saint
 Săint'like, *a.* resembling a saint
 Săint'ship, *f.* the character of a saint
 Săke, *f.* account, cause, end, purpose
 Să'kér, *f.* a kind of cannon
 Sa-lă'cious, *a.* lecherous, lustful, wanton
 Sa-lăç'ĩ-ty, *f.* lechery, lust
 Săl'ăd, *f.* a food of raw herbs [mal
 Săl'a-măn'dér, *f.* a kitchen utensil ; an ani-
 Săl'a-măn'drīne, *a.* of a fiery hot temper
 Săl'a-ry, *f.* a periodical payment ; hire
 Săle, *f.* the act of selling ; price ; vent
 Săle'a-ble, *a.* fit for sale
 Săle'a-ble-něs, *f.* the state of being saleable

Săle'a-bly, *ad.* in a saleable manner
 Săleç'măn, *f.* one who sells ready-made
 clothes
 Săle'wōrk, *f.* work for sale
 Să'lĩ-ěnt, *a.* panting, leaping
 Sa-līne, *a.* consisting of, or constituting salt
 Sa-lĩ'va, *f.* what is spit up
 Săl'ĩ-vate, *v. a.* to purge by the salival glands
 Săl-ĩ'văl, Săl'ĩ-voūs, *a.* relating to spittle
 Săl'ĩ-vă'tion, *f.* a purging by spitting
 Săl'low, *f.* a willow tree : *a.* sickly, yellow
 Săl'low-něs, *f.* sickly paleness, yellowness
 Săl'ly, *f.* issue from a place, escape, frolic :
v. n. to make an eruption, to rush out
 Săl'ly-pōrt, *f.* gate to make sallies from [etc.
 Săl'ma-gŭn'dĩ, *f.* mixture of herring, apples,
 Sălm'ōn, *f.* a river fish
 Sălm'ōn-trōūt', *f.* a trout of the salmon kind
 Sălt', *f.* a well-known seasoning, wit
 Sălt', *a.* having the taste of salt
 Săl-tă'tion, *f.* the act of dancing or jumping
 Sălt'cěl-lăr, *f.* a cup to hold salt at table
 Sălt'ér, *f.* one who salts, or sells salt
 Sălt'érn, *f.* a salt-work
 Sălt'ĩsh, *a.* somewhat salt
 Sălt'lěs, *a.* without salt, insipid
 Sălt'ly, *ad.* in a salt manner
 Sălt'něs, *f.* taste of salt
 Sălt'păn, Sălt'pīt, *f.* a pit where salt is
 gotten
 Sălt'pē'tre, *f.* nitre
 Săl'va-ble, *a.* may be saved
 Săl'vage, *f.* reward for saving wrecked goods
 Săl-vă'tion, *f.* preservation from eternal
 death, reception to the happiness of
 heaven
 Sa-lũ'brĩ-ōūs, *a.* wholesome, safe
 Sa-lũ'brĩ-ty, *f.* healthfulness, wholesomeness

Sàlve, Sàlve, *f.* an emplaster, remedy; *v. a.*
to help or save by a salvo, to cure
Sàl'vér, *f.* a plate on which any thing is pre-
sented
Sàl'vo, *f.* an exception, excuse; reservation
Sàl'u-ta-rĩ-něs, *f.* wholesomeness
Sàl'u-ta-ry, *a.* healthful, safe, wholesome
Sàl'u-tā'tion, *f.* a saluting courteously, greet-
Sa-lūte', *f.* a kiss, salutation [ing
Sa-lūte', *v. n.* to greet, hail, please
Sa-lūtér', *f.* he who salutes
Sàl-u-tĩf'ér-oūs, *a.* bringing health, healthy
Sāme, *a.* of like kind, mentioned before
Sāme'něs, *f.* same state; identity
Sām'lět, *f.* a little salmon
Sām'phĩre, *f.* a plant preserved in pickle
Sām'ple, *f.* specimen
Sām'ple, *v. a.* to show something similar
Sāmp'lér, *f.* a piece of a girl's needle-work
Sān'a-tĩve, *a.* powerful to cure; healing
Sānc-tĩf-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* act of making holy
Sānc'tĩf-ĩ-ér, *f.* the Holy Ghost
Sānc'tĩ-fỹ, *v. a.* to make holy or virtuous
Sānc'tĩ-mō'nĩ-oūs, *a.* faintly
Sānc'tĩ-mo-ny, *f.* scrupulous austerity; holi-
ness
Sānc'tion, *f.* act of confirmation; law, ratifi-
cation
Sānc'tĩ-tude, Sānc'tĩ-ty, *f.* goodness, holiness
Sānc'tu-a-ry, *f.* holy place; refuge for crimi-
Sānd, *f.* gravelly earth [nals
Sān'dāl, *f.* a loose shoe
Sānd/blĩnd, *a.* having bad sight
Sānd'ėd, *a.* covered with sand, barren
Sān'dérş, *f.* an Indian wood
Sānd'ĩsh, *a.* like sand, loose
Sānd-stōne, *f.* stone easily crumbled [sand
Sānd'y, *a.* abounding with, or consisting of

Sāne, *a.* sound in mind; healthy
Sāng, *pret. of to sing*
Sān-gũĩf'ér-oūs, *a.* conveying blood
Sān'gũĩf-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* production of blood
Sān'gũĩ-fĩ-ér, *f.* a producer of blood
Sān'gũĩ-fỹ, *v. n.* to produce blood
Sān'gũĩn-a-ry, *a.* bloody, cruel, murderous
Sān'gũĩne, *a.* abounding with blood: red,
warm
Sān'gũĩne-něs, Sān'gũĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* heat, confi-
dence
Sān'gũĩn'e-oūs, *a.* constituting blood
Sān'be-drĩm, *f.* chief council of the Jews
Sā'nĩ-es, *f.* thin matter, ferous concretion
Sā'nĩ-oūs, *a.* running with thin matter
Sān'ĩ-ty, *f.* soundness of mind, health
Sānk, *pret. of to sink*
Sāp, *f.* vital juice of plants; a military mine
Sāp, *v. a.* to destroy, subvert, undermine
Sāph'ĩre, *f.* a blue precious stone
Sāph'ĩre, *a.* made of, or like sapphire
Sāp'id, *a.* palatable, tasteful
Sa-pĩd'ĩ-ty, Sāp'id-něs, *f.* tastefulness
Sā'pĩ-ence, *f.* knowledge, sageness, wisdom
Sā'pĩ-ent, *a.* sage, wise
Sāp'lěs, *a.* wanting sap, dry, husky, old
Sa-po-nā'ceous, Sā'po-na-ry, *a.* like soap, soapy
Sā'pór, *f.* taste; power of stimulating the
palate
Sa-po-rĩf'ic, *a.* producing taste
Sāp'pĩ-něs, *f.* succulent
Sāp'py, *a.* juicy; foolish, simple, weak, young
Sār'a-bānd, *f.* a Spanish dance
Sār'cāsm, *f.* gibe, reproach, taunt
Sār-cāstic, Sār-cāstic-āl, *a.* keen, severe,
taunting
Sār-cāstic-āl-ly, *ad.* tauntingly
Sārce'nět, *f.* a fine thin tough woven silk

Sàrk, *f.* a shark; in *Scotland* a shirt
 Sàrn, *f.* pavement, stepping stones
 Sàr-fa-pa-ril/la, *f.* a plant and tree
 Sàrfe, *f.* a fine hair-sieve: *v. a.* to sift
 Sàsh, *f.* a silk belt; a window
 Sàsh-ôon', *f.* leathern stuffing in a boot
 Sàl'fa-fràs, *f.* a tree: its wood is *medicinal*
 Săt, *pret.* of *to fit*
 Să'tăn, *f.* the prince of hell; the devil
 Sa-tăn'ic, Sa-tăn'ic'ăl, *a.* devilish, infernal
 Satch'el, *f.* a little sack or bag
 Sa-tel'ite, *f.* a small planet about a larger
 Sa-tel'it-ous, *a.* consisting of satellites
 Să'ti-ate, [*pron.* Săsh'î-ate] *a.* quite full,
 glutted: *v. a.* to glut, satisfy, saturate
 Sa-ti'e-ty, *f.* state of being filled
 Săt'in, *f.* a soft, close, shining silk
 Să'ti-re, *f.* a poem censuring vice, folly, &c.
 Sa-tir'ic, Sa-tir'ic-ăl, *a.* severe in language;
 bitter
 Sa-tir'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* with intention to censure
 or vilify
 Săt'î-rîst, *f.* one who writes satires
 Săt'î-rize, *v. a.* to censure as in a satire
 Săt'îf-făc'tion, *f.* a being pleased or satisfied;
 recompence for an injury
 Săt'îf-făc'tive, *a.* giving satisfaction
 Săt'îf-făc'to-rî-ly, *ad.* to satisfaction
 Săt'îf-făc'to-rî-něs, *f.* power of satisfying
 Săt'îf-făc'to-ry, *a.* giving content
 Săt'îf-fȳ, *v. a.* to feed to the full; to pay in
 full; to content; convince; recompence
 Săt'u-ra-ble, *a.* that can receive no more
 Sătu'-rate, *v. a.* to fill quite full
 Săt'ur-dăy, *f.* the last day of the week
 Sa-tū'rî-ty, *f.* fulness, repletion
 Săt'urn, *f.* a planet; lead in *chemistry*
 Săt'ur-nine, *a.* severe of temper; grave, me-
 lancholy

Sa-tūr'nî-ăn, *a.* happy, golden
 Să'ty'r, *f.* a sylvan god
 Săv'age, *f.* a man uncivilized, a barbarian
 Săv'age, *a.* barbarous, cruel, wild
 Săv'age-ly, *ad.* barbarously, cruelly
 Săv'age-něs, *f.* barbarousness, cruelty
 Săv'age-ry, *f.* barbarity, cruelty
 Sa-văn'na, *f.* an open meadow without wood
 Săuce', *f.* something to improve the re-
 lish of food: *v. a.* to accompany with
 saucē
 Săuce'bōx, *f.* an impertinent person
 Săuce'păn, *f.* a pan to make saucē in, &c.
 Său'cér, *f.* a small plate for a tea-cup, &c.
 Său'cî-ly, *ad.* impertinently, impudently
 Său'cî-něs, *f.* impertinence, impudence
 Său'cy, *a.* insolent, pert
 Săve, *v. a. & n.* to preserve from danger
 or ruin, to keep frugally; to be spar-
 ing
 Săve, *ad.* not including; except
 Săve'ăl, *f.* a pan to save candle ends
 Săv'ér, *f.* a gatherer, a preserver; not a
 loser
 Săv'ing, *a.* not losing, frugal
 Săv'ing, *ad.* with exception in favour of
 Săv'ing, *ad.* escape of expence, exception
 Săv'ing-ly, *ad.* with parsimony
 Săv'ing-něs, *f.* frugality, parsimony
 Săv'ioŭr, *f.* Redeemer, who saves man-
 kind
 Săunt'ér, *v. n.* to wander about idly, to loi-
 ter
 Să'vo-ry, *f.* a plant
 Să'voŭr, *v. a. & n.* to exhibit taste of, to
 like; to have a smell or taste, to be-
 token
 Să'voŭr, *f.* odour, scent, taste
 Să'voŭr-î-ly, *ad.* with a relish; with gust

Sā'voür-ĩ-něs, *f.* taste pleasing and pleasant; pleasing smell

Sā'voür-y, *a.* pleasing to the smell or taste

Sa-vöy', *f.* a sort of colewort

Sāu'fage, *f.* a composition of meat and spice

Sāw', *f.* a toothed instrument for cutting: *v. a.* to cut with a saw: *pret.* of to see

Sāw'dūst, *f.* dust arising from sawing

Sāw'pīt, *f.* a place where wood is sawed

Sāw'yér, *f.* one who saws timber

Sāx'ĩ-frage, *f.* a plant

Sāx'ĩ-frā'gōūs, *a.* dissolvent of the stone

Sāy, *f.* a sample; speech; trial; woollen stuff: *v. a.* to allege, speak, tell, utter

Sāy'ing, *f.* an opinion delivered; expression; words

Scāb, *f.* incrustation over a sore; itch, mange

Scāb'bārd, *f.* the sheath of a sword

Scāb'bēd, *a.* covered with scabs; paltry

Scāb'bēd-něs, *f.* state of being scabbed

Scāb'ĩ-něs, *f.* quality of being scabbed

Scāb/by, *a.* diseased with scabs, itch or mange

Scā'bĩ-ōūs, *f.* a plant: *a.* itchy, leprous

Scā'broūs, *a.* rough, rugged; unmusical

Scāf'fōld, *f.* stage erected on certain occasions

Scāf'fōld-age, *f.* hollow floor, gallery

Scāf'fōld-ing, *f.* support for workmen

Sca-lāde', *f.* storm made with ladders

Scāld', *f.* burn with liquor, scurf on the head

Scāld', *v. a.* to burn with hot liquor

Scāld', *a.* paltry, scabbed, sorry

Scāle, *f.* part of the covering of a fish; regular gradation; line of distances; degree of a circle; balance; gammut: *v. a.* to mount by ladders; to scrape off scales; to pare or peel

Scāl'ēd, *a.* having scales like a fish

Scāl'ĩ-něs, *f.* the state of being scaly

Scāl', *f.* leprosy, morbid baldness

Scāl'ĩon, *f.* a kind of small green onion

Scāl'lōp, *f.* a shell fish

Scāl'lōp, *v. a.* to indent the edge, to broil oysters

Scālp, *f.* the flesh on the skull, the skull

Scālp, *v. a.* to cut the flesh from the skull

Scāly, *a.* covered with scales

Scām'ble, *v. a. & n.* to mangle: to be turbulent, to scramble, to shift awkwardly

Scāmb'lér, *f.* a bold intruder upon one's generosity at table

Scām'mo-ny, *f.* a resinous drug

Scām'pér, *v. a.* to run with speed

Scān, *v. a.* to examine nicely, to canvass

Scān'dāl, *f.* reproachful aspersion; infamy: *v. a.* to treat opprobriously, to charge falsely

Scān'dāl-ize, *v. a.* to defame, disgrace

Scān'dāl-ōūs, *a.* disgraceful, shameful

Scān'dāl-ōūf-ly, *ad.* censoriously

Scān'dāl-ōūf-něs, *f.* quality of giving public offence

Scānt, *a.* hardly enough, scarce: *v. a.* to limit, to straiten: *ad.* scarcely

Scānt'ĩ-ly, *ad.* narrowly, sparingly

Scānt'ĩ-něs, *f.* want of something, narrowness

Scānt'lēt, *f.* a small quantity

Scānt'līng, *f.* timber cut into a small size

Scānt'ly, *ad.* penuriously, hardly
 Scānt'nēss, *f.* meanness, smallness
 Scānt'y, *a.* narrow, poor, small, sparing
 Scāpe, *f.* a flying or running quite away
 Scāpe, *v. n.* to get away, to escape
 Scāp'u-la, *f.* shoulder-blade
 Scāp'u-lār, Scāp'u-lār-y, *a.* belonging to the shoulder
 Scār, *f.* the mark of a burn or cut
 Scār, *v. a.* to mark with a scar
 Scār'a-mōūch, *f.* a buffoon
 Scārce, *a.* not plentiful, dear, uncommon
 Scārce, Scārce'ly, *ad.* hardly, rarely, scantily
 Scārce'nēss, Scār'cī-ty, *f.* not plenty
 Scāre, *v. a.* to fright, to terrify
 Scāre'crōw, *f.* an image to frighten birds
 Scārf, *f.* a loose covering for the shoulders
 Scārf, *v. a.* to dress or throw on loosely
 Scārf-skīn, *f.* the cuticle
 Scār'īf-ī-cā'tion, *f.* an incision with a lancet
 Scār'īf-ī-cā'tōr, *f.* an instrument used in scarifying
 Scār'ī-fī-ēr, *f.* one who scarifies
 Scār'ī-fy, *v. a.* to lance or cut
 Scār'lēt, *f.* a colour deeply red, but not shining
 Scār'lēt, *a.* of a deep red colour
 Scār-lēt-bēon', *f.* a plant
 Scārp, *f.* the slop of a ditch
 Scāte, *f.* an iron to slide with, a fish
 Scāte, *v. n.* to slide on scates
 Scāth, Skēith, *f.* mischief, waste, depopulation
 Scāth, *v. a.* to damage, destroy, waste
 Scāth'fūl, *a.* destructive, mischievous
 Scāt'tér, *v. a.* to spread thinly, to disperse
 Scāt'tér-īng-ly, *ad.* dispersedly, loosely

Scāv'ēn-g,ēr, *f.* a cleaner of streets
 Scēne, *f.* part of a play, appearance, stage
 Scēn'e-ry, *f.* imagery representation
 Scēn'ic, *a.* theatrical, dramatic
 Scēn-ōg'ra-phy, *f.* the art of perspective
 Scēt, *f.* chace by smell; smell
 Scēt, *v. a.* to perfume, to smell
 Scēt'lēss, *a.* inodorous; having no smell
 Scēp'tre, *f.* a royal ensign carried in the hand
 Scēp'trēd, *a.* marked with a sceptre
 Sc,hēd'ule, *f.* a small scroll, an inventory
 Sc,hēme, *f.* contrivance, a plan, a project
 Sc,hēm'ér, *f.* a contriver, a projector
 Schīsm, *f.* division, separation
 Schīf-māt'ic, *f.* who separates from the church
 Schīf-māt'ic-āl, *a.* separated
 Schīf-māt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in a schismatical manner
 Sc,hōl'ār, *f.* a man of learning; a disciple
 Sc,hōl'ār-shīp, *f.* knowledge, learning
 Sc,ho-lās'tic, *a.* practised in schools
 Sc,ho-lās'tic-āl, *a.* belonging to a school
 Sc,ho-lās'tic-āl-ly, *ad.* in the method of schools
 Sc,hō'lī-āst, *f.* a writer of scholiums
 Sc,hō'lī-ōn, } *f.* an explanatory note
 Sc,hō'lī-ūm, }
 Sc,hōol, *f.* a place for education
 Sc,hōol, *v. a.* to instruct, to tutor, to chide
 Sc,hōol'bōy, *f.* a boy at school
 Sc,hōol'dāy, *f.* age to send youth to school
 Sc,hōol'fēl-lōw, *f.* one bred at the same school
 Sc,hōol'mān, *f.* one versed in school divinity
 Sc,hōol'mās-tér, *f.* he who teaches in a school

Sc, hōol'mīf-trēs, *f.* she who teaches in a school

Scī-āt'ic-a, *f.* the hip-gout

Scī-āt'ic-āl, *a.* troubled with the sciatica

Scī'ēnce, *f.* knowledge

Scī'ēn-cēs, *f. pl.* arithmetic; astronomy; geometry; grammar; logic; music; rhetoric

Sci-ēn'tial, *a.* producing science [ledge

Sci-ēn-tīf'ic, *a.* producing certain know-

Sci-ēn-tīf'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in such a manner as to produce knowledge

Scīm'ī-tār, *f.* a short sword [cards

Sc, ĩnk, *f.* a cast calf; he that cuts out at

Scīn'til-late, *v. n.* to sparkle

Scīn-tīl-lā'tion, *f.* the act of sparkling

Scī'o-līst, *f.* one who knows many things superficially

Scī'o-leūs, *a.* knowing superficially

Scī'ōn, *f.* a small twig to be engrafted

Scī're-fā'cī-ās, *f.* a writ in law

Scīf'fī-ble, Scīf'fī-le, *a.* that may be cut

Scīf'fion, *f.* the act of cutting

Scīf'fōr, *f.* a small pair of sheers

Scī'fure, *f.* a crack, fissure, rent

Scōat', Scōtch, *v. a.* to stop a wheel by putting a stone or piece of wood under it before

Scōff', *f.* an expression of scorn

Scōff', *v. a.* to laugh with scorn, to ridicule

Scōff'ér, *f.* a saucy scorner

Scōff'ing-ly, *ad.* in contempt, in ridicule

Scōld, *f.* a billingsgate; rude language; clamour: *v. a. & n.* to chide; to quarrel rudely

Scōl'lōp, *f.* a pectinated shell-fish

Scōnce', *f.* a hanging candlestick, a looking-glass, the head, a fort

Scōnce', *v. a.* to fine, to mulct

Scōop, *v. a.* to cut hollow, to lade, to empty: *f.* a large ladle, a sweep, a stroke

Scōpe, *f.* drift, intention; liberty; room; sally

Scōr-bū'tic, *a.* diseased with the scurvy

Scōr-bū'tic-āl-ly, *ad.* with tendency to the scurvy

Scōrch', *v. a. & n.* to burn; to be dried too much

Scōre, *f.* a line drawn; an accompt; the number twenty; debt; motive; fake: *v. a.* to set down, to impute, to mark

Scō'rī-a, *f.* dross, recrement

Scō'rī-ōūs, *a.* drossy, recrementitious

Scōrn', *f.* contempt, scoff [scoff

Scōrn', *v. a. & n.* to despise, to slight; to

Scōrn'ér, *f.* a despiser, ridiculer, scoffer

Scōrn'fūl, *a.* contemptuous, insolent, proud

Scōrn'fūl-ly, *ad.* contemptuously

Scōrn'fūl-nēss, *f.* contempt, insolence, pride

Scōr'pī-ōn, *f.* a reptile animal; sign of the Zodiac; a scourge; a sea-fish

Scōt', *f.* a Scotchman; shot; payment

Scōtch', *f.* a slight cut, a shallow incision

Scōtch', *a.* of or belonging to Scotland

Scōtch', *v. a.* to cut slightly, to cut off

Scōt'o-my, *f.* a swimming in the head

Scōūn'drēl, *f.* a mean fellow; petty villain

Scōūr, *v. a. & n.* to clean by hard rubbing, to pass over swiftly, to cleanse; to be purged, to scamper

Scōūr'ér, *f.* one who scours, a purge

Scōūrge, *f.* a lash, punishment, a whip

Scōūrge, *v. a.* to chastise, to lash, to whip

Scōūrg, 'ér, *f.* one who scourges

Scōūt, *f.* one who observes an enemy's actions

Scôût, *v. n.* to hide one's self, to go privately
 Scoûl, *f.* a gloomy look
 Scôwl, *v. n.* to look sour, to frown
 Scrâb'ble, *v. n.* to paw with the hands; to scratch
 Scrâg, *f.* any thin lean thing; the neck
 Scrâg'g'ed, *a.* lean, rough, uneven
 Scrâg'g'iness, *f.* leanness, roughness
 Scrâg'g'y, *a.* lean, rough, thin, uneven
 Scrâm'ble, *f.* an eager contest for any thing
 Scrâm'ble, *v. n.* to catch eagerly; to climb
 Scrâm'blér, *f.* one who scrambles
 Scranch, *v. a.* to grind between the teeth
 Scrân'nél, *a.* grating by the sound, vile
 Scrâp, *f.* a little piece, fragment
 Scrâpe, *f.* difficulty, distress, perplexity
 Scrâpe, *v. a. & n.* to pare lightly; to erase: to make an awkward bow, to make a disagreeable noise
 Scrâp'ée, *f.* the thing with which we pare, clear or erase; an iron to clean; a vile fiddler; a miser
 Scrât, *f.* a hermaphrodite
 Scratch, *f.* a slight wound
 Scratch, *v. a.* to rub with the nails, &c.; to write badly; to make outlines
 Scratch'ér, *f.* he who scratches
 Scratch'ēs, *f.* cracked ulcers in a horse's foot
 Scratch'ing-ly, *ad.* with the action of scratching
 Scrâw', *f.* surface or scurf
 Scrâwl', *v. a.* to write or draw badly, to creep
 Scrâwl', *f.* bad or inelegant writing
 Scrâwl'ér, *f.* a clumsy and inelegant writer
 Scrây, *f.* a bird, the sea-swallow

Serēak, *v. n.* to make a shrill or hoarse noise
 Scrēam, *f.* a quick shrill loud cry [ly
 Scrēam, *v. n.* to cry out violently or shrilly
 Scrēech, *f.* a harsh loud cry
 Scrēech, *v. n.* to cry as an owl, to shriek
 Scrēech'ōwl, *f.* the owl that hoots by night
 Scrēen, *f.* what conceals, covers, or lifts: *v. a.* to conceal, to hide, to shelter
 Screw, *f.* a mechanical power with a spiral edge: *v. a.* to turn or fasten with a screw; to deform by contortions; to extort: to press
 Scrīb'ble, *f.* bad writing
 Scrīb'ble, *v. a.* to write without care or beauty
 Scrīb'blér, *f.* a bad writer, petty author
 Scrībe, *f.* a public notary, writer
 Scrīm'ér, *f.* a gladiator [ule
 Scrīp, *f.* a small bag, small writing, sched-
 Scrīp'to-ry, *a.* written, not orally delivered
 Scrīp'tur-âl, *a.* contained in the Bible
 Scrīp'ture, *f.* the sacred writing, the Bible
 Scrīv'e-nér, *f.* who draws contracts for money
 Scrōf'u-la, *f.* the king's evil [&c.
 Scrōf'u-loūs, *a.* troubled with sores, ulcers,
 Scrōll, *f.* a writing wrapped up
 Scrōyle, *f.* a mean fellow, a rascal
 Scrüb, *f.* a mean fellow, a broom worn out
 Scrüb, *v. a.* to rub hard
 Scrüb'by, *a.* mean, sorry, vile, worthless
 Scrū'ple, *f.* weight of 20 grains; doubt
 Scrū'ple, *v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate
 Scrū'plér, *f.* one who scruples
 Scrū-pu-lōs'ī-ty, *f.* the fear of acting; doubt
 Scrū-pu-loūs, *a.* careful; cautious; doubtful

Scrū'pu-louf-ly, *ad.* carefully, nicely

Scrū'pu-louf-něs, *f.* state of being scrupulous

Scrū'ta-ble, *a.* discoverable by inquiry

Scru'tā'tion, *f.* examination, inquiry

Scru-tā'tór, *f.* an examiner, a scrutineer

Scrū-tin-ěer, *f.* an inquirer

Scrū'tin-ize, *v. a.* to examine diligently, to search

Scrū'tin-ous, *a.* inquisitive, captious

Scrū'tin-y, *f.* strict enquiry, examination

Scru-tōire, *f.* a case or drawers for papers

Scruſe, *v. a.* to squeeze, to compress

Scūd, *f.* a small flying cloud: *v. n.* to fly as a cloud before the wind

Scūd'dle, *v. n.* to run with affected haste

Scūf'fle, *f.* a confused quarrel

Scūf'fle, *v. n.* to fight confusedly

Scūlk, *v. n.* to lurk secretly, to lie close

Scūlk'ér, *f.* a lurker

Scūll, *f.* the arched bone of the head; small boat

Scūll'căp, *f.* a small cap for the head

Scūl'lér, *f.* a boat with one rower

Scūl'lér-y, *f.* a place where kettles are washed

Scūll'íón, *f.* the cook's servant

Scūlp, Scūlp'ture, *v. a.* to carve, to engrave

Scūlp'tór, *f.* a carver in wood or stone

Scūlp'ture, *f.* carved work

Scūm, *f.* dregs of liquor, dross, refuse

Scūm, *v. a.* to clear from scum

Scūm'mer, *f.* a ladle to clear from scum

Scūrf, Scruff, *f.* a dry scab, an adherent stain

Scūrf'í-něs, *f.* the state of being scurfy

Scūr'ríl, *a.* grossly opprobrious

Scūr-ríl'í-ty, *f.* gross language

Scūr'ríl-ous, *a.* scurril, low, reproachful

Scūr'ríl-ouf-ly, *ad.* with gross reproach

Scūr'vī-ly, *ad.* basely, coarsely

Scūr'vy, *f.* a distemper: *a.* scabbed; worthless

Scūr'vy-grāfs, *f.* the plant *spoonwort*

Scūt, *f.* tail of a hare, &c.

Scūteh'eón, *f.* shield represented in heraldry

Scūt'tle, *f.* a wide shallow basket; quick pace

Scūt'tle, *v. n.* to run about in a hurry

Scỹthe, *f.* an instrument for mowing grass

Sēa, *f.* the ocean, a large lake

Sēa-béat, *part.* dashed by the waves

Sēa-bōat, *f.* vessel able to bear the sea

Sēa-bōy, *f.* a boy employed on shipboard

Sēa-brēach, *f.* breach made by the sea

Sēa-brēeze, *f.* wind from the sea

Sēa-buīlt, *part.* built for the sea

Sēa-cālf, *f.* the seal-fish

Sēa-căp, *f.* cap worn on shipboard

Sēa-chărt, *f.* map of the sea-coast, and of the ocean and islands in the sea

Sēa-cōal, *f.* coal carried by the sea

Sēa-cōast, *f.* edge of the sea, shore

Sēa'cóm'pāfs, *f.* a mariner's compass

Sēa-cōw, *f.* a large animal of the cetaceous kind

Sēa-dōg, *f.* perhaps the shark

Sēa'fār'ér, *f.* a sailor

Sēa'fār'ing, *a.* using the seas

Sēa-fīght, *f.* a battle on the sea

Sēa-fōwł, *f.* a bird that lives at sea

Sēa-girt, *pret.* surrounded by the sea

Sēa-gūll, *f.* a water-fowl

Sēa-grēen, *a.* of a sea-colour, cerulean

Sēa'hēdge'hōg, *f.* a kind of sea shell-fish

Sēa-hörse, *f.* a fish; hippopotamus
 Sēa-māid, *f.* a mermaid
 Sēa'mān, *f.* a mariner, a sailor, merman
 Sēa-mārē, *f.* mark to direct at sea
 Sēa'mōn'stēr, *f.* a strange animal of the sea
 Sēa-pōrt, *f.* a harbour for ships
 Sēa-rōom, *f.* open sea, spacious main
 Sēa-shēll, *f.* shell found on the sea-shore
 Sēa-shōre, *f.* the coast of the sea
 Sēa-sīck, *a.* sick at sea
 Sēa-sīde, *f.* the edge of the sea
 Sēa'fūr'g, eon, *f.* a surgeon employed on shipboard
 Sēa'fūr-rōund'ēd, *part.* surrounded by the sea
 Sēa-tērm, *f.* a word used by seamen
 Sēa'wā'tēr, *f.* the salt-water of the sea
 Sēal, *f.* the sea-calf; a stamp, impression:
v. a. & n. to confirm, ratify; to fix a seal
 Sēal'īng-wāx', *f.* wax used to seal letters
 Sēam, *f.* that part which joins two pieces together; a measure of eight bushels; tallow: *v. a.* to make a future; to mark
 Sēam'lēss, *a.* having no seam
 Sēam'strēss, *f.* one who lives by sewing
 Sēam'y, *a.* having a seam, showing the seam
 Sēan, *f.* a net
 Sēar, *a.* not any longer green; dry
 Sēar, *v. a.* to burn, to cauterize
 Sēar'clōth, *f.* a large plaster; a plaster
 Sēarce, *f.* a bolter, a sieve
 Sēarce, *v. a.* to sift finely
 Séarch, *f.* act of seeking; inquiry, quest
 Séarch, *v. a. & n.* to inquire, examine: to try, to find
 Séarch'ēr, *f.* an examiner
 Sēa'son, *f.* fourth part of the year; fit time, relish: *v. a.* to give relish to; to make fit, to taint

Sēa'son-a-ble-nēss, *f.* opportuneness of time
 Sēa'son-a-ble, *a.* at a proper time; oppor-
 Sēa'son-a-bly, *ad.* in due time [tune
 Sēa'son-ēr, *f.* who seasons or gives relish to
 Sēa'son-īng, *f.* that which gives relish
 Sēat, *f.* a post of authority; a chair; resi-
 dence: *v. a.* to place on a seat, to fix
 Sēa'wārd, *ad.* towards the sea
 Sē'cānt, *a.* dividing into two parts
 Se-cēde', *v. n.* to withdraw from fellowship
 Se-cēd'ēr, *f.* one who secedes
 Se-cēf'sion, *f.* act of withdrawing from
 Se-clūde', *v. a.* to confine from; shut up, ex-
 clude [part of a minute
 Sēc'ōnd, *f.* he who backs another; 6oth
 Sēc'ōnd, *a.* next to the first, inferiour
 Sēc'ōnd, *v. a.* to follow, to support
 Sēc'ōnd-hānd', *f.* possession of a thing which
 has been enjoyed by another, as clothes,
 &c: *a.* not original, borrowed
 Sēc'ōnd sight, *f.* the power of seeing things
 future, or things distant; supposed inhe-
 rent in some of the Scottish islanders
 Sēc'ōnd-a-rī-ly, *ad.* in the second order
 Sēc'ōnd-a-ry, *f.* a deputy: *a.* not primary
 Sēc'ōnd-ly, *ad.* in the second place
 Sē'cre-sy, *f.* close silence; privacy, retire-
 Sē'crēt, *f.* a thing unknown [ment
 Sē'crēt, *a.* concealed, private, unseen
 Sē'crēt, *v. a.* to keep private
 Sēc're-ta-rī-shīp, *f.* office of a secretary
 Sēc're-ta-ry, *f.* one who writes for another
 in business
 Se-crēte', *v. a.* to conceal, hide, separate
 Se-crē'tion, *f.* the fluid secreted
 Se-cre-tī'tious, *a.* parted by animal secretion
 Sē'crēt-īst, *f.* a dealer in secrets
 Sē'crēt-ly, *ad.* privately

Sē'crēt-nēfs, *f.* the quality of keeping secrets;
 privacy
 Se-crē'to-ry, *a.* performing secretion
 Sēct, *f.* a body of men united in certain te-
 nets
 Sēct'a-rīm, *f.* a disposition to *schism*
 Sēct'a-ry, *f.* one who divides from public
 establishment, and joins with those distin-
 guished by particular whims
 Sēc-tā'tōr, *f.* a disciple, a follower
 Sēc'tion, *f.* act of cutting: a distinct part of
 writing
 Sēc'tōr, *f.* a geometrical instrument
 Sēc'u-lār, *a.* not bound by vows; laical, world-
 ly
 Sēc-u-lār'ī-ty, *f.* worldliness
 Sēc'u-lār-ize, *v. a.* to convert to common
 use
 Sēc'u-lār-ly, *ad.* in a worldly manner
 Sēc'ūn-dīne, *f.* the after-birth
 Se-cūre, *a.* free from fear, or danger, safe
 Se-cūre', *v. a.* to make fast; to protect
 Se-cūre'ly, *ad.* without danger, safely
 Se-cū'rī-ty, *f.* defence, pledge, protection,
 safety
 Se-dān', *f.* a chair for carriage
 Se-dāte', *a.* calm, quiet, serene, undistur-
 bed
 Se-dāte'ly, *ad.* without disturbance, calmly
 Se-dāte'nēfs, *f.* calmness, serenity
 Sēd'ēn-ta-rī-nēfs, *f.* inactivity
 Sēd'ēn-ta-ry, *a.* sitting much, inactive
 Sēdge, *f.* a growth of narrow flags
 Sēdg'y, *a.* overgrown with narrow flags
 Sēd'ī-mēnt, *f.* what settles at bottom
 Se-dī'tion, *f.* commotion, insurrection, tumult
 Se-dī'tious, *a.* factious
 Se-dī'tious-ly, *ad.* with factious turbulence

Se-dī'tious-nēfs, *f.* a disposition to sedition
 Se-dūce', *v. a.* to deceive, mislead, tempt
 Se-dūce'mēnt, *f.* the act or means to seduce
 Se-dū'cér, *f.* one who seduces
 Se-dū'cī-ble, *a.* capable of being deceived
 Se-dūc'tion, *f.* act of seducing
 Se-dū'lī-ty, *f.* application, diligence, indust-
 ry
 Sēd'u-loūs, *a.* diligent, industrious
 Sēd'u-loūs-ly, *ad.* diligently, laboriously
 Sēd'u-loūs-nēfs, *f.* assiduity, diligence
 Sēe, *f.* the diocese of a bishop: *v. a. & n.* to
 perceive with the eye: to be attentive
intj. look! lo! observe!
 Sēed, *v. n.* to bring forth seed
 Sēed, *f.* what produces plants, and also ani-
 mals; generation, offspring, original
 Sēed-cāke, *f.* a kind of sweet cake
 Sēed-péarl, *f.* small grains of pearl
 Sēed-plōt, *f.* a ground on which seeds are
 sown
 Sēed'līng, *f.* a young plant not blown, off-
 spring
 Sēedf'mān, *f.* who deals in seed
 Sēed'tīme, *f.* season for sowing
 Sēed'y, *a.* abounding with seed
 Sēe'īng, *f.* the sight, vision: *ad.* since, it
 being so that
 Sēek, *v. a. & n.* to look for, to search: to
 endeavour after
 Sēek'ér, *f.* an inquirer
 Sēek'fōr-rōw, *f.* one who causes himself for-
 row
 Sēel, *v. a.* [*in falconry*] to close the eyes; to
 lean on one side
 Sēem, *v. n.* to have resemblance, to appear
 Sēem'ér, *f.* one who appears
 Sēem'īng, *f.* appearance, opinion, show

Sēm'ing-ly, *ad.* in appearance, in shew
 Sēm'ing-něs, *f.* fair appearance
 Sēm'li-něs, *f.* beauty, comeliness, grace
 Sēm'ly, *ad.* in a decent or proper manner
 Sēn, *a.* beholden, skilled, versed
 Sē'ér, *f.* one who sees; a prophet
 Sēe'fāw, *f.* reciprocating motion or play:
 v. n. to move up and down, to trump
 alternately
 Sēethē, *v. a. & n.* to boil; to be hot
 Sēeth'ér, *f.* a boiler, a pot
 Sēg'měnt, *f.* a piece cut off
 Sēg're-gate, *v. a.* to set apart, to separate
 Sēg-re-gā'tion, *f.* separation from others
 Sēig-neū'rī-āl, *a.* invested with large powers
 Sēign'ī-ór, *f.* a lord with the *Italians*
 Sēign'io-ry, *f.* a district, lordship, territo-
 ry
 Sēign'ór-age, *f.* acknowledgment of power;
 authority
 Sēine, *f.* a fishing net
 Sēize, *v. a.* to take by force, to fasten on
 Sēiz'in, *f.* the act of taking possession
 Sēi'zure, *f.* the act of seizing, thing seized
 Sēl'dóm, *a.* not often, rarely, not frequent-
 ly
 Sēl'dóm-něs, *f.* infrequency, rarity
 Se-lěct', *a.* well chosen, culled out: *v. a.* to
 chuse in preference to another
 Se-lěct'něs, *f.* state of being select
 Se-lěc'tion, *f.* act of chusing; choice made
 Se-lěct'ór, *f.* one who selects
 Sēlf, *pron. plur.* Sēlves, one's own person
 Sēlf'ish, *a.* void of regard for others
 Sēlf'ish-něs, *f.* self-love only
 Sēlf'ish-ly, *ad.* with self-love
 Sēlf-fāme, *a.* numerically the same

Sēll, *v. a.* to part with for a price
 Sēll'ér, *f.* one who sells
 Sēl'vage, *f.* the edge of cloth
 Sēm'bla-ble, *a.* like, resembling
 Sēm'bla-bly, *ad.* with resemblance
 Sēm'blānce, *f.* likeness, resemblance
 Sēm'blānt, *a.* like, resembling
 Sēm'bla-tīve, *a.* fit, resembling, suitable
 Sēm'ī, *f.* half; used in *composition*
 Sēm'ī-ān'nu-lār, *a.* half-round
 Sēm'ī-briēf, *f.* a note in music
 Sēm'ī-cír-cle, *f.* a half circle
 Sēm'ī-cír'cu-lār, *a.* half round
 Sēm'ī-cō'lōn, *f.* a point made thus (;)
 Sēm'ī-di-ām'e-tér, *f.* half a diameter
 Sēm'ī-flū'id, *a.* imperfectly fluid
 Sēm'ī-lū'nār, } *a.* like a half moon
 Sēm'ī-lū'na-ry, }
 Sēm'īn-āl, *a.* containing seed, radical
 Sēm'īn-āl'ī-ty, *f.* the power of producing;
 nature of seed
 Sēm'īn-a-ry, *f.* original school; seed-plot
 Sēm'īn-ā'tion, *f.* the act of sowing
 Sēm'ī-quā'vér, *f.* half the quantity of a qua-
 ver
 Sēm'ī-tōne, *f.* half a tone
 Sēm'ī-vōw'ěl, *f.* consonant with an imperfect
 sound
 Sēm'pī-tēs'nāl, *a.* without end, everlasting
 Sēm'pī-tér'nī-ty, *f.* eternal duration
 Sēm'p'itrěs, *f.* she who lives by her nec-
 dle
 Sēn'ate, *f.* an assembly of counsellors, parlis-
 ment
 Sēn'a-tór, *f.* a public counsellor
 Sēn-a-tō'rī-āl, } *a.* belonging to senators
 Sēn-a-tō'rī-ān, }

ěnd, *v. a.* to commission, to dispatch; to propagate
Sē'nile, *a.* belonging to, or consequent on old age
Se-něf'cěnce, *f.* decay by time, growing old
Sē'nī-ōr, *a.* older than another
Sē-nī-ōr'ī-ty, *f.* priority of birth, eldership
Sěn'na, *f.* a physical tree and drug
Sěn'nīght, *f.* seven days and seven nights; a week
Sěn-sā'tion, *f.* perception by the senses
Sěnsē, *f.* the faculty of perceiving; meaning; opinion
Sěnsē'lěs, *a.* without sense, doltish, stupid
Sěnsē'lěf-ly, *ad.* in a senseless manner
Sěnsē'lěf-něs, *f.* absurdity, folly, stupidity
Sěn'fī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quickness of sensation
Sěn'fī-ble, *a.* having sense, judicious
Sěn'fī-ble-něs, *f.* sensibility, quickness of perception
Sěn'fī-bly, *ad.* with sense
Sěn'fī-tīve, *a.* having sense without reason
Sěn'fī-tīve-ly, *ad.* in a sensitive manner
Sěn-so'rī-ūm, *f.* seat of sense, organ of sensation
 * **Sěn'su-āl**, *a.* carnal [tion
 * **Sěn'su-āl-īst**, *f.* one devoted to carnal pleasures
 * **Sěn-su-āl'ī-ty**, *f.* addiction to brutal and corporal pleasures [fures
 * **Sěn'su-āl-ize**, *v. i.* to sink into carnal pleasure
 * **Sěn'su-āl-ly**, *ad.* in a sensual manner
 * **Sěn'su-ōūs**, *a.* [pr... * **Sěn-shu-ūs**] pathetic,
Sěnt, *part. pass.* of to send [tender
Sěn'těnce, *f.* period in speech; condemnation; determination [demn
Sěn'těnce, *v. a.* to pass judgment on, to condemn
Sěn-těn'tious, *a.* short and energetic
Sěn-těn'tious-ly, *ad.* with striking brevity

Sěn-těn'tious-něs, *f.* pithiness in sentences
Sěn'tient, *f.* who has perception: *a.* perceiving
Sěn'tī-měnt, *f.* opinion, thought
Sěn'tī-něl, **Sěn'try**, *f.* a soldier on guard
Sěp'a-ra-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of admitting disunion
Sěp'a-ra-ble, *a.* may be disunited
Sěp'a-ra-ble-něs, *f.* capacity of separation
Sěp'a-rate, *a.* divided from, disengaged
Sěp'a-rate, *v. a. & n.* to divide, disjoin, set apart: to part
Sěp'a-rate-ly, *ad.* apart, distinctly, singly
Sěp'a-rate-něs, *f.* state of being separate
Sěp'a-rā'tion, *f.* disjunction, divorce
Sěp'a-ra-tīst, *f.* a dissenter, a schismatic
Sěp'a-rā'tór, *f.* who divides, a divider
Sěp'a-ra-tě-ry, *a.* used in separation
Sěpt, *f.* a clan, generation, race
Sěp-těm'bér, *f.* the ninth month
Sěp-těn'a-ry, *f.* the number seven
Sěp-těn'nī-āl, *a.* lasting or happening in 7 years
Sěp-těn'trī-ōn, *f.* the north
Sěp-těn'trī-ōn, **Sěp-těnt'rī-ōn-āl**, *a.* northern
Sěp-těn'trī-ōn-āl-ly, *ad.* towards the north
Sěp'tic-āl, *a.* causing putrefaction
Sěp-tī-lāt'ér-āl, *a.* having seven sides
Sěp-tu-āg'īm-a-ry, *a.* consisting of seven
Sěp-tu-a-gěf'īm-āl, *ty*
Sěp'tu-ā-g'īnt, *f.* the Greek version of the Old Testament
Se-pūl'c'hrāl, *a.* relating to burial, monumental
Sep'ūl-c'hrē, *f.* a grave, a tomb
Sěp'ūl-ture, *f.* burial, interment
Se-quā'cious, *a.* attendant, following, pliant
Se-quāc'ī-ty, *f.* plianthness, toughness

Sē'quēl, *f.* succeeding part, consequence
 Sē'quēnce, *f.* order of succession, series
 Sē'quēnt, *f.* a follower: *a.* following
 Se-quēf'tér, *v. a.* to set aside, separate
 Sē-quēf'tra-ble, *a.* may be sequestered
 Sē-quēf'trā'tion, *f.* deprivation of profits, especially in the church; separation
 Sē-quēf'trā'tór, *f.* who deprives one of profits
 Se-rāgl'ī-o, *f.* a house for women of pleasure
 Sēr'āph, *f.* an order of angels
 Se-rāph'īc, } *a.* angelic, angelical
 Se-rāph'īc-āl, }
 Sēr'a-phīm, *f.* angels of a certain number
 Sēre, *a.* dry, withered, no longer green
 Sēr-e-nāde', *f.* music by lovers in the night
v. a. to entertain with music
 Se-rēne', *a.* even of temper, calm, quiet
 Se-rēne'ly, *ad.* calmly, coolly, quietly
 Se-rēne'nēss, *f.* state of calmness
 Se-rēn'ī-tude, *f.* coolness of mind, calmness
 Se-rēn'ī-ty, *f.* calmness, peace, temperance
 Sérge, *f.* a kind of woollen cloth
 * Serge'ant, *f.* [from Sārgē'ant] a petty officer in the army; a degree in the law of the highest rank under a judge
 Sēr'ī-eš, *f.* course, order, sequence
 Sēr'ī-ous, *a.* grave, solemn, weighty
 Se'rī-ous-ly, *ad.* gravely, solemnly
 Sēr'ī-ous-ness, *f.* earnest attention, gravity
 Sér'món, *f.* a pious discourse from the pulpit
 Se-ros'ī-ty, *f.* watery part of the blood
 Sēr'ous, *a.* thin, watery
 Sér'pēnt, *f.* a reptile animal

Sér'pēn-tine, *a.* winding like a serpent
 Sér-pīg, 'īn-ous, *a.* diseased with a serpigo
 Sér-pī'go, *f.* a kind of tetter
 Serr, } *v. a.* to press close, to drive hard
 Sér'ry, } together
 Sér'rate, Sér-rat-ed, *a.* jagged like a saw
 Sér'vant, *f.* one who serves
 Sérve, *v. a.* to attend a command, to obey
 Sér'vice, *f.* menial office; office of devotion; order of dishes; employment; favour; obedience
 Sér-vice-a-ble, *a.* active, officious, useful
 Sér-vice-a-ble-nēss, *f.* usefulness
 Sér'vīle, *a.* cringing, dependent, fawning; slavish
 Sér'vīle-ly, *ad.* meanly, slavishly
 Sér'vīle-nēss, } *f.* dependence, slavishness
 Sér'vī-lī-ty, }
 Sér'y'ing-mān, *f.* a menial servant
 Sér'vī-tór, *f.* one of the lowest rank in a college
 Sér'vī-tude, *f.* apprenticeship; slavery
 Sēr'rūm, *f.* thin watery part of the blood
 Sēs, *f.* rate, tax
 Sēs'sion, *f.* the act of sitting; space of sitting
 Sēs'térce, *f.* the sum of 8l. 1s. 5d. half-penny Sterl.
 Sēt, *f.* a number of things or persons suited to each other; a wager at dice, a game; *a.* in a formal manner; regular; not lax: *v. a. & n.* to place, to fix, to plant, to value: to disappear; to fall to; to apply to
 Se-tā'ceous, *a.* set with strong hairs, bristly
 Sē'tón, *f.* an issue or rowel in the neck
 Sēt-tēe', *f.* a long seat with a back

Sět'tér, *f.* one who sets; a dog for game
 Sět'tle, *f.* a bench with a back; a long seat:
v. a. & n. to determine, establish, fix: to
 subside; grow calm; rest upon
 Sět'tléd, *part. calmed; confirmed; established*
 Sět'tle-mént, *f.* a fixed place of abode; settled
 colony; agreement; factory; revenue
 Sěv'en, *a.* one more than six
 Sěv'en-föld, *a.* repeated seven times
 Sěven'níght, *f.* a week
 Sěven-scöre, *a.* seven times twenty
 Sěv'en-tēen, *a.* ten and seven
 Sěv'enth, *a.* the first after the sixth
 Sěv'enth-ly, *ad.* in the seventh place
 Sěv'en-tī-ěth, *a.* the tenth seven times re-
 Sěv'en-ty, *a.* seven times ten [peated
 Sěv'ér, *v. a.* to part by force, to divide
 Sěv'ér-ál, *a.* distinct, divers: *f.* the state of
 separation; inclosure; particulars
 Sěv'ér-ál-ly, *ad.* distinctly, separately
 Se-věre', *a.* cruel, painful, rigid, sharp
 Se-věre'ly, *ad.* horridly, painfully
 Se-věr'i-ty, *f.* cruel treatment, rigour, sharp-
 ness
 Sew, *v. a.* [*pron. * So*] to join with a needle
 and thread
 * Sew'ér, *f.* she who uses a needle; officer
 at feasts
 Sew-ér, *f.* [*and by corruption Shore*] a pas-
 sage for water to run through
 Sěx, *f.* distinction of male and female
 Sěx'a-g,ěš'i-mă, *f.* the second Sunday before
 Lent
 Sěx'a-g,ěš'i-măl, *a.* numbered by sixties
 Sěx'ěn'nī-ăl, *a.* lasting or happening in sixty
 years
 Sěx'tănt, *f.* sixth part of a circle
 Sěx'tile, *f.* distance of 60 deg. or 2 signs

Sěx'tón, *f.* an under officer in a church
 Sěx'tónshíp, *f.* the office of a sexton
 Sěx-tū'ple, *a.* six times told, sixfold
 Shăb, *v. n.* to play mean tricks
 Shăb'bī-ly, *ad.* despicably, meanly
 Shăb'bī-něfs, *f.* meanness, paltriness
 Shăb'by, *a.* mean, paltry
 Shăc'kle, *v. a.* to chain, to entangle, to fet-
 ter
 Shăc'kleš, *f. pl.* difficulties, fetters
 Shăd, *f.* a kind of fish
 Shăde, *f.* shadows in painting; a soul in
 a state of separation; screen, shelter:
v. a. to cover from light or heat; to
 paint in obscure colours, to protect, to
 screen
 Shă'dī-něfs, *f.* state of being shady
 Shăd'ow, *f.* inseparable companion; faint
 representation; darkness; protection;
 shade; type: *v. a.* to darken, represent,
 shade
 Shăd'ow-y, *a.* full of shade, faint, gloomy
 Shă'dy, *a.* secure from light or heat
 Shăft, *f.* a deep pit, an arrow, spire
 Shăg, *f.* rough hair, rough cloth
 Shăg'g,ěd, Shăg'g,y, *a.* hairy, rugged
 Sha-green', *f.* a fish-skin remarkably rough
 Shăke, *f.* motion given and received, a
 shock: *v. a. & n.* to make to totter or
 tremble, to make afraid: to move quick;
 to be in terrour
 Shăk'ér, *f.* a person or thing that shakes
 Shăle, *f.* a case of seeds, a husk. See *Shell*.
 Shăll, *verb defective*
 Shăl'lôn', *f.* a slight woollen stuff
 Shăl'lóp, *f.* a small boat
 Shăl'low, *f.* a flat, sand, shoal, shelf
 Shăl'low, *a.* not deep, empty, silly

Shāl'low-brāin'ēd, *a.* foolish, weak
 Shāl-low-ly, *ad.* with no great depth, simply
 Shāl'low-hēss, *f.* want of depth, thought
 Shālm, *f.* a kind of musical pipe
 Shālt, *second person of shall*
 Shām, *f.* a delusion, an imposture, a trick
 Shām, *v. n.* to cheat, to counterfeit
 Shām, *a.* counterfeit, false, pretended
 Shām'bleś, *f.* a butchery
 Shām'blīng, *a.* moving awkwardly
 Shāme, *f.* disgrace, ignominy, reproach
 Shāme, *v. a.* to make ashamed
 Shāme'fā-cēd, *a.* bashful, modest
 Shāme'fā-cēd-nēss, *f.* bashfulness, modesty
 Shāme'fūl, *a.* disgraceful, infamous
 Shāme'fūl-ly, *ad.* disgracefully, infamously
 Shāme'lēss, *a.* frontless, impudent
 Shāme'lēss-ly, *ad.* impudently, without shame
 Shāme'lēss-nēss, *f.* immodesty, impudence
 Shām'mēr, *f.* a cheat, an impostor
 Shām'oīs, *f.* a wild goat, leather made of his skin
 Shānk, *f.* handle of a tool; joint of the leg
 Shāpe, *f.* external appearance, form: *v. a.* to conceive, to form, to mould
 Shāpe'lēss, *a.* want of regularity or form
 Shāpe'lī-nēss, *f.* beauty or proportion of form
 Shāpe'ly, *a.* well formed
 Shāpe'smīth, *f.* one who improves the form
 Shārd, *f.* a piece of a pot, a plant, a fish; a frith or strait
 Shāre, *f.* dividend, part; plough-iron
 Shāre, *v. a. & n.* to divide, to cut: to partake of, to have a share
 Shār'ér, *f.* a divider, a partaker
 Shārk, *f.* a voracious fish; a tricking fellow

Shārk, *v. a. & n.* to pick up flyly; to cheat, trick
 Shārp, *f.* an acute or sharp sound; a sword: *a.* acute; keen; piercing; severe, sour: *v. a. & n.* to make keen: to play thievish tricks [point
 Shārp'en, *v. a.* to make quick; to edge, to
 Shārp'ér, *f.* a tricking fellow
 Shārp'ly, *ad.* afflictively, keenly, severely
 Shārp'nēss, *f.* keenness, painfulness
 Shārp-sēt, *a.* eager, hungry, desirous
 Shārp-sīght'ēd, *a.* having quick sight
 Shāt'tér, *v. a. & n.* to break in pieces: to be broken
 Shāt'tér-brāinēd, Shāt'tér-pāt-ēd, *a.* inattentive
 Shāve, *v. a.* to pare off with a razor or scythe; to strip; to oppress by extortion, to pil-lage
 Shāv'ér, *f.* one who shaves; a sharp dealer
 Shāv'īng, *f.* a thin slice pared off
 Shāw', *f.* a small wood, a thicket
 Shāwm', *f.* a hautboy; a cornet
 Shē, *f.* the female pronoun personal
 Shēaf, *f.* a bundle of new-cut corn
 Shēal or Shēal, *v. a.* to shell, to strip off the shell
 Shēar, *v. a.* to clip or cut
 Shēard, *f.* a broken piece, a fragment
 Shēar'ér, *f.* one who shears sheep
 Shēars, *f.* an instrument with two blades
 Shēar'mān, *f.* one who shears cloth
 Shēath, *f.* the case of any thing
 Shēath, Shēathe, *v. a.* to put into a sheath
 Shēath'y, *a.* forming a sheath
 Shēd, *f.* a slight covering of tiles, &c.
 Shēd, *v. a.* to let fall, to pour out, to spill
 Shēd'dér, *f.* one who sheds or spills

Shēen, *f.* brightness, splendour
Shēen'y, *a.* bright, glittering
Shēep, *f.* an animal; a foolish person
Shēep'bite, *v. n.* to practise petty theft
Shēep'bīt-ēr, *f.* a petty thief
Shēep'cōt, *Shēep'fōld*, *f.* a place to pen sheep in
Shēep'hōok, *f.* a hook to lay hold on the legs of sheep
Shēep'ish, *a.* bashful
Shēep'ish-nēss, *f.* bashfulness
Shēep'māst-ēr, *f.* an owner of sheep
Shēep'shēar-ing, *f.* the time of shearing sheep
Shēeps-ēye, *f.* a loving sly look
Shēep'wālk, *f.* a pasture for sheep
Shēer off, *v. n.* to steal away, to slip off clandestinely
Shēer, *a.* clear, pure, unmingled
Shēer, *ad.* clean, quick, at once
Shēet, *f.* linen for a bed; any thing expanded, as, a *sheet* of fire; paper; sail, &c. : *v. a.* to cover with a sheet
Shēet-ān'c'hōr, *f.* largest anchor; chief support
Shēlf, *f.* a board to lay things on; a sand-bank in the sea; hard coat of earth under the mould
Shēlf'y, *a.* full of rocks and sands
Shēll, *f.* hard covering; superficial part
Shēll, *v. a. & n.* to take out of the shell: to cast off the shell
Shēl'ly, *a.* abounding with shells
Shēlt'ēr, *f.* a cover from injury; protection: *v. a.* to cover, defend, harbour, protect
Shēlt'ēr-lēss, *a.* without home or refuge, exposed
Shēlv'ing, *a.* having declivity, sloping

Shēlv'y, *a.* full of banks, rocky, shallow
Shēnd, *v. a.* to disgrace; overpower, ruin
Shēp'hērd, *f.* who tends sheep; a minister
Shēp'hērd-ēss, *f.* she who tends sheep
Shēp'hērd-ish, *a.* like a shepherd, pastoral
Shēr-bēt', *f.* mixture of lemon, sugar, and water
Shēr'iff, *f.* a county officer
Shēr'iff-āl-ty, *Shēr'iff-dōm*, *f.* the office of a sheriff
Shēr'ry, *f.* a kind of Spanish wine
Shīde, *f.* a board, a cutting
Shīeld, *v. a.* to cover, defend, protect, secure
Shīeld, *f.* a buckler, defence, protection
Shīft, *f.* a woman's body linen; artifice; evasion: *v. a. & n.* to alter, to change: to find evasions
Shīft'ēr, *f.* an artful person
Shīft'lēss, *a.* wanting means to act or live
Shīl'ling, *f.* a coin, value 12 *d.*
Shī'ly, *ad.* not frankly, cautiously
Shīn, *f.* the fore part of the leg
Shīne, *f.* fair weather, brightness, lustre: *v. n.* to be propitious and conspicuous; to be bright and without clouds; to glitter
Shī'nēss, *f.* reservedness
Shīn'gle, *f.* a thin board to cover houses
Shīn'glēss, *f.* a dissembler
Shīn'y, *a.* splendid, luminous, bright
Shīp, *f.* a large vessel to sail on the seas
Shīp, *v. a.* to put aboard a ship
Shīp'bōard, *ad.* on board a ship
Shīp'bōy, *f.* a boy that serves in a ship
Shīp'mān, *f.* a sailor
Shīp'māst-ēr, *f.* a master of a ship
Shīp'pīng, *f.* vessels for navigation

- Shīp/wrēck, *f.* the loss of a ship; destruction; *v. a. & n.* to suffer shipwreck: to lose
- Shīp/wright, *f.* a ship-carpenter
- Shīce, *f.* what is under a bailiff, a county
- Shīrt, *f.* a man's body linen
- Shīrt, *v. a.* to put on a shirt, to cover
- Shīrt'lēss, *a.* wanting a shirt
- Shīt'tīm, *f.* a precious sort of wood
- Shīt'tle-cōck, *f.* a boy's play-thing
- Shīve, *f.* a thick splinter; slice of bread
- Shīve, *v. a.* to break into pieces, to shatter
- Shīv'ér, *f.* a piece broken off: *v. a. & n.* to break into shivers; to tremble
- Shīv'e-ry, *a.* easily broken
- Shōal, *f.* a crowd, sand-bank, shallow
- Shōal, *v. n.* to grow or be shallow, to crowd
- Shōal, *a.* shallow, incumbered with banks
- Shōal'ī-nēss, *f.* frequency of shallow places
- Shōal'y, *a.* full of shoals
- Shōck, *f.* pile of sheaves; confusion; conflict: *v. a. & n.* to shake violently; to offend; to be offensive; to build up
- Shōd', *pret. & part. pass. of to shoe*
- Shōe, *f.* the out-cover of the feet: *v. a.* to fit with a shoe, to cover at the bottom
- Shōe'bōy, *f.* one who cleans shoes
- Shōe'īng-hōrn, *f.* a horn to draw on shoes
- Shōe'māk-ér, *f.* one who makes shoes
- Shōe'tyē, *f.* a shoe-string
- Shōg', *f.* a violent concussion
- Shōg', *v. a.* to agitate suddenly; to shake
- Shōne, *pret. of to shine*
- Shōok, *pret. of to shake*

- Shōot, *f.* branch issued from the main stock: *v. a. & n.* to let off, to discharge from a gun; to push forward; to put out, to sprout
- Shōot'ér, *f.* he who shoots
- Shōp', *f.* a place of sale or of work
- Shōp'bōard, *f.* a table to work on
- Shōp-bōok, *f.* a book for a tradesman's accounts
- Shōp'kēep-ér, *f.* one who sells in a shop by retail
- Shōp'mān, *f.* journeyman to a shopkeeper
- Shōre, *f.* a buttress; a coast; a drain
- Shōre, *pret. of to shear: v. a.* to prop, support
- Shōre'lēss, *a.* having no coast
- Shōrn, *pass. part. of to shear*
- Shōrt', *f.* account in a few words: *a.* not long, brittle, defective, scanty
- Shōrt'en, *v. a.* to make short, to cut off, to lop
- Shōrt'hānd, *f.* a short method of writing
- Shōrt'līv-ēd, *a.* not living long
- Shōrt'ly, *ad.* briefly, quickly, soon
- Shōrt'nēss, *f.* the quality of being short; want of memory; conciseness; imperfection
- Shōrt'sīght'ēd, *a.* not able to see far
- Shōrt'sīght'ēd-nēss, *f.* defect of sight
- Shōrt'wāist'ēd, *a.* having a short body
- Shōrt'wīnd'ēd, *a.* breathing fast
- Shōr'y, *a.* lying upon the shore
- Shōt', *f.* act of shooting a bullet; a reckoning
- Shōte, *f.* a fish
- Shōt', *pret. & part. pass. of to shoot*
- Shōt'frēe, *a.* excused a share of the reckoning
- Shōt'ten, *a.* having cast the spawn

Shóve, *f.* act of shoving, a push: *v. a.* to push forcibly, drive forward

Shóv'el, *f.* a broad blade with a long handle

Shóv'el, *v. a.* to throw up with a shovel; to heap

Shóv'el-bōard, *f.* a game table to play on

Shōugh, *f.* a kind of shaggy dog; a shock

Shōuld, *v. auxiliary* [arm

Shōul'dér, *f.* a joint to connect body and

Shōul'dér, *v. a.* to lay on the shoulder, to crowd [miliarity

Shōul'dér-clār-pér, *f.* one who affects fa-

Shōul'dér-shōt-ten, *a.* strained in the shoulder

Shōul'dér-flīp, *f.* dislocation of the shoulder

Shōût, *f.* a cry of rejoicing; loud noise; *v. n.* to cry in triumph or exultation

Shōw, *f.* exhibition; likeness, pomp: *v. a.* & *n.* to exhibit to view, prove, tell: to appear

Shōw'brēad, *f.* loaves set on the table in the sanctum before the Lord

Shōw'ér, *f.* liberal distribution, rain

Shōw'ér, *v. a. & n.* to pour down, to wet: to be rainy

Shōw'ér-y, *a.* rainy

Shōw'ish, *a.* gaudy, ostentatious, splendid

Shōwn, *part. pass.* of *to show*; exhibited

Shrānk, *pret.* of *to shrink*

Shrēd, *f.* a small piece cut off; a fragment

Shrēd, *v. a.* to cut in small bits; to mince

Shrēw, *f.* a peevish vexatious woman

Shrēwd, *a.* having the qualities of a shrew; artful; bad; cunning; pinching

Shrēwd'ly, *ad.* with strong suspicion

Shrēwd'nēss, *f.* sly cunning, activeness

Shrēw'ish, *a.* having the qualities of a shrew

Shrēw'ish-ly, *ad.* peevishly

Shrēw'ish-nēss, *f.* clamourousness, peevishness

Shrīek, *f.* a cry of anguish or horror: *v. n.* to scream out with anguish

Shrīft, *f.* a confession made to a priest

Shrīll, *g.* of a very piercing sound: *v. n.* to pierce the ear with a sharp sound

Shrīll'y, *ad.* with a shrill noise

Shrīl'nēss, *f.* quality of being shrill

Shrīmp, *f.* a small crustaceous fish; a dwarf

Shrīne, *f.* a depository of relicts of the dead

Shrīnk, *f.* contraction of the body: *v. n.* to grow less, be in fear; to withdraw

Shrīve, *v. a.* to hear at confession

Shrīv'el, *v. n.* to contract into wrinkles

Shrīv'ér, *f.* a confessor

Shrōūd, *f.* burial clothes; sail ropes; shelter: *v. a. & n.* to dress the dead, to conceal, defend: to take shelter, to harbour

Shrōve'tīde, *f.* the Tuesday before Lent; the time of confession

Shrūb, *f.* spirit with acid and sugar mixed; a bush

Shrūb'by, *a.* full of shrubs, or small trees

Shrūg, *f.* a motion of the shoulders

Shrūg, *v. a. & n.* to contract or draw up

Shrūnk, *pret. & part. pass.* of *to shrink*

Shūd'dér, *v. a.* to quake with fear

Shūf'fle, *f.* a disordering of things; a trick: *v. a.* to change the position of cards; to cheat, evade, prevaricate, shake

Shūf'fle-cāp, *f.* a kind of game

Shūf'flér, *f.* who evades or plays tricks

Shūf'flīng-ly, *ad.* with an irregular gait

Shūn, *v. a.* to endeavour to escape; to avoid

Shūn-lěs, *a.* inevitable
 Shūt, *f.* act of shutting; door or cover:
a. clear, free, rid: *v. a. & n.* to bar, to
 close: to close itself
 Shūt'tér, *f.* who shuts; a cover for a win-
 Shūt'tle, *f.* a weaver's instrument [dow
 Shy, *a.* not familiar; jealous, reserved,
 Sīb'il-ānt, *a.* hissing [wary
 Sīb-il-ā'tion, *f.* a hissing sound
 Sīc'a-more, *f.* a tree
 Sīc'cī-ty, *f.* dryness
 Sice, *f.* [prom. Size] number SIX at dice
 Sick, *a.* afflicted with disease; disgusted
 Sick, *v. n.* to take a disease, to sicken
 Sick'en, *v. a. & n.* to make sick: to sicken;
 to be disgusted; grow sick; to decay
 Sīc'kle, *f.* a reaping hook
 Sīc'kle-mān, Sīc'k'ér, *f.* a reaper
 Sick'li-něs, *f.* disposition to sickness
 Sick'ly, *a.* somewhat disordered, faint
 Sick'ly, *ad.* in a sickly condition, not in
 health
 Sick'něs, *f.* a disorder of the body; a disease
 Side, *f.* rib-part of animals; edge, party
 Side, *a.* not direct, oblique, awry
 Side, *v. n.* to take part with
 Side'bōard, *f.* side-table for conveniences
 Side'bōx, *f.* seats on one side of the theatre
 Sī'dle, *v. n.* to go with the body the nar-
 rowest way
 Side'lōng, *a.* not in front; lateral, oblique
 Sīd'ér-āl, *a.* starry, astral
 Side'sād-dle, *f.* a woman's saddle on a horse
 Sidef'mān, *f.* an assistant to a church-
 warden
 Side'wife, *ad.* on one side
 Siege, *f.* the besieging a place; a leaguer
 Sieve, *f.* a boulder; a sence

Sift, *v. a.* to put through a sieve, to examine
 Sift'ér, *f.* one who sifts
 Sigh, *f.* a mournful breathing
 Sigh, *v. n.* to express grief with the breath
 Sight, *f.* the act of seeing; perception by
 the eye, open view, the eye, spectacle
 Sight'fūl-něs, *f.* good likeness; clearness
 Sight'lěs, *a.* blind, offensive, not sightly
 Sight'ly, *a.* pleasing to the eye, striking to
 Sīg'il, *f.* a seal [the view
 Sign, *f.* constellation in the zodiac; a de-
 vice hung out; a miracle; token: *v. a.*
 to ratify by writing; to mark
 Sīg'nāl, *f.* a sign that gives notice: *a.*
 eminent, memorable, remarkable
 Sīg'nāl-ize, *v. a.* to make eminent
 Sīg'nāl-ly, *ad.* eminently
 Sīg'na-ture, *f.* a letter to distinguish sheets;
 a mark
 Sīg'nēt, *f.* a seal, especially the king's
 Sīg-nīf'ī-cance, } *f.* force, importance,
 Sīg-nīf'ī-cān-cy, } meaning
 Sīg-nīf'ī-cānt, *a.* betokening, expressive,
 important [hon
 Sīg'nīf'ī-cānt-ly, *ad.* with force of expres-
 Sīg'nīf'ī-cā'tion, *f.* meaning by sign or
 word
 Sīg-nīf'ī-ca-tive, *a.* shewing by sign
 Sīg'nī-fy, *v. a.* to make known, to mean
 Sīg'nī-o-ry, *f.* dominion, lordship
 Sīg'n'pōst, *f.* that on which a sign hangs
 Sī'lěnce, *f.* secrecy, stillness, taciturnity:
v. a. to make silent, to still: *interj.* bid-
 Sī'lěnt, *a.* mute, still [ding silence
 Sī'lěnt-ly, *ad.* without noise or words
 Sīl'ī'cious, Cīl'ī'cious, *a.* made of hair
 Sīl'ī-quōse, } *a.* having a pod or cap-
 Sīl'o-quōūs, } sula

Sīlk, *f.* the produce of worms
 Sīlk'en, *a.* made of silk, dressed in silk, soft
 Sīlk'mér-cér, *f.* a retailer of silk
 Sīlk'wēav-ér, *f.* a maker of silken stuffs
 Sīlk'wōrm, *f.* a worm that yields silk
 Sīlk'y, *a.* made of silk, pliant, soft
 Sīll, *f.* the foot of a door-case
 Sīl'la-būb, *f.* a posset made at the cow
 Sīl'ī-ly, *ad.* foolishly, simply
 Sīl'ī-něs, *f.* harmless folly, simpleness
 Sīl'ly, *a.* harmless, weak, witless
 Sīlt, *f.* mud, slime
 Sīl'vān, *a.* inhabiting woods : woody
 Sīl'vér, *f.* white hard metal ; money made
 of it : *a.* made of silver ; white : *v. a.* to
 cover with leaf-silver
 Sīl'vér-bēst-ér, *f.* who beats silver into leaves
 Sīl'vér-smīth, *f.* who works in silver
 Sīl'vér-y, *a.* besprinkled or washed with
 Sī'mār, *f.* a woman's robe [silver
 Sīm'il-ār, *a.* homogeneous, like, resembling
 Sīm'il-ār'ī-ty, *f.* likeness
 Sīm'ī-le, *f.* comparison, likeness
 Sī-mīl'ī-tude, *f.* comparison, likeness, re-
 semblance [sword
 Sīm'ī-lār, Cīm'e-tér, *f.* a kind of crooked
 Sīm'mér, *v. n.* to boil gently
 Sīm'něl, *f.* a kind of sweet cake
 Sī'mo-ny, *f.* a buying or selling church
 preferments
 Sīm'pér, *f.* a foolish smile
 Sīm'pér, *v. n.* to smile like a fool
 Sīm'ple, *f.* a single ingredient, an herb
 Sīm'ple, *a.* artless, silly ; single ; unmingled
 Sīm'ple, *v. n.* to gather physical herbs
 Sīm'ple-něs, *f.* a being simple
 Sīm'plér, *f.* an herbalist
 Sīm'ple-tón, *f.* a foolish fellow

Sīm-plīç'ī-ty, *f.* want of cunning ; folly ;
 plainness
 Sīm'plīst, *f.* one skilled in simples
 Sīm'ply, *ad.* without art, simply, solely
 Sīm'u-lār, *f.* one who counterfeits
 Sīm-u-lā'tion, *f.* hypocrisy
 Sī-mūl-tā'ne-oūs *a.* acting or existing together
 Sīn, *f.* transgression of the law of God
 Sīn, *v. n.* to transgress the law of God
 Sīnce, *ad.* before this ; because that ; ago
 Sīnce, *prep.* after
 Sīn-cēre', *a.* honest, pure, uncorrupt ; un-
 Sīn-cēre'ly, *ad.* without deceit, honestly
 Sīn-cēre'něs, } *f.* purity of mind, honesty
 Sīn-cēi'ī-ty, }
 Sīne, *f.* a geometrical line
 Sī'ne-cūre, *f.* an office without employment
 Sīn'ew, *f.* a muscle, nerve, tendon
 Sīn'ew-ēd, *a.* furnished with sinews
 Sīn'ew-y, *a.* forcible, nervous, strong
 Sīn'fūl, *a.* unholy, wicked
 Sīn'fūl-ly, *ad.* wickedly
 Sīn'fūl-něs, *f.* alienation from God ;
 wickedness
 Sīng, *v. a. & n.* to celebrate : to form the
 voice to melody
 Sīnge, *v. a.* to burn slightly, to scorch
 Sīng'ér, *f.* one who sings
 Sīng'īng-māst-ér, *f.* one who teaches to sing
 Sīn'gle, *a.* alone ; uncorrupt ; unmarried :
v. a. to take from others, to separate
 Sīn'gle-něs, *f.* purity of heart, simplicity
 Sīn'gly, *ad.* individually, only
 Sīn'gu-lār, *a.* only one, particular, single
 Sīn-gu-lār'ī-ty, *f.* distinguishing character,
 privilege
 Sīn'gu-lār-ize, *v. a.* to make single
 Sīn'gu-lār-ly, *ad.* particularly

Sĭn'ŭ-tér, *a.* bad ; left, unfair ; unlucky
 Sĭn'ŭ'tròus, *a.* absurd ; perverse [ly
 Sĭn'ŭ'tròus-ly, *adv.* towards the left, absurd-
 Sĭnk, *f.* the head of a drain : *v. a. & n.* to
 conceal, degrade, depress, diminish, sup-
 press ; to fall gradually ; to decline
 Sĭn'lěs, *a.* exempt from sin
 Sĭn'lěss-něs, *f.* exemption from sin
 Sĭn'nér, *f.* a criminal, an offender
 Sĭn'òf'fér-ing, *f.* an expiation made for sin
 Sĭ'nūs, *f.* a bay ; a fold ; an opening
 Sĭp, *f.* a small draught
 Sĭp, *v. a. & n.* to drink out of : to drink
 little at a time
 Sĭ'phòn, *f.* a pipe to convey liquors
 Sĭp'pět, *f.* a small sop
 Sĭr, *f.* a word of respect ; the title of a
 knight or baronet
 Sĭre, *f.* father in poetry
 Sĭ'rén, *f.* a goddess famed for singing
 Sĭr-nāme, *f.* a family name
 Sĭr'ĭ-ŭs, *f.* the dog-star
 Sĭr-òc'co, *f.* south-east wind
 Sĭr'rah, *f.* [*pron.* Sĭr'rà] a name of reproach
 and insult
 Sĭr'òp, or Sĭr'ŭp, *f.* juices boiled up with sugar
 Sĭr'ŭp-y, *a.* resembling or smeared with
 sirup
 Sĭs'tér, *f.* a woman born of the same pa-
 rents ; one of the same faith, nature, or
 society
 Sĭs'tér-hòod, *f.* women of the same society ;
 office or duty of a sister
 Sĭs'tér-ly, *a.* like or becoming a sister
 Sĭt, *v. n.* to be in a local position, to perch,
 to rest
 Sĭte, *f.* local position, situation
 Sĭth, *f.* the instrument of mowing

Sĭt'tér, *f.* one that sits ; a bird that broods
 Sĭt'ting, *f.* act of resting on a seat ; session
 Sĭt'u-ate, *a.* placed ; consisting
 Sĭt-u-ā'tion, *f.* local state, condition, posi-
 tion
 Sĭx, *a.* one more than five
 Sĭx'pěnce, *f.* half a shilling
 Sĭx'scòre', *a.* six times twenty
 Sĭx'tēen', *a.* six and ten
 Sĭx'tēenth', *a.* the sixth after the tenth
 Sĭxth, *a.* the first after the fifth : *f.* the
 sixth part
 Sĭxth'ly, *adv.* in the sixth place
 Sĭx'tĭ-ěth, *a.* the tenth six times repeated
 Sĭx'ty, *a.* six times ten
 Sĭze, *f.* a glutinous substance, bulk
 Sĭze, *v. a.* to smear with size ; adjust
 Sĭze'a-ble, *a.* reasonably bulky
 Sĭz'ér, or Sĕr'vĭ-tór, *f.* a rank of students
 at college
 Sĭz'ĭ-něs, *f.* glutinousness
 Sĭz'y, *a.* glutinous, viscous
 Skāte, *f.* a sliding shoe ; a fish
 Skēan, *f.* a short sword, a knife
 Skěg, *f.* a wild plum
 Skēin, *f.* a knot of silk or thread wound
 Skěl'e-tón, *f.* the human bones entire
 Skěp, *f.* a basket to carry corn, wide at the
 top and narrow at the bottom
 Skěp'tic, *f.* who pretends to doubt of all
 things
 Skěp'tic-āl, *a.* universal doubting
 Skěp'tĭ-cĭsm, *f.* universal doubt
 Skětch, *f.* an outline, a rough draught
 Skětch, *v. a.* to draw roughly, to plan
 Skew'ér, *f.* a pin to truss meat
 Skew'ér, *v. a.* to fasten with skewers
 Skĭff, *f.* a small light boat

Skil'fûl, *a.* well qualified, knowing
 Skil'fûl-ly, *ad.* with art or skill, dexter-
 ously

Skil'fûl-něs, *f.* ability, art, dexterity

Skill, *f.* dexterity, knowledge

Skill, *v. n.* to be knowing; to make a dif-
 ference

Skill'ěd, *a.* acquainted with, knowing

Skil'lěs, *a.* wanting art

Skil'lět, *f.* a small kettle or boiler

Skim, *f.* the froth or dross on boiling liquor

Skim, *v. a. & n.* to take off the skim; to
 fly quickly

Skim'mér, *f.* a ladle to take off the skim

Skim'milk, *f.* milk deprived of its cream

Skín, *f.* natural covering of the flesh; hide

Skín, *v. a.* to flay, to uncover

Skín'něd, *a.* covered with skin; uncovered

Skín'nér, *f.* a dealer in hides

Skínk, *f.* drink; pottage: *v. n.* to serve

Skínk'ér, *f.* one who serves drink [drink

Skín'ny, *a.* wanting flesh

Skín'něs, *f.* the quality of being skinny

Skíp, *f.* a light leap or bound

Skíp, *v. n.* to leap quickly, to pass

Skíp'jack, *f.* an upstart

Skíp'kěn-něl, *f.* a footboy, a lackey

Skíp'pér, *f.* a shipmaster

Skír'mišh, *f.* a slight encounter, a contest

Skír'mišh, *v. a.* to fight in parties

Skír'mišh-ér, *f.* he who skirmishes [send

Skírre, *v. n.* to run in haste, to scour; to

Skírt, *f.* border, edge, extreme part

Skírt, *v. a.* to border

Skít'tish, *a.* easily frightened; wanton

Skít'tish-ly, *ad.* unsteadily; wantonly

Skít'tish-něs, *f.* shyness; wantonness

Skrēen, *f.* coarse sieve; concealment, shelter

Skrēen, *v. a.* to protect, sift, shade, shelter

Skūe, *a.* oblique, side-long

Skūlk, *v. n.* to lurk in fear, to hide

Skūll, *f.* bone that incloses the head; a

Ský, *f.* the heavens [shoal

Ský'cól-our, *f.* colour of the sky, azure

Ský'cól-our-ěd, *a.* azure, blue

Ský'dý-ěd, *a.* coloured like the sky

Ský'ěd, *a.* enveloped by the skies

Ský'làrk, *f.* a lark that mounts and sings

Ský'light, *f.* a window in the roof

Ský'röck'ět, *f.* a sort of fire-work

Slāb, *f.* a plane of a stone; a puddle

Slāb, *a.* glutinous, thick, viscous

Slāb'bér, *v. n.* to drivel; to smear; to spill

Slāb'by, *a.* thick, viscous, wet

Slāck, *f.* a coal broken in small parts

Slāck, *a.* loose, relaxed, remiss

Slāck, } *v. a. & n.* to abate, relax, un-

Slāck'en, } bend; to be remiss

Slāck'ly, *ad.* loosely; negligently, remissly

Slāck'něs, *f.* looseness; negligence, remiss-

Slāg, *f.* dross of metal [ness

Slāin, *part. pass.* of to slay: killed

Slāie, *f.* a weaver's reed

Slāke, *v. a. & n.* to extinguish, to quench:

to be relaxed

Slām, *v. a.* to slaughter; to crush

Slān'dér, *f.* a false invective, reproach

Slān'dér, *v. a.* to censure falsely, to belie

Slān'dér-ér, *f.* who belies another [hoods

Slān'dér-ous, *a.* uttering reproachful false-

Slān'dér-ouf-ly, *ad.* with false reproach

Slāng, *pret.* of to sling

Slānk, *f.* an herb

Slānt, Slānt'ing, *a.* oblique, sloping

Slānt'ly, Slānt'wise, *ad.* in a sloping direction

Slāp, *f.* a blow with the hand open

Slāp, *v. a.* to strike with a slap
 Slāp, *ad.* with a violent blow
 Slāsh, *f.* a cut in cloth; a wound
 Slāsh, *v. a. & n.* to cut long cuts: to strike at random
 Slātch, *f.* the middle part of a rope or cable that hangs down loose
 Slāte, *f.* a grey fossil stone
 Slāte, *v. a.* to cover with slates
 Slāt'ér, *f.* one who covers with slates
 Slāt'térn, *f.* a negligent nasty woman
 Slā'ty, *a.* having the nature of slates
 Slāve, *f.* one deprived of freedom
 Slāve, *v. n.* to toil much, to drudge
 Slāv'ér, *f.* drivel, spittle
 Slāv'ér, *v. n.* to emit spittle, to drivel
 Slāv'ér-ér, *f.* a driveller; an idiot
 Slā've-ry, *f.* condition of a slave, servitude
 Slāugh'tér, *f.* destruction by the sword:
v. a. to kill with the sword, to slay
 Slāugh'tér-hōūse, *f.* place for killing beasts
 Slāugh'tér-mān, *f.* one employed in killing
 Slāugh'tér-ōūs, *a.* destructive, murderous
 Slāv'ish, *a.* base, dependent, mean, servile
 Slāv'ish-ly, *ad.* meanly, servilely
 Slāv'ish-nēss, *f.* meanness, servility
 Slāy, *v. a.* to kill
 Slāy'ér, *f.* a killer, a murderer
 Slēd, *f.* a carriage without wheels
 Slēd'dēd, *a.* mounted on a sled
 Slēdge, *f.* a large hammer; a sled
 Slēek, *a.* even, glossy, smooth
 Slēek, *v. a.* to make smooth or glossy
 Slēek'ly, *ad.* smoothly, glossily
 Slēep, *f.* repose, slumber
 Slēep, *v. n.* to suspend the mental powers by rest
 Slēep'ér, *f.* a lazy inactive drone; one who sleeps

Slēep'i-ly, *ad.* drowsily, lazily
 Slēep'i-nēss, *f.* drowsiness
 Slēep'lēss, *a.* wanting sleep
 Slēep'y, *a.* causing sleep, drowsy
 Slēet, *f.* small snow or hail
 Slēet'y, *a.* bringing sleet
 Slēeve, *f.* covering of the arm [solidity
 Slēeve'lēss, *a.* wanting sleeves, reason, or
 Sleight, *f.* dexterous practice, art, artifice
 Slēn'dér, *a.* small, sparing, thin, weak
 Slēn'dér-ly, *ad.* without bulk, slightly
 Slēn'dér-nēss, *f.* slightness, thinness; want
 Slēpt, *pret. of to sleep*
 Slēw, *pret. of to slay*
 Slēy, *v. n.* to part or twist into threads
 Slīce, *f.* a broad piece cut off; a kitchen utensil
 Slīce, *v. a.* to cut in thin pieces, to cut off, to divide
 Slīck, *a.* smooth, glossy, nitid
 Slīd, *pret. of to slide*
 Slīd'dēn, *pass. part. of to slide*
 Slīd'dér, *v. n.* to slide with interruption
 Slīde, *f.* smooth and easy passage, even course: *v. n.* to pass smoothly or inadvertently
 Slīd'ér, *f.* who or what slides
 Slīght, *f.* artifice; contempt, neglect
 Slīght, *a.* small, thin, weak, worthless
 Slīght, *v. a.* to disregard, neglect; over-
 Slīght'ér, *f.* one who disregards [throw
 Slīght'ing-ly, *ad.* with contempt
 Slīght'ly, *ad.* negligently, scornfully
 Slīght'nēss, *f.* want of attention, weakness
 Slīm, *a.* thin of shape, tender
 Slīme, *f.* any glutinous substance
 Slī'mī-nēss, *f.* glutinous matter, viscosity
 Slī'my, *a.* glutinous, ropy, viscous

Slī'něs, *f.* designing artifice [throw
 Slīng, *f.* a missile weapon for stones, a
 Slīng, *v. a.* to throw by a sling; to hang by
 Slīng'ér, *f.* who slings [cords
 Slīnk, *v. a. & n.* to cast its young; to steal
 out of the way
 Slīp, *f.* a false step; a long narrow piece;
 escape; mistake; twig; *v. a. & n.* to pass
 over; to let loose; to steal away; to slide
 accidentally; to commit a mistake
 Slīp'bōard, *f.* a board sliding in grooves
 Slīp'knōt, *f.* a bow-knot
 Slīp'pér, *f.* a morning shoe [certainty
 Slīp'pe-rī-něs, *f.* want of firm footing; un-
 Slīp'pe-ry, } *a.* glib; uncertain, unsta-
 Slīp'py, } ble
 Slīp'shōd, *a.* not having the shoes pulled up
 Slīp'slōp, *f.* bad liquor
 Slīt, *f.* a long cut; a narrow opening
 Slīt, *v. a.* to cut lengthwise
 Slī'vér, *f.* a branch cut off; slice torn off
 Slī'vér, *v. a.* to divide longwise, to split
 Slōats, *f.* parts of a cart
 Slōb'bér, *f.* flaver [to flaver
 Slōb'bér, *v. a. & n.* to wet with spittle:
 Slōe, *f.* the fruit of the black thorn
 Slōp, *f.* a small ship
 Slōp', *f.* mean liquor, puddle; trowfers
 Slōp', *v. a.* to make a puddle, to spoil
 Slōpe, *f.* slanting cut; declivity: *a.* declin-
 ing, oblique, slanting: *v. a.* to form to
 obliquity; to direct obliquely
 Slōpe'něs, *f.* obliquity, declivity
 Slōpe'wīse, Slōp'ing-ly, *ad.* obliquely
 Slōp'py, *a.* miry and wet [hard
 Slōt', *f.* the track of deer: *v. a.* to strike
 Slōth, *f.* idleness, slowness, sluggishness
 Slōth'fūl, *a.* idle, indolent, lazy

Slōth'fūl-ly, *ad.* with sloth
 Slōth'fūl-něs, *f.* idleness, inactivity
 Slōūch, *f.* one who looks heavy and clown-
 ish: *v. n.* to have a clownish look
 Slōv'én, *f.* one in careless dress
 Slōv'én-lī-něs, *f.* indecent neglect of dress
 Slōv'én-ly, *a.* negligent of neatness, nasty
 Slōv'én-ly, *ad.* in a coarse manner
 Slōv'én-ry, *f.* dirtiness, want of neatness
 Slōūgh, *f.* a deep miry place; skin; pus
 Slōūgh'y, *a.* boggy, miry, muddy
 Slōw, *a.* not swift, dull, tardy
 Slōw, *v. a.* to defer, to delay, to omit
 Slōw'ly, *ad.* not speedily, not soon
 Slōw'něs, *f.* want of speed; dulness
 Slōw'wōrm, *f.* a blind worm, a small viper
 Slūb'bér, *v. a.* to do a thing lazily, to daub
 Sludge, *f.* dirt mixed with water
 Slūg, *f.* a sort of snail, a slow lazy wretch
 Slūg'gārd, *f.* an idle fellow
 Slūg'gārd-ize, *v. a.* to make idle or drowsy
 Slūg'gīsh, *a.* dull, lazy
 Slūg'gīsh-něs, *f.* dullness; idleness
 Slūice, *f.* a vent for water, a flood-gate
 Slūice, *v. a.* to throw much water
 Slū'cy, *a.* falling in streams
 Slūm'bér, *f.* light sleep, repose [ly
 Slūm'bér, *v. a. & n.* to stupify: to sleep light-
 Slūm'bér-ōūs, *a.* causing sleep, sleepy
 Slūng, *pret. & part. of to sling*
 Slūnk, *pret. & part. of to sink*
 Slūr, *f.* a slight disgrace
 Slūr, *v. a.* to pass lightly, to cheat, to fally
 Slūt, *f.* a dirty woman; a word of con-
 tempt
 Slūt'tér-ly, *f.* the qualities or practice of a
 slut
 Slūt'tīsh, *a.* dirty, indecent, nasty

Slūt'tīsh-ly, *ad.* in a sluttish manner, nastily
 Slūt'tīsh-nēss, *f.* dirtiness, nastiness
 Sly, *a.* artful, cunning, insidious
 Sly'ly, *ad.* with secret artifice, cunningly
 Smāck, *f.* a smart kiss; a small ship: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to make a smart noise; to kiss; to
 have a particular taste or quality
 Smāll'cōal, *f.* a kind of charcoal
 Smāll', *a.* little, slender, weak
 Smāll', *f.* the small or narrow part of a
 thing
 Smāll'craft, *f.* a vessel less than a ship
 Smāll'nēss, *f.* littleness, weakness
 Smāll-pōx, *f.* a distemper
 Smāll'y, *ad.* in a little or low degree
 Smālt', *f.* a beautiful blue substance
 Smārt, *f.* a brisk active person
 Smārt, *a.* active, pungent, quick, witty
 Smārt, *v. n.* briskly, sharply
 Smārt'ly, *ad.* sharply, vigorously, briskly
 Smārt'nēss, *f.* liveliness, vigour, wittiness
 Smārch', *f.* taste, tincture, twang
 Smāt'tér, *f.* a superficial knowledge: *v. n.*
 to have a superficial knowledge
 Smāt'tér-ér, *f.* one who has a slight know-
 Smāt'tér-ing, *f.* a slight knowledge [ledge
 Smēar, *v. n.* to daub, to defile, to soil
 Smēar'y, *a.* dauby, adhesive [smoke
 Smēeth, *v. a.* to smoke, to blacken with
 Smēll, *f.* the power of smelling, odour,
 scent
 Smēll, *v. a.* to perceive by the nose, &c.
 Smēll'feast, *f.* one who haunts good tables
 Smēlt, *f.* a small sea-fish
 Smēlt, *pret. & part. pass. of to smell*
 Smēlt, *v. a.* to extract metal from ore
 Smēlt'ér, *f.* one who melts ore
 Smērck, Smírck, *v. a.* to smile wantonly

Smīck'ēt, *f.* the body linen of a woman
 Smīle, *f.* a look of pleasure or kindness
 Smīle, *v. n.* to look gay or joyous
 Smīl'ing-ly, *ad.* with a look of pleasure
 Smírck, *v. a.* to cloud, to foil
 Smírck, *a.* jaunty, nice, smart
 Smíte, *v. a.* to affect, to blast, to kill, to
 strike
 Smīt'ér, *f.* one who smites
 Smīth, *f.* one who works in metals
 Smīth'e-ry, Smīth'y, *f.* a smith's shop
 Smīt'ten, *part. pass. of to smite*
 Smöck', *f.* a woman's shirt
 Smöck'fa-cēd, *a.* beardless, maidenly
 Smōke, *f.* a sooty exhalation: *v. a. & n.* to
 emit smoke, to trouble with or hang in
 smoke: to use tobacco; to discover
 Smök'ér, *f.* one who smokes tobacco
 Smöke'lēss, *a.* having no smoke
 Smök'y, *a.* emitting or full of smoke
 Smōoth, *a.* even on the surface, flattering:
v. a. to make even or easy; to flatter
 Smōoth'en, *v. a.* to make even or smooth
 Smōoth'fa-cēd, *a.* having a soft air
 Smōoth'ly, *ad.* easily, evenly
 Smēoth'nēss, *f.* evenness, gentleness, mild-
 Smōte, *pret. of to smite* [ness
 Smōth'ér, *f.* a thick dust, a smoke
 Smōth'ér, *v. a.* to suffocate, to suppress
 Smüg, *a.* nice, spruce
 Smüg'gle, *v. a.* to import or export with-
 out paying the custom
 Smüg'glér, *f.* one who cheats the revenue
 Smüg'ly, *ad.* neatly, sprucely
 Smüg'nēss, *f.* neatness
 Smūt, *v. a.* to mark with smut, to cause
 mildew
 Smūt, *f.* mildew, soot, obscenity

Smütch, *v. a.* to black with smoke, &c.
 Smüt'ti-ly, *ad.* dirtily, blackly; obscenely
 Smüt'ti-něs, *f.* soil from smoke; obsceneness
 Smüt'ty, *a.* black; immodest
 Snäck, *f.* a share, a part taken by compact
 Snäf'fle, *f.* a bridle that crosses the nose
 Snäf'fle, *v. a.* to bridle, to manage
 Snäg, *f.* a tooth standing out or by itself
 Snäg'g, ěd, *a.* full of jags or sharp points
 Snäzl, *f.* a testaceous insect; a slow person
 Snāke, *f.* a kind of serpent
 Snāke'rōot, *f.* a medical root
 Snāk'ý, *a.* resembling or having snakes
 Snāp, *f.* act of breaking; an eager bite: *v. a.* to break at once; to catch at; to bite
 Snāp'pér, *f.* who snaps
 Snāp'drag'ōn, *f.* a kind of play, a plant
 Snāp'pish, *a.* eager to bite, peevish
 Snāp'pish-ly, *ad.* peevishly, tartly
 Snāp'pish-něs, *f.* peevishness, tartness
 Snāp'fäck, *f.* a soldier's bag
 Snāre, *f.* a gin, net, trap
 Snāre, *v. a.* to entangle, entrap
 Snārl, *v. a. & n.* to entangle: to growl like a cur
 Snārl'ér, *f.* a furly insulting fellow
 Snā'ry, *a.* entangling; insidious
 Snāst, *f.* the snuff of a candle
 Snatch, *f.* a hasty catch, a broken part, a fit, a quip
 Snatch, *v. a. & n.* to seize hastily: to catch eagerly
 Snatch'ér, *f.* who snatches
 Snatch'ing-ly, *ad.* hastily; with interruption
 Snēak, *v. n.* to creep slyly, to crouch
 Snēak'ér, *f.* a large vessel of drink
 Snēak'ing, *a.* covetous, mean, servile

Snēak'ing-ly, *ad.* meanly, servilely
 Snēak'úp, *f.* a cowardly creeping insidious scoundrel
 Snēap, *f.* a check, a reprimand
 Snēap, *v. a.* to nip, reprove, reprimand
 Snēer, *f.* scornful behaviour, contempt
 Snēer, *v. n.* to shew contempt
 Snēeze, *f.* emission of wind audibly by the nose
 Snēeze, *v. n.* to emit wind by the nose
 Snīb, Sněb, *v. a.* to check, reprimand
 Snick and Snee, *f.* a combat with knives
 Sniff, *v. n.* to draw breath audibly up the nose
 Snig'gle, *v. n.* to fish for eels
 Snip, *f.* a small cut, small shred, share
 Snip, *v. a.* to cut at once with scissors
 Snipe, *f.* a bird; a blockhead, a fool
 Snip'pēt, *f.* a small share or part
 Snip'snāp, *f.* a tart dialogue
 Snīte, *v. a.* to blow the nose: *f.* a snipe
 Sniv'el, *f.* the running of the nose; snout: *v. n.* to run at the nose; to cry as a child
 Sniv'el-lér, *f.* a foolish weeper
 Snōre, *f.* a noise through the nose: *v. n.* to breathe hard in sleep
 Snört', *v. n.* to blow through the nose like a horse
 Snöt', *f.* the discharge of the nose
 Snot'ty, *a.* full of snout
 Snōût, *f.* the nose of a beast, &c.
 Snōût'ěd, *a.* having a snout flakes
 Snōw, *f.* small particles of water frozen in
 Snōw, *v. n.* to fall in congealed flakes
 Snōw'báll, *f.* a round lump of snow
 Snōw'broth, *f.* snow melted into water
 Snōw'drōp, *f.* an early flower
 Snōw'y, *a.* white as or abounding with snow
 Snūb, *f.* a knot in wood, a jag: *v. a. & n.* to check, nip, reprimand: to sob

Snudge, *v. n.* to be idle, close, or snug
 Snuff, *f.* the useless excrescence of a candle;
 a candle's end; perverse resentment;
 tobacco powdered: *v. a. & n.* to crop:
 to scent; to draw breath; to snort
 Snuff-box, *f.* a box to hold snuff
 Snuff-fer, *f.* an instrument to crop candles
 Snuff-le, *v. n.* to speak or breath through
 Snug, *a.* close, private, fly [the nose
 Sō, *ad.* in like manner, provided, thus
 Sōak, *v. a. & n.* to drain, steep: to lie
 steeped in moisture
 Sōap, *f.* substance used in washing
 Sōap'bōil-ēr, *f.* a maker of soap
 Sōar, *f.* a towering flight
 Sōar, *v. n.* to fly aloft, to rise high
 Sōb', *f.* a convulsive cry or sigh
 Sōb', *v. n.* to cry with convulsive sorrow
 Sō'bér, *a.* sound in mind; calm, temperate
 Sō'bér, *v. a.* to make sober
 Sō'bér-ly, *ad.* coolly, moderately temper-
 ately
 Sō'bér-něs, *f.* coolness, temperance
 So-brē-ty, *f.* temperance in drink, sober-
 Sōc'cage, *f.* a law term
 Sō'cia-ble, *a.* familiar friendly
 Sō'cia-ble-něs, *f.* good fellowship
 Sō'cia-bly, *f.* conversibly [society
 Sō'cial, *a.* familiar in conversation, fit for
 Sō'cial-něs, *f.* the quality of being social
 So-cī'e-ty, *f.* company, fraternity
 Sōck', *f.* a theatrical shoe, a false stocking
 Sōck'ēt, *f.* a hollow to receive something
 Sōck'ēt-chīf-el, *f.* stronger sort of chisels
 Sōd', *f.* a clod, a turf: *pret.* of to seethe
 Sōd'den, *part. pass.* of to seethe; boiled
 Sō'dér, Sōldér, *f.* metallic cement: *v. a.*
 to cement with solder

Sōe, *f.* a large wooden vessel with hoops
 for holding water; a cowl
 So-ēv'ēr, *ad.* joined with who, what, how
 Sō'fa, *f.* a splendid seat covered with carpets
 Sōft', *a.* gentle, simple, still, tender
 Sōft', *interj.* hold! stop! not so fast
 Sōft'en, *v. a. & n.* to make soft: to be ap-
 peased
 Sōft'ly, *ad.* mildly, tenderly
 Sōft'nér, *f.* one who palliates
 Sōft'něs, *f.* quality of being soft, effeminacy
 Sō'hō'! *interj.* a form of calling to one
 Sōil, *f.* dirt, dung, earth, land, compost:
v. a. to dung; pollute, stain, sully
 Sōil'ure, *f.* stain of pollution
 So-jōurn', *f.* a temporary residence
 So-jōurn', *v. n.* to live as not at home
 So-jōurn'ér, *f.* a temporary dweller
 Sōl'ace, *f.* alleviation, comfort, pleasure:
v. a. to amuse; cheer, comfort
 Sō'lār, *a.* being of or belonging to the sun
 Sōld, *pret & part.* of to sell
 Sōld'ān, *f.* the emperor of the Turks
 Sōld'ier, *f.* one who fights for pay, a war-
 Sōld'ier-ly, *ad.* becoming a soldier [riour
 Sōld'ier-shīp, *f.* a military character
 Sōld'ier-y, *f.* a body of soldiers, soldiership
 Sōle, *f.* the bottom of the foot; a fish
 Sōle, *a.* only, single; *in law*, not married
 Sōle, *v. a.* to furnish with soles
 Sōl'e-cīsm, *f.* impropriety of speech
 Sōle'ly, *ad.* solely, singly
 Sōl'ēm, *a.* awful, grave, serious
 So-lēm'nī-ty, *f.* ceremony; grandeur, gravity
 Sōl'ēm-nī-zā'tion, *f.* celebration
 Sōl'ēm-nize, *v. a.* to perform religiously,
 to celebrate
 Sōl'ēm-n-ly, *ad.* with formal state

So-lĩç'ĩt, *v. a.* to ask; disturb, excite
 So-lĩç-ĩ-tā'tion, *f.* excitement, importunity
 So-lĩç'ĩ-tór, *f.* who petitions or acts for another
 So-lĩç'ĩ-toũs, *a.* anxious
 So-lĩç'ĩ-toũf-ly, *ad.* anxiously, carefully
 So-lĩç'ĩ-tude, *f.* anxiety, carefulness
 So-lĩç'ĩ-trěfs, *f.* she who petitions for another
 Söl'ĩd, *f.* what comprehends the whole: *a.* compact, firm, grave, sound, true
 So-lĩd'ĩ-ty, *f.* fulness of matter, firmness
 Söl'ĩd-ly, *ad.* compactly, firmly, truly
 Söl'ĩd-něfs, *f.* solidity
 So-lĩl'o-qũy, *f.* a talking to one's self
 Söl'ĩ-pěde, *f.* an animal whose feet are not cloven
 Söl'ĩ-tāire', *f.* a neck-ornament
 Söl'ĩ-tar-ĩ-ly, *ad.* without company; in solitude
 Söl'ĩ-ta-rĩněfs, *f.* solitude
 Söl'ĩ-ta-ry, *f.* a hermit; a recluse
 Söl'ĩ-ta-ry, *a.* living alone, dismal, retired
 Söl'ĩ-tude, *f.* a lonely life or place; a desert
 Sō'lo, *f.* a tune played or sung by one
 Söl'fĩce, *f.* the tropical part of the sun
 Söl'fĩ'tial, *a.* belonging to the solstice
 Sôl'vĩ-ble, *a.* may be solved [solution
 Söl'u-ble, *a.* capable of separation or dis-
 Söl-u-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* susceptibility of separation
 Sölve, *v. a.* to clear, explain
 Söl'vẽn-cy, *f.* an ability to pay
 Söl'vẽnt, *a.* able to pay debts
 So-lũ'tion, *f.* answer, explanation; separation
 Sôme, *a.* more or less, not many; certain
 Sôme'bōd-y, *f.* an indiscriminate person
 Sóm'ěr-sět, *f.* a kind of leap
 Sôme'hōw, *ad.* one way or other

Sôme'thĩng, *f.* more or less; part
 Sôme'tĩme, *ad.* formerly, once
 Sôme'whāt, *f.* something: *ad.* in some degree
 Sôme'whêre, *ad.* in some place
 Sôme'whĩle, *ad.* for a time; once
 Sôm-nĩf'e-rōũs, Sôm-nĩf'ĩc, *a.* causing sleep
 Són, *f.* a male child; descendant, native
 Són'-ĩn-lāw, *f.* one married to one's daughter
 Són'shĩp, *f.* filiation
 So-nā'ta, *f.* a tune
 Sōng', *f.* an ode modulated by the voice
 Sōng'fĩter, *f.* a finger
 Sōng'fĩtrěfs, *f.* a female finger
 Sōn'nět, *f.* a small poem consisting of 14 lines
 Sōn'nět-ěer', *f.* a small poet
 So-nĩf'e-rōũs, Sōn-o-rĩf'ĩc, *a.* giving sound
 So-nō'rōũs, *a.* giving a loud shrill sound
 So-nō'rōũf-ly, *ad.* with a high sound
 So-nō'rōũf-něfs, *f.* high and shrill sound
 Sōon, *ad.* before long; readily
 Sōot, *f.* condensed smoke
 Sôo'tér-kĩn, *f.* a kind of false birth
 Sôoth, or Sôothc, *v. a.* to calm, flatter, please
 Sôoth'ér, *f.* an appeaser, flatterer
 Sôoths'āy, *v. n.* to foretell
 Sôoth'sāyér, *f.* a fortune-teller, a predictor
 Sôot'ĩ-něfs, *f.* quality of being sooty
 Soot'y, *a.* breeding soot, black, dusky
 Sōp', *f.* bread in liquor; thing to pacify
 Sōp', *v. a.* to steep in liquor
 Sōph', *f.* a graduate who has been two years at the university: a quibbling pretender to logic
 Sō'phĩ, *f.* the emperor of Persia
 Sōph'ĩsm, *f.* a fallacious argument
 Sōph'ĩst, *f.* a professor of philosophy

Söph'ist-ér, *f.* an insidious logician
 So-phist'ic-äl, *a.* fallacious, logical
 So-phist'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* with fallacious subtilty
 So-phist'i-cate, *v. a.* to adulterate: *part.* adulterate, not genuine
 So-phist'i-cä'tion, *f.* act of adulterating
 Söph'ist-ry, *f.* a fallacious argument
 So-po-rif'e-rous, So-po-rif'ic, *a.* causing sleep
 Sör'cér-ér, *f.* a magician
 Sör'ce-rés, *f.* an enchantress, a witch
 Sör'ce-ry, *f.* enchantment, magic
 Sörd, *f.* grassy ground, turf
 Sör'did, *a.* base, covetous, filthy, foul
 Sör'did-ly, *ad.* covetously, meanly
 Sör'did-ness, *f.* meanness, niggardliness
 Söre, *f.* a place tender and painful: *a.* tender to the touch; painful: *ad.* very much
 Sör'él, *f.* a buck of the third year
 Söre'ly, *ad.* with great pain and vehemence
 Söre'ness, *f.* the tenderness of a hurt
 Sör'rél, *f.* a reddish colour; a plant
 Sör'rily, *ad.* meanly, wretchedly
 Sör'riness, *f.* meanness, wretchedness
 Sör'row, *f.* grief, mourning, sadness: *v. n.* to be dejected, to be sad, to grieve
 Sör'row-éd, *a.* accompanied with sorrow
 Sör'row-fül, *a.* expressing grief, mournful
 Sör'ry, *a.* grieved, vile, worthless
 Sört', *f.* kind, lot, part, rank, species
 Sört', *v. a.* to cull, select, separate
 Sört'änce, *f.* suitability, agreement
 Sört'ti-lége, *f.* the act of drawing lots
 Sört'mént, *f.* a parcel sorted; distribution
 Söfs', *v. a.* to fall at once into a chair
 Söt', *f.* a drunkard; a blockhead
 Söt', *v. a. & n.* to stupify; to tipple privately

Söt'tish, *a.* given to liquor, stupid
 Söt'tish-ly, *ad.* dully, stupidly
 Söt'tish-ness, *f.* drunkenness; dulness
 Söv'erèign, *f.* supreme Lord: *a.* supreme in power.
 Söv'e-rèign-ty, *f.* highest place, supremacy
 Söugh, *f.* a subterraneous drain
 Söught', *pret. & part. of* to seek
 Söul, *f.* the immortal part of man; a spirit
 Söul'less, *a.* mean, low; spiritless
 Söünd, *f.* a shallow sea; a fish; noise; probe: *a.* fast, healthy, stout; tight; *v. a. & n.* to search with a plummet; to celebrate by sound, to make noise; to play on
 Söünd'böard, *f.* that which propagates sound
 Söünd'ing, *a.* making a sound
 Söünd'ings, *f. pl.* places sounded at sea
 Söünd'ly, *ad.* heartily, rightly, stoutly
 Söünd'ness, *f.* health; rectitude; strength
 Söup, *f.* a decoction of flesh for the table
 Söür, *v. a. & n.* to make or grow discontented: to make acid or harsh
 Söür, *a.* acid; painful, peevish
 Söurse, *f.* head, origin, spring
 Söür'ish, *a.* somewhat sour
 Söür'ly, *ad.* with sourness
 Söür'ness, *f.* acidity, austereness, harshness
 Söus, *f.* a French penny
 Söuse, *f.* a pickle made of salt, water and vinegar
 Söuse, *v. a.* to steep in souse, to duck in water: to strike with sudden violence, as a bird strikes his prey: *ad.* with sudden violence.
 Söüth, *f.* where the sun is at noon; southern regions

Sôûth, *a.* southern: *ad.* from or towards the south

Sôûth-ēast, *f.* the point between south and east

Sôûth'ér-ly, *ad.* south [nal

Sôûth'érn, *a.* belonging to the south, meridional

Sôûth'érn-wòod, *f.* a plant of strong scent

Sôûth'ing, *a.* approaching to the south

Sôûth'mòst, *a.* farthest towards the south

Sôûth'wárd, *ad.* towards the south

Sôûth'wést', *f.* the point between south and west

Sôw, *f.* the female pig; a large piece of lead

Sôw, *v. a. & n.* to besprinkle, propagate, spread: to scatter seed for propagation

Sôw'ér, *f.* who sows seed; a promoter

Sôw'ings, *f.* oatmeal soured, flummery

Sôwl, *v. a.* to pull by the ears

Sôwn, *pass. part. of to sow*

Spāce, *f.* local extension, quantity of time

Spā'cious, *a.* extensive, roomy, wide

Spā'ciouf-něs, *f.* roominess

Spād'dle, *f.* a little spade

Spāde, *f.* a shovel for digging, a suit of cards

Spa-dille', *f.* the ace of spades at ombre

Spāke, *pret. of to speak*

Spān, *f.* hand's length, 9 inches, a short time

Spān, *v. a.* to measure by the hand extended

Spān, *pret. of to spin*

Spān'côunt-ér, Spān'fār-thing, *f.* a kind of game

Spān'gle, *f.* a small boss of shining metal: *v. a.* to besprinkle with spangles

Spān'iel, *f.* a dog for sport; a sneaking person

Spān'ish, *a.* belonging to Spain

Spār, *f.* a small beam: marcasite

Spār, *v. a. & n.* to bar, shut, fight: quarrel

Spār'a-ble, *f.* a sort of small nails

Spāre, *a.* lean, scanty, superfluous

Spāre, *v. a. & n.* to allow, to forgive, to emit: to be frugal

Spār'ér, *f.* one who avoids expence

Spāre'rib, *f.* the ribs of pork with little flesh

Spār'ing, *a.* frugal, niggardly, scarce

Spār'ing-ly, *ad.* cautiously, frugally,

Spàrk, *f.* a particle of fire or light; a gay lad

Spàrk'fûl, *a.* airy, lively, brisk, gay

Spàrk'ish, *a.* airy, fine, gay

Spār'kle, *f.* a small particle of fire

Spār'kle, *v. n.* to emit sparks

Spàrk'ling-něs, *f.* bright and twinkling lustre

Spàrk'ling-ly, *ad.* with twinkling lustre

Spār'rôw, *f.* a bird

Spār'rôw-hâwk, *f.* the female of the musket-hawk

Spār'ry, *a.* consisting of spar

Spāsm, *f.* an involuntary contraction, a convulsion

Spāt, *pret. of to spit: f.* young of shellfish

Spāt'tér, *v. a. & n.* to slander; to sprinkle: to spit

Spāt'tér-dăsh-ěs, *f.* covering for the legs to keep off the wet [carries

Spāt'u-la, *f.* a spreading slice used by apothecaries

Spā'vîn, *f.* a disease in horses

Spâw', *f.* a well of mineral water

Spâwl', *v. n.* to spit much

Spâwl', *f.* spittle ejected from the mouth

Spâwn', *f.* eggs of fish; offspring: *v. n.* to shed the spawn; to issue; to produce

Spâwn'ér, *f.* a female fish

Spây, *v. a.* to castrate female animals

Spēak, *v. a. & n.* to utter, celebrate: to utter articulate sounds, to harangue

Spēak'a-ble, *a.* having power to speak
 Spēak'ér, *f.* one who speaks
 Spēak'ing, *part.* conveying words, talking
 Spēar, *f.* a long pointed weapon: *v. a. & n.*
 to kill with a spear: to sprout or shoot
 Spēar'grāfs, *f.* long stiff grass
 Spēar'mān, *f.* one who fights with a spear
 Spēar'mīnt, *f.* a species of mint, a plant [lar
 Spe'cial, *a.* (*pron.* *Spēsh-sh'āl) chief, particu-
 * Spe'cial-ly, *ad.* principally
 * Spe'cial-ty, * Spe-cial'ī-ty, *f.* particularity
 Spe'cies, *f.* (*pron.* Spē'shīz) class of nature;
 money; fort
 Spe-cīf'ic, *f.* a remedy adapted to one dis-
 ease
 Spe-cīf'ic, *a.* distinguishing one sort from an-
 other
 Spe-cīf'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* according to the species
 Spe-cīf'ī-cate, *v. a.* to particularize
 Spe-cīf'ī-cā'tion, *f.* distinct notation
 Spēc'ī-fy, *v. a.* to note by distinction
 Spēc'ī-mēn, *f.* a part of the whole, a sam-
 ple
 Spē'cious, *a.* plausible; pleasing
 Spē'cious-ly, *ad.* with good appearance
 Spēck, *f.* a spot, a small discolouration
 Spēck, *v. a.* to stain in spots
 Spēc'kle, *f.* a small spot or speck
 Spēc'kle, *v. a.* to mark with small spots
 Spēck'led, *part.* full of small spots
 Spēc'ta-cle, *f.* a gazing-stock; glasses for the
 sight
 Spēc-tā'tion, *f.* regard, respect
 Spēc-tā'tór, *f.* a looker on, a beholder
 Spēc-tā'tór-shīp, *f.* the act of beholding
 Spēc'tre, *f.* apparition, phantom, spirit
 Spēc'trūm, *f.* an image lum
 Spēc'u-lār, *a.* assisting the sight, like a specu-

Spēc'u-late, *v. a. & n.* to consider attentively:
 to meditate
 Spēc'u-lā'tion, *f.* mental view, examination
 Spēc'u-lā-tive, *a.* contemplative, notional
 Spēc'u-lā-tive-ly, *ad.* ideally
 Spēc'u-lā'tór, *f.* who forms theories; a watch-
 er
 Spēc'u-la-to-ry, *a.* exercising speculation
 Spēc'u-lūm, *f.* a looking-glass, a mirror
 Spēd, *pret. & part. pass.* of to speed
 Spēech, *f.* articulate utterance, talk
 Spēech'lēss, *a.* not having power to speak
 Spēed, *f.* quickness, success: *v. a. & n.* to
 assist: to make haste; to have success
 Spēed'ī-ly, *ad.* hastily, quickly
 Spēed'ī-nēss, *f.* the quality of being speedy
 Spēed'y, *a.* nimble, quick
 Spēll, *v. a. & n.* to charm, to form words of
 letters
 Spēll, *f.* a turn at work, a charm
 Spēlt'ér, *f.* a kind of semi-metal, zinc
 Spēnd, *v. a.* to consume, expend, fatigue, waste
 Spēnd'ér, *f.* one who spends
 Spēnd'thrīft, *f.* a prodigal [gated
 Spérm, *f.* seed by which a species is propa-
 Spér'ma-cē'tī, *f.* the seed of the whale
 Spér-māt'ic, Spér-māt'ic-āl, *a.* seminal
 Spér'ma-tize, *v. n.* to yield seed
 Spēt, *v. a.* to bring or pour abundantly
 Spēw, *v. a. & n.* to cast up, eject: to vomit
 Spēre, *f.* a compass; circuit; globe; pro-
 vince
 Spēh'ic, Spēh'ic-āl, *a.* globular
 Spēh'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in form of a sphere
 Spēh'ic-āl-nēss, Spēh'ic'ī-ty, *f.* roundness
 Spēh'rōid, *f.* an oblong body [roid
 Spēh'rōid'ic-āl, *a.* having the form of a sphe-
 Spēh'r'ule, *f.* a little globe

Sphīnx, *f.* a fabled monster of Egypt
 Spīce, *f.* an aromatic substance used in sauces
 Spīce, *v. a.* to season with spice
 Spī'cér, *f.* one who deals in spice [ces
 Spī'ce-ry, *f.* commodity and repository of spi-
 Spīck and Spān, *a.* quite new
 Spī'cy, *a.* producing or abounding with spice
 Spī'dér, *f.* an insect
 Spīg'ót, *f.* a peg put into the faucet
 Spīke, *f.* an ear of corn; great nail; pointed
 iron: *v. a.* to fasten or set with spickes
 Spīke'nārd, *f.* a medical drug
 Spīll, *f.* a small quantity; a thin bar; a shi-
 ver: *v. a. & n.* to lavish, to waste: to be
 lost by shedding
 Spīlth, *f.* any thing poured out or wasted
 Spīn, *v. a. & n.* to draw out into threads; to
 protract: to exercise the art of spinning
 Spīn'age, *f.* a plant
 Spīn'āl, *a.* belonging to the back-bone
 Spīn'dle, *f.* the pin to form thread
 Spīn'dle, *v. n.* to grow thin and tall
 Spīn'dle-shānk-ed, *a.* having small legs
 Spīne, *f.* the back-bone [der
 Spīn'nér, *f.* one who spins, a long legged spi-
 Spīn'et, *f.* a small harpsichord
 Spī-nōf'ī-ty, *f.* crabbedness, thorny perplexi-
 ty
 Spīn'fēr, *f.* a woman who spins; a maiden
 Spī'ny, Spī'nous, *a.* perplexed, thorny
 Spī'rāl, *a.* winding upwards, curved
 Spī'rāl-ly, *ad.* in a spiral form
 Spīre, *f.* a curve line, a round pyramid
 Spīre, *v. n.* to shoot pyramidically
 Spīr'it, *f.* breath; courage; ghost; soul; vi-
 gour
 Spīr'it, *v. a.* to animate, to encourage, to ex-
 cite

Spīr'it-āl-ly, *ad.* by means of the breath
 Spīr'it-ēd, *a.* full of fire, lively
 Spīr'it-ēd-nēfs, } *f.* liveliness, sprightli-
 Spīr'it-fūl-nēfs, } ness
 Spīr'it-lēfs, *a.* dejected, depressed, inactive
 Spīr'it-ōūs, *a.* active, ardent; refined
 Spīr'it-ōūf-nēfs, *f.* activity, fineness
 Spīr'its, *f. pl.* inflammable liquours
 Spīr-it-u-āl'ī-ty, *f.* pure act of the soul; in-
 corporiety; that which belongs to an ec-
 clesiastic
 Spīr'it-u-āl, *a.* heavenly, incorporeal, mental
 Spīr'it-u-āl-ty, *f.* ecclesiastical body
 Spīr'it-u-āl-ly, *ad.* without corporal gross-
 ness
 Spīr'it-u-ōūs, *a.* full of spirit; distilled [jet
 Spīrt, *v. a. & n.* to stream or throw out in a
 Spīr'tle, *v. a.* to dissipate
 Spī'ry, *a.* curled, pyramidical, wreathed
 Spīfs, *a.* close, firm, gross, thick
 Spīf'fī-tude, *f.* grossness, thickness
 Spīt, *f.* an iron prong for roasting; depth of
 earth: *v. a. & n.* to put upon a spit: to
 throw out spittle
 Spīt'tāl, *f.* a charitable foundation
 Spītch'cōck, *f.* an eel cut to pieces and roast-
 ed: *v. a.* to cut to pieces and roast an
 eel
 Spīte, *f.* malice; defiance
 Spīte, *v. a.* to treat maliciously, to offend
 Spīte'fūl, *a.* malicious, malignant
 Spīte'fūl-ly, *ad.* maliciously
 Spīte'fūl-nēfs, *f.* malignity
 Spīt'tér, *f.* one who spits; a young deer
 Spīt'tle, *f.* moisture of the mouth
 Spīt'ven'óm, *f.* poison ejected from the
 mouth
 Splāsh, *v. a.* to daub with water

Splăsh'y, *a.* full of litte pools or dirty water

Splăy'fôot, *a.* having the foot turned inwards

Splăy'môuth, *f.* the mouth widened by design

Splēen, *f.* anger; melancholy; the milt; spite

Splēen'ēd, *a.* deprived of the spleen

Splēen'fūl, *a.* angry, fretful, peevish

Splēen'lēss, *a.* gentle, kind, mild

Splēen'y, *a.* spleenful, angry, peevish

Splēn'dēnt, *a.* glossy, shining

Splēn'dīd, *a.* magnificent, showy, sumptuous

Splēn'dīd-ly, *ad.* magnificently

Splēn'dōūr, *f.* lustre, magnificence, pomp

Splēn'e-tic, *a.* full of spleen; peevish

Splē'nic, *a.* belonging to the spleen

Splē'nish, *a.* splenetic

Splēnt, *f.* a hard callous substance adhering to the shank-bone

Splīce, *f.* two ropes joined without a knot

Splīce, *v. a.* to join ropes without a knot

Splint, *f.* thin wood used by surgeons

Splint'ēr, *f.* a thin piece of wood broken off:
v. a. to secure by splints, to shiver

Splīt, *v. a. & n.* to break in pieces, to divide:
to crack

Splīt'tēr, *f.* one who splits

Splūt'tēr, *f.* a confused angry speech; a bustle

Spōil, *f.* corruption; plunder; slough: *v. a.*
& *n.* to corrupt, to rob: to grow useless

Spōil'ēr, *f.* who spoils; a robber

Spōke, *f.* a bar in a wheel: *pret. of to speak*

Spōk'en, *part. pass. of to speak*

Spōkel'măn, *f.* who speaks for another

Spōn'dēe, *f.* a foot of two long syllables

Spōnge, *f.* a soft porous substance: *v. a. & n.*
to wipe out: to gain meanly

Spōng, 'ēr, *f.* a hanger-on for maintenance

Spōn'g, i-nēss, *f.* softness like a sponge

Spōn'g'ī-ōūs, Spōn'g, y, *a.* full of small interstitial holes; soft; wet

Spōnk, *f.* touchwood

Spōn'fāl, *a.* relating to matrimony

Spōn'fōr, *f.* a godfather, proxy, surety

Spōn-tā'ne-ōūs, *a.* not compelled; without labour

Spōn-tā'ne-ōūf-ly, *ad.* voluntarily

Spōn-tā'ne-ōūf-nēss, } *f.* voluntariness
Spōn-tā'nē'ī-ty, }

Spōol, *f.* a weaver's quill

Spōom, *v. n.* to pass swiftly, to foam

Spōon, *f.* a vessel used in eating liquids

Spōon, *v. n.* to sail before the wind

Spōon'fūl, *f.* as much as a spoon holds

Spōon'mēat, *f.* liquid food

Spōrt, *f.* diversion, fishing, hunting: *v. a. & n.*
to make merry: to game, to trifle

Spōrt'fūl, *a.* frolicsome, merry

Spōrt'fūl-ly, *ad.* merrily, wantonly

Spōrt'fūl-nēss, *f.* frolic, wantonness

Spōrt'īve, *a.* ludicrous, merry, wanton

Spōrt'īve-nēss, *f.* gaiety, play

Spōrts'măn, *f.* one who loves hunting, &c.

Spōt', *f.* a certain place; a blot; disgrace

Spōt', *v. a.* to corrupt; to mark, to stain

Spōt'lēss, *a.* holy, immaculate, pure

Spōt'ty, *a.* full of spots

Spōû'fāl, *a.* bridal, matrimonial, nuptial

Spōûse, *f.* a husband, a wife

Spōûf'ēd, *a.* joined in marriage, wedded

Spōûse'lēss, *a.* having lost a husband

Spōût, *f.* a wooden gutter, a water fall

Spōût, *v. a. & n.* to pour with violence: to issue out

- Sprāin, *f.* a violent extension of the tendons
 Sprāin, *v. a.* to stretch the ligament violently
 Sprāng, *pret.* of *to spring*
 Sprāt, *f.* a small fish
 Sprāwl', *v. n.* to tumble with agitation, to struggle
 Sprāy, *f.* end of a bramble; foam of the sea
 Sprēad, *f.* expansion
 Sprēad, *v. a.* to cover over; extend; propagate
 Sprēad'ér, *f.* one who spreads, publishes, divulges, or disseminates
 Sprīg, *f.* a small branch
 Sprīg'g, *y, a.* full of sprigs
 Sprīght, *f.* an apparition, a spirit
 Sprīght, *v. a.* to haunt as a spright
 Sprīght'fûl, *a.* brisk, gay, lively
 Sprīght'fûl-ly, *ad.* briskly, vigorously
 Sprīght'li-něs, *f.* briskness, gaiety
 Sprīght'ly, *a.* brisk, gay, lively
 Spring, *f.* elastic force; a season; fountain; leap; original; leak; rise; source: *v. a.* & *n.* to fire a mine; to start: to bound; to grow; to leap
 Springe, *f.* noose to catch by a jerk; a gin
 Spring'hālt, *f.* lameness in a horse's legs
 Sprīng'g, ī-něs, *f.* springing power, elasticity
 Sprīng'gle, *f.* a springe, elastic noose
 Spring-tīde, *f.* tide at the new moon, high tide
 Spring'y, *a.* full of springs, elastic
 Sprīn'kle, *v. a.* to scatter in small drops; to wet with drops of liquor
 Sprīnk'līng, *f.* a small quantity, wetting
 Sprīt, *f.* shout, sprout [gently
 Sprīt, *v. n.* to throw out, shoot, germinate
 Sprīte, *f.* a spirit, an incorporeal agent
 Sprīte'fûl-ly, *ad.* with life, vigorously
 Sprīt'sāil, *f.* sail on the boltspit
 Sprōût, *f.* a shoot of a vegetable after it is cropt [grow
 Sprōût, *v. n.* to shoot by vegetation; to
 Sprūce, *f.* a kind of American fir
 Sprūce, *a.* neat, nice, trim
 Sprūce-bēer, *f.* beer tinged with fir-boughs
 Sprūce'něs, *f.* neatness without elegance
 Sprūng, *pret. & part.* of *to spring*
 Sprūnt, *f.* any thing that is short and will not easily bend
 Spūd, *f.* a short knife
 Spūme, *f.* foam, froth
 Spū'mōus, Spū'my, *a.* foamy
 Spūnge, *f.* a sponge. See *Sponge*
 Spūnge, *v. n.* to come uninvited, to intrude
 Spūng'īng-hōûse, *f.* a bailiff's house
 Spūn'g, *y, a.* hollow like a sponge, wet
 Spūnk, *f.* rotten wood, touch-wood
 Spūr, *f.* an incitement, a post, a prick
 Spūr, *v. a. & n.* to prick with a spur, to incite: to go fast
 Spūr'gāll-ēd, *part.* hurt with a spur
 Spū'rī-ōus, *a.* counterfeit, illegitimate
 Spūr'līng, *f.* a small sea-fish
 Spūrn, *f.* insolent treatment
 Spūrn, *v. a.* to treat contemptuously, to kick
 Spūrr'īér, *f.* one who makes spurs
 Spūrt, *f.* a start or sudden fit
 Spūrt, *v. n.* to fly out with a quick stream
 Spūt'tér, *v. n.* to speak hastily, to spit much
 Spūt'tér-ér, *f.* who sputters
 Spȳ, *f.* who watches another's actions: *v. a.* to see at a distance; to discover
 Spȳ'bōat, *f.* a boat sent out for intelligence

Squāb, *f.* a couch or sofa [fat
 Squāb, *a.* thick and stout; unfeathered;
 Squāb, *ad.* with a sudden heavy fall
 Squāb/bīsh, *a.* fleshy, thick, heavy
 Squāb/ble, *f.* a petty quarrel [wrangle
 Squāb/ble, *v. n.* to debate peevishly, to
 Squāb/blér, *f.* a quarrelsome fellow
 Squā'dron, *f.* part of an army or fleet
 Squā'dron-éd, *a.* formed into squadrons
 Squāl'id, *a.* filthy, foul, nasty
 Squāl'l, *f.* sudden wind, loud scream
 Squāl'l, *v. n.* to scream suddenly
 Squāl'ly, *a.* gusty, windy
 Squā'mōis, *a.* scaly [sipate
 Squān'dér, *v. a.* to spend lavishly, to dis-
 Squān'dér ér, *f.* a prodigal waster
 Squāre, *f.* a figure, an instrument
 Squāre, *a.* having right angles, equal, stout
 Squāre, *v. a. & n.* to form with right angles;
 to adjust, to fit
 Squāre'něs, *f.* the state of being square
 Squāsh, *f.* a sudden fall; any soft thing, a
 plant
 Squāsh, *v. a.* to make into pulp; to put an
 end to
 Squāt, *f.* posture of cowering; sudden fall
 Squāt, *a.* short and thick, cowering
 Squāt, *v. n.* to sit close to the ground
 Squēak, *f.* a small quick cry [ly
 Squēak, *v. n.* to betray a secret, to cry shril-
 Squēal, *v. n.* to cry shrilly as a child
 Squēam'īsh, *a.* easily disgusted, fastidious,
 nice
 Squēam'īsh-něs, *f.* delicacy, niceness
 Squēeze, *f.* compression, pressure [press
 Squēeze, *v. a.* to press close; to crush, op-
 Squēlch, *f.* a heavy fall
 Squīb, *f.* a small pipe, or paper of wild fire;
 a puffing fellow

Squīll, *f.* sea-onion; a fish; an insect
 Squīn'an-cy, *f.* a quinsey; inflammation in
 the throat
 Squīnt, *a.* looking obliquely
 Squīnt, *v. n.* to look obliquely
 Squīnt'eý-éd, *a.* having an oblique sight
 Squīn'y, *v. n.* to squint
 Squīre, *f.* a title of gentility; an attendant
 Squīre, *v. a.* to wait upon a person
 Squīr'rél, *f.* a small animal
 Squīrt, *f.* an instrument to squirt
 Squīrt, *v. a. & n.* to throw in a quick stream:
 to prate [fly hurt
 Stāb, *f.* a wound with a sharp weapon; a
 Stāb, *v. a.* to wound mortally, or mischiev-
 ously
 Stāb'bér, *f.* a private murderer
 Stā-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* firmness, stableness
 Stā'ble, *f.* a place for horses
 Stā'ble, *a.* fixed, steady, strong
 Stā'ble, *v. n.* to dwell as beasts; to kennel
 Stā'ble-bōy, Stā'ble-mān, *f.* an ostler
 Stā'ble-něs, *f.* constancy, steadiness
 Stāb'līsh, *v. a.* to establish, fix, settle
 Stāck, *f.* a large pile, quantity or number
 Stāck, *v. a.* to pile up in ricks
 Stāctē, *f.* an aromatic, a gum
 Stāff, *f.* ensign of office; prop; stanza; flick
 Stāg, *f.* the male of the hind
 Stāge, *f.* a place for public transactions; a
 place where rest is taken on a journey;
 the theatre; a single step of gradual pro-
 gress
 Stāge-cōach, *f.* a coach that travels by stages
 Stāge'plāy, *f.* a theatrical entertainment
 Stāg'ér, *f.* a player, a practitioner
 Stāg'g'ér, *v. a. & n.* to alarm, shock: to he-
 sitate, rebel

Stäg'g,ér, *f.* a disease in horses, madness
 Stag'nant, *a.* not flowing, motionless, still
 Stäg'nate, *v. n.* to have no course or stream
 Stäg-nā'tion, *f.* an entire stop of course
 Stāid, *a.* grave, regular, sober
 Stāid'nēss, *f.* gravity, regularity, sobriety
 Stāin, *v. a.* to blot, disgrace, spot
 Stāin'ér, *f.* one who stains or blots
 Stāin'lēss, *a.* free from blots, sin or reproach
 Stāir, *f.* a step to ascend by
 Stāir'cāse, *f.* the whole nest of stairs
 Stāke, *f.* hazard, wager; a post
 Stāke, *v. a.* to defend with posts; to wager
 Stāle, *f.* a handle; a prostitute; urine:
a. long kept; corrupt, old, stinking:
v. a. & n. to wear out: to make water as a horse
 Stāle'ly, *ad.* of old
 Stāle'nēss, *f.* oldness, sourness
 * Stālk, or Stālk, *f.* a proud step; a stem:
v. n. to walk proudly or awkwardly
 * Stālk'y, *a.* hard like a stalk
 Stāll, *f.* crib for a horse or ox; booth, seat
 Stāll, *v. a. & n.* to keep in a stall: to invest, to inhabit
 Stāll'fēd, *part.* fed with dry food
 Stāll'īōn, *f.* a horse kept for mares
 Stām'ī-na, *f.* the first principles of any thing; solids of the body; threads of plants
 Stām-īn'e-ōūs, *a.* consisting of threads
 Stām'mér, *v. n.* to hesitate in speaking
 Stām'mér-ér, *f.* one who speaks with hesitation
 Stāmp, Stāmp, *f.* an instrument to make an impression; thing stamped; legal

mark; form: *v. a.* to strike with the foot; to impress a mark; to pound in a mortar
 * Stāmp'ér, *f.* an instrument of pounding
 Stānch, *a.* determined, firm, sound, strong
 Stānch, *v. a. & n.* to stop blood: to stop
 Stānch'lēss, *a.* not to be stopped
 Stānch'nēss, *f.* firmness
 Stānd, *f.* difficulty; post, station, stop
 Stānd, *v. a. & n.* to abide, to endure, to suffer: to be on the feet; to offer as a candidate; to be consistent; to persist, remain, stop
 Stānd'ārd, *f.* ensign in war; undoubted authority; settled rate
 Stānd'ārd-beār-ér, *f.* he who carries the standard
 Stānd'ér, *f.* he who stands
 Stānd'īng, *f.* continuance, station, condition
 Stānd'īng, *a.* on feet; lasting, settled
 Stānd'īsh, *f.* a case for pen and ink
 Stāng, *f.* a perch
 Stānk, *pret. of to stink:* *a.* weak, worn out
 Stān'na-ry, *a.* relating to the tin-works
 Stān'za, *f.* a staff of verses [of iron
 Stā'ple, *f.* a settled mart for goods; loop
 Stā'ple, *a.* established in commerce
 Stār, *f.* a body in the heavens; the mark (*)
 Stār'bōard, *f.* the right side of the ship
 Stārch, *f.* a kind of viscous matter made of flour to stiffen linen: *a.* formal, precise, stiff: *v. a.* to stiffen with starch
 Stār'chām-bér, *f.* a criminal and severe court
 Stārch'ēd, *a.* stiffened with starch
 Stārch'ér, *f.* one who stiffens with starch
 Stārch'ly, *ad.* stiffly, precisely

Stàrch'něs, *f.* preciseness, stiffness
 Stāre, *f.* a fixed look
 Stāre, *v. n.* to look with wonder or impudence
 Stār'ér, *f.* one who stares
 Stār'gāz'ér, *f.* an astrologer, an astronomer
 Stàrk, *a.* deep, plain, simple; stiff, strong
 Stàrk'ly, *ad.* stiffly, strongly
 Stār'lěs, *a.* having no light of stars
 Stār'līght, *f.* light by the stars
 Stār'līght, *a.* lighted by the stars
 Stār'līke, *a.* like a star; bright, pointed
 Stār'līng, *f.* a defence to piers in rivers; a bird [by stars
 Stār'rěd, *a.* decorated with, or influenced
 Stār'ry, *a.* adorned with stars
 Stār'shōt, *f.* an emission from a star
 Stàrt, *f.* act of setting out; motion of terroure: *v. n.* to move suddenly; to bring within pursuit; to set off; to shrink
 Stàrt'ér, *f.* one who shrinks from his purpose
 Stàrt'īng-ly, *ad.* with sudden fits
 Stàrt'īsh, *a.* apt to start
 Stàrt'le, *f.* sudden alarm; shock
 Stàrt'le, *v. a. & n.* to fright: to shrink; to be affrighted
 Stàrt'ūp, *f.* one who comes suddenly into notice
 Stàrve, *v. a. & n.* to kill with hunger: to perish
 Stāte, *f.* condition; grandeur; republic
 Stāte, *v. a.* to regulate, represent, settle
 Stāte'lī-něs, *f.* dignity, grandeur
 Stāte'ly, *a.* august, elevated, grand, lofty
 Stāte'ly, *ad.* majestically [fairs
 Stātes'mān, *f.* one employed in public af-
 Stāt'īc, Stāt'īc-āl, *a.* relating to weighing
 Stāt'īcs, *f.* the science of weighing bodies

Stā'tion, *f.* the act of standing; character, rank: *v. a.* to order into a certain place or post
 Stā'tion-a-ry, *a.* not progressive, fixed
 Stā'tion-ér, *f.* a seller of paper
 Stāt'īst, *f.* a statesman, a politician
 Stāt'u-a-ry, *f.* the art of carving images, a carver
 Stāt'ue, *f.* a solid representation of any living being
 Stāt'ure, *f.* the natural height of any thing
 Stāt'u-ta-ble, *a.* according to statute
 Stāt'ute, *f.* an act of parliament
 Stāve, *v. a. & n.* to break into pieces; to part; to fight with staffs
 Stāy, *f.* continue; prop, stop, ship-tackling
 Stāy, *v. a. & n.* to prevent, to prop; to stop: to continue in a place
 Stāyed, *part.* grave, fixed, serious; stopped
 Stāy'ěd-ly, *ad.* composedly, gravely, soberly
 Stāy'ěd-něs, *f.* composure, prudence, solidity
 Stāys, *f.* a woman's bodice
 Stēad, *f.* frame, place, room, use
 Stēad'fāst, *a.* constant, firm, resolute
 Stēad'fāst-ly, *ad.* constantly, firmly
 Stēad'fāst-něs, *f.* constancy, firmness
 Stēad'ī-ly, *ad.* without variation or shaking
 Stēad'ī-něs, *f.* unvaried conduct, settled state
 Stēad'y, *a.* not wavering, firm, fixed
 Stēāk, *f.* a slice of flesh, a collop
 Stēal, *v. a. & n.* to take by theft, to gain by art: to go or pass silently
 Stēal'ér, *f.* a robber, a thief
 Stēalth, *f.* the act of stealing, a secret act
 Stēalth'y, *a.* performed by stealth, clandestine

Stēam, *f.* smoke or vapour of hot liquor
 Stēam, *v. n.* to send up or pass in vapour
 Stēed, *f.* a horse [hardness
 Stēel, *f.* iron prepared, sharp weapon;
 Stēel, *v. a.* to edge with a steel
 Stēel'y, *a.* made of steel; firm; hard, un-
 merciful
 Stēel'yārd, *f.* an iron-rod to weigh goods
 Stēep, *f.* a precipice
 Stēep, *a.* approaching to a perpendicular
 Stēep, *v. a.* to dip into, to soak
 Stēe'ple, *f.* the turret of a church
 Stēep'ty, *ad.* with precipitous declivity
 Stēep'nēss, *f.* precipitous declivity
 Stēep'y, *a.* perpendicular, flanting, steep
 Stēer, *f.* a young bullock: *v. a.* to direct
 a course, to guide a passage [ship
 Stēer'age, *f.* the act of steering, part of a
 Steers'mān, Stēers'māte, *f.* a pilot
 Stēle, *f.* a stalk, a handle
 Stēl'ār, *a.* relating to the stars
 Stēl'ate, *a.* pointed as a star
 Stēm, *f.* family, race; stalk; prow of a ship
 Stēm, *v. a.* to keep back, to oppose
 Stēnch, *f.* bad smell, stink
 Stēnch, *v. a.* to make a stink
 Stēp, *f.* round of a ladder; action, gait,
 footstep [vance
 Stēp, *v. n.* to move with the feet, to ad-
 Stēp'pīng-stōne, *f.* a stone to save the feet
 from dirt, &c. [solid bodies
 Stēr'e-ōm'e-try, *f.* the art of measuring
 Stēr'ile, *a.* barren, unfruitful
 Stēr-il'i-ty, *f.* barrenness
 Stēr'il-ize, *v. a.* to make barren
 Stēr'līng, *f.* English coin; rate; standard
 Stēr'ling, *a.* pure English, genuine [tion
 Stērn, *f.* the hinder part of a ship, direc-

Stērn, *a.* severe in look, affective, harsh
 Stērn'age, *f.* the steerage or stern
 Stērn'ly, *ad.* in a stern manner, severely
 Stērn'nēss, *f.* harshness, severeness
 Stēr-nu-tā'tion, *f.* the act of sneezing
 Stēr-nū'ta-tīve, *a.* having a sneezing quality
 Stēr-nū'ta-to-ry, *a.* causing to sneeze
 Stēw, *f.* a brothel; a hot-house; a store-
 pond: *v. a. & n.* to seethe: to be seeth-
 ed slowly [estate
 Stēw'ārd, *f.* one who manages another's
 Stēw'ārd-shīp, *f.* the office of a steward
 Stīck, *f.* a small piece of wood: *v. a. & n.*
 to fasten on; to stab; to stop: to ad-
 here; to scruple [ness
 Stīck'ī-nēss, *f.* adhesive quality, glutinous-
 Stīck'le, *v. n.* to take pains; to contest,
 to trim: to play fast and loose [test
 Stīck'lēr, *f.* one who takes part in a con-
 Stīck'y, *a.* adhesive, glutinous, viscous
 Stīff, *a.* formal, rigid, stubborn [stiff
 Stīff'en, *v. a. & n.* to make stiff: to grow
 Stīff/heārt'ēd, *a.* inexorable, obstinate
 Stīff'ly, *ad.* inflexibly, rigidly, stubbornly
 Stīff'nēck'ēd, *a.* stubborn, contumacious
 Stīff'nēss, *f.* formality, hardness, obstinacy
 Stī'le, *v. a.* to conceal, extinguish, suppress
 Stīg'ma, *f.* a mark of infamy
 Stīg-māt'ic, } *a.* branded with infam-
 Stīg-māt'ic-āl, } my
 Stīg'mat'ize, *v. a.* to mark with infamy
 Stīle, *f.* steps into a field; pin of a fun-
 dial
 Stī-lēt'to, *f.* a small dagger
 Stīll, *f.* a vessel for distillation; silence:
a. calm, motionless, silent: *v. a. & n.*
 to appease, to silence: to distil; to drop:
ad. to this time, till now, continually

Stīl'la-tī'tious, *a.* falling in drops
 Stīl'la-to-ry, *f.* a laboratory; alembic
 Stīll'börn, *part.* dead in the birth
 Stīll'nēss, *f.* calmness, quietness, silence
 Stīll'stānd, *f.* absence of motion
 Stīll'y, *ad.* calmly, silently, not tumultu-
 ously
 Stīlts, *f.* walking supports used by boys
 Stīm'u-late, *v. a.* to excite, to prick
 Stīm-u-lā'tion, *f.* excitement, pungency
 Stīng, *f.* an animal's weapon; the point
 in the last verse
 Stīng, *v. a.* to pierce with a sting
 Stīn'g, ī-ly, *ad.* covetously, meanly
 Stīn'g, ī-nēss, *f.* covetousness, meanness
 Stīng'lēss, *a.* having no sting
 Stīn'go, *f.* fine old beer
 Stīn'g, y, *a.* covetous, niggardly
 Stīnk, *f.* an offensive putrid smell
 Stīnk, *v. n.* to emit stink
 Stīnk'ārd, *f.* a mean paltry fellow
 Stīnk'ér, *f.* who or what offends by the
 smell
 Stīnk'īng-ly, *ad.* with a stink
 Stīnk'pōt, *f.* a composition used in sea-
 fights
 Stīnt, *f.* limit, part, proportion, restraint
 Stīnt, *v. a.* to bound, to limit, to restrain
 Stī'pēnd, *f.* a settled pay, a salary
 Stī-pēn'dī-a-ry, *f.* one who serves for a
 stipend: *a.* having a stipend
 Stīp'tīc, } *a.* staunching blood
 Stīp'tīc-āl, }
 Stīp'u-late, *v. a.* to settle terms, to con-
 tract
 Stīp-u-lā'tion, *f.* agreement, bargain
 Stīr, *f.* agitation, bustle, tumult
 Stīr, *v. a.* to animate, to incite, to move

Stīrp, *f.* family, generation, race
 Stīr'ér, *f.* one in motion; early riser
 Stīr'rūp, *f.* an iron for a horseman's foot
 Stītch, *f.* the pass of a needle; sharp pain
 Stītch, *v. a.* to join, to sew, to unite
 Stītch-e-ry, *f.* needle-work
 Stītch'y, *f.* an anvil
 Stīve, *v. a.* to shut up close; to make hot
 Stōc-cā'do, *f.* a thrust with a rapier
 Stōat, *f.* a small stinking animal
 Stōck', *f.* linen for the neck; fund of mo-
 ney; lineage; log; quantity; trunk
 Stōck', *v. a.* to lay in store, to root out,
 Stōck'dōve, *f.* ring dove [to store
 Stōck'fīsh, *f.* a cod dried without salt
 Stōck'īng, *f.* a covering for the leg: *v. a.* to
 dress in stockings
 Stōck'jōb-bér, *f.* one who buys and sells
 Stōck'īsh, *a.* hard, blockish [stocks
 Stōck'lōck, *f.* a lock fixed in wood
 Stōcks', *f.* a wooden frame for punishment;
 the funds
 Stōck'stīl', *a.* motionless
 Stō'ic, *f.* a philosopher of the sect of Zeno
 Stōke, *f.* the body of a tree
 Stōle, *f.* a royal robe; a long vest
 Stole, *pret. of to steal* [feloniously
 Stōl'en, *part. pass. of to steal*; taken away
 Stōm'āc'h, *f.* the ventricle of digestion;
 anger; appetite, fulness, haughtiness,
 obstinacy: *v. a. & n.* to resent; to be
 angry
 Stōm'āc'h-ēd, *a.* filled with resentment
 Stōm'a-chér, *f.* an ornament for the
 breast
 Stōm'āc'h-fūl, *a.* loath to submit, peevish
 Stōm'āc'h-fūl-nēss, *f.* stubbornness, obsti-
 nacy

Sto-măc, h'ic, } *a.* relating to the sto-
 Sto-măc, h'ic-ăl, } mach
 Stōne, *f.* hard substance of the earth and in
 fruit; calculous concretions in the kidneys
 or bladder; gem; butcher's weight: *a.*
 made of stone: *v. a.* to pelt or kill with
 stones [stones
 Stōne'cūt-tér, *f.* one whose trade is to hew
 Stōne-frūit, *f.* apricots, plums, &c.
 Stōne-hōrse, *f.* a horse not castrated
 Stōne'pīt, *f.* a quarry where stones are dug
 Stōne'pīch, *f.* a hard kind of pitch
 Stōne'wōrk, *f.* what is built of stone
 Stō'ny, *a.* made or full of stones; cruel, hard
 Stōod, *pret.* of to stand
 Stōol, *f.* a seat without a back; evacuation
 Stōol'bāll, *f.* a kind of play
 Stōop, *f.* the act of stooping; a vessel of
 liquor
 Stōop, *v. n.* to bend down, sink, yield
 Stōop'ing-ly, *ad.* with a little inclination
 Stōp', *f.* a cessation of motion; point in
 writing; regulation in music; obstacle;
 prohibition: *v. a. & n.* to close up; to
 hinder; to regulate; to stand [cock
 Stōp'cōck, *f.* a pipe stopped by a turning
 Stōp'page, *f.* the state of being stopped
 Stōp'ple, *f.* which stops the hole of a vessel
 Stō'răx, *f.* a tree and gum
 Stōre, *f.* stock accumulated, abundance,
 Stōre, *a.* hoarded or laid up [plenty
 Stōre, *v. a.* to lay up, to stock, to furnish
 Stōre'hōūse, *f.* a magazine, a repository
 Stō'rī-ēd, *a.* adorned with historical pictures
 Stōrk', *f.* a bird of passage
 Stōrm', *v. a. & n.* to attack by open force;
 to rage [ous
 Stōrm'y, *a.* boisterous, passionate, tempestu-

Stōrm', *f.* assault, distress, tempest, tumult
 Stō'ry, *f.* a part of a house; history; a
 tale: *v. a.* to range in order; to relate
 Stō'ry-tēl-lér, *f.* one who tells a story
 Stōve, *f.* a place to make fire in; a hot-
 house: *v. n.* to keep an artificial heat
 Stōūnd, *f.* astonishment, sorrow; time
 Stōūt, *f.* strong brown beer
 Stōūt, *a.* brave, resolute, strong, valiant
 Stōūt'ly, *ad.* boldly, lustily, obstinately
 Stōūt'nēss, *f.* obstinacy, strength, valour
 Stōw, *v. a.* to lay in order and close
 Stōw'age, *f.* a being laid up; place to lay up
 Străd'dle, *v. n.* to walk wide
 Străg'gle, *v. n.* to be dispersed, to ramble
 Străg'glér, *f.* a rover
 Străight, *a.* not crooked, narrow, right
 Străight, *ad.* directly, immediately
 Străight'en, *v. a.* to make straight
 Străight'nēss, *f.* a being straight
 Străight'wāys, *ad.* immediately
 Străin, *f.* style of speaking; hurt; race;
 rank; song: *v. a.* to squeeze through
 something; to make tight; to constrain,
 to force; to strain
 Străin'ér, *f.* an instrument of filtration
 Străit, *f.* a narrow pass or frith; difficulty
 Străit, *a.* close; difficult, narrow, strict
 Străit'en, *v. a.* to make narrow or tight;
 to distress
 Străit'ly, *ad.* closely, narrowly, rigorously
 Străit'nēss, *f.* distress, narrowness, want
 Străit'lă-cēd, *a.* constrained, stiff
 Strănd, *f.* the verge or shore of any waters
 Strănd, *v. n.* to be driven ashore
 Strănge, *a.* foreign; new, odd, wonderful:
v. n. to be astonished; to wonder: *in-*
terj. denoting wonder

Strānge'ly, *ad.* wonderfully
Strānge'nēss, *f.* wonderfulness, shyness
Strān'g,ér, *f.* one unacquainted; a foreigner; a guest
Strān'gle, *v. a.* to choak, to suffocate; to suppress
Strān'glér, *f.* one who strangles
Strān'glēs, *f.* a disease in horses
Strān-gu-lā'tion, *f.* the act of strangling
Strān-gu-ry, *f.* a difficulty of making water
Strāp, *f.* a long slip of leather
Strāp'pā'do, *f.* a chastisement with a strap
Strāp'pīng, *a.* well-grown, bulky, large
Strā'ta, *f.* (*pl.* of *Stratum*) beds, layers
Strāt'a-g,ēm, *f.* means to deceive, artifice
Strā'tūm, *f.* a bed or layer of earth
Strāw', *f.* straw of corn; any worthless
Strāw'bēr-ry, *f.* a fine fruit [thing
Strāw'buīlt, *a.* made up of straw
Strāw'cōl-ōūr, *a.* of a light yellow
Strāw'y, *a.* made or consisting of straw
Strāy, *f.* any thing lost by wandering
Strāy, *v. n.* to deviate, to err, to wander
Strēak, *f.* a line of colour, a stripe: *v. a.* to stretch, to stripe, to variegate
Strēak'y, *a.* striped, variegated
Strēam, *f.* running water, a current: *v. a.* & *n.* to streak; to issue continually; to
Strēam'ér, *f.* a flag [flow
Strēam'y, *a.* flowing with a current
Strēet, *f.* a paved way between houses
Strēet'wālk-ér, *f.* a common prostitute
Strēngth, *f.* armament, force, power
Strēngth'en, *v. a. & n.* to animate; to confirm; to make or grow strong
Strēngth'en-ér, *f.* what gives strength
Strēngth'lēss, *a.* deprived of strength; weak

Strēn'u-ōūs, *a.* active, brave, zealous
Strēn'u-ōūs-ly, *ad.* vehemently, vigorously
Strēp'e-rōūs, *a.* loud, noisy, jarring
Strēss, *f.* force, importance, storm
Strēch, *f.* effort; extension: *v. a.* to make light; display; extend
Strēch'ér, *f.* an instrument of extension
Strēw, *v. a.* to spread by scattering
Strēw'mēt, *f.* what is scattered in decoration [etc.
Strī'æ, *f. pl.* small channels in cockle-shells
Strīck'en, *a. part. pass.* of to strike; advanced, struck
Strīc'kle, *f.* a thing to strike corn level
Strīct, *a.* accurate, exact, severe, tight
Strīct'ly, *ad.* exactly; rigorously
Strīct'nēss, *f.* exactness; severity
Strīct'ure, *f.* a slight touch upon a subject; contraction
Strīde, *f.* a long step
Strīde, *v. n.* to walk with long steps
Strīse, *f.* contention, contest, discord
Strīse'fūl, *a.* contentious, quarrelsome
Strīke, *f.* a bushel
Strīke, *v. a. & n.* to hit with a blow, to dash; to sound; to make a blow
Strīk'īng, *a.* affecting, surprising
Strīng, *f.* a slender rope; a cord; a nerve
Strīng, *v. a.* to furnish with strings; to file on a string; to tighten
Strīng'ed, *a.* having strings
Strīn'g,ēnt, *a.* binding
Strīng'lēss, *a.* having no strings [brous
Strīng'y, *a.* consisting of small threads, fine
Strīp, *f.* a narrow shred [to rob
Strīp, *v. a.* to make naked, divest; to peel
Strīpe, *f.* any variation of colour; a lash: *v. a.* to variegate with different lines

Strīp'ling, *f.* a youth
 Strīve, *v. n.* to emulate; to endeavour, to struggle
 Strīv'ér, *f.* one who strives
 Strōke, *f.* sound of a clock; a blow; touch
 Strōke, *v. a.* to rub gently or tenderly
 Strōll, *v. n.* to ramble, rove, wander
 Strōll'ér, *f.* a vagabond, a wanderer
 Strōng', *a.* firm, potent, robust, vigorous
 Strōng'f'ist'éd, *a.* having a strong hand
 Strōng'ly, *ad.* forcibly, powerfully
 Strō'phe, *f.* a stanza
 Strōve, *pret. of to strive*
 Strōw, *v. a.* to scatter, to spread. See *Strew*
 Strūck, *pret. & part. pass. of to strike*
 Strūc'ture, *f.* building, edifice; form, make
 Strūg'gle, *f.* agony, effort, labour
 Strūg'gle, *v. n.* to be in distress, to endeavour
 Strū'ma, *f.* a glandular swelling [vour
 Strūm'pēt, *f.* a prostitute, a whore
 Strūng, *pret. & part. pass. of to string*
 Strūt, *f.* a proud affected walk
 Strūt, *v. n.* to walk affectedly, to swell
 Stūb, *f.* a block, a log
 Stūb, *v. a.* to force up, to root up, to extirpate
 Stūb'béd, *a.* short and thick [pate
 Stūb'béd-nēss, *f.* a being short and thick
 Stūb'ble, *f.* roots of corn after reaping
 Stūb'bōrn, *a.* hardy, obstinate, rugged
 Stūb'bōrn-ly, *ad.* obstinately
 Stūb'bōrn-nēss, *f.* obstinacy
 Stūb'by, *a.* covered with short and thick bits
 Stūb'nāil, *f.* a nail broken off
 Stūc'co, *f.* fine plaster-work for walls
 Stūck, *pret. & part. pass. of to stick*
 Stūd, *f.* breed of horses; button for shirt-sleeves: *v. a.* to adorn with studs
 Stū'dēnt, *f.* a bookish man; a scholar

Stūd'ī-ēd, *a.* acquired by study, learned
 Stūd'ī-ér, *f.* one who studies [gent
 Stū'dī-oūs, *a.* bookish, contemplative, diligent
 Stū'dī-oūs-ly, *ad.* attentively
 Stū'dī-oūs-nēss, *f.* addiction to study
 Stūd'y, *f.* application to books; deep thought; apartment for books; attention; contrivance: *v. a. & n.* to consider attentively; to muse
 Stūff, *f.* any thing; furniture; medicine; texture
 Stūff, *v. a. & n.* to fill, to swill, to feed glutinously [meat
 Stūff'ing, *f.* relishing ingredients put into
 Stūm, *f.* wine unfermented
 Stūm, *v. a.* to renew wine by fermentation
 Stūm'ble, *f.* a blunder, a failure, a trip
 Stūm'ble, *v. a. & n.* to make to trip; to trip in walking; to err
 Stūm'blér, *f.* one who stumbles
 Stūm'blīng-blōck, *f.* cause of offence
 Stūmp, *f.* the remaining part of a joint; a block
 Stūmp'y, *a.* full of stumps; stiff
 Stūn, *v. a.* to make senseless with a blow
 Stūng, *pret. & part. pass. of to sting*
 Stūnk, *pret. & part. pass. of to stink*
 Stūnt, *v. a.* to hinder from growth
 Stū-pe-fāc'tion, *f.* insensibility, stupidity
 Stū-pe-fāc'tīve, *a.* causing insensibility
 Stū-pēn'dōūs, *a.* amazing, wonderful
 Stū'pīd, *a.* wanting sense, dull, heavy
 Stū-pīd'ī-ty, *f.* heaviness of mind, dulness
 Stū'pīd-ly, *ad.* dully
 Stū'pī-fī-ér, *f.* that which causes stupidity
 Stū'pī-fy, *v. a.* to make stupid
 Stū'pōr, *f.* a deprivation of sense
 Stū'prate, *v. a.* to ravish, to violate

Stu-prā'tion, *f.* rape, violation
 Stūr'dī-ly, *ad.* boldly, resolutely, stoutly
 Stūr'dī-nēss, *f.* brutal strength, stoutness
 Stūr'dy, *a.* hardy, impudent, stout
 Stūr'g, eōn, *f.* a sea-fish
 Stūt, Stūt'tēr, *v. n.* to stammer
 Stūt'tēr-ēr, *f.* a stammerer
 Stȳ, *f.* a place for hogs: *v. a.* to shut up in
 Stȳg, 'ī-ān, *a.* hellish, infernal [a sty
 Stȳle, *f.* manner of writing; title; pin of
 a dial
 Stȳle, *v. a.* to call, to name, to term
 Stȳp'tic, *a.* able to stop blood, astringent
 Stīth'y, *v. a.* to forge upon an anvil
 Sūb-āç'īd, *a.* somewhat sour
 Sūb-āç'rīd, *a.* somewhat sharp and pungent
 Sūb-āc'tion, *f.* the act of reducing to any
 Sūb'āl-tēr, *a.* subordinate [state
 Sūb'āl-tēr'n'ate, *a.* succeeding by turns
 Sūb'āl-tēr'n's, *f. pl.* inferior officers
 Sūb-dēa'con, *f.* an order in the church of
 Sūb-dēan', *f.* a dean's deputy [Rome
 Sūb-dī-vēr'sī-fȳ, *v. a.* to diversify again
 Sūb-dī-vīdē', *v. a.* to divide a part again
 Sūb-dī-vī'sion, *f.* the act of subdividing
 Sūb-dūcē', Sūb-dūct', *v. a.* to take away
 Sūb-dūc'tion, *f.* the act of taking away
 Sūb-dūcē', *v. a.* to conquer, to crush, to re-
 Sūb-dū'ér, *f.* a conqueror, a tamer [duce
 Sūb'jēct, *f.* one under the dominion of ano-
 ther; matter in debate or treated of:
a. placed under, exposed, liable
 Sūb-jēct', *v. a.* to put under, enslave, sub-
 mit
 Sūb-jēc'tion, *f.* a being under government
 Sūb-jēct'ive, *a.* relating to the subject
 Sūb-jōin', *v. a.* to add at the end
 Sūb'ju-gate, *v. a.* to conquer, enslave, sub-
 due

Sūb-jūnc'tion, *f.* the act of subjoining
 Sū-jūnc'tive, *a.* subjoined to something
 Sū-līm'a-ble, *a.* may be sublimed [tation
 Sūb-līm'a-ble-nēss, *f.* what admits sublima-
 Sūb'li-mate, *f.* quicksilver prepared by fire:
v. a. to raise by chemical fire
 Sūb-lī-mā'tion, *f.* a chemical operation by
 Sūb-līme', *f.* the grand or lofty style [fire
 Sūb-līme', *a.* high in style and excellence
 Sūb-līme', *v. a.* to exalt, improve; subli-
 mate
 Sūb-līme'ly, *ad.* grandly, loftily
 Sūb-līm'ī-ty, *f.* excellence, loftiness
 Sūb'lu-na-ry, *a.* terrestrial [sea
 Sūb-ma-īne', *a.* lying or acting under the
 Sūb-mérge', *v. a.* to put under water
 Sūb-mér'sion, *f.* the act of drowning
 Sūb-mīss', *a.* humble, resigned
 Sūb-mī'ssion, *f.* obedience, resignation
 Sūb-mīss'ive, *a.* submissive
 Sūb-mīss'ive-ly, *ad.* with submission, hum-
 Sūb-mīss'ive-nēss, *f.* humility [bly
 Sūb-mīt', *v. a. & n.* to let down, to refer,
 to resign; to be subject
 Sūb-mūl'tī-ple, *f.* an even part [ject
 Sūb-ōr'dī-na-cy, *f.* the state of being sub-
 Sūb-ōr'dī-nate, *a.* inferior in degree
 Sūb-ōr'dī-nate-ly, *ad.* in a regular series,
 descending
 Sūb'ōr-dī-nā'tion, *f.* state of being inferior
 Sūb-ōrn', *v. a.* to procure by false means
 Sūb-ōr-nā'tion, *f.* seducing to a base action
 Sūb-pœ'na, *f.* a writ commanding atten-
 Sūb-rēc'tōr, *f.* a rector's deputy [dance
 Sūb-rēp'tion, *f.* an obtaining by surprise
 Sūb-scrībe', *v. a.* to consent to by under-
 writing the name; to attest, to limit
 Sūb-scrīb'ér, *f.* one who subscribes

Sūb-scrīp'tion, *f.* an attestation; an under-writing

Sūb/se-quēnce, *f.* state of following

Sūb/se-quēnt, *a.* following in train

Sūb/se-quēnt-ly, *ad.* in consequence

Sūb-sēr'vet, *v. a.* to serve in subordination

Sūb-sēr/vī-ēn-cy, *f.* instrumental use

Sūb-sēr/vī-ēnt, *a.* instrumental, useful, subordinate

Sūb-sīde, *v. n.* to sink, to tend downwards

Sūb-sī'dēnce, *f.* a tendency downwards

Sūb-sīd'ī-a-ry, *a.* brought in aid, assistant

Sūb/sī-dy, *f.* an aid in money

Sūb-sīgn, *v. a.* to sign under

Sūb-sīll, *v. n.* to have means to live, to continue

Sūb-sīst'ēnce, *f.* means of support

Sūb-sīst'ēnt, *a.* having real being

Sūb/stānce, *f.* essential part; means of life; something solid; being; body; wealth

Sūb-stān'tial, *a.* corporeal; real, true

Sūb-stān'tials, *f.* essential parts

Sūb-stān-tī-āl'ī-ty, *f.* materiality

Sūb-stān'tial-ly, *ad.* really, truly

Sūb-stān'tial-nēss, *f.* firmness, strength

Sūb-stān'tī-ate, *v. a.* to make to exist

Sūb-stān-tīve, *f.* a noun betokening the thing: *a.* denoting existence, solid

Sūb/stī-tute, *f.* one acting for another: *v. a.* to put in place of another

Sūb-stī-tū'tion, *f.* a putting one thing for another

Sūb-tēnd, *v. n.* to be extended under

Sūb/tēr-fuge, *f.* an evasion, shift, trick

Sūb-tēr-rā'ne-ān, *a.* beneath the earth

Sūbt'il, *a.* cunning, piercing, refined, thin

Sūbt'il-ly, *ad.* cunningly, refinedly

Sūbt'il-nēss, *f.* artfulness, fineness

Sūbt'il-ty, *f.* cunning; nicety; thinness

Sūbt'il-ize, *v. a.* to make thin, to refine

Sūbt'le, (*properly* **Sūbt'il**) *a.* artful, sly

Sūbt'ly, *ad.* slyly, nicely, delicately

Sūb-trāct, *v. a.* to take part away

Sūb-trāc'tion, *f.* taking a sum or part away

Sūb-trā'hēnd, *f.* number to be subtracted

Sūb-vēr'sion, *f.* destruction, overthrow

Sūb-vēr'sive, *a.* tending to overturn

Sūb-vért, *v. a.* to corrupt, destroy, overturn

Sūb-vért'ér, *f.* a destroyer, an overthrower

Sūb'urb, *f.* out-part of a city

Sūc-ce-dā'ne-oūs, *a.* supplying the place

Sūc-ce-dā'ne-ūm, *f.* that which is put to serve for something else

Sūc-cēd, *v. a.* to follow in order; to prosper

Sūc-cēd'ér, *f.* one who succeeds

Sūc-cēs', *f.* a happy termination

Sūc-cēss'fūl, *a.* fortunate, happy, prosperous

Sūc-cēss'fūl'ly, *ad.* prosperously

Sūc-cēss'fūl-nēss, *f.* happy conclusion; desired issue

Sūc-cēs'sion, *f.* rightful inheritance; series

Sūc-cēs'sive, *a.* following in order

Sūc-cēs'sive-ly, *ad.* in regular order

Sūc-cēs'sive-nēss, *f.* regular continuation

Sūc-cēs'slēss, *a.* unfortunate, unlucky

Sūc-cēs'sōzr, *f.* one who succeeds to another

Sūc-cīnct, *a.* brief, concise; girded up

Sūc-cīnct'ly, *ad.* briefly, concisely

Sūc'co-ry, *f.* a plant called *wild endive*

Sūc-coŭr, *f.* aid, assistance, help: *v. a.* to assist in distress, to help, relieve

Sūc'coŭr-ér, *f.* a helper, an assistant

Sũc'cũr-lẽss, *a.* void of friends, wanting
 Sũc'cu-lẽnt, *a.* moisty, juicy [relief
 Sũc-cũmb', *v. n.* to sink under any difficulty;
 to yield
 Sũch, *pro.* of that kind
 Sũck, *f.* milk given by females
 Sũck, *v. a. & n.* to draw in, drain; to im-
 bibe; to draw the breast
 Sũck'ẽr, *f.* that draws; a young shoot
 Sũck'ĩng-bõt-tle, *f.* a bottle instead of the
 breast
 Sũc'kle, *v. a.* to nurse at the breast
 Sũck'ling, *f.* one fed by the pap
 Sũc'tion, *f.* the act of sucking
 Sũ'da-to-ry, *f.* a sweating bath, a hot-house
 Sũd'dẽn, *f.* an unexpected occurrence
 Sũd'dẽn, *a.* without noise; hasty, violent
 Sũd'dẽn-ly, *ad.* in an unexpected manner
 Sũd'dẽn-nẽss, *f.* the state of being sudden
 Su-do-rĩf'ic, *a.* provoking sweat [culty
 Sũds, *f.* lixivium of soap and water; diffi-
 Sũe, *v. a. & n.* to prosecute by law; to beg,
 entreat
 Sũ'ẽt, *f.* hard fat
 Sũ'ẽt-y, *a.* consisting of, or like suet
 Sũf'fẽr, *v. a.* to allow, bear, permit
 Sũf'fẽr-a-ble, *a.* tolerable, may be endured
 Sũf'fẽr-a-bly, *ad.* tolerably
 Sũf'fẽr-ãnce, *f.* misery, patience, permission
 Sũf'fẽr-ẽr, *f.* one who suffers
 Sũf'fẽr-ĩng, *f.* pain suffered; execution
 Sũf-fice', *v. a. & n.* (*pron.* Sũf-fĩze',) to
 satisfy; to supply; to be enough
 Sũf-fĩ'cien-cy, *f.* an adequate supply, e-
 nough
 Sũf-fĩ'cient, *a.* equal to; qualified for
 Sũf-fĩ'cient-ly, *ad.* enough
 Sũf'fo-cate, *v. a.* to choak, to stifle

Sũf-fo-cã'tion, *f.* the act of choaking
 Sũf'fo-cã-tĩve, *a.* able to choak [litan
 Sũf'fra-gãn, *f.* a bishop under a metropo-
 Sũf'frage, *f.* approbation; vote
 Sũf-fũ'ẽ', *v. a.* to spread over with tincture
 Sũf-fũ'fion, *f.* act of overspreading
 Sũg, *f.* a worm
 Sũg'ár, *f.* (*pron.* * Shũg'ár) salt of sugar-
 cane; something sweet
 * Sũg'ár, *v. a.* to sweeten with sugar
 * Sũg'ár-y, *a.* tasting with sugar; sweet
 Sũg-g,ẽst', *v. a.* to inform secretly, to hint
 Sũg-g,ẽst'ĩõn, *f.* a hint, intimation
 Sũ'ĩ-cide, *f.* self-murder
 Sũit, *f.* clothes all of a sort; courtship;
 a set; likeness; pursuit; retinue: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to fit, to accord; to be fitted
 Sũit'a-ble, *a.* according with, agreeable
 Sũit'a-ble-nẽss, *f.* fitness, agreeableness
 Sũit'a-bly, *ad.* according to, agreeably
 Sũit'õr, *f.* a petitioner; a wooer
 Sũit'rẽss, *f.* a female petitioner
 Sũll, *f.* a plough
 Sũl'lẽn, *a.* angry, gloomy, obstinate
 Sũl'lẽn-ly, *ad.* angrily, gloomily, morosely
 Sũl'lẽn-nẽss, *f.* gloominess, moroseness
 Sũl'lẽns, *f.* morose temper; gloominess of
 Sũl'ly, *f.* soil, tarnish, spot [mind
 Sũl'ly, *v. a.* to soil, spot, tarnish
 Sũl'phũr, *f.* brimstone
 Sũl-phũ're-õus, Sũl'phũr-õus, *a.* containing
 sulphur
 Sũl-phũ're-õũf-nẽss, *f.* state of being sulphu-
 reous
 Sũl'phũr-y, *a.* partaking of sulphur
 Sũl'tãn, *f.* the Turkish emperor
 Sũl-tã'na, } *f.* the Turkish empress
 Sũl'tãn-ẽss, }

Sũlt'rĩ-něfs, *f.* state of being sultry
 Sũlt'ry, *f.* hot and close
 Sũm, *f.* the whole of any thing; abstract, height
 Sũm, *v. a. & n.* to comprise, compute: to have full feathers grown
 Sũm'lěfs, *a.* not to be computed
 Sũm'ma-rĩ-ly, *ad.* briefly
 Sũm'ma-ry, *f.* abridgment: *a.* brief, short
 Sũm'mér, *f.* second season; principal beam
 Sũm'mér, *v. a. & n.* to keep warm: to pass the summer
 Sũm'mér-hõũse, *f.* a house in a garden
 Sũm'mér-sět, *f.* heel over head; high leap
 Sũm'mĩt, *f.* utmost height, top
 Sũm'mõn, *v. a.* to call by authority; to call up
 Sũm'mõn-ér, *f.* one who summons
 Sũm'mõnş, *f.* a call of authority, citation
 Sũmp'tér, *f.* a horse of state
 Sũmp'tion, *f.* the act of taking
 Sũmp'tu-a-ry, *a.* regulating the way of living
 Sũmp'tu-õş'ĩ-ty, *f.* costliness, elegance
 Sũmp'tu-õũs, *a.* costly, splendid
 Sũmp'tu-õũs-ly, *ad.* expensively
 Sũmp'tu-õũs-něfs, *f.* expensiveness
 Sũn, *f.* the luminary of the day; sunny place
 Sũn, *v. a.* to expose or warm in the sun
 Sũn'bēam, *f.* the ray of the sun
 Sũn'bēat, *part.* shone on by the sun
 Sũn'brĩght, *a.* bright as the sun
 Sũn'bũrn-ĩng, *f.* effect of the sun on the face
 Sũn'bũrnt, *part.* tanned by the sun
 Sũn'day, *f.* the Christian Sabbath
 Sũn'dér, *f.* two parts, two
 Sũn'dér, *v. a.* to divide, part, separate
 Sũn'dĩ-āl, *f.* a plane to shew time by the sun
 Sũn'dry, *a.* several, more than one
 Sũng, *pret. & part. pass.* of to sing

Sũnk, *pret. & part. pass.* of to sink
 Sũn'lěfs, *a.* wanting fun
 Sũn'lĩke, *a.* resembling the sun
 Sũn'ny, *a.* exposed to the sun; bright
 Sũn'rĩse, Sũn'rĩş-ĩng, *f.* morning
 Sũn'sět, *f.* evening
 Sũn'shĩne, *f.* the action of the sun
 Sũn'shĩ-ny, *a.* bright with or as the sun
 Sũp, *f.* a mouthful of liquor: *v. a. & n.* to drink by sups: to eat supper
 Sũ'pér-a-ble, *a.* may be conquered
 Sũ'pér-a-ble-něfs, *f.* quality of being conquerable [nough
 Sũ'pér-a-bõũnd', *v. n.* to have more than e-
 Sũ'pér-a-bũnd'ance, *f.* more than enough
 Sũ'pér-a-bũnd'ant, *a.* being more than e- [ly
 Sũ'pér-a-bũnd'ant-ly, *ad.* more than sufficient-
 Sũ'pér-add', *f.* to add more and above
 Sũ'pér-ād-dĩ'tion, *f.* act of superadding; thing added
 Sũ'pér-ãn'nu-ate, *v. a. & n.* to impair or disqualify by age [years
 Sũ'pér-ãn'nu-ã'tion, *f.* disqualification by
 Su-pérb', *a.* grand, pompous
 Sũ'pér-cãr'go, *f.* an officer to manage trade
 Sũ'pér-cĩl'ĩ-õũs, *a.* arbitrary, haughty
 Sũ'pér cĩl'ĩ-õũs-něfs, *f.* haughtiness
 Sũ'pér-crěf'cěnce, *f.* what grows on another growing thing
 Sũ'pér-ēm'ĩn-ěnce, *f.* uncommon degree of eminence
 Sũ'pér-ēm'ĩn-ěnt, *a.* eminent in a high degree
 Sũ'pér-ěr'o-gate, *v. n.* to do more than duty
 Sũ'pér-ěr'o-gã'tion, *f.* a doing more than duty
 Sũ'pér-ěr'o-ga-to-ry, *a.* beyond strict duty
 Sũ'pér-ěx'cěl-lěnt, *a.* excellent in a high degree

Sū'pér-fĩ/cĩ-ēs, *f.* outside, surface
 Sū'pér-fĩ'cial, *a.* on the surface; shallow
 Sū'pér-fĩ'cial-ly, *ad.* without going deep
 Sū'pér-fĩç-ĩ-āl'ĩ-ty, *f.* a being superficial
 Sū'pér-fĩ'cial-nēs, *f.* slight knowledge, shallowness
 Sū'pér-fĩnē', *a.* eminently fine
 Sū'pér-flū'ĩ-ty, *f.* more than enough
 Su-pér'flu-ous, *a.* more than enough
 Su-pér'flu-ous-nēs, *f.* a being superfluous
 Sū'pér-flūx, *f.* what is more than is wanted
 Sū'pér-ĩn-cũm'bēnt, *a.* lying on the top of something else [tion
 Sū'pér-ĩn-dũce', *v. a.* to bring in as an addi-
 Sū'pér-ĩn-dũc'tion, *f.* act of superinducing
 Sū'pér-ĩn-tēnd', *v. a.* to oversee, to overlook
 Sū'pér-ĩn-tēnd'ēn-cy, *f.* act of overseeing
 Sū'pér-ĩn-tēnd'ēnt, *f.* one who superintends
 Sū'pē-rĩ-ōr'ĩ-ty, *f.* a being higher, &c.
 Su-pē'rĩ-ōur, *f.* one more excellent
 Su-pē'rĩ-ōur, *a.* greater, higher, preferable
 Su-pér'la-tĩve, *a.* expressing the highest degree
 Su-pér'la-tĩve-ly, *ad.* in the highest degree
 Su-pér'la-tĩve-nēs, *f.* the state of being in the highest degree
 Sū'pér-lũ'nār, *a.* above the moon
 Su pér'nāl, *a.* locally above us
 Sū'pér-nāt'ur-āl, *a.* above nature
 Sū'pér-nāt'ur-āl-ly, *ad.* in a supernatural manner [number
 Sū'pér-nũ'me-ra-ry, *a.* being above a stated
 Sū'pér-scribē', *v. a.* to write upon the top or outside [top or outside
 Sū'pér-scrip'tion, *f.* what is written on the
 Sū'pér-sēde', *v. a.* to make void; to set aside
 Sū'pér-sē-de-ās, *f.* a writ in law

Sū'pér-stĩ'tion, *f.* false devotion or religion
 Sū'pér-stĩ'tious, *a.* addicted to superstition
 Sū'pér-stĩ'tious-ly, *ad.* in a superstitious manner
 Sū'pér-strũct', *v. a.* to build upon any thing
 Sū'pér-strũc'tion, *f.* an edifice raised upon any thing
 Sū'pér-strũc'tive, *a.* built on any thing
 Sū'pér-strũc'ture, *f.* which is built upon another
 Sū'pér-vēnē', *v. n.* to come extraneously
 Sū'pér-vē'nĩ-ēnt, *a.* additional
 Sū'pér vēn'tion, *f.* a coming upon suddenly
 Sū'pér-vĩfē', *v. a.* to intend, overlook
 Sū'pér-vĩf'ōr, *f.* an inspector, an overseer
 Sū'pér-vĩve', *v. n.* to over-live, to outlive
 Sū'pine, *f.* a verbal noun in grammar
 Su-pĩnē', *a.* with the face up; careless, indolent
 Su-pĩnē'ly, *ad.* indolently
 Su-pĩnē'nēs, *f.* carelessness, drowsiness
 Sūp'pér, *f.* evening meal
 Sūp'pér-lēs, *a.* without a supper
 Sūp plānt', *v. a.* to disgrace by craft
 Sūp-plānt'ér, *f.* one who supplants
 Sūp'ple, *a.* fawning, pliant, soft, yielding
 Sūp'ple, *v. a. & n.* to make or grow soft
 Sūp'ple-mēnt, *f.* addition to supply defects
 Sūp'ple-mēnt'āl, } *a.* additional
 Sūp'ple-mēnt'a-ry, }
 Sūp'ple-nēs, *f.* readiness to take any form
 Sūp'plĩ-ānt, *f.* an humble petitioner
 Sūp'plĩ-ānt, *a.* beseeching, entreating
 Sūp'plĩ-cānt, *f.* a submissive petitioner
 Sūp'plĩ-cate, *v. n.* to entreat, implore
 Sūp'plĩ-cā'tion, *f.* humble petition
 Sūp'plĩ', *f.* relief of want, aid, support: *v. e.*
 to serve instead: fill up, relieve

Sŭp-pōrt', *f.* maintenance; prop; supply
 Sŭp-pōrt', *v. a.* to bear up, prop, sustain
 Sŭp-pōrt'a-ble, *a.* tolerable, to be endured
 Sŭp-pōrt'a-ble-nēss, *f.* state of being tolerable
 Sŭp-pōrt'ānce, *f.* maintenance, support
 Sŭp-pōrt'ēr, *f.* who supports, a defender; prop
 Sŭp-pōs'a-ble, *a.* may be supposed
 Sŭp-pōs'āl, *f.* position without proof
 Sŭp-pōse', *v. a.* to lay down without proof, to imagine
 Sŭp-po-si'tion, *f.* something supposed or laid down
 Sŭp-po-si-ti'tious, *a.* not genuine
 Sŭp-prēss', *v. a.* to conceal; crush, subdue
 Sŭp-prēss'ion, *f.* the act of suppressing
 Sŭp-prēss'ōr, *f.* who suppresses [ter
 Sŭp'pu-rate, *v. a.* to generate or grow to maturity
 Sŭp'pu-rā'tion, *f.* the ripeness of matter
 Sŭp'pu-ra-tive, *a.* generating pus, digestive
 Sŭp-pu-tā'tion, *f.* account, computation
 Su-prēm'a-cy, *f.* height of authority
 Su-prēme', *a.* highest in authority
 Su-prēme'ly, *ad.* in the highest degree
 Sŭr'ād-dī'tion, *f.* something added to the name [rity
 Sŭr'ānce, *f.* (*pron.* Shŭr'ānce) warrant, security
 Sŭr-cēase', *f.* cessation, stop
 Sŭr-cēase', *v. a. & n.* to leave off: to be at the end
 Sŭr-chārgē', *f.* overburden
 Sŭr-chārgē', *v. a.* to overcharge or load
 Sŭr'cīn-gle, *f.* a girdle of a cassock; a girth
 Sŭr'cle, *f.* a shoot, twig
 Sŭrd, *a.* deaf; unheard; not expressed by any term
 Sure, *a.* (*pron.* * Shŭre) certain, firm, safe
 * Sure, *ad.* surely

* Sŭre'fōot'ēd, *a.* treading firmly
 * Sure'ly, *ad.* certainly, undoubtedly
 * Sure'nēss, *f.* certainty [another
 * Sure'ti-shīp, *f.* an act of being bound for
 * Sure'ty, *f.* security against loss; bondsman
 Sŭr'face, *f.* superficies, outside
 Sŭr'feit, *f.* sickness got by overfulness
 Sŭr'feit, *v. a.* to make sick by eating, &c.
 Sŭr'feit-ēr, *f.* one who riots, a glutton
 Sŭr'feit-wā-tēr, *f.* water to cure surfeits
 Sŭrge, *f.* a swelling sea: *v. n.* to rise high, to swell [ration
 Sŭr'g,eōn, *f.* one who cures by manual operation
 Sŭr'g,e-ry, *f.* the art or shop of a surgeon
 Sŭr'g,y, *a.* rising in billows
 Sŭr'lī-ly, *ad.* in a morose manner
 Sŭr'lī-nēss, *f.* moroseness, sour anger
 Sŭr'ly, *a.* morose, rough, sour
 Sŭr-mīse', *f.* imperfect notion, suspicion
 Sŭr-mīse, *v. a.* to imagine, to suspect
 Sŭr-mōūnt', *v. a.* to overcome, to surpass
 Sŭr-mōūnt'a-ble, *a.* conquerable
 Sŭr-name, *f.* the family name: *v. a.* to name by an appellation added
 Sŭr-pāss', *v. a.* to exceed, excel
 Sŭr-pāss'īng, *a.* excelling in a high degree
 Sŭr-plīce, *f.* a minister's white garment
 Sŭr'plūs, *f.* overplus
 Sŭr-prī'āl, Sŭr-prīse', *f.* sudden perplexity
 Sŭr-prīse', *v. a.* to take unawares, to perplex
 Sŭr-prīf'īng, *a.* wonderful
 Sŭr-prīf'īng-ly, *ad.* wonderfully
 Sŭr-rēn'dér, *v. a. & n.* to yield up: to give one's self up [ing
 Sŭr-rēn'dér, Sŭr-rēn'dry, *f.* the act of yielding
 Sŭr-rēp'tion, *f.* sudden invasion, surprise
 Sŭr-rēp tī'tious, *a.* done by stealth

Sūr-rēp-tī'tious-ly, *ad.* by stealth
 Sūr'ro-gate, *f.* a delegate, a deputy
 Sūr-rōund', *v. a.* to encompass, to environ
 Sūr-sōl'id, *f.* fourth power
 Sūr-tōut', *f.* a large upper coat
 Sūr-vēne', *v. n.* to be added, to supervene
 Sūr'vêy, *f.* measure, prospect, view
 Sūr-vêy', *v. a.* to overlook, oversee, view
 Sūr-vêy'ôr, *f.* a measurer; an overseer
 Sūr-vêy'ôr ship, *f.* the office of a surveyor
 Sūr-vive', *v. n.* to live after, to outlive
 Sūr-viv'ér, } *f.* who outlives another
 Sūr-viv'ôr, }
 Sūr-viv'ôr-ship, *f.* state of surviving
 Sūs-cēp'tī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* quality of admitting
 Sūs-cēp'tī-ble, *a.* capable of admitting
 Sūs-cēp'tive, *a.* capable to admit
 Sūs-cīp'ī-ēnt, *f.* who admits or receives
 Sūs-pēct', *v. a.* to imagine guilty without
 proof; to hold uncertain
 Sūs-pēnd', *v. a.* to put off, to delay, to hang
 Sūs-pēse', *a.* delay, stop; uncertainty
 Sūs-pēse', *a.* holden in doubt, kept from
 proceeding
 Sūs-pēn'sion, *f.* a hanging up; a ceasing
 for a time; the being suspended from an
 office
 Sūs-pēn'so-ry, *a.* in a suspended state, that
 by which a thing hangs
 Sūs-pī'cion, *f.* the act of suspecting
 Sūs-pī'cious, *a.* inclined or liable to suspi-
 cion
 Sūs-pī'ciouf-ly, *ad.* with suspicion
 Sūs-pī'ciouf nēss, *f.* tending to suspicion
 Sūs-pī-rā'tion, *f.* a deep sigh
 Sūs-pīre', *v. n.* to breathe hard, to sigh
 Sūs-tāin', *v. a.* to bear, to help, to prop
 Sūs-tāin'a-ble, *a.* may be sustained

Sūs-tāin'ér, *f.* one who sustains, a sufferer
 Sūs'te nānce, *f.* use of food, maintenance
 Sūs'tēn tā'tion, *f.* maintenance, support
 Sūt'lér, *f.* one who sells provisions
 Sūt'tle, *f.* neat weight of commodities
 Sū'ture, *f.* a sewing of wounds
 Swāb', *f.* an ordinary mop
 Swāb', *v. a.* to clean with a swab
 Swāb'bér, *f.* a mopper of decks
 Swād'dle, *f.* clothes bound round the body
 Swād'dle, *v. a.* to bind round, to cudgel, to
 swathe
 Swād'dlīng-bānd, *f.* a cloth for a new-born
 child
 Swāg, *v. n.* to sink down by its weight
 Swāg'g'ér, *v. n.* to boast, bluster, bully
 Swāg'g'ér-ér, *f.* a blusterer, a bully
 Swāg'g'y, *a.* hanging down heavily
 Swāin, *f.* a pastoral youth; a young man
 Swāl'lōw, *f.* a small bird; throat; voracity:
v. a. to take down the throat; to take in
 Swām, *pret. of to swim*
 Swāmp, *f.* a bog, fen, marsh
 Swāmp'y, *a.* boggy, fenny
 Swān', *f.* a large water-fowl
 Swān'skīn, *f.* a fine flannel
 Swāp', *v. a.* to exchange: *ad.* with violence
 Swārd', *f.* surface of the ground; skin of ba-
 Swāre, *pret. of to swear* [con
 Swārm', *f.* a crowd, a multitude: *v. n.* to
 breed in multitudes, to crowd
 Swārth', *a.* gloomy, tawny
 Swārth'ī-ly, *ad.* tawnily; blackly
 Swārth'ī-nēss, *f.* tawniness, darkness of com-
 plexion
 Swārth'y, *a.* dark of complexion
 Swāsh', *v. n.* to make a great noise
 Swātch', *f.* a swathe

Swáth, *f.* line of grass cut down; a fillet
 Swāthe, *v. a.* to bind with rollers
 Swāy, *f.* influence, power, rule: *v. a.* to hang heavy, direct, govern
 Sweār, *v. n.* to declare an oath; put to oath
 Sweār'ér, *f.* who swears wantonly
 Swēat, *f.* matter from the pores; toil: *v. a. & n.* to emit sweat; to drudge
 Swēat'y, *a.* moist with sweat; laborious
 Swēep, *f.* direction of motion, destruction: *v. a. & n.* to cleanse with a besom; to fetch a long stroke; to rub over: to pass with pomp
 Swēep'ings, *f.* what is swept away
 Swēep'stake, *f.* that wins all
 Swēep'nēt, *f.* a very large net
 Swēep'y, *a.* passing with speed and violence
 Swēet, *f.* word of love; perfume, sweetness
 Swēet, *a.* grateful to the taste, smell, ear or eye; mild; soft; not stale; fresh
 Swēet'brēad, *f.* the pancreas of a calf
 Swēet'brī-ār, *f.* a fragrant shrub
 Swēet'en, *v. a. & n.* to palliate; to make sweet: to become sweet
 Swēet'en-ér, *f.* what sweetens
 Swēet'heart, *f.* a lover or mistress
 Swēet'ing, *f.* word of endearment; fine apple
 Swēet'ish, *a.* somewhat sweet
 Swēet'ly, *ad.* in a sweet manner
 Swēet'mēat, *f.* fruit preserved with sugar
 Swēet'nēs, *f.* the quality of being sweet
 Swēet'will'iam, *f.* the name of a flower
 Swēet'wil'lōw, *f.* gale, or Dutch myrtle
 Swēll, *f.* extension of bulk; anger; increase
 Swēll, *v. a. & n.* to make bigger: to grow proud or angry, to grow bigger

Swēll'ing, *f.* place or thing swelled
 Swēl'tér, *v. a. & n.* to dry up: to be pained with heat
 Swēlt'ry, *a.* suffocating with heat, very hot
 Swēpt, *pret. & part. pass.* of to sweep
 Swérd, *v. n.* to breed a green turf
 Swérve, *v. n.* to climb; deviate, bend, wander
 Swīft, *a.* nimble, speedy
 Swīft'ly, *ad.* fleetly, nimbly, quickly
 Swīft'nēs, *f.* nimbleness, rapidity
 Swīg, *v. n.* to drink by large draughts
 Swill, *f.* a luxurious draught
 Swill, *v. a.* to drink luxuriously, to inebriate
 Swill'ér, *f.* a luxurious drinker
 Swīm, *f.* a bladder of fishes
 Swīm, *v. n.* to float on water, to glide along
 Swīm'mér, *f.* one who swims
 Swīm'ming-ly, *ad.* without obstruction
 Swīne, *f.* a hog, a pig
 Swīne'hérd, *f.* a keeper of swine [ty
 Swīng, *f.* having motion; unrestrained liber-
 Swīng, *v. a.* to wave loosely in the air
 Swīnge, *f.* a sweep of any thing; a sway
 Swīnge, *v. a.* to punish, whip, bastinado
 Swīng'ér, *f.* one who swings; a hurrier
 Swīng'ing, *a.* great, huge
 Swīng'ing-ly, *ad.* greatly, vastly
 Swīn'gle, *v. n.* to dangle, to wave hanging
 Swīn'ish, *a.* resembling swine, gross
 Swīnk, *v. a. & n.* to over-labour: to toil,
 Swītch, *f.* a flexible small twig [drudge
 Swītch, *v. a.* to jerk, to lash
 Swīv'el, *f.* a thing to turn upon
 Swōb'bér, *f.* a term at cards; a sweeper of the deck. See Swāb'bér
 Swōlen, or Swōln', *part. pass.* of to swell
 Swōon, *f.* a fainting fit: *v. n.* to faint

Swôop, *f.* the fall of a bird of prey: *v. n.*
 to fall at once, to catch up
 Swöp', *v. a.* to change one thing for another
 Swôrd, *f.* vengeance of justice; a weapon
 Swôrd'knôt, *f.* a ribbon on a sword hilt
 Swôrd'lâw, *f.* violence
 Swôrd'mân, *f.* a fighting man, a fencer, a
 Swôre, *pret. of to swear* [soldier
 Swôrn, *part. pass. of to swear*; qualified by
 Swûm, *pret. & part. of to swim* [oath
 Swûng, *pret. & part. pass. of to swing*
 Sÿc'a-more, *f.* a tree
 Sÿc'o-phânt, *f.* a flatterer, a parasite
 Sÿc'o-phân'tic, *a.* flattering, parasitical
 Sÿl'lăb'ic, *a.* relating to syllables
 Sÿll-ăb'ic-ăl, *a.* consisting of syllables
 Sÿl'la-ble, *f.* an articulation in a word
 Sÿl'la-ble, *v. a.* to utter distinctly; to spell
 Sÿl'la-bûb, *f.* milk and acids
 Sÿl'la-bûs, *f.* the head of a lecture; abstract
 Sÿl'lo-g'ism, *f.* an argument of three propo-
 sitions
 Sÿl'lo-g'ist'ic-ăl, *a.* pertaining to, or con-
 sisting of a syllogism
 Sÿl'lo-g'ize, *v. n.* to argue syllogistically
 Sÿlph, *f.* a fairy-nymph
 Sÿl'vân, *f.* a wood-god or satyr
 Sÿl'vân, *a.* belonging to the woods, woody
 Sÿm'bôl, *f.* abstract; creed; emblem, type
 Sÿm-bôl'ic-ăl, *a.* expressing by signs, typical
 Sÿm-bôl'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* typically
 Sÿm'bôl-î-ză'tion, *f.* representation
 Sÿm'bôl-ize, *v. a.* to represent, to resemble
 Sÿm-mêt'rî-căl, *a.* proportionate
 Sÿm'me-trîst, *f.* one very studious of propor-
 tion
 Sÿm'me-try, *f.* harmony, proportion
 Sÿm'pa-thêt'ic, *a.* having mutual sensation

Sÿm'pa-thêt'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* with sympathy
 Sÿm'pa-thize, *v. n.* to feel with another
 Sÿm'pa-thy, *f.* fellow-feeling, compassion
 Sÿm-phō'nî-ous, *a.* harmonious
 Sÿm'pho-ny, *f.* harmony of sounds
 Sÿm-pō'f'î-ăc, *a.* relating to merry-makings
 Sÿmp'tôm, *f.* indication, sign, token
 Sÿmp-tôm-ăt'ic } *a.* happening con-
 Sÿm-tôm-ăt'ic-ăl, } currently
 Sÿmp-tôm-ăt'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* in the nature of
 a symptom
 Sÿn'a-gogue, *f.* a place of Jewish worship
 Sÿn'a-lē-pha, *f.* contraction or excision of a
 syllable
 Sÿn'c,hro-nîsm, *f.* concurrence of events
 Sÿn'co-pe, *f.* cutting off part of a word
 Sÿn'co-pîst, *f.* one who contracts words
 Sÿn'dî-cate, *v. a.* to censure, to judge
 Sÿ-nēc'do-c'he, *f.* a part of the whole, &c.
 Sÿn'ôd, *f.* an ecclesiastical assembly
 Sÿn-ôd'ic-ăl, *a.* relating to a synod
 Sÿn-ôd'ic-ăl-ly, *ad.* by authority of a synod
 Sy-nôn'y-ma, *f.* names which signify the same
 thing
 Sy-nôn'o-mîse, *v. a.* to express by different
 words
 Sy-nôn'y-môus, *a.* of the same signification
 Sy-nôp'sîs, *f.* general view of all parts
 Sy-nôp'tic-ăl, *a.* shewing many parts at once
 Syn-tăc'tic-ăl, *a.* relating to syntax
 Syn'tăx, *f.* construction of words; system
 Syn-thē'sîs, *f.* act of joining
 Syn-thêt'ic-ăl, *a.* compounding, conjoining
 Sÿ phôn, *f.* pipe, tube
 Syr'înge, *f.* a pipe to squirt liquor
 Syr'înge, *v. a.* to wash with a syringe
 Syr'tîs, *f.* a quicksand; a bog
 Sÿs'tēm, *f.* method, scheme, theory

Sýf-tēm-āt'ic-āl, *a.* methodical
 Sýf-tēm-āt'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* in form of a system
 Sýf'tole, *f.* contraction of the heart;
 [in grammar] shortening a long syllable

T

Tāb'by, *f.* a kind of waved silk
 Tāb'by, *a.* brinded, brindled
 Tāb'ér-na-cle, *f.* a temporary place of wor-
 Tāb'id, *a.* walled by degrees [ship
 Tāb'la-ture, *f.* painting on walls or ceilings
 Tā-ble, *f.* any flat surface; index, synop-
 sis: *v. a. & n.* to set down in a cata-
 logue: to board
 Tā'ble-bēer', *f.* small beer
 Tā'ble-bōok, *f.* a book to grave or note on
 Tā'ble-clōth, *f.* a linen-cloth spread on the
 table
 Tā'blér, *f.* one who boards
 Tā'bleš, *f. pl.* used for back-gammon
 Tā'ble-tālk, *f.* unconnected conversation
 Tāb'lēt, *f.* a medicine in a square form;
 a small level surface
 Tā'bōūr, *f.* a small drum beaten with one
 stick
 Tā'bōūr, *v. a.* to strike lightly, and fre-
 quently
 Tā'bōūr-ér, *f.* who beats a tabour
 Tāb'ōūr-ēt', *f.* a tabour; a small drum
 Tāb'u-lār, *a.* formed in squares or plates
 Tāb'u-lat-ēd, *a.* having a flat surface
 Tāc'h'e, *f.* a catch, loop, button
 Tāç'it, *a.* implied, silent sion
 Tāç'it-ly, *ad.* silently, without oral expres-
 Tāç'i-tūr'nī-ty, *f.* habitual silence
 Tāck, *f.* a small nail, a turn of a ship:
v. a. to turn about; to fasten, join

Tāc'kle, *f.* ropes of a ship; instruments,
 weapons
 Tāck'lēd, *a.* made of ropes tacked together
 Tāck'līng, *f.* furniture of the mast; im-
 plements
 Tāc'tic, *a.* relating to the art of war
 Tāc'tics, *f. pl.* the art of ranging in order
 of battle
 Tāc'tile, *a.* that may be touched; sus-
 ceptible of touch
 Tāc'tion, *f.* the act of touching
 Tād'pōle, *f.* a young frog or toad
 Tā'en, poetical contraction for *taken*
 Tāf'fe-ta, *f.* a thin silk
 Tāg, *f.* metal at the end of a lace; paltry
 Tāg, *v. a.* to fix on a tag [sum
 Tāg'tāil, *f.* a kind of worm
 Tāil, *f.* the lower part; hinder part
 Tāil, *v. a.* to pull by the tail
 Tāil'óc, *f.* one who makes mens clothes
 Tāint, *f.* a blemish; an infection; a tincture
 Tāint, *v. a.* to corrupt, infect, sully
 Tāint'lēšs, *a.* free from taint
 Tāint'ure, *f.* tinge, taint; defilement
 Tāke, *v. a. & n.* to hire; receive; fix;
 seize; to suppose; please: to gain re-
 Tāk'en, *part. pass.* of *to take* [ception
 Tāk'ér, *f.* one who takes
 Tāk'ing, *f.* difficulty, distress, seizure
 Tāil'bōt, *f.* a spotted dog, with a turned up
 Tāle, *f.* a story; number reckoned [tail
 Tāle'beār-ér, *f.* an officious informer
 Tāle'beār-ing, *f.* the act of informing
 Tā'ēnt, *f.* a certain weight or sum; a gift
 Tā'is-mān, *f.* a magical character
 Tā'is-mān-ic, *a.* magical
 Tā/k', *f.* conversation, discourse, rumour
 Tā/k, *v. n.* to prattle, relate, reason

Tâ/k'a-tive, *a.* full of prat or talk
Tâ/k'a-tive-něs, *f.* talkative quality
Tâ/k'ér, *f.* a boasting person, a prater
Tâ/k'y, *a.* consisting of talk; mineral
Tâll, *a.* high in stature; lofty, lusty
Tâl/lōw, *f.* the fat of an animal: *v. a.* to grease with tallow [candles
Tâl/lōw-chând-lér, *f.* a maker of tallow
Tâl/ly, *f.* two sticks equally notched; what fits: *v. a. & n.* to suit, to fit: to be fitted
Tâl/ly-măn, *f.* one who sells for weekly payment
Tâl/mũd, *f.* a book of Jewish traditions
Tâl'něs, *f.* height of stature; procerity
Tâl'ón, *f.* a claw of a bird of prey
Tâm'a-rĩnd, *f.* a sour Indian fruit
Tame, *a.* not wild, spiritless, subdued
Tame, *v. a.* to make gentle, to subdue
Tame'a-ble, *a.* that may be tamed
Tame'ly, *ad.* without resistance, meanly
Tame'něs, *f.* quality of being tame
Tâm'ér, *f.* conqueror, subduer
Tâm'ĩ-ny, *f.* a woollen stuff
Tâm'kĩn, *f.* the stopple of a great gun
Tâm'pér, *v. a.* to practise with, to meddle
Tăn, *v. a.* to cure skins, to sun-burn
Tăng, *f.* a strong taste left in the mouth; relish, taste; sound, tone: *v. a.* to ring with [touch
Tăn'g,ěnt, *f.* a line perpendicular to a
Tăn-g,ĩ-bĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* being perceived by the touch
Tăn'g,ĩ-ble, *a.* perceptible by the touch
Tăn'gle, *f.* knot of things mingled together: *v. a. & n.* to embroil, to ensnare: to be entangled
Tănk, *f.* a large cistern, or bason

Tănk'ărd, *f.* a drinking vessel with a lid
Tăn'nér, *f.* one who tans leather
Tăn'fy, *f.* an herb
Tăn'tă-lĩm, *f.* punishment like that of Tantalus
Tăn'tă-lĩze, *v. a.* to teeze with false hopes
Tănt'ling, *f.* one hoping for pleasures un-
Tănt'a-mōũnt', *f.* equivalent [attainable
Tăp, *f.* a gentle blow; a small pipe
Tăp, *v. a.* to touch softly; to broach
Tăpe, *f.* a narrow linen fillet
Tă'pér, *f.* a wax-candle; a light: *a.* sloping regularly, conical: *v. a. & n.* to make or grow small regularly
Tăp'ěf-try, *f.* a cloth woven in figures
Tăp'rōot, *f.* the principal stem of a root
Tăp'stér, *f.* one who draws drink
Tăr, *f.* the juice of pines; a sailor
Tăr, *v. a.* to smear with tar; to tease
Ta-răn/tu-la, *f.* a spider whose bite music cures
Tăr'dĩ-ly, *ad.* slowly, sluggishly
Tăr'dĩ-něs, **Tăr'dĩ-ty**, *f.* slowness, sluggishness
Tăr'dy, *a.* criminal; dilatory, slow, unwary
Tăr'dy, *v. a.* to delay, to hinder
Tăre, *pret. of to tear*: *f.* weight of any thing containing a commodity; also the allowance made for it
Tăr'g,ět, *f.* a buckler or shield
Tăr'iff, *f.* cartel of commerce
Tăr'nĩsh, *v. a. & n.* to sully; to lose its brightness
Tăr'păw'ling, cloth covered with tar
Tăr'rĩ-ănce, *f.* stay, delay; sojourn
Tăr'rĩ-ér, *f.* a sort of hunting dog
Tăr'ry, *v. a. & n.* to wait for; to continue, stay

Tàr'sěl, *f.* a kind of hawk
 Tàrt, *f.* a small fruit-pie
 Tàrt, *a.* keen, severe; sour [hell
 Tàr'tár, *f.* a native of Tartary; wine-lees;
 Tàr'tane, *f.* a vessel with one mast and a
 three-cornered sail
 Tàr-tà're-ăn, Tàr-tà're-ous, *a.* hellish
 Tàrt'ly, *ad.* severely; sharply
 Tàrt'něs, *f.* sharpness; sourness
 Tàsk, *v. a.* to impose something to be done
 Tàsk, *f.* business imposed, employment
 Tàsk'màf-tér, *f.* one who imposes tasks
 Tàs'sěl, *f.* an ornamental bunch of silk, &c.
 Tàs'sěl-ěd, *a.* adorned with tassels
 Tàste, *f.* sense of tasting or relishing;
 discernment; experiment; judgment;
 trial: *v. a. & n.* to feel; to enjoy: to
 try the relish
 Tàst'ěd, *a.* having a particular relish
 Tàst'ér, *f.* one who tastes; a dram cup
 Tàste'fŭl, *a.* high relished, savoury
 Tàste'lěs, *a.* having no relish, insipid
 Tàste'lěs-něs, *f.* insipidity
 Tăt'tér, *f.* a cloth rent in pieces, a rag:
v. a. to rend
 Tăt'tér-de-măl'ion, *f.* a ragged fellow
 Tăt'tle, *f.* trifling talk, prate
 Tăt'tlér, *f.* an idle talker, a prater
 Tăt-tôo', *f.* a drum beating to quarters
 Tăv'érn, *f.* a house where wine is sold by
 retail
 Tăv'érn-măn, *f.* one who keeps a tavern
 Tăught', *pret. & part. pass.* of to teach
 Tăunt', *f.* a saucy answer, insult, reproach
 Tăun', *v. a.* to insult, to revile, to ridi-
 cule
 Tăunt'ér, *f.* a saucy answerer

Tăunt'ing-ly, *ad.* with insult, saucily
 Tău-to-lög, 'ic-ăl, *a.* repeating the same
 thing
 Tău-töl'o-gy, *f.* repetition of words
 Tăw', *f.* a marble used in play
 Tăw', *v. a.* to dress white leather
 Tăw'drī-něs, *f.* tinsel finery
 Tăw'dry, *a.* meanly showy
 Tăw'ér, *f.* a dresser of white leather
 Tăw'ny, *a.* between black and white
 Tăx, *f.* censure, impost, tribute [spect
 Tăx, *v. a.* to lay a tax; to accuse; to in-
 Tăx'a-ble, *a.* that may be taxed
 Tăx-ă'tion, *f.* the act of laying a tax
 Tăx'ér, *f.* one who taxes; one who inspects
 Tăa, *f.* a Chinese plant bills
 Tăach, *v. a.* to inform, to instruct
 Tăach'a-ble, *a.* willing to be taught
 Tăach'a-ble-něs, *f.* willingness to learn
 Tăach'ér, *f.* an instructor, a preacher
 Tăague, *f.* an Irishman
 Tăale, *f.* a wild fowl
 Tăam, *f.* a farmer's waggon
 Tăar, *f.* any rent or breach in cloth, &c.
 Tăar, *v. a. & n.* to rend in pieces: to rave
 Tăar, *f.* water from the eye
 Tăar'făll-ing, *a.* shedding tears, tender
 Tăar'fŭl, *a.* full of tears [torment
 Tăase, *v. a.* to comb wool, to vex, to
 Tăas'ér, *f.* who teases by excessive impor-
 tunity
 Teat, *f.* the dug of a beast
 Těch'nī-căl, *a.* belonging to arts and sci-
 Těch'y, *a.* peevish [ences
 Těd, *v. a.* to lay newly mown grass in rows
 Tě-dě'ŭm, *f.* a hymn
 Tě'dī-ous, *a.* dilatory, irksome, slow

Tě'dī-ouf-ly, *ad.* in a slow irksome manner
 Tě'dī-ouf-něs, *f.* tiresomeness, prolixity
 Těem, *v. a. & n.* to pour; to bring forth
 Těem'fůl, *a.* brimful; pregnant [young
 Těem'lěs, *a.* barren, unfruitful
 Těen, *f.* grief, sorrow
 Těenš, *f.* years between twelve and twenty
 Těeth, *f. pl.* of tooth
 Těeth, *v. n.* to breed teeth
 Těg'u-měnt, *f.* outer part, cover
 Těint, *f.* touch of the pencil; colour
 Těl'ěf-cōpe, *f.* a glass for distant views
 Těll, *v. a.* to count; to inform, to utter
 Těll'ěr, *f.* one who tells or counts
 Těll-těle, *f.* an officious informer
 Těm'ěr'i-ty, *f.* unseasonable courage; rash-
 ness
 Těm'pěr, *f.* frame of mind; due mixture:
v. a. to make fit, mollify, qualify
 Těm'pěr-a-měnt, *f.* constitution; medium
 Těm'pěr-a-měnt'al, *a.* constitutional
 Těm'pěr-ance, *f.* calmness, moderation
 Těm'pěr-ate, *a.* calm, cool, moderate
 Těm'pěr-ate-ly, *ad.* calmly
 Těm'pěr-ate-něs, *f.* freedom from excess,
 calmness
 Těm'pěr-ature, *f.* moderation
 Těm'pěr-ěd, *a.* hardened by fire; disposed
 Těm'pěst, *f.* a violent wind, a tumult:
v. a. to disturb as by tempest
 Těm'pěst-běat-en, *part.* shattered with
 storms
 Těm'pěst-tōst, *part.* driven about by storms
 Těm'pěs'tu-ous, *a.* stormy, turbulent
 Těm'plár, *f.* a student in law
 Těm'ple, *f.* a church; the sides of the head
 Těm'po-rál, *a.* measured by time, not eter-
 nal, not spiritual; secular

Těm'po-rál-ly, *ad.* with respect to this life
 Těm'po-rálš, Těm-po-rál'i-ty, *f.* secular
 possessions, ecclesiastical rights
 Těm'po-ra-ry, *a.* only for a time
 Těm'po-rize, *v. n.* to comply with the time,
 to delay
 Těm'po-riz-ěr, *f.* a time-server, a trim-
 mer
 Těmpt, *v. a.* to entice to ill; to provoke;
 to try
 Těmpt'ěr, *f.* an enticer; Satan
 Těmp-tā'tion, *f.* the act of tempting
 Těmse, *f.* a fine sieve for sifting flour
 Těn, *a.* the number twice five
 Těn'a-ble, *a.* what may be maintained or
 holden
 Tě-nā'cious, *a.* holding fast; obstinate
 Tě-nāč'i-ty, *f.* stiffness in opinion, adhe-
 rence
 Těn'ān-cy, *f.* temporary possession
 Těn'ant, *f.* one who holds and rents of a-
 nother: *v. a.* to hold on conditions
 Těn'ant-a-ble, *a.* may be holden by a te-
 nant
 Těn'ant-lěs, *f.* uninhabited, unoccupied
 Těnch, *f.* a delicious pond-fish
 Těnd, *v. a. & n.* to attend; to move to-
 wards, to conduce, to wait
 Těnd'ance, *f.* attendance, waiting upon
 Těnd'ěnce, Těnd'ěn-cy, *f.* course towards
 any place or object; drift
 Těnd'ěr, *f.* a proposal for acceptance; re-
 gard: *a.* easily pained, kind, soft, young:
v. a. to esteem, to exhibit, to offer
 Těnd'ěr-heart'ěd, *a.* compassionate
 Těnd'ěr-ling, *f.* the first horns of a deer;
 a fondling
 Těnd'ěr-ly, *ad.* gently, kindly

- Těnd'ér-něs, *f.* kindness, softness, soreness
 Těn'dón, *f.* a ligature of joints, a sinew
 Těn'drīl, *f.* the clasp of a vine, &c.
 Těn-e-brōl'ī-ty, *f.* darkness, gloom
 Těn'e-měnt, *f.* a small house or apartment
 Te-něs'mūs, *f.* wanting to go to stool
 Těn'et, *f.* opinion, position, principle
 Těn'nīs, *f.* a play at which a ball is driven with a racket
 Těn'ón, *f.* a term in carpentry
 Těn'our, *f.* continuity of state; sound in music; purport; sense contained
 Těnsē, *f.* time; a term in grammar
 Těnsē, *a.* stiff, stretched, not lax
 Těnsē'něs, *f.* contraction, tension
 Těn'sī-ble, Těn'sīle, *a.* capable of extension
 Těn'sion, *f.* the act of stretching
 Těn'sīve, *a.* giving a sensation of stiffness
 Těnt, *f.* a moveable habitation; a roll of lint put into a sore; a sort of red wine; a pavilion: *v. a. & n.* to put in a tent; to lodge
 Těnt'ed, *a.* covered with tents
 Těnt'ér, *f.* an iron hook; difficulty, trouble
 Těnth, *f.* the first after the ninth
 Těnth'ly, *ad.* in the tenth place
 Těnth's, *f.* yearly tribute of clergymen to the king [ness
 Te-nū'ī-ty, *f.* minuteness, smallness, thinness
 Těn'u-ous, *a.* small, thin
 Těn'ute, *f.* condition by which a man enjoys an estate
 Těp'id, *a.* lukewarm
 Te-pīd'ī-ty, *f.* lukewarmness
 Térce, *f.* a vessel containing 42 gallons
 Tér-g,īv-ér-sā'tion, *f.* delay, evasion, change
 Tér'm, *f.* a space of time; condition, limit; word; time for seats of justice and exercises at the university: *v. a.* to call, to name
 Tér'ma-gān-cy, *f.* great noise, turbulence
 Tér'ma-gānt, *f.* a scolding woman
 Tér'ma-gānt, *a.* quarrelsome, turbulent
 Tér'mīn-a-ble, *a.* that admits of bounds
 Tér'mīn-ate, *v. a. & n.* to end, to limit: to have an end
 Tér'mīn-ā'tion, *f.* conclusion, a limiting; end of words
 Tér'mīn-ér, *f.* determiner of trials of malefactors
 Tér'm'lēss, *a.* boundless, unlimited
 Těr'race, *f.* a small grassy hill [water
 Těr-rā'quē-ous, *a.* composed of land and
 Těr-rēne, *a.* earthly, terrestrial
 Těr're-ous, *a.* consisting of earth
 Těr-rēs'trī-āl, *a.* not celestial, terrene
 Těr-rēs'trī-fy, *v. a.* to reduce to earth
 Těr-rēs'trī-ous, *a.* consisting of earth
 Těr'rī-ble, *a.* dreadful, formidable
 Těr'rī-ble-něs, *f.* dreadfulness, formidable-ness
 Těr'rī-bly, *ad.* dreadfully, formidably
 Těr'rī-ér, *f.* a register of lands; a dog; a wimble
 Těr'rīf'ic, *a.* causing fear, dreadful
 Těr'rī-fy, *v. a.* to make afraid, to fright
 Těr'rī-to-ry, *f.* district, dominion, land
 Těr'rou, *f.* cause of fear, fear
 Těrse, or Térse, *a.* cleanly written, neat
 Tér'tian, *a.* every third day [smooth
 Těst, *f.* the cupel to try metals; means of trial
 Těs-tā'ceous, *a.* consisting of shells
 Těs'ta-měnt, *f.* name of holy writ; a will

Těs'ta-měnt'a-ry, *a.* given by will
Těs'tate, *a.* having made a will
Těs'tā'tór, *f.* a man who leaves a will
Těs'tā'trix, *f.* a woman who leaves a will
Těst'ed, *a.* tried by a test, witnessed
Tět'ér, *f.* a cover of a bed; a sixpence
Těs'ti-ole, *f.* stone
Těs'tif-i-cā'tion, *f.* the act of witnessing
Těs'tif-i-cā'tór, *f.* one who witnesses
Těs'ti-fī-ér, *f.* one who testifies
Těs'ti-fy, *v. a. & n.* to give evidence; to prove
Těs'ti-ly, *ad.* morosely, peevishly
Těs'ti-mō'nī-āl, *f.* evidence of one's character
Těs'ti-mo-ny, *f.* evidence, proof: profession
Těs'ti-něs, *f.* peevishness
Těs'ty, *a.* apt to be angry, morose, fretful
Tête, *f.* a woman's false hair
Tête-a-tête, *f.* cheek-by-jole, an interview
Těth'ér, *f.* a restraint for horses at pasture: *v. a.* to restrain with a rope
Tě'trarc'h, *f.* a governor of a tetrarchate
Te-trarc'h'ate, *f.* fourth part of a province
Te-trās'tic, *f.* a stanza of four verses
Tět'tér, *f.* a ring-worm, a scab, a scurf
Tew, *f.* materials for any thing; an iron chain: *v. n.* to work
Tew'ěl, *f.* an iron taper pipe in the back of a smith's forge
Těxt, *f.* original writing, sentence
Těx'tile, *a.* that may be woven, woven
Těx'ture, *f.* manner of weaving, form, web
T,hăn, *conj.* placed in comparison
Thāne, *f.* a Saxon title of honour
Thānk, *v. a.* to return thanks
Thānks, *f.* acknowledgment for favour
Thānk'fûl, *a.* full of gratitude

Thānk'fûl-ly, *ad.* with a lively sense of favour
Thānk'lěss, *a.* ungrateful, unthankful
Thānk'lěss-něs, *f.* ingratitude
Thānk'ōf'fēr-ing, *f.* an offering in acknowledgment of mercy
Thānk'g,iv'ing, *f.* celebration of mercy
Thānk'wōr'thy, *a.* deserving of thanks
T,hăt, *pron.* for which, who, the thing
T,hăt, *conj.* because, (*noting a final end*)
Thatch, *f.* a straw-cover of a house
Thatch, *v. a.* to cover with straw
Thatch'ér, *f.* one who thatches
Thāw', *f.* the dissolution of a frost
Thāw', *v. n.* to dissolve, to melt
The, *definite article*, denoting particularity
Thē'a-tre, *f.* a play-house
The-ăt'rīc, *a.* suiting to a theatre
The-ăt'rīc-āl, *a.* pertaining to a theatre
T,hēe, *pro. objective case* of *they*
Thěft, *f.* the act of stealing; thing stolen
T,hěir, *pron. pl.* from *they*
T,hēm, *pron. objective case* of *they*
Thēme, *f.* dissertation, subject; task
T,hēm-selves', *pro. pl.* these very persons
T,hěn, *ad.* at that time, in that case
T,hēnce, *ad.* from that place, for that reason
T,hēnce-fōrth, *ad.* from that time
T,hēnce-fōr/wārd, *ad.* on, from that time
The-ōc'ra-cy, *f.* Divine government
Thē-o-crāt'ic-āl, *a.* relating to theocracy
The-ōd'o-līte, *f.* instrument to take heights
Thē-o-lōg'ic-āl, *a.* relating to theology
Thē-o-lōg'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* according to theology
The-ōl'o-g,ist, **Thē'o-lōgue**, *f.* a divine

The-öl'o-g,y, *f.* divinity
 The-öm'a-c,hy, *f.* the fight of gods and
 The-ör'bo, *f.* a large lute [giants
 Thē'o-rēm, *f.* position laid down as an ac-
 knowledged truth
 Thē'o-rēm-āt'ic-āl, *a.* relating to theorems
 Thē-o-rēt'ic, Thē-o-rēt'ic-āl, *a.* speculative
 Thē'o-ric, *f.* a speculative person
 The-ör'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* speculatively
 Thē'o-rīst, *f.* one given to speculation
 Thē'o-ry, *f.* plan, scheme, speculation
 T,hēre, *ad.* in that place
 T,hēre'a-bōūt', } *ad.* near that place,
 T,hēre'a-bōūts', } number, &c.
 T,hēre'āf'tér, *ad.* according to that
 T,hēre-āt', *ad.* at that
 T,hēre-bý', *ad.* by that [quence
 T,hēre'fōre, *ad.* for this reason, in conse-
 T,hēre-frōm', *ad.* from that, from this
 T,hēre-īn', *ad.* in that, in this
 T,hēre-īn-tō', *ad.* into that, into this
 T,hēre-ōf', *ad.* of that, of this
 T,hēre-ōn', *ad.* on that
 T,hēre-ōūt', *ad.* out of that
 T,hēre-ūn'dér, *ad.* under that
 T,hēre-ūn-tō', *ad.* to that
 T,hēre-ūp-ōn, *ad.* upon that, immediately
 T,hēre-wīth', *ad.* with that
 T,hēre'wīth-āl', *ad.* over and above
 Thér-mōm'e-tér, *f.* an instrument to mea-
 sure heat
 Thér-mo-mēt'ric-āl, *a.* relating to the
 measure of heat
 Thér'mōf-cope, *f.* an instrument to discover
 T,hēse, *pro. pl. of this* [heat
 Thē'cīs, *f.* position
 T,hēy, *pro. men, women, persons*
 Thīck, *f.* the thickest part

Thīck, *a.* close, dense, gross, muddy
 Thīck'en, *v. a. & n.* to make or grow
 thick, muddy, or close
 Thīck'ēt, *f.* a close wood
 Thīck'ly, *ad.* to a great quantity, deeply
 Thīck'nēss, *f.* closeness, density, grossness
 Thīck'icūl-lēd, *a.* dull, stupid
 Thīck'fēt', *part.* close planted [skull
 Thīck'skīn, *f.* a coarse gross man; a num-
 Thīef, *f.* one who steals; a blemish in a
 candle
 Thīef'cāch-ér, *f.* one who takes thieves
 Thīeve, *v. n.* to practise theft
 Thīev'e-ry, *f.* the practice of stealing
 Thīev'īsh, *a.* given to stealing, secret, sly
 Thīev'īsh-ly, *ad.* like a thief; privately
 Thīev'īsh-nēss, *f.* the habit of stealing
 Thīgh, *f.* the parts between the legs and
 the body
 Thīll, *f.* the shafts of a waggon
 Thīll'hōrse, } *f.* the horse between the
 Thīll'ér, } shafts
 Thīm'ble, *f.* a cap for the needle-finger
 Thīn, *a.* lean, slender, slim, small
 Thīn, *v. a.* to make thin, to attenuate
 Thīn, Thīn'ly, *ad.* not closely, not thickly
 T,hīne, *pro.* relating to thee
 Thīng, *f.* whatever is, not a person
 Thīnk, *v. a. & n.* to imagine, to have
 ideas: to judge, to muse
 Thīnk'ér, *f.* one who thinks in a certain
 manner
 Thīnk'īng, *f.* imagination, judgment
 Thīn'ly, *ad.* not thickly; not numerously
 Thīn'nēss, *f.* rareness, scarcity
 Thīrd, *f.* a third part, both of a second
 Thīrd, *a.* next after the second
 Thīrd'ly, *ad.* in the third place

Thírl, *v. a.* to personate, to pierce
 Thírř, *f.* pain for want of drink, desire :
v. n. to feel want of drink, to desire
 Thírř'í-něřř, *f.* the state of being thirsty
 Thírř'y, *a.* suffering the want of drink, eager
 Thír-tēen', *a.* ten and three
 Thír-tēenth', *a.* third after the tenth
 Thír'tí-ěth, *a.* the tenth thrice told
 Thír'ty, *a.* thrice ten
 Thís, *pro.* that which is present
 Thíř'tle, *f.* a prickly weed
 Thíř'tly, *a.* overgrown with thistles
 Thíř'th'ér, *ad.* to that place, point, or end
 Thíř'th'ér-tò, *ad.* so far
 Thíř'th'ér-wârd, *ad.* towards that place
 Thô', contracted for *though*
 Thông', *f.* a strap of leather
 Thörn', *f.* a prickly tree, a difficult point
 Thörn'y, *a.* full of thorns, difficult, prickly
 Thór'ough, *a.* complete, perfect
 Thór'ough, *prep.* by means of
 Thór'ough-fare, *f.* a passage through
 Thór'ough-ly, *ad.* completely, fully
 Thór'ough-spěd, *a.* finished principles
 Thór'ough-ftitch, *ad.* completely, fully
 Thörp', *f.* a village
 Thô'e, *pro. pl.* of *that*
 Thôû, *pro. second person*; to whom we
 Thôugh, *conj.* like as if; although [speak
 Thôught', *f.* the act of thinking, care, idea, expectation, opinion, purpose, sentiment :
pret. & pass. part. of to think
 Thôught'fûl, *a.* careful, contemplative
 Thôught'fûl-ly, *ad.* with thoughtfulness
 Thôught'fûl-něřř, *f.* deep meditation, carefulness
 Thôught'lěřř, *a.* airy, dull, careless

Thôught'lěřř-ly, *ad.* without thought
 Thôught'lěřř-něřř, *f.* want of thought
 Thôught'řick, *a.* uneasy with reflection
 Thôû'řand, *a.* number ten hundred
 Thôû'řandth, *a.* ordinal of a thousand
 Thôwl, *f.* a place for oars to turn in
 Thrâl', *f.* bondage; a slave, state of slavery
 Thrâl'dóm, *f.* servitude, slavery
 Thrâp'ple, *f.* the wind-pipe of an animal
 Thrâř, *v. a. & n.* to beat corn, to beat : to
 Thrâř'ér, *f.* one who thrashes [drudge
 Thrâ-řôn'íc-ál, *a.* boasting, bragging
 Thrâve, *f.* the number of two dozen
 Thrěad, *f.* a small twist, uniform tenour or course
 Thrěad, *v. a.* to pass through with a thread, to pierce
 Thrěad'bare, *a.* worn out, trite
 Thrěat, *f.* denunciation of ill, menace
 Thrěat'en, *v. a.* to denounce evil, to menace
 Thrěat'en-ér, *f.* one who threatens
 Thrěat'en-řng-iy, *ad.* in a threatening manner
 Thrěat'fûl, *a.* full of threats, menacing
 Thrěe, *a.* two and one [repeated
 Thrěe'fôld, *a.* consisting of three, thrice
 Thrěe'pěnce, *f.* a small silver coin
 Thrěe'pěn-ny, *a.* mean, vulgar
 Thrěe-řcôre, *a.* thrice twenty, sixty
 Thrěřh'old, *f.* door, entrance, gate
 Threřw, *pret. of to throw*
 Thrěe, *ad.* three times [passage
 Thríd, *v. a.* to slide through a narrow
 Thrířt, *f.* frugality, profit; a plant
 Thrířt'í-ly, *ad.* frugally, parsimoniously
 Thrířt'í-něřř, *f.* frugality, husbandry
 Thrířt'lěřř, *a.* extravagant, profuse
 Thrířt'y, *a.* frugal

Thrill, *v. a. & n.* to bore, to penetrate, to pierce: to tingle
 Thrive, *v. n.* to grow rich, to prosper
 Thriv'ér, *f.* one who thrives
 Thriv'ing-ly, *ad.* in a prosperous way
 Throat, *f.* fore-part of the neck, wind-pipe
 Thrōb', *v. n.* to beat, to heave
 Thrōb', *f.* a beat, heave, palpitation
 Thrōe, *f.* the pain of child-bearing, agony
 Thrōe, *v. n.* to put in agonies
 Thrōne, *f.* the seat of a king and of a bishop
 Thrōne, *v. a.* to set on a royal seat
 Thrōng', *f.* a crowd
 Thrōng', *v. a. & n.* to incommode with crowds: to crowd
 Thrōs'tle, *f.* a small singing bird, the thrush
 Thrōt'tle, *f.* the wind-pipe
 Thrōt'tle, *v. a.* to take by the throat, to choke
 Thrōve, *pret. of to thrive* [choke
 Throūgh, *prep.* from end to end, by
 Throūgh-brēd, *part.* completely taught
 Throūgh'ly, *ad.* completely; sincerely
 Throūgh-ōūt', *prep.* quite through [where
 Throūgh-ōūt', *ad.* in every part every-
 Thrōw, *f.* a cast, effort, stroke: *v. a.* to cast, to drive, to repose, to sling
 Thrōw'ér, *f.* one who throws
 Thrūm, *f.* the end of a weaver's threads
 Thrūm, *v. a.* to play badly on an instrument
 Thrūsh, *f.* a singing bird; a disorder
 Thrūst, *f.* an assault, an attack
 Thrūst, *v. a.* to intrude, to push, to stab
 Thrūst'ér, *f.* one who thrusts
 Thūmb, *f.* the short strong finger
 Thūmb, *v. a.* to handle awkwardly
 Thūmp, *f.* a heavy blow [heavy blow
 Thūmp, *v. a.* to beat or fall with a dull

Thūmp'ér, *f.* one who thumps
 Thūn'dér, *f.* noise in the clouds: *v. a. & n.* to emit with noise: to make thunder
 Thūn'dér-bōlt, *f.* fulmination, lightning
 Thūn'dér-clāp, *f.* an explosion of thunder
 Thūn'dér-ér, *f.* the power that thunders
 Thūn'dér-ing, *a.* loud, noisy, terrible
 Thūn'dér-ōūs, *a.* producing thunder
 Thūn'dér-show-ér, *f.* rain with thunder
 Thūn'dér-itōne, *f.* stone emitted by thunder
 Thūn'dér-strike, *v. a.* to blast or hurt with lightning
 Thūnf'day, *f.* the fifth day of the week
 Thūs, *ad.* in this manner
 Thwäck, *f.* a heavy hard blow
 Thwäck, *v. a.* to bang, to strike, to thresh
 Thwärt', *a.* mischievous, transverse
 Thwärt', *v. a.* to cross, to oppose, to traverse
 Thwärt'ing-ly, *ad.* with opposition
 Thȳ, *pron. of thee*; belonging to thee
 Thȳ-sēlf', *pron. recip.* belonging to thee only
 Thȳme, *f.* a plant
 Tī-à'ra, *f.* a diadem, a head-dress
 Tice, *v. a.* to allure, to draw, to tempt
 Tīck, *f.* a bed-case; dog-louse; score
 Tīck, *v. a.* to run on score, to trust
 Tīck'en, Tīck'ing, *f.* a cloth for bed-cases
 Tīck'ēt, *f.* a token of right on the delivery of which admission is granted
 Tīc'kle, *a.* unsteady, wavering
 Tīc'kle, *v. a.* to touch with pleasure, to please
 Tīck'līsh, *a.* easily tickled, uncertain
 Tīck'līsh-nēss, *f.* the state of being ticklish
 Tīck-täck, *f.* a game at tables

Tīd, *a.* nice, tender, soft
 Tīd'dle, *v. a.* to use tenderly, to fondle
 Tīde, *f.* flux and reflux, flood; time:
v. a. & n. to drive with the stream: to
 flow out
 Tīde'wāit-ér, *f.* a custom-house officer
 Tī'dī-ly, *ad.* neatly, readily
 Tī'dī-něs, *f.* neatness, readiness
 Tīd'ings, *f.* intelligence, news
 Tī'dy, *a.* neat, ready
 Tīe, *f.* bond, knot; obligation
 Tīe, *v. a.* to bind, to fasten, to hinder, to
 Tīer, *f.* a rank, a row [restrain
 Tīerce, *f.* the third part of a pipe
 Tīff, *f.* drink, liquor; pet, fullness
 Tīff, *v. n.* to be in a pet, to quarrel
 Tīf'fa-ny, *f.* very thin silk
 Tī'g,ér, *f.* a fierce beast of the leonine kind
 Tīght, *a.* cleanly dressed; difficult; close
 Tīght'en, *v. a.* to make close, to straiten
 Tīght'ly, *ad.* closely, not loosely, neatly
 Tīght'něs, *f.* closeness, difficulty, tenseness
 Tī'grěs, *f.* a female tiger
 Tīke, *f.* the louse of dogs or sheep. *See*
 Tick
 Tīle, *f.* burnt clay to cover houses
 Tīle, *v. a.* to cover with tiles, to guard
 Tīl'ér, *f.* who tiles, a free mason's por-
 ter
 Tīl'ing, *f.* the roof covered with tiles
 Tīll, *f.* a money-box in a shop
 Tīll, *v. a.* to cultivate, to plough, to
 husband
 Tīll, *conj.* to the time, to the degree that
 Tīll'a-ble, *a.* may be tilled, arable
 Tīll'age, *f.* practice of plowing or cul-
 ture
 Tīll'ér, *f.* ploughman; handle of a rudder

Tīlt, *f.* cover of a boat, military game,
 thrust: *a.* stooping forward: *v. a. & n.*
 to turn up; to cover; lift up: to fight
 Tīlt'ér, *f.* one who tilts or fights
 Tīlth, *f.* culture, husbandry
 Tīlth, *a.* arable, tilled [beams
 Tīm'bér, *f.* wood fit for building, main
 Tīm'bér, *v. a. & n.* to furnish with timber:
 to light on a tree
 Tīm'bér-ěd, *a.* built, contrived, formed
 Tīm'brěl, *f.* a musical instrument
 Tīme, *f.* measure of duration, age, season
 Tīme, *v. a.* to adapt, measure, regulate
 Tīme'f ūl, *a.* early, seasonably, timely
 Tīme'lěs, *a.* unseasonable
 Tīme'ly, *ad.* early, soon
 Tīme'ly, *a.* early enough, seasonable
 Tīme'plēas-ér, *f.* one who complies ser-
 vilely
 Tīme'serv-ing, *a.* meanly complying with
 present power
 Tīm'id, *a.* without courage, fearful
 Tī-mīd'ī-ty, *f.* habitual cowardice, fearfulness
 Tīm'ór-oŭs, *a.* fearful, scrupulous
 Tīm'ór-oŭs-ly, *ad.* with much fear
 Tīm'ór-oŭs-něs, *f.* fearfulness
 Tīm'oŭs, *a.* early, timely
 Tīn, *f.* a sort of white metal
 Tīn, *v. a.* to cover with tin
 Tīnēt, *f.* colour, dye, stain
 Tīnēt, *v. a.* to spot, to stain, to tincture
 Tīnc'ture, *f.* extract of drugs, colour, in-
 fusion: *v. a.* to colour, to imbue
 Tīnd, *v. a.* to kindle, to set on fire
 Tīn'dér, *f.* what easily catches fire
 Tīne, *f.* tooth of a harrow; distress,
 trouble

Tĩnge, *v. a.* to impregnate or imbue with
 Tĩng/ěnt, *a.* able to tinge [colour
 Tĩn'gle, *v. n.* to feel a sharp pain
 Tĩnk, *v. n.* to make a sharp sound
 Tĩnk'ěr, *f.* a mender of kettles or pans
 Tĩn'kle, *v. n.* to make a sharp noise
 Tĩn'măn, *f.* one who manufactures in tin
 Tĩn'nér, *f.* one who works in tin mines
 Tĩn'sěl, *f.* lace resembling gold; false lus-
 tre: *v. a.* to adorn with cheap ornaments
 Tĩnt, *f.* colour, dye [lesque
 Tĩny, *a.* little, puny, small; used in bur-
 Tĩp, *f.* end, point, top, extremity
 Tĩp, *v. a.* to cover on the end, to tap, to
 top
 Tĩp/pět, *f.* the covering for a girl's neck
 Tĩp'ple, *f.* drink, liquor
 Tĩp'ple, *v. n.* to drink luxuriously
 Tĩp'plěd, *a.* drunk, tipsy, in liquor
 Tĩp'plér, *f.* a sot, a drunkard
 Tĩp'stăff, *f.* an officer and his staff of justice
 Tĩp'sy, *a.* almost drunk; drunk
 Tĩp'tō', *f.* the end of the toes
 Tĩre', *f.* rank, row
 Tĩre, *f.* head-dress; furniture
 Tĩre', *v. a. & n.* to dress; to fatigue: to
 be fatigued
 Tĩr'ěd-něs, *f.* weariness
 Tĩre'sóme, *a.* tedious, wearisome
 Tĩre'sóme-něs, *f.* the act of being tiresome
 Tĩre'wòm-ăn, *f.* one who makes head-
 dresses
 Tĩr'ĩng-rôm, *f.* a room for players to dress
 'Tĩs, contraction of *it is* [in
 Tĩs'sue, *f.* (*pron.* * Tĩsh'shu) gold and sil-
 ver cloth: *v. a.* to interweave, to var-
 iegate
 Tĩt, *f.* a small horse, bird, woman

Tĩt-bĩt, *f.* nice food, nice bit
 Tĩt'he'a-ble, *a.* subject to tithes
 Tĩt'he, *f.* a tenth part
 Tĩt'he, *v. a.* to levy the tenth part, to tax
 Tĩt'h'ěr, *f.* one who gathers tithes
 Tĩt'h'ĩng, *f.* a part of a parish, tithe
 Tĩt'h'ĩng-măn, *f.* a parish officer
 Tĩt'ĩl-late, *v. n.* to tickle
 Tĩt'ĩl-lă'tion, *f.* the act of tickling; plea-
 sure
 Tĩt'tle, *f.* name of honour; general head of
 particulars; claim of right; appellation:
v. a. to call, to entitle, to name
 Tĩt'tle-păge', *f.* a page fronting a book
 Tĩt'môuse, *f.* a small bird
 Tĩt'ter, *f.* a secret or restrained laugh
 Tĩt'tér, *v. n.* to laugh secretly, or with
 restraint
 Tĩt'tle, *f.* a small particle, dot, point
 Tĩt'tle-tăt-tle, *f.* idle talk: *v. n.* to prate
 idly
 Tĩt'u-lăr, Tĩt'u-la-ry, *a.* only in name,
 nominal
 Tĩt'u-la-ry, *f.* one who has a right or title
 Tō, or Tō, *ad. & prep.* noting motion to-
 ward
 Tōad, *f.* a poisonous animal
 Tōad'itōne, *f.* a stone formed in the head
 of a toad
 Tōad'slôl, *f.* a plant like a mushroom
 Tōast, *f.* bread toasted; a health
 Tōast, *v. a.* to heat at the fire; to name
 a health
 Tōast'ěr, *f.* one who toasts
 To-băc'co, *f.* a plant used in smoaking
 To-băc'co-nĩst, *f.* a dealer in tobacco
 Tōd', *f.* a weight of 28 lb.; a bunch
 Tōe, *f.* the extremity of the foot

Tō'g,ěd, *a.* gowned, dressed in gowns
 To-g,ěth'ér, *ad.* in company, in concert
 Tōil, *f.* fatigue, labour; a net, a snare;
v. a. & n. to work at: to be weary with
 labour
 Tōi'lět, *f.* a dressing table
 Tōil'fōme, *a.* laborious, weary
 Tōil'fōme-něs, *f.* laboriousness
 Tō'ken, *f.* an evidence, a mark, a sign: *v. a.*
 to make known
 Tōld, *pret. & part. pass.* of *to tell*; men-
 tioned, related
 Tōle, *v. a.* to train, to drawl by degrees
 Tōl'ér-a-ble, *a.* passable, supportable
 Tōl'ér-a-ble-něs, *f.* a being tolerable
 Tōl'ér-a-bly, *ad.* moderately well
 Tōl'ér-ānce, *f.* the act of enduring
 Tōl'ér-ate, *v. a.* to allow, to permit
 Tōl'ér-ā'tion, *f.* allowance, permission, suf-
 ferance
 Tōll, *f.* excise of goods; sound of a bell
 Tōll, *v. a. & n.* to ring a bell, to take away;
 to pay toll
 Tōll'bōoth', *f.* a market or town-house; pri-
 son
 Tōll'găth-ér ér, *f.* one who takes the toll
 Tōmb, *f.* a monument over the dead
 Tōmb, *v. a.* to bury, to entomb
 Tōmb'lěs, *a.* wanting a tomb [fellow
 Tōm'bōy, *f.* a wild romping girl, a mean
 Tōme, *f.* a book, a volume
 Tōm'tīt', *f.* a bird
 Tōn, *f.* a weight of 20 hundred
 Tōne, *f.* an accent, a note, a sound, a whine
 Tōng, *f.* the catch of a buckle
 Tōngs', *f.* an instrument to hold fire, &c.
 Tōngue, *f.* the organ of speech, language; a
 small point

Tōngue, *v. a. & n.* to chide, to scold: to
 prate, to talk
 Tōngue'lěs, *a.* without a tongue, speech-
 less
 Tōngue'păd, *f.* a great talker
 Tōngue'tī-ěd, *a.* having a lisping speech
 Tō'níc, *a.* relating to sounds, extended
 Tōn'năge, *f.* impost upon every ton
 Tōo, *ad.* over and above, likewise
 Tōok, *pret.* of *to take*
 Tōol, *f.* an instrument; a hireling
 Tōot, *v. n.* to pry, to peep, to search narrow-
 ly and slyly
 Tōoth, *f.* bone in the mouth; palate
 Tōoth, *v. a.* to lock in each other; to in-
 dent; to furnish with teeth
 Tōoth'ăc,he, *f.* a pain in the teeth
 Tōoth'drăw'ér, *f.* one who pulls out teeth
 Tōoth'ěd, *part.* having teeth; indented
 Tōoth'lěs, *a.* deprived of teeth
 Tōoth'pĭck, *f.* an instrument to clean teeth
 Tōoth'fōme, *a.* grateful, palatable, pleas-
 ant
 Tōoth'fōme-něs, *f.* pleasantness to the taste
 Tōp', *f.* the highest part, pinnacle
 Tōp', *v. a. & n.* to cover, crop, excel, pre-
 dominate
 Tō'păz, *f.* a precious stone of gold colour
 Tōp'fûl', *f.* full to the brim
 Tōp'găl'lănt, *f.* highest sail; any thing ele-
 vated
 Tōp'hěav'y, *a.* too heavy at top
 Tōp'kĭnĭt, *f.* a ribband on a woman's head
 Tōp'most, *a.* highest, uppermost
 Tōp'făil, *f.* the highest sail
 Tōpe, *v. n.* to drink to excess
 Tōp'ér, *f.* a drunkard
 Tō'phĕt, *f.* hell

Tõp'ic, *f.* a general head of discourse
 Tõp'ic-ál, *a.* general, local [part
 Tõp'ic-ál-ly, *ad.* with application to some
 Tõp'lěs, *a.* having no top
 To-põg'ra-phér, *f.* a describer of particular
 places
 To-põg'ra-phy, *f.* description of particular
 places
 Tõp'pĩng, *a.* fine, gallant, noble
 Tõp'pĩng-ly, *ad.* very well; finely
 Tõp'ple, *v. n.* to tumble down, to fall for-
 ward
 Tõp'sy-tũr'vy, *ad.* with bottom upwards
 Tõrch', *f.* a large wax-light
 Tõrch'bėar-ér, *f.* one who carries a torch
 Tõrch'ér, *f.* one who gives light
 Tõrch'light, *f.* a light made with torches
 Tõre, *pret.* of to tear
 Tõr'měnt, *f.* misery, pain, torture
 Tõr-měnt', *v. a.* to put to pain; to tease,
 to torture
 Tõr-měnt'ór, *f.* one who torments
 Tõrn, *pass. part.* of to tear
 Tõr-nā'do, *f.* a hurricane
 Tõr-pě'do, *f.* a fish whose touch benumbs
 Tõr'pěnt, Tõr'pĩd, *a.* not active, benumbed
 Tõr'pĩd-něs, Tõr'pĩ-tude, *f.* state of be-
 ing sluggish; numbness, sluggishness
 Tor'põr, *f.* dullness, numbness
 Tõr'rěnt, *f.* a sudden, rapid stream
 Tõr'rěnt, *a.* rolling in a rapid stream
 Tõr-rĩd, *a.* burning, scorching
 Tõr'sěl, *f.* any thing in a twisted form
 Tõrt', *f.* injury, mischief
 Tõr'tive, *a.* twisted, wreathed
 Tõr'tõise, *f.* an ancient military form; a
 shell-fish
 Tõr'tu-õs, *a.* wreathed; mischievous

Tõr'ture, *f.* sort of punishment; anguish,
 pain: *v. a.* to punish by torture, to vex
 Tõr'tur-ér, *f.* a tormentor
 Tõr'vĩ-ty, *f.* severity of countenance;
 founess
 Tõr'võs, *a.* four of aspect; stern
 Tõ'ry, *f.* an advocate for the ancient con-
 stitution or the state of the church of
 England
 Tõs', *f.* an affected throw-up of the head
 Tõs', *v. a. & n.* to keep in play, agitate,
 fling, winch
 Tõst'põt, *f.* a toper
 Tõst', *pret. & part. pass.* of to toss
 Tõ'tál, *a.* whole, complete, not divided
 To-tál'ĩ-ty, *f.* the whole quantity
 Tõ'tál-ly, *ad.* fully, wholly, completely
 T'õth'ér, *contraction* for the other
 Tõt'tér, *v. n.* to be in danger of falling
 Touch, *f.* act of touching; the sense of
 feeling: *v. a. & n.* to join to, to mark
 out, to affect, censure, infect, strike, try,
 wear; to fasten on
 Touch'hõle, *f.* in fire-arms
 Touch'ĩ-něs, *f.* irascibility, peevishness
 Touch'ĩng, *a.* affecting, moving, pathetic
 Touch'ĩng, *prep.* with respect or regard to
 Touch'ĩng-ly, *ad.* affectingly
 Touch'stõne, *f.* a stone to try metals; a test
 Touch'wõd, *f.* rotten wood [cible
 Touch'y, *a.* soon provoked, peevish, iras-
 cible
 Tough, *a.* not brittle, rosy, stiff
 Tough'en, *v. n.* to grow tough [city
 Tough'něs, *f.* clamminess, firmness, tena-
 cility
 Tou-pěc', Tou-pět', *f.* an artificial lock of
 hair; a curl
 Tõur, *f.* journey, ramble
 Tõur'na-měnt, *f.* military sport, tilt

Tõûse, *v. a.* to haul, pull, tear
 Tõw, *f.* flax or hemp dressed [rope]
 Tõw, or Tõw, *v. a.* to draw forward by a
 To-wârd', To-wârd's', or Tõwards', *prep.* in
 a direction to; near to
 Tõ'wârd, *a.* ready to do, forward
 Tõ'wârd-lĩ-něs, *f.* tractableness
 Tõ'wârd-ly, *a.* toward
 Tõ'wârd-něs, *f.* docility
 Tõw'ěl, *f.* a cloth to dry hands
 Tõw'ér, *f.* a high building; a citadel;
 head-dress
 Tõw'ér, *v. n.* to soar
 Tõw'ér-ěd, *a.* adorned with, or defended
 by towers
 Tõw'ér-y, *a.* adorned or guarded by towers
 Tõwn, *f.* a collection of houses
 Tõwn-clerk, *f.* (*pron.* Tõûn-clàrk) one
 who manages the public business of a place
 Tõwn'hõûse, *f.* a house for town business
 Tõwn'shĩp, *f.* the corporation of a town
 Tõwn's'mân, *f.* one of the same town
 Tõwn'tâ/k', *f.* common discourse of a
 place
 Tõy, *f.* an odd story; folly, play-thing,
 trifle: *v. n.* to dally amorously, to play
 Tõy'ish, *a.* trifling, wanton
 Tõy'ish-něs, *f.* trifling behaviour, wan-
 tonness
 Tõy'shõp, *f.* a place where toys are sold
 Trâce, *f.* a marking out or following ano-
 ther
 Trâce, *v. a.* to mark out, to follow
 Trâ'cér, *f.* one who traces
 Träck, *f.* beaten path; a mark left
 Träck, *v. a.* to follow by the marks left
 Träck'lěs, *a.* not marked out, untrodden
 Trăct, *f.* a course, a region; a treatise

Trăct'a-ble, *a.* manageable
 Trăct'a-ble-něs, *f.* state of being tractable,
 compliance
 Trăct'ate, *f.* a small book, a treatise
 Trăc'tion, *f.* act of drawing, a being drawn
 Trăct'ile, *a.* may be drawn out
 Trăct-il'ĩ-ty, *f.* the quality of being drawn
 out
 Trăde', *f.* commerce, employment, occupa-
 tion: *v. a. & n.* to sell; to act for mo-
 ney, to traffick [monsoon
 Trăde'wĩnd', *f.* the periodical wind, the
 Trăd'ed, *a.* practised, versed
 Trăd'ér, *f.* one who is engaged in mer-
 chandise
 Trăde's'fõlk, *f.* people employed in trades
 Trăde's'mân, *f.* a shop-keeper
 Tra-dĩ'tion, *f.* an oral account of things
 Tra-dĩ'tion-ăl, *a.* delivered by tradition
 Tra-dĩ'tion-ăl-ly, *ad.* transmitted from age
 to age
 Tra-dĩ'tion-a-ry, *a.* traditional [sent
 Tra-dũce', *v. a.* to censure, to misrepre-
 Tra-dũce'měnt, *f.* false censure, slander
 Tra-dũ'cér, *f.* a slanderer
 Tra-dũ'cĩ-ble, *a.* such as may be derived
 Tra-dũc'tion, *f.* derivation, propagation
 Trăf'fĩck, *f.* commerce, commodities
 Trăf'fĩck, *v. n.* to practise commerce
 Trăf'fĩck-ér, *f.* a trader, a merchant
 Tra-g,ě'dĩ-ăn, *f.* writer or actor of tragedy
 Trăg,ě-dy, *f.* a serious drama, a dreadful
 Trăg,ĩc, Trăg,ĩc-ăl, *a.* mournful [event
 Trăg,ĩc-ăl-ly, *ad.* in a tragical manner
 Trăg,ĩc-ăl-něs, *f.* calamitousness
 Trăg,ĩ-cõm'e-dy, *f.* a merry and serious
 drama [sorrow
 Trăg,ĩ-cõm'ic-ăl, *a.* consisting of mirth and

Träg, 'i-cöm'ic-äl-ly, *ad.* in a tragi-comical manner

Tra-jěct', *v. a.* to cast through, to throw

Tra-jěc'tion, *f.* the act of darting through, emission

Trāil, *f.* tract of a hunter; any thing drawn behind or at length: *v. a. & n.* to draw along; to be drawn along

Trāin, *f.* tail of a bird, of a gown of state, train of artillery, procession, retinue

Trāin, *v. a.* to breed, to draw, to educate

Trāin-bānds, *f.* the militia

Trāin-bear-ér, *f.* one who holds up a train

Trāin-ōil, *f.* the oil of whales

Trāipse, *v. n.* to walk in a fluttish manner, to run idly and fluttishly about

Trāit, *f.* a stroke, a touch

Trāit'ór, *f.* one who betrays his trust

Trāit'ór-ly, *a.* treacherous, perfidious

Trāit'ór-ous, *a.* treacherous

Trāit'ór-ous-ly, *ad.* treacherously

Trāit'rěfs, *f.* a treacherous woman

Trām'měl, *f.* shackles for a horse, a net

Trām'měl, *v. a.* to catch, to intercept

Trām'ple, *v. a. & n.* to tread under foot with pride or contempt

Trānce, *f.* an ecstasy

Trān'céd, *a.* lying in a trance

Trān'quīl, *a.* peaceful, quiet, undisturbed

Trān-quīl'lī-ty, *f.* peace of mind, quiet

Trāns-ăct', *v. a.* to manage, to negotiate

Trāns-ăc'tion, *f.* negotiation, management

Trāns-ăn-īm-ă'tion, *f.* a changing of the soul from one body to another

Trān-scěnd', *v. a.* to rise above, excel, surpass

Trān-scěnd'ěnce, } *f.* excellence; exaggeration

Trān-scěnd'en-cy, }

Trān-scěnd'ěnt, *a.* excellent, surpassing

Trān-scěnd'ěnt-ly, *ad.* supereminently

Trān-scribē', *v. a.* to copy, to write from an exemplar

Trān-scrib'ér, *f.* a copier

Trān'script, *f.* a copy from an original

Trānse, *f.* a temporary absence of the soul, an ecstasy

Trāns-fér', *v. a.* to convey, remove

Trāns-fīg-ur-ă'tion, *f.* a change of form

Trāns-fīg'ure, *v. a.* to transform

Trāns-fīx', *v. a.* to pierce through

Trāns-fōrm', *v. a. & n.* to change shape; to be changed

Trāns-fōr-mă'tion, *f.* a change of shape

Trāns-fŭse', *v. a.* to pour into another

Trāns-fŭ'sion, *f.* the act of pouring into another

Trāns-grěs', *v. a. & n.* to break, to violate; to offend

Trāns-grěs'sion, *f.* offence, sin, violation

Trāns-grěs'sive, *a.* faulty, guilty

Trāns-grěs'sór, *f.* a law-breaker, offender

Trān'siěnt, *a.* soon past, short

Trān'siěnt-ly, *ad.* with short passage

Trān'siěnt-něss, *f.* shortness of continuance

Trān'si't, *f.* the passage of a planet

Trān-si'tion, *f.* change, passage, removal

Trān'si-tive, *a.* having the power of passing

Trān'si-to-rī-ly, *ad.* with short continuance

Trān'si-to-rī-něss, *f.* short continuance

Trān'si-to-ry, *a.* continuing a short time

Trāns-lāte', *v. a.* to explain, interpret; remove

Trāns-lă'tion, *f.* a removing; a version

Trāns-lă'tór, *f.* one who turns into another language

Trăns-lo-că'tion, *f.* exchange of place
 Trăns-lū'cēn-cy, *f.* transparency
 Trăns-lū'cēt, } *a.* transparent, giving a
 Trăns-lū'cīd, } passage to the light
 Trăns-ma-rīnē', *a.* lying beyond sea
 Trăns'mī-grate, *v. n.* to pass from place to place
 Trăns-mī-gră'tion, *f.* a passage from place to place
 Trăns-mīt', *v. a.* to send from place to place
 Trăns-mīf'fion, *f.* the act of transmitting
 Trăns-mīf'fīve, *a.* derived from one to another
 Trăns-mīt'tāl, *f.* transmission
 Trăns-mū'ta-ble, *a.* capable of change
 Trăns-mu-tă'tion, *f.* change into another substance
 Trăns-mūte', *v. a.* to change to another substance
 Trăns-pă'rēn-cy, *f.* clearness, translucence
 Trăns-pă'rēnt, *a.* clear, pervious to the light
 Trăns-pīc'u-ōūs, *a.* transparent
 Trăns-pīerce', *v. a.* to penetrate, to permeate
 Trăns-pī-ră'tion, *f.* emission in vapour
 Trăns-pīre', *v. a. & n.* to emit in vapour: to come abroad
 Trăns-plăce', *v. a.* to remove
 Trăns-plănt', *v. a.* to plant in another place
 Trăns-plănt-ă'tion, *f.* the act of removing, conveyance
 Trăns-plănt'ér, *f.* one who transplants
 Trăns-pōrt', *v. a.* to ravish with pleasure; to banish
 Trăns'port, *f.* a criminal banished; a ship to carry soldiers: ecstasy
 Trăns-pōrt'ănce, *f.* conveyance, removal

Trăns-por-tă'tion, *f.* banishment, removal
 Trăns-pōrt'ér, *f.* one who transports
 Trăns-pō'fāl, *f.* a misplacing
 Trăns-pōf', *v. a.* to put out of place
 Trăns-po-fī'tion, *f.* act of misplacing
 Trăns-sūb-stăn'tī-ate, *v. a.* to change the substance [stance
 Trăns-sūb-stăn-tī-ă'tion, *f.* a change of sub-
 Trăns'vērse, *a.* being in a cross direction
 Trăns-vērse'ly, *ad.* in a cross direction
 Trăp, *f.* an ambush, a snare
 Trăp, *v. a.* to adorn, to catch, to ensnare
 Trăp-dōar, *f.* a door in the floor or roof
 Trăpe, *v. n.* to run idly and fluttishly about
 Trăpeş, *f.* an idle nasty woman, a flatterer
 Trăp'tīck, *f.* a boy's play-thing
 Tra-pē'zī-ūm, } *f.* an irregular figure whose
 Tra-pē'zōid, } four sides are not parallel
 Trăp'pīngs, *f.* dress, ornaments
 Trăsh, *f.* worthless things, dregs, dross
 Trăsh, *v. a.* to crush, to humble, to lop
 Trăsh'y, *a.* vile, useless, worthless
 Trăv'ăil, *f.* labour in child-birth, labour, toil, fatigue: *v. a. & n.* to harass; to bear a child
 Trăv'ěl, *f.* journey of curiosity or instruction, &c.; labour
 Trăv'ěl, *v. n.* to make a journey, to pass, to toil
 Trăv'ěl-lér, *f.* one who goes journeys
 Trăv'érse, *ad. & prep.* athwart, crosswise: *f.* any thing cross: *a.* lying across: *v. a. & n.* to wander over; to sail across; to cross; to use a posture of opposition in fencing
 Trăy, *f.* a hollow trough of wood
 Trăach'ér-ōūs, *a.* faithless, perfidious
 Trăach'ér-ōūf-ly, *ad.* faithlessly, perfidiously

Trěach'ér-ouš-něs, *f.* perfidiousness
 Trěach'ér-y, *f.* breach of faith, deceit
 Trěa'cle, *f.* a sort of medicine; molasses
 Trěad, *f.* a step with the foot; part of an egg; a path
 Trěad, *v. a. & n.* to beat, to crush; to cover, to set the foot
 Trěad'ér, *f.* one who treads
 Trěad'le, *f.* part of a loom; sperm of a cock
 Trěa'son, *f.* an offence against king and country
 Trěa'son-a-ble, *a.* having the nature of treason
 Trěaf'ure, *f.* wealth hoarded or laid up
 Trěaf'ure, *v. a.* to lay up, to hoard
 Trěaf'ur-ér, *f.* one who has the care of money
 Trěaf'ur-ér-shíp, *f.* the office of a treasurer
 Trěaf'ure-hoûse, } *f.* place for money,
 Trěaf'ur-y, } *&c.*
 Trěat, *f.* an entertainment given: *v. a.*
 & *n.* to entertain, to negotiate; to discourse
 Trěa'tise, *f.* a written discourse [had
 Trěat'měnt, *f.* manner of using, good or
 Trěa'ty, *f.* negotiation, supplication
 Trěb'le, *f.* a sharp sound: *a.* threefold:
v. a. to multiply by three, to make threefold
 Trěb'le-něs, *f.* state of being treble
 Trěb'ly, *ad.* thrice told
 Trěe, *f.* any thing vegetable, tall and
 Trě'fõil, *f.* a plant [branched
 Trěm'ble, *v. n.* to quake, quiver, shake
 Trěm'bling-ly, *ad.* so as to shake
 Tre-měn'douš, *a.* awful, dreadful, horrible

Trě'mouř, *f.* a quivering motion
 Trěm'u-louš, *a.* fearful, trembling
 Trěnch, *f.* a defence to cover soldiers, a ditch
 Trěnch, *v. a.* to make a trench, to cut
 Trěnch'ant, *a.* cutting, sharp
 Trěnch'ér, *f.* a wooden plate [parasite
 Trěnch'ér-flý, *f.* one who haunts tables, a
 Trěnch'ér-măn, *f.* an eater, a devourer
 Trěnch'ér-măte, *f.* a mess-mate, a parasite
 Tre-păn, *f.* a surgeon's instrument; a snare:
v. a. to cut with a trepan; to catch
 Trěp-ĩ-dă'tion, *f.* the state of trembling and of terroure
 Trěs'păš, *f.* an unlawful entry; an offence:
v. a. to enter unlawfully; to offend
 Trěš'es, *f.* a knot or curl of hair
 Trěš'tle, *f.* a frame to support any thing
 Trět, *f.* an allowance in weight for waste
 Trěv'ět, *f.* an iron with three legs
 Trěy, *f.* the three at cards or dice
 Trĩ'ad, *f.* three united
 Trĩ'al, *f.* test of virtue, experiment, temptation
 Trĩ'ăn-gle, *f.* a figure of three angles
 Tri-ăn'gu-lăr, *a.* having three angles
 Trĩbe, *f.* a certain generation of people
 Trĩb-u-lă'tion, *f.* distress, vexation
 Tri-bũ'năl, *f.* a court of justice, seat of a judge [litary
 Trĩb'unc, *f.* a Roman officer civil and mi-
 Trĩb'u-ta-ry, *f.* who pays tribute
 Trĩb'u-ta-ry, *a.* paying tribute
 Trĩb'ute, *f.* payment made in acknowledgment
 Trĩce, *f.* a short time, instant; stroke
 Trĩck, *f.* a cheat, a fraud, manner
 Trĩck, *v. a.* to cheat, adorn; to deceive

Trĩck'ĩng, } *a.* knavishly artful, cheat-
 Trĩck'ĩsh, } ing
 Trĩck'le, *v. n.* to fall in drops [tune
 Trĩ'dẽnt, *f.* a three-forked sceptre of Nep-
 Trĩ-ẽn'nĩ-ãl, *a.* lasting three years [test
 Trĩ'ẽr, *f.* one who tries, examines, &c. ; a
 Trĩ'flẽ, *f.* a thing of no moment or value
 Trĩ'flẽ, *v. n.* to act with levity, to be foolish
 Trĩ'flẽr, *f.* who acts or talks foolishly
 Trĩ'flĩng, *a.* wanting worth
 Trĩ'flĩng-ly, *ad.* without importance
 Trĩ'fõrm, *f.* having a triple shape
 Trĩg'g'ẽr, *f.* a catch of a wheel or gun
 Trĩg'o-nõm'e-try, *f.* art of measuring tri-
 angles
 Trĩ-lãt'ẽr-ãl, *a.* having 3 sides
 Trĩll, *f.* a quaver, tremulousness of music
 Trĩll, *v. a. & n.* to quaver, to trickle or fall
 in drops ; to utter quavering [lions
 Trĩll'ĩõn, *f.* a million of millions of mil-
 Trĩm, *f.* condition, dress : *a.* dressed up,
 neat, nice : *v. a.* to temporize or fluctu-
 ate between two ; to balance a vessel ;
 to fit out ; to dress ; to shave
 Trĩm'ly, *ad.* neatly, nicely
 Trĩm'mẽr, *f.* a piece of wood ; a turn-coat
 Trĩm'mĩng, *f.* lace, &c. on clothes
 Trĩne, *f.* an aspect of two planets, distant
 120 degrees, which is the third part of
 the Zodiac
 Trĩn'ãl, *a.* belonging to the number three
 Trĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* three Persons in one God
 Trĩnk'ẽt, *f.* things of no value, toys
 Trĩp, *f.* a short voyage ; a mistake ; a stum-
 ble : *v. a. & n.* to detect, to supplant ; to
 err ; to fall
 Trĩpe, *f.* the paunch of an ox
 Trĩph'thõng, *f.* a coalition of three vowels

Trĩp'le, *a.* threefold, treble
 Trĩp'le, *v. a.* to treble, to make threefold
 Trĩp'lẽt, *f.* three of a kind
 Trĩp'lĩ-cate, *a.* thrice as much
 Trĩp-lĩ-cã'tion, *f.* the act of trebling
 Trĩ-plĩç'ĩ-ty, *f.* trebleness, threefold state
 Trĩ'põd, *f.* a seat with three feet
 Trĩp'o-ly, *f.* a sharp cutting sand
 Trĩp'pĩng, *f.* a light dance : *a.* quick, nim-
 ble
 Trĩp'pĩng-ly, *ad.* with agility
 Trĩ-fẽc'tion, *f.* division into three equal
 parts
 Trĩst'fũl, *a.* gloomy, melancholy, sad
 Trĩ-sỹ'la-ble, *f.* a word consisting of three
 syllables
 Trĩte, *a.* worn out, common, stale
 Trĩte'nẽss, *f.* commonness, staleness
 Trĩt'u-ra-ble, *a.* possible to be pounded
 Trĩt-u-rã'tion, *f.* a rubbing powder
 Trĩv'ẽt, *f.* See *Trevet*
 Trĩv'ĩ-ãl, *a.* inconsiderable, trifling
 Trĩv'ĩ-ãl-ly, *ad.* lightly, vulgarly
 Trĩv'ĩ-ãl-nẽss, *f.* commonness, vulgarity
 Trĩ'ũmph, *f.* joy for success
 Trĩ'ũmph, *v. n.* to rejoice for victory
 Trĩ-ũm'phãl, *f.* a token of victory
 Trĩ-ũm'phãl, *a.* used in celebrating victory
 Trĩ-ũm'phãnt, *a.* celebrating victory
 Trĩ-ũm'phãnt-ly, *ad.* in a triumphant man-
 ner
 Trĩ-ũm'vĩ-rate, } *f.* government by three
 Trĩ-ũm'vĩ-rĩ, } persons
 Trĩ'ũne, *a.* three in one
 Trĩõat, *v. a.* to cry as a buck does at rut-
 ting time
 Trĩõ'c'hẽe, *f.* a foot consisting of a long and
 short syllable

Trōde, *pret. of to tread*
 Trōd'den, *part. pass. of to tread*
 Trōg'lo-dy'te, *f. one who inhabits in caves*
 Trōll, *v. n. to move circularly; to fish for pike*
 Trōl'lōp, *f. a flatteringly woman*
 Trōop, *f. a body of soldiers, a number of people*
 Trōop, *v. n. to march in a body or in haste*
 Trōop'ér, *f. a horse-soldier*
 Trōpe, *f. a figure in speech*
 Trōph'ēd, *a. adorned with trophies*
 Trōph'y, *f. something taken in battle*
 Trōp'ic, *f. astronomical line*
 Trōp'ic-āl, *a. near the tropics; figurative*
 Tro-po-lōg'ic-āl, *a. varied by tropes*
 Tro pōl'o-g'y, *f. variation by tropes*
 Trōt', *f. a jolting high pace of a horse*
 Trōt', *v. n. to ride in a trot, to walk fast*
 Trōth', *f. truth*
 Trōth'lēss, *a. faithless, treacherous*
 Trōub'le, *f. calamity, disturbance, inconvenience*
 Trōub'le, *v. a. to afflict, disturb, perplex*
 Trōub'lér, *f. one who makes disturbance*
 Trōub'le-sōme, *a. tiresome, vexatious*
 Trōub'le sōme-ly, *ad. in a troublesome manner*
 Trōub'le-sōme nēss, *f. vexatiousness*
 Trō'vér, *f. (in law) an action for goods found and not delivered upon demand*
 Trōugh', *f. any long thing hollowed*
 Trōul, *v. n. to move or utter volubly*
 Trōunce, *v. a. to punish by indictment*
 Trōu'fērş, *f. breeches used by seamen*
 Trōût, *f. an honest silly fellow; a fish*
 Trō ŵ'ēl, *f. a tool to lay bricks in mortar*
 Trōy'wēight, *f. whose pound is 12 ounces*

Trū'ānt, *f. an absenter from school; an idler*
 Trū'ānt, *a. idle, lazy, loitering*
 Trū'ānt, *v. n. to keep from duty; to loiter*
 Trū'ānt-ship, *f. idleness, negligence*
 Trūbs, *f. a sort of herb*
 Trūce, *f. temporary peace, intermission*
 Trūck, *f. an exchange of goods: v. n. to traffic by exchange*
 Trūc'kle-bēd', *f. a bed that runs under another*
 Trūc'kle, *v. n. to be in subjection*
 Trūdge, *v. n. to jog on; to travel laboriously*
 Trūe, *a. exact, genuine, steady*
 Trūe-bōrn, *part. having a right by birth*
 Trūe-brēd, *part. of the right breed*
 Trūe'heart'ēd, *a. faithful, honest*
 Trūe-lōve-knōt, Trūe-lōv'ērş-knōt, *f. a particular kind of knot*
 Trūe'nēss, *f. faithfulness; sincerity*
 Trūe'pēn ny, *f. an honest fellow*
 Trūf'fle, *f. a subterraneous mushroom*
 Trūg, *f. a hod for mortar*
 Trūll, *f. a vagrant strumpet*
 Trū'ly, *ad. exactly, certainly, really*
 Trūmp, *f. an impediment; a turn-up card: v. a. to win with a trump, to devise, forge*
 Trūmp'e-ry, *f. idle talk; trifles*
 Trūmp'ēt, *f. a musical instrument: v. a. to sound one's praise*
 Trūmp'ēt-ér, *f. who sounds a trumpet for praise*
 Trūmp'ēt-tōngu-ēd, *a. speaking very loud*
 Trūn-cā'tion, *f. the act of lopping*
 Trūn'cheón, *f. a short staff of command: v. a. to beat with a truncheon*
 Trūn'dle, *f. any round rolling thing*
 Trūn'dle, *v. a. & n. to roll: to bowl along*

Trũnk, *f.* the body of any thing; a sort of chest; proboscis of an elephant; a long tube
 Trũn'ĩons, *f.* the knobs on great guns
 Trũs, *f.* bandage for ruptures; bundle of hay: *v. a.* to pack close together
 Trũst, *f.* care; charge, confidence, credit
 Trũst, *v. a. & n.* to confide in, to believe, to credit: to hope
 Trũst-ēe', *f.* one who is trusted with any thing
 Trũst'ér, *f.* he who trusts
 Trũst'ĩ-něs, *f.* fidelity, honesty
 Trũst'y, *a.* fit to be trusted, honest, true
 Trũth, *f.* fact, honesty, faithfulness
 Try, *v. a.* to essay, to attempt, to examine
 Tũb, *f.* a wooden vessel of various sizes
 Tũbe, *f.* a pipe, a syphon
 Tũ'bér-cle, *f.* a small swelling, a pimple
 Tũb'e-rōse, *f.* a sweet-smelling flower
 Tũ'be-roũs, *a.* full of knobs or swellings
 Tũ'bu-lár, *a.* long and hollow, like a pipe
 Tũck, *f.* a kind of sword; a net; a fold
 Tũck, *v. a.* to inclose under, to lay close
 Tũck'ér, *f.* a shred of linen about the breast
 Tũeſ'day, *f.* the third day of the week
 Tũst, *f.* a cluster of grass or hair
 Tũst'ed, *part.* growing in clusters or tufts
 Tũst'y, *a.* adorned with tufts
 Tũg, *f.* a pull with force
 Tũg, *v. a. & n.* to pull along; draw, contend, labour
 Tu'ĩ'tion, *f.* guardianship, instruction
 Tũ'lĩp, *f.* a beautiful flower
 Tũm'ble, *f.* a fall
 Tũm'ble, *v. a. & n.* to turn over, throw down: to roll about, to fall

Tũm/blér, *f.* one who shews feats of activity
 Tũm'brel, *f.* a dung-cart
 Tu-me-făc'tion, *f.* a swelling
 Tũ'me-fỹ, *v. a.* to make to swell, to swell
 Tũ'mĩd, *a.* swelled; pompous
 Tũ'moũr, *f.* a morbid swelling; puffy grandeur
 Tũ'moũr-oũs, *a.* swelling; falsely magnificent
 Tũmp, *v. a.* to fence trees with earth
 Tũ'mu-loſe, *a.* full of hills
 Tũ'mũlt, *f.* a wild commotion, a riot, a stir
 Tu-mũlt'u-a-rĩ-něs, *f.* confusion, turbulence
 Tu-mũlt'u-a-ry, *a.* confused, riotous
 Tu mũlt-u-ă'tion, *f.* confused agitation
 Tu-mũlt'u-oũs, *a.* full of riot, turbulent
 Tu-mũlt'u-oũs-ly, *ad.* with confusion and violence
 Tũn, *f.* a large cask
 Tũn, *v. a.* to put drink into a cask
 Tũn'a-ble, *a.* harmonious, musical
 Tũn'a-ble-něs, *f.* harmony, melodiousness
 Tũn'a-bly, *ad.* harmoniously
 Tũne, *f.* fit temper, harmony, music
 Tũne, *v. a.* to put into a musical state, to sing
 Tũne'fũl, *a.* harmonious, musical
 Tũne'lěs, *a.* without harmony
 Tũn'ér, *f.* one who tunes
 Tũ'nĩc, *f.* an upper garment, covering
 Tũ'nĩ-cle, *f.* a cover, integument
 Tũn'nage, *f.* contents of a vessel; a tax
 Tũn'něl, *f.* shaft of a chimney; a funnel to bottle liquor; a net
 Tũn'něl, *v. a.* to form like a tunnel; to catch in a net
 Tũp, *f.* a ram: *v. a.* to butt like a ram
 Tũr'băn, *f.* a head-covering of the Turks

Tūr/băn-ěd, *a.* wearing a turban
 Tūr/bīd, *a.* muddy, thick, not clear
 Tūr/bīd-něs, *f.* muddiness, thickness
 Tūr/bī-nat-ěd, *a.* spiral, twisted
 Tūr/bót, *f.* a sea-fish
 Tūr/bu-lěnce, Tūr/bu-lěn-cy, *f.* a tumult
 Tūr/bu-lěnt, *a.* tumultuous, violent
 Tūr/bu-lěnt-ly, *ad.* tumultuously
 Tūr/c, oīs, *f.* a precious stone
 Tūrd, *f.* excrement
 Tūrf, *f.* clod covered with grass; horse-course
 Tūrf, *v. a.* to cover with turfs
 Tūrf'ī-něs, *f.* state of abounding with turf
 Tūrf'y, *a.* full of turfs, green
 Tūr'g,ěnt, *a.* protuberant swelling
 Tūr-g,ě/cěnce, *f.* act of swelling, swelled state
 Tūr'g,īd, *a.* swelled, tumid
 Tūr-g,īd'ī-ty, *f.* the state of being swollen
 Tūrk, *f.* a native of Turkey
 Tūrk'ey, *f.* a large fowl well known
 Tūr'kōīs, or Tūr'koīs, *f.* a blue stone
 Tūrm, *f.* a troop
 Tūrn, *f.* the act of moving about: chance; change
 Tūrn, *v. a. & n.* to move round, change, transform: to move the body round
 Tūrn'cōat, *f.* an apostate, a renegado
 Tūrn'ér, *f.* one who turns in a lathe
 Tūrn'ing, *f.* winding, meander, flexure
 Tūr'nīp, *f.* a white esculent root
 Tūrn'pīke, *f.* a toll gate on a road
 Tūrn'pīt, *f.* one who turns a spit
 Tūrn'fīle, *f.* a whirling stile
 Tūr'pěn-tīne, *f.* gum from the pine, &c.
 Tūr'pī-tude, *f.* inherent vileness; essential deformity of words, thoughts, or actions
 Tūr'rět, *f.* a small tower

Tūr'rět-ěd, *a.* built like a tower
 Tūr'tle, *f.* the turtle-dove; a sea-tortoise
 Tūr'tle-dóve', *f.* a species of dove or pigeon
 Tūsh, Tūsh, *intj.* expressing contempt
 Tūsk, *f.* a very large tooth; a fish
 Tūsk'éd, Tūsk'y, *a.* furnished with tusks
 Tū'te-lage, *f.* guardianship
 Tū'te-lár, Tū'te-la-ry, *a.* guarding, protecting
 Tū'tór, *f.* one who instructs, a preceptor
 Tū'tór, *v. a.* to treat with superiority
 Tū'tór-age, *f.* the office of a tutor; education
 Tū'tór-ěs, *f.* a governess
 Tūz, *f.* a lock or tuft of hair
 Twāin, *a.* two
 Twāng, *f.* a sharp quick sound; an accent
 Twāng, *v. n.* to sound sharply or with accent
 Twāng'ling, *a.* contemptibly noisy
 Twānk, *v. n.* to make to sound
 'Twāš', *contraction of it was*
 Twēag, Twēague, Twēak, *v. a.* to pinch
 Twēak, *f.* perplexity, pinch
 Twēe'dle, *v. a.* to handle lightly or softly
 Twēez'érš, *f.* small pincers; nippers
 Twēlfth, *a.* second after ten
 Twēlfth'tīde, *f.* the Epiphany or twelfth day
 Twēlve, *a.* two and ten
 Twēlve'month, *f.* a year of solar months
 Twēlve'pěnce, *f.* a shilling
 Twēlve'pěn-ny, *a.* sold for a shilling
 Twēlve-scōre, *f.* twelve times twenty
 Twēn'tī-ěth, *a.* twice tenth
 Twēn'ty, *a.* twice ten
 Twīce, *ad.* two times, doubly
 Twīd'le, *v. a.* to touch lightly
 Twīg, *f.* a small branch; a twitch
 Twīg'g'en, *a.* made of twigs

- Twīg'g, *y*, *a.* full of twigs
 Twī'light, *f.* a light before and after the sun: *a.* deeply shaded, obscure
 Twīn, *f.* one of two produced together at a birth
 Twīn, *v. n.* to bring two, to be paired
 Twīn'börn, *part.* born at the same birth
 Twīne, *f.* twisted thread; embrace, twist: *v. a. & n.* to twist; to warp about, wind
 Twīnge, *f.* a sharp sudden pain, a pinch
 Twīnge, *v. a.* to distress, pinch, torment
 Twīnk, *f.* motion of an eye; a moment
 Twīn'kle, *v. n.* to open and shut the eye; to sparkle
 Twīnk'ling, *f.* motion of the eye; spark of light
 Twīn'ling, *f.* a twin lamb
 Twīn'nér, *f.* a breeder of twins
 Twīrl, *f.* a quick circular motion, a twist
 Twīrl, *v. a.* to turn round quick
 Twīst, *f.* thread made by winding together
 Twīst, *v. a.* to form by complication, to insinuate
 Twīst'é, *f.* who twists, a rope-maker
 Twīt, *v. a.* to reproach, to sneer
 Twītch, *f.* a quick pull, a twinge
 Twītch, *v. a.* to pluck forcibly, to snatch
 Twīt'tér, *f.* a disorder of passions: *v. n.* to make a noise like swallows
 Twīxt, *contraction of betwixt*
 Twô, *a.* one and one
 Twô'ēdg-ēd, *a.* having an edge on each side
 Twô'fôld, *a.* double: *ad.* doubly
 Twô'hānd-ēd, *a.* big, bulky, enormous
 Twô'pence, *f.* a small silver coin
 Tým'bāl, *f.* a kettle drum
 Tým'pā'nūm, *f.* the drum of the ear
 Týpe, *f.* printing letter: emblem, stamp

- Týp'íc āl, *a.* emblematical, figurative
 Týp'íc-āl-ly, *ad.* in a figurative manner
 Týp'ī fý, *v. a.* to shew in emblem, to figure
 Tȳ-pōg'ra-phér, *f.* a printer of books
 Tȳ-po-grāph'íc-āl, *a.* belonging to printing
 Tȳ-po-grāph'íc-āl-ly, *ad.* after the way of printers
 Tȳ-pōg'ra-phy, *f.* the art of printing with letters
 Tȳ-rān'níc, Tȳ-rān'níc-āl, *a.* like a tyrant; despotic, cruel [rants
 Tȳ-rān'níc-āl-ly, *ad.* in the manner of ty-
 Tȳ'rān-nīse, Tȳ'rān-nīse, *v. n.* to play the tyrant
 Tȳ'rān-ny, or Tȳr'ān-ny, *f.* cruel government; unjust severity
 Tȳ'rānt, *f.* a cruel despotic ruler
 Tý'ro, *f.* a beginner, a novice, a student

U

- U-Bī'qūi-ta-ry, *f.* one who exists every where
 U-bīq'ūi-ta-ry, *a.* existing every where
 U-bīq'ūi-ty, *f.* omnipresence
 ūd'dér, *f.* the dugs of a cow
 ūl'cér, *f.* a running sore
 ūl'cér-ate, *v. a.* to disease with sores
 ūl'cér-ā'tion, *f.* a breaking into sores, a sore
 ūl'cér-ōus, *a.* afflicted with sores
 ūl'cér ēd, *a.* grown to be an ulcer
 ūl'tī-mate, *a.* the very last
 ūl'tī-mate-ly, *ad.* in the very last consequence
 ūl'tī-mā'tūm, *f.* a final answer or resolution
 ūl'tra-ma-rīne', *f.* a very fine blue
 ūl'tra-ma-rīne, *a.* beyond sea, foreign
 ūl'tra-mūn'dane, *a.* beyond the world

ūl-trō'ne-oūs, *a.* spontaneous, voluntary
 ūm'bér, *f.* a gloomy kind of colour; a fish
 ūm'bér-ēd, *a.* clouded, shaded
 ūm-bīl'ic-āl, *a.* belonging to the navel
 ūm'bleš, *f.* *pl.* deer's entrails
 ūm'brage, *f.* offence, resentment; shadow
 ūm-brā'geous, *a.* shady
 ūm-brā'geous-něs, *f.* shadiness
 ūm-brēl'la, *f.* a cover from the sun
 ūm-brōf'ī-ty, *f.* shadiness, exclusion of light
 ūm'pī-rage, *f.* arbitration
 ūm'pīre, *f.* one who decides disputes, an arbitrator
 ūn-a-bāsh'ēd, *a.* not ashamed
 ūn-ā'ble, *a.* not able; weak
 ūn-a-bōl'īsh-ēd, *a.* remaining in force
 ūn-āc-cēpt'a-ble, *a.* not acceptable
 ūn-āc-cēpt'a-ble-něs, *f.* state of not pleasing
 ūn-āc-cēpt'ēd, *a.* not accepted
 ūn-āc-cēf'fī-ble-něs, *f.* inaccessible state
 ūn-āc-cōm'mo-dat-ēd, *a.* not furnished with conveniences
 ūn-āc-cōm'pān-ī-ēd, *a.* not attended
 ūn-āc-cōm'plīsh-ēd, *a.* unfinished
 ūn-āc-cōunt'a-ble, *a.* not controlled; not explicable
 ūn-āc-cōunt'a-bly, *ad.* strangely
 ūn-āc-cūs'tóm-ēd, *a.* not usual, new
 ūn-āc-knōw'ēdg-ēd, *a.* not owned
 ūn-āc-quāzint'ānce, *f.* want of knowledge
 ūn-āc-quāzint'ēd, *a.* not known; unusual
 ūn-āct'īve, *a.* not brisk
 ūn-ād-mīr'ēd, *a.* not regarded with honour
 ūn-a-dōr'ēd, *a.* not worshipped
 ūn-ād-vīf'ēd, *a.* imprudent, indiscreet
 ūn-āf-fēct'ēd, *a.* not touched; candid, open
 ūn-āzd'ēd, *a.* not assisted
 ūn-āl'ī-ēn-a-ble, *a.* that cannot be alienated

ūn-āl-lī'ēd, *a.* having no powerful ally
 ūn-āl'tér-a-ble, *a.* that cannot or may not be altered [vice
 ūna-nīm'ī-ty, *f.* agreement in mind; ad-
 U-nān'īm-oūs, *a.* being of one mind
 ūn-ān-nēal'ēd, } *a.* wanting extreme unc-
 ūn-ān-ōint'ēd, } tion
 ūn-ān'fwer-a-ble, *a.* not to be refuted
 ūn-ān'fwer-ēd, *a.* not confuted, not answered
 ūn-āp-pāll'ēd, *a.* not daunted
 ūn-āp-pār'ēl-ēd, *a.* not dressed
 ūn-āp-pā'rēnt, *a.* not visible, obscure
 ūn-āp-pēaf'a-ble, *a.* not to be pacified
 ūn-āp-pēaf'ēd, *a.* not pacified
 ūn-āp-pre-hēn'fīve, *a.* not apprehending
 ūn-āp-prōach'a-ble, *a.* inaccessible
 ūn-āp-prōv'ēd, *a.* not approved
 ūn-āpt', *a.* dull, improper, unfit
 ūn-ār'gu-ēd, *a.* not disputed
 ūn-ārm'ēd, *a.* having no armour
 ūn-ārt'fūl, *a.* wanting art, skill or cunning
 ūn-āsk'ēd, *a.* not asked or desired
 ūn-ās-pīr'īng, *a.* not ambitious
 ūn-ās-fāzī'ēd, *a.* not attacked or assaulted
 ūn-ās-fīst'ēd, *a.* not assisted, not helped
 ūn-ās-fīst'īng, *a.* giving no help
 ūn-ās-sūr'ēd, *a.* not to be trusted, not confident [tained
 ūn-āt-tāzn'a-ble, *a.* not to be gotten or ob-
 ūn-āt-tēmt'ēd, *a.* not assayed; untried
 ūn-āt-tēnd'ēd, *a.* having no retinue
 ūn-a-vāzī'a-ble, } *a.* vain with respect to
 ūn-a-vāzī'īng, } the purpose, useless
 ūn-a-vōid'a-ble, *a.* not to be shunned
 ūn-āu'thōr-īf-ēd, *a.* not supported by authority

ŭn-a-wāre', } *ad.* suddenly, unexpected-
 ŭn-a-wāreš, } ly
 ŭn-āw'ēd, *a.* having no fear or regard
 ŭn-bäck'ēd, *a.* not supported, untamed
 ŭn-bār', *v. a.* to remove a bar, to unbolt
 ŭn-bēat'en, *a.* not beaten, not trodden
 ŭn-be-cōm'ing, *a.* indecent, unsuitable
 ŭn-be-fīt'ting, *a.* unbecoming, not suitable
 ŭn-be-gōt'ten, *a.* not generated, eternal
 ŭn-be-lief', *f.* incredulity, infidelity
 ŭn-be-liev'ér, *f.* who believes not the scrip-
 tures
 ŭn-bēnd', *v. a.* to relax, remit, ease
 ŭn-bēnd'ing, *a.* not suffering flexure; re-
 laxated
 ŭn-bēn'e-fīc-ēd, *a.* not enjoying a benefice
 ŭn-bēnt', *a.* relaxed, unstrung; not subdued
 ŭn-be-sēm'ing, *a.* unbecoming
 ŭn-be-ŏught', *a.* not entreated
 ŭn-be-wāil'ēd, *a.* not lamented
 ŭn-bī'āfs, *v. a.* to remove prejudices
 ŭn-bīd'den, *a.* uninvited, uncommanded
 ŭn-bīnd', *v. a.* to loose, to untie
 ŭn-bīt'tēd, *a.* unbridled, unrestrained
 ŭn-blām'a-ble, *a.* not blamable
 ŭn-blēm'ish-ēd, *a.* free from blemish or re-
 proach
 ŭn-blēst', *a.* unhappy, wretched, accursed
 ŭn-b'ōwn', *a.* having the bud yet unex-
 panded
 ŭn-bōlt', *v. a.* to open bolts
 ŭn-bōt'ēd, *a.* not refined or sifted, coarse
 ŭn-bōrn', *a.* not yet brought into life
 ŭn-bōr'rōw-ēd, *a.* genuine, original, one's
 ŭn-bōt'tōm-ēd, *a.* bottomless [own
 ŭn-bō'fōm, *v. a.* to reveal in confidence
 ŭn-bōught', *a.* obtained without money
 ŭn-bōūnd', *a.* wanting a cover; not bound

ŭn-bōūnd'ēd, *a.* unlimited, unrestrained
 ŭn-bōūnd'ēd-ly, *ad.* without limits
 ŭn-bōūnd'ēd-nēss, *f.* unlimited extent or li-
 berty
 ŭn-bōw'ēd, *a.* not bent, not curved
 ŭn-brāce', *v. a.* to loose, to relax
 ŭn-brēd', *a.* not taught; ill-educated
 ŭn-brīb'ēd, *a.* not influenced by money
 ŭn-brīd'lēd, *a.* not restrained; licentious
 ŭn-brōk'en, *a.* not tamed, not weakened
 ŭn-buīld', *v. a.* to destroy, to raze
 ŭn-buīlt', *a.* not yet erected
 ŭn-bur'ī-ēd, *a.* (*pron.* ŭn-bēr'rī-ēd) not
 interred
 ŭn-būrnt', *a.* not consumed by fire
 ŭn-būr'thēn, *v. a.* to rid of a load
 ŭn-but'ton, *v. a.* to loose any thing but-
 toned
 ŭn-cāll'ēd, *a.* not sent for, not summoned
 ŭn-cālm', *v. a.* to disturb
 ŭn-ca-nōn'ic-āl, *a.* not canonical, not ap-
 ŭn-cā'pa-ble, *a.* not capable [proved
 ŭn-cāse', *v. a.* to uncover, to flay
 ŭn-cāught', *a.* not yet taken
 ŭn-cāz'tious, *a.* not wary, heedless
 ŭn-cēr'tain, *a.* doubtful, unsettled
 ŭn-cēr'tain-ty, *f.* contingency, dubiousness
 ŭn-chāin', *v. a.* to free from chains
 ŭn-chānge'a-ble, *a.* not to be changed
 ŭn-chānge'a-ble-nēss, *f.* unalterable quality
 ŭn-chānge'a-bly, *ad.* without change
 ŭn-chāng'ēd, *a.* not altered or alterable
 ŭn-chāng'ing, *a.* suffering no alteration
 ŭn-chārgē', *v. a.* to retract an accusation
 ŭn-chār'ī-ta-ble, *a.* having no mercy
 ŭn-chār'ī-ta-ble-nēss, *f.* want of charity
 ŭn-chār'ī-ta-bly, *ad.* without charity
 ŭn-chāste', *a.* lewd, lustful, not pure

ŭn-chāf'tī-ty, *f.* lewdness, lust
 ŭn-chēck'ēd, *a.* unrestrained
 ŭn-chēer'fūl, *a.* not lively, dull
 ŭn-chēer'fūl-nēss, *f.* melancholy
 ŭn-chev'ēd, *a.* not chewed
 ŭn-c,hrīst'īān, *a.* contrary to Christianity
 ŭn-c,hrīst'īān-nēss, *f.* contrariety to Christianity
 ŭn-cīr-cum-cīf'ēd, *a.* not circumcised
 ŭn-cīr-cum-cī'fion, *f.* want of circumcision
 ŭn-cīr-cum-scrib'ēd, *a.* not limited
 ŭn-cīr'cum-spēct, *a.* not cautious, careless
 ŭn-cīr-cum-ītān'tial, *a.* not important
 ŭn-cīv'īl, *a.* unpolite, rude
 ŭn-cīv'īl-ly, *ad.* unpolitely, not complai-
 santly
 ŭn-cīv'īl-iz-ēd, *a.* barbarous, indecent
 ŭn-clār'ī-fī-ēd, *a.* not purified
 ŭn-clāf'fīc, *a.* not classic
 ŭn-clē, *f.* father or mother's brother
 ŭn-clēan', *a.* not clean; lewd, wicked
 ŭn-clēan'ī-nēss, } *f.* want of cleanness;
 ŭn-clēan'nēss, } *sin*
 ŭn-clēan'ly, *ad.* filthy, nasty, unchaste
 ŭn-clēanf'ēd, *a.* not cleansed
 ŭn-clēw', *v. a.* to unravel a secret
 ŭn-clēnch', *v. a.* to open the hand
 ŭn-clīp'pēd, *a.* not cut, whole
 ŭn-clōthē', *v. a.* to make naked, to strip
 ŭn-clōth'ēd, *a.* naked, stripped
 ŭn-clōg', *v. a.* to set at liberty, to disen-
 ŭn-clōīf'tēr, *v. a.* to set at large [cumber
 ŭn-clōfē', *v. a.* to open
 ŭn-clōf'ēd, *a.* without inclosures
 ŭn-clōūd'ēd, *a.* free from clouds [etc.
 ŭn-clōūd'ēd-nēss, *a.* freedom from clouds,
 ŭn-clōūd'y, *a.* unclouded, free from clouds
 ŭn-cōīf', *v. a.* to pull the cap off

ŭn-cōīn'ēd, *a.* not coined
 ŭn-cōl-lect'ēd, *a.* not collected
 ŭn-cōl'our-ēd, *a.* not coloured or stained
 ŭn-cōmb'ēd, *a.* not parted with a comb
 ŭn-cōme'ī-nēss, *f.* want of beauty
 ŭn-cōme'ly, *ad.* not comely
 ŭn-cōm'fōrt-a-ble, *a.* dismal, gloomy; mi-
 serable [state
 ŭn-cōm'fōrt-a-ble-nēss, *f.* uncomfortable
 ŭn-cōm'fōrt-a-bly, *ad.* in an uncomfortable
 manner
 ŭn-cōm'nīōn, *a.* not frequent
 ŭn-cōm'mōn-nēss, *f.* infrequency
 ŭn-cōm-pāct', *a.* not compact
 ŭn-cōm-mū'nī-cāt-ēd, *a.* not communicated
 ŭn-cōm-pēl'lēd, *a.* free from compulsion
 ŭn-cōm-pōūnd'ēd, *a.* not intricate; simple
 ŭn-cōm-prēss'ēd, *a.* not compressed
 ŭn-cōn-cēiv'a-ble, *a.* not to be understood
 ŭn-cōn-cēiv'a-ble-nēss, *f.* unconceivable
 ŭn-cōn-cēiv'ēd, *a.* not imagined [state
 ŭn-cōn-cērn', *f.* indifference, negligence
 ŭn-cōn-cērn'ēd, *a.* not anxious, not dis-
 turbed
 ŭn-cōn-cērn'ēd-ly, *ad.* without concern
 ŭn-cōn-cērn'ēd-nēss, *f.* freedom from con-
 cern
 ŭn-coup'le, *v. a.* to loose dogs from their
 couples
 ŭn-court'eous, *a.* uncivil, unpolite
 ŭn-cōurt'ī-nēss, *f.* incivility, rudeness
 ŭn-cōurt'ly, *ad.* rudely; inelegant of man-
 ŭn-cōuth', *a.* strange, unusual [ners
 ŭn-cōuth'ly, *ad.* oddly, strangely
 ŭn-cōuth'nēss, *f.* oddness, strangeness
 ŭn-cre-āte', *v. a.* to deprive of existence
 ŭn-cre-āt'ēd, *a.* not yet created
 ŭn-prēd'ī-ta-ble-nēss, *f.* want of reputation

ũn-crōw'n', *v. a.* to deprive of a crown
 ũnc'tion, *f.* act of anointing
 ũnc-tu-ōs'ī-ty, *f.* fatness, oiliness
 ũnc'tuous, *a.* (*pron.* ũnc'thūs) fat, oily,
 ũn-cŭll'ēd, *a.* not gathered [clammy
 ũn-cŭl'pā-ble, *a.* not deserving blame
 ũn-cŭl'tī-vāt-ēd, *a.* not cultivated, not ci-
 vilized
 ũn-cŭm'bér-ēd, *a.* not embarrassed
 ũn-cŭrb'a-ble, *a.* not restrained, licentious
 ũn-cŭrl', *v. a.* to destroy curls, to loose
 ũn-cŭt', *a.* not cut [from ringlets
 ũn-dām', *v. a.* to open banks
 ũn-dām'ag-ēd, *a.* not hurt, not made worse
 ũn-dāunt'ēd, *a.* not daunted, not depressed
 ũn-dāunt'ēd-ly, *ad.* without fear, boldly
 ũn-de-bāuch'ēd, *a.* not corrupted by de-
 bauchery
 ũn-de-cāy'ēd, *a.* not liable to decay
 ũn-de-cāy'ing, *a.* not suffering decay
 ũn-de-cēiv'e', *v. a.* to inform justly, to free
 from fallacy [posed on
 ũn-de-cēiv'a-ble, *a.* not cheated, not im-
 ũn-de-cīd'ēd, *a.* not determined
 ũn-dēck', *v. a.* to undress, to deprive of
 ornaments [bellished
 ũn-dēck'ēd, *a.* not ornamented, not em-
 ũn-de-cīf'ive, *a.* not conclusive
 ũn-de-clīn'ēd, *a.* not varied by grammat-
 ical terminations
 ũn-de-fā'cēd, *a.* not disfigured
 ũn-de-fīl'ēd, *a.* not polluted, not vitiated
 ũn-de-fīn'a-ble, *a.* not to be defined
 ũn-de-fīn'ēd, *a.* not explained by a defini-
 ũn-de-fōrm'ēd, *a.* not deformed [tion
 ũn-de-fī'ēd, *a.* not defied, not challenged
 ũn-de-līb'ér-at-ēd, *a.* not carefully consider-
 ũn-de-līght'ēd, *a.* not pleased [ed

ũn-de-līght'fŭl, *a.* not giving pleasure
 ũn-de-mōl'īsh-ēd, *a.* not thrown down
 ũn-de-mōn'stra-ble, *a.* not to be demonstra-
 ted
 ũn-de-nī'a-ble, *a.* that cannot be gainsaid
 ũn-de-nī'a-bly, *ad.* so plainly as to admit
 no contradiction
 ũn-de-plōr'ēd, *a.* not lamented
 ũn-de-prāv'ēd, *a.* not corrupted
 ũn-de-prīv'ēd, *a.* not stripped of any pos-
 session
 ũn'dér, *prep. & ad.* beneath, below ; less
 ũn'dér-āc'tion, *f.* subordinate action
 ũn'dér-bīd', *v. a.* to offer less than the
 worth
 ũn'dér-clerk', *f.* a subordinate clerk
 ũn'dér-dō', *v. n.* to do less than is requisite
 ũn'dér-fāc'tion, *f.* a subordinate faction
 ũn'dér-gō', *v. n.* to endure, suffer, sustain
 ũn'dér-grōūnd', *f.* a subterraneous space
 ũn'dér-grōwth', *a.* growing under trees
 ũn'dér-hānd', *a.* cunning, private, sly
 ũn'dér-hānd', *ad.* fraudulently, secretly
 ũn'dér-lā'bour-ér, *f.* a subordinate work-
 man
 ũn'dér-lāy', *v. a.* to strengthen by laying
 something under
 ũn'dér-līne', *v. a.* to mark with a line un-
 der the words
 ũn'dér-līng, *f.* an inferior or mean person
 ũn'dér-mīne', *v. a.* to injure secretly ; to
 sap
 ũn'dér-mīn'ér, *f.* a secret enemy ; he who
 ũn'dér-most, *a.* lowest in place, &c. [saps
 ũn'dér-nēath', *a.* below, beneath
 ũn'dér-nēath', *prep.* under
 ũn'dér-ōf'f'ī-cér, *f.* an inferiour officer
 ũn'dér-pīn', *v. a.* to prop, to support

ūn'de-rōg'a-to-ry, *a.* not derogatory
 ūn'dér-pàrt', *f.* the lowest part
 ūn'dér-pèt'tī-cōat, *f.* the petticoat worn next the body
 ūn'dér-plōt', *f.* a series of events subservient to the plot of a play; a clandestine scheme
 ūn'dér-prāiz', *v. a.* to praise below desert
 ūn'dér-prīze, *v. a.* to undervalue
 ūn'dér-prōp', *v. a.* to support, sustain
 ūn'dér-pro-pōr'tion-ēd, *a.* having too little proportion
 ūn'dér-rāte', *v. a.* to rate too low
 ūn'dér-rāte, *f.* price less than the value
 ūn'dér-sēc're-ta-ry, *f.* a subordinate secretary
 ūn'dér-sēll', *v. a.* to sell cheaper
 ūn'dér-sér'vant, *f.* a lower servant
 ūn'dér-shēr'iff, *f.* the deputy of a sheriff
 ūn'dér-shōt, *a.* moved by water passing under
 ūn'dér-stānd', *v. a. & n.* to comprehend fully: to be informed
 ūn'dér-stānd'ing, *f.* intellectual powers, skill
 ūn'dér-stānd'ing, *a.* knowing, skilful
 ūn'dér-stānd'ing-ly, *ad.* with knowledge
 ūn'dér-stōod', *pret. & part. of to understand*
 ūn'dér-strāp'pér, *f.* an inferior agent
 ūn'dér-tāke', *v. a. & n.* to engage in, to attempt, to take charge of, to promise: to hazard
 ūn'dér-tāk'ér, *f.* who undertakes
 ūn'dér-tāk'ing, *f.* affair, business, enterprise
 ūn'dér-tēn'ānt, *f.* a secondary tenant
 ūn'dér-tōok', *pret. of to undertake*
 ūn'dér-vāl'ue, *f.* low rate, vile price: *v. a.* to rate too low, to despise

ūn'dér-vāl'u-ér, *f.* one who undervalues
 ūn'dér-wēnt', *pret. of to undergo*
 ūn'dér-wōod, *f.* bushes growing under timber
 ūn'dér-wōrk, *f.* petty affairs; base design
 ūn'dér-wōrk', *v. a.* to work for less; to undermine
 ūn'dér-wōrk'mān, *f.* inferior labourer
 ūn'dér-writ'e', *v. a.* to write under another; to insure
 ūn'dér-writ'ér, *f.* an insurer
 ūn-de-scrib'ēd, *a.* not described
 ūn-de-scri'ēd, *a.* undiscovered, unseen
 ūn-de-sérv'ēd, *a.* not merited, not incurred
 ūn-de-sérv'ēd-ly, *ad.* without desert
 ūn-de-sérv'ér, *f.* one of no merit
 ūn-de-sérv'ing, *a.* not deserving
 ūn-de-sign'ēd, *a.* not intended
 ūn-de-sign'ing, *a.* sincere
 ūn-de-sir'a-ble, *a.* not to be wished
 ūn-de-sir'ēd, *a.* not solicited, not wished
 ūn-de-sir'ing, *a.* not wishing; negligent
 ūn-de-tér'mīn-a-ble, *a.* impossible to be decided
 ūn-de-tér'mīn-ate, *a.* not settled [cided
 ūn-de-tér'mīn-ēd, *a.* undecided, unsettled
 ūn-dīd', *pret. of undo*
 ūn-dī-g,ēst'ēd, *a.* not concocted
 ūn-dī-mīn'ish-ēd, *a.* not lessened, not im-
 ūn-dī-rēct'ēd, *a.* not directed [paired
 ūn-dis-cérn'ēd, *a.* not discerned, not observed
 ūn-dīf-cérn'ible, *a.* not to be discerned
 ūn-dīf-cérn'ī-bly, *ad.* imperceptibly, invi-
 ūn-dīf-cérn'ing, *a.* injudicious [sibly
 ūn-dīf'cīp-līn-ēd, *a.* not trained, uninstructed
 ūn-dīf-cōv'ér-a-ble, *a.* not to be found out
 ūn-dīf-cōv'ér-ēd, *a.* not found out

ūn-dīf-guīf'ēd, *a.* artless, open, plain
 ūn-dīf-hōn'ōur-ēd, *a.* not disgraced
 ūn-dō, *v. a.* to take to pieces; to ruin
 ūn-dōne', *a.* not yet begun; destroyed,
 ruined
 ūn'du-late, *v. a.* to roll as a wave
 ūn-du-lā'tion, *f.* motion as of waves
 ūn-ēāfī-nēss, *f.* state of disquiet, trouble
 ūn-ēāfy, *a.* disturbed, painful, peevish
 ūn-ēat'en, *a.* not devoured or eaten
 ūn-ēd'ī-fy-ing, *a.* not improving life
 ūn-e-lēct'ēd, *a.* not chosen
 ūn-ēl'ī-g, ī-ble, *a.* not worthy to be chosen
 ūn-ēm-plōy'ēd, *a.* not employed in work,
 idle [vested
 ūn-ēn-dōw'ēd, *a.* not endowed, not in-
 ūn-ēn-gāg'ēd, *a.* not engaged
 ūn-ēn-jōy'ēd, *a.* not possessed
 ūn-ēn-līght'en-ēd, *a.* not enlightened
 ūn-ēn-slāv'ēd, *a.* not enthralled, free
 ūn-ēn-tēr-tāzn'ing, *a.* giving no delight
 ūn-ēn'vī-ēd, *a.* exempt from envy
 ūn-ē-quā-ble, *a.* different from itself
 ūn-ē'quāl, *a.* not even, not equal; partial
 ūn-ē'quāl-lēd, *a.* unparalleled
 ūn-ē'quāl-nēss, *f.* inequality
 ūn-ēq'ūī-ta-ble, *a.* not just, not impartial
 ūn-e-quīv'o-cāl, *a.* not equivocal; plain
 ūn-ēr'rīng, *a.* not mistaking, certain
 ūn-ēr'rīng-ly, *ad.* without mistake
 ūn-ēs-pī'ēd, *a.* not seen, not discovered
 ūn-ēs-sen'tial, *a.* not essential
 ūn-ēs-tāb'līsh-ēd, *a.* not established
 ūn-ē'ven, *a.* not level, not even, not equal
 ūn-ē'ven-nēss, *f.* changeableness, inequality
 ūn-ēs-āct'ēd, *a.* not exacted, not taken by
 ūn-ēs-ām'īn-ēd, *a.* not examined [force
 ūn-ēs-ām'plēd, *a.* without precedent

ūn-ēs-cēp'tion-a-ble, *a.* not liable to ob-
 jection
 ūn-ēs'e-cut-ēd, *a.* not performed
 ūn-ēs-ēm/plī-fī-ēd, *a.* not known by ex-
 ūn-ēs'ēr-cīf-ēd, *a.* not practised [ample
 ūn-ēs-hāuſt'ēd, *a.* not spent; not drained
 ūn-ēs-pānd'ēd, *a.* not spread out
 ūn-ēs-pēct'ēd, *a.* not expected, not thought
 ūn-ēs-pēct'ēd-ly, *ad.* suddenly [on
 ūn-ēs-pēct'ēd-nēss, *f.* suddenness
 ūn-ēs-pē'rī-ēn-cēd, *a.* not experienced
 ūn-ēs-pē'dī-ēnt, *a.* not fit, inconvenient
 ūn-ēs-pērt', *a.* wanting skill or knowledge
 ūn-ēs-plōr'ēd, *a.* not searched out
 ūn-ēs-pōſ'ēd, *a.* not laid open to censure
 ūn-ēs-prēf'fī-ble, *a.* ineffable, unutterable
 ūn-ēs-prēf'fīve, *a.* unutterable
 ūn-ēs-tēnd'ēd, *a.* having no dimensions
 ūn-ēs-tīn'gūīsh-a-ble, *a.* not to be put out
 ūn-ēs-tīn'gūīsh-ēd, *a.* not put out, not
 ūn-fād'ēd, *a.* not withered [quenched
 ūn-fād'ing, *a.* not liable to change of
 colour
 ūn-fāz'ing, *a.* not missing, certain
 ūn-fāzr, *a.* not honest; disingenuous
 ūn-fāith'fūl, *a.* impious, treacherous
 ūn-fāith'fūl-ly, *ad.* treacherously, perfid-
 iously
 ūn-fāith'fūl-nēss, *f.* perfidiousness, treachery
 ūn-fāl'lōw-ēd, *a.* not fallowed
 ūn-fa-mīl'ī-ār, *a.* not common
 ūn-fāsh'ion-a-ble, *a.* not modish [mode
 ūn-fāsh'ion-a-ble-nēss, *f.* a deviation from
 ūn-fāsh'ion-a-bly, *ad.* not according to
 fashion [out regular form
 ūn-fāsh'ion-ēd, *a.* not made by art, with-
 ūn-fāst'en, *v. a.* to unfix, to loose
 ūn-fāth'ōm-a-ble, *a.* not to be sounded

ūn-fāth'óm-a-bly, *ad.* so as not to be found-
 ūn-fāth'óm-ēd, *a.* not founded [ed
 ūn-fā'vōūr-a-bly, *ad.* unkindly
 ūn-fēar'ēd, *a.* not feared, dauntless, intrepid
 ūn-fēas'ī-ble, *a.* impracticable
 ūn-fēath'ér-ēd, *a.* naked of feathers
 ūn-fēd', *a.* not supplied with food
 ūn-fē'ēd, *a.* not fed
 ūn-fē'l'ing, *a.* without feeling, insensible
 ūn-fēign'ēd, *a.* real, sincere, not counterfeit
 ūn-fēign'ēd-ly, *ad.* really, sincerely
 ūn-fēlt, *a.* not felt, not perceived [on
 ūn-fēn'cēd, *a.* not inclosed, naked fortificati-
 ūn-fēr-mēnt'ēd, *a.* not fermented
 ūn-fet'tér, *v. a.* to free from shackles
 ūn-firm', *a.* not stable; feeble, weak
 ūn-fīl'ī-āl, *a.* unsuitable to a son
 ūn-fīn'īsh'ēd, *a.* incomplete, imperfect
 ūn-fīt, *a.* improper, unqualified
 ūn-fīt'ly, *ad.* not properly, unsuitably
 ūn-fīt'nēs, *f.* want of qualifications or pro-
 priety
 ūn-fīt'ting, *a.* not proper
 ūn-fīx', *v. a.* to make fluid, to loosen
 ūn-fīx'ēd, *a.* not settled; wandering
 ūn-flēdg'ēd, *a.* not covered with feathers
 ūn-flēsh'ēd, *a.* not covered with flesh; raw
 ūn-fōil'ēd, *a.* not subdued, not put to the
 worst
 ūn-fōld', *v. a.* to discover, display, expand
 ūn-fōld'ing, *a.* directing to unfold [ceive
 ūn-fōol', *v. a.* to restore from folly, to unde-
 ūn-fōr'cēd, *a.* not compelled, not feigned
 ūn-fōr'cible, *a.* wanting strength
 ūn-fōre-bōd'ing, *a.* giving no omens
 ūn-fōre-knōwn', *a.* not foreseen by presci-
 ence [ed
 ūn-fōre-fēen', not known before it happen-

ūn-fōr-g,iv'ing, *a.* implacable
 ūn-fōr-gōt'ten, *a.* not lost to memory
 ūn-fōrm'ēd, *a.* not modified into regular shape
 ūn-fōr-fāk'en, *a.* not deserted
 ūn-fōr'ti-fī-ēd, *a.* not fortified; weak
 ūn-fōr'tu-nate, *a.* wanting luck, unprosper-
 ous
 ūn-fōr'tu-nate-ly, *ad.* without good luck
 ūn-frē'quēnt, *a.* not common
 ūn-frē-quēnt'ēd, *a.* rarely visited
 ūn-frē'quēnt-ly, *ad.* uncommonly, seldom
 ūn-friēnd'ēd, *a.* wanting friends, unsupport-
 ed
 ūn-friēnd'lī-nēs, *f.* want of kindness
 ūn-friēnd'ly, *a.* not benevolent, not kind
 ūn-frō'zen, *a.* not frozen, not congealed to
 ice
 ūn-frūit'fūl, *a.* not fertile; barren
 ūn-fūl-fīl'lēd, *a.* not fulfilled [fold
 ūn-fūrl', *v. a.* to expand, to open, to un-
 ūn-fūr'nīsh, *v. a.* to deprive, to divest
 ūn-fūr'nīsh-ēd, *part.* without furniture
 ūn-gā'n', ūn-gā'n'ly, *a.* awkward, uncouth
 ūn-gāll'ēd, *a.* unhurt, unwounded
 ūn-gāth'ér-ēd, *a.* not picked or pulled
 ūn-g,ēn'ér-at-ēd, *a.* unbegotten
 ūn-g,ēn'ér-a-tīve, *a.* begetting nothing
 ūn-g,ēn'ér-ōūs, *a.* ignominious, mean
 ūn-g,ēn'ī-āl, *a.* not favourable to nature
 ūn-g,ēn'tle, *a.* hard, rude, rugged
 ūn-g,ēn'tle-mān-līke, } *a.* not becoming a
 ūn-g,ēn'tle-mān-ly, } gentleman; illi-
 beral
 ūn-gēn'tle-nēs, *f.* harshness, incivility
 ūn-g,ēnt'ly, *a.* harshly, rudely
 ūn-gīrd', *v. a.* to loose a girdle or girth
 ūn-gīrt', *a.* loosely dressed
 ūn-glō'rī-fīēd, *a.* not honoured

ūn-glue', *v. a.* to separate a place glued
 ūn-gōd'ly, *ad.* wickedly, impiously
 ūn-gōd'ly-nēfs, *f.* impiety, wickedness
 ūn-gōd'ly, *a.* irreligious, wicked
 ūn-gōr'ēd, *a.* unhurt, unwounded
 ūn-gōv'érn-a-ble, *a.* not to be ruled, wild
 ūn-gōv'érn-éd, *a.* licentious, unbridled
 ūn-grāce'fūl, *a.* wanting beauty [gance
 ūn-grāce'fūl-nēfs, *f.* awkwardness, inele-
 ūn-grā'cious, *a.* offensive, unacceptable, wick-
 ed
 ūn-grān'éd, *a.* not granted, not yielded
 ūn-grāte'fūl, *a.* unpleasing, unthankful
 ūn-grāte'fūl-ly, *ad.* with ingratitude
 ūn-grāte'fūl-nēfs, *f.* ingratitude, unaccep-
 tableness
 ūn-grōūnd'éd, *a.* without foundation
 ūn-grudg'ing-ly, *ad.* cheerfully, heartily
 ūn-guārd'éd, *a.* undefended, careless, neg-
 ligent
 ūn'gūēnt, *f.* ointment
 ūn-hand'some, *a.* ungraceful, illiberal
 ūn-hānd'y, *a.* not dexterous, awkward
 ūh-hap'py, *a.* distressed, unfortunate
 ūn-hār-nēfs, *v. a.* to disarm, to untrace
 ūn-hāch'éd, *a.* not brought forth
 ūn-hāz'ārd-éd, *a.* not put in danger
 ūn-hēalth'fūl, *a.* sickly, unwholesome
 ūn-hēalth'y, *a.* wanting health, sickly
 ūn-hēard', *a.* not heard, unknown
 ūn-hēat'éd, *a.* not made hot
 ūn-hēed'éd, *a.* disregarded
 ūn-hēed'ing, *a.* careless, negligent
 ūn-hēlp'fūl, *a.* giving no assistance
 ūn-hīnge', *v. a.* to throw from hinges, to
 displace
 ūn-hō'ly-nēfs, *f.* profaneness, wickedness
 ūn-hō'ly, *f.* impious, profane, wicked

ūn-hōn'oŭr-éd, *a.* not treated with respect
 ūn-hòop', *v. a.* to divest of hoops
 ūn-hōp'éd, *a.* more than expected
 ūn-hōpe'fūl, *a.* without room to hope
 ūn-hōrse', *v. a.* to throw from the saddle
 ūn-hōf'pī-ta-ble, *a.* not kind to strangers
 ūn-hōūse', *v. a.* to drive out of habitation
 ūn-hōūf'éd, *a.* homeless, wanting a house
 ūn-hōūf'ēléd, *a.* not having the sacrament
 ūn-hūm'bléd, *a.* not humbled, not touched
 with shame
 ūn-hūrt', *a.* free from harm
 ūn-hūrt'fūl, *a.* doing no harm, innoxious
 ūn-hūrt'fūl-ly, *ad.* innoxiously
 ū'nī-cōrn, *f.* a beast with one horn
 ū'nī-form, *a.* similar, agreeing with
 ū'nī-tōrm'i-ty, *f.* conformity to one pat-
 tern
 ūn-īm-āg'īn-a-ble, *a.* not to be imagined
 ūn-īm-pāir'éd, *a.* not diminished or worn
 out
 ūn-īm-pōr'tānt, *a.* of no consequence
 ūn-īm-pōr-tūn'éd, *a.* not solicited
 ūn-īm-prōve'a-ble, *a.* not improveable
 ūn-īm-prōv'éd, *a.* not taught, not improv-
 ed
 ūn-īn-fōrm'éd, *a.* uninstructed
 ūn-īn-g'ēn'u-ōus, *a.* illiberal, unfair
 ūn-īn-hāb'ī-ta-ble, *a.* not fit to be inhabi-
 ted
 ūn-īn-hāb'ī-ta-ble-nēfs, *f.* uninhabitable state
 ūn-īn'jur-éd, *a.* unhurt
 ūn-īn-strūct'éd, *a.* not instructed, not taught
 ūn-īn-strūct'ive, *a.* not edifying
 ūn-īn-tēl'ly-g'ēnt, *a.* not skilful
 ūn'īn-tēl'ly-g'ī-bīl'ī-ty, *f.* unintelligible
 quality
 ūn-īn-tēl'ī-g'ī-ble, *a.* not to be understood

ŭn-ĭn-tĕl'/lĭ-g,ĭ-bly, *ad.* so as not to be understood

ŭn-ĭn-tĕn'/tion-ĕl, *a.* not designed

ŭn-ĭn'tĕr-ĕst'/ĕd, *a.* not having interest

ŭn-ĭn-tĕr-mĭt'/tĕd, *a.* not interrupted, continued

ŭn-ĭn-tĕr-rŭpt'/ĕd, *a.* not interrupted

ŭn-ĭn-tĕr-rŭpt'/ĕd-ly, *ad.* without obstruction

ŭn-ĭn-vĕs'tĭ-ga-ble, *a.* not to be searched out

ŭn-ĭn-vĭt'/ĕd, *a.* not invited or asked

ŭn-jŏĭnt'/ĕd, *a.* having no joint, disjointed

ŭ'nĭ-ŏn, *f.* the act of joining, concord

ŭ'nĭ-ŏn, *f.* a string of the same sound, unvaried note: *a.* sounding alone

ŭ'nĭt, *f.* one

U-nĭte', *v. a. & n.* to join, to agree: to grow into one

U-nĭt'/ĕd-ly, *ad.* with union, so as to join

U-nĭt'/ĕr, *f.* who or what unites

ŭ'nĭ-ty, *f.* a being one; concord, tenour

ŭn-jŭdg'/ĕd, *a.* not judicially determined

U-nĭ-vĕr'/ŏl, *a.* general, whole

U-nĭ-vĕr'-ŏl'/ĭ-ty, *f.* generality, not particularity

U-nĭ-vĕr'-ŏl-ly, *ad.* without exception

ŭ'nĭ-vĕr'se, *f.* the world; general system of things

U-nĭ-vĕr'/ŏl-ty, *f.* a general school of liberal arts

U-nĭv'/ŏ-cĕl, *a.* having one meaning, certain

U-nĭv'/ŏ-cĕl-ly, *ad.* in one term or sense

ŭn-jŏy'ŏŭs, *a.* not cheerful, not gay

ŭn-jŭst', *a.* contrary to justice, partial

ŭn-jŭst'-ĭ-fĭ'a-ble, *a.* not to be justified

ŭn-jŭst'-ĭ-fĭ'a-ble-nĕſs, *f.* a not being justifiable

ŭn-jŭst'/ly, *ad.* contrary to right and justice

ŭn-kĕn'nĕl, *v. a.* to drive from his hole, &c.

ŭn-kĕpt', *a.* not retained, not observed

ŭn-kĭnd', *a.* not kind, not obliging

ŭn-kĭnd'ly, *a.* unfavourable, unnatural

ŭn-kĭnd'ly, *ad.* without kindness

ŭn-kĭnd'nĕſs, *f.* want of good-will, malignity

ŭn-kĭng', *v. a.* to depose a king

ŭn-knĭt', *v. a.* to open, separate, unweave

ŭn-knŏw'ĭng, *a.* not qualified, ignorant

ŭn-knŏw'ĭng-ly, *ad.* ignorantly, without knowledge

ŭn-knŏwn', *a.* not known

ŭn-lĕ'boŭr-ĕd, *a.* voluntary; not considered

ŭn-lĕce', *v. a.* to loose a thing laced up

ŭn-lĕde', *v. a.* to put out, to unload

ŭn-lĕid', *a.* not placed; not pacified

ŭn-la-mĕnt'/ĕd, *a.* not deplored

ŭn-lĕtch', *v. a.* to open by lifting up a latch

ŭn-lĕw'fŭl, *a.* contrary to law

ŭn-lĕw'fŭl-ly, *ad.* in an unlawful manner

ŭn-lĕw'fŭl-nĕſs, *f.* a being contrary to law

ŭn-lĕarn', *v. a.* to forget

ŭn-lĕarn'/ĕd, *a.* not learned, ignorant

ŭn-lĕarn'/ĕd-ly, *ad.* ignorantly, grossly [ed

ŭn-lĕav'en-ĕd, *a.* not fermented, not leaven-

ŭn-lĕſs', *conj.* if not, except

ŭn-lĕt'/tĕr-ĕd, *a.* unlearned, untaught

ŭn-lĕv'/ĕl-lĕd, *a.* not cut even

ŭn-lĭ-bĭd'/ĭn-ŏŭs, *a.* not lustful

ŭn-lĭ'cĕnſ-ĕd, *a.* having no license

ŭn-lĭck'/ĕd, *a.* not formed, shapeless

ŭn-lĭke', *a.* not like, improbable

ŭn-lĭke'lĭ-nĕſs, ŭn-lĭke'lĭ-hŏŏd, *f.* improbability

ŭn-lĭke'ly, *a.* improbable: *ad.* improbably

ŭn-lĭke'nĕſs, *f.* want of resemblance

ŭn-lĭm'/ĭt-a-ble, *a.* admitting no bounds

ŭn-lĭm'/ĭt-ĕd, *a.* not having bounds, uncon-

ŭn-lĭm'/ĭt-ĕd-ly, *ad.* without bounds [fined

ūn-līn'e-āl, *a.* not in order of succession
 ūn-līnk', *v. a.* to open, to untwist
 ūn-lōad', *v. a.* to put off, to disburden
 ūn-lōck', *v. a.* to open a lock; to solve
 ūn-lōok'ēd, } *a.* not expected, not fore-
 ūn-lōok'ēd-for, } seen [pieces
 ūn-lōose, *v. a. & n.* to set free: to fall in
 ūn-lōv'ēd, *a.* not liked
 ūn-lōve'lī-nēs, *f.* inability to create love
 ūn-lōve'ly, *a.* that cannot excite love
 ūn-lūck'ī-ly, *ad.* unfortunately, by ill luck
 ūn-lūck'y, *a.* mischievous, unfortunate
 ūn-māde', *a.* not formed or created, depri-
 ved of form
 ūn-māim'ēd, *a.* not maimed, complete
 ūn-māke', *v. a.* to deprive of form or qua-
 lity
 ūn-mān', *v. a.* to act unbecoming a man
 ūn-mān'age-a-ble, *a.* not easily governed
 ūn-mān'ag-ēd, *a.* not broken, not tutored
 ūn-mān'like, ūn-mān'ly, *a.* unbecoming a man
 ūn-mān'nér-ēd, *a.* rude, uncivil
 ūn-mān'nér-lī-nēs, *f.* a breach of civility
 ūn-mān'nér-ly, *a.* ill-bred, uncivil
 ūn-mān'nér-ly, *ad.* uncivilly, not complai-
 fantly
 ūn-ma-nūr'ēd, *a.* not cultivated
 ūn-mār'k'ēd, *a.* not regarded, not marked
 ūn-mār'rī-ēd, *a.* having no husband or
 wife
 ūn-māsk', *v. a. & n.* to remove a disguise
 ūn-māsk'ēd, *a.* not masked, naked
 ūn-mās'tér-ēd, *a.* not subdued, not conquer-
 able
 ūn-māch'a-ble, *a.* not to be matched
 ūn-māch'ēd, *a.* having no equal, matchless
 ūn-mēan'ing, *a.* having no meaning
 ūn-mēas'ur-a-ble, *a.* unbounded, boundless

ūn-mēas'ur-ēd, *a.* not measured, plentiful
 ūn-mēd-ī-tat-ēd, *a.* not formed by previous
 ūn-mēd'dlēd, *a.* not touched [thought
 ūn-mēlt'ēd, *a.* undissolved by heat
 ūn-mēn'tion-ēd, *a.* not told, not named
 ūn-mēr'chānt-a-ble, *a.* unsaleable
 ūn-mēr'cī-fūl, *a.* cruel, unconscionable
 ūn-mēr'cī-fūl-ly, *ad.* without mercy
 ūn-mēr'cī-fūl-nēs, *f.* cruelty, inclemency
 ūn-mēr'īt-a-ble, *a.* having no merit
 ūn-mēr'īt-ēd, *a.* not deserved
 ūn-mēr'īt-ēd-nēs, *f.* state of being undeserv-
 ed
 ūn-mīnd'fūl, *a.* inattentive, negligent
 ūn-mīn'gle, *v. a.* to separate things mixed
 ūn-mīn'glēd, *a.* not mixed, pure
 ūn-mīx'ēd, *a.* not mixed with any thing, pure
 ūn-mōīst'en-ēd, *a.* not made wet
 ūn-mo-lēst'ēd, *a.* free from disturbance
 ūn-mōor', *v. a.* to heave up an anchor
 ūn-mōr'āl-iz-ēd, *a.* untutored by morality
 ūn-mōrt'gāg-ēd, *a.* not mortgaged
 ūn-mōr'tī-fī-ēd, *a.* not subdued by sorrow
 ūn-mōve'a-ble, *a.* not to be moved
 ūn-mōv'ēd, *a.* not moved, not affected
 ūn-mōv'ing, *a.* unaffecting, having no mo-
 tion
 ūn-mōuld', *v. a.* to change as to the form
 ūn-mōurn'ēd, *a.* not lamented, not deplored
 ūn-mūf'fle, *v. a.* to take or put off a covering
 ūn-mū'fīc-āl, *a.* not harmonious
 ūn-mūz'zle, *v. a.* to take off a muzzle
 ūn-nām'ēd, *a.* not mentioned
 ūn-nāt'ur-āl, *a.* contrary to nature, forced
 ūn-nāt'ur-āl-nēs, *f.* contrariety to nature
 ūn-nāt'ur-āl-ly, *ad.* in opposition to nature
 ūn-nāv'ī-ga-ble, *a.* not to be navigated
 ūn-nēc'ēf-sa-rī-ly, *ad.* without necessity

ŭn-něč'ěf-sa-rī-něs, *f.* needlessness
 ŭn-něč'ěf-sa-ry, *a.* needless, useless
 ŭn-něigh'bour-ly, *a.* not neighbourly, not kind
 ŭn-něigh'bour-ly, *ad.* in an unneighbourly manner; with malevolence
 ŭn-nérve, *v. a.* to enfeeble, to weaken
 ŭn-nérv'éd, *a.* feeble, weak
 ŭn-nót'éd, *a.* not observed, not celebrated
 ŭn-nūm'bér-éd, *a.* innumerable
 ŭn-ób-sérv'a-ble, *a.* not to be observed; not discoverable
 ŭn-ób-sérv'ánt, *a.* not obsequious, inattentive
 ŭn-ób-sérv'éd, *a.* not attended to, not seen
 ŭn-ób-sérv'ing, *a.* not heedful, inattentive
 ŭn-ób-strúct'éd, *a.* not hindered, not stopped
 ŭn-ób-strúct'ive, *a.* not raising any obstacle
 ŭn-ób-tāin'éd, *a.* not gained or acquired
 ŭn-óc'cu-pī-éd, *a.* not possessed
 ŭn-óf'fér-éd, *a.* not offered for acceptance
 ŭn-óf-fěnd'ing, *a.* harmless, innocent
 ŭn-óp'e-ra-tive, *a.* producing no effect
 ŭn-óp-pōf'éd, *a.* not opposed
 ŭn-ōwn'éd, *a.* having no owner, not owned
 ŭn-päck', *v. a.* to open things packed up
 ŭn-päck'éd, *a.* not packed, not collected
 ŭn-pāid', *a.* not paid, not discharged
 ŭn-pāin'éd, *a.* suffering no pain
 ŭn-pāin'fūl, *a.* giving no pain
 ŭn-pāl'a-ta-ble, *a.* disgusting, nauseous
 ŭn-pār'a-gōn-éd, *a.* unequalled, unmatched
 ŭn-pār'āl-lēl-éd, *a.* having no equal
 ŭn-pār'don-a-ble, *a.* not to be forgiven
 ŭn-pār'don-a-bly, *ad.* beyond forgiveness
 ŭn-pār'don-éd, *a.* not forgiven; not discharged
 ŭn-pār'don-ing, *a.* not forgiving

ŭn-pār'līa-měnt'a-ry, *a.* against rules of
 ŭn-pàrt'éd, *a.* undivided [parliament
 ŭn-pāl'fa-ble, *a.* admitting no passage
 ŭn-pāf'fion-ate, *a.* free from passion
 ŭn-pēn'fion-éd, *a.* without a pension
 ŭn-pēo'ple, *v. a.* to deprive of inhabitants
 ŭn-pér-cēiv'éd, *a.* not observed, not seen
 ŭn-pér-cēiv'éd-ly, *ad.* so as not to be perceiv-
 ŭn-pér-fōrm'éd, *a.* not performed [ed
 ŭn-pēr'fīsh-a-ble, *a.* not perishable, lasting
 ŭn-pér-plēx'éd, *a.* not embarrassed, easy
 ŭn-pér-lūād'a-ble, *a.* not to be persuaded
 ŭn-phī-lo-sōph'ic-āl, *a.* not conformable to the rules of philosophy [losofophy
 ŭn-phī-lo-sōph'ic-āl-ly, *ad.* contrary to phi-
 ŭn-piēre'éd, *a.* not pierced, not perforated
 ŭn-pīn', *v. a.* to open what is pinned
 ŭn-pīt'ī-éd, *a.* not regarded with sympathetic sorrow
 ŭn-pīt'ī-fūl-ly, *ad.* without mercy
 ŭn-pīt'y-ing, *a.* having no compassion
 ŭn-plā'céd, *a.* having no place of dependence
 ŭn-plānt'éd, *a.* not planted, spontaneous
 ŭn-plāu'fī-ble, *a.* not having a fair appearance
 ŭn-plēaf'ánt, *a.* not pleasant, uneasy
 ŭn-plēaf'ánt-ly, *ad.* not delightfully [ties
 ŭn-plēaf'ánt-něs, *f.* want of pleasing quali-
 ŭn-plēaf'ing, *a.* not pleasing, offensive
 ŭn-plī'ánt, *a.* not bending to another
 ŭn-plōw'éd, *a.* not plowed [grade
 ŭn-plūme', *v. a.* to strip off plumes; to de-
 ŭn-po-ēt'ic-āl, *a.* not becoming a poet
 ŭn-pōl'īsh-éd, *a.* not polished, not civilized
 ŭn-pō-līte', *a.* not elegant, not civil
 ŭn-pōl-lūt'éd, *a.* not defiled, not corrupted

ŭn-pŏp'/u-lâr, *a.* not fitted to please the peo-
 ŭn-pŏrt'a-ble, *a.* not to be carried [ple
 ŭn-poŭ-f'ĕſſ'/ĕd, *a.* not obtained, not had
 ŭn-poŭ-f'ĕſſ'/ĭng, *a.* having no possession
 ŭn-prăc'/tĭ-ca-ble, *a.* not feasible
 ŭn-prăc'/tĭf-ĕd, *a.* not skilful by use and ex-
 perience
 ŭn-prăiz'/ĕd, *a.* not celebrated, not praised
 ŭn-prĕç'e-dĕnt-ĕd, *a.* not having a precedent
 ŭn-prĕj'u-dĭç-ĕd, *a.* free from prejudice
 ŭn-pre-mĕd'/i-tat-ĕd, *a.* not studied before-
 hand
 ŭn-pre-păr'ĕd, *a.* not prepared
 ŭn-pre-păr'ĕd-nĕſs, *f.* state of being unprepar-
 ed
 ŭn-pre-poŭ-f'ĕſſ'/ĕd, *a.* not prepossessed
 ŭn-prĕſſ'/ĕd, *a.* not pressed, not forced
 ŭn-pre-tĕnd'/ĭng, *a.* not claiming distinction
 ŭn-pre-văil'/ĭng, *a.* being of no force
 ŭn-pre-vĕnt'ĕd, *a.* not previously hindered
 ŭn-prĭnce'/ly, *a.* unsuitable to a prince
 ŭn-prĭn'/cĭ-plĕd, *a.* not duly instructed
 ŭn-prĭnt'ĕd, *a.* not printed
 ŭn-pro-clăim'ĕd, *a.* not publicly declared
 ŭn-pro-făn'ĕd, *a.* not violated
 ŭn-prŏf'/it-a-ble, *a.* serving no purpose; use-
 ŭn-prŏf'/it-a-ble-nĕſs, *f.* uselessness [less
 ŭn-prŏf'/it-a-bly, *ad.* serving to no purpose
 ŭn-prŏf'/it-ĕd, *a.* having no gain
 ŭn-pro-lĭf'/ic, *a.* barren, infertile
 ŭn-prŏm'/is-ĭng, *a.* giving no promise of
 excellence
 ŭn-pro-nŏŭn'ĕd, *a.* not spoken
 ŭn-prŏp'/ĕr-ly, *ad.* contrary to propriety;
 improperly
 ŭn-pro-pĭ'tious, *a.* not favourable
 ŭn-pro-pŏr'tion-ĕd, *a.* not suited to some-
 thing else

ŭn-prŏp'/pĕd, *a.* not supported, not upholden
 ŭn-prŏſ'/pĕr-ŏŭs, *a.* unfortunate
 ŭn-prŏſ'/pĕr-ŏŭſ-ly, *ad.* unsuccessfully
 ŭn-pro-tĕct'ĕd, *a.* not protected
 ŭn-prŏv'ĕd, *a.* not evinced by argument
 ŭn-pro-vĭde', *v. a.* to divest of qualifica-
 tions
 ŭn-pro-vĭd'ĕd, *a.* not furnished, not secured
 ŭn-pro-vŏk'ĕd, *a.* not provoked
 ŭn-prŭn'ĕd, *a.* not cut, not lopped
 ŭn-pŭb'/lĭſh-ĕd, *a.* not given out to the pu-
 ŭn-pŭn'/lĭſh-ĕd, *a.* not punished [blic
 ŭn-pŭr'/chaf-ĕd, *a.* unbought
 ŭn-pŭr'ĭ-fĭ-ĕd, *a.* not cleansed, not purified
 ŭn-pŭr'-ſŭ-ĕd, *a.* not pursued
 ŭn-pŭ'rĭ-fĭ-ĕd, *a.* not corrupted by rot-
 tennes
 ŭn-quăl'/i-fĭ-ĕd, *a.* not qualified, not fit
 ŭn-quăl'/i-fŷ, *v. a.* to divest of qualification
 ŭn-quĕnch'a-ble, *a.* not to be quenched
 ŭn-quĕnch'a-ble-nĕſs, *f.* unquenchable qua-
 lity
 ŭn-quĕnch'ĕd, *a.* not extinguished
 ŭn-quĕſt'/iŏn-a-ble, *a.* indubitable
 ŭn-quĕſt'/iŏn-a-bly, *ad.* without doubt
 ŭn-quĕſt'/iŏn-ĕd, *a.* not doubted, not asked
 ŭn-quĭck'en-ĕd, *a.* not ripened to vitality
 ŭn-quĭ'ĕt, *a.* dissatisfied; restless
 ŭn-quĭ'ĕt-ly, *ad.* without rest
 ŭn-quĭ'ĕt-nĕſs, *f.* restlessness
 ŭn-răck'ĕd, *a.* not poured off the lees
 ŭn-răv'/ĕl, *v. a.* to disentangle; to explain
 ŭn-rĕach'ĕd, *a.* not attained
 ŭn-rĕad', *a.* not read; not learned
 ŭn-rĕad'/i-nĕſs, *f.* want of readiness or pre-
 paration
 ŭn-rĕad'y, *a.* not fit, awkward, ungain
 ŭn-rĕa'sŏn-a-ble, *a.* exorbitant, immoderate

ŭn-rēa'ſon-a-ble-nēſs, *f.* inconsistency with reason
 ŭn-rēa'ſon-a-bly, *ad.* not reasonably
 ŭn-rēave', *v. a.* to let loose, disentangle, unwind
 ŭn-re-bāt'ēd, *a.* not blunted
 ŭn-re-clāim'ēd, *a.* not reformed
 ŭn-rēc-ōn-cīle'a-ble, *a.* implacable, not to be appeased
 ŭn-rēc'ōn-cīl-ēd, *a.* not appeased
 ŭn-re-cōrd'ēd, *a.* not kept in remembrance
 ŭn-re-cōūnt'ēd, *a.* not related, not told
 ŭn-re-crūt'a-ble, *a.* not to be recruited
 ŭn-re-dūç'ēd, *a.* not reduced [new form
 ŭn-re-fōrm'a-ble, *a.* not to be put into a
 ŭn-re-fōrm'ēd, *a.* not reformed, not amended
 ŭn-re-frāct'ēd, *a.* not refracted
 ŭn-re-frēſh'ēd, *a.* not comforted or relieved
 ŭn-re-gārd'ēd, *a.* not heeded, not respected
 ŭn-re-g,ēn'ér-ate, *a.* not brought to a new life
 ŭn-rēin'ēd, *a.* not curbed by the bridle
 ŭn-re-lēnt'īng, *a.* feeling no pity; cruel
 ŭn-re-līev'a-ble, *a.* admitting no succour
 ŭn-re-līev'ēd, *a.* not succoured, not eased
 ŭn-re-mārk'a-ble, *a.* not worthy of notice
 ŭn-re-mēm'bér-īng, *a.* having no memory
 ŭn-re-môve'a-ble, *a.* not to be taken away
 ŭn-re-môve'a-bly, *ad.* so as not to be removed
 ŭn-re-môv'ēd, *a.* not taken away
 ŭn-re-pāid', *a.* not compensated
 ŭn-re-pēal'ēd, *a.* not revoked or abrogated
 ŭn-re-pēnt'ēd, *a.* not repented of
 ŭn-re-pēnt'īng, *a.* not penitent; not sorrowful for sin
 ŭn-re-pīn'īng, *a.* not peevishly repining
 ŭn-re-plēn'īſh-ēd, *a.* not filled

ŭn-re-prīev'a-ble, not to be respited from penal death
 ŭn-re-prōach'ēd, *a.* not censured
 ŭn-re-prōv'a-ble, *a.* not liable to blame
 ŭn-re-prōv'ēd, *a.* not censured, not liable to censure
 ŭn-rēp'u-ta-ble, *a.* not creditable
 ŭn-re-quēſt'ēd, *a.* not asked
 ŭn-re-ſent'ēd, *a.* not regarded with anger
 ŭn-re-ſerv'ēd, *a.* concealing nothing; open
 ŭn-re-ſerv'ēd-nēſs, *f.* frankness, openness
 ŭn-re-ſerv'ēd-ly, *ad.* without limitation, openly
 ŭn-re-ſiſt'ēd, *a.* not opposed
 ŭn-re-ſiſt'īng, *a.* not making resistance
 ŭn-re-ſōlv'a-ble, *a.* not to be resolved
 ŭn-re-ſōlv'ēd, *a.* not determined, not cleared
 ŭn-re-ſōlv'īng, *a.* not resolving
 ŭn-re-ſpēc'tīve, *a.* taking little notice, inattentive
 ŭn-rēſt', *f.* want of rest, disquiet
 ŭn-re-ſtōr'ēd, *a.* not restored
 ŭn-re-ſtrāin'ēd, *a.* not confined; loose
 ŭn-re-trāct'ēd, *a.* not revoked, not recalled
 ŭn-re-vēal'ēd, *a.* not revealed, not told
 ŭn-re-vēng'ēd, *a.* not revenged
 ŭn-re-vōk'ēd, *a.* not recalled
 ŭn-re-wārd'ēd, *a.* not recompensed, or rewarded
 ŭn-rīd'dle, *v. a.* to solve a difficulty; to explain
 ŭn-rīg', *v. a.* to strip off the tackle
 ŭn-rīght'ēouſ, *a.* unjust; wicked
 ŭn-rīght'ēouſ-ly, *ad.* sinfully, unjustly
 ŭn-rīght'ēouſ-nēſs, *f.* injustice, wickedness
 ŭn-rīght'fūl, *a.* not just, not rightful
 ŭn-rīpe', *a.* too early; not ripe
 ŭn-rīpen-ēd, *a.* not matured

ŭn-rīpe'něs, *f.* want of ripeness, immaturity

ŭn-rī'vāl-lěd, *a.* having no rival or equal

ŭn-rōl', *v. a.* to open a roll of parchment

ŭn-rōot', *v. a.* to uncover a house

ŭn-rōost'ěd, *a.* driven off the roost

ŭn-rōy'āl, *a.* not royal; unprincely

ŭn-rūf'fle, *v. a.* to cease from commotion

ŭn-rūf'flěd, *a.* not tumultuous, calm

ŭn-rūl'ěd, *a.* not under government

ŭn-rūl'ī-něs, *f.* misbehaviour, tumultuousness

ŭn-rū'ly, *a.* licentious, ungovernable

ŭn-sāfē', *a.* dangerous, hazardous

ŭn-sāfē'ly, *ad.* not securely; dangerously

ŭn-sālt'ěd, *a.* not salted

ŭn-sānc'tī-fī-ěd, *a.* not consecrated; unholy

ŭn-sa'tī-a-ble, *a.* not to be satisfied

ŭn-sāt'īs-fāc'to-ry, *a.* not clearing a difficulty

ŭn-sāt'īs-fī-ěd, *a.* not contented [ty

ŭn-sāt'īs-fy-īng, *a.* not able to gratify to the full

ŭn-sā'vour-ī-něs, *f.* bad taste, bad smell

ŭn-sā'vour-y, *a.* disgusting, tasteless

ŭn-sāy', *v. a.* to recant what has been said; to retract, to deny

ŭn-sc,ōrch'ěd, *a.* not touched by fire

ŭn-scrip'tur-al, *a.* not according to scripture

ŭn-sēal', *v. a.* to open any thing sealed

ŭn-sēal'ěd, *a.* not sealed; having the seal broken

ŭn-sēam', *v. a.* to cut open a seam

ŭn-sēarch'a-ble, *a.* inscrutable, not to be explored

ŭn-sēa'son-a-ble, *a.* late, untimely

ŭn-sēa'son-a-ble-něs, *f.* disagreement with time or place

ŭn-sēa'son-a-bly, *ad.* out of time

ŭn-sēa'son-ěd, *a.* ill-timed; not salted

ŭn-sēc'ōnd-ěd, *a.* not supported

ŭn-se-dū'cěd, *a.* not drawn to evil

ŭn-sēe'īng, *a.* wanting the power of sight

ŭn-sēm'li-něs, *f.* indecency, uncomeliness

ŭn-sēm'ly, *a.* indecent, unbecoming

ŭn-sēm'ly, *ad.* in an unbecoming manner

ŭn-sēen', *a.* invisible; unskilled

ŭn-sēlf'īsh, *a.* not addicted to private interest

ŭn-sēnt', *a.* not sent, not called for by message

ŭn-sēr'vīce-a-ble, *a.* of no advantage

ŭn-sēr'vīce-a-bly, *ad.* without use or advantage

ŭn-sēt', *a.* not set, not placed [tage

ŭn-sēt'tle, *v. a.* to make uncertain, to overthrow

ŭn-sēt'tlěd, *a.* not steady, not established

ŭn-sēt'tlěd-něs, *f.* fluctuation, irresolution

ŭn-sēv'ēr-ěd, *a.* not divided, not parted

ŭn-shāc'kle, *v. a.* to loose from chains

ŭn-shāke'a-ble, *a.* not to be moved or shaken

ŭn-shāk'en, *a.* not moved, not shaken

ŭn-shām'ěd, *a.* not abashed, not ashamed

ŭn-shāp'ěn, *a.* deformed, misshapen

ŭn-shār'ěd, *a.* not divided in common

ŭn-shēathē', *v. a.* to draw from a scabbard

ŭn-shēl'tér-ěd, *a.* wanting protection

ŭn-shīp', *v. a.* to take out of a ship

ŭn-shōck'ěd, *a.* not disgusted; not frightened

ŭn-shōd', *a.* having no shoes

ŭn-shōrn', *a.* not shaven, not clipped

ŭn-shrīnk'īng, *a.* not recoiling, not shunning danger or pain

ŭn-sīft'ěd, *a.* not parted by sieve, not tried

ŭn-sīght'li-něs, *f.* deformity, disagreeableness

ŭn-fīght'ly, *a.* disagreeable to the sight
 ŭn-fīn-cēre', *a.* not faithful, not sound, im-
 pure
 ŭn-fīn-cēr'ī-ty, *f.* adulteration, cheat
 ŭn-fīn'eŭ, *v. a.* to deprive of strength
 ŭn-fīng'ēd, *a.* not scorched, not touched by
 ŭn-fīn'eŭ-ēd, *a.* nerveless, weak [fire
 ŭn-fīn'nīng, *a.* without sin
 ŭn-skīll'ēd, *a.* wanting skill or knowledge
 ŭn-skīl'fūl, *a.* wanting art or knowledge,
 ignorant of
 ŭn-skīl'fūl-ly, *ad.* without art or knowledge
 ŭn-skīl'fūl-nēss, *f.* want of art or skill
 ŭn-flāk'ēd, *a.* not quenched
 ŭn-smōk'ēd, *a.* not smoked, free from smoke
 ŭn-fō'cia-ble, *a.* not sociable, not suitable to
 ŭn-fō'cia-bly, *ad.* not kindly [society
 ŭn-fō'ill'ēd, *a.* not polluted, not stained
 ŭn-fōld', *a.* not exchanged for money
 ŭn-fōld'īer-līke, *a.* unbecoming a soldier
 ŭn-fōl'īd, *a.* not coherent, fluid
 ŭn-fōlv'ēd, *a.* not explained, not answered
 ŭn-so-phīst'ī-cat-ēd, *a.* not adulterated
 ŭn-fōrt'ēd, *a.* not properly separated
 ŭn-fōught', *a.* had without seeking, not
 searched
 ŭn-fōūnd', *a.* not honest; not orthodox; want-
 ing health; not compact; erroneous; rotten
 ŭn-fōūnd'nēss, *f.* corruptness, error, weak-
 ness
 ŭn-fōūnd'ēd, *a.* not tried by the plummet
 ŭn-fōūr'ēd, *a.* not made sour, not morose
 ŭn-fōwn', *a.* not sown; not propagated by
 scattering seed
 ŭn-spār'ēd, *a.* not spared
 ŭn-spār'īng, *a.* not parsimonious, lavish
 ŭn-spēak'a-ble, *a.* not to be expressed
 ŭn-spēak'a-bly, *ad.* inexpressibly, ineffably

ŭn-spēc'ī-fī'ēd, *a.* not particularly mention-
 ed
 ŭn-spēc'u-la-tīve, *a.* not theoretical
 ŭn-spēd', *a.* not sped, unsuccessful
 ŭn-spēnt', *a.* not wasted, not diminished
 ŭn-spī'ēd, *a.* not seen, undiscovered
 ŭn-spīlt', *a.* not marred, not shed, not spoiled
 ŭn-spōil'ēd, *a.* not marred, not plundered
 ŭn-spōt'tēd, *a.* not spotted; not stained,
 without sin
 ŭn-stā'ble, *a.* inconstant, irresolute
 ŭn-stāid', *a.* not steady, not prudent, un-
 changeable
 ŭn-stāid'nēss, *f.* inconstancy, indiscretion
 ŭn-stāin'ēd, *a.* not stained, not coloured
 ŭn-stāt'u-ta-ble, *a.* contrary to statute
 ŭn-stāzunch'ēd, *a.* not stopped
 ŭn-stēad'ī-ly, *ad.* inconstantly, without con-
 stancy
 ŭn-stēad'ī-nēss, *f.* want of constancy
 ŭn-stēad'y, *a.* not fixed, irresolute, variable
 ŭn-stēd'fāst, *a.* not fixed, not fast
 ŭn-stēep'ēd, *a.* not soaked
 ŭn-stīng', *v. a.* to disarm of, or take out a
 sting
 ŭn-stīr'rēd, *a.* not stirred; not agitated
 ŭn-stīnt'ēd, *a.* not limited
 ŭn-stītch', *v. a.* to open by picking out stitches
 ŭnstōp'īng, *a.* not yielding, not bending
 ŭn-stōp', *v. a.* to free from stop or obstruc-
 tion
 ŭn-stōp'pēd, *a.* meeting no resistance
 ŭn-strāin'ēd, *a.* not forced, easy, natural
 ŭn-strāit'en-ēd, *a.* not contracted
 ŭn-strenght'en-ēd, *a.* not supported, not as-
 sisted
 ŭn-strīng', *v. a.* to relax strings, to untie
 ŭn-strōck', *a.* not affected, not moved

- ūn-stūd'ī-ēd, *a.* not studied, not laboured
 ūn-stūf'fēd, *a.* unfilled; unfurnished
 ūn-fūb-stān'tial, *a.* not real or solid
 ūn-fūc-cēff'fūl, *a.* unfortunate; not well received
 ūn-fūc-cēff'fūl-ly, *ad.* unfortunately
 ūn-fūc-cēff'fūl-nēss, *f.* want of success
 ūn-fūc-cēf'fīve, *a.* not proceeding by flux of parts
 ūn-fūck'led, *a.* not having the breasts drawn
 ūn-fūf'fēr-a-ble, *a.* intolerable
 ūn-fūit'a-ble, *a.* not fit, not proportionate
 ūn-fūit'a-ble-nēss, *f.* incongruity, unfitness
 ūn-fūl'lī-ēd, *a.* not fouled; not disgraced
 ūn-fūng', *a.* not recited in verse
 ūn-fūp-pōrt'ēd, *a.* not sustained, not assisted
 ūn-fūrē', *a.* (*prono.* ūn-shūrē') not certain, not fixed
 ūn-fūf-cēp'tī-ble, *a.* not liable to admit, incapable
 ūn-fūf-pēct'ēd, *a.* not suspected of doing ill
 ūn-fūf-pēct'īng, *a.* not suspecting ill
 ūn-fūf-pī'cious, *a.* having no suspicion
 ūn-fūf-tāin'ēd, *a.* not supported
 ūn-fwāthe', *v. a.* to free from folds of bondage
 ūn-fwōrn', *a.* not bound by an oath
 ūn-tāint'ēd, *a.* not sullied, not stained
 ūn-tāk'en, *a.* not taken
 ūn-tāl'k'ēd *of*, *a.* not mentioned in the world
 ūn-tāme'a-ble, *a.* not to be subdued
 ūn-tām'ēd, *a.* not tamed, not suppressed
 ūn-tān'gle, *v. a.* to loose from intricacy or convulsion
 ūn-tāst'ēd, *a.* not tasted
 ūn-tāst'īng, *a.* not trying by the palate, not perceiving by the taste
 ūn-tāught', *a.* uninstructed, ignorant
 ūn-tēach', *v. a.* to make, to forget
 ūn-tēm'pér-ēd, *a.* not tempered, not annealed
 ūn-tēpt'ēd, *a.* not tempted
 ūn-tēn'a-ble, *a.* uninhabitable, not capable of fence
 ūn-tēn'ānt-ēd, *a.* having no tenant
 ūn-tēnd'ēd, *a.* without attendance
 ūn-tēnd'ér, *a.* wanting compassion
 ūn-tēnd'ér-ēd, *a.* not offered
 ūn-thānk'ēd, *a.* not repaid with acknowledgment
 ūn-thānk'fūl, *a.* ungrateful, unkind
 ūn-thānk'fūl-ly, *ad.* ungratefully
 ūn-thānk'fūl-nēss, *f.* ingratitude
 ūn-thīnk'īng, *a.* not given to reflection, thoughtless
 ūn-thōught' *of*, *a.* not regarded; not heeded
 ūn-thread', *v. a.* to take thread out of the eye of a needle
 ūn-thrīft'ī-ly, *ad.* without frugality
 ūn-thrīft'y, *a.* prodigal, lavish
 ūn-thrīv'īng, *a.* not thriving, not prospering
 ūn-thrōne', *v. a.* to pull down from a throne
 ūn-tīe', *v. a.* to loosen; to resolve
 ūn-tīl', *ad. & prep.* to the time or place, that
 ūn-tīl'lēd, *a.* not cultivated
 ūn-tīme'ly, *ad.* before the natural time
 ūn-tīme'ly, *a.* happening before proper time
 ūn-tīng'ēd, *a.* not infected, not stained
 ūn-tīr'ēd, *a.* not made weary
 ūn-tī'tlēd, *a.* having no title
 ūn'tò, *prep.* to [*seldom used*]
 ūn-tōld', *a.* not revealed
 ūn-tōuch'ēd, *a.* not affected, not touched
 ūn-tōw'ārd, *a.* forward; perverse, awkward

ŭn-tōw'árd-ly, *a.* perverse, vexatious, awkward : *ad.* perversely, awkwardly
 ŭn-trāct'a-ble, *a.* stubborn
 ŭn-trāct'a-ble-něs, *f.* untractable disposition
 ŭn-trāin'ěd, *a.* not instructed, not trained
 ŭn-trāv'ěl-lěd, *a.* not having been abroad ; unfrequented
 ŭn-trī'ěd, *a.* not attempted, not tried
 ŭn-trōd'den, *a.* not passed, not marked by a foot
 ŭn-trōub'lěd, *a.* not disturbed by care, &c.
 ŭn-trūe', *a.* not faithful, false
 ŭn-trū'ly, *ad.* falsely, not according to truth
 ŭn-trūst'ī-něs, *f.* unfaithfulness
 ŭn-trūth', *f.* false assertion, treachery, falsehood
 ŭn-tūn'a-ble, *a.* not musical
 ŭn-tūne', *v. a.* to put out of tune ; to disorder
 ŭn-tūrn'ěd, *a.* not turned
 ŭn-tū'tōr-ěd, *a.* uninstructed, untaught
 ŭn-twīne', *v. a.* to untwist
 ŭn-twīst', *v. a.* to separate things involved
 ŭn-vāil', *v. a.* to throw off a veil
 ŭn-vān'qūīsh-ěd, *a.* not conquered [able
 ŭn-vā'rī-a-ble, *a.* not mutable or change-
 ŭn-vā'rī-ěd, *a.* not changed or diversified
 ŭn-vār'nīsh-ěd, *a.* not covered with varnish
 ŭn-vā'ry-īng, *a.* not liable to change
 ŭn-vēil', *v. a.* to disclose ; to shew ; to divest of a veil
 ŭn-vérś'ěd, *a.* unskilled
 ŭn-věx'ěd, *a.* undisturbed, untroubled
 ŭn-vī'o-lat-ěd, *a.* not injured, not broken
 ŭn-vīf'īt-ěd, *a.* not resorted to
 ŭn-ūr'g-ěd, *a.* not pressed, not incited
 ŭn-ūf'ěd, *a.* not put to use, unemployed
 ŭn-ūse'fūl, *a.* useless, answering no purpose

ŭn-ū'su-āl, *a.* not common, rare
 ŭn-ū'su-āl-něs, *f.* uncommonness
 ŭn-ūt'tér-a-ble, *a.* inexpressible, ineffable
 ŭn-wāk'en-ěd, *a.* not roused from sleep
 ŭn-wāll'ěd, *a.* not having walls
 ŭn-wāreš', *ad.* unexpectedly
 ŭn-wā'rī-ly, *ad.* without caution, carelessly
 ŭn-wā'rī-něs, *f.* want of caution, carelessness
 ŭn-wār'līke, *a.* not like or fit for war
 ŭn-wārn'ěd, *a.* not cautioned, not made wary
 ŭn-wār'rānt-a-ble, *a.* not defensible
 ŭn-wār'rānt-a-bly, *ad.* not justifiably
 ŭn-wār'rānt-ěd, *a.* not ascertained
 ŭn-wā'ry, *a.* wanting caution
 ŭn-wāsh'ěd, *a.* not cleansed by washing
 ŭn-wāst'ěd, *a.* not diminished, not consumed
 ŭn-wāst'īng, *a.* not growing less
 ŭn-wēa'rī-ěd, *a.* not tired, indefatigable
 ŭn-wēa'ry, *v. a.* to refresh after weariness
 ŭn-wēd', *a.* unmarried
 ŭn-wēigh'ěd, *a.* not weighed, not considered
 ŭn-wēl'cōme, *a.* not pleasing, not grateful
 ŭn-wēpt', *a.* not bemoaned
 ŭn-whīpt', *a.* not corrected with the rod
 ŭn-whōle'sōme, *a.* insalubrious ; corrupt
 ŭn-wīeld'ī-ly, *ad.* with difficulty, heavily
 ŭn-wīeld'ī-něs, *f.* difficulty to move or be moved
 ŭn-wīeld'y, *a.* bulky, ponderous ; unmanageable
 ŭn-wīl'līng, *a.* not inclined, loath
 ŭn-wīl'līng-ly, *ad.* not with good will
 ŭn-wīl'līng-něs, *f.* loathness, disinclination
 ŭn-wīnd', *v. a.* to disentagle, to untwist
 ŭn-wīp'ěd, *a.* not clean, not cleared

ūn-wīse', *a.* defective in wisdom, weak
 ūn-wīse'ly, *ad.* not wisely, imprudently
 ūn-wīsh'ed, *a.* not desired, not sought
 ūn-wīt', *v. a.* to deprive of understanding
 ūn-wīt'nēss-ed, *a.* wanting evidence
 ūn-wīt'tīng-ly, *ad.* ignorantly, without knowledge
 ūn-wōnt'ed, *a.* uncommon
 ūn-wōr'fhip-pēd, *a.* not adored
 ūn-wōr'thī-ly, *ad.* without due regard, vilely
 ūn-wōr'thī-nēss, *f.* want of merit, vileness
 ūn-wōr'thy, *a.* wanting merit, not deserving; not suitable, mean, vile
 ūn-wōūnd', *pret. & part. pass.* of *to unwind*; not winded
 ūn-wōund'ed, *a.* not wounded, not hurt
 ūn-wrēath', *v. a.* to untwine
 ūn-writ'ten, *a.* oral, not written, traditional [tured
 ūn-wrōught', *a.* not laboured or manufactured
 ūn-wrūng', *a.* not pinched
 ūn-yīeld'ed, *a.* not given up [disjoin
 ūn-yōke', *v. a.* to loose from a yoke, to
 ūn-yōk'ed, *a.* free, licentious, unrestrained
 ūp, *ad.* out of bed; aloft, above: *interj.*
 get up, rise, *prep.* from a lower to a higher part
 ūp-bear', *v. a.* to rise aloft, to support
 ūp-brāid', *v. a.* to charge, to chide, to reproach
 ūp-brāid'īng-ly, *ad.* by way of reproach
 ūp-cāst, *f.* a cast at bowls, a throw
 ūp-hēld', *pret.* of *to uphold*; maintained, sustained
 ūp-hīll, *a.* difficult, laborious
 ūp-hōld', *v. a.* to lift on high; to support
 ūp-hōld'ér, *f.* a supporter; undertaker

ūp-hōl'stér-ér, *f.* one who furnishes houses, &c.
 ūp'lānd, *f.* higher ground; higher in situation
 ūp-lift', *v. a.* to rise aloft
 ūp'mōst, *a.* highest, topmost
 ūp'ōn', *prep.* with respect to, not under
 ūp'pér, *a.* higher in place, higher
 ūp'pér-most, *a.* highest in place
 ūp-rāise', *v. a.* to raise up, to exalt
 ūp-rēar', *v. a.* to rear on high, to build up
 ūp'rīght, *a.* straight up, erected; honest
 ūp'rīght-ly, *ad.* honestly; perpendicularly
 ūp'rīght-nēss, *f.* honesty; perpendicularity
 ūp'rōar, *f.* confusion, tumult, bustle
 ūp-rōot', *v. a.* to tear up by the root
 ūp'shōt, *f.* amount, conclusion, end, final event
 ūp'sīde, *f.* the uppermost part
 ūp'sprīng, *f.* a man suddenly exalted
 ūp'stārt, *f.* one suddenly raised to wealth
 ūp-wārd, *a.* directed to a higher part
 ūp'wārdz, *ad.* to a higher place [ment
 ūr-bān'ī-ty, *f.* civility; eloquence; merriment
 ūr'chīn, *f.* a hedge-hog; a child
 ū-rē'thra, *f.* the passage of the urine
 ūrge, *v. a.* to incite, to press, to provoke
 ūr'g,ēn-cy, *f.* pressure of difficulty or necessity
 ūr'g,ēnt, *a.* importunate, pressing
 ūr'g,ēnt-ly, *ad.* vehemently, violently
 ūr'g,ér, *f.* one who urges, an importuner
 ū'rīn-āl, *f.* a bottle to keep urine for inspection
 ū'rīn-a-ry, *a.* relative to urine [water
 ū'rīne, *f.* animal water: *v. n.* to make
 ū'rīn-ōūs, *a.* partaking of urine [dead
 ūrn, *f.* a vessel used for the ashes of the

ūs, *pron. the objective case of we*
 ū'sage, *f. custom, practice, treatment*
 ū'fānce, *f. interest for money, use, usury*
 ūse, *f. the act of employing, need of, help*
 ūse, *v. a. to employ; to frequent; to treat*
 ūse'fūl, *a. convenient, serviceable*
 ūse'fūl-ly, *ad. so as to help*
 ūse'fūl-nēss, *f. conduciveness to some end*
 ūse'lēss-ly, *ad. without answering any end*
 ūse'lēss-nēss, *f. unserviceableness*
 ūse'lēss, *a. answering no purpose*
 ūf'ér, *f. one who uses*
 ūsh'ér, *v. a. to introduce a forerunner or harbinger, to forerun*
 ūsh'ér, *f. an under teacher; an introducer*
 ūf'que-bāugh, *f. a compound spirit*
 ū'fu-āl, *a. common, customary*
 ū'fu-āl-ly, *ad. commonly*
 ū'fu-ā-nēss, *f. commonness, frequency*
 ū'fur-ér, *f. he who practises usury*
 U-ū'rī-ōūs, *a. exorbitantly greedy*
 U-ūrp', *v. a. to hold without right*
 ū-ūrp-ā'tion, *f. illegal possession*
 U-ūrp'ér, *f. one who possesses another's right*
 U-ūrp'ing-ly, *ad. without just claim*
 ū'fur-y, *f. money paid for the use of money*
 U-tēn'sīl, *f. instrument for any thing*
 ū'tér-īne, *a. belonging to the womb*
 ū'tér-ūs, *f. the womb* [ness
 U-tīl'ī-ty, *f. convenience, profit, usefulness*
 ūt/most, *f. most that can be, highest degree*
 ūt/most, *a. extreme, highest*
 ūt'tér, *a. complete, extreme, outside*
 ūt'tér, *v. a. to publish, to sell, to speak*
 ūt'tér-a-ble, *a. such as may be uttered*

ūt'tér-ānce, *f. pronunciation; extremity*
 ūt'tér-ér, *f. a seller; a divulger, a speaker*
 ūt'tér-ly, *ad. completely, entirely, perfectly*
 ūt'tér-most, *f. the greatest degree*
 ūt'tér-most, *a. most remote, extreme*
 ūx-ō'rī-ōūs, *a. submissive to a wife*
 ūx-ō'rī-ōūs-ly, *ad. fondly submissive to a wife*
 ūx-ō'rī-ōūs-nēss, *f. fond submission to a wife*

V.

Vā'cān-cy, *f. leisure, relaxation, vacuity*
 Vā'cānt, *a. disengaged, empty, free*
 Vā'cate, *v. a. to make vacant, to annul, defeat*
 Va-cā'tion, *f. intermission, recess*
 Vāc-u-ā'tion, *f. act of emptying*
 Vāc'u-īst, *f. one who holds a vacuum*
 Va-cū'ī-ty, *f. space unfilled, emptiness*
 Vāc'u-ōūs, *a. empty, unfilled*
 Vāc'u-ūm, *f. space unoccupied by matter*
 Vāde, *v. n. to vanish, to pass away*
 Vāg'a-bōnd, *f. a stroller, a vagrant*
 Vāg'a-bōnd, *a. wandering about*
 Vā'ga-ry, *f. a wild sudden, frolic*
 Vā'goūs, *a. unsettled, wandering*
 Vā'grān-cy, *f. an unsettled condition*
 Vā'grānt, *f. a man unsettled in habitation*
 Vā'grānt, *a. without occupation, wander*
 Vāgūe, *a. unmeaning, wandering* [ing
 Vāil, *f. covering to conceal; perquisite*
 Vāil, *v. a. & n. to let fall in token of respect; to yield*
 Vāin, *a. meanly proud; fruitless, idle*
 Vāin'glō'rī-ōūs, *a. proud without merit*

Văin'glō'ry, *f.* empty pride [proudly
 Văin'ly, *ad.* without effect, foolishly,
 Văin'něs, *f.* state of being vain
 Văl'ance, *f.* drapery that hangs round a
 bed-tester
 Văle, *f.* low ground, a valley
 Văl'e-dīc'tion, *f.* a farewell
 Văl'ēn-tīne, *f.* a choice on Valentine's day
 Văl'ēt, *f.* a waiting man
 Văl'e-tu-dī-nă'rī-ăn, Văl'e-tū'dī-na-ry, *a.*
 infirm of health; weakly, sickly
 Văl'iānce, *f.* personal courage, valour
 Văl'iānt, *a.* brave, stout
 Văl'iānt-ly, *ad.* with personal courage
 Văl'iānt-něs, *f.* personal bravery, valour
 Văl'id, *a.* conclusive, prevalent, weighty
 Vă-līd'ī-ty, *f.* certainty, force to convince
 Văl'ley, *f.* a space between two hills
 Văl'our, *f.* personal bravery, courage
 Văl'ór-ous, *a.* brave, stout
 Văl'u-a-ble, *a.* worthy of value, precious
 Văl'u-ā'tion, *f.* value of a thing; appraise-
 ment
 Văl'u-ā'tór, *f.* an appraiser
 Văl'ue, *f.* high rate, price, worth [steem
 Văl'ue, *v. a.* to fix a price, to appraise, e-
 Văl'ue-lěs, *a.* being of no value
 Văl'u-ér, *f.* an appraiser [phon
 Vălve, *f.* a folding-door; a cover of a sy-
 Vămp, *f.* the upper leather of a shoe
 Vămp, *v. a.* to mend old things
 Vămp'ér, *f.* one who vamps
 Văn, *f.* front of an army; a fan, a wing
 Văne, *f.* a plate turned with the wind
 Văn'guărd', *f.* first line or front of an army
 Văn'ish, *v. n.* to be lost; to disappear
 Văn'ī-ty, *f.* arrogance, emptiness
 Vănn, *v. a.* to fan, to winnow

Văn'quīsh, *v. a.* to confute, to conquer
 Văn'quīsh-ér, *f.* a conqueror, a subduer
 Văn'tage, *f.* convenience; profit; superior-
 Vănt'brăss, *f.* armour for the arm [ity
 Văp'id, *a.* dead, spiritless
 Văp'id-něs, *f.* mawkishness
 Văp-o-rā'tion, *f.* act of passing in vapour
 Vă'pór-ér, *f.* a boaster, a braggart
 Vă'pór-īsh, *a.* humorsome, splenetic
 Vă'pór-ous, *a.* full of vapours, windy
 Vă'pouř, *f.* fume, spleen, wind
 Vă'pouř, *v. n.* to fly off in fume; to bully,
 brag
 Vă'pouřs, *f. pl.* hysteric fits
 Vă'rī-a-ble, *a.* changeable, inconstant
 Vă'rī-a-ble-něs, *f.* changeableness
 Vă'rī-a-bly, *ad.* changeably, inconstantly
 Vă'rī-ānce, *f.* disagreement, dissension
 Vă'rī-ā'tion, *f.* change, deviation, difference
 Vă'rī-e-gate, *v. a.* to diversify with colours
 Vă'rī-e-gā'tion, *f.* a diversity of colours
 Vă-rī'e-ty, *f.* change, intermixture
 Vă'rī-ous, *a.* changeable, different
 Vă'rī-ous-ly, *ad.* in another manner
 Vă'r'let, *f.* a rascal, a scoundrel
 Vă'r'let-ry, *f.* the skum of the rabble
 Vă'r'nīsh, *f.* a shining liquid substance
 Vă'r'nīsh, *v. a.* to set a gloss, to palliate
 Vă'r'nīsh-ér, *f.* one who palliates
 Vă'ry, *f.* alteration, change: *v. a. & n.* to
 change, to diversify: to deviate, to dis-
 gree
 Văf'cu-lăr, *a.* consisting of or full of ves-
 sels
 Văse, *f.* a vessel with a foot
 Văf'făl, *f.* a dependent, a subject
 Văf'făl-age, *f.* the state of a vassal; slavery
 Văst, *f.* an emptywaste

Vàst, *a.* very great, enormously extensive
 Váš-tíd'í-ty, *f.* wideness, immensity
 Vást'ly, *ad.* to a great degree
 Vást'něs, *f.* immensity, enormous greatness
 Vát, *f.* (*pron. also Fát*) a brewer's working
 Vát'í-cide, *f.* a murderer of poets [tun
 Va-tíç'í-nate, *v. n.* to prophesy
 Vâult', *f.* an arch, a cave, a cellar; a grave:
v. a. & n. to arch over; to jump; to
 tumble
 Vâult'age, *f.* an arched cellar
 Vâult'éd, *a.* arched, concave
 Vâult'éř, *f.* a jumper, a leaper, a tumbler
 Vâunt', *f.* vain ostentation, a brag, a boast
 Vâunt', *v. n.* to boast, to brag
 Vâunt'éř, *f.* a boaster; a man given to vain
 ostentation
 Vâunt'ing-ly, *ad.* boastingly
 Věal, *f.* the flesh of a calf
 Věer, *v. a. & n.* to let out; to change; to
 turn about
 Věg,e-ta-bíl'í-ty, *f.* a vegetable nature
 Věg,e-ta-ble, *f.* a plant: *a.* belonging to a
 plant
 Věg,e-tate, *v. a.* to grow as plants
 Věg,e-tā'tion, *f.* a growing like plants
 Věg,e-ta-tíve, *a.* growing without life
 Věg,e-ta-tíve-něs, *f.* quality of producing
 growth
 Ve-g,ěte', *a.* vigorous, sprightly, active
 Věg,e-tíve, *f.* pulse of all kinds; plant
 Věg,e-tíve, *a.* vegetable [terrouř
 Vě'he-měnce, *f.* ardour, mental violence,
 Vě'he-měnt, *a.* eager, forcible, fervent
 Vě'he-měnt-ly, *ad.* forcibly, urgently
 Vě'hí-cle, *f.* carriage, conveyance
 Věil, *f.* a cover to conceal the face
 Věil, *v. a.* to cover, to hide, to invest

Věin, *f.* a tube in the flesh; course of
 metal in mines; turn of mind; current
 Věin'éd, Věin'y, *a.* full of veins
 Věl-lě'í-ty, *f.* the lowest degree of desire
 Věl'lí-cate, *v. a.* to stimulate, to twitch
 Věl'lí-cā'tion, *f.* the act of vellicating
 Věl'lūm, *f.* fine parchment
 Ve-lōç'í-ty, *f.* speed, swiftness
 Věl'vět, *f.* a silk with a pile upon it
 Věl'vět, *a.* made of velvet, soft
 Věl'ure, *f.* velvet
 Vě'nal, *a.* mercenary, prostitute; in the veins
 Ve-nāl'í-ty, *f.* mercenariness; prostitution
 Věnd, *v. a.* to offer to sale, to sell
 Věnd-ěe, *f.* one to whom any thing is sold
 Věnd'éř, *f.* one who sells
 Věnd'í-ble, *a.* saleable, marketable
 Věnd'í-ble-něs, *f.* state of being saleable
 Věn-dí'tion, *f.* the act of selling, sale
 Ve-něer', *v. a.* to cover with very thin
 wood, &c.
 Věn'e-nate, *v. a.* to infect with poison
 Věn'éř-a-ble, *a.* worthy of reverence
 Věn'éř-a-bly, *ad.* in a venerable manner
 Věn'éř-ate, *v. n.* to regard with awe, to
 reverence
 Věn'éř-ā'tion, *f.* reverence, regard
 Věn'éř-ā'tór, *f.* a reverencer
 Ve-ně're-āl, *a.* relating to love
 Ve-ně're-ous, *a.* lustful [ing
 Věn'e-ry, *f.* the pleasure of the bed; hunt-
 Věn'e-l'ěc'tion, *f.* blood-letting, act of open-
 ing a vein
 Věnge, *v. a.* to avenge
 Věnge'a-ble, *a.* malicious, revengeful
 Věn'g,eānce, *f.* punishment
 Věnge'f ūl, *a.* revengeful, vindictive
 Vě'ní-āl, *a.* allowed, pardonable

Věn'ĩ-fón, *f.* flesh of deer and other game
 Věn'óm, *f.* poison
 Věn'óm-ous, *a.* malignant, poisonous
 Věn'óm-ouf-ly, *ad.* mischievously, poison-
 Věn'óm-ouf-něs, *f.* poisonousness [oufly
 Věnt, *f.* discharge, hole, passage, sale
 Věnt, *v. a.* to let out, to open, to publish,
 Věn'tér, *f.* the womb [to sell
 Věn'tĩ-důct, *f.* a passage for the wind
 Věn'tĩ-late, *v. a.* to discuss, examine, fan
 Věn'tĩ-lā'tion, *f.* the act of fanning or
 cooling; vent
 Věn'tĩ-lā'tór, *f.* an engine to supply air
 Věn'tři-ele, *f.* the stomach
 Věn'ture, *f.* thing at stake, hap, hazard
 Věn'ture, *v. a. & n.* to send on a venture;
 Věn'tur-ér, *f.* one who ventures [to dare
 Věn'tur-ous, *a.* bold, daring, fearless
 Věn'tur-ouf-ly, *ad.* boldly, daringly
 Věn'tur-ouf-něs, *f.* boldness
 Ve-ráč'ĩ-ty, *f.* honesty of report, moral truth
 Věrb, *f.* one of the nine parts of speech,
 which signifies doing, suffering, or being
 Věrb'ál, *a.* derived from a verb; oral
 Věrb'ál-ly, *ad.* by word of mouth
 Věr-bā'tĩm, *ad.* word for word, literally
 Věr-bōfe, *a.* tedious by multiplicity of words
 Věr-bōf'ĩ-ty, *f.* much empty talk
 Věr-dānt, *a.* green
 Věr'dér-ér, *f.* a forest-officer [ment
 Věr'dĩct, *f.* determination by a jury; judg-
 Věr'dĩ-grĩe, *f.* the rust of brass
 Věr'dure, *f.* green colour, greenness
 Věr'dur-ous, *a.* covered with green, green
 Věrge, *f.* a sergeant's mace; brink; a rod
 Věrge, *v. n.* to bend downwards, to tend
 Věr'g,ér, *f.* a mace-bearer in cathedrals, &c.
 Věr'ĩf-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* confirmation by evidence

Věr'ĩ-fỹ, *v. n.* to prove true, to confirm, to
 Věr'ĩ-ly, *ad.* in truth, certainly [justify
 Věr'ĩ-fĩm'ĩl-ār, *a.* likely, probable
 Věr'ĩ-fĩ-mĩl'ĩ-ty, *f.* likelihood, probability
 Věr'ĩ-ta-ble, *a.* agreeable to fact, true
 Věr'ĩ-ty, *f.* a true assertion, truth
 Věr'juice, *f.* a liquor of crab-apples
 Věr-mĩ-cěl'ĩ, *f.* a paste spun like threads
 Věr-mĩc'u-lār, *a.* acting like a worm
 Věr-mĩc'u-late, *v. a.* to in-lay wood, &c.
 Věr-mĩc-ule, *f.* a little grub
 Věr-mĩc'u-loūs, *a.* full of grubs or worms
 Věr-mĩl'ĩón, *f.* a fine red colour, cochineal
 Věr-mĩl'ĩón, *v. a.* to dye red [lice
 Věr'mĩne, *f.* any obnoxious animal, bugs,
 Věr'mĩn-ous, *a.* breeding vermine
 Věr-mĩp'ār-ous, *a.* producing worms
 Věr-nāc'u-lār, *a.* one's own country, native
 Věr-nāl, *a.* belonging to the spring
 Věr'nānt, *a.* flourishing as in spring [ble
 Věr'sa-tĩle, *a.* may be turned round; varia-
 Věrse, *f.* a paragraph, poetry: *v. a.* to tell
 in verse
 Věrř'ěd, *a.* well learned, skilled
 Věrře'mān, *f.* a writer of verses, a poet
 Věrřĩ-clē, *f.* a little verse [ses
 Věrřĩf-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* the art of making ver-
 Věrřĩ-fĩ-ér, *f.* a maker of verses [verse
 Věrřĩ-fỹ, *v. a. & n.* to relate in, or make
 Věrřion, *f.* act of translating, translation
 Věrt, *f.* ever-green twig in a forest
 Věr'te-brāl, *a.* relating to the spine
 Věr'te-bra, *f.* a joint of the neck
 Věr'těx, *f.* point over-head; top of a hill;
 Věr'tĩ-cāl, *a.* perpendicular [zenith
 Věr'tĩ-cāl-ly, *ad.* in the zenith
 Věr-tĩç'ĩ-ty, *f.* a turning about, rotation
 Věr-tĩg,ĩn-ous, *a.* turning round, giddy

Vér'ti-go, *f.* a giddiness, a sense of turning in the head [gree
 Věr'y, *a.* real, same, true: *ad.* in a great de-
 Věš-ĩ-cate, *v. a.* to blister
 Věš-ĩ-cā'tion, *f.* the act of blistering
 Věš'ĩ-cle, *f.* a small cuticle filled or inflated
 Věš'pér, *f.* evening star, the evening
 Věš'pérš, *f.* evening service
 Věš'pér-tine, *a.* happening in the evening
 Věš'fěl, *f.* any thing to hold liquids; the containing parts of an animal body; a boat or ship
 Věš'fěl, *v. a.* to put into a vessel, to barrel
 Věšt, *f.* an outer garment: *v. a.* to deck, dress, invest
 Věšt'ál, *f.* a pure virgin: *a.* denoting pure virginity
 Věšt'ĩ-bule, *f.* entrance of a house
 Věšt'ige, *f.* footstep, mark, sign, trace
 Věšt'měnt, *f.* priest's upper robe, garment
 Věšt'ry, *f.* a room adjoining to a church; people legally assembled in it
 Věšt'ure, *f.* dress, garment, habit
 Větch, *f.* a leguminous plant
 Větch'y, *a.* abounding in vetches
 Vět'e-rán, *f.* an old soldier
 Vět'e-ran, *a.* long practised or experienced
 Věx, *v. a.* to disquiet, plague, to torment
 Věx-ā'tion, *f.* act or cause of vexing
 Věx-ā'tious, *a.* afflictive, troublesome
 Věx-ā'tious-něš, *f.* uneasiness, troublesome-
 Věx'ér, *f.* one who vexes [něš
 Vĩ'ál, *f.* a small bottle: *v. a.* to inclose in a
 Vĩ'ánd, *f.* meat dressed; food [vial
 Vi-āt'ĩ-cũm, *f.* provision for a journey
 Vĩ'brate, *v. a. & n.* to move to and fro: to brandish; to quiver
 Vi-brā'tion, *f.* a moving with quick turns

Víc'ár, *f.* a minister of a parish where the tithes are impropriated; a depute
 Víc'ár-age, *f.* the benefice of a vicar
 Víc-ā'rĩ-oũs, *a.* delegated, deputed [car
 Víc'ár-ship, *f.* the office or ministry of a vi-
 Vĩce, *f.* opposite to virtue; an iron press; gripe
 Vice, *in composition*, signifies *second in com*
 Vĩce'ād'mĩ-rál, *f.* second commander of a fleet
 Vĩce'ā'g,ěnt, *f.* who acts for another
 Vĩce'g,ě'rěn-cy, *f.* office of a vicegerent
 Vĩce'g,ě'rěnt, *f.* lieutenant acting by substitution
 Vĩce'chān'cěl-lór, *f.* second magistrate in universities
 Vĩce'rőy', *f.* one who governs with regal authority
 Vĩce'rőy'ál-ty, *f.* dignity of a viceroy
 Vĩc'ĩn-age, *f.* neighbourhood
 Vi-cĩn'ĩ-ty, *f.* nearness, neighbourhood
 Vĩc'ious, *a.* [pron. Vĩsh'ũs] addicted to vice
 Vĩ-cĩs'fĩ-tude, *f.* change, revolution
 Vĩc'tĩm, *f.* sacrifice
 Vĩc'tór, *f.* a conqueror, a vanquisher
 Vĩc-tō'rĩ-oũs, *a.* conquering [phantly
 Vĩc-tō'rĩ-oũf-ly, *ad.* successfully, trium-
 Vĩc-tō'rĩ-oũf-něš, *f.* state of being victori-
 Vĩc'to-ry, *f.* conquest, success, triumph [ous
 Vĩc'trěš, *f.* a female who conquers
 * Vĩct'ual, * Vĩct'uals, *f.* [pron. Vĩt'tle] provision of food
 * Vĩct'ual, *v. a.* to provide food
 * Vĩct'ual-lér, *f.* a provider of victuals; a publican
 Vi-děl'ĩ-cet, *ad.* to wit, that is, viz.
 Vĩe, *v. n.* to contend, contest
 Vĩeŵ, *f.* design, prospect, survey, sight

View, *v. a.* to examine, to see, to survey
View'less, *a.* not discernible, unseen
Vig, *il*, *f.* the eve of a holiday, watch
Vig, *il-ance*, **Vig**, *il-ān-cv*, *f.* watchfulness, guard, forbearance of sleep [ful
Vig, *il-ant*, *a.* diligent, circumspect, watch-
Vig, *il-ant-ly*, *ad.* watchfully
Vig'our, *f.* efficacy, force, strength
Vig'or-ous, *a.* full of strength and life, forcible
Vig'or-ous-ly, *ad.* forcibly [ble
Vig'or-ous-ness, *f.* force, strength
Vile, *a.* mean, sordid, wicked, worthless
Vile'ly, *ad.* meanly, shamefully, basely
Vile'ness, *f.* baseness, despicableness
Vil'i-fy, *v. a.* to debase, to defame
Vill, *f.* a small collection of houses, village
Villa, *f.* a country seat, a village
Vil'lage, *f.* a small collection of houses
Vil'lag-ér, *f.* an inhabitant of a village
Vil'lag-ér-y, *f.* district of villages
Vil'lain, *f.* a wicked wretch; a servant
Vil'lan-age, *f.* base infamy; servitude
Vil'lan-ize, *v. a.* to debase, to degrade
Vil'lan-ous, *a.* base, sorry, vile, wicked
Vil'lan-ous-ly, *ad.* basely, wickedly
Vil'lan-y, *f.* baseness, crime, wickedness
Vil'lous, *a.* rough, shaggy
Vin'ci-ble, *a.* conquerable, superable
Vin-dē'mi-āl, *a.* belonging to a vintage
Vin'dī-cate, *v. a.* to assert, to clear, to justify
Vin'dī-cā'tion, *f.* defence, justification
Vin-dic'a-tive, **Vin**-dic'tive, *a.* revengeful
Vin'dī-cā'tōr, *f.* one who vindicates
Vin-dic'a-to-ry, *a.* avenging, punishing
Vine, *f.* a tree bearing grapes
Vin'e-gār, *f.* any thing really or metaphorically four

Vine'yard, *f.* a ground planted with vines
Vin'ous, *a.* having the quality of wine
Vin'tage, *f.* time of making wine
Vin'ra-g-ér, *f.* one who gathers the vintage
Vin't-ner, *f.* one who sells wine by retail
Vin'try, *f.* the place for sale of wine
Vī'ōl, *f.* a stringed musical instrument
Vī'o-la-ble, *a.* that may be violated or hurt
Vī'o-late, *v. a.* to infringe, to ravish
Vī'o-lā'tion, *f.* the act of deflowering; infringement
Vī'o-lā'tōr, *f.* one who violates
Vī'o-lēnce, *f.* attack, force, injury, outrage
Vī'o-lēnt, *a.* extorted, forcible, outrageous
Vī'o-lēnt-ly, *ad.* with force, vehemently
Vī'o-lēt, *f.* a flower
Vī'o-līn', *f.* a fiddle
Vī'o-līst, *f.* a player on the viol [ment
Vī'o-lōn-cēl'lo, *f.* a stringed musical instru-
Vī'pér, *f.* a mischievous person; a serpent
Vī'pér-ine, *a.* belonging to a viper
Vi-rā'go, *f.* a bold resolute woman
Virge, *f.* a dean's mace
Vir'g,īn, *f.* a maid unacquainted with man; a sign
Vir'g,īn, *a.* maidenly, pure, untouched
Vir'g,īn, *v. n.* to play the virgin
Vir'g,īn-āl, *f.* a musical stringed instrument
Vir'g,īn-āl, *a.* maiden, maidenly
Vir'g,īn'ī-ty, *f.* maidenhead
Vī'rile, *a.* belonging to man [hood
Vi-rīl'ī-ty, *f.* power of procreation, man-
Vī'tu-āl, *a.* effectual
Vī-tu-āi'ī-ty, *f.* efficacy, power
Vī'tu-āl-ly, *ad.* not formally, effectually
Vī'tue, *f.* moral goodness, efficacy, valour
Vī'tue-less, *a.* wanting virtue
Vī-tu-ō'fo, *f.* one skilled in curiosities

Vír'tu-ous, *a.* morally good, chaste, devout, efficacious
 Vír'tu-ous-ly, *ad.* in a virtuous manner
 Vír'u-lence, Vír'u-lén-cy, *f.* wicked temper, malignity, mental poison, bitterness
 Vír'u-lént, *a.* inexorable, malignant, venomous
 Vír'u-lént-ly, *ad.* malignantly
 Vír'ús, *f.* the stinking matter from ulcers
 Vís'age, *f.* countenance, look, face
 Vís'ce-rate, *v. a.* to embowel; to exentrate
 Vís'cid, *a.* glutinous, ropy, tenacious
 Vís'cid'í-ty, *f.* clamminess, glutinousness
 Vís'cös'í-ty, *f.* glutinousness, tenacity
 Vís'cöünt, *f.* a degree of nobility
 Vís'cöünt-ěs, *f.* a viscount's lady
 Vís'cous, *a.* clammy, glutinous, ropy
 Vís'-í-bíl-í-ty, *f.* a being visible to the eye
 Vís'í-ble, *a.* apparent, conspicuous, open
 Vís'í-ble-něs, *f.* state or quality of being visible
 Vís'í-bly, *ad.* conspicuously, openly
 Vís'íón, *f.* dream, phantom, sight
 Vís'íón-a-ry, *f.* one disturbed in thought: *a.* seen in a dream, imaginary
 Vís'ít, *f.* the act of going to see another: *v. a.* to go to see, to punish, survey
 Vís'í-tā'tion, *f.* the act of visiting, a judicial visit [visit
 Vís'í-ta-tō'rí-ál, *a.* belonging to a judicial
 Vís'ít-ér, *f.* one who visits; an occasional judge
 Vís'íve, *a.* formed in the act of seeing
 Vís'ór, *f.* a mask used to disfigure and disguise
 Vís'ór-ěd, *a.* masked [view
 Vís'ta, *f.* a prospect through an avenue, a
 Vís'u-ál, *a.* used in sight, exercising sight

Vī'tál, *a.* necessary to life, essential
 Vī-tál'í-ty, *f.* the power of subsisting in life
 Vī'tál-ly, *ad.* so as to give life
 Vī'táls, *f. pl.* parts essential to life
 Vī'tí-ate, *v. a.* to deprave, to spoil
 Vī'tí-ā'tion, *f.* corruption, depravation
 Vī'tious, *a.* corrupt, wicked
 Vī'tious-ly, *ad.* corruptly
 Vī'tious-něs, *f.* state of vice, corruptness
 Vīt-re-ous, *a.* resembling glass, glassy
 Vīt-ríf'í-cate, Vīt'rí-fý, *v. a. & n.* to change into glass; to become glass
 Vīt'rí-ól, *f.* a kind of mineral salt
 Vīt'rí-ól-ate, *a.* impregnated with vitriol
 Vīt-rí-ól'ic, Vīt'rí-ól'ous, *a.* containing vitriol
 Vīt'u-line, *a.* belonging to a calf
 Vi-tū'pe-ra-ble, *a.* blame-worthy
 Vi-tū'pe-rate, *v. a.* to asperse, to blame, to censure
 Vi-tu-pe-rā'tion, *f.* blame, censure
 Vi-vā'cí-ous, *a.* active, gay, lively
 Vi-vāç'í-ty, *f.* liveliness, sprightliness
 Vīves, *f.* a distemper among horses
 Vīv'id, *a.* active, quick
 Vīv'id-ly, *ad.* with life, with strength
 Vīv'id-něs, *f.* life, vigour, quickness
 Vi-víf'ic, *a.* giving life, making alive
 Vīv'íf-í-cā'tion, *f.* a giving of life
 Vīv'í-fý, *v. a.* to make alive, to animate
 Vi-víp'a-rous, *a.* bringing the young alive, opposed to oviparous
 Vix'en, *f.* a he-fox; a spirited turbulent woman
 Víz. contraction of *videlicet*, to wit, that is to say
 Víz'árd, *f.* a mask to disguise the face
 Víz'árd, *v. a.* to mask

Vo-căb'u-la-ry, *f.* a lexicon, a dictionary of words
 Vō'cāl, *a.* having, or modelled, by a voice
 Vo-cāl'ist-y, *f.* power of utterance
 Vō'cāl-ly, *ad.* in words, articulate
 Vo-cā'tion, *f.* calling, employment, summons
 Vōc'a-tive, *f.* the case of nouns used in call
 Vo-cif-e-rā'tion, *a.* clamour, outcry
 Vo-cif'e-rōus, *a.* clamorous, noisy
 Vōgue, *f.* fashion, mode [opinion
 Vōice, *f.* sound from the mouth; vote;
 Vōid, *f.* an empty space, vacuum, vacancy
 Vōid, *a.* empty, null, vain, unoccupied
 Vōid, *v. a.* to annul, to emit, to evacuate
 Vōid'a-ble, *a.* that may be annulled
 Vōid'ér, *f.* a vessel to carry table-furniture
 Vō'lānt, *a.* active, nimble, flying
 Vōl'a-tile, *f.* any winged animal [lively
 Vōl'a-tile, *a.* evaporating; flying; fickle,
 Vōl-a-tīl'it-y, *f.* quality of flying off by
 evaporation; mutability of mind
 Vōl'a-tīl'izā'tion, *f.* act of making volatile
 Vo-lāt'il-ize, *v. a.* to make volatile
 Vōle, *f.* a deal at cards that turns all the
 tricks
 Vōl-cā'no, *f.* a burning mountain
 Vo-lī'tion, *f.* act of willing, power to chuse
 Vōl'ī-tive, *a.* having the power to will
 Vōl'ley, *f.* a burst or flight of shot
 Vōl'ley, *v. n.* to throw out forcibly
 Vōl'ī-éd, *a.* discharged with a volley
 Vōlt, *f.* a certain tread of a horse
 Vōl-u-bīl'it-y, *f.* fluency of speech, mutabi-
 lity
 Vōl'u-ble, *a.* fluent in words, active
 Vōl'ume, *f.* any compact matter, a book
 Vo-lū'mīn-ōus, *a.* consisting of many volumes

Vōl'un'ta-rī-ly, *ad.* of one's own accord
 Vōl'ūn-ta-ry, *f.* music played at will; a
 volunteer: *a.* acting by choice
 Vōl'ūn-tēar', *f.* a soldier of his own accord
 Vo-lūp'tu-a-ry, *f.* one given to luxury
 Vo-lūp'tu-ōus, *a.* luxurious
 Vo-lūp'tu-ōus-ly, *ad.* luxuriously
 Vo-lūp'tu-ōus-nēss, *f.* luxuriousness
 Vōm'it, *f.* an emetic medicine [ach
 Vōm'it, *v. a.* to throw up from the stom-
 Vo-mit-tion, *f.* the act of vomiting
 Vōm'it-ive, Vōm'it-o-ry, *a.* causing to vo-
 mit
 Vo-rā'cious, *a.* greedy to eat, ravenous
 Vo-rā'cious-ly, *ad.* greedily, ravenously
 Vo-rā'cious-nēss, Vo-rāç'ī-ty, *f.* ravenous-
 ness
 Vōr'tēx, *f.* any thing whirled round
 Vōr'tic-āl, *a.* having a whirling motion
 Vō'ta-rīst, *f.* a devotee, a votary
 Vō'ta-ry, *f.* one devoted to any service,
 worship, &c.
 Vō'ta-ry, *a.* consequent to a vow
 Vō'ta-rēss, *f.* a female votary
 Vōte, *f.* suffrage, voice given and num-
 bered
 Vōte, *v. a.* to chuse or determine by vote
 Vōt'ér, *f.* one who has a right to vote
 Vō'ive, *a.* given by vow
 Vōûch, *v. a. & n.* to attest, to maintain:
 to bear witness
 Vōûch, *f.* attestation, warrant
 Vōûch'ér, *f.* who or what witnesseth
 Vōûch-sāfe', *v. a. & n.* to grant; to conde-
 scend
 Vōw, *f.* a solemn and religious promise:
v. a. & n. to consecrate; to make a vow
 Vōw'el, *f.* a letter utterable by itself

Võy'age, *f.* a travel by sea, undertaking:
v. a. & n. to pass over; to travel by sea
 Võy'a-g,ér, *f.* a traveller by sea
 Vñ/cā'no, *f.* a burning mountain, volcano
 Vñl'gár, *f.* the common people
 Vñl'gár, *a.* common, mean, plebeian
 Vñl'gár/i-ty, *f.* meanness, state of the low-
 est people
 Vñl'gár-ly, *ad.* commonly, meanly
 Vñl'nér-a-ble, *a.* may be wounded
 Vñl'ne-ra-ry, *a.* useful in the cure of
 wounds
 Vñl-ne-rate, *v. a.* to hurt, to wound
 Vñl'pñe, *a.* belonging to a fox
 Vñl'ture, *f.* a bird of prey

W

Wád', *f.* paper or tow to stop a gun-
 charge
 Wád'ding, *f.* coarse stuff; inside of a coat
 Wád'dle, *v. n.* to walk like a duck
 Wádr, *v. n.* to walk through water
 Wá'fér, *f.* a thin dried paste for several uses
 Wáit, *f.* a floating body
 Wáit, *v. a. & n.* to carry over, beckon:
 to float
 Wáit'age, *f.* carriage by water or air
 Wág, *f.* a merry droll, an arch fellow
 Wág, *v. a. & n.* to move or shake slightly
 Wáge, *v. a.* to lay a wager; engage in, hire
 Wá'g,ér, *f.* a pledge upon change, a bet
 Wá'g,ér, *v. a.* to pledge as a bet; to lay
 Wá'g,es, *f. pl.* hire or reward for service
 Wág'g,e-ry, *f.* merry pranks; wantonness
 Wág'g,ish, *a.* frolicsome, sportive
 Wág'g,ish-něs, *f.* waggery
 Wág'gle, *v. n.* to move from side to side;
 to waddle

Wág'gón, *f.* a four-wheel carriage for bur-
 Wág'gón-ér, *f.* a driver of a waggon [dens
 Wág'tā'l, *f.* a small bird
 Wāif, *f.* goods lost and not claimed
 Wāil, *f.* audible sorrow
 Wāil, *v. a. & n.* to bewail, lament, grieve
 Wāil'ing, *f.* audible sorrow; lamentation
 Wāin, *f.* a sort of cart, a kind of carriage
 Wāin/scōt, *f.* a kind of oak; lining of
 rooms: *v. a.* to line walls with boards
 Wāit, *f.* smallest part of the body below
 the ribs; floor of a ship
 Wāit, *f.* ambush
 Wāil, *v. n.* to attend, expect, stay, watch
 Wāit'ér, *f.* an attendant in a public house
 Wāke, *f.* a watch, merriment, carousal
 Wāke, *v. a. & n.* to stir up, to rouse: to
 watch, not to sleep
 Wāke'fūl, *a.* not sleeping
 Wāke'fūl-něs, *f.* watchfulness
 Wāk'en, *v. a. & n.* to rouse from sleep, to
 produce: to wake [skin
 Wāle, *f.* a rising part in cloth; also on the
 Wā'k', *f.* act of walking, path to walk in
 Wā'k', *v. n.* to walk leisurely by steps
 Wā'k'ér, *f.* one who walks
 Wā'k'ing-stick, *f.* a stick to walk with
 Wāll, *f.* partition of brick, &c. fortifica-
 tion: *v. a.* to inclose with, or defend by
 Wā'l'ět, *f.* a bag, a knapsack [walls
 Wāll'eý-éd, *a.* having white eyes
 Wāll'frūt, *f.* fruit ripened on a wall
 Wā'l'łöp, *v. n.* to boil
 Wā'l'low, *f.* a kind of rolling walk
 Wā'l'low, *v. n.* to roll in mire, to live in filth
 Wā'l'łūt, *f.* a large kind of nut
 Wām'ble, *v. n.* to roll with nausea and sick-
 Wān', *a.* languid of look; pale [ness
 Wānd', *f.* a long slender staff; a small stick

Wând'ér, *v. n.* to rove, to go astray
 Wând'ér-ér, *f.* a rambler, a rover
 Wând'ér-ing, *f.* mistaken way, uncertainty
 Wâne, *f.* decrease of the moon; decline
 Wâne, *v. n.* to grow less, to decrease
 Wân'něs, *f.* languor, paleness
 Wânt', *f.* deficiency, need, poverty [fail
 Wânt', *v. a. & n.* to be without, to need; to
 Wân'tón, *f.* a strumpet; trifter; whore-
 monger: *a.* licentious, loose, lustful,
 sportive: *v. n.* to play lasciviously; to
 revel
 Wân'tón-něs, *f.* humour, licentiousness
 Wâr', *f.* combat, fighting, forces, hostility
 Wâr', *v. n.* to make or carry on war
 Wâr'ble, *v. a. & n.* to quaver a sound; to
 Wâr'blér, *f.* a singing bird, a singer [sing
 Wârd', *f.* one under a guardian; district
 of a town; part of a lock; custody,
 garrison, watch: *v. a. & n.* to guard,
 watch: to act on the defensive
 Wârd'ěn, *f.* a head-officer; a guardian
 Wârd'ér, *f.* a guard, a keeper
 Wârd'môte, *f.* a ward meeting, a court
 Wârd'rôbe, *f.* a place where apparel is kept
 Wârd'shîp, *f.* guardianship, pupilage
 Wâre, *a.* cautious, wary; *commonly* aware
 Wâre, *v. n.* to beware, to take heed of
 Wâreš, *f. pl.* goods, merchandise
 Wâre'hôuse, *f.* store-house for merchandise
 Wâr'fare, *f.* military service or life
 Wâr'fare, *v. n.* to lead a military life
 Wâ'rî-ly, *ad.* cautiously, with timorous
 prudence
 Wâ'rî-něs, *f.* cautiousness
 Wârm', *a.* a little hot; furious; zealous
 Wârm', *v. a.* to heat moderately, to grow
 hot
 Wârm'ing-pân, *f.* a brass pan to warm a bed

Wârm'ly, *ad.* with warmth; eagerly
 Wârmth, *f.* gentle heat; passion, zeal
 Wârn', *v. a.* to give notice, to caution
 Wârn'ing, *f.* previous notice, caution
 Wârp', *f.* the thread that crosses the woof:
v. a. & n. to contract, shrivel: to turn
 Wâr'rânt, *f.* a writ of caption; an authority
 Wâr'rânt, *v. a.* to attest, authorise, justify
 Wâr'rânt-a-ble, *a.* justifiable
 Wâr'rânt-a-ble-něs, *f.* justifiableness
 Wâr'rânt'a-bly, *ad.* justifiably
 Wâr'rěn, *f.* a park for rabbits
 Wâr'rěn-ér, *f.* a keeper of a warren
 Wârr'îôr, *f.* a soldier, a military man
 Wârt', *f.* a corneous excrescence,
 Wârt'y, *a.* grown over with warts
 Wâ'ry, *a.* cautious, scrupulous, timorously
 Wâs', *pret. of to be* [prudent
 Wâsh', *f.* any thing to wash with; a bog
 Wâsh', *v. a.* to cleanse with water, to co-
 lour
 Wâsh'bâll, *f.* a ball made of soap
 Wâsh'ér, *f.* one who washes
 Wâsh'y, *a.* dampy, watery, weak; not solid
 Wâsp, *f.* a brisk stinging insect like a bee
 Wâsp'ish, *a.* fretful, peevish
 Wâsp'ish-něs, *f.* moroseness, peevishness
 Wâst', *second person of was, from to be*
 Wâste, *f.* desolate ground: wanton des-
 truction: *a.* desolate, ruined, unculti-
 vated: *v. a. & n.* to destroy, to dimi-
 nish, to spend: to dwindle
 Wâste'fûl, *a.* destructive, lavish, unoccupied
 Wâste'fûl-ly, *ad.* dissolutely, prodigally
 Wâste'fûl-něs, *f.* prodigality
 Wâst'ér, *f.* a vain consumer, a prodigal
 Wâtch', *f.* a night-guard; a pocket clock
 Wâtch', *v. a. & n.* to guard, observe: not
 Wâtch'ér, *f.* one who watches [to sleep

Wâtch'fûl, *a.* attentive, careful
 Wâtch'fûl-ly, *ad.* with watchfulness
 Wâtch'fûl-nêss, *f.* want of sleep; great care
 Wâtch'hôûse, *f.* a place to set the night-
 Wâtch'ing, *f.* inability to sleep [watch
 Wâtch'mâk-ér, *f.* one who makes watches
 Wâtch'mân, *f.* a night-guard; sentinel
 Wâtch'tôw'ér, *f.* a tower for a sentinel
 Wâtch'wôrd, *f.* a sentinel's night-word
 Wâtér, *f.* one of the elements; lustre of a
 diamond; gloss on died silk; the sea;
 urine: *v. a. & n.* to give water: to take
 in water [riage
 Wâtér-age, *f.* money paid for water-car-
 Wâtér-côl-ôurs, *f.* colours used with wa-
 ter only
 Wâtér-ér, *f.* one who waters
 Wâtér-fâl, *f.* a cascade
 Wâtér-fôwl, *f.* a fowl that lives and
 breeds near waters [water
 Wâtér-grû'el, *f.* food made of oatmeal and
 Wâtér-îsh, *a.* like water, moist
 Wâtér-mân, *f.* a boatman, a ferryman
 Wâtér-mârk, *f.* the limit of the flood
 Wâtér-mîll, *f.* a mill turned by water
 Wâtér-rât, *f.* a rat that makes holes in
 banks
 Wâtér-wôrk, *f.* an hydraulic performance
 Wâtér-y, *a.* abounding with water; thin
 Wât'tle, *v. a.* to bind with twigs [gills
 Wât'tles, *f. pl.* hurdles with willows; cocks
 Wâve, *f.* a billow at sea; inequality
 Wâve, *v. a. & n.* to put off, to beckon:
 to play loosely, to float [loosely
 Wâv'ér, *v. n.* to be unsettled, to move
 Wâv'ér-ér, *f.* one unsettled in his opinion
 Wâv'y, *a.* rising in waves or inequalities
 Wâx, *f.* a tenacious matter gathered from

bees: *v. a. & n.* to smear with wax: to
 grow
 Wâx'en, *a.* made of wax
 Wây, *f.* means, method, passage, road
 Wây'fâr-ér, *f.* a passenger, a traveller
 Wây'fâr-ing, *a.* travelling, passing
 Wây'lây, *v. a.* to beset by ambush
 Wây'lêss, *a.* pathless, untrodden
 Wây'mârk, *f.* mark to direct travellers
 Wây'wârd, *a.* froward, morose, peevish
 Wây'wârd-nêss, *f.* frowardness, peevishness
 Wē, *personal pronoun, pl. of I*
 Wēak, *a.* feeble, pliant, unfortified
 Wēak'en, *v. a.* to make weak, to debilitate
 Wēak'ling, *f.* a feeble creature
 Wēak'ly, *a.* feeble, sickly, injudicious
 Wēak'ly, *ad.* feebly, timorously
 Wēak'nêss, *f.* defect, failing, feebleness
 Wēak'side, *f.* infirmity, foible
 Wēal, *f.* mark of a stripe; happiness,
 prosperity; state
 Wēald, Wâld', Wâl'r', *f.* a wood or grove
 Wēalth, *f.* riches, money, or precious goods
 Wēalth'î-ly, *ad.* richly
 Wēalth'î-nêss, *f.* richness
 Wēalth'y, *a.* opulent, rich, abundant
 Wēan, *v. a.* to deprive of the breast, &c.
 Wēan'ling, *f.* an animal newly weaned
 Wēap'on, *f.* an instrument of offence or
 defence
 Wēap'on-éd, *a.* furnished with weapons
 Wēap'on-lêss, *a.* having no weapons
 Wēar, *f.* act of wearing, a dam of water:
v. a. & n. to have on; to hold out; to waste
 Wēar'ér, *f.* one who wears any thing
 Wēar'ing, *f.* clothes
 Wēar'î-nêss, *f.* a being tired; fatigue
 Wēar'î-sôme, *a.* tedious, tiresome

Wēa'rī-sōme-ly, *ad.* tediously
Wēa'rī-sōme-nēss, *f.* state of being tired, tediousness
Wēa'r'y, *v. a.* to fatigue, to harass, to tire
Wēa'ry, *a.* subdued by fatigue, tiresome
Wēa'fānd, *f.* the wind-pipe
Wēa'fel, *f.* a small animal [gain
Wēaṭh'ér, *v. a.* to pass with difficulty, to
Wēaṭh'ér, *f.* state of air, tempest
Wēaṭh'ér-bēat-en, *a.* seasoned by bad weather [person
Wēaṭh'ér-cōck, *f.* vane on a spire; fickle
Wēaṭh'ér-drīv-en, *a.* forced by storm
Wēaṭh'ér-gāge, *f.* what shews the weather
Wēaṭh'ér-glāss, *f.* a barometer
Wēaṭh'ér-wīse, *a.* skilful in foretelling the
Wēave, *v. a.* to form by texture [weather
Wēav'ér, *f.* one who makes threads into cloth [light
Wēb, *f.* any thing woven; a film on the
Wēb'bēd, *a.* joined by a film [toes
Wēb'fōot-ēd, *a.* having films between the
Wēd, *v. a.* to join in marriage, to marry
Wēd'dīng, *f.* a nuptial ceremony, marriage
Wēdge, *f.* a body with a sharp edge; an ingot: *v. a.* to fasten with wedges
Wēd'lōck, *f.* matrimony, marriage
Wēd'nēss-day, *f.* the fourth day of the week
Wēed, *f.* an useless herb; mourning habit: *v. a.* to pull up weeds; root out vice
Wēed'ér, *f.* who weeds or takes away
Wēed'hōok, *f.* a hook to root up weeds
Wēed'lēss, *a.* free from weeds
Wēed'y, *a.* abounding with weeds
Wēek, *f.* the space of seven days
Wēek'dāy, *f.* any day except Sunday
Wēek'ly, *a.* done once a-week; every week
Wēek'ly, *ad.* once a-week
Wēel, *f.* a trap for fish; a whirlpool

Wēep, *v. a. & n.* to bewail, lament: to shed tears
Wēep'ér, *f.* a white border of linen; a mourner
Wēet, *v. a.* to know
Wēev'il, *f.* a grub amongst corn
Wēst, *f.* a thing woven; also the woof of cloth; goods which have no owner
Wēst'age, *f.* texture
Wēigh, *v. a.* to try the weight of any thing; to heave up; to consider; to examine, to judge
Wēigh'ēd, *a.* considered, experienced
Wēight, *f.* heaviness of any thing; mass by which bodies are weighed; importance, pressure
Wēight'i-ly, *ad.* heavily, importantly
Wēight'i-nēss, *f.* heaviness; importance
Wēight'lēss, *a.* light; having no gravity
Wēight'y, *a.* heavy; important; rigorous
Wēl'cōme, *f.* kind reception of a new comer: *a.* received with gladness, grateful; *v. a.* to receive with kindness: *interj.* used to a visiter
Wēl'cōme-nēss, *f.* gratefulness
Wēld, *v. a.* to beat one mass of iron or steel into another
Wēl'fare, *f.* happiness, success, prosperity
Wēl'kīn, *f.* the visible regions of the air
Wēll, *f.* cavity; source, spring
Wēll, *a.* not sick; convenient, happy
Wēll, *ad.* properly, sufficiently, not amiss
Wēll-a-dāy! *interj.* alas
Wēll'bē'ing, *f.* happiness, prosperity
Wēll'börn', *a.* not meanly descended
Wēll'brēd', *a.* polite, elegant of manners
Wēll'dōne! *interj.* a word of praise
Wēll'fā'vōur-ēd, *a.* beautiful, pleasing to
Wēll'nīgh', *ad.* almost [the eye

Wëll'mët'! *interj.* a term of salutation
 Wëll'spënt', *a.* passed with virtue
 Wëll'spring, *f.* source, fountain
 Wëll'will'ér, *f.* one who means kindly
 Wëll'wìsh'ér, *f.* who wishes the good of
 Wëlt, *f.* border, edge, selvedge [another
 Wëlt, *v. a.* to sew with a border [water
 Wëlt'ér, *v. n.* to roll in blood, mire, or
 Wën, *f.* a fleshy or callous excrescence
 Wënnch, *f.* a young woman; a strumpet
 Wënnch'ér, *f.* a fornicator
 Wën'ny, *a.* having the nature of a wen
 Wënt, *pret.* of to go
 Wëpt, *pret. & part. pass.* of to weep
 Wëre, or Wére, *pret.* of the verb to be
 Wért, or Wért, *2d pers. sing.* of the pret.
 to be
 Wëst, *f.* the region where the sun sets
 Wëst, *a.* towards the sun-setting
 Wëst, *ad.* to the west of any place
 Wëst'ér-ly, *a. & ad.* towards the west
 Wëst'érn, *a.* being in the west [west
 Wëst'wárd, Wëst'wárd-ly, *ad.* towards the
 Wët, *f.* moisture, water; rainy weather
 Wët, *a.* moist, rainy, humid
 Wët, *v. a.* to humectate, to moisten
 Wëth'ér, *f.* a ram castrated [midity
 Wët'nëss, *f.* the state of being wet, hu-
 Wë'zänd, *f.* the wind-pipe
 Whāle, *f.* the largest of fish, a monster
 Whārf', *f.* a bank or place to land goods
 Whārf'age, *f.* rates for landing at a wharf
 Whārf'in-g,ér, *f.* a keeper of a wharf
 Whāt', *pro.* that which, which part
 Whāt-ëv'ér, } *pro.* any thing, this or
 Whāt'so-ëv'ér, } that
 Whēal, *f.* a pustule [various species
 Whēat, *f.* bread-corn of which there are
 Whēat'ëar, *f.* a delicate small bird

Whēat'en, *a.* made of wheat [flatter
 Whēe'dle, *v. a.* to entice by soft words, to
 Whēel, *f.* an instrument for torture and
 spinning; a compass about; revolution:
v. n. to move on wheels, to take a
 round
 Whēel'bār-row, *f.* a one-wheel carriage
 Whēel'ér, Whēel'wright, *f.* a maker of
 wheels
 Whēeze, *v. n.* to breath with a noise
 Whēlk, *f.* a protuberance, a pustule
 Whēlm, *v. a.* to bury, to cover
 Whēlp, *f.* a young man; a son; a puppy:
v. n. to bring young as a bitch, &c.
 Whēn, *ad.* at the time that, which time
 Whēnce, *ad.* from what place [ever
 Whēnce'so-ëv'ér, *ad.* from what place so-
 Whēn-ëv'ér, *ad.* whatsoever time
 Whēre, *ad.* at which or what place
 Whēre'a-bōût', *ad.* near which place
 Whēre-ās', *ad.* on the contrary, at which
 place, the thing being so that
 Whēre-āt', *ad.* at which
 Whēre-bȳ', *ad.* by which
 Whēre-ëv'ér, *ad.* at whatever place
 Whēre'fōre, *ad.* for which reason, for what
 Whēre-īn', *ad.* in which [reason
 Whēre'īn-tò', *ad.* into which
 Whēre-ōf', *ad.* of which
 Whēre-ōn', *ad.* on which
 Whēre'sō-ëv'ér, *ad.* in what place soever
 Whēre-tò, *ad.* to which
 Whēre'ūp-ōn', *ad.* upon which [which
 Whēre-wīth', Whēre'wīth-āl', *ad.* with
 Whēr'rēt, *v. a.* to box the ear, to hurry;
 to tease
 Whēr'ry, *f.* a light river-boat
 Whēt, *f.* act of sharpening; dram before a
 meal: *v. a.* to edge, to sharpen

Whěth'ér, *pro.* which of the two: *ad. expressing one part of a disjunctive question in opposition to the other*

Whět'stone, *f.* a stone to sharpen knives

Whět'tér, *f.* one who sharpens knives

Whěy, *f.* the serous part of milk, thin and white

Whěy'ish, *a.* like or partaking of whey

Which, *pro. relative*; applied to things

Whích'so-ěv'ér, *pro.* one or the other

Whiff, *f.* blast, puff of wind

Whif'fle, *v. n.* to prevaricate, to move in- constantly

Whig, *f.* a party-man, opposite to a tory

Whig'g'ish, *a.* inclining to whiggism

Whig'g'ism, *f.* principles of the whigs

While, *f.* space of time; time

While, **Whilst**, *ad.* as long as; during the

While, *v. n.* to loiter [time that

Whim', *f.* odd fancy, caprice, freak

Whim'pér, *v. n.* to cry without a loud noise

Whimp'led, *a.* distorted with crying

Whim'fey, *f.* an odd fancy, a whim

Whim'f'i-cál, *a.* capricious, fanciful

Whin, *f.* a prickly bush, furze, gorse

Whine, *f.* a mean affected complaint

Whine, *v. n.* to moan meanly [or colt

Whin'ny, *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse

Whip, *f.* a scourge with one thong: *v. a.*

& *n.* to cut with a whip; to correct with a rod; to sew slightly; to lash: to move nimbly

Whip'córd, *f.* a cord to make whip-lashes

Whip'hánd', *f.* advantage over

Whip'lásh, *f.* the lash or small end of a whip

Whip'pér, *f.* one who whips

Whip'ping-póst, *f.* where vagrants are

Whip'sáw, *f.* a large saw [whipped

Whip'stér, *f.* a nimble fellow

Whipt, *contraction for whipped*

Whirl, *f.* a rapid circumvolution: *v. a.* & *n.* to turn or run round rapidly

Whirl'bát, *f.* thing whirled round for a blow

Whirl'i-g'ig, *f.* a child's play-thing

Whirl'póol, *f.* water moving circularly

Whirl'wind, *f.* a stormy wind moving circularly

Whir'ring, *f.* the noise made by a pheasant's wings, &c.

Whisk, *f.* a small besom; a kind of tip-pet: *v. a.* & *n.* to brush with a whisk: to run

Whisk'ér, *f.* hair on the lips, mustachio

Whis'pér, *f.* a low soft voice: *v. a.* to speak with a low soft voice

Whis'pér-ér, *f.* one who speaks low, or

Whist, *f.* a game at cards [talks secretly

Whist! *interj.* be still, be silent

Whistle, *f.* a small pipe to whistle with, a call: *v. a.* & *n.* to blow a whistle: to sound shrill

Whist'lér, *f.* one who whistles

Whit, *f.* jot, point, any thing [of eggs

White, *f.* white colour, whiteness; part

White, *a.* pale; pure; snowy; grey with

White'méat, *f.* a food made of milk [age

Whit'en, *v. a.* & *n.* to make white: to grow white [ness

White'néss, *f.* state of being white; pale-

White'wásh, *f.* wash to clear the skin

White'wíne, *f.* wine made from white

Whith'ér, *ad.* to what place [grapes

Whith'ér-so-ěv'ér, *ad.* to whatsoever place

Whit'ing, *f.* a small fish; soft chalk

Whit'ish, *a.* somewhat white

Whit'ish-néss, *f.* a being whitish

Whit'leáth-ér, *f.* leather drest with alum

Whit'low, *f.* a swelling at the finger end

Whīt'tér, *f.* a bleacher of linen
 Whīt'sūn-tīde, *f.* the feast of Pentecost
 Whīt'tle, *f.* a knife: *v. a.* to cut with a knife [noise
 Whīz, *v. n.* to make a loud humming
 Whô, *pro. relative*; which person
 Whô-ēv'ér, *pro.* any one
 Whôle, *f.* all of a thing, a solid, totality
 Whôle, *a.* restored to health; all
 Whôle'sāle, *f.* sale in the gross [kindly
 Whôle'sôme, *a.* contributing to health,
 Whôle'sôme-ly, *ad.* in a wholesome manner
 Whôle'sôme-nēss, *f.* salutariness
 Whôl'ly, *ad.* completely, totally
 Whôm, *accusative of who*; *sing. & pl.*
 Whôm'so-ēv'ér, *pro.* any person whatever
 Whôop, *f.* a shout of pursuit
 Whôop, *v. a.* to insult with shouts
 Whôre, or Whôre, *f.* a prostitute
 Whôre, *v. n.* to converse carnally and unlawfully
 Whôre'dôm, *f.* playing the whore
 Whôre'mas-tér, } *f.* he who whores
 Whôre'môn-gér, }
 Whôre'sôn, *f.* a bastard
 Whôre'ish, *a.* incontinent, loose, unchaste
 Whôse, *pro. genitive of who and which*
 Whôso-ēv'ér, *pro.* any without exception
 Whŭrr, *v. n.* to pronounce the letter R with too much force
 Whŷ, Whŷ-nôt, *ad.* for what reason
 Wīck, *f.* the cotton of a candle or lamp
 Wīck'ēd, *a.* given to vice, cursed, pernicious
 Wīck'ēd-ly, *ad.* in a wicked manner
 Wīck'ēd-nēss, *f.* moral ill, corruption, guilt
 Wīck'ér, *a.* made of small willows

Wīck'ēt, *f.* a small door or gate
 Wīde, *a.* broad, remote, extending far
 Wīde, Wīde'ly, *ad.* far, remotely
 Wīd'en, *v. a. & n.* to make wide: to grow wide
 Wīde'nēss, *f.* breadth, large extent
 Wīd'g,eôn, *f.* a water-fowl
 Wīd'ow, *v. a.* to deprive of a husband: *f.* a woman whose husband is dead
 Wīd'ow'ér, *f.* a man whose wife is dead
 Wīd'ow-hôod, *f.* the state of a widow
 Wīd'ow-hŭnt ér, *f.* one who hunts after widows with jointures [men widows
 Wīd'ow-māk-ér, *f.* one who makes wo-
 Wīdth, *f.* wideness, breadth
 Wīeld, *v. a.* to use with full power or
 Wīeld'y, *a.* manageable [command
 Wīle-ry, *a.* made or drawn into wire
 Wīfe, *f.* a married woman
 Wīg, *f.* hair-covering for the head; a cake
 Wīght, *f.* a person, a being
 Wīld, *f.* uninhabited country, a desert: *a.* not tame; desert; fickle; licentious; savage; strange; turbulent
 Wīl'dér, *v. n.* to loose or puzzle in an unknown track [savageness
 Wīl'dér-nēss, *f.* a tract of solitude and
 Wīld'fīre, *f.* gun-powder rolled up wet
 Wīld'gôose-chāse, *f.* foolish pursuit
 Wīld'īng, *f.* a wild sour apple
 Wīld'ly, *ad.* without judgment, irregularly
 Wīld'nēss, *f.* rudeness, savageness
 Wīle, *f.* deceit, fraud, trick, stratagem
 Wīl'fŭl, *a.* stubborn, tenacious
 Wīl'fŭl-ly, *ad.* on purpose, obstinately
 Wīl'fŭl-nēss, *f.* obstinacy, perverseness
 Wīl'li-ly, *ad.* on purpose, obstinately
 A a a

Wĩl'ĩ-něs, *f.* cunning guile

Will, *f.* bequest; choice; command; testament: *v. a.* to command; to desire; to direct

Will'ing, *a.* inclined to any thing

Will'ing-ly, *ad.* with one's own consent

Will'ing-něs, *f.* consent

Wĩl'low, *f.* a tree worn by forlorn lovers

Wĩ'ly, *a.* sly, fraudulent

Wĩm'ble, *f.* an instrument with which holes are bored. [or art

Wĩn, *v. a. & n.* to gain by conquest, play,

Wĩnce, } *v. n.* to kick with impatience;

Wĩch, } to shrink from pain

Wĩch, *f.* a handle to turn a mill or screw

Wĩnd, or Wĩnd, *f.* flowing wave of air; breath, utterance

Wĩnd, *v. a. & n.* to turn round; to blow; to turn: to be extricated, to be disentangled

Wĩnd'bōũd, *a.* confined by contrary winds

Wĩnd'ěgg, *f.* egg not impregnated

Wĩnd'ěr, *f.* who or what winds; a plant

Wĩnd'fâl, *f.* fruit blown down

Wĩnd'flōw-ěr, *f.* the anemone

Wĩnd'gâl, *f.* a distemper incident to horses

Wĩnd'ĩ-něs, *f.* full of wind

Wĩnd'gũn, *f.* gun discharged by compressed

Wĩnd'ing, *f.* a turning about [air

Wĩnd'ing-sheet, *f.* a sheet to wrap the dead body in [weights

Wĩnd'lafs, *f.* a machine to raise large

Wĩn'dow, *f.* an opening for light to a house

Wĩnd'pĩpe, *f.* passage of the breath

Wĩnd'wârd, *ad.* towards the wind

Wĩnd'y, *a.* airy, stormy, breeding wind

Wĩne, *f.* juice of the grape, &c.

Wĩng, *f.* a limb of a bird; the side of an army: *v. a.* to furnish with wings, to fly

Wĩng'ěd, Wĩng'y, *a.* having wings

Wĩng'shell, *f.* shells covering the wings of insects

Wĩnk, *f.* a hint by the motion of the eye: *v. n.* to shut the eyes, to connive

Wĩnk'ing-ly, *ad.* with the eye almost closed

Wĩn'něr, *f.* one who wins

Wĩn'nĩng, *f.* a sum won: *a.* attractive, charming [separate

Wĩn'nōw, *v. a.* to examine, to fan, to

Wĩn'těr, *f.* last and cold season of the year: *v. a. & n.* to feed or pass in the winter

Wĩn'těr-ly, Wĩn'try, *a.* suitable to winter

Wĩn'y, *a.* having the taste of wine

Wĩpe, *f.* a blow, a reproof, a rub; *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing, to clear

Wĩp'ěr, *f.* the person or thing that wipes

Wĩre, *f.* metal drawn into threads

Wĩre'drâw, *v. a.* to draw by art, to spin wire

Wĩre'drâw-ěr, *f.* one who spins wire

Wĩs, *v. a.* to know [sapience

Wĩs'dóm, *f.* power of judging rightly,

Wĩse, *f.* way of being or acting; manner

Wĩse, *a.* judging rightly; grave; skilful

Wĩse'a-cre, *f.* a dunce, a fool

Wĩse'ly, *ad.* judiciously, prudently

Wĩsh, *f.* a longing desire; thing desired; *v. a.* to have a strong desire

Wĩsh'ěr, *f.* one who longs or wishes

Wĩsh'fûl, *a.* longing, shewing desire

Wĩsh'fûl-ly, *ad.* with longing, earnestly

Wĩsp, *f.* a small bundle of hay or straw

Wist, *pret. & part. pass. of to wis* [tentive
Wist'fûl, *a.* full of thought, earnest, at-
Wist'ly, *ad.* attentively, earnestly

Wit, *f.* quickness of fancy; man of ge-
nius; understanding; judgment; *v. n.* to
know

Wit'craft, *f.* contrivance, invention

Wit'crack-ér, *f.* one who breaks a jest

Wit'wôrm, *f.* one who feeds on wit

Witch, *f.* a woman accused of magical arts:
v. a. to bewitch, to enchant

Witch'craft, *f.* the practice of witches

Witch'e-ry, *f.* enchantment

With, *prep.* by; noting the cause or means,

With-âl', *ad.* along with the rest [&c.

With-drâw', *v. a. & n.* to draw back: to
retire, to retreat [ment

With-drâw'ing-rôom, *f.* a room for retire-

With'e, With'y, *f.* a willow twig; a band
of hay

With'ér, *v. a. & n.* to make to fade; to
pine away, to fade

With-hôld', *v. a.* to keep back, to restrain

With-in', *prep. & ad.* in the inner part of;
inwardly [unless

With-ôût', *prep.* not within compass of;

With-ôût', *ad.* out of doors, externally

With-stând', *v. a.* to oppose, resist

With-stând'ér, *f.* resisting power; opponent

Wit'lëss, *a.* wanting understanding

Wit'ling, *f.* a pretender to wit

Wit'nëss, *f.* attestation, evidence, testi-
mony: *v. a.* to bear testimony, to attest:
intj. an exclamation

Wit'snâp-pér, *f.* one who affects repartee

Wit'ti-cism, *f.* a mean attempt at wit

Wit'ti-ly, *ad.* artfully, ingeniously

Wit'ting-ly, *ad.* by design, knowingly

Wit'tôl, Wit'tâl, *f.* a contented cuckold

Wit'ty, *a.* ingenious, full of imagination

Wive, *v. a. & n.* to take for a wife; to

Wives, *f. pl. of wife* [marry

Wiz'ârd, *f.* a conjurer, an enchanter

Wô, *f.* grief, sorrow; curse [colour

Wôad, *f.* a plant used in dyeing a yellow

Wô'fûl, *a.* calamitous, sorrowful, afflicted

Wô'fûl-ly, *ad.* mournfully, wretchedly

Wôlf, *f.* a wild beast; an ulcer in the
breast

Wôlf'dôg, *f.* a large dog to guard sheep

Wôlf'ish, *a.* like a wolf in qualities, &c.

Wôlfs'bâne, *f.* a poisonous plant

Wôm'ân, *v. a.* to make pliant like a wo-
man: *f.* the female of human race

Wôm'ân-éd, *a.* united with a woman

Wôm'ân-hât-ér, *f.* one who hates a woman

Wôm'ân-hôod, *f.* qualities of a woman

Wôm'ân-ish, *a.* suitable to a woman

Wôm'ân-kīnd, *f.* the female sex

Wôm'ân-ly, *ad.* becoming a woman; not
girlish

Wômb, *f.* the place of generation

Wômb'y, *a.* capacious, large

Wôm'en, *f. pl. of woman*; [pron. Wīm'ēn]

Wôn, *pret. & part. pass. of to win*

Wôn'dér, *f.* admiration; amazement: *v. n.*
to be struck with admiration

Wôn'dér-fûl, *a.* admirable, astonishing

Wôn'dér-fûl-ly, *ad.* in a wonderful manner

Wôn'dér-ôûs, *a.* marvellous, strange

Wôn'dér-ôûf-ly, *ad.* in a strange degree

Wôn'dér-strück, *a.* amazed

Wônt, *f.* custom, habit, use [to use

Wônt, to be Wônt, *v. n.* to be accustomed,

- Wónt'éd**, *a.* accustomed, usual
Wôo, *v. a. & n.* to court, to make love
Wòod, *f.* a place filled with timber trees
Wòod'bīne, *f.* the honeysuckle [bill
Wòod'còck, *f.* a bird of passage with a long
Wòod'éd, *a.* supplied with wood
Wòod'en, *a.* made of wood, clumsy
Wòod'frēt-tér, *f.* a wood worm, an insect
Wòod'lānd, *f.* land covered with wood
Wòod'lôûse, *f.* vermin in and about old
 wood
Wòod'mān, *f.* a hunter, a sportsman
Wòod'món-gér, *f.* a feller of wood
Wòod'nôte, *f.* a wild note, wild music
Wòod'nŷmph, *f.* a nymph of the wood
Wòod'ôl'tér-īng, *f.* wood burnt on an altar
Wòod'pěck-ér, *f.* a bird
Wòod'pīg'ēon, *f.* a wild pigeon
Wòod'y, *a.* abounding with woods
Wôo'ér, *f.* one who courts a woman
Wòof, *f.* threads that cross the warp, tex-
 ture [stay
Wôo'īng-ly, *ad.* pleasingly; so as to invite
Wòol, *f.* the fleece of sheep
Wòol'len, *f.* cloth made of wool
Wòol'len, *a.* made of wool
Wòol'pāck, *f.* a bag or pack of wool
Wòol'ly, *a.* resembling or consisting of wool
Wórd, *f.* single part of speech; talk
Wórd, *v. a.* to express properly; to dispute
Wôre, *pret. of to wear*
Wórk, *f.* deed, employment, labour
Wórk, *v. a. & n.* to effect; to embroider;
 to produce; to labour; to ferment; to
 be agitated; to make way
Wórk'ér, *f.* one who works [work
Wórk'fēl-lōw, *f.* one engaged in the same

- Wórk'hôûse**, *f.* a receptacle for parish poor
Wórk'īng-dāy, *f.* a week-day
Wórk'mān, *f.* an artificer
Wórk'mān-ly, *ad.* in a manner becoming a
 workman
Wórk'mān-shīp, *f.* art, manufacture, skill
Wórlđ, *f.* the earth; public life; mankind
Wórlđ'lī-nēss, *f.* covetousness, addictedness
 to gain
Wórlđ'līng, *f.* a mortal set upon profit
Wórlđ'ly, *a.* bent upon this world; human:
ad. with relation to the present life
Wórm, *f.* insect without legs; pipe used
 in stills; any spiral thing; something
 tormenting: *v. n.* to act slowly and se-
 cretly
Wórm'ēat-en, *a.* gnawed by worms
Wórm'y, *a.* full of worms
Wörn, *part. pass. of to wear*
Wór'ry, *v. a.* to harass, mangle, provoke,
 tear
Wórse, *a.* more bad, more ill
Wórse, *v. a.* to put to disadvantage
Wórse, *ad.* in a manner more bad
Wór'shīp, *f.* a term of honour; religious
 reverence; dignity: *v. a. & n.* to adore:
 to perform adoration
Wór'shīp-fūl, *a.* claiming respect by dignity
Wór'shīp-fūl-ly, *ad.* respectfully
Wór'shīp'pér, *f.* one who worships; adorer
Wórst, *f.* the most distressed or wicked state
Wórst, *a.* most bad, most ill
Wórst, *v. a.* to defeat, overcome, over-
 throw
Wórst'éd, *f.* woollen yarn, wool spun
Wórt, *f.* ale or beer not fermented; an
 herb

Wórth, *f.* importance, merit; price, value
Wórth, *a.* deserving of; equal in value
Wór'thĩ-ly, *ad.* deservedly, justly, suitably
Wór'thĩ-něs, *f.* desert, excellence
Wórth'lěs, *a.* undeserving, unworthy
Wórth'lěs-něs, *f.* want of value or worth
Wór'thy, *f.* a man deserving praise or honour
Wór'thy, *a.* deserving, valuable
Wót', *v. n.* to know, to be aware
Wóve, *pret. of to weave*
Wóv'en, *pass. part. of to weave*
Wóuld, *pret. of to will* [lence
Wóund, or **Wó**und, *f.* a hurt given by violence
Wóund, *v. a.* to hurt by violence
Wóund, *pret. of to wind*
Wrăck, *f.* loss of a ship, ruin [wreck
Wrăck, *v. a.* to torment, to torture, to
Wrăn'gle, *f.* a perverse dispute, a quarrel
Wrăn'gle, *v. n.* to dispute peevishly
Wrăn'glér, *f.* a peevish disputative person
Wăp, *v. a.* to roll together, to contain
Wăp'pér, *f.* the thing inclosing
Wrăth, *f.* anger, rage, vengeance
Wrăth'fŭl, *a.* angry, raging
Wrăth'fŭl-ly, *ad.* furiously, passionately
Wrăth'lěs, *a.* free from anger
Wrěak, *f.* fury, revenge, vengeance
Wrěak, *v. a.* to execute, to revenge
Wrěaťh, *f.* any thing twisted, a garland
Wrěaťhe, or **W**rěaťh, *v. a.* to curl, to turn, to twist
Wrěaťh'y, *a.* spiral, twisted
Wrěck, *f.* destruction, ruin; shipwreck:
v. a. & n. to ruin; to suffer wreck or loss
Wrěnch, *f.* a violent twist, a sprain
Wrěnch, *v. a.* to pull by violence, to strain, to force

Wrěst, *f.* distortion, violence
Wrěst, *v. a.* to twist or extort by violence
Wrěs'tle, *v. n.* to contend for a fall, to
Wrěs'tlér, *f.* one who wrestles [struggle
Wrěťh, *f.* a miserable or worthless person
Wrěťh'ed, *a.* despicable, miserable
Wrěťh'ed-ly, *ad.* despicably, meanly, miserably
Wrěťh'ed-něs, *f.* despicableness, misery
Wrěťh'lěs, *a.* careless, heedless
Wrīg'gle, *v. n.* to move to and fro in the joint
Wrīght, *f.* an artificer in wood
Wrīng, *v. a. & n.* to distress, to distort, to extort, to harass, to press, to torture: to writhe with anguish
Wrīng'ér, *f.* one who squeezes water out of a cloth
Wrīn'kle, *f.* a corrugation in cloth, the face, &c. *v. a.* to cause to corrugate, to make rough or uneven
Wrīst, *f.* the joint of the hand to the arm
Wrīst'bănd, *f.* fastening about the wrist
Wrīt, *f.* any thing written; legal instrument; judicial progress; scripture
Wrīte, *v. a.* to express in writing; to indite
Wrīt'ér, *f.* one who writes; an author
Wrīt'he, *v. a. & n.* to distort, to twist, to wrest; to be in agony or torture
Wrīt'ing, *f.* a thing written with pen and ink
Wrīt'ings, *f.* legal conveyances [write
Wrīt'ing-măstér, *f.* one who teaches to write
Wrīt'ten, *part. pass. of to write*
Wrōng', *f.* error, injury, injustice: *a.* not right, not true, unfit: *ad.* amiss, not rightly

Wrōng', *v. a.* to injure, to use unjustly
Wrōng'dō'ér, *f.* an injurious person
Wrōng'ér, *f.* one who injures or does
Wrōng'fûl, *a.* injurious, unjust [wrong
Wrōng'fûl-ly, *ad.* unjustly, injuriously
Wrōng'hēad'ēd, *a.* having a perverse understanding
Wrōng'ly, *ad.* amiss, unjustly
Wrōte, *pret.* of *to write*
Wrōught', *pret. & part. pass.* of *to work* ;
 manufactured, performed; actuated; agitated
Wrūng, *pret. & part.* of *to wring*
Wrȳ, *a.* crooked, distorted, wrested
Wrȳ, *v. a.* to distort, to wrest, to writhe

Y.

Y *Ächt*, *f.* a small ship for passengers
Yärd, *f.* ground inclosed to a house ;
 a measure of 3 feet ; a pole to hang
 sails on
Yärd'wänd, *f.* a measure of a yard
Yäre, *a.* dexterous, eager, ready
Yäre'ly, *ad.* dexterously, skilfully
Yärr, *f.* spun wool, woollen thread
Yärr, *v. n.* to growl or snarl like a dog
Yätch, *f.* a small vessel carrying guns
Yâwl', *f.* a ship's boat
Yâwn', *f.* the act of yawning, gape
Yâwn', *v. n.* to open wide, to gape
Yâwn'ing, *a.* sleepy, slumbering
Yē, *nom. pl.* of *thou*
Yēa, *ad.* yes
Yēan, *v. n.* to bring young ; *used of sheep*
Yēan'ling, *f.* the young of sheep

Yēar, *f.* term of twelve calendar months
Yēar'ling, *a.* being a year old
Yēar'ly, *a.* lasting a year, annual
Yēar'ly, *ad.* once a-year, annually
Yéarn, *v. n.* to feel great uneasiness, to
 grieve [when working
Yēast, *Yēst*, *f.* the flower of malt liquor
Yēast'y, *Yēst'y*, *a.* smeared with yeast,
 frothy [egg
Yēlk, *Yōlk*, or *Yōlk*, *f.* the yellow of an
Yēll, *f.* a cry of horror [horror
Yēll, *v. n.* to cry aloud with agony and
Yēl'low, *a.* glaring colour, as gold
Yēl'low'ish, *a.* approaching to yellow
Yēl'low-nēss, *f.* a being yellow; jealousy
Yēl'low's, *f.* a disease in horses
Yēlp, *v. n.* to bark as a hound after his prey
Ycō'măn, *f.* a gentleman farmer, a freeholder
Ycō'măn-ry, *f.* a collective body of yeomen
Yérk, *f.* quick motion
Yérk, *v. n.* to throw out a horse's hind leg
Yēs, * *Yes*, *ad.* term of affirmation
 * *Yēs'tér*, *a.* being next before the present
 day
Yēs'tér-dāy, *f.* the day last past
Yēs'tér-dāy, *ad.* on the day last past
 * *Yēs'tér-nīght*, *f.* the night last past
Yēt, *Yet*, *conj.* however, nevertheless
 * *Yēt*, *ad.* beside, at least, still
Yēw, *f.* a tree [surrender
Yield, *v. a. & n.* to give up ; to produce ;
Yōke, *f.* a bandage on the neck ; mark of
 servitude ; a couple ; chain, pair, two :
v. a. to couple together ; to enslave
Yōke'fēl-lōw, *f.* a companion in labour

Yōn', Yōnd', Yōn'dér, *a.* being within view

Yōre, *ad.* of long time past, of old time

Yōū, *pro.* objective case of *ye*

Yōūng, *f.* the offspring of any creature

Yōūng, *a.* not old, youthful, ignorant

Yōūng'ér, *a.* not so old

Yōūng'ěst, *a.* the youngest of all

Yōūng'ish, *a.* somewhat young

Yōūng'ly, *ad.* early in life, ignorantly

Yōūng'stér, Yōūnk'ér, *f.* a young person

Yōūr, *pro.* belonging to you

Yōūth, *f.* one past childhood, tender age

Yōūth'fūl, *a.* young, frolicsome, vigorous

Yōūth'fūl-ly, *ad.* in a youthful manner

Yōūth'y, *a.* young, youthful

Yūle, *f.* the time of Christmas

Yūx, *f.* the hiccough

Z.

Zāf'fār, Zāf'fār, *f.* a fictitious mineral

Zā'ny, *f.* a buffoon, a merry-andrew

Zēal, *f.* heat for a person or cause

Zēal'ót, *f.* a person full of zeal

Zēal'oūs, *a.* ardently passionate

Zēal'oūf-ly, *ad.* with all one's might

Zēal'oūf-něs, *f.* the quality of being zeal-

Zē'c,hīn, *f.* a gold coin, value 9 s. [ous

Zēd, *f.* the name of the letter Z

Zē'nīth, *f.* point in the heavens directly over-head

Zēph'y'r, Zēph'y'r-ūs, *f.* the west wind;
[*poetically*] a gentle breeze

Zēst, *f.* orange peel cut thin, a relish

Zeūg'ma, *f.* a figure in grammar

Zō'dī-āc, *f.* sun's track in the 12 signs

Zōne, *f.* a division of the earth, a girdle

Zôo'gra-phér, *f.* one who describes animals

Zôo'gra-phy, *f.* a description of animals

Zôo'lo-g,y, *f.* a treatise of animals

Zôo'phītes, *f.* vegetables partaking of the nature both of plants and animals

Zôo'tóm-īst, *f.* a dissector of the bodies of brute beasts

Zôo'tóm-y, *f.* dissection of the bodies of beasts

A P P E N D I X

T O T H E

Royal Standard English Dictionary ;

C O N T A I N I N G

The Proper NAMES of PERSONS and PLACES in the Old and New TESTAMENTS ; the Names of the principal CITIES, RIVERS, MOUNTAINS, &c. in the known World ; the Ancient and Modern POETS, PHILOSOPHERS, PATRIOTS, STATESMEN, &c. ; all accurately accented, with their Proper Pronunciation pointed out.

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L O N D O N :

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AND J. DICKSON, EDINBURGH.

M, DCC, LXXXVIII.

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MDCCLXXXII.

P R E F A C E.

THE Plan of the foregoing **DICTIONARY** appearing to be a rational Method of expressing the Quantity of Syllables, and, consequently, of ascertaining the Pronunciation of words in the English Language, as the Author is led to believe from the very kind Encouragement and Approbation this plan has already received from the Public, he has been often solicited to adjoin the following **APPENDIX**, done on the same principles, as tending to render this work of more general Utility.

The proper execution of this part, he is sensible, is attended with no small Difficulty: It would require a perfect knowledge of Languages, to which he has no pretensions; and the rather, as he knows of no other similar performance whence he might derive any assistance.—So that, in attempting this part of the Work, he is sufficiently apprised he adventures on ground that may lay him open to severe criticisms from the Literati. But it appeared to him, that he could not otherwise discharge that debt of gratitude he owes to the Public, who have hitherto so amply rewarded him for his labours.

Although it may indeed seem to betray no small share of vanity, that the Author has attempted to fix a Standard for the Pronunciation of such proper Names, without being thoroughly conversant in the Languages from which they are derived, yet it may be observed, that some of these Names are of uncertain Etymology; and even of those which are not, it is impossible, at this distance of time, to ascertain with exactitude, their genuine pronunciation in the ancient Tongues to which they respectively belong;—circumstances which may sufficiently authorise any one to reduce them, in point of quantity, to the rules of an English Accent.

In saying this, however, the Author would not be understood as if, in endeavouring to point out the quantity of such Proper Names, he had indulged, at random, his own particular humour or caprice. He has endeavoured to establish this Standard by the usual *viva voce* expressions of such Clerical Orators as are not only an ornament to their profession, in point of taste and abilities, but who are allowed by the best Judges, to be most eminently distinguished for propriety of Speech: this being the only proper Criterion that could be adopted, or which the nature of the Work would admit of, to answer the purpose for which it was intended.

It was with the helps above mentioned, joined to the attention which the Author has long paid to similar studies, that he has been able to pen the following Sheets; and he assures the Public, that, should they prove in any degree useful, or be the mean of stirring up an abler Pen to correct and improve the Plan now offered, he will esteem his labour sufficiently compensated. In the interim, if any Reverend Gentleman or others, versed in the original tongues, should differ in opinion from the Author, respecting the pronunciation of different words, he would esteem it a singular favour to have such observations communicated to him in a proper manner, as he is very solicitous that some method may be adopted to reduce the Scripture Proper Names, with as much precision as possible, to a proper and uniform pronunciation.

On the whole, as the chief aim he has in view, is to render the present Work as extensively useful to the Public, as in his power, and to free our native Tongue from those vicious modes of Accent and Pronunciation, to which, as a living Language, it is exposed, from the ignorance of some, and the caprice of others; so he hopes that his being prompted chiefly, and principally, by such motives, in undertaking this part of the Work, (having paid that attention to it which it requires) will the more recommend him to the favour and indulgence of Gentlemen of real taste and literature, where he may have the misfortune to appear somewhat singular in his opinion.

Edinburgh, 16th August, 1777.

The PROPER NAMES of PERSONS and PLACES in the Old and New Testaments, accurately accented, and arranged (each Book by itself) in Alphabetical Order.

G E N E S I S.

A'BĒL
 Ā-bēl'mīz-rā'īm
 A-bīm'a-ēl
 Ā'brām
 Ā'bra-hām
 A-bīm'e-lēc,h
 A-bī'dab
 Āc'cād
 Āc,h'bōr
 Ād'ām
 Ā'dab
 Ād'bēel
 Ād'mab
 A-dō'rām
 A-dūl'la-mīte
 A-hō'lī-bā'mab
 A-hūz/zāth
 Ā'jab
 Ā'kān
 Āl'lon-bāc,h-ūth
 Āl-mō'dād
 Āl'vab
 Āl'vān
 Ām'a-lēk
 A-māl'e-kite
 Ām'o-rite
 Ām'o-rites
 Ām'mon
 Ām-rā'phēl

Ā'nah
 A-nā'mīm
 Ā'nér
 Ā'rān
 A-rā'rāt
 A-rā'bī-a
 Ā'rām
 Ār'bab
 Ārd
 A-rē'li
 A-rō'di
 Ār'kite
 Ā'rī-ōc,h
 Ār-phāx'ād
 Ār'va-dite
 Ā'e-nāth
 Ā'shēr
 Āsh'te-rōth
 Ā'shūr
 Āsh'hel
 Āsh'ke-nāz
 Āf-shur-īm
 Āf-fūr/i-a
 Ā'lād
 Ā'vīth
 Bā'bēl
 Bā'āl-hā'nān
 Bāsh-ē'māth
 Bdēl'lī-ūm
 Bēth'ēl

Bē'ōr
 Bē'la
 Bē'lah
 Bē'c'hér
 Be-rī'ab
 Bē'dād
 Bē'ra
 Bē'rēd
 Bē'e-ri
 Bēer-la-haī-roī
 Bēer-shē'ba
 Bēn-ām'mi
 Bēn-ō'ni
 Bēn'jā-mīn
 Bēth'le-hēm
 Be-theū'el
 Bēth-ū'el
 Bīl'hab
 Bīl'hān
 Bīr'sha
 Bōz'ra
 Būz
 Cā'dēsh
 Cāin
 Cāi'nān
 Cā'nāan
 Cān'aān-ite
 Cān'aān-ites
 Cān'aān-īt'īsh
 Cā'lah

Cāl'nēth
 Cāph'to-rīm
 Cār'mi
 Cāf-lū'hīm
 C,hāl'dēes
 C,hāl-dē'āns
 C,hē'dór-laō'mér
 C,hē'rān
 C,hē'sēd
 C,hē'zīb
 Cūsh
 Dān
 Da-māf'cūs
 Dēb'o-rab
 Dē'dān
 Dī'nab
 Dīn-hā'bab
 Dīk'lab
 Dī'shōn
 Do-dā'nīm
 Dō'thān
 Dū'mab
 Ē'bāl
 Ē'bér
 Ē'dār
 Ē'dēn
 Ē'dóm
 Ēd'o-mite
 Ē'g,ypt
 E-g,ypt'tian

Ē'hī
 Ē'lah
 Ē'lām
 Ēl-dā'ab
 Ēl-lā'sār
 Ēl/bēth-ēl
 Ēl-e-lō'he-īy/ra-ēl
 Ē'li-ē'zér
 E-lī'phāz
 E-lī'shāb
 Ē'lōn
 Ēl-pā'rān
 Ē'mīms
 Ē'nōs
 Ē'nōc,h
 Ēn-mīsh'pāt
 Ē'phrāth
 Ē'phab
 Ē'phér
 Ē'phrōn
 Ē'phra-īm
 Er'
 Ē'rēc,h
 Ē'ri
 Ē'lāz
 Ē'fēk
 Ēsh'cōl
 Ēsh'bān
 Ēthī-ō'pī-a

Eū-phrā'tes	Hā'zo	Ja-ā'lām	Kīt'tim	Mē'dān
Ēve	Hē'bér	Jā'mīn	Kīr'ī-a-thā'īm	Mē-hū'ja-ēl
Ēzér	Hē'brew	Jāb-lēel	Kīr'jāth-ār'ba	Me-hēt'a-bēl
Ēz'bōn	Hē'brōn	Jāb-zēel	Kō'rah	Mēl-c,hī'ze-dēk
Gād	Hē'mān	Jā'phēth	Kō'hāth	Me-rā'rī
Gā'hām	Hēm'dām	Jā'rēd	Lā'bān	Me-thū'fa-ēl
Gā'lēed	Hēth	Jā'vān	La-hā'i-rō'i	Me-thū'fe-lab
Gā'tām	Hēz'rōn	Jēb'u-fite	Lā'mēc,h	Mē'ṣa
Gā'za	Hīd'de-kēl	Je-hō'vab-jī'rēb	Lā'ṣab	Mē'ṣhec,h
G,ēn'ef-iṣ	Hīt'tite	Je-mū'ēl	Lē'ab	Mēf'o-po-tā'mī-ā
G,ē'ra	Hī'rah	Jē'rah	[tha Le-hā'bīm	Me-zā'hāb
G,ē'rār	Hī'vite	Jē'gār-fā-hā-dū'	Le-hī'ṣīm	Mīb'fām
G,ér'ṣhōn	Hōbab	Je'thēth	Le-tū'ṣīm	Mīb'zār
G,ē'thēr	Hō'ri	Jē'tūr	Le-ūm'mīm	Mīd'ī-ān
G,ī'hōn	Hō'rite	Jē'ūṣh	Lē'vi	Mīd'ī-ān-ites
G,il'e-ād	Hūll	Jē'zér	Lōt'	Mīl'cab
G,ir'ga-fite	Hūp'pīm	Jīd'lāph	Lō'tān	Mīl'c,ha
G,ir'ga-ṣhites	Hūṣh'ām	Jīm'nab	Lūd	Mīl'c,hab
Gō'mér	Hūṣh'īm	Jōb	Lū'dīm	Mīṣh'mab
Go-mōr'rah	Hūz	Jō'bāb	Lūz	Mīz-rā'īm
Gō'ṣhēn	ī'du-mē'a	Jōk'tān	Ma-ā'c,hab	Mīz'pab
Gū'ni	ī'rām	Jōk'ṣhān	Mā'c,hīr	Mīz'zab
Hā'dād	ī'rād	Jōr'dān	Māch'pe-lah	Mō'āb
Hā'dār	ī'fāac	Jō'fēph	Ma-dā'i	Mō'a-bite
Hām	īf'fa-c,hār	Jū'bāl	Māg'dī-ēl	Mō'rēb
Ha-mū'ēl	īf'cab	Jū'dab	Mā'gōg	Mo-rī'ab
Hāg'ga-i	īṣh'bāk	Jū'dīth	Ma-hāl'a-lēel	Mūp'pīm
Hā'gār	īṣh'ma-ēl	Kā'dēṣh	Ma-hā'lāth	Na-ā'mān
Hā'mōr	īṣh'ma-ēl-ites	Kād'mo-nites	Mā'hā-nā-īm	Na-ā'mab
Hām'a-thite	īṣ'ra-ēl	Kār'nā'īm	Māl'c,hī-ēl	Nā'hāth
Hā'rān	īṣh'u-ab	Kē'dār	Mām're	Nā'hōr
Hā'i	īṣ'u-i	Ke-dē'mab	Ma-nā'hāth	Nā'phīṣh
Ha-vīl'ab	īth'rān	Ke-mū'ēl	Ma-naṣ'fēb	Nēb'a-jōth
Hā'noc,h	Jā'bēl	Kē'nāz	Māṣh	Nēph'ta-li
Hā'nōck	Jāb'bōk	Kē'nites	Māṣ'fab	Nēph'tu-hīm
Hā'zār-mā'vēth	Jā'cōb	Kēn'e-zites	Māṣ-rē'kāb	Nīm'rōd
Ha-zē'zōn-tā'mār	Jā'c,hīn	Ke-tū'rah	Mā'trēd	Nīn'e-vēb

Nō'ah	Rē'ho-bōth	Shīm'rōn	Zā'rah	Ēl-zā'phān
Nōd'	Rē'pha-ims	Shīn'āb	Za-ā'van	Ē'thām
ō'bāl	Rē'sēn	Shī'nār	Zēb'u-lūn	Ēx'o-dūs
ō'hād	Reū	Shō'bāl	Ze-bō'im	G,ēr/shóm
ō'mār	Reū'bēn	Shū'ah	Zēm/a-rite	Hō'rēb
ōn'	Reū'ēl	Shū'ni	Zē'pho	Hūr
ō'nān	Reū'mah	Shūr	Zē'rah	I-thā'mār
ō'nām	Rī'phāth	Sīc'h'ēm	Zīb'e-ōn	īz'hār
ō'nyx-flōne	Sāb'tah	Sīd'dīm	Zī'dōn	Jē-hō'vāh-nīf'G
ō'phīr	Sāb'te-c,ha	Sīd'ōn	Zīm'rān	Jē'thro
Pā'dān	Sā'lah	Sīm'e-ōn	Zī'lah	Jōc,h-ē'bēd
Pā'dān-ā'rām	Sā'lēm	Sī'nite	Zī'pah	Jōsh'u-a
Pā'rān	Sām'lah	Sīt'nab	Zīph'ī-ōn	Kō'hites
Pa-thrū'sīm	Sā'rah	Sōd'ōm	Zō'ār	Līb'nī
Pāu	Sā'ra-i	Sūc'cōth	Zō'hār	Mān'na
Pē'lēg	Sāul	Sūr'ī-ān	Zū'zīmş	Mā'rah
Pe-nī'ēl	Sē'ba	Tā'mār	E X O D U S.	Mās'rah
Pe-nū'ēl	Sē'phār	Tār'shīh		Me-hā'li
Pēr'īz-zite	Sē'ir	Tē'bah	A	Mēr'ī-bah
Phā'rēz	Sē'rah	Tē'mah		Mīg'dōl
Phāl'lu	Sē'rēd	Tē'mān	A'ron-bōi'	Mīr'ī-ām
Phā'razoh	Sē'rūg	Te-mā'ni	ā'bīb	Mī'sha-ēl
Phī'col	Sēth	Tē'rah	A-bī'a-fāph	Mō'seş
Phī-lī'stīne	Shā'lēm	Thā'hāsh	A-bī'hu	Mū'shi
Phī-lī'stīm	Shām'mah	Tī'dāl	A-hō'li-āb	Nā'dab
Phūt	Shāul	Tīm'nab	A-hī'sa-māc,h	Nāc'shōu
Phū'vab	Shā'vēb	Tīm'nāth	ām'a-lēk	Nē'phēg
Pīl'dāsh	Shē'ba	Tī'rās	ām'rām	Nūn
Pī'nōn	Shē'bah	To-gār'mah	ām-mīn'ā-dīb	Pāl'ēf-tī'na
Pī'fōn	Shē-e,hēm	Tō'la	āf'fīr	Pāl'lu
Pót'ī-phār	Shē'lah	Tū'bāl	Bā'āl-zē'phōn	Phīn'e-hās
Po-tīph'e-rah	Shē'lēph	Tū'bāl-cāin	Bēz/a-lēel	Pī-hā-hī'rōth
Pūt	Shēm	ūr	Ē'le-ā'zār	Pī'thōm
Rā'chēl	She-mē'bēr	ū'ri	Ē'līm	Pū'ah
Rāā'mah	Shē'pho	ūz	Ē'lī-ē'zēr	Pu-tī'ēl
Rām'e-sēs	Shīl'lēm	ūz'āl	E-lī'she-ba	Ra-ām'sēs
Re-bēk'ah	Shī'loh	Zāph'nāth-pa-	ēl-kā'nab	Re-phī'dīm

Shīm'ei	Ām'a-lēk	Bā'āl-zē'phōn	E-lī'a-f'āph	Hā'mūl
Shīph'rah	A-māl'e-kites	Bā'mōth	E-lī'dād	Hām'u-ēl-ites
Sīn	Am-mī'hūd	Bā'hān	E-lī'ha-ma	Hān'nī-el
Sī'na-i	Am-mīn'a-dāb	Bē'c'hér	E'līm	Hān'o-c'hites
Ūz-zī'ēl	Am-mīn'ī-dāb	Bā'la	E'lī-zā'phān	Ha-rā'dab
Zīp'po-rah	Ām-mī'ēl	Bē'la-ites	E-lī'zūr	Hāh-mō'nab
Zīth'ri	Ām'mi-shād'da-i	Bē'ōn	E'lōn	Hā'vōth jā'ir
	Ām'rām	Bē'ōr	E'lōn-ites	Hā'zār-ād'dār
LEVITICUS.	Ām'rām-ites	Bēer	E'nān	Hā'zār-ē'nan
	Ā'nāk	Bē'rites	E'phōd	Hāz'e-rōth
A	Ār	Bēr'ī-ites	E'rān	Hē'bér
M'mo-nite	Ā'rād	Be-rī'ab	E'rān-ites	Hēb'e-rites
Dēb'ri	Ā'rām	Bē'kēm	E'ri	Hēb'ro-nites
Īs'raēl-ite	Ārd	Bē'ne-jā'a'kān	E'rites	Hē'lēk
Lē'vite	A-īā'bī-a	Bēth'jēl'ī-mōth	Esh'cōl	Hel'e-kites
Le-vīt'ī-cūs	Ār'a-bīc	Bēth-hā'rān	E'thām	Hē'lōn
Mī'ām-on'ī-deš	Ār'dites	Bēth-nīm'rah	E'thī-ō'pī-ān	Hē'phér
Mō'lēc'h	A-rē'li	Būk'ki	E'thī-ō'pī-ān-ites	Heph'e-rites
Phoe-nī'cī-ānš	A-rē'lites	Cā'lēb	E'vi	Hēs'bōn
She-lō'mīth	Ā'rōd	Cār'mites	Ēz'ī-ōn-gā'bér	Hēsh'bōn
	Ā'rōd-ites	C'hē'mōth	Gād'di	Hēz'rōn
NUMBERS.	Ār'nōn	C'hīn'nér-ēth	Ga-dī'ēl	Hēz'rōn-ites
	A-rō'ér	C'hīf'lōn	Ga-mā'li-ēl	Hō'bāb
A	Āsh'bēl	C'hīt'tīm	G'emāl'li	Hōg'lab
bā'rīm	Āsh'bēl-ites	Cōz'bi	G'ér'shon	Hōr
Ā'bēl-shīt'tīm	Ās'ī-ēl	Dā'thān	G'ér'shōn-ites	Hōr'mab
A-bī'ha-el	Ās'rī-ēl-ites	Deū'ēl	Geū'ēl	Hōr-ha-dī'ēl
A-bī'rām	Āt'a-rōth	Dī'bōn	G'īd-e-ō'ni	Hōr-ha-p'īd'gāl
A-bī'dām	Āt'rōth	Dī'bōn-gād	G'īl'e-ād	Hū'phām
Ā'gāg	Āz'mōn	Dōph'kab	G'īl'e-ād-ites	Hū'phām-ites
A-hī'rām	Āz'zān	Ē'bér	Gū'ni	Hūr
A-hī'mān	Bāc'h'rites	E-brō'nab	Gū'nites	Ī'gāl
A-hī'ra	Bā'āl	Ēd're-i	Hāg'gi	Ī'je-a-bā'rīm
A-hī'ra-mites	Bā'lāk	Ēl'dād	Hāg'gites	Ī'im
A-hī'hūd	Bā'lām	Ē'le-āzér	Hā'māth	I-zē'hār
Ā-bi-ē'zér	Bā'al-mē'ōn	Ē'le-ā'lēb	Hā'mēth	ī-zē'ha-rites
Ā'īn	Bā'al-pē'or	E-lī'āb	Ha-mū'ēl	Jāb'bōk
Āl'mōn-dīb-lā-				
Ā'lūsh				

Jā'c'hīn	Kīr'ja-thā'im	Nāb'šhōn	Pū'nōn	She-lō'mi
Jā'c'hīn-ites	Kīr'jath-hūz'oth	Na-ā'mān	Ra-gū'ēl	Shīm'e-i
Jā'hāz	Kō'hāth	Na-ā'mān-ites	Rām'e-fes	Shīm'ites
Jāb'lēel	Kō'ha-thites	Nā'a-mites	Rā'phu	Shīt'tīm
Jāb'lēel-ites	Kō'ra-thites	Na-thān'ī-ēl	Rē'ba	Shīm'ron
Jāb'zēel	Līb'nab	Nāth'a-nēel	Rē'hōb	Shīm'rōn-ites
Jāb'zēel-ites	Līb'nites	Nāz'a-rite	Rē'kēm	Shīl'lēm
Jā'ir	Mā'c'hi	Nē'bo	Re-phī'dīm	Shīl'lēm-ites
Jām'īn-ites	Mā'c'hīr	Ne-mū'ēl	Reū'bēn-ites	Shīb'mab
Jā'šhūb	Māc'h'īr-ites	Ne-mū'ēl-ites	Reū'ēl	Shīph'tān
Jā'šhūb-ites	Māb'li	Nīm'rāb	Rīb'lab	Sho'phān
Jā'zēr	Māb'lites	Nō'bab	Rīm'mōn-pā'rēz	Shū'ni
Je-hōsh'u-a	Māb'lab	Nō'pha	Rīth'mab	Shū'nites
Je-phūn'nēb	Māk'hē'loth	Nūm'bérš	Rī'lab	Shūth-ē'lab
Jēr'ī-c'ho	Māl-c'hī'ēl	ō'bōth	Sā'lu	Shūth'al-bites
Jēsh'ī-mōn	Māl-c'hī'ēl-ites	ōc'rān	Sā'rab	Shū'phām
Jēs'u-i	Mā'rab	ōg'	Sār'dites	Shū'phām-ites
Jēs'u-ites	Māt-tā'nab	O-shē'a	Sē'ir	Shū'hām
Jēz'ēr	Mē'dād	ōz'ni	Sē'rēd	Shū'hām-ites
Jez'ēr-ites	Méd'e-ba	ōz'nites	Sē'thūr	Sī'hōn
Jēe'zēr	Me-rā'ri	Pā'g'ī-ēl	Shām-mū'a	Sīm'e-ōn-ites
Jēez'ēr-ites	Me-rā'rites	Pāl'ti	Shā'phāt	Sīn
Jīm'na	Mōr'ī-bab	Pāl'tī-ēl	Shā'phér	Sī'na-i
Jīm'nites	Me-sē'rōth	Pāl'lu-ites	Shāul	Sō'di
Jōc'h-ē'bēd	Mī'c'haēl	Pā'rān	Shāul'ites	Sūc'cōth
Jōg-bē'hab	Mīd'ī-ān	Pār'nāch	She-c'hī'nab	Sū'fi
Jōg'li	Mīd'ī-ān-ite	Pe-dā'hēl	Shē'c'hēm-ites	Tāb'e-rab
Jōt-bā'thab	Mīd'ī-ānīt'īsh	Pe-dāb'zūr	She-lū'mī-ēl	Tā'hāth
Kā'dēsh	Mīg'dōl	Pē'ōr	Shēth	Tā'hān
Kā'dēsh-bār-nē'a	Mīl'cab	Pē'lēth	She-shā'i	Tā'hān-ites
Kē-hē-lā'thab	Mīl'kab	Pē'thōr	Shē'lab	Tāl'ma-i
Ke-mū'ēl	Mīt'cab	Phā'rēz	Shē'lān-ites	Tā'rab
Kē'nāth	Mīth'cab	Phār'ez-ites	She-mī'da	Tīr'fa
Kēn'e-zite	Mū'shi	Pī'ha-hī'rōth	She-mī'da-ites	Tīr'za
Kē'nite	Mū'shites	Pīf'gab	Shē'bām	Tīr'zab
Kī'brōth-bāt-	Nāb'bi	Pū'a	Shē'phām	Tō'la
tāa'vab	Na-hā'ī-ēl	Pū'nites	She-mū'ēl	Tō'la-ites

ŭ'rīm	Bā'shān-l'ā-	Sāl'c hab	Ām'ān	Bēth-ā'vēr
ŭz-zī'ēl-ites	vōth-jā'ir	Shē'nir	Ān-a'-bārāth	Bēth-hōg'lah
Vōph/si	Bē'e-rōth	Si-dō'nī-ānš	Ā'nāb	Bēth-bā'āl-mē'ōn
Zāc'cūr	Bēth'pē'ōr	Sīr'ī-ōn	Ā'nīm	Bēth-jēf'ī-mōth
Zāl'mo-nab	Bē'zēr	Tō'phēl	Ā'phēk	Bēth-ā'rām
Zā'rēdi	Cāpt'tōr	Zām-zūm'mīmš	Āph'e-kaš	Bēth-mīm'rah
Zār'hites	Cāph-'to-rīmš	Ze-bō'im	Ār'c hi	Bēth-nīm'rah
Zēb'ū-lūn-ites	Deū'te-rōn'omy	Zē'rēd	Ār'ba	Bēth-hōg'la
Zē'dād	Di-zā'hāb		Ār'ab	Bēth-shē'mēsh
Ze-lō'phe-hād	Ē'bāl	J O S H U A.	Ār'a-bab	Bēth-pā'lēt
Zē'phōn	Ēd'o-mite	A B'dōn	Ā'shān	Be-thū'ēl
Zēph'rōn-ites	Ē'mīmš	A-bi-ē'zēr	Āsh'c hāph	Bēth-mar'ca-
Zē'rah	Gād'ites	Āb'ēz	Āsh'dōd	bōth
Zīm'ri	G,ēsh'u-ri	Ā'c hān	Āsh'do-thites	Bēth-ā'nāth
Zīn	G,e-rīz'īm	Ā'c hōr	Āsh'nab	Bēth-lēb'a-ōth
Zīp'pōr	G,il'gāl	Āc h/sab	Āl'ri-ēl	Bēth'le-hēm
Zō'ān	Gō'lān	Āc h'shāph	Āsh'ta-rōth	Bēth-shē'ān
Zō'phīm	Gūd-gō'dab	Āc h'zīb	Āt'a-rōth-ād'-dār	Bēth-shē'mīsh
Zū'ār	Hāz'e-rīm	Ā'dār	Ā'vīm	Bēth-ē'mēk
Zūr	Hē'bre'w	A-dā'dab	Ā'vites	Bēth-pāz'zēz
Zū-rī'ēl	Hēr-mōn	A-dā'mab	A-zē'kaš	Bē'tēn
Zū'rī-shād'da-i	Hō'rīms	A-dā'mi	Ā'zēm	Be-tō'nīm
	Ho-shēla	Ādi-thā'īm	Āz'mōn	Bē'erōth
DEUTERON-	Jaa'kān	A-dū'lām	Āz'nōth-tā'bōr	Bēer-shē'ba
OMY	Jēsh'u-rūn	A-dū'lūm	Ba-ā'lāth	Bēesh'te-rab
	Jot'ūbāth	A-dūm'mim	Bā'lab	Bē'zēr
	Ke-dē'mōth	A-dō'ni-zē'dēc	Bā'ā'-gāl	Bē'ne-bē'rak
	Lēb'a-nōn	A-hī'mān	Ba-ā'lab	Bōz'kāth
	Mā'a-c hā'thi	Ā'i	Bā'mōth-bā'āl	Bō'hān
	Ma-nāl'ites	Ā'īn	Be-ā'lāth-bēer	Bi-jōth'jab
	Māf-'fab [dēsh	Āj'a-lōn	Be-ā'lōth	Biz-jōth'jab
	Mēr'ī-hab-kā-	Āl'lōn	Bēth-dāe'ōn	Cāb'bōn
	Mēf'o-po-tā'-	Āl'mōn	Bēth-tāp'pu-ab	Cā'hūl
	Mō'rēb [mī-a	A-lēm'e-lēc h	Bēth-zūr	Cār'mi
	Mo-fē'ra	A-lēm'me-lēc h	Bēth-ā'nōth	Cār'mēl
	Rāb'hab	Ām'ad	Bēth-ār'a-bab	C,hē'phār-ha-ām
	Rā'mōth		Bēth-hō'rōn	mō'na-i

C'he-phī'rah	Ĕsh'te-mōth	Hā'zōr	Jēb'u-fi	Lā'c'hīsh
C'hē'fīl	Ĕsh'te-mō'a	Hā'zōr-gād'dab	Jē'hūd	Lāc'mām
C'hē'fa-lōn	Ĕsh-kāl'ōn-ites	Hē'brōn	Jēth'lah	Lā'kūm
C'hīn'ne-rōth	Ĕthēr	Hē'lēph	Je-rū'fa-lēm	Lāsh'a-rōn
C'hī'lōth-tā'bōr	Gāl'ī-lēe	Hē'lék	Jēz'rēcl	Le-bā'ōth
Dāb'a-rēb	Gāth	Hēl'kāth	Jīph'tab	Lē'shēm
Dāb'ba-shēth	Gāth-rīm'mōn	Hēsh'mōn	Jīph'thab-ēl	Mā'dōn
Dāb'e-rāth	Gā'āsh	Hīn'nōm	Jōck-nē'ām	Mād-mān'nah
Dān'nab	Gā'zāth-ites	Hō'lōn	Jōck-dē'ām	Ma-ā'c'hā-
Dē'bīr	Gē'ha	Hō'thām	Jōk-nē'ām	thites
Di-lē'ān	Gē'dōr	Hō'rēm	Jōk'thēel	Mā'ha-nā'īm
Di-mō'nab	Gē'dār	Hōr'mab	Jōsh'u-a	Mā'ōn
Dīm'nab	Gēd'e-rab	Hō'sab	Jūt'tab	Māa'rah
Dōr	Gēd'e-rōth	Hūk'kōk	Kāb/zēcl	Mār'e-shab
Dū'mab	Gēd'e-ro-thā'īm	Hūm'tab	Kā'nab	Māk-kē'dah
Ĕd	Gē-lī'lōth	Īb-lē'ām	Kār'ka-a	Ma-rā'lah
Ĕd're-i	Gēsh'u-rites	I-dā'lah	Kār'ko-a	Ma-ā'lēh-a-crāb'
Ĕdér	Gē'zér	ī'īm	Kār'tān	bīm
Ĕd'lōn	G'īb'e-ōn	īr'pēcl	Kāt'tāth	Me-ā'rah
Ĕ'krōn	G'īb'e-ab	īr'she-mēsh	Kē'dēsh	Me-phā'āth
Ĕ'krōn-ites	G'īb-bēth'ōn	īt'tab-kā'zīn	Kē'dēsh	Me-jār'kōn
Ĕ'lēph	G'īb'lites	īth'nan	Kē'nāz	Mē'rōm
Ĕl-tē'kēb	G'īt'tites	ī'rōn	K-eī'lah	Mīc'h-mē'thab
Ĕl-tō'lād	G'īt'tab-hē'phēr	Jā'bīn	Kē'rī-ōth	Mīd'dīn
Ĕl-tē'kōn	Gō'loh	Jāb'nēcl	Kē'bīz	Mīg-dāl'gād
Ĕ'nām	Ha-dā'shab	Jā'gūr	Kīb-zā'īm	Mīg-dā'lēl
Ĕn-gān'nīm	Ha-dāt'tab	Ja-hā'za	Kīr'jāth	Mī'shāl
Ĕn-hād'dab	Hā'lāk	Ja-hā'zah	Kīr'jāth-ār'ba	Mi-g'īd'do
Ĕn-hā'zōr	Hāl'hūl	Ja-nō'hab	Kīr'jāth-bā'āl	Mī-shē'āl
Ĕn'dōr	Hā'li	Ja-phī'a	Kīr'jāth-fān'-	Mīf-rē'phōth-
Ĕn-rō'gēl	Hām'māth	Ja-phō'thēm	nab	mā'īm
Ĕn-gē'di	Hām'mōth-dōr	Jāph-lē'ti	Kīr'jāth-fē'phēr	Mīz'pēb
Ĕn-shē'mēsh	Hām'mōn	Jār'mūth	Kīr'kāth-jāé'	Mō-lā'dab
Ĕn-tāp'pu-ab	Hān'na-thōn	Jā'shēr	Kī'nab	Mo'zah
Ĕphra'īm-ites	Hāph'a-rā'īm	Jāt'tér	Kī'shōn	Na-hā'lāl
E-shē'ān	Hā'zār-shū'āl	Jā'zér	Kīsh'ī-ōn	Na-hāl'lāl
Ĕsh'ta-ōl	Hā'zār-sū'sab	Jēa'rīm	Kīth'līsh	Nā'hōr

Na-ā'māth	Shē'ma	Zīph	Bēth-shūt'tab	Je'būs
Na-ā'rāth	She-shā'i	Zō'rah	Bē'rīth	Je-hō'vab-shā'-
Nē'ab	Shīc'rōn	Zo-rē'āth	Bō'c'hīm	Jēp'thab [lom
Ne-ī'ēl	Shī'loh		Cā'mōn	Jēph'thab
Nē'kēd	Shīl'hīm	J U D G E S.	C,hē'mōsh	Jēph'thān
Nēph'to-ab	Shī'hōr-līb'nāth		Cū'shān-rīsh-a-	Jē'thēr
Nē'zīb	Shī'hōn	A B'dōn	Dā'gōn [thā'īm	Jē'rūb-bā'āl
ōph'rah	Shīm'rōn-mē'rōm	A-bēm'e-lēc,h	Dā'nites	Jō'āsh
ōph'ni	Shū'nēm	A-bēl'me-lēc,h	Dēb'o-rah	Jōg-bē'hab
ōth'nī-ēl	Sīb'ma	ābēl'me-hō'lah	De-lī'lah	Jōn'a-thān
Pā'rah	Sī'hōr	A-bi-ē'zēr	Dō'do	Jō'thām
Pē'ōr	Sō'cob	A-bi-ēz'rite	Ē'bēd	Jūd'gēs [li
Phīn'e-ās	Tā'bōr	A-bīn'o-ām	Ēg'lōn	Kā'dēsh-nāph'ta-
Pī'rām	Tāl'ma-i	āc'c,hō	Ē'hūd	Kār'kōr
Rāb'bīth	Ta-ā'nōc,h	āc,h/sab	Ē'lōn	Kē'nēz
Rā'mab	Ta-ā'nāth-shī'loh	āc,h/zīb	Ēn-hāk'kore	Kī'trōn
Rā'māth	Ta-rā'lah	A-dō'nī-bē'zēk	Ē'tām	Lā'īsh
Rā'māb	Tāp-pū'ab	A-ī'ja-lōn	Gā'āl	Lāp'ī-dōth
Rā'māth-mīz'pēb	Tē'lēm	āk'krāb'bīm	Gā'zites	Le-o-bō'nab
Rā'hāb	Thīm-nā'thab	ālāb	G,ēn'tiles	Lē'hi
Rāk'kāth	Tyre	ām'a-lēk	Gīd'e-ōn	Mā,o-nites
Rāk'kōn	ūm'mab	A-māl'e-kites	Gī'dōm	Ma-hā,neb-dān
Rē'hōb	Zāb'di	ā'nāth	Hā'bēr	Ma-nō'ab
Rē'kēm	Zā-a-nā'nīm	ā'phēk	Hā'rōd	Me-g,īd'do
Rē'mēth	Zā'a-nān'nīm	ār'u-mab	Hār'o-shēth	Mē'o-nē'nīm
Rēm'mōn	Za-nō'ab	āsh'e-rites	Hā'vōth-jā'ir	Mē'rōz
Rēm'mōn-me-	Zā'phōn	āsh'ke-lōn	Hā'zōr	Mī'cab
thō'ār	Zār'e-tān	Bā'āl-bē'rīth	Hēl'bāb	Mīl'lo
Sān-fān'nab	Zā'rēth-shā'hār	Ba-ā'līm	Hē'res	Na-hā'lōl
Sā'rīd	Zér	Bā'āl-hēr'mōn	Hīl'lēl	Nāz'a-rite
Se-cā'cab	Zē'lah	Bā'āl-tā'mār	Hō'bāb	Nō'bāb
Shā'mīr	Zēm'a-rā'īm	Bā'rāk	īb'zān	Nō'bab
Sha-rā'īm	Zē'nān	Bēth-bā'rah	īsh'maēl-ites	ōph'rah
Shā-a-lā'bīn	Zīd'dīm	Bēth-le-hēm-jū'-	Jā'bēsh-gil'e-ād	ōth'nī-ēl
Shā-hazīmah	Zī'dōn	dab	Jā'bīn	Phū'rah
Shār'u-hēn	Zīk'lāg	Bēth-rē'hōb	Jā'ēl	Pi-rā'thōn-ite
She-bā'rīm	Zī'ōr		Jā'ir	Pū'ab

Rā'mōth-lē'hi
 Rā'phi
 Samp'fón
 Sām'fón
 Shē'c'hēm
 Se-ī'rāth
 Sha-āl'bīm
 Shām'gār
 Shā'mír
 She-shā'i
 Shīb-bō'lēth
 Sīb-bō'lēth
 Si-do'nī-ānš
 Sīf'e-ra
 Sō'lēk
 Sýr'ī-a
 Tāb'bāth
 Tā'bór
 Tāl-mā'i
 Ta-ā'noc,h
 Thē'bēz [rēs
 Tīm'nāth-hē'
 Tīm'nite
 Tōb'
 Zāl'mōn
 Zāl-mūn'na
 Zā-a-nā'īm
 Zē'ba
 Zē'bah
 Zē'būl
 Zē'ēb
 Zēb'u-lōn-ite
 Zē'phab
 Zē'phāth
 Ze-rē'rāth
 Zī'dōn
 Zīp'pōr

R U T H.

Chī'lī-ōn
 Dā'vīd
 E-līm'e-lēc,h
 E-phrā'tab
 Hēz'rōn
 Jēf'se
 Māh'lōn
 Mā'ra
 Mō'āb-īt'ēfs
 Mō'āb-īt'īsh
 Na-ō'mi
 ō'bēd
 ōr'pah
 Rām
 Rūth
 Sāl'món

I. SAMUEL.

A-bī'ab
 A-bī'a-thār
 Āb'ī-gāil
 A-bīn'ī-dād
 A-bīn'ī-dāb
 A-bī'sha-i
 A-bīn'a-dāb
 A-bī'el
 Āb'nér
 Ā'c'hīsh
 Ād'rī-ēl
 A-dūl'lām'
 Ā'gāg

A-hīab
 A-hīn'o-ām
 A-h'itūb
 A-hīm'e-lēc,h
 A-hīm'a-āz
 A-phī'ab
 Ā'phēk
 A-rō'ér
 Āsh'ke-lōn
 Āl'hāc,h
 Bēc'h'o-rāth
 Bē'dān
 Ben'ja-mite
 Bēth-cār
 Bēth-shē'mite
 Bēth-shān
 Bēth'ā'ven
 Bē'fōr
 Bē'zēk
 Bō'zēk
 Cār'mēl-ite
 C'hēr'e-thites
 Chōr-āsh'ān
 Dō'ēg
 Ēb'ēn-ē'zēr
 Ēk'rōn
 Ēk'rōn-ites
 Ē'lab
 E-lī'āb
 Ē'li
 E-lī'hu
 Ēl-kā'nab
 Ēn'dōr
 Ēn-gē'di
 Ē'phrāth-ite
 Ē'phef-dām'-
 mīm

B

Ēsh'te-mō'a
 Ēz'ēl
 Gād
 Gāl'lī-ūm
 Gāth
 Gā'za
 Gē'ba
 G,ēsh'u-rites
 G,ēz'ér-ites
 G,īb'e-ab
 G,īl-bō'a
 G,īl'gāl
 Go-lī'ab
 Go-lī'ath
 Hāc'h-īl'a
 Hān'nab
 Hā'rēth
 Hēb'rews
 Hōph'ni
 Ī-c'hā'bōd
 Īsh'u-i
 Jā'bēsh
 Jā'bēsh-g,īl'e-
 ād
 Jāt'tir
 Je-rō'hām
 Jēr'ab-mēel'ites
 Jēsh'ī-mōn
 Jēz'rēel-īt'ēfs
 Jō'āb
 Jō'ēl
 Jōn'a-thān
 Kē'lab
 Kīsh
 Lā'īsh
 Mā'ōc,h
 Mā'on

Mā'tri
 Me-hō'la-thite
 Mēl-c'hīsh'u-a
 Mē'rāb
 Mī'c'hāl
 Mīc'h'māsh
 Mīg'rōn
 Mīz'pēb
 Nā'bāl
 Nā'hāsh
 Na-ī'ōth
 Nā'thān
 Nér
 Nōb'
 ō'bēd-ē'dōm
 ōl'ivēt
 Pā'rān
 Pe-nīn'nab
 Phāl'ti
 Phīn'e-hās
 Rā-ma-thā'īm-
 zō'phīm
 Rā'mōth-g,īl'e-
 ād
 Sām'u-ēl
 Sāul
 Sē'la-ham'-māth-
 lē'kōth
 Sē'nēb
 Sē'nēn
 Shām'ma
 Shām'mab
 Shā'līm
 Shā-a-rā'īm
 Sha-lī'sha
 Shen
 Sheū'nīm

Shī'lob	A-hī'lūd	Bē'e-ro-thites	Gā'āsh	ŕga-i
Shīp'mōth	A-hī'tūb	Be-rō'tha-i	Gā'zér	īk/kēsh
Shō'c, hob	A'hī'ām	Bēn'a-'īab	Gē'rā	īra
Shū'āl	A-hō'hite	Bēth-ma-ā'-	Gē'lhūr	īsh/-bō'shēth
Shūr	A-ī'ab	c, hab	Gī'ab	īsh/bi-bē'nōb
Tā'bōr	ām'mab	Bēth-rē'hōb	Gīb'e-ōn	īsh/tōb
Te-lā'im	A-mā'fa	Bēth'ān	Gīb'e-ōn-ites	īt/tā-i
Tō'hu	A-māl'e-kite	Bēth'ām	Gī'lob	īth'ra
Ze-bō'im	ām'nōn	Bēth'shān	Gīl'ōn-ite	īth-rē'ām
Zēb'zah	ām-mī'hūd	Bē'tab	Gīt-tā'im	īth'rite
Ze-rō'ér	ām-mī'el	Bīc, h'ri	Gīt'tite	Jā'rite
Zēr'u-īab	ām'o-rites	Bīth'rōn	Gob'	Ja-phī'a
Zīk'lāg	ā-nēth'o-thite	C, hīl'e-āb	Gūt'tēr	Jār/-re-ōr/-ī
Zīph	āra-ū'nab	C, hīm'hām	Hā'da-dē'zér	g, īm
Zīph'ites	ār'ba-thite	Cū'fui	Hā'da-rē'zér	Jā'shēn
Zō'bab	ār'bite	Da-mās'cūs	Hāg'g, īth	Jā'shēr
Zūph	ār'c, hite	Dān-jā'ān	Hā'māth	Jā'zér
	ār-mō'ni	Dō'do	Hā'nūn	Jeb'u-ūte
II. SAMUEL.	A-ā'hēl	Ēg'lab	Hār'ār-ite	Jed'e-dī'ab
	Ash'ur-ites	Ē'le-ā'zār	Hārōd-ite	Je-hōī'a-da
	āf/ke-lōn	Ē'ha'nān	Hārōr-ite	Je-hōī'a-dab
	āf/ke-lōn-ites	Ēli-āb'ba-the	Hāz'zu-rīm	Je-ho-hī'a-da
	āz-mā'vēth	Ē'li-āb'ba	Hē'brōn	Je-ho-hī'a-dab
	Bā'āl-hā'ōr	Ē'li-āb-bā'the	Hē'lām	Je-hōsh/a-phāt
	Ba-ā'le	Ēli-ā'da	Hē'leb	Jē'rūb-bē'shēth
	Bā'āl-pe-rā'zīm	E-lī'ām	Hēl'kāth-hāz/-	Jōn'a-dāb
	Ba-ā'nab	E-lī'sha-ma	zū-rīm	Jō'rām
	Bā-a'nān	E-lī'shu-a	Hē'lēz	Kāb'zēl
	Bā'ni	E-līp'lāt	Hēz'ra-i	Kāb'zēel
	Ba-hūrīm	E-līp'a-lēt	Hīd'da-i	Kī'drōn
	Bār'hu-mite	E-līph'a-lēt	Hī'rām	Lo-dē'bār
	Bār-zīl'la-i	E-līph'e-lēt	Hōld	Ma-ā'cab
	Bāth'shē'ba	E-lī'ka	Hūsh/a-i	Ma-āc, ha-thite
	Bē'lī-al	Ēn-rō'g, ēl	Hūsh/a-thite	Mā'c, bīr
	Bē'rites	Ēz'nite	īb'bār	Mā'ha-nā'im
	Bēr'o-thite	Gād'ite	ŕga	Me-būn-nā'i
	Bē'e-rōth	Gā'rēb	ŕgāl	

Me-hă-rā'i	Shĩm'e-ab	A-bĩ'fhăg	Ē'lah	Je-hō'răm
Me-phĩb'o-shěth	Shō'bi	A-bĩn'a-dăb	Ē'lĩ'a-dăth	Jē'hũ
Mē'thěg-ăm'-	Shō'băc,h	A-bĩ'sha-lôm	E-lĩ'jab	Jēr'o-bō'ăm
maħ	Shō'băb	A-bĩ'răm	E-lĩ'sha	Jěz'e-běl
Mĩ'c,ha	Shěph'a-tĩ'ab	Ād-o-nĩ'zăm	Ē'li-hō'rěph	Jěz'rěel
Mĩl'lo	Sĩb'be-c,hă'i	Ā'hăb	Ē'lôn-běth-hă'	Jěz'rěel-ite
Nă'c,hôn	Sĩ'rah	Ā-ha-zĩ'ab	Ē'lôth [năn	Jō'ăsh
Nă'ha-rā'i	Sōl'o-môn	A-hĩ'fhăr	Ē'phra-thite	Jo-fĩ'ab
Nă'thăn	Sỹr'ĩ-a	A-hĩn'a-dăb	Ē'thăn	Kĩ'fhôn
Nē'phěg	Tăc,hmo-nite	A-hĩ'ma-ăz	Ē'thăn'ĩm	Lěb'a-nôn
Ne-tôph'a-thite	Tăb'tĩm-hôd'-	A-hĩ'jab	Ēth-bă'ăl	Ma-ă'c,hab
ô'běd-ē'dôm	shi	Ā'lôth	Ēz'ra-hite	Mă'hăl
ôl'ĩ-vět	Tăb'tĩm-hăd'-shi	Ām'môn-ĩt'ěs	Găl'ĩ-lēc	Mē'kăz
Păl-tĩ'ěl	Tăl'ma-i	Ān'a-thôth	Gē'bér	Me-g,ĩd'do
Păl'tite	Tă'măr	Ā'phěk	G,ěn'u-băth	Mĩ-ca-ĩ'ab
Pă'a-rā'i	Te-kô'ab	A-ră'bĩ-a	G,ĩb'be-thôn	Mĩl'lo
Pél'e-thites	Těk'o-ite	Ār'za	Gĩ'năth	Mĩl'côm
Pē'rěz-ũz'zab	Thē'běz	Ār'u-bôth	Hăd'a-dē'zér	Mō'lēc,h
Phăl'tĩ'ěl	U-rĩ'ab	Ā'fă	Hă'dăd	Nă'bôth
Răb'băb	ũz'zab	Āsh'tô-rěth	Hăg'g,ith	Nă'dăb
Rē'c,hăb	Ză'dôk	Āz'a-rĩ'ah	Hă'măth	Nē'băt
Re-pă'ĩm	Zăl'môn	Āz'zab	Ha-nă'ni	Nĩm'fhi
Re-phă'ĩm	Zē'lah	Āz'u-bab	Ha-ză'ěl	ô'ba-dĩ'ab
Rěf-gē'lĩm	Zē'lěg	Ba-ă'sha	Hă'zăl	ôm'ri
Ro-gē'lĩm	Zĩ'ba	Băf'măth	Hă'zôr	ô'phir
Rĩb-ă'i	Zô'ba	Běn-hăd'ăd	Hē'măn	Pa-rũ'ab
Rĩz'pah	Zô'bab	Běth'ěl-ite	Hē'phér	Pe-nũ'ěl [ăd
Săm'u-ěl		Běth'fhē'ăns	Hē'fěd	Ră'môth-g,ĩl'e-
Sha-ăl'bôn-ite	I. KINGS.	Běth'fhē'měsh	Hěz'ĩ-ôn	Rē-ho-bō'ăm
Shăm'mab		Bũl	Hĩ'ěl	Rē'i
Shăm-mu'ab	A-Běl-běth-	Că'bũl	Hĩ'răm	Rē'zôn
Shă'tăr	ma-ă'c,hab	C,hăl'côl	Hũr	Sa-mă'ri-a
Sěph	A-běl-me-hō'-lah	C,hē'môsh	Hũsha-i	Sē'gũb
Sér'a-ĩ'ab	ăb'da	C,he-năa'nah	ĩd'do	Shă'phăt
Shē'va	A-bĩ'jab	C,hē'rĩth	ĩjôn	Sha-ăl'bĩm
Shĩm'e-a	A-bĩ'jăm	Dăr'da	ĩm'lah	Shēm'a-ĩ'ab
Shĩm'e-i		Dē'kěr	Jă'c,hĩn	Shē'mér

Shī'ha	Ā'bi	Ē'thī-ō'pī-a	Jēr'e-mī'ab	Pē-ka-hī'ab
Shīm'e-i	Āc,h'bör	Ē'vīl-mēr'o-	Jō'ah	Pē'kab
Shī'hāk	Ā'da-ī'ab	Gā'di [dāc,h	Jo-hā'nān	Phā'raob-nē'-
Shīl'hi	A-drām'mé'-	Gāth-hēph'ér	Jō'nah	Phār'pār [c,hob
Shīl'on-ite	lēc,h	Gēd'a-lī'ab	Jok'thēel	Pūl
Shū'nām-ite	A-hī'kām	Ge-hā'zi	Jōt'bāb	Rāb'fa-rīs
Si-dō'nī-ans	A-hī'ma	Gō'zān	Jōt'bab	Rāb'pha-keb
Sō'c,hob	Ām'a-zī'ab	Gūr	Jō'thām	Rēm'a-lī'ab
Tāb'rīm'mōn	A-mīt'ta-i	Hā'hór	Jo-fī'ab	Rē'fēph
Tād'mōr	Ā'mōz	Hā'lab	Jo-zā'c,hār	Rē'fīn
Ta-ā'nāc,h	A-nām'me-lēc,h	Hā'māth	Kīr	Rē'zīn
Tā'phāth	Ār'pād	Ha-mū'tāl	Lā'c,hīsh	Rē'zēph
Tār'phīsh	A-rī'ēb	Hā'rān	Līb'nah	Rīb'lab
Thār'phīsh	Ār-mē'nī-a	Hār'hās	Ma-ā'c,ha-thite	Rīm'mōn
Tīb'ni	Ā-fa-hī'ab	Hā'rūz	Māt'tān	Rū'mab
Tīph'fab	Āth'a-lī'ab	Hē'na	Māt'ta-nī'ab	Se-nāc,h'rīb
Tīsh'bitō	Ā'va	Hēph'zi-bāb	Mēdes	Se-nāc,h'e-rīb
Tīr'zab	Ā'vites	Hēz'e-kī'ab	Me-nā'hēm	Sēn-nāc,h'e-rīb
Tyre	Āz'a-rī'ab	Hīl-kī'ab	Mē'sha	Sē'phār-vā'īm
Ū'ri	Āz'a-lī'ab	Hīn'nóm	Me-shūl'le-mēth	Se-phār'vites
Zā'būd	Bāb'y-lōn	Hūl'dab	Me-shūl'lām	Shā'phān
Zār'e-phāth	Bā'āl-zē'būb	īb-lē'ām	Mū'c,hā-ī'ab	Shāl-ma-nē'fēr
Zār'thān	Bāl'a-dān	ī'jān	Mīg-g,ī'do	Shāl'lūm
Zār-tā'nab-be-	Bā'āl-sha-lī'ha	ī-fā'ab	Mō'lēc,h [lēc,h	Sha-rē'fēr
nē'ab	Ba-ā'ha	īsh'ma-ēl	Nā'thān-mē'-	Sha-rē'zār
Zēd'e-kī'ab	Bēr'o-dāc,h-	ī'vab	Nēb'u-c,hād-	Shēb'na
Zēr'e-da	bāl'a-don	Ja-nō'ab	nēz'zār [ān	Shē'-phār-vā'-īm
Zēr'uah	Bīd'kār	Jā'a'za-nī'ab	Nēb'u-zār-ā'd-	Shīm'e-ab
Zi-dō'nī-āns	Bōi'cāth	Jé'hōn'a-dāb	Ne-hūsh'tān	Shō'mér
Zīf	Ca-rē'ah	Jē'hāsh	Nē'hu-hūsh'ta	Shū'nēm
Zō'bab	C,hāl'dēes	Jēr'u-sha	Ne-hūsh'ta	Sīl'la
Zō'he-lēth	Cūth	Jē-hōsh'e-ba	Nér'gāl	Sōd'óm-ites
	Cū'thab	Je-ho-ā'hāz	Nēth'a-nī'ab	Sūc'cōth-bē'-
II. KINGS.	Dō'thān	Jē-hō'ash	Ne-tōth'a-thite	Sūr [nōth
	Dō'thān	Je-hōz'a-bād	Nīb'hāz	Ta-nū'mēth
	Ēl-nā'thān	Je-hōi'a-c,hīn	Nīf'rōc,h	Tār'tāk
A-Bā'na	Ē'fār-hād'dōn	Jēch'o-lī'ab	Pē-da-ī'ab	Tār'tān

The-lā'ār	Ād'nab	Ām'a-zī'ab	Āsh'bēl	Ba-ā'nab
Tīg'lāth-pi-lē'- fēr	Ād'dār	Ām'rām	Āsh/vāth	Bā'ni
Tīk'vab	Ād/la-i	Ām'nōn	Āsh/rī-ēl	Ba-ā'lab
Tīph'fab	A-dōn'ī-jab	Ā'mōn	Āf'fīr	Bā'al-pe-rā'zīm
Tīr-hā'kab	A-hī'ma-āz	Ā'māl	Āsh'tēr'a-thite	Ba-hār'u-mite
Tīr'zab	A-hī'mōth	Ām'zi	Āf'fa-rē'lab	Bāk-bā'kér
Tō'phēth	Ā'hu-mā'i	Ām-mī'ēl	A-sūp'pīm	Bāk-bāk'kér
U-rī'jab	Ā'hāz	Ām-mīz'a-bād	Āsh'c,he-nāz	Bā'al
Zāc,h'a-rī'ab	A-hār'hēl	Ām'mūl	Āf'a-rē'el	Bā'a-sē'ab
Zā'ir	A-hūz'ām	Ām-mīn'a-dāb	Ā'fe-ī'ab	Bē'a-lī'ab
Zēb'u-dab	Ā'hi-shā'hār	Āsh'a-lēk	Āsh'e-a	Be-rī'ab
Zēph'a-nī'ab	A-hī'ān	Ā'nēn	Āsh/be-a	Bēr'a-thite
Zī'ōn	Ā'hér	A-nā'mīm	A-sī'ēl	Bēr'o-thite
	A-hā'rab	Ā'nab	Āt'ta-i	Bē'ri
	A-hō'ab	A-nā'ni	Āt'a-rab	Bē'rēd
I. CHRON-	A-hī'ūd	Ān-ōth'ī-jab	Āt'a-lī'ab	Bē'la
ICLES	Ā'hāb	Ān/to-hite	Āvīth	Bē'ér
	Ā'ho-hite	Ān/to-thite	Āzāz	Bē'ra-c,hī'ab
A	A-hī'ām	Āph'ses	Āz'rī-kām	Bē'c,hér
Arōn-ites	Ab-lā'i	Āp-pā'īm	Āz'rī-ēl	Bēth'lhē'mēsh
A-bīm'ā-ēl	A-hī'mān	Ar'c,hite	Āz'ēl	Bē'dān
A-bī'da	A-hī'o	Ā'rām	Āz-mā'vēth	Bē'e-rab
A-bī'āb	Ā'bān	Ār-phāx'ād	Āz-a-rē'el	Bē'e-ra
A-bī'ha-īl	Ā-hō'lī-bā'mab	Ā'rān	Ā'za-zī'ab	Bēr'e-c,hī'ab
A-bī'a	Ā'ha-zī'ab	Ār'vād-ite	A-zī'ēl	Be-rā'c,hāb
A-bī'shūr	A-hīn'o-ām	Ā'ra	Bā'al-hā'nān	Bē'ēl-ī'a-da
A-bī'shu-a	A-ī'ja-lōn	Ā'rab	Bāz'a-lē'el	Bēn
A-bī'hu	Ā'īn	Āra-mīt'ēfs	Bā'al-mē'ōn	Bē'no
A-bī'ab	Āk'kūb	Ār'nān	Bā'al-hér'mēn	Bē'lab
Āb'don	A-lī'ān	Ā'rād	Bāl-mē'ōn	Bēth'zūr
A-bī'jab	A-lī'ab	Ār'ba-thite	Bā'al-hér'mōn	Bēn'hān'ān
Ā'c,hār	Āl'mo-dād	Ār'dōn	Bā'shan	Bēn'a-ī'ab
Āc,h'fa	Ā'a-mōth	A-rō'ér-ite	Be-rī'ab	Bēth-bīr'ī-e
Ā'da-ī'ab	Ā'a-mēth	Ā'fa	Bāth'shū'a	Bēth-mār'ca-
Ā'dér	Ā'e-meth	Ā'fa-ī'ab	Bā'a-sē'ab	bōth
A-dī'ēl	Ām'a-sā'i	Ā'fāph	Bā'a-sē'āl	Be-thū'ēl
A-dī'na	Ām'a-rī'ab	Ā'shān	Ba-ā'ra	Bēn-zō'hēth

Bēth-rā'pha	Cōz	Ēl-zā'bād	Ēz'bōn	Ha-nā'ni
Bē'dād	Cūfb	E-līp'e-lēb	Ēzér	Hā'na-nī'ab
Bē'ōr	Dān'ī-ēl	Ē-li-ē'zér	Ēzēm	Hā'g,ér-ite
Bēth'gā'dér	Dā'ra	Ē'lī-ēl	Ēzár	Hā'g,er-ri
Bīl'hān	Dē'bír	Ē-lī'zā'phān	Ēz'ra	Hār'u-phite
Bīth-ī'ab	Dēb'e-rāth	E-lī'shu-a	Ēz'ri	Hā'māth
Bi-lē'ām	Dē'la-ī'ab	Ēl-nā'ām	Gā'mūl	Hā'nūm
Bīl'hāb	Dē'dān	Ēli-ē'na-i	Gā'lāl	Hā'rīm
Bīm'hāl	Deū'mab	Ēl-pā'āl	Gā'āsh	Hāk'kōz
Bi-nē'a	Dīk'lab	E-lē'ād	Gā'za	Ha-zī'ēl
Bīl'gab	Dīn-hā'bab	E-lā'dab	Gā'zér	Hād'o-rām
Bīr-zā'vīth	Dī'shōn	Ēl'thān	Gā'rēb	Hād'a-rē'zér
Bo-c,hē'ru	Dō'do	Ēlī-āl	Gā'zēz	Hā'ra
Bōz'rab	Dō'da-i	Ēlī-ēl	Gār'īn-ite	Hā'lab
Būk'ki	Dō'dā'nīm	E-lī'ab	Gāth-rīm'mōn	Hā'gār-ites
Būk-kī'ab	Dōr	E-lī-phāl	Gē'dōr	Hā'nōc,h
Bū'nab	Ēbi-ā'zab	E-lū'za-i	Ge-dēr'a-thite	Ha-zār'shu-āl
Būz	Ēbi-ā'sāph	E-līph'a-lēt	G,ēd'a-lī'ab	Ha-mū'ēl
Cā'lēb	Ēbāl	Ēl'pa-lēt	G,ēd'e-rite	Hā'zār-fū'īm
Cāl'cōl	Ē'bér	Ē'nōsh	G,ér'shōm	Hā'thāth
Cāf-lū'hīm	Ē'dér	Ē'phér	G,ér'shōn	Hā-a-hāsh'ta-ri
Cār'mi	Ēg'lab	Ē'phab	Gē'shūr	Hār'tūsh
Cār'mēl-īt'ēs	Ē'hūd	Ēph-rā'tab	Gē'shām	Hā-sa-dī'ab
Cān'ān-īt'ēs	Ē'kér	Ē'phrāth	Gē'tām	Hā'g,īth
Cāph'to-rīm	Ē'lām	Ēph'lāl	Gē'thēr	Hā'rōn
Cā'lēb-ēph-rā'- tab	E-lī'phāz	/Er	G,īb'e-a	Ha-rō'ēth
C,ha-rā'shīm	E-līph'e-lēt	Ēsh'te-mō'a	G,īb'e-a-thite	Hā'mūl
C,hē'lūb	Ēli-o-ē'na-i	Ēsh'bān	G,īb'e-ōn-ite	Hā'dād
C,he-lū'bī-a	E-lī'a-shīb	Ēsh'tāz-lites	G,īd-dāl'ti	Hā-zār-mā'vēth
C,hē'rān	Ē'lab	Ēsh'tōn	G,ī'hōn	Ha-mār'thite
C,hēn'ān-ī'ab	E-lī'a-shīp	Ē'shēk	G,īz'on-ite	Hā'rūm
C,hēn'ān'nab	E-lī'da	Ēsh'bā'āl	Gō'g'	Hāsh'u-bab
C,hēr'e-thites	E-lī'a-dab	Ē'thān	Gō'lān	Hā'rēch
C,hī'don	Ē'le-ā'sab	Ēth'ni	Gō'mér	Hā'rān
C,ho-ē'ba	Ēl-dā'ab	Ē'tām	Gō'zān	Hār'a-rite
Chrōn'ī-cles	E-lī'shab	Ēth'nān	Gū'ni	Hār'o-rite
	E-lī'a-thab	Ēz-bā'i	Hāc,h-mō'ni	Hā'shēm

Ha-f'ēn'u-ab	Hō'măn	I-phē'de-ī'ab	Jab-dā'i	Ja-ſī'ēl
Hāfs'hūb	Hō'ri	īr	Ja-hā'id	Jā-ha-zī'ēl
Hāc'h'mo-nite	Hō'da-ī'ab	ī'ri	Ja-phī'ā	Jā'hab
Hā'năn	Ho-shā'ma	ī'ra	Jā'hāth	Jā'zīz
Ha-nī'ēl	Hōr'mab	ī'ru	Jā'lōn	Jāth'nī-ēl
Hār-nē'phér	Ho-dī'ab	ī'rām	Jā'mīn	Je-dī'a-ēl
Hām'mōn	Hō'sab	īr-nā'hāsh	Ja-shū'bi-lē'hēn	Jē'ka-mē'ām
Hā'sha-bī'ab	Hō'thér	īf'ma-ī'ab	Jā-shū'bi-lē'-	Je-ho-hā'năn
Hāg-g,ī'ab	Hō'thír	īsh'pab	hēm	Jē'hi-ē'li
Hā'shī-bī'ab	Hūl	īsh'pān	Jām'lēc,h	Jē'hō-nāth'a-năn
Hām'mō'le-kēth	Hū'shām	Ysh'u-ā'i	Jā'rīb	Jē'hōn'a-than
Hē'nōc,h	Hū'shab	īsh-ī'ab	Ja-kō'ba-a	Je-hī'ēl
Hē'măn	Hūr	īsh'u-ab	Jā-a-kō'bab	Jē'e-de-ī'ab
Hē'lēz	Hū'ri	īsh'ōd	Jāk'tān	Je-rī'jab
Hē'māth	Hūp'pīm	īf'u-ab	Jā'ir	Jēsh'a-ī'ab
Hēz'e-kī'ab	Hū'shīm	īfsh-ī'ab	Jā'da	Jēsh'a-rē'lab
Ha-zē'lēl-pō'ni	Hūk'ōk	īsh'ār	Jār'ha	Jēr'ab-mēel
Hē'lab	Hū'rām	īsh'bab	Ja-ā'lām	Je-ī'ēl
Hē'phér	Hū'ra-i	īsh'i	Jā'vān	Jēd'u-thūn
Hē'bér	Hū'sha-thite	īsh'ma-ī'āb	Jā-a-nā'i	Jē'ūsh
Hér'mōn	Hūp'pab	īsh'ma	Jā'c,hān	Je-rī'ab
Hēl-dā'i	īb'ri	īsh'bāk	Jā'roab	Je-ſī'ab
Hēsh'bōn	ībāsh	īsh'mael-ite	Jāb'do	Jēr'e-mōth
Hē'lēm	īb-nī'jab	īsh'me-rā'i	Jab-dī'ēl	Jē'da-ī'ab
He-zē'ki	īb'har	īsh'o-bē'ām	Jā'hāz	Je-hōi'a-rīb
Hē'lēd	īb'ne-ī'ab	I-thā'mār	Jāb'zab	Jēsh'u-a
Hē'rēsh	īd'do	īth'rē'ām	Jā'zār	Jēsh'e-bē'āb
Hēz'ro	īd'bāsh	īth'rān	Jā'shūb	Jēsh'e-bē'āl
Hē'zir	īg'e-āl	īth'rites	Jab-mā'i	Jē'he-zē'kēl
Hī'lēn	īk'kēsh	I-thā'ī	Jab-zī'ēl	Jēh'de-ī'ab
Hīl-kī'ab	īl'a-i	īth'mab	Jāph'lēt	Jē'būs
Hō'da-vī'a	īm'mér	īth'rite	Jā'kīm	Jēr'ī-bā'i
Hō'dēsh	īm'nab	īz'hār	Jā're-ſī'ab	Jēr'e-mī'ab
Hōd'	īm'rab	īz'hār-ites	Jab-zē'rab	Jē-zī'ēl
Hō'thām	īm'ri	īz'ra-hī'ab	Jā'c,hīn	Jēsh'o-bē'ām
Hō'thān	īm'nab	īz'ra-hite	Jā'rab	Jē'hūsh
Hō'fā	I-pē'de-ī'ab	Jā'bēz	Jā'sho-bē'ām	Je-hō'a-dab

Jěz-lī'ab	Jō'bāb	Kī'hi	Māc,h'be-nab	Měf-ō'ba-ite
Jē'ūz	Jōk-mē'ām	Kīr'ja-thā'im	Ma-nāb'e-thites	Mē-rōn'o-thite
Jē'thēr	Jō'āsh	Kīt'tim	Ma-nāf'sēb	Mē'ređ
Je-hūb'bab	Jō'ha	Kō'hāth	Māl-c,hī'rām	Mēsh-ō'hāb
Je-hōsh'u-a	Jōsh'a-vī-ab	Kō'thāth	Ma-ā'c,ha-thite	Me-rā'ri
Jēr'ī-mōth	Jōf'a-bād	Kō'rab	Māb'li	Mē'o-nō'tha-i
Jē'ūsh	Jo-hān'ab	Kō'ra-hite	Mā'a-zī'ab	Mē'shēc,h
Jē'zēr	Jo-ē'zēr	Kō'a-thites	Māl-c,hī'jab	Mē'dān
Je-rī'ēl	Jo-ē'zēl	Kō'ba-thites	Māc,h-bā'na-i	Mē'sha
Jēt'tir	Jo-ē'lab	Kō're	Mā'ha-vite	Me-hēt'a-bēl
Je-hō'rām	Jo-hān'ān	Kū'sha-ī'ab	Mā'ha-zī'ōth	Me-zā'hāb
Jeū'ēl	Jōz'a-bād	Lāa'dān	Mā'hāth	Mē'nir
Jē'rēd	Jōk'a-mē'ām	Lāa'dab	Māl-c,hī'ab	Mīb'fām
Jē'rab	Jō'ab	Lā'hād	Māl'luc,h	Mīsh'ma
Jē'tūr	Jōsh'be-kā'shab	Lāb'mi	Mā'shāl	Mīd'ī-ān
Jē'thēth	Jōr-kō'ām	Lē'c,hab	Mā'c,hir	Mīz-rā'im
Jēr'a-mēel	Jō'thām	Lē'ha-bīm	Ma-hā'lab	Mīz'zab
Jēf'fe	Jō'āsh	Lē'vi	Māl'c,hī-ēl	Mīb'zār
Jēr'ī-ōth	Jo-fī'ab	Līb'ni	Māl'c,hām	Mīsh'ra'ites
Jē'shēr	Jō'kīm	Līk'hi	Māl-c,hīf'bu-a	Mīr'ī-ām
Jēr'ab-mēel	Jō'ēl	Lōd'	Ma-ā'fī-ā'i	Mī'c,ha-ēl or
Jēk'a-mī'ab	Jōsh'ab	Lō'tān	Māl-c,hī'jab	Mī'chael
Je-fāi'ab	Jōf'ī-bī'ab	Lūd	Māt'ta-nī'ab	Mī'cab
Jēc'o-nī'ab	Jōk'ihān	Lū'dīm	Mā'ha-rā'i	Mīsh'ām
Jēc'a-mī'ab	Jōn'a-thān	Ma-ā'c,hab	Māl'lo-thi	Mīr'ma
Jēz/rēel	Jo-rā'i	Mā'gōg	Māt'tī-thī'ab	Mīk'lōth
Jē-zō'ār	Jū'shāb-hē'fēd	Mā'trēd	Ma-nā'hāth	Mīl'lo
Je-hā'lēel	Kē-dēsh	Māg'dī-ēl	Mēr'a-ī'oth	Mīc'h'ri
Je-kū-thī'ēl	Ke-dē'mōth	Mā'ōn	Me-phā'āth	Mīb'hār
Jē'hu-dī-jab	Kē'dār	Ma-hāl'a-lēel	Mē'lēc,h	Mīth'nite
Jēsh'o-ha-ī'ab	Ke-dē'mab	Mā'da-i	Me-shī'le-mīth	Mīt'tī-thī'ab
Jēf'im'ī-ēl	Kē'nān	Māf'fa	Me-c,hēr'a-	Mi-jā'mīn
Jēf'bī-shā'i	Kē'nāz	Ma-nā'hāth	thite	Mīk'ne-ī'ab
Je-hōz'a-dāk	Kē'nāth	Māf-rē'kab	Me-shēl'e-mī'ab	Mīsh-mān'nab
Jēa'te-ra'i	Ke-tū'rab	Mā'āz	Me-shī'l/lī-mēth	Mō'līd
Je-rō'hām	Kēi'lab	Mār'e-shab	Mē'rīb-bā'āl	Mō'za
Jīb'fām	Kīsh	Mād-mān'nab	Mē'sha	Mo-lā'dab

Mō'feš	Nūn	Pē'rēz	Reū	Shā'mér
Mō'ab-ite	ō'ba-dī'ab	Pē'ul-thā'i	Re-zī'a	Sha-c ₁ hī'a
Mū'hi	ō'bēd	Phā'rēz	Ri-bā'i	Sha-rī'ab
Nā'dāb	ō'bēd-ē'dóm	Phī-līf'tīnes	Rīn'na _h	Shār'ōn-ite
Naā'rān	ō'bīl	Phīn'e-ās	Rōh'gab	Shāl-lē'c ₁ hēth
Naā'mān	ō'hēl	Pī'nōn	Rū'mām-ti-ē'zér	Shē'phi
Nā'a-rā'i	ōm'rī	Pī-rāth'o-nite	Sāl'ma	Shē'bér
Nā'thān	ō'mār	Pī'pab	Sāl'lu	Shē'ma
Nāh-a-rā'i	ō'nām	Pī'thōn	Sām'lab	She-nā'zār
Nā'hāsh	ō'na	Pla-ī'ab	Sā'cār	She-lō'mīth
Nā'ām	ō'no	Pū'ab	Sā'rāph	Shēm'a-ī'ab
Naā'rab	ō'rēn	Pū'hites	Sāl'ca	Shē'phān
Nā'hāth	ōr'nān	Rāb'bab	Sāl'cab	Shē'vā
Nā'fhōn	ō'phēl	Rād'da-i	Sāl'a-thī'ēl	Shēph'a-tī'ab
Nā'hab	ō'phrab	Rā'hām	Sē'gūb	Shēc ₁ h'a-nī'ab
Nā'hōr	ōth'ni	Rām	Sē'lēd	Shē'rēsh
Nāth'a-nēel	ōth'nī-ēl	Rā'mab	Sē'nīr	Shē'lēsh
Nā'hām	ó'zēm	Ra-ā'ma	Se-ō'rīm	She-phū'phān
Nāh'fhōn	Pā'i	Rā'ma-thite	Shā'ba	Shēph'a-thī'ab
Nā'phīsh	Pāl'lu	Rā'kēm	Shām'ma-i	She-mā'ab
Nēb'a'ōth	Pa-thrū'fīm	Rā'pha	Shāl'lūm	She-mī'nīth
Nē'bo	Pā'fāc ₁ h	Rē'hab	Shā'aph	Shēb'a-nī'ab
Nē'a-rī'ab	Pā'fhūr	Rē'a-ī'a	Shā'a-rā'īm	Shēm'a-rī'ab
Nēd'a-bī'ab	Pāf-dām'mīm	Rē'a-ī'ab	Shā'phām	She-mīr'a-
Nē'phīsh	Pār'bār	Rē'c ₁ hab	Shā'rān	mōth
Ne-mū'ēl	Pā'da-ī'ab	Rē'g ₁ ēm	Shā'rōn	She-bū'ēl
Nē'phēg	Pē'la-tī'ab	Rē'ha-bī'ab	Shāv'sha	Shēc'a-nī'ab
Nēph-tū'hīm	Pē'lēth	Rē'hōb	Shām-mū'a	Shē'rah
Nēth'a-nēel	Pē'lēg	Rē'kām	Shām'hūth	She-lō'mōth
Nēth'ī-nīmš	Pē'lēt	Rē'kēm	Shāge	Shēm'a-c ₁ hī'ab
Ne-tōph'a-thite	Pe-fē'ab	Rē'ho-bōth	Shā'āl'bo-nite	Shā'ha-rī'ab
Nér	Pē'rēsh	Rī'kēn	Shām'mōth	Shē'a-rī'ab
Nīm'rōd	Pē'lo-nite	Rēph'a-ī'ab	Shām'shēr-ā'i	Shīm'ma
Nō-dāb	Pēl'e-thites	Rēph-ā'ēl	Shā'fhāk	Shīm'e-a
Nē'gab	Pēth'a-hī'ab	Rē'phab	Shā'méd	Shīm'e-a-
No'hab	Pē'lo-hite	Rē-phā'īm	Shā-rā'hīm	thites
Nōn'	Pē'rēz-ūz'za	Rē'shēph	Shā'már	Shī'mon

Shī'phi	Tāl'mōn	ŭz/i	Zī'na	Āth'a-lī'ab
Shīm'rōm	Ta-pū'ab	ŭz-zī'ēl	Zīph-i	Āz'a-lī'ab
Shīm'rāth	Tēb'a-lī'ab	ŭz-zī'ēl-ites	Zīph'ab	A-zē'ka
Shīm'e-ām	Te-kō'ab	Vāsh'ni	Zīl-thā'i	Āz'rī-bāz
Shī'lōn-ites	Te-kō'ā	Zā'bād	Zī'za	Āz'rī-kām
Shīm'ihī	Te-kō'hite	Zāb'di	Zī'zab	Āz'u-bab
Shīm'rab	Te-hīn'nab	Zāb'dī-ēl	Zō'hab	Baā'līm
Shīm'ihab	Te-mē'ni	Zā'c'hēr	Zō'phab	Baā'lāth
Shī'za	Te'ma-nites	Zā'c'hūr	Zō'rites	Bā'sha
Shī'hōr	Te-kō'ith	Zāc'cūr	Zō'ra-thites	Bāz'a-lēel
Shīph'mite	Te-kō'a	Zār'hite	Zi-phā'i	Bēn-hā'dād
Shīt-rā'i	Tē'lab	Zār'ca-thites	Zo'hēth	Bēn-hā'il
Shō'bab	Tīb'bāth	Za-nō'ab	Zūph	Be-rā'c'hab
Shō'bāl	Tī'lōn	Zā'vān		Bēr'e-c'hī'ab
Shō'phāc'h	Tīm'na	Zā'ra		Bēer-shē'ba
Shō'mér	Tīg'lāth-pīl-ē'-	Zēb'a-dī'ab		Bō'āz
Shō'hām	fēr	Ze-bō'bab		C'hāl'dēes
Shū'ma-thites	Tī'rās	Zēc'h'a-rī'ab		C'hār-c'hē'mīsh
Shūp'pīm	Tīr'i-a	Zēd'e-kī'ab		Cōn'o-nī'ab
Shū'āl	Tīr'a-thites	Zē'rēth		Cy'rūs
Shu-bā'ēl	Tīr-ha'nab	Zē'rūb-bā'bēl		Do-dā'vab
Sīb'be-cā'i	Tī'zite	Zē-rū-ab		ē'dēn
Sīm'ri	Tō'ab	Zēr'u-ī'ab		E-lī'a-da
Sīb'be-c'hā'i	Tō'lād	Zēr'a-ī'ab		E-lī'sha-phāt
Sīp-pā'i	To'c'hēn	Zēph'a-nī'ab		E-lī'sha-ma
Sīf'a-mā'i	To-gar'mab	Ze-mī'ra		ē'li-zā'phān
Sī'nite	ŭl'la	Ze-lō'phe-hād		ē'lōth
Sō'c'ho	ŭl'hām	Zē'lēk		Gīm'zo
S'ab	ŭn'ni	Zē'thām		Gūr-bā'āl
Sāc'h'a-thites	ŭr	Ze'thān		Hād-lā'i
Syr'i-a-ma-ā'-	U-rī'ēl	Zēm'a-rite		Hā'math-zō'bab
Tā'bōr	[c]ha U-thā'i	Zē'ri		Hār-dō'rām
Tā'hān	ŭz/za	Zī'a		Hāih-bī'ab
Tā'hāth	ŭz'āl	Rīb'i-a		Hāsh'a-bī'ab
Ta-rē'a	ŭz-zī'ab	Zīc'h'ri		Ha-zā'el [mār
Ta-ā'nac'h	ŭz'zen-shē'rab	Zīm'mab		Ha-zē'zōn-tā'-
Tāl-mā'i	ŭz	Zīm'rām		Hāz'rab

II. CHRON- ICLES.

AB'dōn
 Ād'di
 A-bī'jab
 A-bī'ha-ēl
 A-bēl-mā'in
 Ā'da-ī'ab
 Ād'dōn
 Ād'nab
 Ād'o-rā'īm
 A-hī'jab
 Ā'ha-zī'ab
 A-hī'kām
 Ām'a-sī'ab
 A-mā'sa
 Ām'a-sā'i
 Ām'a-rī'ab
 Ām'a-zī'ab
 Ām'mo-nīt'ēfs
 Āf-syr'i-ān-ites

Hĩn'nỏm	Nẻ'c,ho	À'dĩn	Dàr'kỏn	ĩm'mẻr
Hul'dab	ỏ'dẻd	A-dỏn'ĩ-kỏm	Da-rĩ'ủs	ĩf-hĩ'jab
Hủ'rỏm	ỏ'phẻl	Ẩ'd'na	Dẻ'ha-vits	Jỏa'lab
ĩf'ma-c,hĩ'ab	ỏ'r'ỏnỏn	Ẩ'hỏf-u-ẻ'ủs	Dẻ'la-ĩ'ab	Jỏa'fỏu
Jỏ'ủnẻb	Pỏr-vỏ'ủm	A-hỏ'va	Dỉ'na-ites	Ja-dỏ'u
Jẻ'ỏ-o-lỉ'ab	Pẻr'fia	Ả'mỉ	ẻ'bẻd	Jỏ'ha-zỉ'ab
Je-bỏ'rỏm	Rẻ'hỏ'bỏ'ỏm	Ả'a-thỏth	ẻ'l'a-mites	Jỏ'rỉb
Jẻ'ha-zỉ'ẻl	Rẻm'a-lỉ'ab	A-phỏr'fa-c,hites	E-lỏ'fab	Jỏ'ủb
Jẻ-hỏz'a-bỏd	Se-nỏc,h'ẻ-rỉb	A-phỏr'fites	E-lỉ'ab	Jẻd'a-ỉ'ab
Jẻ-hỏ-ỏ'hỏz	Shẻm'a-ỉ'ab	A-phỏr'fỏth-	E-lỉ'a-ủb	Je-hỉ'ẻl
Je-hỏ'le-lẻl	She-mỉ'r'a-mỏth	c,hites	E-lỉph'ẻ-lẻt	Jẻr'ẻ-mỏ'ỉ
Jẻ'hỏz-kỉ'ab	She-mẻ'ỏth	Ảrc,h'vites	ẻl-nỏ'ỏhỏn	Jẻsh'a-ỉ'ab
Jẻ'ho-ỏd'dỏn	Shỉ'lo-nỉte	Ảrc,h'ẻ-vites	ẻ'fỏr-hỏd'dỏn	Jẻsh'ủ-a
Jẻ'ỉl	Shỉ'l'hi	Ảr'tỏx-ẻr'ỏ'ẻs	ẻz'ra	Je-zỉ'ab
Jẻr'ủ-sha	Shỉm'ẻ-ỏth	Ảf-nỏp'pẻr	Gỏ'hỏr	Jỏ'ẻl
Jẻr'ỏ-bỏ'ỏm	Shỉsh'ỏk	Ả'tẻr	Gỏz'zỏm	Jo-hỏ'nỏn
Je-rỏ'hỏm	Shỏ'ca	ỏth-lỏ'ỉ	Gẻd'a-lỉ'ab	Jo-ỉ'a-rỉb
Jẻr'ỉ-mỏth	Shỏ'c,ho	ỏz'a-rẻẻl	G,ỉb'bỏr	Jỏ'rab
Je-rủ'ẻl	Sủk'kỉm'ỏ	Bỏb'y-lỏ'nỉ-ỏn'ỏ	G,ỉd'ẻẻl	Jỏ'fỉ-phỉ'ab
Je-shỏ'nỏb	Tỏd'mỏr	Bỏk'bủk	G,ỉl'ẻ-ỏd-ỉte	Jỏz'a-bỏd
Jỏ'ab	Tỉk'vỏth	Bỏr'kỏs	Hỏ'ba-ỉ'ab	Jỏz'a'ủd
Jỏ'ỏh	Tỏb-a-dỏn'ỉ-	Bỏr-zỉ'l'ỏ-ỉ	Hỏ'dỉd	Jỏz'a'ỏk
Jo-ỏ'hỏz	jab	Bỏz'lủth	Hỏ'gỏb	Kẻ'la-ỉ'ab
Jỏ'ẻl	To-bỉ'jab	Be-bỏ'ỉ	Ha-gỏ'bab	Kẻ'ỉ-ta
Jo-hỏn'ỏn	Zỏ'hỏm	Bẻd'ẻ-ỉ'ab	Hỏk'ka-ỉỏu	Kẻ'rỏs
Jỏp'pa	Zẻm'a-rỏ'ủm	Be-nủ'ỉ	Hỏk'ủ-pỏb	Kỉr'jỏth-ỏ'rỉm
Jo-f'ỉ'ab	Ze-phỏ'ỏthỏb	Bỉg-vỏ'ỉ	Ha-nỏ'nỉ	Kỏz
Lủ'bỉm'ỏ	Ze-rỏd'a-thỏb	Bỉl'ỏhỏn	Hỏ'rỉm	Lỏd
Ma-hỏ'lỏth	Zỉch-rỉ'a	Bỉn'nu-ỉ	Hỏ'rỏh	Mỏ'ỏf-ẻ'ỏ'ab
Mỏi-se-ỉ'ab	Zỉm'mỏb	Bỉsh'lỏm	Hỏ'ủm	Mỏ'a-dỏ'ỉ
Mỏt'tỏn		Cỏd'mỉ-ẻl	Hỏ'ủm	Mac,h'na-dẻ'ba-ỉ
Me-hủ'nỉm'ỏ	E Z R A.	Cỏ-fỉ-phỉ'a	Hỏf'ủ-pha	Mag'bỉ'ỏ
Me-shỉ'l'ẻ-mẻth		C,hỏl-dẻ'ỏn	Hỏt'ỉ-pha	Mỏ'l'ủc,h
Mỉ-c,hỏ-ỉ'ab		C,bẻ'lủb	Hỏt'ỉ-ta	Mat'h-thỉ'ab
Mỉn'ỉ-ỏ'mỉn	A C,h-mẻ'ỏthỏ	C,hẻ'lỏl	Hỏt'tỉl	Mat'ta-th'ỏb
Mỉz'pỏb	Ả'dỏ-ỉ'ab	Chẻr'ủb	Hỏt'tủsh	Mat'ta-nỉ'ab
Mo-rỉ'ỏh	Ẩd'dỏn	C,he-phỉ'rab	Ho'dỏ-vỉ'ab	Mat'tẻ-nỏ'ỉ

Mēdes	Shēsh-băz/zăr	Bēth/phe-lēt	Hăr/ha-ī'ab
Mē'hī-da	Shē'thār-bōz/nai	Bēth-zūr	Hār'hūr
Me-hū'nīm	Shīm/sha-i	Bīg'tha	Hār'rim
Mēr/e-mōth	Si-ā'ha	Bīg'thān	Hār'rīph
Mi-ām'īn	Sīf'e-ra	Bīl'gab	Hār'sha
Mīf'pār	Sho-bā'ī	Bīl-gā'ī	Hār'u-măph
Mīth're-dāth	Sōph'e-rēth	Bīl/shān	Hā'sha-bī'ab
Mōr'de-ca-i	So-tā'ī	Bīn-ī'nu	Ha-shāb/nab
Nē'bo	Su-f'ān/c _h ites	Bīz'tha	Hā'shāb-nī'ab
Nēk'o-da	Tāb-bā'oth	Būn'ni	Hāsh'ba-dān'a
Nē'phab	Tā'bēel	C _h he-phī'rab	Hā'shūb
Ne'phū'fīm	Tā'mōn	C _h īf'le-u	Hash'u-pha
Nēt'o-phab	Tār/pēl-ites	Cōl-hō'zēth	Hāf'fēn-ā'ab
Ne-zī'ab	Tē'lēm	Dān'ī-ēl	Hāt'ī-pha
Nō'a-dī'ab	Tēl-hār'sa	Dē'la-ī'ab	Hāt'tūsh
ō'no	Tēl-mē'lab	ē'lūd	Hā'za-ī'ab
Pā'dōn	Thā'mab	ēn-rīm'mōn	Hā'zar-shū'āl
Pā'hāth-mō'āb	Tīk'vab	Gā'lāl	Hā'zōr
Pā'rōsh	Tīr/shāth	Gāsh'mu	Hēl-kā'ī
Pā'shūr	Tīr'sha-tha	Gāz/zām	Hēn-ā'dād
Pe-rū'da	To-bī'ah	Gē'shēm	Hēr'on-ite
Pe-fē-ab	Vā'na-ī'ah	Gīb'e-ōn	Hēsh'bōn
Pē'tha-ī'ab	Vā-nī'ab	Gīb'e-ōn-ite	Hēzīr
Póc'h'e-rēth	ū'el	Gīd'dēl	Hīz-kī'jab
Ra-mī'ab	U-thā'ī	Gi-lā'la-i	Hō'de-vab
Rē'a-ī'ab	Zā'bād	Gīn-nē'tho	Hō'ron-ite
Rēc'la-ī'ab	Zāb/ba-i	Gīn-nē'thōn	Hōd'ī-jab
Rē'hum	Zāb/būd	Gīf'pa	Hō'sha-ī'ah
Se-nā'ab	Zāc/ca-i	Gīt-tā'īm	Ho-shē'ah
Shāb/be-thā'ī	Zāt'tu	Hā'ba-ī'ab	Hūr
Shāb'tha-i	Zēb'a-dī'ab	Hā'c _h ha-lī'ab	īth-ī'ēl
Sha-rā'ī	Ze-hā'īm	Hā'dīd	Jā'a-la
Sha-shā'ī	Ze-bī'na	Ha-kū'pha	Jā'c _h īn
Shē'āl	Zē-rūb-bā'bēl	Ha-lo'hēsh	Jād'du-a
Shē'al-tī'ēl	Zī'ha	Hān'a-nēel	Jā'dōn
Shēr'e-bī'ab		Hān'a-nī'ab	Jā'mīn
She-shā'ī		Hā'nūm	Jār'm

N E H E M I A H.



A

d'na

A-dōn'ī-kām

ā'ha-fā'ī

A-hī'jab

ām/a-shā'ī

ā'mos

ām'zi

ā'nan

ān'a-thōth

ān'a-thōsh

āsh'dōd

āsh'dōd-ites

ā'shūm

ā'tér

ā'tha-ī'ab

āz/a-nī'ab

āz/a-rēel

āz/būk

āz-mā'vēth

āz'rī-kām

āz/zūr

Bāk'būk

Bāk'būk-ī'ab

Bā'rūc_h

Bā'shān

Ba-vā'ī

Bāz'līth

Be-hā'ī

Bēr'e-c_hī'ab

Bē-sō-de-ī'ab

Bēth-āz-mā'vēth

Bēth-hāc-cē'-rēm

Jěd'a-ī'ab	Me-sīl'le-mōth	So-tā'i	Bīz'tha	Būz'ite
Jěd'u-thūn	Mīc'h'māsh	Ta-bō'āth	Cār'cās	C'hāl-dē'ān
Jě'ho-hā'nān	Mī'ja-mīn	Tē'ko-ites	Cār'he-na	E-lī'hu
Je-hōn'a-thān	Mi-lā'la-i	Tēl-ha-rē'sha	Dāl'phōn	E-lī'phāz
Je-kab'zēel	Mi-nī'a-mīn	Tēl'me-lab	Ēst'hēr	Jē-mī'ma
Jēr'e-mī'ab	Mīph'kūd	Tīr'sha-tha	Ha-dāf'sab	Jōb
Je-rō'hām	Mīf-pē'rēth	To-bī'ab	Hām-mēd'a-tha	Kē'rēn-hap'-
Jěsa-ī'ab	Mō'a-dī'ab	ŭn'ni	Hār'bo-na	pūc'h
Jěsh'u-a	Mo-lā'dab	Zāb'ba-i	Hā'tāc'h	Ke-zī'a
Jěz'ra-hī'ab	Na-bāl'lāt	Zāb'di	Īn'dī-a	Le-vī'a-thān
Jo-zā'dāk	Nā'ha-mā'ni	Zāc'ca-i	Mē'dī-a	Māz'za-rōth
Jō'ēl	Ne-bā'i	Zā'lāph	Me-hū'mān	Na-ā'ma-thite
Jo-ī'a-da	Nē'hūm	Za-rē'ab	Mēm'ī-cān	ō'phīr
Jo-ī'a-kīm	Ne-phīsh'e-fīm	Zāt'thu	Mē'rēs	ō'rī-ōn
Jo-ī'a-rīb	Ne-zī'ab	Ze-bō'im	Nī'ān	Plēz'a-des
Kāl'la-i	Nī'ān	Zēc'h'a-rī'ab	Pār-māsh'ta	Sā'be-ān
Kēz'lab	ō'phēl	Zē'rab	Pār'shān-dā'tha	Sā'tān
Ke-lī'ab	Pā'lāl	Zid-kī'jab	Pér'fia	Shū'hite
Ke-lī'ta	Pāf'cab	Zī'ha	Po-rā'tha	Tē'ma
Kē'rōs	Pē'la-ī'ab	Zī'hi	Pū'rīm	Tēm'ān-ite
Kō'la-ī'ab	Pē'la-lī'ab		Sha-āsh'gāz	Tō'pāz
Kōz	Pē'tha-hī'ah	ESTHER.	Shē'thār	ŭr
Lōd	Pha-fē'ab		Sī'vān	Zū'phār
Lēb'a-na	Pīl-ē'ha	A-bāg'tha	Tē'bēth	
Mā'a-dī'ab	Pīl-tā'i	A-bī'ha-ēl	Tē'rēsh	PSALMS.
Mā'a'ī	Rē'c'hāb	Ā'da-lī'a	Vā'je-zā'tha	
Mā'a-ī'ab	Sān-bāl'lāt	Ā'dār	Vāsh'ti	A-Bī'rām
Māg-pī'āsh	Se-nā'ah	Ād'ma-tha	Zē'rēsh	Bā'ca
Ma-hāl'a-lēel	Se-nū'ab	Ā'gāg-ite	Zē'thār	Ēn-dōr
Māl-c'hī'jab	Sēph'a-tī'ab	Ā'hāl-u-ē'rūs		A-phrā'tab
Māt'te-nā'ī	Sēph'a-rād	A-rī'da-i	J O B.	Gē'bāl
Me-hī'da	Shē'ma	A-rī'da-tha		Hā'gār-enes
Me-kō'na	Si-lō'ab	A-rī'fa-i	Are-tū'rūs	Hām
Me-lā-tī'ab	Shi-lō'ni	Āf-pā'tha	Ba-rā'chēl	Jāb
Me-lī'cu	Sho-bā'ī	Bīg'tha	Bē'be-mōth	Kē'dār
Me-rōn'o-thite	Shō'bēk	Bīg'thān	Bīl'dād	Kī'fōn
Me-shēz'a-bēel	Sōph'e-rēth			

Mēl-c, hīz/e-dēk	Bā'āl-hā'mōn	Gō'zān	Sār'gōn	Ē'pha-i
Mē'fēc, h	Bāth-rāb' bīm	Hē'nab	Sē'ba	Eū-phrā'tēs
ō'rēb	Bē'thēr	Hēph'zī-bāb	Sē'la	Ē'vīl-mēr'o-
Phī-līf'tī-a	Cār'mēl	Hēz/e-kī'ab	Sha-rē'zēr	Gā'rēb [dāc, h
Phīn'e bās	Shā'rōn	īdu-mē'a	Shē-ār-jā'shūb	Gō'āth
Psālmš	Shē'nir	īm-mān'u-ēl	Shēb'na	Ha-bā'za-nī'ab
Rā'hāb	Shū'la-mite	īm'mēr	Shi-lō'ab	Hām'me-lēc, h
Rēd-fēa	Sōl'o-mōn	I-fār'ab	Sīb'mab	Hām'u-tāl
Sā'lēm	Tīr'za	īvab	Sī'hōr	Hān'a-mēel
Sē'ba		Je-bēr'e-c, hī'ab	Ta-bē'āl	Hān'a-nēel
Sē'c, hēm	I S A I A H.	Jō'ab	Tār'shīsh	Hē'brew-ēs
Sī'hōn		Kīr	Tār'tān	Hīn'nōm
Sī'na-i	A ī'āth	Kīr-hār'e-fēth	Te-lāf'fār	Hō'lōn
Sīf'e-ra	ā'mōz	Kīr-hā'rēsh	Tē'ma	Hō'ro-nā'īm
Tyre	ān'a-thōth	Kō'la-ī'ab	Tīr-hā'kēth	Hō'sha-ī'ab
Zāl'mun-na	ār	Lā'īsh	J E R E M I A H.	īg'da-lī'ab
Zē'bab	ār-mē'nī-a	Le-vī'a-thān		I-rī'jab
Zī'ōn	Bā'jīth	Lū'cī-fēr		Je-hū'cāl
Zō'ān	Bāl'a-dān	Lū'hīth	A -hī'kām	Je-hū'di
P R O V E R B S.	Bēl	Mad-mē'nab	ā'i	Jēr'e-mī'ab
	Bēū'lab	Mā'hēr-shāl'āl-	ār'a-rat	Jēw
A gūr	Bōz'rāth	hāsh-bāz	ā'fa	Jo-hān'ān
Jā'kēb	C, hāl-dē'a	Mēd'e-ba	āsh'c, he-naz	Jōn'a-dab
Le-mū'ēl	C, hāl/dē'ānš	Mē'dī-a	Bā'rūc, h	Jōn'a-dad
Prōv'ērbš	C, hāl'dēes	Mēr'o-dāc, h-	Bēn-hā'dad	Jō-fī'ab
ū'cal	Cāl'no	bāl'a-dān	Bēth-gā'mūl	Jū'cāl
E C C L E S I A S -	Cār-c, hē'mīsh	Nē'bo	Bēth-dīb'la-	Ka-rē'ab
T E S.	Cy'rūs	Nīm'rīm	thā'īm	Kīr-hē'rēs
	De-dā'nīm	Nīf'rōc, h	Cāph'tōr	Kīr'ī-a-thā'īm
E C/cle-ī-āf'-	Dī'bōn	Pā'thrōs	C, hē'mōsh	Kīr'ī-ōth
Prēach'ēr [tēs	Dī'mōn	Pe-rā'zīm	C, hīm/ham	Līb'ī-ānš
S O N G O F S O L -	Dū'mab	Pūl	Co-nī'ab	Lyd'ī-ānš
O M O N	E-lē'a-lēb	Rāb'sha-kēb	Dē'dan	Mā'gōr-mīf'-fā-
	Gāl'līm	Rē'zēph	Dē'dōn	bīb
	G, ēn/tiles	Sā'be-ānš	Dē'la-ī'ab	Māl-c, hī'ab
A Mā'na	Go-mōr'rab	Sa-mā'ī-a	Ē'bēd-mē'lēc, h	Māt'tān

Me-phā'āth
 Mēr'a-thā'īm
 Mīn'ni
 Mīz'pab
 Mō'rāf-thite
 Nēb'u-c, hād-
 rēz'zār [dān
 Nēb'u-zār-ā'-
 Ne-hēl'a-mite
 Nér-gāl-sha-rē'
 Nōph [zēr
 Pā'fhūr
 Pāth'rōs
 Pē'kōd
 Phā'raoh-hōph'ra
 Phā'raoh-nē'-
 Rāb'bab [c, ho
 Rāb'lab
 Rāb'māg
 Rāb'sa-rīs
 Rā'chaēl
 Rē'c, hāb
 Rēc'h'a-bites
 Sār-fē'c, hīm
 Shām'gār-nē'bo
 Shā'phān
 Shē'fhāc, h
 Sīb'mab
 Ta-hāp'a-nēs
 Tān'hu-mēth
 Ta-phūn'hēs
 Tō'phēt
 Tȳ'rūs
 ūp'hāz
EZEKIEL.
 A. ho'lab

A-hō'lī-bab
 Ār'vād
 Ā'vēr
 Bā'mab [mōth
 Bēth-jēsh'ī-
 Cān'nēb
 C, hē'bār
 C, hēr'e-thīms
 C, hīl'mād
 C, hūb
 Ēn-ēg-lā'īm
 E-zē'ki-ēl
 Gām-mā'dīms
 Gōg
 Hāu'rān
 ī'du-mē'a
 Jā'a'za-nī'ab
 Jā'vān
 Kīr'ī-a-thā'īm
 Kō'a
 Līb'y-a
 Lyb'ī-a
 Lȳd'ī-a
 Mīn'nīth
 Nō
 Nōph
 Pān'nāg
 Pā'thrōs
 Phī-bē'fēth
 Shāp'hān
 Sīb-rā'īm
 Sīn
 Sȳ-ē'ne
 Tā'hāph-nē'hēs
 Tām'mūz
 Tēl-ā'bīb
 Tē'mān

Zē'dād
DANIEL.

A-Bēd'ne-go
 Ā'rī-ōc, h
 Āsh'pe-nāz
 Bāb'y-lōn
 Bēl-shāz'zār
 Bēl'te-shāz'zār
 Dān'ī-ēl
 Da-rī'ūs
 Dū'ra
 Gābrī-ēl
 Grē'cia
 Mēde
 Mē'dī-ān
 Me-lā'zār
 Mēsh'āc, h
 Mēf-sī'ab
 Mī'phaēl
 Shā'drāc, h
 Syr'ī-āc
 U-lā'ī
 ūp'hāz

HOSEA.

A-d'mab
 Ām'mi
 Bēth-ār'bēl
 Dīb-lā'īm
 G, īl'gāl
 Ho-fē'a
 Lō-ām'mi

C 2

Lo-ru-hā'mab
 Mēm'phīs
 Ru-hā'mab

JOEL.

G Rē'cians
 Je-hōsh'a-phāt
 Jō'ēl
 Pāl'ēf-tine

AMOS.

A-sh'dōd
 Ā'mōs
 Cāl'nēb
 C, hī'ūm
 ō'rī-ōn
 Te-kō'a

OBADIAH.

ō'ba-dī'ab

JONAH.

A-mīt'ta-i
 Jō'nab
 Jōp'pa
 Nīn'e-vēb

MICAH.

A-c, h'zīb

Ā'phrah
 Bā'lāck
 Bēth-ē'zēl
 Bēth'le-hēm
 E-phrā'tab
 Mā'rōth
 Mī'cab
 Mō'rāf-thite
 Mō're-shēth-gāth
 Sā'phīr
 Shīt'tīm

NAHUM.

E-l'ko-shite
 Hūz'zāb
 Lū'bīm
 Māl'a-c, hī
 Nā'hūm
 Pūt

HABAKKUK.

Cū'shān
 Jō'e-dēc, h
 Pā'rān
 Sīg, ā-o-nōth
 Tē'mān

ZEPHANIAH.

C, hēm'a-rīms
 C, hēr'e-thites
 Māk'tēh

HAGGAI.

Greece

Häg'ga-i

Hël'da-ä

Hên

Shê'al-ti-ël

ZECHARIAH.

A-zäl

Bär-äc,h'i

Bär'a-c,h'i'ab

Hä'däd-rim'môn

Hä dräc,h

Hän'a-ni'ël

Hê'lem

Rê'g,em-mê'-

Sê'bät

She-rê'zär

To-bi'jab

Zêc,h'a-rî-ab

MATTHEW.

A'bêl

Abi'a

A-bi'üd

Ä'bra-häm

Ä'c,häs

Ä'c,him

Äl-phê'üs

A-mîn'a-däb

Ä'môn

Än'drêw

Ä'räm

Är'c,he-läus

Är'i-ma-thê'a

Ä'fa

Ä'zör

Bäp'tift

Ba-räb'häs

Bär'a-c,h'i'äs

Bär-thol'o-

mêw

Bêl'ze-büb

Bêth'a-ny

Bêth'le-hêm

Bêth'phage

Bô'öz

Cäi'a-phäs

Ca-pér'na-üm

Cä'fär

Cê'fa-rê'a-phi-

lip'pi

C,ho-rä'zîn

C,hrift

Cÿ-rê'ne

Dä'vid

De-cäp'o-lis

E-le-ä'zär

E-li'a-kim

E-li'äs

Eli-Eli-Lä'ma-

Sa-bäc,h'tha-ni

E-li'üd

Em-män'u-ël

E-fäi'äs

E'f'rôm

Ez'e-kî'äs

Gäl'i-lêe

G,ên-nêf'a-rêt

G,ên'tiles

G,ér'ge-fênes

Göl'go-tha

Go-mörr'ab

Hêr'öd

He-rô'di-äs

Hô'ly-Gbôft

Ho-fän'na

Hÿp'o-crites

I'fäac

Jä'cöb

Jämes

Jêc,h'o-ni'äs

Jêr'e-my

Jêf'fe

Jê'fûs

Jêr'ic,ho

Je-rü'fa-lêm

Jô'a-thäm

Jôhn

Jô'näs

Jô'räm

Jör'dän

Jô'fa-phät

Jô'fêph

Jô'fês

Jo-f i'äs

Jü'da

Jü'däs-îf-cä'rî-öt

Ju-dê'a

Lêb'be-üs

Mäg'da-la

Mäm'môn

Ma-nä'fês

Mä'ry

Mä'ry-Mäg'da-

lêne

Mät'thän

Mät'thêw

Näa'fôn

Näz'a-rêne

Näz'a-rêth

Nêph'th'a-lim

Nô'e

ô'bêd

ôl'iveş

O-zê'äs

Pê'tér

Phä'rês

Phär'i-fêeş

Phil'ip

Pî'late

Pôn'ti-üs Pî'-

Räb'bi

Rä'ca

Rä'c,häb

Rä'chêl

Rä'ma

Ro-bô'äm

Rüth

Säd'du-cêes

Sä'dôc

Säl'a-thi'ël

Säl'môn

Sa-mär'i-tänş

Sä'tän

Scribes

Sî'dôn

Sî'môn

Sî'môn-Bär-jô'-

Sîr

[na

Söd'ôm

Söl'o-môn

Sôn

Sÿn'a-gôgue

Thäd-dê'üs

Thä'mär

Thôm'äs

Tÿre

U-rî'äs

Zäb'u-lôn

Zäc,h'a-rî'äs

Zä'ra

Zêb'e-dee

Zô'ro-bä'bêl

MARK.

A'b'ba

Äl'êx-än'dêr

Bär-ti-mê'üs

Bêth'phage or

Bêth'page

Bêth'fäi'da

Bô'a-nêr'g,es

Cör'bän

Cÿ-rê'nî-än

Däl'ma-nü'tha

E'lo-i-E'lo-i-Lä'-

ma Sa-bäc,h'-

tha-ni

êph-phä'tha

G,äd'e-renes

Gäl'i-lê'än

Greek

He-rô'di-änş

I'du-mê'a

THE SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES.

Jā'rūs
Lē'g, i-ōn
Lē'vi
Mār
Rū'fūs
Sa-lō'me
S, y-ro-phe-ni'-
Tāl-i-tha-cū'mi
Tī-mē'ūs

LUKE.

Abi-lē'ne
Ād'ām
Ād'di
Ā'mōs
Ān'na
Ān'nās
A-pōl'tle
Ār-phāx'ād
Ā'fēr
Bēth'le-hēm
Bēth-fāi'da
Cæ'fār-Āngūf'-
Cāi'a-nān
Cāi'nān
Cāl'va-ry
C, hū'za
Cle-ō'pās
Cō'fām
C, y-rē'nī-ūs
Ē'li-e-zēr
E-lī'f'a-bēth
Ē'li-fē'ūs
Ēl-mō'dām
Ē'noc, h

Ē'nōs
'Er
Ēs'li
Gā'brī-ēl
Gād'a-renes
Gāl'i-lē'ānš
Ge-nē'f'a-rēth
Hē'bēr
Hē'li
H, yp'o-crite
I-tu-rē'a
Jān'na
Jā'rēd
Jo-ān'na
Jō'nān
Jō'rīm
Jō'se
Lā'mēc, h
Lāz'ār'ūs
Lē'vite
Lūke
Ly-fā'nī-ās
Mā'āth
Māl'e-lēel
Mār'tha
Ma-thū'fa-la
Māt'ta-tha
Māt'thāt
Māt-thī'ās
Mēl'c, hi
Me-lē'a
Mē'nān
Na-ā'mān
Nā'c, hōr
Nāg'ge
Nā'in
Nā'ūm

Nē'ri
Nīn'e-vēb
Nīn'e-vites
Phā'lēc
Pha-nū'ēl
Phār'i-see
R, hē'fa
Sā'la
Sa-mar'i-tān
Sa-rēp'ta
Sā'rūc, h
Sēm
Sēth
Sī-lō'ām
Sīm'e-i
Sīm'e-ōn
Sī'mōn-Pē'tér
Sī'mōn-Zē-lō'-
tes
Su-fān'na
S, y'r'i-ān
Tē'trārc, h
Thā'ra
The-ōph'i-lūs
Ti-bē'rī-ūs
Trāc, h'o-nī'tīs
Zāc-c, hē'ūs
Ze-lō'tes

JOHN.

AN'nās
Ānnūs
Bēth-āb'a-ra
Bēth-ē'f'da
Cā'na

Cē'drōn
Cē'phās
Dīd-ŷ-mūs
Ē'nōn
Gāb'ba-tha
Gōl'go-tha
ī'f'raēl-ite
Jā'cōb
Jōhn
Jō'na
Mēl-fī'ās
Na-thān'a-ēl
Nīc'o-dē'mūs
Rō'māns
Sā'līm
Sāv'ioūr
Ti-bē'rī-ās

A C T S.

Acēl-dā'ma
Ā'c, ha-i'a
Ā'dra-m, y't'tī-ūm
Ā'drī-a
A-grīp'pa
Āl'ēx-ān'dēr
Āl'ēx-ān'drī-a
Ām-phīp'o-līs
Ān'a-nī'ās
Ān'nās
Ān'tī-ōc, h
Ān-tīp'a-trīs
A-pōl-lō'ne-a
A-pōl'lōs
Āp'pi-i-fō'rūm
A-qūil'a

A-rā'bī-ānš
Ā'rē-ōp'a-g, ite
Ā're-ōp'a-gūs
Ār'īf-tār'c, hūs
Ā'fia
Āl'fōs
A-thē'nī-ānš
Ā'thēnš
Āt'ta-lī'a
Āz-gūf'tūs
A-zō'tūs
Bāb'ŷ-lōn
Bār-bā'rī-ānš
Bār-jē'ūs
Bār'na-bās
Bār'fa-bās
Be-rē'a
Bēr'nice
Bi-th, yn'i-a
Blāf'tūs
Cæ'fā-rō'a
Cān'dace
Cāp'pa-dō'cia
Cāl'tōr
Cēn-c, hre-a
C, hāl-dē'āns
C, hī'ōs
C, hār'rān
C, hrīst'īān
Cī-lī'cia
Cīs
Clāz'da
Clāz'dī-ūs
Clāz'dī-ūs
L, y'f'i-ās
Cō'os
Cōr'īnth

Co-rin'thĩ-ãns	Gãzũs	Mãrç-hĩlĩ	Pro-c,hõ'rũs	Tãr'fũs
Cór-nē'lĩ-ũs	Ga-lã'ti-a	Mãrk	Prõ'se-lýtes	Tér'tũ'lũs
Crēte	Gãl'i-lēe	Mã'ry	Ptõl'e-mã'is	Thẽf'fa-lõ'nĩ-
Crĩf'pũs	Gãl'lĩ-o	Mãt-th'ew	Pũb'li-ũs	ãns
Cý'prũs	Ga-mã'lĩ-ẽl	Mãt-thĩ'ãs	Pũte-õ-li	Thẽf'fa-lõ'nĩ-ca
Cý-rē'ne	Gã'za	Me-li'tũs	Rẽm'phan	Theũ'dãs
Cý-rē'nĩ-ãns	Grẽ'cianş	Mẽr-cũ'rĩ-ũs	Rbẽ'gĩ-ũm	Thỹ'a-tĩ'ra
Da-mã'rĩs	Hẽ'brewş	Mẽf'o-po-tã'mĩ-a	Rbõ'da	Tĩ'mõn
Da-mãf'cũs	I-cõ'nĩ-ũm	Mĩd'ĩ-ãn	Rbõ'des	Tĩ-mõ'the-ũs
De-mẽ'trĩ-ũs	I-tãl'ĩãn-bãnd	Mĩ-lẽ'tũs	Rõ'mãns	Trõ'as
Dér'be	ĩt'a-ly	Mĩt'ỹ-lẽ'ne	Rõme	Tro-gyl'lĩ-ũm
Di-ãn'a	Jã'lon	Mõ'lõc'h	Sa-lã'mĩs	Trõph-ĩ-mũs
Dĩ'o-nỹ'ĩ-ũs	Je-rũ'fa-lẽm	Mỹ'ra	Sãl'mõ-ne	Tỹc'h'ĩ-cũs
Dĩf-cĩ'plẽş	Jẽ'fũs-C,hřĩst	Mỹf'ĩ-a	Sa-mã'rĩ-a	Tỹ-rãn'nũs
Dõr'cãs	Jew	Nãz'a-rẽneş	Sa-mãr'ĩ-tãns	Tỹre
Dru-fĩl'la	Jew'ẽfs	Ne-ãp'o-lĩs	Sã'mõs	
Ēaf'tér	Jõ'el	Nĩ-cã'nõr	Sã'mo-thrã'cia	ROMANS.
Ē'gypt	Jõp'pa	Nĩc'o-las	Sãp-phĩ'ra	A
Ē-gyp'tian	Jõ'fẽs	Nĩ'g,ẽr	Sã'rõn	m'plĩ-ũs
Ē'lãm-ites	Jũ'dãs	õl'ĩ-yet	Sãul	ãp-pẽl'lẽs
Ē-lỹ'mãs	Ju-dẽ'a	Pãm-phỹl'ĩ-a	Scẽ'va	ãn-drõ'ni-cũs
Ēm'mõr	Jũdg'mẽnt-ſeãt	Pã'phos	Se-cũn'dũs	ãr'ĩf-tõb'u-lũs
Ē-nẽ'ãs	Jũ'lĩ-ũs	Pãr-mẽ'nãs	Se-leũ'cia	ã-syn'cri-tũs
Ē-phẽ'ĩãn	Jũ'pĩ-tér	Pãr'thĩ-ãns	Sér'g,ĩ-ũs-Pãz'-	Co-rĩn'thũs
Ēph'e-f'ũs	Juf'tũs	Pẽn'te-cõft	Sĩ'dõn	[lũs E-lĩ'ãs
Ēp'ĩ-cu-rẽ'ãns	La-fẽ'a	Pér'ga	Sĩ'lãs	E-phẽn-ẽ'tũs
Ē-rãf'tũs	Lĩb'ẽr-tĩnes	Phẽ'nĩce	Sĩm'e-õn	Ē'fãu
Ē-fãr'ãs	Lũ'cĩ-ũs	Phẽ-nĩ'cĩ-a	Sĩ'mõn	Go-mõr'ba
Ē'thĩ-õ'pĩ-a	Lỹb'ĩ-a	Phĩl'ĩp	Sĩ'na	Hér'mãs
Ē'thĩ-õ'pĩ-ãns	Lỹç'ĩ-a	Phĩ-lĩp'pi	Sõf'the-nẽs	Hér'mẽs
Eũ'rõc'ly-dõn	Lỹ-ca-õ'nĩ-a	Phřỹ'g,ĩ-a	Stẽ'phẽn, pro,	He-rõ'dĩ-ãn
Eũ'tỹ-c,hũs	Lỹd'da	Pĩ-tĩd'ĩ-a	Stẽ'ven	ĩl-lyr'icũn
Ēx'or-cĩfts	Lỹd'ĩ-a	Põl'lũx	Stõ'icks	ĩ'fãac
Eũ'nuc'h	Lỹf'ĩ-ãs	Põn'tũs	Sy'c,hẽm	ĩf'raẽl-ite
Fãr-hã'venş	Lỹf'tra	Põr'cĩ-ũs	Sy'ra-cufe'	Jũ'lĩ-a
Fẽ'lĩx	Maç'e-dõ'nĩ-a	Põr'tĩ-ũs Fẽf'-	Syr'ĩ-a	Jũ'nĩ-a
Fẽf'tũs	Mãg,ĩf-trates	Prĩf'cĩl'la	Ta-bĩ-tha	Lũ'cĩ-ũs

Nār-cīf'f ūs
Nē're-ūs
O-lym'pās
O-l'ē'e
Pa-trō'bās
Pātel'
Pēr'f'is
Phē'be
Phi-lōl'o-gūs
Phlē'gōn
Quār'tūs
Re-bēc'ca
Rō'māns
Rū'f ūs
Sāb'a-ōth
Sā'ra
Sī'ōn
Spāin
Stā'c'hys
Tēr'i-ūs
Tīy-phē'na
Trīy-phō'fa
ŭr-bā'ne

I. CORINTHI-
ANS.

—
A'c'ha-ī'a
Ā-c'hā-i-cūs
A-pōl'lōs
Ā'fia
Bār'na-bās
Cē'phās
C'hlo'e
Cor'inth
Co-rin'thī-āns

Crīf'pūs
Ēph'e-f'ūs
Fōr'tu-nā'ūs
Gā'ūs
Ga-lā'tia
Mā'rān-ā'tha
Pēn'te-cōst
Phī-līp'pi
Sōs'the-nes
Ste-phā'nās

II. CORINTHI-
ANS.

—
A'r'e-tās
Dām'af-cenes
Lū'cās
Māç'e-dō'nī-a
Sīl-vā'nūs
Tī'ūs
Trō'ās

GALATIANS.

—
A'gār
Ān'tī-ōc'h
A-rā'bī-a
Cī-lī'cia
Ga-lā'tianş
Sī'na-i
Syr'ī-a

EPHESIANS.

—
E-phēşianş
Tych'ī-cūs

PHILIPPIANS.

—
Clēm'ent
Ē-pāph-ro-dī-tūs
Eū-ō'dī-ās
Phī-līp-pī-ans
Syn'ty-c'he

COLOSSIANS.

—
A'r-c'hīp'pūs
Co-lōs'le
Co-lōs'lianş
Dē'nās
Ēp'a-phrās
Hī'e-rāp'o-līs
Jūf'tūs
Lā'o-dī'ce-a
Lā'o-dī'ce-anş
Mār'cūs
Nym'phās
O-nēs'ī-mūs
Scyth'ī-ān

I. & II. THES-
SALONIANS,
& I. TIMO-
THY.

—
A'thēns
Hī-mē'ne-ūs
Pā-cā-tī-ā'na
Phī yg'ī-a
Thēs'sa-lon'ica

Ti-mō'the-ūs
Tīm'o-thy
Trōph'ī-mūs

II. TIMOTHY.

—
A-gūil'a
Cār'p...
Cāu'dī-a
Crē'-cens
Dāl-mā'tia
Dē-mās
E-rāf'tūs
Eū'bū-lūs
Hēr-mōg'e-nes
I-cō'nī-ūm
Jām'bres
Jān'nes
Lī'nūs
Lyf'tra
Mi-lē'tūm
Nē'ra
Nē'ro
ō'ne-f'īph'o-rus
Phi-lē'tūs
Phy-gēl'lūs
Prīf'ca
Pū'dēns

TITUS.

—
A'tē-mās
Crētē
Crē'tians
Ni-cōp'o-līs
Tī'tūs

PHILEMON.

—
A-p-phī'a
Ār-c'hīp-pās
Ār'īf-tār'c'hūs
Phīl'e-mōn

HEBREW S.

—
Bārāk
Ē'nōc'h
Gīd'e-ōn
Hē'brewş
Jēph'tha-e
Mēl-c'hīf'e-dēc
Rā'hāb
Sām'fōn
Sā'lēm
Sā'ra
Zē'nās

JAMES.

—
Jāmes

I. PETER

—
A'fia
Bi-thyn'ī-a
Cāp'pa-dō'cia
Sīl-vā'nūs

II. PETER.

—
Bō'fōr
Go-mōrr'ab

Côn-réc'ti-cút	En'gländ	Grēce	İff'el	Lôn'don
Côn-stân'ti-nô- ple	Ēph'e-sūs	Gzâ'dâ-lôupe'	İt'aly	Löng-İsländ
Cōp'en-hâ'g, en	Ēsk [Ēf'kī-mō	Gzern'fey	Jā'ar	Lōr-rān'
Cōr'İnth	Et'kimzox, <i>pron.</i>	Guīn'ea	Ja-mā'ca	Lō'thī-ān
Cōr-o-man'del	Eu-phrā'tes	Hāgue	Jā'va	Lōu'İf-boürg
Cōr'fī-ca	Eux'İne	Hām'bürgh	Jér'fey	Lu-bēc'
Crā'cow	Fēr'ro	Hā'nāu	Je-rū'sa-lēm	Lüc'ca
Cre-mō'na	Fēr'röl	Hān'o-vēl	Jör'dän	Lý'ons
Crēf'fy	Flàn'dérş	Hānse-Tōwnş	Jüt'länd	Māç'e-dō'nī-a
Crōn'flōt	Flör'ence	Hār'wīck	KİL-kēn'ny	Mād'a-gāf'cār
Cū'ba	Flör'İ-da	Ha-vān'na	Kİng'ftōn	Ma-drā'
Būr	Flūsh'İng	Hav're De	Kİn'fale	Ma-drīd'
Cūf'co	Fountainbleau,	Grāce	Kō'la	Māçş
Cyd'nūs	<i>pron.</i> Fōn'tēn-	Hē'del-bürgh	Kōn'İngf-bürg	Māç'de-bürgh
Dānt'zīck	Frānce [blō	He-lē'na	Kūr	Mag,ēl'lān-
Dān'ube	Frānk'fort	Hēl'voēt-shūys	La-brā'dōr	Strāİts
Dār'da-nēllş'	Frēd'ér-İcks-	Hér'cu-les Pİllār	Lāç'e-de-mon	Māİne
Dār'wēnt	bürg	Hér'mon	Lān'guc-doc	Ma-jör'ca
Dāu'phİne	Frİef'lānd	Hēsse-Cā-fēl	Lap'länd	Māl'a-bār'cōast
Dēl'phōs	Frōn'tİgn-İ-āc'	Hİf'pan-İ-ō'la	Lēg-horn	Māl'a-ga
Dēn'mārک	Gām'bī-a	Hİthe	Leicester, <i>pron.</i>	Mā'lo
Deux Ponts	Gān,g,e-a	Hōç,h'ftēt	Lēf'tér	Māl'ta
Dİ-ēpp'e	Gān'g,eş	Ho-hİ'o	Lēm'ftér	Ma-nİ'la
Do-mİn'go	Gāf'co-ny	Hōl'lānd	Lēİp'fİc	Ma-ōn'
Do-mİn'İ-ca	G'ēld'ér-land	Hol'ftēİn	Le'na	Mār'İ-gā-lānte
Don, or Ta-nā'-İs	Ge-nē'va	Hōn-dū'rās	Lē'on	Mār-fēİllēs
Dör-dōnne	Geōr'g,İ-a	Hūm'bér	Le-vānt'	Mār'tİ-nİ'co
Drēf'dēn	G,ér'māİnş, St.	Hūn'ga-ry	Lev'İf-boürg	Mār'y-lānd
Düb'lİn	G,ér'ma-ny	I-bē'rİ-a	Lēy'den	Māf'fa-c,hū'fēt
Dūn'kİrk	G,İb-rāl'tār	İda	Lİege	Mēc,h'İn
Dwİ'na	Glāf'gow	İ'dū-mē'a	Lİm'e-rİc	Mēc'ca [ne-an
Ēd'İn-bürgh	Glocester, <i>pron.</i>	İn'dİ-a	Lİf,'bōn	Mēd'İ-tér-İā'-
Ē'g,ypt	Glōf'tér	İn'dİeş	L'İsle	Mēd'wāy
Ēlbe	Go-rēc'	İn'dūs	Lİthu-ā'nİ-a	Mēm'phİs
Ēmb'dēn	Gōt'tēn-bürg	İnn	Lİ-vō'nİ-a	Mēn'ān
Ēmş	Gōt'tİn-g,ēn	İre'lānd	Lōİre	Mēntz
	Gra-nā'da	İ'ro-quōİs	Lōm'bār-dy	Mēx'İ-co

Mĩ-lăn	ô-by	Prũs'ia	Sĩc'ĩ-ly	Trãve
Mĩn'den	ôc'ka	Pruth	Si-lẽ'sia	Trẽnt
Mĩ-nô'rea	ôc'kér	Quẽ-bẽc'	Slẽs'wick	Trip'o-li
Mĩs'fĩ-sĩp'pĩ	ô'dér	Ra-gũ'fa	Sôĩs'ions	Tũ'nĩs
Mô'co, or Mô'	O'lym'pũs	Rãt'ĩs-bôn	Somme	Tu-rĩn'
Mô'hôck' [c, ho	Or-le-ãus	Rẽ-g'ẽn	Spã	Tũr'ky
Môl-dã'vĩ-a	ô'mẽrs, St.	Rhĩne	Spãin	Tũs'ca-ny
Mol'dãw	ô'ro-nôque'	Roôdes	Spẽy	Twẽed
Mon-dẽgo	ôf'na-bũrg	Rhõne	Stôck'holm	Va-lẽn'cia
Mo-gul'	O-vĩ-ẽd)	Rĩ'ga	Strãl'fũnd	Vã-lãd'o-lĩd
Mônt-pẽl'ĩ-ẽr	ôu'fẽ	Rĩ'o-Ja-nẽ'ro	Strãf-bũrg	Vãt'ĩ-cãn
Môn'trẽ-ãl	ôx'fôrd	Ro-chẽlle'	Su-rãt'	Vẽn'ice
Môn'sc-rãt'	Pa-lãt'ĩ-nate	Rôme	Swẽ'den	Vẽr'a-cruz'
Mo-rã'va	Pa-lẽr'mo	Kôt'tér'dãm	Swĩtz, or Swĩsse	Vẽr-sãz'illẽs
Mo-rôc'co	Pa-lẽs-tĩne	Rôu'ẽn	Swĩt'zẽr-lãnd	Ve-sũ'vĩ-ũs
Mor-ãix'	Pãr'ĩs, or Pã'rẽs	Rũsse	Sỹ'ra-cũfẽ	Vi-ẽn'na
Môl'co-vy	Pãr'ma	Rũff'ĩa	Syr'ĩ-a	Vĩr-g'ĩn'ĩ-a
Môl'cow	Pe-gũ'	Sã'la	Ta-bã'go	Vĩv'ĩ-ẽrs
Mo-f'ẽle'	Pe-kĩn'	Sã'la-mãn'ca	Tã'gũs	Vôl'ta
Môu-lĩne	Pẽn'fa-cô'la	Salisbury, <i>pron.</i>	Tãn-gĩer	Utoxerter, <i>pron.</i>
Mul'vĩ-a	Pẽn'fĩl-vã'nĩ-a	Sãl'f'ber-ry	Tãn-jôur	ũt'che-tẽr
Mun'fĩer	Pẽr'fia	Saône	Tãy	ũ'trẽc'ht
Nãnts	Pe-rũ'	Sãr'a-cen'ş	Tẽn'e-rĩf	Wãr'f'ô'vĩ-a
Nã'ples	Pẽ'terf-burg	Sãr'a-gôf'fa	Tẽr'ra-Fĩr'am	Wãr'saw
Nãr-bôune'	Phĩ'la-dẽl'phĩ-a	Sãr-dĩn'ĩa	Te'wks'bury	We'fẽr
Nãr'va	Phĩ-lĩp'pĩne	Sa-vãn'na	Thãme'ş	Wẽst-phã'lĩ-a
Nã-vãrre'	Phĩ'lĩp-burg	Sãx'ôn-y	Thẽbes	Wôl'ga
Nẽth'ẽr-lãnds	Pĩ-ã'va	Scãn'dĩ-na'vĩ-a	Tôu-lon	Worcester, <i>pron.</i>
Nẽuf-chẽt'tel	Pĩd'ãr-dy	Sclã-vô'nĩ-a	Tôu-lôfẽ	Wôr'fĩer
Nẽuf-chãt'teau	Plã'ta	Scôt'lãnd	Tĩ'bẽr	Xalico, <i>pron.</i>
Nĩ-a-gã'ra	Pôĩc'tĩ'ẽrs	Scỹth'ĩ-a	Tĩ'grĩs	Za-lĩf'co
Nĩ'g'ẽr	Pô'lãnd	Sẽn'e-gãl'	Tĩne	Xucar, <i>pron.</i>
Nĩle	Pô'mẽ-rã'nĩ-a	Sẽnne	To-bã'go	Zũ'cãr
Nĩ'mes	Pôn'dĩ-chẽr'ry	Sẽv'ẽrn	To-lẽ'do	Yãre
Nôr'mãn-dy	Pôrt L'ô'rĩ-ent	Sẽ-vĩlle	Ton-quĩn	Zãnte
Nôr'way	Pôrtu-gãl	Sẽine	Tôr-bãy'	Zẽrlãnd
Nô'va-Scô'ria	Prãgue	Si-bẽ'rĩ-a	Tôrne	

The ANCIENT and MODERN POETS, PHILOSOPHERS, STATESMEN, &c.

A	Än-dröm/a-c,he	Cămpb'ěl	Da-rī/ūs	E-păph-ro-dī/ūs
B/e-lărd	Än-dro-nī'cūs	Căm'děn	Dē'cius	Ēph'e-s'ūs
Äb-stē'mī-ūs	Än'nī-băl	Cæ'făr	Dēm/a-des	Ēp-i-c,hăr'mus
Äc'a-mūs	Än-tīm/a-c,hūs	Cār-nē'a-des	Dīd'ī-ūs	Ēp-i-cū'rūs
A-căn/thūs	Än-tī'o-c,hūs	Căt'ī-line	De-măr'ā-tūs	Ēf'c,hy-les
A-căf'tūs	Än-tīph'a-tes	Cā'to	De-mē'trī-ūs	Eu-bū'li-des
Äc,h'e-rōn	Än'tī-phōn	Căv'ēn-dīsh	De-mōc,h'a-res	Eu-bū'ūs
A'c,hī'les	Än-tēst/be-nēs	Ce'cīl	De-mōc'ī-tūs	Eu-klīd
Äc,tæ-ōn	Än'to-ny	Cěl'fūs	De-mōg'o-rās	Eu-dōx'ūs
Äc,h'mēt	A-pěl'lēs	Chārle-măgnē	De-mōī'vre	Eu-nā'pī-ās
Äd-mē'tūs	A-pöl'lo	Chær'ī-lūs	De-mōst'be-nēs	Eu-rīd'y-ce
Äc-rō'nī-ūs	A-pöl'lō'nī-ūs	Chī'lo	De-mōt'e-les	Ēv'e-lŷn
Äd'dī-sōn	A-quīl-lī-ūs	Chō'ro-măn'dæ	Dēs Cătres	Fa-brī'cī-ūs
A-dō'nīs	Är'c,hīm-ē'des	Chŷrch'hīll	Dēn-tal'ī-ōn	Fār'qūbār
Äd-răf'ūs	A-rīl'ti-des	Cīc'e'ro	Di-ag'o-rās	Flăc'cūs
Æ-nē'ās	Är-īf-tīp'pūs	Clē'o-pā'tra	Dī-ā'na	Frōīf-sārā
Æf'c,hī-nes	Är-īf-tōph'a-nes	Clu-ēn'tī-ūs	Dī'do	Gā'lēn
Æf'c,hy-lūs	Är'īf-tōt'le	Clō'dī-ūs	Dīd'y-mūs	Gāl'ī-lē'o
Æ'fōp	Är'ūn-dēl	Cōm'mo-dūs	Di-nōc'ra-tēs	Găf-cōigne
Äg'a-mēm'nōn	Äf'c,ham	Cō'mūs	Di-nōc'ra-tūs	G,ēn-g,hīsk'ām
Ä-grīc'o-la	Äf'ty'a-g,es	Cō'nōn	Dī-o-dō'rūs Sic-	G,ēof'īrey
Aīn'f'wōrth	Äf'ty'a-năx	Cō'rax	culus	G,ēr-măine
Äjăx	A-thē'nœ-ūs	Cō'rī-o-lā'nūs	Di-ōg,'e-nēs	Go-dōl'phīn
Ä'kēn-sīde	Beau'mōnt	Cræ'fūs	Dī'o-nŷf'ī-ūs	Grac'c,hūs
Äl'be-mărle	Beāt'tīe	Crăf'fūs	Di-ōph'a-nes	Grăn'by
Äl-bér'tūs	B'ăir	Crat'y-lūs	Do-mī'tī-an	Grăve'lande
Äl'bī-nūs	Böl'īng-broke	Crī'to	Do-mī-ti-ā'nūs	Grō'tī-ūs
Äl-cīd'a-mūs	Böl'ēyn	Crōm'wēll	De-mī'tī-as Ä-	Had'rī-ăn
Äl'ēx-ăn'dér	Bōyle	Ciēs'ī-phōn	Drăn'ces [fēr	Ham'zī-tōn
Äm'hérst	Brough'ton	Cū'pīd	Drel'īn-cōurt	Han'nī-băl
Äm-mō'nī-ūs	Bück'īng-hăm	Cūl'iēn	Ēg-nā'tī-ūs	He-răc'īi-des
Äm-phī't'ri-te	Bŷr'lēigh	Cūr'tī-ūs	Ē'ī-ōt	Hér-măg'o-ras
A-năc're-ōn	Bŷng	Cŷ'rūs	Ēm-pēd'o-cies	Hér'mōg,'e-nes
Än-ăx-ăg'o-rās	Căl'vért	Dăph-ne	En'nī-ūs	Hér'c-dō'ūs
Än-ăx-ăt'c,hūs	Căl'vīn	Da-mōc'les	Ē'pām-ī-nōn'dās	H'e-rōc'les

Hĩp-póc'ra-tēs	Măç'e-dō'nĩ-ūs	Pēl'hām	Rol-lĩn'	Sōr-bōn'ne'
Hōd'gēs	Măc-iāu'ĩn	Pēr'ĩ-cles	Rōf'cĩus	Swĩft
Hō-gārth'	Măn-nē'ĩ	Pēr'ĩ-pa-tēt'ĩcs	Rōuf-seau	Syl'la
Hōr'ace	Măr-cēl'lūs	Phō'cĩ-ōn	Rōwe	Taç'ĩ-tūs
Hōr-tēn'fĩ-ūs	Mār'l'bo-rōugh	Pĩ'ĩo	Sa-bĩ'nūs	Tāl'bōt
Hōw-árd	Mār'tial	Plā'to	Sa-chēv'ér-ēlle	Tār'quĩn
Hūghēs	Mēn'e-lāus	Plĩny	Săck'vĩlle	Tēr'ence
Hỹ-pēr'ĩ-dēs	Me-tēl'lūs	Plũ'tarc'h	Săl'lũft	The-mĩf'to-cles
I-phĩc'ra-tes	Mĩ'lo	Po-lỹc'ra-tēs	Săv'ĩle	The-ōc'ĩ-tūs
I-fōc'ra-tes	Mĩl'tón	Pōm'pey	Săzn'dér-son	Thē'o-dō'ĩc
Jũ'lĩ-ān	Mĩ-nēr'va	Pōpe	Scăl'ĩ-gér	Thē-o-dō'fĩ-ūs
Lēib'nĩtz	Mol'ĩ-ēre	Prăx-ĩt'e-les	Scĩp'ĩ-o	Tbōm'sōn [c'hūs
Lē'o	Mól'y-neaux	Pro-mē'the-ūs	Se-jā'nūs	Thra-sỹm'a-
Lēp'ĩ-dūs	Mōn'ta-gue	Prō-tă'o-răs	Se-mĩr'a-mĩs	Ti-mō'the-ūs
Lēf'ĩe	Mōn-rō'	Pĩol'e-my	Sēm'prō'nĩ-ūs	Tyn'dale
Li-gà'rĩ-ūs	Mon'moũth	Pũb-lĩc'o-la	Sēn'ēc-a	U-lỹf'fēs
Lĩ'nūs	Nā'pĩ-ér	Pỹrr'hūs	Se-fōf'trĩs	Vān-dỹck'
Llōyd	New'tón	Pỹ-thag'o-răs	Shaitf'bu-ry	Vēr'res
Lōn-g,ĩ'nūs	ōc-tă'vĩ-a	Qũĩn'tĩl'ĩ-an	Shake'spēar	Vēf-pā'fian
Lōu'ĩs or Lōu'ĩs	Oēd'ĩ-pūs	Qũĩn'tūs Cũr'-	Shēn'stone	Vĩr'g,ĩl
Lũcian	ōr'phe-ūs	Răb'e-lăis [tius	Shēr'lōck	Vōl-tăire
Lu-crē	ōf-borne	Răç'ĩne	Si-mōn'ĩ-des	Wāl'pōle
Lũ'thēr	Pa-că'tōs	Rălēigh	Słoane	Wrēn
Lỹ-cōph'ĩōn	Pău-să'nĩ-as	Răn'fay	Smōl'lēt	Wỹch'ér-ley
Lỹ-cũr'gūs	Păr-mē'ĩ-ōn	Ra-pĩn'	Sōc'ra-tes	Wỹke'ham
Lỹ-fĩm'a-c,hūs	Pārre	Rēg'u-lūs	Sóm'érş	Xe-nōc'ra-tes
Lỹ-fĩp'pūs	Pē'e-ūs	Rĩch'ĩeu	Sóm'ér-fēt	Xēn'o-phōn
Lỹt'tle-tōn	Pē'cy	Rōb'ért-fōn	Sōph'o-cles	Xēr'x'es

T H E E N D

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Perry, William.

The Royal Standard English Dictionary In Which The Words are not only rationally divided into Syllables, accurately accented, their Part of Speech properly distinguished, and their various Significations arranged in one line; But, likewise, by A Key To This Work, ... To Which Is Prefixed, A Comprehensive Grammar of the English Language. The Fifth

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